

Preface

ZA Study 3440

I S S P 2 0 0 0

E N V I R O N M E N T

Participating Nations:

Austria
Bulgaria
Canada
Chile
Czech Republic
Denmark
Finland
Germany
Ireland
Israel
Japan
Latvia
Mexico
Netherlands
New Zealand
Norway
Philippines
Portugal
Russia
Slovenia
Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
United Kingdom
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Acknowledgement of Assistance

All manuscripts utilizing data made available through the “Zentralarchiv fuer empirische Sozialforschung“ should acknowledge that fact as well as identify the original collectors of the data. We kindly ask all users to follow some adaptation of the following statement:

The data utilized in this (publication) were documented and made available by the ZENTRALARCHIV FUER EMPIRISCHE SOZIALFORSCHUNG, KOELN. The data for the 'ISSP' were collected by independent institutions in each country (see: principal investigators in the study-description-schemes for each participating country). Neither the original collectors nor the ZENTRALARCHIV bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretation presented here

In order to provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources, and to facilitate the exchange of information about research activities based on the ZENTRALARCHIV's holdings, each user is expected to send two copies of each completed manuscript to the ZENTRALARCHIV.

Please note

All marginals in this documentation are calculated from

unweighted data

Please consider also that - especially in the section of the background variables - the same code-values do not always have the same meaning for each country. The differences are documented in this codebook.

An Introduction to the ISSP

The International Social Survey Programme

The ISSP is a continuing annual programme of cross-national collaboration on surveys covering topics important for social science research. It brings together pre-existing social science projects and coordinates research goals, thereby adding a cross-national, cross-cultural perspective to the individual national studies. Twenty-nine countries are members of the ISSP.

It started late in 1983 when SCPR, London, secured funds from the Nuffield Foundation to hold meetings to further international collaboration between four existing surveys - the General Social Survey, conducted by NORC in the USA, the British Social Attitudes Survey, conducted by SCPR in Great Britain, the Allgemeine Bevoelkerungsumfrage der Sozialwissenschaften, conducted by ZUMA in West Germany and the National Social Science Survey, conducted by ANU in Australia. Prior to this, NORC and ZUMA had been collaborating bilaterally since 1982 on a common set of questions.

The four founding members agreed to (1) jointly develop modules dealing with important areas of social science, (2) field the modules as a fifteen-minute supplement to the regular national surveys (or a special survey if necessary), (3) include an extensive common core of background variables and (4) make the data available to the social science community as soon as possible.

Each research organisation funds all of its own costs. There are no central funds. The merging of the data into a cross-national data set is performed by the Zentralarchiv fuer Empirische Sozialforschung, University of Cologne.

Since 1984, the ISSP has grown to more than 38 nations: the founding four - Australia, Germany, Great Britain and the United States - plus Austria, Bangladesh, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Hungary, Israel, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Russia, the Slovakian Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland, Venezuela. New members are Flanders, South Africa and Taiwan.

The annual topics for the ISSP are developed over several years by a sub-committee and are pre-tested in various countries. The annual plenary meeting of the ISSP then adopts the final questionnaire. ISSP questions need to be relevant to all countries and expressed in an equivalent manner in all languages. The questionnaire is originally drafted in British English and then translated into other languages.

The ISSP marks several new departures in the area of cross-national research. First, the collaboration between organisations is not ad hoc or intermittent, but routine and continual. Second, while necessarily more circumscribed than collaboration dedicated solely to cross-national research on a single topic, the ISSP makes cross-national research a basic part of the national research agenda of each participating country. Third, by combining a cross time with a cross-national perspective, two powerful research designs are being used to study societal processes.

ISSP Modules 1985 - 2000

ISSP 1985	Role of Government I	ZA No. 1490
ISSP 1986	Social Networks and Support Systems	ZA No. 1620
ISSP 1987	Social Inequality I	ZA No. 1680
ISSP 1988	Family and Changing Gender Roles I	ZA No. 1700
ISSP 1989	Work Orientations I	ZA No. 1840
ISSP 1990	Role of Government II	ZA No. 1950
ISSP 1991	Religion I	ZA No. 2150
ISSP 1992	Social Inequality II	ZA No. 2310
ISSP 1993	Environment I	ZA No. 2450
ISSP 1994	Family and Changing Gender Roles II	ZA No. 2620
ISSP 1995	National Identity	ZA No. 2880
ISSP 1996	Role of Government III	ZA No. 2900
ISSP 1997	Work Orientations II	ZA No. 3090
ISSP 1998	Religion II	ZA No. 3190
ISSP 1999	Social Inequality III	ZA No. 3430
ISSP 2000	Environment II	ZA No. 3440

The ISSP Members' Institute Addresses & ISSP Contacts

An updated version of member organisations is always available at the ISSP World Wide Web site: <http://www.issp.org>

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Study Descriptions

To differentiate countries in the cross tabulations within this codebook we have decided to use (mainly) the international automobile identification codes:

Australia	AUS
Austria	A
Bangladesh	BD
Bulgaria	BG
Canada	CDN
Chile	CL
Czech Republic	CZ
Finland	SF
France	F
Germany (West)	D-W
Germany (East)	D-E
Great Britain	GB
Hungary	H
Ireland	IRL
Israel (Jews+Arabs)	IL
Italy	I
Japan	J
Latvia	LV
Mexico	MEX
Netherlands	NL
New Zealand	NZ
Northern Ireland	NIRL
Norway	N
Philippines	RP
Poland	PL
Portugal	P
Russia	RUS
Slovakian Republic	SK
Slovenia	SLO
Spain	E
Sweden	S
Switzerland	CH
USA	USA

Study Description: Austria

Study title: Soziale Beziehungen, Umwelt(forschung)
ISSP-Umfrage 2001

Fieldwork dates: September, November 2001

Principal investigators: Dr. Max Haller, Mag. Markus Hadler, Mag. Regina Ressler
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Sample type: Stratified Multistage Clustered Random Sampling

Fieldwork institute: Institute for Empirical Social Research (IFES), Vienna

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interviews with trained interviewers

Sample size: 1011

Context of ISSP Questionnaire: ISSP 2000 Environment II, additional question on ISSP 2001 Social Networks II

Response rates:

1606	A – Total issued (total sample)
87	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages..)
1519	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1011	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
502	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total nonresponse
249	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
253	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
-	H – Other non-response

Language: German

Weighted: Yes

Weighting procedure: A weighting variable was computed, taking into account sex, age group and province of residence.

National Population Characteristics: Austria

Census 1991	Statistics, Austria June 2000
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SEX

Male	48,2 %	
Female	51,8 %	

AGE GROUP

0- 14	17,4 %	
15-19	6,4 %	
20-24	8,3 %	
25-29	8,9 %	
30-34	8,0 %	
35-39	6,7 %	
40-44	6,7 %	
45-49	6,1 %	
50-54	6,2 %	
55-59	4,8 %	
60-64	5,9 %	
65-69	5,0 %	
70-74	3,6 %	
75-79	3,1 %	
80-84	2,3 %	
85 +	1,3 %	

EDUCATION (15 yrs of schooling +)

University compl. (15 yrs of schooling)	5,1 %	
Secondary compl. (12 yrs of schooling)	21,2 %	
Secondary incompl. (11 yrs of schooling)	32,1 %	
Primary compl. (9 yrs of schooling)	41,5 %	

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (15-59 yrs)

Employed		71,6 %
Unemployed		3,3 % (ILO)
Not in labour force		25,1 %

Study Description: Bulgaria*Study title:* Social survey*Fieldwork dates:* June to August 2000*Principal investigators:* Dr. Lilia Dimova, Agency for Social Analyses (ASA)*Sample type:* Two-stage cluster sample, representative for the whole adult population of Bulgaria over 18 years old.

Context of ISSP questionnaire: Qs 1 – 58 = BGSS
 E1 – E34 = **Environment 2000**
 D1 – D28, T1 – T4 = **The ISSP Standard Background Variables**

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interview at respondent's home*Sample size:* Achieved interviews: 1013

<i>Response rates:</i>	1200	A - Total issued (total sample)
	43	B - Ineligible (address empty)
	1157	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
	1013	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
	144	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
	51	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
	64	G - Non-contact (never contacted, away for long)
	29	H - Other (too sick)

Language: Bulgarian*Weighted:* No*Deviations from ISSP-questionnaire:* No

National Population Characteristics: Bulgaria

Source 1 Census of population - 1992	Source 2 Ministry of Labour and Social Policy 1998	Survey Data
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Gender

Male	48.8%		46.7%
Female	51.4%		53.3%

Age Groups

18 – 30	22.1%		19.2%
31 – 50	35.9%		38.0%
51 +	42.0%		42.3%

Education

None + basic + incomplete primary	15.6%		12.1%
Primary completed + incomplete secondary	30.9%		17.1%
Secondary completed + university incompl.	39.4%		45.6%
College/ semi- university	4.2%		7.7%
University completed	9.9%		17.4%

Employment Status

Employed		42.4%	44.7%
Unemployed		13.7%	16.9%
Not in labour force		43.9%	38.4%

Study Description: Canada

Study title: 2000 Environment
2001 Social Networks

Fieldwork dates: April 1, 2001 - May 3, 2001

Principal investigator: Carleton University Survey Centre

Sample type: Stratified Random

Fieldwork method: Self-completion Mail

Context of ISSP questionnaire: Environment with Social Networks

Sampling Method: A stratified random sample (by province by gender) of 3.000 Canadian residents was purchased from *Cornerstone List Brokerage*, based on residential phone listings. (% of Canadians without phones < 2%)

The design consisted of two mailouts and 1 reminder notice. The first mail out of 3.000 packages was mailed on April 1, 2001 and included a questionnaire, explanatory letter printed on the front cover and a postage paid return envelope. On April 9th a reminder postcard was mailed out to the entire sample. On May 2nd a second mail out was sent to the respondents who had not returned their survey or whose first package had not been returned undeliverable along with an additional letter explaining the importance of their participation in the project.

Sample size: Achieved sample: 1115 for environment

Response rates:

3.000	A - Total issued (total sample)
75	B - Ineligible (address incomplete)
2692	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
233	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
7	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
226	G - Non-contact (not picked up)
43%	Response rate

Process

<i>Initial mailout:</i>	April 1 st	3000
<i>1st mailout</i>		663 returned
<i>Postcards</i>	April 9	3000
<i>2nd mailout</i>	May 2 nd	2029 (300-663-308)
<i>Sample cut-off</i>	May 30 th	497
<i>Total</i>		1160
<i>Composition</i>		25 returned refused 12 incomplete 1115 complete

Language: French/English

Weighted: Yes

Weighting procedure: Weighted to provincial populations

National Population Characteristics: Canada

Source: Statistics Canada

Gender

Male	49.3 %
Female	50.7 %

Age

18 – 24	13.3 %
25 – 34	23.8 %
35 – 44	21.6 %
45 – 54	14.7 %
55 – 64	11.8 %
65 +	14.8 %

Total years of schooling (population 18+)

1 – 9 years	20.5 %
10 – 11 years	19.0 %
12 – 13 years	30.1 %
14 + years	30.1 %

Employment

Employed	61.0%
Unemployed	6.9%
Not in labour force	32.1%

Study Description: Chile

Study title: Second National Public Opinion Study 2000

Fieldwork dates: November 24th to December 13th, 2000

Principal investigators: Carla Lehmann and Paulina Valenzuela of *Centro de Estudios Públicos*

Sample type: The guiding methodological principle underlying CEP's public opinion surveys is that effective and accurate survey research must be based on a truly representative sample of the universe in question. For CEP's purpose, this universe is made up of Chilean adults 18 years of age and older. Our studies use a probability multistage cluster sample of 1.505 individuals.

The sample is designed in three stages, such that all adult individuals throughout the country have a calculable probability of being included. The June 2000 Estimated Population Projections is consulted to determine the regional population structure of people 18 years of age and older. This makes it possible firstly to establish regional stratifications and then each region is stratified by rural and urban zone. Table 1 shows the regional structure of the Chilean population.

Table I
Regional Breakdown of population (%):

Region		Population 18 years of age and older ¹
I	Tarapacá	2.6 %
II	Antofagasta	3.1 %
III	Atacama	1.8 %
IV	Coquimbo	3.7 %
V	Valparaíso	10.5 %
VI	Libertador Bdo. O'Higgins	5.2 %
VII	Maule	6.0 %
VIII	Bío Bío	12.5 %
IX	La Araucanía	5.6 %
X	Los Lagos	6.9 %
XI	Aisén	0.6 %
XII	Magallanes and Antarctic	1.1 %
XIII	Metropolitan (Santiago)	40.5 %

¹ Source: *Population Estimates. June 30th 2000*, National Institute of Statistics.

Sampling Stages

First stage: The first stage of the sampling process sets the number of completed interviews per cluster at 5; a cluster is defined as a block (*manzana*) or populated entity (*entidad*)¹. The application of 5 interviews per cluster to the total number of interviews targeted in the sample (1.505) yields 301 primary sampling units (PSUs) to be identified in the first stage of sample selection.

The PSUs are proportionally distributed throughout the regions of the country, taking into account the region's contribution to population (both urban and rural), as described in Table II.

Table II

Number of Clusters per Region

Region		Number of Clusters		
		Urban	Rural	Total
I	Tarapacá	7	1	8
II	Antofagasta	9	0	9
III	Atacama	5	1	6
IV	Coquimbo	8	3	11
V	Valparaíso	29	2	31
VI	Libertador Bdo. O'Higgins	11	5	16
VII	Maule	11	7	18
VIII	Bío Bío	30	7	37
IX	La Araucanía	11	6	17
X	Los Lagos	14	7	21
XI	Aisén	1	1	2
XII	Magallanes and Antarctic	3	0	3
XIII	Metropolitan (Santiago)	118	4	122
Total		257	44	301

Using the most reliable digital information on hand, i.e. 1991 pre-census data, a cumulative listing of population by province (*provincia*), borough (*comuna*), district (*distrito*), zone (*zona*) and block (*manzana*) was prepared in the urban case; and by province, borough, district, locality (*localidad*) and entity (*entidad*) in the rural case (geographically arranged).

In both, the rural and the urban case, a fixed interval is set for each region by dividing the total population for that region by the number of PSUs assigned to it.

¹ Blocks (*manzanas*) are used in urban areas, while in rural areas the census equivalent is the entity (*entidad*).

Within each region, a purely random selection process is followed, such that each individual (as represented by population statistics) has a calculable probability of being selected as the reference point for a PSU.

This is carried out through a computerised, random, proportionate-to-population process to select blocks in the urban areas and entities in the rural areas. A computer program is developed to select the 257 urban blocks and the 44 rural entities for the sample. All the blocks and entities are identified by number and located on a census map.

Second Stage: The second stage in the sampling process is to select households (dwellings) within PSUs. Selection rules for households within chosen blocks and entities are provided to interviewers, to enable them to select households randomly within each cluster. After taking a census of each selected block and entity, a random walk or systematic sampling¹ procedure is followed, whereby every nth dwelling is included in the sample until a total of 5 households are identified.

Third Stage: The third stage is to select, within each household, a person to be interviewed. Interviewers are instructed to apply a random selection process (random number table) to identify the person to be interviewed.

Other Important Aspects in the CEP Sample Design:

In the second and third stages, the interviewer has to make three attempts on three different days to try to reach the original household or person to be interviewed. In these attempts the interviewer must deliver a letter signed by the CEP director explaining the nature of CEP and the aims of the study.

If the original household or person finally cannot be contacted, they are replaced. The rules for replacement are as follows:

A. Blocks and Entities

The replacement of a block or entity will occur only in the following situations:

- 1) Vacant lots that could not be detected prior to sample selection
- 2) Areas which are almost inaccessible
- 3) Entities and/or blocks intended basically for commercial use
- 4) Parks or stadiums
- 5) Areas belonging to the armed forces

Blocks and entities are randomly replaced: the original selection is replaced with the one whose identification number comes immediately before that of the original. If this is not successful, the block/ entity with the identification number immediately following the original selection is taken.

¹ The total number of numbered dwellings was divided by 5 (the number of interviews per cluster); this gave an interval length, such that if it was $43/5 = 8$, starting from the point randomly pre-assigned as the first dwelling, the interviewers went to dwelling $N\frac{1}{4} 9$, then to $N\frac{1}{4} 17$, and so on until 5 interviews were completed

B. Households

Failed dwellings are accounted for as follows:

- 1) by outright refusal to receive the interviewer, even having received the letter from the CEP director.
- 2) by the absence of occupants at a house after three visits on three different days (vacations or other reasons).
- 3) the house is unoccupied.
- 4) access denied (condominiums or buildings with security guards)
- 5) other special cases (foreigners with whom it is impossible to communicate, etc.)

Each failed dwelling is randomly replaced by another one from the same block/entity. The replacement interval is defined as $(k-1)$, where k = the original selection interval. Starting from the last house originally selected, the interval $(k-1)$ is added to select the first replacement house, and so on. The fieldwork treatment of replacement houses as regards the number of repeat visits is the same as for the original houses.

C. Individuals

Individuals are replaced under the following circumstances:

- 1) when the person selected refuses to answer the questionnaire, even after receiving the letter from the CEP director.
- 2) when the person selected cannot be located after three attempts on three different days, or will be away for a period longer than the duration of fieldwork.
- 3) the person offers to respond on a date long after the closing date of the field work.
- 4) individuals with serious physical or psychological handicaps which prevent them from responding (mentally handicapped, deaf and dumb, etc.)
- 5) the individual is physically and psychologically fit, but is ill, in bed and does not want, or is unable to respond to the survey.
- 6) the selected individual is a foreigner with less than 5 years in the country (unable to vote).
- 7) the person starts to answer but he/she does not want to finish the interview.
- 8) other specific cases.

In replacing individuals, the dwelling is replaced according to the rules explained above, and an individual from the new household is chosen by a random selection process.

It is important to bear in mind that, by using these replacement rules, the sample size achieved is always very close to 1.505 (issued sample size).

<i>Fieldwork methods:</i>	The surveys are carried out through personal interview.
<i>Context of ISSP questionnaire:</i>	The Environment module of the ISSP was carried out in conjunction with 20 questions relating to Chilean political, economic and social attitudes and tendencies, as well as one additional question on the topic of environment. The questionnaire was structured as follows: firstly, the 20 questions mentioned above, then the additional question on environment (Q0), the complete ISSP module, and, finally, demographic variables.
<i>Sample size:</i>	The sample size finally achieved was 1.503 interviews. Two interviews were lost because they did not want to participate in study.
<i>Response rate:</i>	As was explained above in the section "Sample type", the sampling method used by CEP involves the random replacement of those blocks/entities, dwellings or individuals, which for the reasons described above cannot in the end be contacted. Accordingly, keeping this in mind and using the method for counting the response rate established by the ISSP, we have that: $A = 1.505 = \text{Issue sample}$ $B = 0 = \text{Ineligible}$ $A - B = 1.505 = C = \text{Total eligible}$ $D = 1.503 = \text{Sample achieved}$ $E = C - D = 2$ $\text{Response rate} = A/D = 1503/1505 = 99.9\%$ $\text{Non-response rate} = 2/1505 = 0.1\%$ However, for the type of sampling used by CEP, these data are not real. CEP uses the following method for calculating the response rate. Let A = number of original interviews achieved (not replaced) = 1.362 Let B = number of non-original interviews achieved (replaced) = 141 Let C = number of questionnaires received = A+B= total sample = 1.503 $B = D1 + E1 + F1 + D2 + E2 + G + F2 = 141$ where: $D1 = \text{number of interviews replaced due rejection of household} = 40$ $E1 = \text{number of interviews replaced due to no contact in house (empty house + nobody comes to the door)} = 35$ $F1 = \text{number of interviews replaced for other household reasons} = 1$ $D2 = \text{number of interviews replaced due to individual rejection} = 32$ $E2 = \text{number of interviews replaced due to failure to make contact with selected individual} = 28$ $G = \text{number of interviews replaced due to physical or psychological impediment of selected individual} = 4$ $F2 = \text{number of interviews replaced for other individual reasons} = 1$ Non-response rate = number of non-original interviews achieved (replaced)/ total number of interviews (replaced + original) $= B / C = 141 / 1.503 = 9.4\%$

<i>Language:</i>	The language used in the interview is Spanish.
<i>Weighting:</i>	The data submitted are not weighted.
<i>Weighting procedure:</i>	A weighting procedure is applied in order to correct for distortions in the representativeness of the sample as regards three variables of interest: Gender, Age, (grouped in five categories: 18-24 years, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55 or older) and Urbanity (classification of place of residence as urban or rural). This makes it possible to obtain a sample with characteristics similar to those of the population. The weights are constructed by calculating the quotient between the expected distribution and that observed in the cross between Urbanity, Gender and Age. The expected distribution is obtained from population projections provided by the National Institute of Statistics. The result of the weighting slightly corrects for problems of under- and over-representation among certain specific groups of the population.
<i>Known Systematic Properties in Sample:</i>	The sample design described above has been used in the last 12 surveys and has given good results, so it can be stated that it does not have properties that might be causing some type of bias in the results.
<i>Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:</i>	The questionnaire was translated as closely as possible from English to Spanish, maintaining the meaning and significance of each sentence and word. Some general comments: • In all questions “Can’t choose” was translated into Spanish with two answers: “No sabe” and “No contesta” (Don’t know and No answer). • In questions V27 to V32 we modified codes: 1. Definitely true 2. Probably true 3. True 4. Probably not true 5. Definitely not true • In question RELIG we added two codes: 95. Mormon 96. Jehovah’s Witness • In question ATTEND we added the code: 7. Refused • In questions INCOME and RINCOME, incomes were measured like monthly net-income. In ISCO88 and SPISCO88 the answer was coded 4 digits when it was possible.

ISSP Characteristics of National Population Form: Chile**Gender**

Male	48,8%
Female	51,2%

Age group

18 – 24	16,9%
25 – 34	24,0%
35 – 54	37,9%
55+	21,2%

Years of Schooling - Group

0 – 3 years	10,6%
4 – 8 years	27,7%
9 – 12 years	40,5%
13+ years	21,2%

Employment Status

Employed (5.381.460)	91,7%
Unemployed (489.420)	8,3%
Total labour force (5.870.880)	100,0%
Not in labour force (5.012.227)	46,1%

Sources:

For gender and age group: June 2000 estimated Projections by National Institute of Statistics. Considers Population 18 years of age or older.

For year of schooling – group: socio-economic profile survey 1998, Planning Ministry. Considers population 18 years of age or older.

For employment status: Estimated by National Institute of Statistics. Oct.- Dec. 2000. Percentage ‘Not in labour force’ is based on population 15 years of age or older.

Study Description: Czech Republic

Study title: ISSP 2000 on Environment, Czech Republic

Fieldwork dates: First wave: 1st October – 13th November 2000; 1053 cases
Second wave: 21st November – 20th December 2000; 191 cases

Principal investigators: Klara Plecita-Vlachova; Czech team of the ISSP project at the Institute of Sociology of the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic.

Sample type: Adults of 18 and older who permanently live in the Czech Republic. Three-stage random stratified sample. Stratification factor were regions, the basic sample unit was household.

Stages:

1. Stratified probabilistic sampling of 150 election districts.
2. Preparation of the list of all households in each district. Random selection of households in each district.
3. Sampling of respondent in the household based on Kish grid.

Fieldwork institute: SC&C, Prague

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interview

Context of ISSP questionnaire: Stand-alone study. Country specific questions were attached at the end of the module on Environment. Topics of country specific section: social justice, voting behaviour, political attitudes.

Sample size: 1.244

Response rates: 55.6% = full productive/ (issued-wrong addresses)

2.279	A - total issued (total sample)
42	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
2.237	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1.244	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
993	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
546	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
360	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
34	- No contact with sel. Person
242	- No contact at address
84	- Respondent away during survey period
59	H – Other non-response
28	- Sick, incapacitated

Language: Czech

Weighting procedure: Total weight is constructed from:

1. design weights based on proportion of household sizes;
2. post-stratification weights based on regions, sex, education, distribution of age, economical activity, marital status, and size of the community.

Method: ranking based on log linear modelling.

The weights were derived from Microcensus 1996. Microcensus surveys are income surveys of 1-2 % sample of households. They are regularly repeated every 3-5 years since 1958. The Microcensus 1996 was conducted by the Czech Statistical Office on a 1 % random sample of households in March 1997.

Known systematic properties of the Sample:

Description of biases or other deviations of the sample.

1. The bias resulting from the sampling design: in selected households the probability of selection of respondent was $1/\text{number of adult household members}$.
 2. Due to a low response rate the basic socio-demographical characteristics (sex, education, and age) of the sample significantly differ from the population. See tables on the next page.
- Both types of differences are corrected using the weight.

Tables: Selected Characteristics of National Population compared to Czech ISSP data (unweighted).

Czech Republic (Dec. 1999) 18 and older	ISSP 2000	Difference
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SEX

Male	48,0%	40,4%	.-7,6%
Female	52,0%	59,6%	+7,6%

AGE

18 – 29	24,7%	17,7%	-7,0%
30 – 44	25,7%	28,1%	+2,4%
45 – 59	26,7%	31,6%	+4,9%
60 and over	22,9%	22,7%	-0,2%

Source of data for the Czech Republic: Statistical Yearbook of the Czech Republic 2000, Czech Statistical Office & Scientia, Prague 2000.

Czech Republic (Dec. 1999) 20 and older	ISSP 2000 20 and older	Difference
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REGIONS

Prague	12,1%	9,6%	-2,5%
Central Bohemia	10,9%	13,9%	+3,0%
South Bohemia	6,8%	6,6%	-0,2%
West Bohemia	8,4%	7,9%	-0,5%
North Bohemia	11,4%	12,6%	+1,2%
East Bohemia	11,9%	15,2%	+3,3%
South Moravia	19,8%	17,4%	-2,4%
North Moravia	18,8%	16,9%	-1,9%

Source of data for the Czech Republic: Pohyb obyvatelstva CR, Czech Statistical Office, Prague 2000

LFS 2000 20 and older	ISSP 2000 20 and older	Difference
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EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed	59,2%	55,5%	-3,7%
Unemployed	5,0%	5,5%	0,5%
Out of labour	35,8%	39,0%	3,2%

LFS 2000: Vyberove setreni pracovnich sil (Labour Force Survey) is a regular survey of households organised by the Czech Statistical Office. LFS 2000 was conducted in 4-th quart of 2000 on the 0,6% of households in the Czech Republic. Table includes data for individuals.

LFS 2000 25 and older	ISSP 2000 25 and older	Microcensus 1996 18 and older	ISSP 2000 18 and older
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EDUCATION

Primary	20,5%	11,4%	21,5%	12,4%
Secondary without diploma	39,9%	42,6%	39,7%	41,1%
Secondary with diploma	29,0%	35,3%	29,9%	36,7%
Tertiary	10,6%	10,7%	8,9%	9,9%

LFS 2000: Vyberove setreni pracovnich sil (Labour Force Survey) is a regular survey of households organised by the Czech Statistical Office. LFS 2000 was conducted in 4-th quart of 2000 on the 0,6% of households in the Czech Republic. Table includes data for individuals

Source of data for the Czech Republic:

Microcensus 1996: Microcensus is a regular income survey of households organised by the Czech Statistical Office. Microcensus 1996 was conducted in March 1997 on 1% random sample of Czech households. Table includes data for individuals 18 years of age and older (n = 7874696).

Study Description: Denmark

Study title: ISSP 2000 Environment

Fieldwork dates: The fieldwork was conducted from 9 February 2001 to ultimo June 2001.

Principal investigators: **Aalborg University:**
Department of Economics, Politics and Public Administration.
Fibigerstraede 1, 9220 DK-Aalborg Oe:
Prof. Jørgen Goul Andersen (Director of the Danish ISSP programme)
Associate Prof. Johannes Andersen
Associate Prof. Lars Torpe
Phd-student Sanne Clement, Phd-student Mette Tobiasen

Department of Social Studies and Organization
Kroghstraede 5, DK-Aalborg Oe:
Prof. Jens Christian Tonboe

University of Aarhus:
Department of Political Science
DK-8000 Aarhus C:
Prof. Ole Borre
Prof. Lise Togeby

University of Copenhagen:
Associate Prof. Hans Jørgen Nielsen
Department of Political science
Rosenborggade 15, DK-1130 Copenhagen K.

Associate Prof. Bjarne Hjorth Andersen
Department of Sociology
Linnesgade 22
DK-1361 Copenhagen K.

University of Southern Denmark:
Assistant Prof. Ulrik Kjaer
Department of Political Science
Campusvej 55
DK-5230 Odense M.

Sample type: Sampling-procedure: A representative sample (simple random sample) was drawn from the *Central Population Register (CPR)* by *Statistics Denmark*, from which respondent's name and address were identified. Thus, the sampled unit was 'named individuals'. No stratification, clustering etc. was employed.

Fieldwork methods: The fieldwork method was postal survey (self-completion). Two reminders were send out to respondents who had not returned the questionnaire. After this, respondents were reminded by telephone – in this phase a small percentage (3,6 percent) of respondents were interviewed on the phone by an interviewer.

The questions in the module were asked in the prescribed order.

No substitutions were permitted at any stage of the selection process or during the fieldwork.

The applied data-entry system was scanning. Coding reliability was employed and data were checked to ensure that they fell within permitted ranges. No other reliability checks or verification were employed. Errors were corrected individually.

Fieldwork Institute: Statistics Denmark
Sejroegade 11
2100 Copenhagen Oe
Denmark
Tel: + 45 39 17 39 99
E-mail: dst@dst.dk

Sample size: Issued: 1979
Achieved: 1069

Response rates: The response rate is calculated to 58 percent.
Full productive interviews / (Issued names – (respondents moved, no forwarding address + respondents away during survey period)):
 $1104 / (1979 - (53 + 24)) = \text{percent.}$

Description	(N)
Issued names	1979
Selected respondent moved, no forwarding address	53
Selected respondent away during survey period, death, illness etc.	24
Personal refusal by selected respondent	93
No answer, mail survey	705
Full productive interviews	1104

Language: Danish

Known systematic properties: There is a higher refusal and other non-response rates among the elderly.
There is a higher non-response among immigrants due to language problems. Other than that there are no known biases, design effects etc.

General comment on coding

Data is scanned, which means that data was not cleaned in the raw data-set. In dataset delivered to the ISSP database data are coded so that they follow the filters in the survey, regardless of whether a respondent have ignored the filters and answered a question they shouldn't have answered according to the filters. In other words: Only respondents who have answered "positively" on a filter-question are included as relevant in the questions that relate to the filter in question. Example: Only respondents who have answered 1-4 in WRKST are included as relevant in WRHHRS, WRKGOVT etc. Respondents who have answered 5-99 in WRKST are coded as irrelevant in these variables.

EDUCYRS

This variable is derived from two variables. One variable measuring "years in school" and one variable measuring "current status" (still at school, university etc). In those cases where respondents have answered both questions, the latter variable (current status) are in all instances the "strongest" variable.

WRKHRS

This variable is derived from two variables. One variable where respondents have stated number of working variables, and one variable including those who have answered don't know to the question. In those cases where a respondent have answered both variables, the latter variable (don't know) is in all instances the "strongest" variable.

ISCO and SPISCO

The category 110. "armed forces" represents all positions in the armed forces, regardless of rang.

WRKST

The ISSP categories have been derived from a question including more answer categories. The categories are coded as follows.

1. Employed full time, 57,7%
 - Employee, full time, 30 hours or more per week (52,6 pct)
 - Self-employed (5,1 pct)
2. Employed part time (5,0 pct)
 - Employee, part-time, 10-29 hours per week (5,0 pct)
3. Employed less than part time or temporarily out of work (2,0 pct)
 - Employee, less than 10 hours per week (0,7 pct)
 - Temporarily out of job because of illness or the like (0,5 pct)
 - Temporarily out of job because of leave from job (maternity leave, parental leave, education leave) (0,8 pct)
4. Helping family member (0,8 pct)
 - Assisting spouse (0,8 pct)
5. Unemployed (3,3 pct)
 - Unemployed (including on leave from unemployment) (3,3 pct)
6. Student, in school or vocational training (8,9 pct)
 - Trainee or apprentice (with wage) (1,2 pct)
 - Pupil (without wage) (0,1 pct)
 - Student (without wage) (7,6 pct)
7. Retired (12,7 pct)
 - Job release scheme (pensions benefit payable between early retirement and normal retirement pension, and the like) (5,3 pct)
 - Other retirement (old-age etc) (7,4 pct)
8. Housewife or home duties (0,8 pct)
 - Housewife/home duties (0,8 pct)
9. Permanently disabled (4,9 pct)
 - On disability pension (4,9 pct)
10. Others not in labour force (0,8 pct)
 - Other, outside labour force (0,8 pct)
99. No answer (3,1 pct)

SPWRKST

The ISSP categories have been derived from a question including more answer categories. The categories are coded as follows.

0. INAP (code 2 to 9 in MARTIAL and code 2,9 in COHAB) (28,3 pct)
 1. Employed full time (44,3 pct)
 - Employee, full time, 30 hours or more per week (40,2 pct)
 - Self-employed (4,1 pct)
 2. Employed part time (2,2 pct)
 - Employee, part-time, 10-29 hours per week (2,2 pct)
 1. Employed less than part time or temporarily out of work (2,2 pct)
 - Employee, less than 10 hours per week (0,2 pct)
 - Temporarily out of job because of illness or the like (0,7 pct)
 - Temporarily out of job because of leave from job (maternity leave, parental leave, education leave) (1,3 pct)
 2. Helping family member (0,6 pct)
 - Assisting spouse (0,6 pct)
 3. Unemployed (3,0 pct)
 - Unemployed (including on leave from unemployment) (3,0 pct)
 4. Student, in school or vocational training (3,6 pct)
 - Trainee or apprentice (with wage) (0,7 pct)
 - Pupil (without wage) (0,1 pct)
 - Student (without wage) (2,8 pct)
 5. Retired (9,3 pct)
 - Job release scheme (pensions benefit payable between early retirement and normal retirement pension, and the like) (4,6 pct)
 - Other retirement (old-age etc) (4,7 pct)
 8. Housewife or home duties (0,7 pct)
 - Housewife/home duties (0,7 pct)
 9. Permanently disabled (3,6 pct)
 - On disability pension (3,6 pct)
 10. Others not in labour force (0,2 pct)
 - Other, outside labour force (0,2 pct)
 99. No answer (2,2 pct)

ISSP National Population Characteristics: Denmark 2000
 Statistics Denmark, Statistical Ten-year
Review 2000
SEX

Male	2.634.222	49,4%
Female	2.695.898	50,6%
Total	5.330.020	100%

AGE (groups)

0 -14	981.148	18,4%
15-19	281.333	5,3%
20-29	723.188	13,6%
30-39	817.444	15,3%
40-49	740.459	13,9%
50-64	996.046	18,7%
65 +	790.402	14,8%

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (age 20-69 years highest completed level of education)

Total 3.485.000

Basic school education and not known	1.284.000	36,8%
General upper secondary ed.	195.000	5,6%
General (vocational orientation) upper secondary	89.000	2,6%
Vocational upper secondary	1.227.000	35,2%
Short-cycle higher education	198.000	5,7%
Medium-cycle higher educ.	309.000	8,9%
Long-cycle higher education	184.000	5,3%

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed	2.759.308	51,8%
Unemployed *	117.689	2,2%
Not in labour force	2.453.023	46,0%

* People who was unemployed the last week of november 1999

Study Description: Finland

Study title: Finns and Environmental Protection
Suomalaiset ja ympäristönsuojelu (in Finnish)
Finländarna och miljövården (in Swedish)

Fieldwork dates: November 01, 2000 – January 26, 2001
 1st of Nov. 2000 questionnaires mailed
 6th of Nov. 2000 questionnaires reached the targets
 10th of Nov. 2000 questionnaires started to return to Statistics
 19th of Nov. 2000 reminder (card) mailed
 4th of Dec. 2000 reminder (questionnaire) mailed
 7th of Dec. 2000 reminder questionnaires reached the targets
 10th of Dec. 2000 reminder questionnaires started to return to Statistics
 18th of Dec. 2000 dead line for returning reminder questionnaire
 8th of Jan. 2001 2nd reminder questionnaire mailed
 11th of Jan. 2001 2nd reminder questionnaire reached the targets
 16th of Jan. 2001 2nd reminder questionnaire started to return to Statistics
 20th of Jan. 2001 dead line for returning 2nd reminder questionnaire

Principal investigators: Prof. Harri Melin, Department of Sociology and Psychology, University of Tampere
 Prof. Raimo Blom, Department of Sociology and Psychology, University of Tampere
 Eero Tanskanen, Statistics Finland, Helsinki

Sample type: Target population: household population aged 15 to 74. Sampling design: a systematic random sample of individuals.
 Sampling frame: population register, sorting order: domicile code and birth date. Stratification: implicit geographic stratification. No clustering.

Fieldwork Institute: Statistics Finland, Helsinki

Fieldwork methods: Postal (both directions), self-completion, paper and pencil

Sample size: Achieved sample: 1528

Response rates:

2500	A - Total issued
9	B - Ineligible (address unknown or living abroad)
2491	C - (= A - B) Total eligible
1528	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
963	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
13	F - Refusals
950	H - Other non-response
61,3%	Final response rate

Language: Questionnaires in Finnish and in Swedish. Information on language from the population register. Finnish (2364; 94,6% of total sample) and Swedish (136; 5,4% of total sample)

Weighted: Weight variables are included in the data set. Data is unweighted.

- Weighting procedure:* The design of the survey was systematic sampling. In order to improve the efficiency of estimation and to reduce bias due to non-response a calibration method was used for the creation of the weights. The following marginal distributions of the population were used: 1) gender (male, female), 2) age classes (15-19, 20-24, ... ,70-74), 3) municipality (community), 4) type of community (urban – rural). There are two weights available for calculations: 1) a weight that expands the results to the population level (the sum of the weights is the size of the population) and 2) a weight that doesn't have the expansion property (the mean of the weights is 1 and the sum of the weights is the number of accepted responses, i.e. the size of the data). Both of the weights are based on the same calibration process, only the scale differs.
- Known systematic properties of the sample:* Sampling frame is updated and covers total population. A cross-sectional sample does not contain attrition by definition. After having used our standard sampling procedures for over 20 years we have not encountered any bias due to using systematic sampling. Design effect of the sampling procedure ≤ 1 by definition.

ISSP National Population Characteristics: Finland 2000

Statistics Finland	Ministry of Labour
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SEX (31.12.2000)

Male	2.529.341	
Female	2.651.774	

AGE (groups) (31.12.2000)

-14	936.333	
15-29	965.210	
30-39	725.536	
40-49	781.692	
50-64	995.146	
65 +	777.198	

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups) (1998, aged 15-)

1 - 9	1.779.196	
10-12	1.482.838	
13+	946.467	

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (31.12.2000, aged 15-74)

Employed	2.335.000	
Unemployed	253.000	320.000
Not in labour force	1.312.000	

Study Description: Germany

Study title: ISSP 2000 Germany – Environment II

Fieldwork dates: 18.01.2000 – 31.07.2000

Principal investigators: Dr. Janet Harkness, Prof. Dr. Peter Ph. Mohler

Sample type: Names and addresses from respondents' registers kept by municipalities. Adults of 18 and older living in private accommodation.

Fieldwork methods: Self-completion questionnaire distributed by interviewer interviewer in attendance. Background variables were asked face-to-face.

Context of ISSP-questionnaire Self-completion questionnaire following on from a 45 minutes face-to-face interview (ALLBUS). ISSP 2000 fielded in split with ISSP1999.

Sample size: 1.501

Response rates:

Real numbers			
N=3706	W=2533	E=1173	A - Total issued (total sample)
N=525	W=379	E=146	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
N=3181	W=2154	E=1027	C - (= A - B) Total eligible
N=1501	W=974	E=527	D -Total ISSP 2000 interviews received
N=1680	W=1180	E=500	E - (= C - D) Total non-response
N=1247	W=847	E=400	F - Refusals
N=49	W=38	E=11	G - Non-contact (never contacted)**
N=182	W=126	E=56	H - Other reactions:
N=50	W=32	E=18	H ₁ - interview not carried out correctly
			H ₂ - ill, incapable

Language: German

Weighted: No

Weighting procedure: Sample for eastern Germany deliberately over-samples the five eastern federal states. If all of Germany is taken as the unit of analysis (rather than the eastern and western states) weighting is necessary.

Publications: Achim Koch, Martina Wasmer, Janet Harkness, Evi Scholz (2001): Konzeption und Durchfuehrung der "Allgemeinen Bevoelkerungsumfrage der Sozialwissenschaften" (ALLBUS) 2000, ZUMA-Methodenbericht 2001/05 (ALLBUS Methods Report 2001).

** sample unit (person) not contacted

Study Description: Great Britain

Study title: British Social Attitudes 2000

Fieldwork dates: June to November 2000

Principal investigators: Roger Jowell, Alison Park, Katarina Thomson, Lindsey Jarvis, Catherine Bromley, Nina Stratford, all at the National Centre for Social Research.

Sample type: Stratified random probability. The sample is designed to be representative of adults aged 18 or over living in private accommodation in Britain. It was drawn from the postcode address file (PAF) which is a list of addresses compiled by the Post Office. The sample method involved a multi-stage design: first 200 postcode sectors were selected, with probability proportionate to the number of addresses in each sector. Thirty-one addresses were then selected in each sector by starting at a random point of the list of addresses for each sector and choosing each address at a fixed interval. Finally, when interviewers called at the addresses, they selected one dwelling unit and one respondent at the selected dwelling unit using a Kish grid.

Fieldwork methods: The ISSP questions were included in a self-completion supplement given to respondents following the face-to-face interview (on which the classification questions were asked). The supplement was normally collected by the interviewer or, where this was not possible, posted back to the office.

Context of ISSP-questionnaire National Centre for Social Research's (formerly SCPR) *British Social Attitudes* survey – Version C of the self-completion supplement (there were three versions in total).

Sample size: Achieved on ISSP: 972

*Response rates:
(Version C)*

2067	A - Total issued
226	B – Not Ineligible
1841	C - Total eligible
972	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
869	E - Non-response
552	F - Refusals (main)
161	(self-completion)
59	G - Non-contact
97	H - Other non-response

Language: British English

Weighted: Yes

Weighting procedure: Data were weighted to take account of the fact that not all units covered in the survey had the same probability of selection. The weighting applied reflected the relative selection probabilities of the individual at the three main stages of selection: address; household; and individual by the following formula:

$$\text{Weight} = \frac{\text{Number of Dwelling Units} \times \text{Number of adults in selected household}}{\text{MOI}}$$

where MOI = multiple occupancy indicator. (In Scotland, addresses were selected with probability proportionate to the MOI as well as other procedures described above. In England and Wales, the MOI was treated as 1 in the above formula).

The average weight supplied was 1.00.

Known systemic properties of the sample

Scotland north of the Great Glen is not covered. Note that the sample is Britain only, i.e. Northern Ireland is not covered.

Publications:

Park, A., Curtice, J., Thomson, K., Jarvis, L. and Bromley, C. (eds) (2001 forthcoming), *British Social Attitudes: the 18th Report-Public policy, social ties*, London: Sage.

Exley, S. et al (forthcoming), *British Social Attitudes 2000 Survey: Technical Report*, London: National Centre for Social Research.

National Population Characteristics: Great Britain

Source 1 1991 Census	Source 2 2000 BSA (full sample, after weighting)
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Gender:

Male	48.4%	45.1%
Female	51.6%	54.9%

Age Groups:

18 – 24	13.2%	10.7%
25 – 34	19.2%	17.6%
35 – 44	18.0%	21.2%
45 – 54	15.0%	16.2%
55 – 64	13.3%	15.1%
65+	20.7%	19.0%

Because of differences in definitions, it is not possible to provide comparable population figures for years of schooling or employment status.

Study Description: Ireland

Study title: Environment II – Ireland

Fieldwork dates: December 12th, 2001 to February 28th, 2002

5% of fieldwork completed in December 2001
82% of fieldwork completed in January 2002
13% of fieldwork completed in February 2002

Principal investigators: Marie Nic Ghiolla Phadraig,
Conor Ward
Social Science Research Centre (SSRC)
National University of Ireland
Dublin 4
Ireland

Sample type: A three-stage clustered sampling approach was used for the sample selection.

Stages in sampling procedures and stratification factors

At the first stage, a random sample of PSU's was selected.
At the second, a random sample of households was selected.
At the third, a random person within household was selected.

The sampling frame used for this study was the most up-to-date national electoral register. Electors are recorded in the electoral list in so-called Polling Books. For sample selection purposes these Polling Books are reconstituted into areal units known as District Electoral Divisions. There is a total of 3400 District Electoral Divisions (DEDs) in Ireland. These DEDs are the most spatially disaggregated areal units in Ireland for which census data are available and are the standard PSU building block for random sample selection. Once the Electoral Register has been re-structured into the District Electoral Division format a random sample of 220 PSUs was selected.

Each PSU was made up of the District Electoral Division or aggregate thereof using a minimum population threshold criteria. These PSUs constituted the first stage of sample selection.

Once the PSU was selected, a systematic sample of addresses from within each was identified.

When the addresses were identified the interviewer called at each and identified the target respondent using the next birthday rule.

The sample is designed to be representative of adults only living in private accommodation with a lower age cut-off of 18 years.

Interview procedures:

Interviewers were governed by the following rules when approaching an address:

Calls and visits had to be made at different times of day and on different days of week. The minimum number of calls and visits required before the interviewers stopped approaching an address was defined 5. The interviews were not supervised, but back-checked in an approximate proportion of 10 %.

Fieldwork institute: The Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI)

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interviews

Context of ISSP questionnaire: The Environment module was included as part of a larger survey addressing general social and political attitudes in Ireland. The total completed and usable sample was 2498 questionnaires. Two ISSP modules on the Environment and also the Family and Gender Roles module were included on a split sample basis in this larger survey. A 50 per cent sample split was adopted for the survey. This meant that the Environment module was administered to exactly one-half of the target sample while the Family and Gender Roles module was administered to the other half. Response levels were exactly the same for each split half of the sample.

Sample size: Achieved sample: 1232 cases - Environment module

Response rates:

2224	A - Total issued (total sample)
74	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
2150	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1232	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
918	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
477	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
54	- No contact at address
346	- Respondent away during survey period
	H - Other non-response
41	- Partial productive interview

Language: English

Weighted: Yes

Weighting procedure: The weights were constructed using a minimum information loss routine with marginal constraints based on age, gender, principal economic status, region, marital status, level of educational attainment, household size (number of persons aged 18 years and over). As described in “*Known Systematic Properties in Sample:*”, the number of persons aged 18 years or over resident in the household is a critical dimension of the re-weighting scheme as this controls for the design effects resulting from pps for household selection which results from using the Electoral Register as a population frame.

*Known Systematic
Properties in Sample:*

There are two potential biases inherent in using the Electoral List as a population frame for sample selection.

The first of these is the non-listing of addresses of households in which there is no member listed on the Electoral Register. The ESRI has used the Electoral Register for sampling purposes for almost 30 years and from experience we know that this small element of non-coverage introduces no systematic bias in the effective sample.

The second (and potentially significant) bias is the design effect of the sample associated from use of the Electoral Register. Given the way in which the register is built up, selection probability is directly related to number of adults in the household. The larger the household (i.e. the greater the number of persons registered) the larger is the selection probability. This results in a disproportionately higher percentage of larger households in the effective or completed sample. This is addressed in the re-weighting scheme adopted for ex-post adjustment of the data. An extremely important dimension of this re-weighting procedure is household size – number of adults aged 18 years or over – i.e. the number of persons registered for electoral purposes on the electoral roll. Our experience over 3 decades with this population frame indicates that the re-weighting scheme very adequately addresses this design effect in the effective sample.

Study Description: Israel

Study title: Environment 2000

Fieldwork dates: April, 1st - July, 5th 2000

Principal investigators: Prof. N. Lewin-Epstein, Prof. E. Yaar

Sample type: Area probability sample
 Sampling procedure: 1. division into strata (based on geographic location, community size and socio-economic characteristics) 2. with strata sampling of statistical areas (the smallest ecological unit) 3. sampling of starting point within statistical areas for the interviewing 4. interviewing of specified number persons within statistical unit, based on Kish grid. Sampled unit: address point in the selected area and then procedures for continued movement.

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interview

Sample size: 1205 received ISSP questionnaires

Response rates:

3300	A- Total issued (total sample)
148	B - Ineligible (addresses empty, wrong..)
3152	C - (=A-B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1205	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
1947	E - Total non-response
1353	F - Refusals
145	G - Non-contact
160 289	H - Other non-response Inadequate understanding of the language of the survey

Language: Hebrew

Weighted: No

National Population Characteristics: Israel**Statistics****SEX**

Male	49.0 %
Female	51.0 %

AGE GROUP

0 – 19	3.8 %
20 – 24	8.7 %
25 – 29	7.6 %
30 – 34	6.5 %
35 – 44	12.4 %
45 – 54	10.6 %
55 – 64	6.6 %
65 – 74	5.7 %
75 +	3.9 %

**YEARS OF
SCHOOLING**

0	3.3 %
1 – 8	13.1 %
9 – 12	47.7 %
13 – 15	20.4 %
16 +	15.4 %

**EMPLOYMENT
STATUS**

Employed	49.0 %
Unemployed	4.5 %
Not in labour force	46.5 %
Unemployment rate (unempl. total labour force)	8.6 %

Study Description: Japan*Study title:* Environment*Fieldwork dates:* 16th – 22th November, 2000*Principal investigators:* ONODERA, Noriko, ARAMAKI Hiroshi, KOHASHI Kazuaki

Sample type: We used a two-stage stratified random sample of Japanese 16 or older. First, urban and rural areas are divided into a number of groups (strata) based on similarities in local features and industrial structures. From each of those groups, streets and village-sections are again grouped together to form sampling units. From among such sampling units, 150 survey spots are selected at random. Then, from the Basic Resident Registers for these spots, 12 sample individuals aged 16 or over are selected according to a fixed random number.

Fieldwork methods: Face to Face*Sample size:* Issued 1.800, achieved 1.180*Response rates:*

1.800	A - Total issued (total sample) (= B + C)
131	B - Ineligible 16 respondents were not found 110 respondents moved somewhere else 5 respondents died
1.669	C - (= A-B) Total eligible
1.180	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
489	E - (=C-D; = F + G+H) Total non-response
175	F - Refusals
287	G - Non-contact 22 respondents had not lived at home for one year or more 49 respondents had not lived at home for 10-364 days 48 respondents had not lived at home for 9 days or less 59 respondents came home at midnight 109 respondents were not at home temporarily 19 respondents were ill in bed at home
8	H - Other

Language: Japanese*Weighted:* No

National Population Characteristics: Japan

Gender

Source: the latest National Population Census conducted in 1995

Total population			16 years old and more		
Total	125.570.246	100.0%	Total	103.956.211	100.0%
Female	63.995.848	51.0%	Female	53.449.489	51.4%
Male	61.574.398	49.0%	Male	50.506.722	48.6%

Age Groups

Source: the latest National Population Census conducted in 1995

Total population			16 years old and more		
Total	125.570.246	100.0%	Total	103.956.211	100.0%
0 - 4	5.995.254	4.8%	16 - 17	3.350.719	3.2%
5 - 14	14.018.476	11.2%	18 - 24	13.501.935	13.0%
15 - 24	18.452.959	14.7%	25 - 34	16.914.596	16.3%
25 - 34	16.914.596	13.5%	35 - 44	16.828.293	16.2%
35 - 44	16,828,293	13.4%	45 - 54	19.540.284	18.8%
45 - 54	19.540.284	15.6%	55 - 64	15.428.598	14.8%
55 - 64	15.428.589	12.3%	65 - 74	11.091.245	10.7%
65 - 74	11.091.577	8.8%	75 +	7.169.577	6.9%
75 +	7.169.577	5.7%			
Not reported	130.973	0.1%			

Schooling Group (16 years old and more)

Source: the National Population Census conducted in 1990

Total	97.449.259	100.0%
Compulsory completed (9 - 11 years)	28.579.807	29.3%
High school completed (12 - 13 years)	41.049.851	42.1%
Junior college completed (14, 15 years)	8.420.155	8.6%
University or graduate school completed (16 years and more)	10.752.120	11.0%
Student	8.430.213	8.7%
None	217.113	0.2%

Employment Status (16 age and more)

Source: the National Population Census conducted in 1995

Total	103.825.238	100.0%
Employed	64.121.284	61.8%
-Mostly worked	53.751.174	(51.8)%
-Worked besides doing housework	8.790.424	(8.5)%
-Worked besides attending school	934.130	(0.9)%
-Absent from work	645.556	(0.6)%
Unemployed	2.871.148	2.8%
Not in labour force	36.308.827	35.0%
-Did housework	18.130.802	(17.5)%
-Attending school	7.330.417	(7.1)%
Others	10.847.608	(10.4)%
Not reported	523.979	0.5%

Marital Status (16 age and more)

Source: the National Population Census conducted in 1995

Total	103.825.238	100.0 %
Male	50.418.216	48.6%
-Never married	15.616.878	15.0%
-Married	32.050.542	30.9%
-Widowed	1.286.116	1.2%
-Divorced	1.127.937	1.1%
-Not reported	336.743	0.3%
Female	53.407.022	51.4%
-Never married	12.252.226	11.8%
-Married	32.038.739	30.9%
-Widowed	6.900.955	6.6%
-Divorced	1.987.487	1.9%
-Not reported	227.615	0.2%

Study Description: Latvia*Study title:* Environment*Fieldwork dates:* 05.12.2000 – 22.12.2000*Principal investigators:* Aivars Tabuns, University of Latvia; Ilze Koroleva, Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, University of Latvia*Sample type:* Multistage stratified random sample*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interviews.*Context of ISSP-questionnaire:* ISSP module was fielded as an individual survey*Sample size:* N = 1000*Response rates:*

Real numbers	
1716	A - Total issued (total sample)
69	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
1647	C –(A - B) Total eligible
1000	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
647	E - (=C - D; = F + G) Total non-response
230	F – Refusals
406	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
11	H - Other non-response

Language: Latvian, Russian*Weighted:* No

Deviations from ISSP Questionnaire: Yes. Final Draft version of the questionnaire was used for translation. Several questions (variables – v42, v43, v49) were asked in different way, several questions were skipped – (variables – v17, v26, v31, v39, v44, v45, v46, v47)

Study Description: Mexico

Study title: Environment (ISSP 2000 Module)

Fieldwork dates: February - October, 2001

Principal investigators: Federico Curiel, Carlos Jimenez and Jorge Godinez, Centro de Estudios de Opinion, Universidad de Guadalajara.

Sample type: For the realization of the survey a design of multistage stratified random sample was applied with two partitions of the universe of national population aged 18 and over and four selection stages for the urban cases and three for the rural cases.

First partition: The universe was divided in 8 strata of states.

Second partition: Inside each stratum the universe was divided by the size of the cities, according to population size: Metropolis, more than 500.000; big city, from 100.000 to 500.000; middle city, from 50.000 to 100.000; and small city, less than 50.000, for the rural case, are the towns with less than 2.500 inhabitants.

First selection stage: Assigned the cases for stratum Ageb's was selected for the urban cases and towns for the rural ones. They were applied a total of 20 interviews on the average by Ageb and 10 cases for town. The Ageb means Basic Geo-statistic Area, they are perfectly defined geographical units and with inhabitants group with known demographic and economic variables, its delimitation is smaller to the municipality and it facilitates studies for clusters.

Second selection stage: Inside each selected Ageb two blocks were chosen for the urban case, for the rural case the housings were chosen.

Third selection stage: For the urban case they were selected 10 housings on the average by block, in the rural towns it was selected the responsive individual by Kish rule.

Fourth stage: It only applies for the urban cases and refers to the selection of the responsive individuals by Kish rule.

Fieldwork institute: Centro de Estudios de Opinion of Universidad de Guadalajara

Fieldwork methods: Face to face interviews

Sample size: 1262

A - Total contacted (total sample)	1800
B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)	51
C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)	1749
D - Total ISSP questionnaires received	1262
E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response	487
F - Refusals (refusing to take part)	220
G - Non-contact (never contacted)	229
H - Other non-response(incomplete questionnaires)	38

Language: Spanish

Weighted: No

Publications: International Survey of Environment: Case Mexico (Compact Disk),
Centro de Estudios de Opinion, Mexico, 2001.

National Population Characteristics: Mexico

	Census 2000 INEGI	National Survey of Employment 2000 INEGI
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SEX

Male	48.7%	48.6%
Female	51.3%	51.4%
N	97.014.867	97.378.680

AGE (groups)

0 – 14	34.2%	33.7%
15 – 24	19.9%	19.6%
25 – 34	16.0%	15.2%
35 – 44	12.1%	12.5%
45 – 54	7.8%	8.3%
55 – 64	5.0%	5.4%
65 +	5.0%	5.3%
N	97.014.867	97.378.680

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (population 15+)

None	8.6%	
1 – 6	37.1%	
7 – 9	24.0%	
10 – 12	16.7%	
13 +	11.0%	
Not specified	2.6%	
Total population 15 +	63.672.367	

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (population 12+)

Economically active population	50.5%	55.7%
Employed (EAP)	98.7%	98.4%
Unemployed (EAP)	1.3%	1.6%
Not in labour force	49.5%	44.3%
Total population 12 +	70.138.596	71.191.339

Study Description: Netherlands

Study title: Cultural Changes in the Netherlands 2000

Fieldwork dates: September, 25 2000 – December, 10 2000

Principal investigators: Social and Cultural Planning Office, Ne J.W.Becker, F.D.E. Niggebrugge.

Sample type: Sample of addresses (postal codes), respondent selection in households.

Fieldwork institute: NIPO, Amsterdam

Fieldwork methods: Self completion, written drop-off

Sample size: 1609

Response rates:

9445	Total issued addresses
5470	A - Total contacted (total sample)
	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, ...)
5470	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1472	D-Total addresses with one or two interviews = 1609 valid interviews
3998	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
2493	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
1505	G - Non-contact (never contacted)

Please note that the sample 2000 is based on clusters of addresses. At one address of one cluster one person or two persons can be interviewed. If an interviewer has success in a cluster, he moves on to another one. It may be possible that he realised an interview at his first attempt. In that case he doesn't use the cluster any more and the remaining addresses are in fact superfluous. This means that far less addresses are contacted than issued. NIPO issued 9445 addresses and contacted 5470. At 2493 of the addresses the interview was refused. At 1505 addresses nobody answered the door, even after the obligatory third visit. At 1472 addresses one or two interviews were realised, resulting in 1650 interviews. These people also got the drop-off interview. They were offered an incentive - voucher for books, presents or flowers - and the interviewer collected the interview in person, 41 persons didn't complete the ISSP-list, which leaves us with 1609 completed interviews.

If we exclude the 1505 addresses where absolutely no contact was established from our calculations, the response is 37% at the level of addresses (1472 on 3965 contacts). On the level of clusters the response was much higher, 79%. Of course this improvement is due to the fact that at least one interview per cluster is regarded as response. We think therefore the lower percentage to be more realistic.

Language: Dutch

Weighting:

No weighting

National Population Characteristics: Netherlands

Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS)

SEX 1998

	abs.	%
Male	7.846,3	49,5
Female	8.017,6	50,5
Total	15.864,0	

AGE (groups) 2000

0 – 19	3.873,0	24,4
20 – 39	4.761,5	30,0
40 – 64	5.077,0	32,0
65 – 79	1.652,1	10,4
80 +	500,3	3,2

*YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups) = highest level attained, 15-64 years, 1999

Basic	1.425	13,4
Extended lower	1.104	10,4
Secondary	683	6,4
Lower professional	1.578	14,8
Middle professional	3.487	32,7
Higher professional	1.645	15,4
University	723	6,8
Total (included 'unknown')	10.663	

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (population 15-64 years), 1999

Employed	7.097	65,6
Unemployed **	292	2,7
Not in labour force	3.423	30,7

* only available in levels, not in years.

** more than one definition is current in the Netherlands better figures perhaps on photocopy.

Study Description: New Zealand

Study title: The Environment: New Zealand

Fieldwork dates: 30 August 2000 to 31 November 2000

Principal investigators: Prof. Philip Gendall, Massey University, Department of Marketing, Palmerston North, New Zealand

Sample type: Random sample from electoral rolls

Sampling procedure: The sample was randomly selected from the 1999 New Zealand electoral roll, which contains the names of all registered voters over the age of 18 years. The achieved sample is generally representative of the New Zealand population over 18 years of age, but people under 30 are underrepresented in the sample, while those over 30 are overrepresented. However, this difference is unlikely to have a significant effect on the survey's results.

Fieldwork methods: Mail survey in three waves, plus prenotification

Survey administration procedure: A prenotification letter was sent to the 2000 selected participants on 30 August 2000. The questionnaire together with a covering letter was sent to all participants whose questionnaires had not been returned undelivered, on 6 September. Two weeks later a reminder postcard was sent to non-respondents. A second reminder and another questionnaire were mailed to remaining non-respondents after a further two weeks. The survey was closed off on 31 November, 12 weeks after the initial mailing.

Context of ISSP-questionnaire: Dedicated survey, with ISSP questions preceding non-ISSP questions and demographics

Sample size: 2000

Response rates:

2000	A - Total issued (total sample)
206	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, ...)
1794	C - (= A-B) Total eligible (in-scope sample)
1112	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
682	E - (= C-D; F+G+H) Total non-response
54	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
-	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
628	H - Other non-response
62,0 %	Response rate (1112/(2000-206))

	Response after first mailing*	Response after second mailing	Response after third mailing	Total
Issued	2.000	1.249	936	2.000
Gone-no- address	103	27	35	165
Ineligible	16	14	11	41
Total ineligible	1.881	1.208	890	1.794
Refusals	23	11	20	54
Valid responses	609	261	242	1.112
Other non- response	1.249	936	628	628
* Note: Includes 57 questionnaires returned "Gone-no-address" and 2 respondents deemed "ineligible" in response to prenotification letter				

Language: English

Weighted: No

Weighting procedure: None

National Population Characteristics: New Zealand

NZ Department of Statistics, 1996 Census, National Summary
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SEX

Male	1.777.464
Female	1.840.839

AGE

0 – 4	279.603
5 – 9	288.291
10 – 14	264.186
15 – 19	262.977
20 – 24	271.761
25 – 29	273.303
30 – 34	293.484
35 – 39	285.213
40 – 44	255.036
45 – 49	241.188
50 – 54	186.717
55 – 59	158.607
60 – 64	135.267
65 – 69	132.972
70 – 74	113.661
75 – 79	82.290
80 – 84	55.281
85 – 89	27.030
90 – 94	9.225
95 and over	2.208

EDUCATION I (Highest School Qualification of population 15+, rounded to 1000)

No Secondary School	1.027.000
NZ School Certificate in one or more subjects	458.000
Sixth Form Qualification	451.000
Higher School Qualification	331.000
Overseas School Qualification	147.000
Not specified	373.000

EDUCATION II (Highest Post-school Qualification of population 15+, rounded to 1000)

No Post-School	1.745.000
Basic Vocational Qualification	87.000
Skilled Vocational Qualification	170.000
Intermediate Vocational Qualification	37.000
Advanced Vocational Qualification	200.000
Bachelors Degree	150.000
Higher Degree	74.000
Post-School Qualification – not specified	178.000
Not specified	145.000

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (population 15+)

Employed	1.630.812
Full-time	1.252.779
Part-time	378.030
Unemployed	136.503
Not in labour force	934.044
Not available	84.861

Labour force participation rate	63.43 %
Unemployment rate	7.72 %

Study Description: Northern Ireland

Study title: Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey (NILT), 2000

Fieldwork dates: October 20, 2000 - December 31, 2000

Principal investigators: Paula Devine and Lizanne Dowds
Centre for Social Research, Queen's University, Belfast,
Northern Ireland

Sample type: The survey was designed to yield a representative sample of men and women aged 18 and over living in Northern Ireland. The Postal Address File (PAF) was used as the sampling frame for the survey and a simple random sample of addresses was obtained after stratification into three geographic regions (Belfast, East of the Bann and West of the Bann). This was done to ensure the adequate representation of areas of lower population density and is standard practice in Northern Ireland social surveys. At selected addresses, a Kish grid procedure was utilised to randomly select one individual to be the subject of the survey.

The sample selected was slightly larger than necessary in order to provide reserve addresses. Interviewers were instructed to make a total of five calls, or to have received a refusal or other information confirming that an interview would not be obtained, before being issued with reserve addresses. This was to ensure optimal response from the main sample.

Fieldwork institute: All interviews were conducted during the period October to December 2000. Interviewing was carried out by social survey interviewers employed by Research and Evaluation Services (RES). All fieldworkers attended one of four briefing sessions conducted jointly by RES and members of the NILT project team.

Fieldwork methods: All interviews were conducted in the respondents' homes. Interviewers made up to a maximum of five calls before the person identified in the sample was deemed to be 'non-obtainable'.

The main face-to-face interview was carried out using computer assisted personal interviewing (CAPI) and the respondent was then asked to complete a self-completion form. The self-completion form was either completed and handed back to the interviewer at the time of the main interview, or the interviewer called back at a later stage to collect it.

Advance mailshot

Households identified in the sample were sent an advance letter which explained the background to the survey, outlined the method by which an individual respondent would be selected from the household, and requested co-operation with the project.

The letter provided households with contact details for the project team and RES, and also confirmed that a donation of one pound would be made to Action Cancer on behalf of each respondent.

Context of ISSP questionnaire:

The Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey is a direct descendent of the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes Survey (NISA) which ran from 1989 to 1996. NISA was a sister survey to the British Social Attitudes Survey (BSA), and, by running the same modules as BSA, it provided a time-series of social attitudes allowing comparisons with Britain. Against the background of the new political arrangements in Northern Ireland it was agreed that the new Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey would be better served by cutting its links with its British counterpart. NILT now carries on the tradition of a time-series of attitudes but has shifted the focus away from comparisons with Britain. It is largely Northern Ireland focused; it is social policy focused; and it is designed to be used by the wider public in Northern Ireland. Nonetheless, every year includes a substantial component which either continues an old NISA time-series, or replicates a BSA module.

Each year over 30 countries participate in the International Social Survey Programme (ISSP) in which the same module of questions is asked cross-nationally. Northern Ireland has also taken part in this exercise (via NISA) since 1989. The 2000 module covered *Environment*.

Not all modules are asked of the full 1800 adult sample. Where a smaller sample size is sufficient for a module, the sample is 'split', such that half the respondents are asked those questions. For example, the structure of the 2000 survey allowed half the sample to be asked the *Environment* module, while the other half were asked the *Work Orientations* module. For this reason, there are 745 respondents for this ISSP module.

Sample size:

Achieved ISSP interviews: 745 (Version A: Environment)

Response rates:

2850	A - Total addresses issued (total sample)
2808	B - Total in scope
1800	C - Achieved main stage interviews
1471	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received Version A: 745 83% Version B: 726 80%
1548	E - Total non-response
428	F - Refused
554	G - Non-contact
26	H - Other

Language:

English

Weighted:

Yes

Weighting procedure: It is not possible, using the Postcode Address File, to select addresses with probability proportionate to the size of the household. To compensate for this potential source of bias, the data should be weighted before analysis. The weighting adjusts for the fact that individuals living in larger households had a lower chance of being included in the sample than individuals living in smaller households. The data are weighted in relation to the number of eligible adults at that address, derived from the details of the household structure recorded by the interviewers. In order to retain the actual number of interviews, the weighted sample was scaled back to the originally obtained sample size.

Known systematic properties of the sample: Analysis of the 1800 respondents to the 2000 Life and Times Survey shows that the percentage of respondents who are Catholic is approximately 32%. This is smaller than for previous years, but looking at trends since 1989, this is within the bounds that can be expected.

National Population Characteristics: Northern Ireland

Comparison of individual characteristics

		NILT 1999	CHS 1999/00	Northern Ireland Census 1991
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Sex	Male	45%	47%	48%
	Female	55%	53%	52%

Age	18 – 24	13%	12%	16%
	25 – 34	17%	18%	21%
	35 – 44	19%	20%	18%
	45 – 54	18%	17%	15%
	55 – 59	9%	7%	6%
	60 – 64	7%	7%	6%
	65 +	17%	18%	18%

Marital Status	Single	26%	27%	28%
	Married/cohabiting	57%	58%	59%
	Widowed	8%	8%	9%
	Divorced/separated	9%	7%	6%
Base=100%	N	1.800	5.766	1.117.221

Economic activity	Working	47%	51%	49%*
	Unemployed	5%	4%	9%
	Economically inactive	49%	41%	42%
	Refused/missing	0	4%	0
Base=100%		1.800	5.766	1.167.938

* Based on total population aged 16 +

** Includes schemes and employment training etc.

Individual characteristics – NILT 2000

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-64	65+	All
Single	87%	37%	10%	11%	14%	26%
Married/ cohabiting	11%	55%	73%	72%	50%	57%
Divorced/ separated/ widowed	2%	8%	17%	17%	36%	17%
Base=100%	183	322	343	545	398	1.800

Individual characteristics – CHS 1999/00

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-64	65 +	All
Single	96%	41%	16%	9%	11%	27%
Married/ cohabiting	4%	52%	73%	76%	53%	58%
Divorced/ separated/ widowed	1%	7%	12%	15%	37%	15%
Base=100%	703	1.039	1.146	1.792	1.086	5.766

Stated religious denomination

	NILT 1999	CHS 1999/00	Northern Ireland Census 1991
Protestant	57%	46%	50%
Catholic	32%	31%	38%
Other religion	<1%	<1%	-
No religion	11%	3%	4%
Unwilling to say/don't know	1%	20%	7%
Base=100%	1.800	5.766	1.577.836

Study Description: Norway

Study title: Survey on Values, Natures and the Environment, Norway 2000

Fieldwork dates: September - November, 2000

Principal investigators: Paal Ketil Botvar, Centre for Church Research, Oslo
Gunnar Grendstad, Department of Comparative Politics, University of Bergen
Knut Kalgraff Skjåk, Norwegian Social Science Data Services.
The survey was funded by the Research Council of Norway.

Fieldwork Institute: Norwegian Gallup Institute AS

Sample type: The sample was a simple random sample from the Central Register of Persons, aged 18-79 years.

Fieldwork methods: The survey was conducted as a mail survey. The fieldwork included one reminder and two follow-ups with questionnaires.

Context of ISSP-questionnaire: The survey consists of the ISSP 2000 Module on Environment, additional modules and demographics.

Sample size: 1452

Response rates:

2500	A - Total issued (total sample)
1452	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
1548	E - Total non-response
1505	G - Non-contact
43	H - Other

Language: Norwegian

Weighted: No

National Population Characteristics: Norway***Sex and age, %:***

	Population 18-79 years January 1, 2000 Central Register of Persons ¹	Net Sample Norwegian Survey, ISSP 2000
Male	49.9	51.7
18 – 24	6.1	5.1
25 – 34	10.8	10.3
35 – 44	10.2	10.8
45 – 54	9.6	9.3
55 – 64	6.4	8.7
65 – 79	6.8	7.5
Female	50.1	48.3
18 – 24	5.9	5.7
25 – 34	10.4	9.5
35 – 44	9.8	10.1
45 – 54	9.2	9.1
55 – 64	6.4	6.7
65 – 79	8.4	7.2

Region, %:

	Population 18 – 79 years January 1, 2000 Central Register of Persons	Net Sample Norwegian Survey, ISSP 2000
Central east counties 2 & 3	22.3	24.4
East counties 1, 4 – 8	27.9	26.4
South counties 9 – 10	5.6	4.9
West counties 11 – 15	25.2	25.9
Middle counties 16 & 17	8.6	8.7
North counties 18 – 20	10.3	9.8
N	3.235.631	1.452

¹ Source: Statistics Norway

Labour force status,%(*):

	Labour Force Surveys 3.quarter 2000 18-74 years ²	Net sample Norwegian Survey ISSP 2000, 18-74 years
Employed	73.3	78.5
In school (pupil/student)	4.5	3.9
Retired	9.2	9.7
Social welfare	6.9	4.8
Home working	2.8	2.0
Unemployed	1.2	0.7
Other	1.0	0.4
Missing	0.0	0.1

Education, %:

	Labour Force Surveys 3.quarter 2000 18-74 years	Net sample Norwegian Survey ISSP 2000, 18-74 years
Primary school	17.9	16.2
Secondary	54.3	48.3
University/college, >1 yr	28.8	34.6
Missing	0.1	0.9
N	20.729	1.385

² Source: Statistics Norway

Study Description: Philippines

Study title: ISSP 2000 Environment II.

Fieldwork dates: September 23 – October 6, 2000

Principal investigators: Social Weather Stations

Sample type: The survey has a sample size of 1,200 respondents drawn from the adult (18 years old and above) population for an error margin of $\pm 3\%$ at a 95% confidence level.

The entire Philippines is divided into 4 major study areas: National Capital Region (NCR), Balance Luzon (areas outside of NCR but within Luzon), Visayas and Mindanao. The sample size in each of the 4 major areas is 300 respondents ($\pm 6\%$ error margin in each major area).

Multi-stage probability sampling is used in selecting the adult respondents: For NCR, three stages and for the rest of the major areas, 5 stages.

For NCR's first stage, 60 precincts are distributed among the 17 NCR cities and municipalities in such a way that each city/municipality is assigned a number of precincts that is roughly proportional to its population size. An additional provision is that each municipality must receive at least one precinct. Precincts are then selected at random from within each municipality with probability proportional to population size.

At the second stage, interval sampling is used to draw 5 sample households. A starting street corner is drawn at random. The first sample household is randomly selected from the households nearest to the starting street corner. Subsequent sample households were chosen using a fixed interval of 6 households in between the sampled ones; i.e. every 7th household was sampled.

For the third stage, in each selected household, a respondent is randomly chosen among the household members who are 18 years of age and older, using a probability selection table. In selecting the probability respondent of a household, only male family members were pre-listed in the probability selection table of odd-numbered questionnaires; only female family members were pre-listed for even-numbered questionnaires. In cases where there was no qualified probability respondent of a given gender, the interval sampling of households would continue until five sample respondents were identified.

For the rest of the country, the provinces serve as the first stage unit. The following number of provinces from each study area is selected without replacement and with probability proportional to population size:

Balance Luzon : 10 Provinces

Visayas	:	5 Provinces
Mindanao	:	5 Provinces

Within each study area, 15 municipalities were distributed among the sample provinces in such a way that each province is assigned a number of municipalities roughly proportional to its population size. However, each sample province must receive at least one municipality. Sample municipalities are then selected from within each sample province with probability proportional to population size, without replacement.

Once the sample municipalities have been selected, 60 spots are distributed among the sample municipalities in such a way that each municipality is assigned a number of spots roughly proportional to its population. However, each sample municipality must receive at least one spot.

If based on the National Statistics Office categorization, the chosen sample municipality/city is 100% urban in 1990 (latest), then sample precincts are systematically drawn from this municipality/city. Otherwise, sample barangays within each sample municipality are selected with equal probabilities.

In the effort to update the urban-rural classification of barangays, the survey adopted a classification scheme slightly different from the official NSO definition. The interviewers were instructed to ascertain whether the barangay has the following:

- A) Street patterns, i.e. network of streets in either parallel or right angle orientation
- B) At least 6 establishments (commercial, manufacturing, recreational and/or personal services)
- C) Any of the following:
 - 1a. Town/barangay hall
 - 1b. Church/chapel
 - 2a. Public plaza/park
 - 2b. Cemetery
 - 3. Market place
 - 4. Public building like school, hospital, health centre or library

If the barangay has all categories listed as A, B or C, then the barangay is classified as urban. Otherwise, the barangay is categorized as rural.

For the fourth stage, within each sample spot, 5 households were established by systematic sampling. In sample (urban) precincts, a random corner was identified; a random start generated; and the interval was seven. In ascertained urban barangays (with no precinct maps), the designated starting point was the same as in rural barangays - it was a school, the barangay captain's house, a church/chapel or a barangay/municipal hall. The sampling interval for urban barangays was seven, while for rural barangays it was two.

For the fifth and final stage, as discussed earlier, a respondent is randomly chosen among the voting-age adults in each selected

household using a probability respondent selection table.
Given these proportions, the sampling can be summarized as follows:

	Prov.	Sample Mun.	Sample Spot	Probability Respondents	Household Heads
National Capital Region	-	17	60	300	300
Balance Luzon	10	15	60	300	300
Visayas	5	15	60	300	300
Mindanao	5	15	60	300	300
	20	62	240	1200	1200

In this scheme, there is a total sample of 1200 household heads and 1200 adults.

Substitution: A respondent not contacted during the first attempt was visited for a second time. If the respondent remained unavailable, a substitute who possessed the same qualities (in terms of gender, age bracket, and socio-economic class) as the original respondent was interviewed. The substitute respondent was taken from another household beyond the covered intervals in the sample precinct.

Fieldwork methods: The SWS survey of voting-age adults for the third quarter of 2000 covers the entire Philippines and has four major study areas: National Capital Region (NCR), Balance Luzon (areas outside of NCR but within Luzon), Visayas and Mindanao. The survey focuses on voting-age adults (18 years old and above) and gathers data through face-to-face interviews. It also obtains from the household heads some information about each family member and household characteristics.

Sample size: 1200

Field Quality Controls: SWS puts much effort in seeing to it that quality data are gathered. Aside from pretests, field quality control activities are undertaken. First, at least 10% of the total output of each field interview are directly observed. A 'Supervision Report Form' documents this type of field observation. The field interviewer being observed is evaluated immediately after the conduct of the interview. A field supervisor does not allow the interviewer to do interviews alone until the latter is observed to have strictly followed the rules and techniques taught during the training.

Second, aside from field supervisors, there are field coordinators in the survey area who immediately edit accomplished questionnaires of the interviewers. This way reinterviews, should there be a need, can be conducted while still in the field.

And third, 20% of the total unobserved interviews of each interviewer are spotchecked or backchecked. This activity is documented in a 'Spotchecking/Backchecking Report Form'.

Weighted: Yes

Weighting procedure: To yield representative figures at the national level, census-based population weights are applied to the various area domains. The weight projection is computed by dividing the population in the area by the sample size of the same area. Appropriate projection factors were applied so that original population proportions are reflected in the data tables using this formula:

$$\text{Projection factors} = \frac{\text{Population}}{\text{(Weights) No. of Interviews}}$$

For questions answered by the sample voting-age adult, the following projection factors were used:

	2000 NSO Projected population <u>Aged 18 and above</u>	Total Sample <u>Size</u>	Projection factor For 1 Probability <u>Respondent</u>
NCR	6,607,997	300	22.0266554089
Balance Luzon	18,468,342	300	61.5611394197
Visayas	8,785,926	300	29.2864207379
Mindanao	9,965,661	300	33.2188713044
Total	43,827,926	1200	

Characteristics of the National Population: Gender and Age

	Population	Percent
Gender* (Base: Total household population)	68,431,213	100.00%
Male	34,462,837	50.36%
Female	33,968,376	49.64%
Age Group* (Base: Total household population)	68,431,213	100.00%
Under 1	1,877,628	2.74%
1 – 4	7,481,871	10.93%
5 – 9	8,890,185	12.99%
10 – 14	8,029,194	11.73%
15 – 19	7,424,225	10.85%
20 – 24	6,231,151	9.11%
25 – 29	5,724,022	8.36%
30 – 34	4,841,978	7.08%
35 – 39	4,304,685	6.29%
40 – 44	3,393,902	4.96%
45 – 49	2,728,751	3.99%
50 – 54	2,059,820	3.01%
55 – 59	1,712,497	2.50%
60 – 64	1,320,309	1.93%
65 – 69	954,557	1.39%
70 – 74	653,550	0.96%
75 – 79	409,383	0.60%
80 – 84	251,540	0.37%
85 and over	141,965	0.21%

Source:

* National Statistics Office 1995 Census of Population, Report No.2, Socio-Economic and Demographic Characteristics.

Characteristics of the National Population: Education and Employment Status

Educational Attainment* (Base: Household population 5 years old +)	59,071,714	100.00 %
No grade completed	4,394,719	7.44 %
Pre-school	1,931,882	3.27 %
Elementary	25,620,407	43.37 %
1 st – 4 th grade	12,641,243	21.40 %
5 th – 7 th grade	12,979,164	21.97 %
High school	16,448,857	27.85 %
Undergraduate	8,409,260	14.24 %
Graduate	8,039,597	13.61 %
Post-secondary	1,340,813	2.27 %
Undergraduate	263,303	0.45 %
Graduate	1,077,510	1.82 %
College undergraduate	4,071,236	6.89 %
Academic degree holder	4,380,472	7.42 %
Post-Baccalaureate	114,839	0.19 %
Not stated	768,489	1.30 %
Employment Status** (Persons 15 years old and over)	48,637,000	100.00 %
Labour force participation	32,000,000	65.79 %
Employed among LF	29,003,000	90.63 %
Unemployed among LF	2,997,000	9.37 %
Not in labour force	16,637,000	34.21 %

Sources:

* National Statistics Office 1995 Census of Population, Report No.2, Socio-Economic and Demographic Characteristics.

** National Statistics Office Labour Force Survey, October 1999.

Study Description: Portugal

Study title: Portuguese Social Attitudes 2000
(Atitudes Sociais dos Portugueses)

Fieldwork dates: October to December 2000

Principal investigators: Manuel Villaverde Cabral, Jorge Vala, Alice Ramos, all at Instituto de Ciências Sociais da Universidade de Lisboa

Sample type: Stratified random probability. The sample is designed to be representative of adults aged 18 or over living in private accommodation in Portugal. The sample method involved a multistage design: stratification by region and habitat; Selection of sampling units (100); selection of streets: selection of addresses by random root; selection of individuals by the last birthday method.

Stratification factors used:

- NUTES (North, Centre, Lisbon and Tagus Valley, Alentejo and Algarve)
- HABITAT (less than 2.000 hab.; 2 – 10 thousand hab.; 10 – 30 thousand hab.; 30 – 100 thousand hab.; more than 100 thousand hab.)

In order to get a representative sample, near 50% of the interviews were made in habitats with less than 2000 hab. Some problems came up, such as, a level of non-responses and refusals higher than expected.

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interview with visuals

Sample size: Achieved on ISSP: 1000

Response rates:

1917	A - Total issued
47	B – Not Ineligible
1870	C - Total eligible
1000	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
	E - non-responses
564	F - Refusals
306	G - Non-contact

Language: Portuguese

Weighted: Yes

Weighting procedure: A cross-table of the following variables was made
Age groups
Sex
Education degree
Region x habitat

National Population Characteristics: Portugal

Sex and age

Note: The data concerns only the population resident in the mainland (excluding Azores and Madeira)

	Total		M	F
	n	%	n	n
< 18 years	2.484.818	25,2	1.268.498	1.216.320
18 – 29 years	1.823.226	18,5	913.679	909.547
30 – 39 years	1.355.078	13,7	662.501	692.577
40 – 49 years	1.203.455	12,2	579.003	624.452
50 – 59 years	1.120.738	11,4	528.577	592.161
60 +	1.875.209	19,1	802.368	1.072.841

Source: Instituto Nacional de Estatística, *Censos 1991*

Education

Note: The data concerns all the population (including Azores and Madeira)

	Total	%	<18 years	%	>18 years	%
None	1.736.745	17,61	713.009	28,69	1.023.736	13,88
Basic Primary complete (4 years)	2.655.325	26,92	57.898	2,33	2.597.427	35,21
Basic Primary incomplete	1.666.279	16,90	666.776	26,83	999.503	13,55
Basic Preparatory (6 years)	1.251.658	12,69	481.903	19,39	769.755	10,43
Basic Secondary (9 years)	1.073.287	10,88	422.956	17,02	650.331	8,81
Secondary incomplete	495.100	5,02	139.880	5,63	355.220	4,81
Secondary complete (10 – 12 years)	499.834	5,07	1.666	0,07	498.168	6,75
University incomplete	200.434	2,03	730	0,03	199.704	2,71
University complete	283.862	2,88	0	0,00	283.862	3,85

Source: Instituto Nacional de Estatística, *Censos 1991*

Source: Instituto Nacional de Estatística, Inter-Censos Estimates 1998

Note: The data concerns only the population resident in the Mainland (excluding Azores and Madeira)

Sex and age

Age	Male	M %	Female	F %	M&F	M&F %
18-24	549.900	15,7	539.594	13,8	1.089.494	14,7
25-29	368.910	10,5	364.600	9,4	733.510	9,9
30-34	342.000	9,8	350.400	9,0	692.400	9,4
35-39	325.000	9,3	339.350	8,7	664.350	9,0
40-44	305.290	8,7	324.480	8,3	629.770	8,5
45-49	294.710	8,4	314.370	8,1	609.080	8,2
50-54	258.330	7,4	286.390	7,3	544.720	7,4
55-59	242.960	6,9	273.420	7,0	516.380	7,0
60-64	235.930	6,7	277.290	7,1	513.220	6,9
65+	580.900	16,6	827.780	21,2	1.408.680	19,0
Total	3.503.930	100	3.897.674	100	7.401.604	100

Study Description: Russia*Study title:* Environment - 2000*Fieldwork dates:* February 20-23, 2000*Principal investigator:* Dr. L. Khakhulina*Fieldwork Institute:* VCIOM*Sample type:* Universe - the population of the Russian Federation age 18 and over.
Sampling based on a multi-stage stratification scheme.**First stage**

We used all the urban settlements and rural districts as primary sampling units (PSU) at the first stage.

We used the following stratification of all primary sampling units in the sample design:

- First, on 10 large economy-geographical regions (North+ North-West, Central, Central-Tchernozemie, North Caucasus, Volgo-Viatka, Volga, Urals, West Siberia, East Siberia und Far East),
- and inside each region – by strata, taking into consideration:
- administrative status
- quantity of the population
- relation to autonomous republics inside Russian Federation.

Moscow and St.Petersburg were selected as the independent strata.

The total sample will be distributed between the strata proportionally to the local adult population. PSU were randomly selected in each stratum with the probability proportional to the size.

Second stage

In each selected PSU one or more SSUs (polling-districts in urban settlements, villages in rural districts) were randomly selected from the list of all SSUs.

Third stage

Selection of households in the territory of sampling points was done by random route method.

Fourth stage

Only one respondent was selected within a household with control by the sex-by-age and educational quotas.

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face interview.*Sample size:* 1.705*Response rates:*

3985	A - Total issued
736	B - Ineligible
3249	C - Total eligible
1705	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
1544	E - (= F + G) Total non-response

913	F – Refusals
521	G - Non-contact
110	H - Other non-response

Language: Russian

Weighted: Yes (variable “weight”)

Weighting procedure: The correction is realized separately for every sampling stratum. The total expected number N of respondents for a certain stratum equals
 $N = N_0 * P$,
 where N_0 denotes the size of whole sample, P stands for share of the region in the entire population.
 There are population groups involved in correction process:

Gender groups

1. Male;
2. Female.

Age groups

3. 18 - 24 years;
4. 25 - 39 years;
5. 40 - 54 years;
6. 55 and over years.

Education groups

7. High school or incomplete one;
8. Common school (9-10 classes) or special engineerings;
9. Incomplete common school.

Weight coefficients are defined as extreme ones for the sum of squares of deviations of weighted estimates from corresponding precise values of proportions of the following social groups within the surveyed population.

As a result of correction every respondent $X[k]$ becomes supplied with definite weight $W[k]$, being within the limits $0 < W[k] < \sim 10$, so that the following conditions were valid:

- 1) the value of sum ($W[k]$) for region concerned were equal to N and
- 2) for every controlled group $G[i]$ the value $Q[i]$ being equal to

$$Q[i] = \sum (W[k] | x[k].\text{belong to } G[i]) / N,$$

were closed to a share $P[i]$ of group $G[i]$ in region's population

i.e. $Q[i] \sim P[i]$, $i=1,2,\dots, 16$. The value of J being equal to

$$J = \sum ((Q[i] - P[i])**2) + (\sum(W[k])/N - 1)**2$$

National Population Characteristics: Russia

(Source: the data of the Government Committee of Statistics of Russia, 1999)

SEX

Male	45.6%
Female	54.4%

AGE

18 - 24 years	13.3%
25 - 39 years	30.7%
40 - 54 years	24.7%
55 years and older	31.4%

EDUCATION

Higher and incomplete higher (13+ years of schooling)	14.8%
Secondary or secondary graduated (10-13 years of schooling)	47.8%
Incomplete secondary or less (up to 10 years of schooling)	37.3%

Study Description: Slovenia

Study title: Slovene Public Opinion Survey 2000/2: ISSP 2000 Environment II and ISSP 2001 Social Networks II

Fieldwork dates: November 2000 – December 2000

Principal investigator: Niko Toš, Public Opinion and Mass Communication Research Centre (CJMMK), Ljubljana.

Sample type: Universe: The adult residents of SR Slovenia, older than 18 years, living on permanent address. Excluded: Institutionalised people. Central Register of Population (a list of names and addresses constantly updated by public administration) is employed as a sampling frame. Sampling procedure: The sample is two-stage stratified random sample from Central Register of Population, where every population unit has equal probability of selection. First stage PSU selection is made by probability proportional to size of CEA (Clusters of Enumeration Areas). CEA are stratified according to 12 regions*6type of settlement. At second stage systematic random selection inside CEA brings fixed numbers of persons with name and address. Split-halves samples were used for parallel SJM surveys.

Fieldwork methods: Personal interviews with trained interviewers

Fieldwork institute: Public Opinion and Mass Communication Research Centre (CJMMK), Ljubljana

Context of ISSP-questionnaire: ISSP 2000 questionnaire lie at the beginning of the SJM 2000/2 questionnaire. Then the ISSP 2001 follows.

Sample size: 1077

Response rates:

3389	A - Total issued
319	B - Not eligible
3070	C - Total eligible
2174	D - Total SJM00 questionnaires received
1097	- SJM00_1 without ISSP
1077	- SJM00_2 with ISSP modules
896	E - Non-response
471	F - Refusals
187	G - Noncontact
238	H - Other non-response

Language: Slovenian

Weighted: Yes. Weighting corrects small discrepancies of sample on population criterion stratification variables: region*type of settlement.

ISSP Characteristics of National Population: Slovenia

Source no. 1	Source no. 2	Source no. 3
Census 1991, popul. 15+ years, (Statistical Yearbook, Ljubljana, 2001)	Central Population Register, 31.12. 2000	Labour Force Survey, 2000

Sex

Male	47,7%	48,9%	
Female	52,3%	51,1%	

Age (groups)

0 – 14	20,6%		
15 – 29	22,5%		
30 – 44	23,5%		
45 – 64	22,5%		
65+	10,9%		

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups)

0-7 years of elementary school	17,3%		
Elementary school	30,3%		
Completed vocational school	19,7%		
Completed middle school	23,7%		
University degree	9,0%		

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (in 1000 of persons)

Employed			894
Unemployed			69
Not in labour force			709

Study Description: Spain*Study title:* Environment*Fieldwork dates:* 1– 15 June, 2000*Principal investigator:* CIS*Sample type:* Multistage stratified random sample*Fieldwork methods:* Individuals selected following random tables (Kish grid) previous selection of households by random routes. Face-to-face interviews*Context of ISSP-questionnaire:* 'Ad-hoc' Survey*Sample size:* 958*Response rates:*
(real numbers)

1500	A - Total issued (total sample)
105	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
1395	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
958	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
437	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
32	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
113	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
292	H - Other non-response

Language: Spanish*Weighted:* Yes*Weighting procedure:* Household size as part of the sample design
Also possible: Post-stratification by age and gender
See attached sheet for weighting coefficients

Spanish Population Structure (2000)

According to the 1995 Population Register plus the projections of the Spanish National Statistic Institute for the year 2000

Ages	Men	Women	Total	% Men	% Women	Total
18 - 24	2.145.799	2.056.985	4.202.784	66,9350016	64,164581	131,099583
25 - 34	3.309.988	3.283.166	6.593.154	103,250142	102,41347	205,663612
35 - 44	2.929.278	2.920.936	5.850.214	91,3744612	91,114245	182,488706
45 - 54	2.388.820	2.435.765	4.824.585	74,5156794	75,980059	150,495738
55 - 64	1.904.709	2.054.524	3.959.233	59,4145583	64,087814	123,502372
>65	2.763.486	3.864.495	6.627.981	86,2028269	120,54716	206,749988
Total	15.442.080	16.615.871	32.057.951	481,69267	518,30733	1000

Weighting Coefficient

Ages	Men	Women
18 - 24	1,52516182	0,87722149
25 - 34	1,39169558	0,88297019
35 - 44	1,78459917	1,00225669
45 - 54	1,32058343	0,59600751
55 - 64	1,32231936	0,6456004
>65	0,9482311	0,91558439

Study Description: Sweden*Study title:* Environment II*Fieldwork dates:* January 2001 to March 2001*Principal investigators:* Prof. Stefan Svallfors and Dr. Jonas Edlund, Department of Sociology, Umeå University, Umeå, Sweden*Sample type:* A representative sample of the Swedish population 18 – 79 years*Fieldwork institute:* SIFO*Fieldwork methods:* Separate postal survey with four reminders. The first two by mail, the third by telephone, and the fourth by mail.*Context of ISSP questionnaire* Separate survey*Sample size:* 1067*Response rates:*

2000	A – Total issued (total sample)
136	B – Ineligible
1864	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1067	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
797	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
248	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
436	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
113	H – Other non-response

Response rates in different groups:

Sex	
Men	56%
Women	59%
Age	
18 - 25	48%
26 - 45	52%
46 - 64	61%
65-77	70%
Urban-rural	
Stockholm	53%
Urban 1	61%
Urban 2	59%
Rural 1	60%
Rural 2	59%
Göteborg region	48%
Malmö etc. region	55%

Language: Swedish*Weighted:* No

National Population Characteristics: Sweden

Register for the total population (2001) age 18 – 79	ISSP Sample (2001) age 18 – 79	Education register age 16-74 and labour force surveys (1997) age 16 – 64
--	--------------------------------------	--

SEX

Men	49%	48%	
Women	51%	52%	

AGE

18 – 25	13%	11%	
26 – 45	38%	34%	
46 – 64	34%	36%	
65 – 77	16%	19%	

URBAN – RURAL

Stockholm	19%	18%	
Urban 1	34%	37%	
Urban 2	20%	21%	
Rural 1	5%	5%	
Rural 2	5%	5%	
Göteborg region	10%	8%	
Malmö etc. region	7%	6%	

EDUCATION

No info available			2%
Primary school			30%
Secondary school 2 yrs			28%
Secondary school 3 yrs			16%
University			24%

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed			74%
Unemployed			4%
Not in labour force			22%

Urban-rural description

Stockholm

(including the suburb municipalities)

Urban 1

(municipalities (MC) with more than 90.000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius from the MC centre)

Urban 2

(MC's with more than 27.000 inhabitants and less than 90.000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius of the MC centre and in the same time with more than 300.000 inhabitants within 100 kilometres radius of the MC centre)

Rural 1

(MC's with more than 27.000 inhabitants and less than 90.000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius of the MC centre and in the same time with less than 300.000 inhabitants within 100 kilometres radius of the MC centre)

Rural 2

(MC's with less than 27.000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius of the centre)

Göteborg region

(Göteborg including the suburb municipalities)

Malmö etc. region

(Malmö, Lund, Trelleborg including the suburb municipalities)

Study Description: Switzerland

Study title: ISSP 2000 Environment

Fieldwork dates: Field period 1: 22 August 2000 – 31 March 2001
Field period 2: 31 January 2002 – 12 April 2002

Principal investigator: SIDOS, Neuchâtel

Sample type: The ISSP 2000 survey in Switzerland must be divided in three parts.

First part: Field period 1, EBCH and ISSP (→ 640 ISSP)

The ISSP survey was combined with the “Eurobarometer in Switzerland” (EBCH) survey. At the end of the EBCH-interview (CAPI), the respondents were asked if they would fill the self completion ISSP questionnaire. The sampling procedure was the following:

- Definition of the number of respondents per commune with the “Berner Stichprobenverfahren”
- Random selection of households from the phone register
- Sending of an information letter
- First contact per phone from the interviewer to fix a date for the interview
- Random selection of one person in each household with the “birthday method”
- EBCH Interview (CAPI)
- The interviewer drops the ISSP self-completion questionnaire at the end of the interview
- The respondent sends the ISSP questionnaire back per mail

Second part: Field period 1, only ISSP (→ 188 ISSP)

As not all the respondents that answered to the EBCH did send the ISSP questionnaire back, supplementary households and persons were selected randomly. The sampling procedure was the following:

- Definition of the number of respondents per commune with the “Berner Stichprobenverfahren”
- Random selection of households from the phone register
- Sending of an information letter
- First contact per phone
- Random selection of one person in each household with the “birthday method”
- Short telephone interview (short EBCH with the background variables of the ISSP)
- The interviewer sends the ISSP self-completion questionnaire to the respondents
- The respondent sends the ISSP questionnaire back per mail

Third part: Field period 2, only ISSP (→ 178 ISSP)

The institute that conducted the survey only delivered 828 ISSP questionnaires instead of 1000 as contracted. They therefore conducted a supplementary survey, unfortunately only one year later. The sampling procedure was exactly the same as the second part:

- Definition of the number of respondents per commune with the

“Berner Stichprobenverfahren”

- Random selection of households from the phone register
 - Sending of an information letter
 - First contact per phone
 - Random selection of one person in each household with the “birthday method”
 - Short telephone interview (short EBCH with the background variables of the ISSP)
 - The interviewer sends the ISSP self-completion questionnaire to the respondents
 - The respondent sends the ISSP questionnaire back per mail
- The variable “befr_typ” allows identifying the procedure used for each case.

Fieldwork institute: IHA-GfK, Institut fuer Marktanalysen AG, CH 6052 Hergiswil

Fieldwork methods: Self-completion

Sample size: 1006

Response rates:

First part: Field period 1, EBCH and ISSP	
6875	Total issued for EBCH
2973	Ineligible
3902	Total eligible
1004	Total EBCH Interviews
2898	Total non-response
364	Not returned ISSP questionnaires
640	Total ISSP questionnaires received

Response rates:

Second part: Field period 1, only ISSP	
1205	Total issued
392	Ineligible
813	Total eligible
250	Total CATI
563	Total non-response
62	Not returned ISSP questionnaires
188	Total ISSP questionnaires received

Response rates:

Third part: Field period 2, only ISSP	
2052	Total issued
905	Ineligible
1147	Total eligible
274	Total CATI
873	Total non-response
96	Not returned ISSP questionnaires
178	Total ISSP questionnaires received

Language: German, French and Italian

Weighting procedure: The weights were defined according to the following criteria:

- Age x sex
- Sex x employment status
- Size of the household

The age was recoded into the following five categories:

- 1) 15 – 24 years
- 2) 25 – 34 years
- 3) 35 – 44 years
- 4) 45 – 54 years
- 5) 55 – 64 years
- 6) 65 and older

The employment status of the respondent was recoded in two categories:

- 1) Employed
- 2) Not employed

The size of the household was recoded into the following four categories:

- 1) Household with 1 person
- 2) Household with 2 persons
- 3) Household with 3 persons
- 4) Household with 4 persons and more

For each criterion the weights were defined as the division of the expected value through the observed value. This process was repeated 3 times.

Because the distribution of the sex, size of household, marital status and language did still deviate from the official statistics, the data was once more weighted with respect to these criteria. Finally, as the distribution of the sex was still not optimal, the data was weighted according to that criterion.

The definition of the weights is based on the following official statistics¹:

- The distribution of the age crossed with the sex, of the sex, the marital status and the language is based on the Swiss federal census 1990.
- The distribution of the sex crossed with the employment status is based on the SAKE² survey 1995.
- The distribution of the size of the household is based on data from 1997, based on the Swiss federal census 1990 and its evolution.

The so defined weights have values between 0.12 and 7.46.

Known systematic properties of the sample:

Examination of non-weighted data shows overrepresentation of Swiss, married and aged people.

Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:

The questions 2a and 2b (Postmaterialism) were asked in the 'Eurobarometer in Switzerland' survey, that means not between the questions 1b and 3a of the ISSP 2000 questionnaire.

¹ They were also checked with the first results of the Census 2000 and appear to be appropriate.

² SAKE: Active population survey

Comparison of the effect of the weights defined for the dataset ISSP 2000 in Switzerland

	Not weighted	Weighted with W123a	Weighted with W123b	Weighted with W123c	Weighted with W123d	Weighted with W1e	Weighted with W2f	Federal Census 2000 ¹	Federal Census 1990
Sex:									
Men	44,1	53,9	43,9	53,6	48,9	48,9	49,1	48,9	48,9
Women	55,9	46,1	56,1	46,4	51,1	51,1	50,9	51,1	51,1
Age:									
15-24 years	5,0	14,6	15,5	16,4	13,2	13,2	16,8	14,0	16,8
25-34 years	13,8	22,2	20,4	21,1	21,7	21,7	20,5	18,1	20,5
35-44 years	22,2	18,1	17,6	18,2	18,1	18,1	18,1	19,6	18,1
45-54 years	20,3	15,7	15,0	15,4	15,2	15,2	15,2	16,7	15,2
55-64 years	15,7	12,5	12,9	12,2	13,2	13,2	12,1	13,1	12,1
65 years +	23,0	16,9	18,6	16,8	18,6	18,6	17,3	18,5	17,3
Marital status²									
Not married	18,7	32,9	32,3	34,8	31,3	31,3	33,6		30,4
Married	61,2	49,5	48,6	47,4	53,0	53,0	51,6		57,1
Divorced	9,1	8,5	9,2	8,9	6,1	6,1	5,9		5,2
Widowed	10,9	9,1	9,9	8,9	9,5	9,5	8,9		7,3
Language:									
German	58,3	58,6	57,6	58,3	66,1	66,1	65,9	63,9	63,7
French	29,4	28,8	29,9	29,2	21,0	21,0	21,0	19,5	19,2
Italian	9,2	9,1	8,9	9,0	9,2	9,2	9,2	6,6	7,6
Rheto-roman	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,5	0,6
Other language	2,9	3,4	3,4	3,4	3,5	3,5	3,6	9,5	8,9
Religion:									
Catholic	43,0	42,2	42,5	42,0	41,5	41,5	41,6	44,1	46,3
Protestant	39,7	39,0	38,5	38,7	39,8	39,8	39,6	36,6	40,0
Other religion	3,8	4,1	4,1	4,1	4,2	4,2	4,2	7,6	4,8
No religion	12,6	14,0	14,1	14,4	13,8	13,8	13,9	11,7	7,4
NA	0,9	0,7	0,8	0,7		0,7	0,7		1,5

								Data from 1997 ³
Size of the household⁴								
1 person	23,9	30,8	32,6		34,4	34,4	34,4	32,5
2 persons	34,1	29,5	31,7		34,3	34,3	33,9	32,1
3 persons	14,8	16,1	15,2		16,0	16,0	16,5	15,1
4 persons +	27,2	23,6	20,4		15,2	15,2	16,2	14,2

¹ Except age which is based on ESPOP: "Statistique de l'Etat annuel de la population", Actualités OFS, février 2002.

² We suppose that the respondents younger than 15 years are not married.

³ This data is based on the Swiss federal census of 1990 and its evolution.

⁴ The values indicate the number of households (and not the number of persons in the households)

							SAKE 2000	SAKE 1995
Employment status								
Employed	58,5	65,8	66,4		64,8	64,8	64,9	65,6
Not employed	41,5	34,2	33,6		35,2	35,2	35,1	35,4

Study Description: USA*Study title:* 2000 General Social Survey*Fieldwork dates:* February – June 2000*Principal investigators:* James A. Davis, Tom W. Smith, Peter V. Marsden*Sample type:* Multi-stage area probability sample*Fieldwork institute:* National Opinion Research Center (NORC)*Fieldwork methods:* In-person with self-administered questionnaire*Context of ISSP questionnaire:* Self-administered questionnaire at end of in-person interview*Sample size:* 1276*Response rates:*

4883	A - Total issued
951	B - Ineligible
3932	C - (= A - B) Total eligible
1276	D - Total received ¹
2760	E - Total non-response (= C - D; = F + G + H)
2589	F - Refusals ²
97	G - Non-contact
78	H - Other non-response

Language: English*Weighted:* No*Known systematic properties:* Undersamples men

¹ Half of the GSS sample (n=1419) was given the Environment module. Of these, we received 1276.

² This number reflects outright refusals, refusals to do the Environment module, and those who were not given the Environment module.

National Population Characteristics: USA

Current Population Survey (CPS) April 2000	General Social Survey (GSS) 2000 (unweighted)	General Social Survey (GSS) 2000 (weighted by number of eligible respondents (i.e. 18+) in the household)
--	---	---

SEX

Male	48.75%	43.6%	45.2%
Female	51.25%	56.4%	54.8%
n		2817	2817

AGE GROUPS

18 – 24	13.12%	9.5%	11.9%
25 – 29	8.98%	9.2%	9.0%
30 – 34	9.65%	10.7%	10.6%
35 – 39	10.98%	11.0%	10.8%
40 – 44	11.17%	12.3%	12.5%
45 – 49	9.79%	10.3%	10.7%
50 – 54	8.36%	8.8%	9.2%
55 – 59	6.49%	5.7%	5.6%
60 – 64	5.20%	5.3%	5.2%
65 +	16.25%	17.2%	14.5%
n		2809	2810

EDUCATION – YEARS OF SCHOOLING – 25 YEARS AND OLDER

0 – 8	6.96%	6.2%	6.0%
9 – 11	9.08%	10.4%	10.0%
12	33.18%	29.2%	28.9%
13 – 15	25.10%	27.0%	28.0%
16 +	25.66%	26.8%	26.6%
n		2542	2476

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed	65.86%	67.1%	68.5%
Unemployed	2.29%	2.1%	2.1%
Not in labour force	31.8%	30.8%	29.4%
n		2817	2817

Codebook Information

The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in a machine readable ISSP codebook. The numbers in angular brackets < > do not appear in the codebook, but are references to the descriptions which follow the example.

Example:

<1> <2>

V4	Obey laws without exception
-----------	------------------------------------

<3> <4> <5>
 Location: 14 MD1: 9 Dec.places:
 Width: 1 MD2: 8

<6>

Q.8 In general, would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?

(Please tick one box only)

<7>

<----->

<8> <9>

1. Obey the law without exception
2. Follow own conscience on occasions

8. Can't choose, don't know

9. NA, refused

<10>

	AUS	D-W	D-E	GB	USA	H	I	IRL	N
1	668	545	274	362	535	701	372	380	409
%	32.4	27.4	29.1	38.5	42.7	50.0	35.1	39.8	31.9
2	1392	1442	666	578	717	700	689	574	872
%	67.6	72.6	70.9	61.5	57.3	50.0	64.9	60.2	68.16
8	37M	268M	139M	35M	64M	80M	43M	40M	28M
9	54M	106M	30M	14M	16M	19M			35M
Sum	2151	2361	1109	989	1332	1500	1104	994	1344

	S	CZ	SLO	PL	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP
1	396	503	395	643	583	594	374	277	539
%	33.2	49.0	41.3	63.5	60.3	39.3	33.2	25.1	52.2
2	797	523	561	369	384	916	754	825	493
%	66.8	51.0	58.7	36.5	39.7	60.7	66.8	74.9	47.8
8	31M	66M	48M	160M	45M	181M	47M	70M	168M
9	14M	8M		11M			23M	10M	
Sum	1238	1100	1004	1183	1012	1691	1198	1182	1200

	IL-J	IL-A	J	E	LV	F	CY
1	644	183	368	1539	576	191	330
%	69.6	48.4	32.8	64.2	41.3	15.2	36.1
2	281	195	755	858	819	1068	585
%	30.4	51.6	67.2	35.8	58.7	84.8	63.9
8	63M	97M	121M	92M	104M	28M	85M
9	55M	25M	5M	5M	6M	25M	
Sum	1043	500	1249	2494	1505	1312	1000

Explanations

<1> A variable (and reference) number have been assigned to each item in the study. In the present codebook which documents the archived data set, these numbers are identical. Should the data set be subsetting or rearranged the variable numbers might change to reflect the order of the new data set while the reference numbers would remain unchanged to provide a link to the archived data set.

<2> Indicates the abbreviated (24 character maximum) variable label used within OSIRIS or SPSS system files.

<3> "Location" indicates the starting position of the variable when the dataset is stored in the OSIRIS format. "Width" describes the number of positions of the variable.

<4> "MD" indicates the designation of the missing data. MD1 indicates an explicit defined single value. MD2 designates a single value or a value range, i.e. all values equal or greater than this value have been declared missing. Although these categories are defined as missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use these codes if so desired.

<5> If a variable contains implied decimals, the message "Dec.places: xx" appears here, where xx is the number of decimal places.

<6> Indicates the full question text taken from the British questionnaire. Wherever possible the original sequence of questions has been retained, although some changes were necessary to integrate the different national questionnaires.

<7> Indicates commentaries and explanations added during the processing of the study. < within question or answer texts may indicate whether the questionnaire in a particular country is deviating from the general format.

<8> Indicates the code value for the single answer category.

<9> Indicates the textual definition of the codes. Abbreviations commonly used are DK (don't know), NA (no answer), Can't choose, Not applicable and Not available.

<10> Indicates percentaged frequencies by country. This form is used whenever code categories have the same meaning for all countries. Column percentages are based only on "valid cases". Missing data values were excluded from percentages.

V1 ZA Study Number 3440

Location: 1
Width: 4

Zentralarchiv Study Number 'ZA3440'

V2 Respondent ID Number

Location: 5
Width: 10

Respondent Number

This uniquely identifies each respondent. The first two digits are identical with the country code, the next eight digits contain the original identification numbers.

V3 Country

Location: 15
Width: 2

Country

		Abs.	Unweighted %
01. Australia	(AUS)	0	
02. Germany (West)	(D-W)	974	3.14
03. Germany (East)	(D-E)	527	1.70
04. Great Britain	(GB)	972	3.13
05. Northern Ireland	(NIRL)	745	2.40
06. United States	(USA)	1276	4.11
07. Austria	(A)	1011	3.26
08. Hungary	(H)	0	
09. Italy	(I)	0	
10. Ireland	(IRL)	1232	3.97
11. Netherlands	(NL)	1609	5.18
12. Norway	(N)	1452	4.68
13. Sweden	(S)	1067	3.44
14. Czech Republic	(CZ)	1244	4.01
15. Slovenia	(SLO)	1077	3.47
16. Poland	(PL)	0	
17. Bulgaria	(BG)	1013	3.26
18. Russia	(RUS)	1705	5.49
19. New Zealand	(NZ)	1112	3.58
20. Canada	(CDN)	1115	3.59
21. Philippines	(RP)	1200	3.87
22. Israel	(IL)	1205	3.88
24. Japan	(J)	1180	3.80
25. Spain	(E)	958	3.09
26. Latvia	(LV)	1000	3.22
30. Portugal	(P)	1000	3.22
31. Republic of Chile	(RCH)	1503	4.84
32. Denmark	(DK)	1069	3.44
33. Switzerland	(CH)	1006	3.24
37. Finland	(SF)	1528	4.92
38. Mexico	(MEX)	1262	4.07
		31042	100.00

V4 Solve economic problems:Priv enterprise

Location: 17 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.1 How much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements?

Q.1a Private enterprise is the best way to solve <R's country's> economic problems
(Please tick one box on each line)

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	188	69	72	28	175	152	82	230	54	103	253	73
%	23.0	14.8	8.9	4.5	15.5	17.9	7.3	14.7	4.2	11.3	21.5	7.9
2	378	188	258	157	377	328	465	884	410	315	405	403
%	46.3	40.4	31.8	25.4	33.4	38.7	41.4	56.4	32.1	34.7	34.4	43.4
3	152	100	308	275	409	179	332	247	392	323	259	254
%	18.6	21.5	37.9	44.5	36.2	21.1	29.5	15.8	30.7	35.6	22.0	27.4
4	76	88	148	130	138	131	209	179	325	122	196	162
%	9.3	18.9	18.2	21.0	12.2	15.5	18.6	11.4	25.5	13.4	16.6	17.5
5	22	20	26	28	31	57	36	28	96	45	66	36
%	2.7	4.3	3.2	4.5	2.7	6.7	3.2	1.8	7.5	5.0	5.6	3.9
8	151M	58M	53M	111M	71M	164M	103M	30M	114M	120M	65M	149M
9	7M	4M	107M	16M	75M		5M	11M	61M	39M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	136	244	153	144	159	177	27	64	69	171	127	143
%	15.6	16.5	14.9	13.7	13.5	15.0	2.6	8.7	7.5	20.6	9.4	14.8
2	287	419	388	368	499	425	75	222	285	377	650	424
%	33.0	28.4	37.8	35.1	42.4	35.9	7.2	30.0	31.0	45.3	47.9	43.9
3	183	306	247	301	263	339	278	178	234	168	219	169
%	21.0	20.7	24.1	28.7	22.3	28.7	26.7	24.1	25.4	20.2	16.2	17.5
4	80	304	198	177	198	202	240	213	255	92	311	153
%	9.2	20.6	19.3	16.9	16.8	17.1	23.0	28.8	27.7	11.1	22.9	15.8
5	184	203	40	59	58	40	422	62	77	24	49	77
%	21.1	13.8	3.9	5.6	4.9	3.4	40.5	8.4	8.4	2.9	3.6	8.0
8	139M	229M	39M	52M	23M	19M	133M	216M	80M	163M	135M	48M
9	4M		47M	14M		3M	5M	3M		5M	12M	55M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V4 Solve economic problems:Priv enterprise (continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	141	150	118
%	15.3	11.4	11.4
2	380	459	437
%	41.3	34.9	42.2
3	225	390	161
%	24.4	29.6	15.6
4	139	278	268
%	15.1	21.1	25.9
5	36	39	51
%	3.9	3.0	4.9
8	78M	167M	210M
9	7M	45M	17M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V5 Responsibility gov: reduce income difference

Location: 18 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.1b It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes

<Complete question text Q.1>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	114	166	182	174	106	218	131	65	250	242	323	418
%	13.0	33.1	20.3	25.0	9.2	23.6	11.1	4.7	17.9	24.5	27.6	40.2
2	299	202	382	274	277	376	672	350	686	415	335	482
%	34.0	40.3	42.6	39.3	23.9	40.7	56.8	25.2	49.1	42.0	28.6	46.3
3	148	61	159	137	293	132	180	615	176	201	175	61
%	16.8	12.2	17.7	19.7	25.3	14.3	15.2	44.3	12.6	20.3	15.0	5.9
4	222	56	139	99	304	135	184	322	239	100	216	66
%	25.3	11.2	15.5	14.2	26.3	14.6	15.5	23.2	17.1	10.1	18.5	6.3
5	96	16	35	13	178	62	17	37	47	30	121	14
%	10.9	3.2	3.9	1.9	15.4	6.7	1.4	2.7	3.4	3.0	10.3	1.3
8	80M	18M	17M	43M	30M	88M	43M	193M	27M	40M	74M	36M
9	15M	8M	58M	5M	88M		5M	27M	27M	39M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	419	646	127	240	117	470	206	253	217	351	173	231
%	46.4	40.5	11.9	22.2	10.0	39.2	19.6	28.8	23.0	38.3	12.4	23.1
2	231	549	332	314	462	439	238	452	382	415	876	324
%	25.6	34.4	31.1	29.1	39.6	36.6	22.7	51.5	40.6	45.3	62.6	32.4
3	135	184	147	147	313	145	378	79	158	104	151	128
%	15.0	11.5	13.8	13.6	26.8	12.1	36.0	9.0	16.8	11.4	10.8	12.8
4	48	144	326	264	202	121	93	70	142	37	180	175
%	5.3	9.0	30.6	24.4	17.3	10.1	8.9	8.0	15.1	4.0	12.9	17.5
5	70	72	134	115	74	24	135	23	43	9	20	143
%	7.8	4.5	12.6	10.6	6.3	2.0	12.9	2.6	4.6	1.0	1.4	14.3
8	103M	110M	13M	14M	32M	2M	127M	77M	58M	79M	92M	24M
9	7M		33M	21M		4M	3M	4M		5M	11M	44M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V5 Responsib gov: reduce income difference (continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	213	499	275
%	22.0	34.4	23.1
2	351	617	563
%	36.3	42.5	47.4
3	135	165	91
%	14.0	11.4	7.7
4	180	145	217
%	18.6	10.0	18.3
5	88	26	43
%	9.1	1.8	3.6
8	34M	62M	68M
9	5M	14M	5M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V6 Highest priority in <Rs Country>

Location: 19 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.2a Looking at the list below, please tick a box next to the one thing you think should be <R's country's> highest priority, the most important thing it should do. <R's country> should...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Maintain order in the nation
2. Give people more say in government decisions
3. Fight rising prices
4. Protect freedom of speech
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. CH: Not asked to 188 persons that answered only to the ISSP questionnaire in the first field period

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	359	215	336	321	412	575	541	755	820	569	547	365
%	37.7	41.3	38.3	46.1	37.9	58.5	47.8	47.8	58.8	55.4	46.0	35.5
2	328	204	294	163	294	172	268	237	242	256	264	353
%	34.4	39.2	33.5	23.4	27.0	17.5	23.7	15.0	17.4	24.9	22.2	34.3
3	79	60	159	182	194	60	210	218	180	52	201	234
%	8.3	11.5	18.1	26.1	17.8	6.1	18.6	13.8	12.9	5.1	16.9	22.8
4	187	41	89	30	187	176	113	370	152	151	176	76
%	19.6	7.9	10.1	4.3	17.2	17.9	10.0	23.4	10.9	14.7	14.8	7.4
8	18M	6M	60M	46M	135M	28M	65M	28M	47M	31M	56M	49M
9	3M	1M	34M	3M	54M		35M	1M	11M	8M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	355	1338	456	247	547	520	321	380	486	353	531	550
%	38.7	79.6	43.7	23.8	46.3	44.4	29.2	41.4	49.7	35.8	36.2	54.9
2	241	129	333	445	210	303	485	145	272	266	334	218
%	26.3	7.7	31.9	42.8	17.8	25.9	44.2	15.8	27.8	27.0	22.8	21.8
3	298	197	160	270	330	156	218	245	175	314	437	51
%	32.5	11.7	15.3	26.0	27.9	13.3	19.9	26.7	17.9	31.9	29.8	5.1
4	24	17	95	77	94	193	74	147	45	52	164	182
%	2.6	1.0	9.1	7.4	8.0	16.5	6.7	16.0	4.6	5.3	11.2	18.2
8	90M	24M	54M	67M	19M	20M	70M	32M	22M	11M	28M	46M
9	5M		14M	9M		13M	12M	9M		4M	9M	22M
0												
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V6 Highest priority in <Rs Country> (continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	354	619	449
%	48.6	43.9	36.8
2	112	532	252
%	15.4	37.7	20.7
3	85	147	361
%	11.7	10.4	29.6
4	178	112	158
%	24.4	7.9	13.0
8	89M	75M	32M
9		43M	10M
0	188M		
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V7 Next highest priority in <Rs Country>

Location: 20 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.2b And which one do you think should be next <COUNTRY's>
next highest priority, the second most important thing it
should do?
<R's country> should ...

1. Maintain order in the nation
2. Give people more say in government decisions
3. Fight rising prices
4. Protect freedom of speech
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. CH: Not asked to 188 persons that answered only
to the ISSP questionnaire in the first field period

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	272	152	192	180	271	204	238	408	360	249	335	287
%	28.9	29.5	22.7	26.9	25.1	21.5	21.6	27.4	26.6	24.8	28.7	28.3
2	285	141	216	204	335	254	301	358	350	332	252	258
%	30.3	27.4	25.6	30.4	31.0	26.7	27.4	24.0	25.8	33.0	21.6	25.4
3	122	109	274	209	212	220	312	338	337	138	361	298
%	13.0	21.2	32.4	31.2	19.6	23.1	28.4	22.7	24.9	13.7	30.9	29.4
4	263	113	163	77	263	273	249	385	307	287	221	171
%	27.9	21.9	19.3	11.5	24.3	28.7	22.6	25.9	22.7	28.5	18.9	16.9
8	25M	11M	93M	69M	141M	60M	69M	46M	69M	52M	75M	63M
9	7M	1M	34M	6M	54M		63M	74M	29M	9M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	316	244	277	202	355	282	256	208	288	292	407	283
%	36.4	15.1	27.5	20.0	30.4	24.3	25.5	23.7	32.1	29.9	27.9	29.4
2	190	393	297	272	251	301	254	158	253	231	347	242
%	21.9	24.3	29.5	26.9	21.5	25.9	25.3	18.0	28.2	23.7	23.8	25.1
3	274	889	259	339	408	294	336	299	264	344	481	113
%	31.6	54.9	25.7	33.5	34.9	25.3	33.4	34.1	29.5	35.2	33.0	11.7
4	87	94	173	199	155	284	159	212	91	109	222	326
%	10.0	5.8	17.2	19.7	13.3	24.5	15.8	24.2	10.2	11.2	15.2	33.8
8	129M	85M	91M	97M	31M	32M	155M	65M	104M	16M	35M	58M
9	17M		15M	6M		12M	20M	16M		8M	11M	47M
0												
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V7	Next highest priority in <Rs Country>	(continued)
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	CH	SF	MEX
1	139	446	312
%	19.4	32.4	26.4
2	192	372	359
%	26.8	27.0	30.4
3	142	291	290
%	19.8	21.1	24.6
4	244	267	220
%	34.0	19.4	18.6
8	101M	113M	50M
9		39M	31M
0	188M		
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V8 Science: believe too often in

Location: 21 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.3 How much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements?

Q.3a We believe too often in science, and not enough in feelings and faith.

(Please tick one box on each line)

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	57	35	98	152	163	113	75	113	85	57	164	79
%	6.4	7.4	10.5	21.7	13.8	11.6	6.6	7.3	6.2	5.8	14.1	8.2
2	346	138	394	259	478	348	558	619	526	364	345	349
%	38.7	29.0	42.3	36.9	40.4	35.7	48.8	40.1	38.4	36.8	29.7	36.2
3	211	114	255	180	294	216	235	468	344	300	337	279
%	23.6	23.9	27.4	25.7	24.8	22.1	20.6	30.3	25.1	30.3	29.0	28.9
4	210	135	158	93	188	203	255	300	334	210	240	197
%	23.5	28.4	17.0	13.3	15.9	20.8	22.3	19.4	24.4	21.2	20.7	20.4
5	71	54	27	17	61	96	20	44	80	58	76	61
%	7.9	11.3	2.9	2.4	5.2	9.8	1.7	2.8	5.8	5.9	6.5	6.3
8	74M	48M	22M	34M	24M	35M	82M	61M	44M	61M	82M	112M
9	5M	3M	18M	10M	68M		7M	4M	39M	17M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	92	235	124	174	96	184	100	130	92	86	134	168
%	11.9	16.4	11.6	16.2	8.3	15.5	10.2	14.5	9.9	9.3	9.3	17.0
2	266	388	413	415	495	430	181	452	326	496	744	377
%	34.4	27.2	38.5	38.6	42.9	36.2	18.4	50.4	35.2	53.5	51.5	38.2
3	253	354	232	227	264	262	431	176	229	173	249	152
%	32.7	24.8	21.6	21.1	22.9	22.1	43.9	19.6	24.8	18.7	17.2	15.4
4	101	276	251	208	237	242	134	122	236	136	286	195
%	13.1	19.3	23.4	19.4	20.6	20.4	13.6	13.6	25.5	14.7	19.8	19.7
5	61	176	53	50	61	70	136	17	42	36	33	96
%	7.9	12.3	4.9	4.7	5.3	5.9	13.8	1.9	4.5	3.9	2.3	9.7
8	235M	276M	18M	31M	47M	13M	195M	58M	75M	69M	49M	31M
9	5M		21M	10M		4M	3M	3M		4M	8M	50M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V8 Science: believe too often in

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	179	113	174
%	18.4	8.2	15.0
2	397	498	566
%	40.9	36.3	48.7
3	180	360	108
%	18.5	26.3	9.3
4	160	304	246
%	16.5	22.2	21.2
5	55	96	68
%	5.7	7.0	5.9
8	32M	110M	99M
9	3M	47M	1M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V9 Science: more harm than good

Location: 22 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.3b Overall, modern science does more harm than good.

<Complete question text Q.3>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	24	10	40	46	47	61	28	20	27	21	72	59
%	2.6	2.0	4.3	6.8	4.1	6.7	2.4	1.3	2.0	2.2	6.1	5.9
2	115	59	169	131	185	157	224	148	111	83	189	226
%	12.6	11.7	18.2	19.4	16.1	17.2	19.3	9.6	8.1	8.7	15.9	22.7
3	159	77	242	178	294	183	195	446	258	273	248	228
%	17.4	15.3	26.1	26.3	25.6	20.0	16.8	28.8	18.9	28.6	20.9	22.9
4	382	207	394	275	457	373	653	770	666	366	408	381
%	41.8	41.1	42.5	40.7	39.7	40.9	56.4	49.8	48.7	38.3	34.4	38.3
5	233	151	83	46	167	139	58	163	305	213	269	100
%	25.5	30.0	8.9	6.8	14.5	15.2	5.0	10.5	22.3	22.3	22.7	10.1
8	54M	19M	17M	46M	37M	98M	68M	57M	51M	83M	58M	83M
9	7M	4M	27M	23M	89M		6M	5M	34M	28M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	28	84	43	53	83	81	70	30	48	165	67	40
%	3.5	5.5	4.0	4.9	7.1	6.8	6.7	3.4	5.2	18.2	4.6	4.1
2	163	179	146	145	425	232	130	162	153	323	658	139
%	20.2	11.8	13.6	13.4	36.6	19.4	12.4	18.4	16.6	35.6	45.5	14.1
3	201	274	200	230	314	253	502	175	192	192	290	140
%	24.9	18.1	18.7	21.2	27.0	21.1	47.7	19.9	20.8	21.2	20.0	14.2
4	212	554	520	480	271	484	184	366	421	151	371	297
%	26.3	36.6	48.5	44.2	23.3	40.4	17.5	41.5	45.7	16.6	25.6	30.2
5	203	424	163	178	69	148	166	148	108	76	61	367
%	25.2	28.0	15.2	16.4	5.9	12.4	15.8	16.8	11.7	8.4	4.2	37.3
8	202M	190M	16M	23M	38M	3M	125M	74M	78M	87M	50M	27M
9	4M		24M	6M		4M	3M	3M		6M	6M	59M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V9 Science: more harm than good

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	49	27	148
%	5.1	2.0	12.4
2	171	78	385
%	17.8	5.7	32.4
3	250	229	190
%	26.0	16.8	16.0
4	337	677	371
%	35.0	49.5	31.2
5	155	356	96
%	16.1	26.0	8.1
8	42M	92M	66M
9	2M	69M	6M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V10 Science: solve environmental problems

Location: 23 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.3c Modern science will solve our environmental problems
with little change to our way of life

<Complete question text Q.3>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	30	41	22	17	35	45	10	18	35	19	48	32
%	3.5	8.5	2.4	2.7	3.1	5.3	.9	1.2	2.7	2.0	4.1	3.3
2	237	148	181	129	219	191	250	205	327	99	215	202
%	27.5	30.8	19.7	20.2	19.2	22.6	22.4	13.6	24.9	10.3	18.5	21.1
3	195	110	265	241	335	192	255	335	364	206	265	197
%	22.6	22.9	28.9	37.7	29.4	22.7	22.8	22.3	27.7	21.5	22.8	20.6
4	304	140	366	197	446	296	539	752	452	363	364	410
%	35.2	29.2	39.9	30.8	39.2	35.0	48.2	50.0	34.5	37.9	31.3	42.8
5	97	41	83	56	104	121	64	195	134	270	272	116
%	11.2	8.5	9.1	8.8	9.1	14.3	5.7	13.0	10.2	28.2	23.4	12.1
8	106M	46M	26M	81M	56M	166M	105M	98M	121M	88M	80M	120M
9	5M	1M	29M	24M	81M		9M	6M	19M	22M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	73	263	30	30	82	73	19	24	53	140	68	63
%	9.7	18.2	2.8	2.8	7.0	6.2	1.9	3.0	6.1	16.1	4.8	6.5
2	208	557	164	164	466	298	37	234	226	336	707	279
%	27.7	38.5	15.5	15.2	40.0	25.4	3.6	29.6	25.9	38.6	50.2	28.9
3	239	267	230	168	374	342	187	192	215	185	283	149
%	31.8	18.4	21.8	15.5	32.1	29.2	18.3	24.3	24.7	21.2	20.1	15.4
4	141	241	501	542	197	393	269	279	302	161	311	269
%	18.8	16.6	47.4	50.1	16.9	33.5	26.3	35.3	34.6	18.5	22.1	27.9
5	91	120	131	177	45	67	511	61	76	49	39	205
%	12.1	8.3	12.4	16.4	3.9	5.7	50.0	7.7	8.7	5.6	2.8	21.2
8	256M	257M	26M	24M	36M	25M	152M	161M	128M	123M	87M	53M
9	5M		30M	10M		7M	5M	7M		6M	8M	51M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V10 Science: solve environmental problems

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	46	25	117
%	5.0	1.9	10.1
2	210	143	455
%	22.9	10.6	39.3
3	181	215	109
%	19.7	16.0	9.4
4	309	623	385
%	33.6	46.3	33.2
5	173	339	93
%	18.8	25.2	8.0
8	63M	122M	100M
9	24M	61M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V11 Worry: about future environment

Location: 24 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.4 And how much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements?
(Please tick one box only)

Q.4a We worry too much about the future of the environment and not enough about prices and jobs today.

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	81	96	70	83	127	89	40	71	80	42	186	129
%	8.6	18.9	7.4	11.6	10.7	9.4	3.4	4.5	5.7	4.1	15.4	12.5
2	212	130	280	239	328	248	296	401	292	152	312	391
%	22.5	25.6	29.5	33.4	27.6	26.1	24.9	25.6	20.7	15.0	25.8	37.8
3	155	73	129	124	213	175	171	332	230	237	203	143
%	16.5	14.4	13.6	17.3	17.9	18.4	14.4	21.2	16.3	23.3	16.8	13.8
4	357	133	386	213	398	313	598	657	616	387	339	300
%	37.9	26.2	40.7	29.7	33.5	32.9	50.4	41.9	43.7	38.1	28.1	29.0
5	136	75	83	57	123	126	82	108	192	198	167	72
%	14.5	14.8	8.8	8.0	10.3	13.2	6.9	6.9	13.6	19.5	13.8	7.0
8	29M	18M	6M	20M	20M	60M	37M	35M	15M	31M	37M	42M
9	4M	2M	18M	9M	67M		8M	5M	27M	20M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	128	160	80	116	111	147	89	58	135	162	99	75
%	15.0	10.5	7.4	10.6	9.4	12.4	8.5	6.3	13.9	17.2	6.9	7.5
2	212	281	270	242	482	307	132	272	322	380	699	198
%	24.8	18.5	25.0	22.0	40.7	25.8	12.6	29.6	33.1	40.4	48.5	19.7
3	183	301	152	134	280	201	329	139	144	147	230	100
%	21.4	19.8	14.1	12.2	23.7	16.9	31.5	15.1	14.8	15.6	16.0	10.0
4	140	442	450	421	256	426	257	353	288	199	354	260
%	16.4	29.0	41.7	38.3	21.6	35.8	24.6	38.5	29.6	21.2	24.5	25.9
5	191	339	128	185	54	108	237	96	83	52	60	371
%	22.4	22.3	11.9	16.8	4.6	9.1	22.7	10.5	8.5	5.5	4.2	37.0
8	155M	182M	9M	11M	17M	14M	131M	40M	28M	56M	58M	20M
9	4M		23M	6M		2M	5M			4M	3M	45M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V11 Worry: about future environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	83	136	126
%	8.7	9.5	10.5
2	215	381	389
%	22.5	26.7	32.3
3	141	221	96
%	14.7	15.5	8.0
4	314	543	467
%	32.8	38.0	38.8
5	204	147	127
%	21.3	10.3	10.5
8	25M	47M	52M
9	24M	53M	5M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V12 Environment: modern life harms the

Location: 25 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.4b Almost everything we do in modern life harms the environment.

<Complete question text Q.4>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	88	66	80	57	78	106	51	59	51	80	147	113
%	9.5	12.9	8.5	8.0	6.7	11.2	4.3	3.8	3.6	8.0	12.2	10.9
2	351	193	404	330	457	329	571	462	375	445	316	361
%	37.8	37.8	42.8	46.2	39.0	34.7	47.9	29.6	26.7	44.4	26.1	34.8
3	144	78	200	164	249	161	184	431	268	227	271	199
%	15.5	15.3	21.2	23.0	21.3	17.0	15.4	27.6	19.1	22.7	22.4	19.2
4	293	143	247	154	339	294	368	542	603	223	329	327
%	31.6	28.0	26.1	21.6	28.9	31.0	30.9	34.7	42.9	22.3	27.2	31.5
5	52	31	14	9	48	57	18	66	109	27	146	37
%	5.6	6.1	1.5	1.3	4.1	6.0	1.5	4.2	7.8	2.7	12.1	3.6
8	42M	13M	8M	17M	26M	64M	35M	33M	19M	40M	35M	40M
9	4M	3M	19M	14M	79M		5M	16M	27M	25M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	142	398	100	105	88	140	190	145	92	246	125	122
%	16.6	24.7	9.2	9.5	7.4	11.7	17.1	15.8	10.1	25.5	8.6	12.0
2	329	571	426	426	451	412	375	496	310	490	858	382
%	38.4	35.4	39.3	38.7	38.0	34.4	33.7	54.2	34.0	50.8	58.8	37.6
3	208	268	130	158	306	294	335	131	175	137	254	133
%	24.3	16.6	12.0	14.3	25.8	24.6	30.1	14.3	19.2	14.2	17.4	13.1
4	111	276	392	378	283	311	143	128	253	83	183	258
%	13.0	17.1	36.2	34.3	23.8	26.0	12.9	14.0	27.8	8.6	12.6	25.4
5	66	100	35	35	60	40	69	15	81	9	38	121
%	7.7	6.2	3.2	3.2	5.1	3.3	6.2	1.6	8.9	.9	2.6	11.9
8	151M	92M	10M	5M	12M	5M	65M	42M	89M	33M	42M	13M
9	6M		19M	8M		3M	3M	1M		2M	3M	40M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V12 Environment: modern life harms the (continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	121	138	292
%	12.5	9.5	23.9
2	378	610	659
%	39.1	42.1	53.9
3	148	237	69
%	15.3	16.4	5.6
4	256	417	171
%	26.5	28.8	14.0
5	63	47	31
%	6.5	3.2	2.5
8	17M	33M	37M
9	23M	46M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V13 Worry: progress harming environment

Location: 26 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.4c People worry too much about human progress harming the environment

<Complete question text Q.4>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	46	31	39	35	56	68	12	44	43	47	119	110
%	5.1	6.3	4.2	5.0	4.9	7.5	1.0	2.8	3.1	4.7	10.0	10.7
2	251	137	239	198	275	232	365	460	344	216	248	337
%	27.7	27.8	25.9	28.5	23.9	25.5	31.0	29.7	25.0	21.8	20.8	32.7
3	178	79	210	198	260	173	184	356	306	266	257	152
%	19.6	16.0	22.7	28.5	22.6	19.0	15.6	23.0	22.3	26.9	21.5	14.7
4	342	190	374	222	457	327	560	625	572	360	399	340
%	37.7	38.5	40.5	32.0	39.7	35.9	47.6	40.3	41.6	36.4	33.4	32.9
5	89	56	62	41	103	111	55	64	109	101	172	93
%	9.8	11.4	6.7	5.9	8.9	12.2	4.7	4.1	7.9	10.2	14.4	9.0
8	65M	32M	19M	31M	36M	100M	50M	51M	37M	51M	49M	45M
9	3M	2M	29M	20M	89M		6M	9M	41M	26M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	93	110	46	50	111	64	74	25	51	147	57	55
%	11.9	7.6	4.3	4.6	9.4	5.4	7.0	2.8	5.6	16.2	4.0	5.5
2	269	294	282	261	550	333	130	196	236	335	647	183
%	34.4	20.3	26.2	24.2	46.6	28.2	12.3	22.0	25.8	36.9	45.1	18.4
3	216	269	177	174	297	313	315	138	148	163	279	155
%	27.6	18.6	16.5	16.2	25.2	26.5	29.7	15.5	16.2	17.9	19.4	15.6
4	122	505	475	446	184	425	297	395	405	203	379	301
%	15.6	34.9	44.2	41.4	15.6	36.0	28.0	44.4	44.3	22.3	26.4	30.3
5	83	269	95	146	38	45	243	136	74	61	73	299
%	10.6	18.6	8.8	13.6	3.2	3.8	22.9	15.3	8.1	6.7	5.1	30.1
8	224M	258M	11M	23M	20M	18M	117M	67M	86M	88M	66M	31M
9	6M		26M	15M		7M	4M	1M		3M	2M	45M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V13 Worry: progress harming environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	68	51	180
%	7.1	3.6	15.0
2	226	222	571
%	23.7	15.7	47.4
3	112	201	69
%	11.8	14.2	5.7
4	365	709	316
%	38.3	50.1	26.2
5	181	233	68
%	19.0	16.5	5.6
8	30M	60M	57M
9	24M	52M	1M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V14 Environment: protect by economic growth

Location: 27 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.5 And please tick one box for each of these statements to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.5a In order to protect the environment <R's country> needs economic growth

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	103	124	56	60	95	101	29	59	51	90	568	164
%	12.0	25.7	6.2	9.4	8.3	11.7	2.5	4.0	3.8	9.4	47.6	16.6
2	345	198	354	307	451	326	552	547	443	422	397	515
%	40.1	41.0	39.5	48.0	39.6	37.8	48.5	37.3	32.7	43.9	33.2	52.0
3	162	61	256	165	313	148	212	416	284	252	125	155
%	18.8	12.6	28.5	25.8	27.5	17.1	18.6	28.4	20.9	26.2	10.5	15.7
4	209	82	212	98	245	211	325	400	487	163	72	135
%	24.3	17.0	23.6	15.3	21.5	24.4	28.5	27.3	35.9	16.9	6.0	13.6
5	42	18	19	9	35	77	21	44	91	35	32	21
%	4.9	3.7	2.1	1.4	3.1	8.9	1.8	3.0	6.7	3.6	2.7	2.1
8	106M	40M	52M	91M	60M	148M	84M	134M	74M	82M	50M	87M
9	7M	4M	23M	15M	77M		9M	9M	22M	23M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	388	679	115	101	248	309	321	115	195	227	218	140
%	45.2	44.0	10.9	9.6	20.9	26.0	30.3	13.7	20.3	24.9	15.1	14.5
2	299	531	438	338	617	541	265	407	561	501	919	283
%	34.8	34.4	41.4	32.1	52.0	45.5	25.0	48.6	58.5	55.1	63.5	29.3
3	108	159	160	217	221	183	286	94	121	96	135	161
%	12.6	10.3	15.1	20.6	18.6	15.4	27.0	11.2	12.6	10.5	9.3	16.6
4	39	116	318	337	84	140	105	177	74	81	160	205
%	4.5	7.5	30.1	32.0	7.1	11.8	9.9	21.1	7.7	8.9	11.1	21.2
5	24	58	27	60	17	17	82	45	8	5	15	178
%	2.8	3.8	2.6	5.7	1.4	1.4	7.7	5.4	.8	.5	1.0	18.4
8	151M	162M	28M	45M	13M	14M	115M	117M	41M	87M	55M	46M
9	4M		26M	17M		1M	6M	3M		3M	1M	56M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V14 Environment: protect by economic growth

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	74	63	231
%	8.1	4.8	19.3
2	234	272	628
%	25.5	20.6	52.3
3	201	249	38
%	21.9	18.9	3.2
4	283	533	242
%	30.9	40.4	20.2
5	124	201	61
%	13.5	15.3	5.1
8	63M	157M	59M
9	27M	53M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V15 Animals: medical testing if save lives

Location: 28 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.5b It is right to use animals for medical testing if it might save human lives

<Complete question text Q.5>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	150	133	69	56	135	160	71	123	160	128	345	176
%	16.0	26.2	7.5	8.2	11.7	16.8	6.1	7.9	11.5	12.6	29.0	17.0
2	405	235	404	289	517	432	604	729	743	517	439	545
%	43.3	46.3	43.8	42.3	44.9	45.5	51.7	46.8	53.3	51.0	36.9	52.6
3	110	50	158	136	226	122	154	314	242	196	191	144
%	11.8	9.8	17.1	19.9	19.6	12.8	13.2	20.1	17.3	19.3	16.0	13.9
4	167	55	187	116	184	129	249	259	170	106	129	121
%	17.9	10.8	20.3	17.0	16.0	13.6	21.3	16.6	12.2	10.5	10.8	11.7
5	103	35	105	86	90	107	90	134	80	66	87	51
%	11.0	6.9	11.4	12.6	7.8	11.3	7.7	8.6	5.7	6.5	7.3	4.9
8	30M	15M	30M	54M	46M	61M	57M	46M	42M	35M	53M	40M
9	9M	4M	19M	8M	78M		7M	4M	15M	19M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	397	781	117	234	209	266	92	206	176	275	90	279
%	46.2	48.7	11.0	21.8	17.6	22.4	8.4	22.5	18.3	28.8	6.2	27.7
2	292	592	470	503	554	448	247	493	484	393	513	377
%	34.0	36.9	44.4	46.9	46.6	37.7	22.4	53.8	50.3	41.2	35.2	37.4
3	107	114	188	143	249	224	348	117	159	132	238	104
%	12.5	7.1	17.8	13.3	21.0	18.9	31.6	12.8	16.5	13.8	16.3	10.3
4	34	77	187	113	149	162	198	67	119	101	400	119
%	4.0	4.8	17.7	10.5	12.5	13.6	18.0	7.3	12.4	10.6	27.5	11.8
5	29	41	97	79	27	87	216	34	25	53	216	130
%	3.4	2.6	9.2	7.4	2.3	7.3	19.6	3.7	2.6	5.6	14.8	12.9
8	147M	100M	30M	34M	12M	17M	76M	38M	37M	43M	43M	22M
9	7M		23M	9M		1M	3M	3M		3M	3M	38M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V15 Animals: medical testing if save lives

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	179	227	286
%	18.6	16.0	23.4
2	381	615	582
%	39.6	43.4	47.6
3	104	265	82
%	10.8	18.7	6.7
4	165	199	199
%	17.2	14.0	16.3
5	132	112	73
%	13.7	7.9	6.0
8	21M	56M	33M
9	24M	54M	7M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V16 Economic growth: harms the environment

Location: 29 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.5c Economic growth always harms the environment

<Complete question text Q.5>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	36	40	21	16	31	61	16	47	21	20	61	71
%	4.0	8.3	2.3	2.5	2.7	6.7	1.4	3.1	1.5	2.2	5.2	7.1
2	216	116	144	86	191	198	244	372	179	135	209	307
%	24.2	24.1	15.9	13.5	16.6	21.7	21.3	24.6	13.1	14.5	17.7	30.8
3	213	96	313	243	370	190	255	475	307	292	286	238
%	23.9	20.0	34.6	38.0	32.2	20.8	22.3	31.5	22.5	31.4	24.2	23.8
4	337	180	408	276	500	357	598	560	732	395	418	341
%	37.8	37.4	45.1	43.2	43.6	39.1	52.2	37.1	53.6	42.5	35.4	34.2
5	90	49	18	18	56	107	32	56	127	88	207	41
%	10.1	10.2	2.0	2.8	4.9	11.7	2.8	3.7	9.3	9.5	17.5	4.1
8	64M	38M	43M	89M	45M	98M	72M	80M	59M	115M	63M	79M
9	18M	8M	25M	17M	83M		15M	19M	27M	22M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	118	201	20	37	102	77	188	33	50	207	65	62
%	14.7	13.4	1.9	3.4	8.6	6.4	17.5	4.0	5.6	22.7	4.5	6.4
2	284	359	143	175	402	316	336	193	164	371	693	196
%	35.4	23.9	13.5	16.3	34.0	26.5	31.2	23.5	18.3	40.8	48.1	20.2
3	201	333	203	237	314	323	363	172	233	199	317	158
%	25.0	22.2	19.2	22.0	26.6	27.1	33.7	20.9	26.0	21.9	22.0	16.3
4	99	428	624	557	298	433	109	347	380	121	327	304
%	12.3	28.5	58.9	51.8	25.2	36.3	10.1	42.2	42.4	13.3	22.7	31.3
5	101	179	69	70	65	45	80	78	70	12	39	252
%	12.6	11.9	6.5	6.5	5.5	3.8	7.4	9.5	7.8	1.3	2.7	25.9
8	203M	205M	28M	27M	19M	8M	101M	130M	103M	85M	56M	48M
9	7M		25M	12M		3M	3M	5M		5M	6M	49M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V16 Economic growth: harms the environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	87	89	179
%	9.2	6.6	15.1
2	288	350	534
%	30.6	25.8	44.9
3	200	313	101
%	21.3	23.1	8.5
4	274	468	325
%	29.1	34.5	27.3
5	92	135	50
%	9.8	10.0	4.2
8	40M	110M	67M
9	25M	63M	6M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V17 Earth cannot continue support pres. rate

Location: 30 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.5d The earth simply cannot continue to support population growth at its present rate

<Complete question text Q.5>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	211	135	151	76	196	199	59	194	214	180	175	171
%	24.0	28.3	16.4	11.7	17.0	23.4	5.4	13.4	16.6	19.7	16.3	18.4
2	423	203	446	288	441	357	490	659	615	410	314	400
%	48.1	42.6	48.5	44.3	38.3	41.9	45.0	45.5	47.7	44.8	29.2	43.0
3	109	65	189	173	279	109	232	336	266	205	293	173
%	12.4	13.6	20.6	26.6	24.3	12.8	21.3	23.2	20.6	22.4	27.2	18.6
4	113	57	121	104	197	147	290	230	172	93	196	166
%	12.9	11.9	13.2	16.0	17.1	17.3	26.7	15.9	13.3	10.2	18.2	17.8
5	23	17	12	9	37	40	17	28	23	28	98	20
%	2.6	3.6	1.3	1.4	3.2	4.7	1.6	1.9	1.8	3.1	9.1	2.2
8	84M	46M	32M	79M	55M	159M	136M	161M	141M	126M	168M	147M
9	11M	4M	21M	16M	71M		8M	1M	21M	25M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	76	143	233	198	97	139	342	189		211	73	459
%	11.2	10.5	21.8	18.6	8.3	12.3	34.0	23.3		23.8	5.3	47.4
2	150	249	472	393	470	391	318	379		422	654	291
%	22.0	18.4	44.2	36.9	40.2	34.5	31.6	46.7		47.6	47.1	30.1
3	170	262	154	212	363	273	219	84		151	307	104
%	25.0	19.3	14.4	19.9	31.1	24.1	21.8	10.4		17.0	22.1	10.7
4	106	422	190	230	189	285	74	136		89	314	75
%	15.6	31.1	17.8	21.6	16.2	25.2	7.4	16.8		10.0	22.6	7.7
5	179	280	20	31	49	45	52	23		13	42	39
%	26.3	20.6	1.9	2.9	4.2	4.0	5.2	2.8		1.5	3.0	4.0
8	324M	349M	23M	39M	32M	67M	171M	141M		109M	106M	62M
9	8M		20M	12M		5M	4M	6M		5M	7M	39M
0								1000M				
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V17 Earth cannot continue support pres. rate

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	249	409	242
%	26.9	30.0	20.5
2	351	609	600
%	37.9	44.6	50.9
3	103	194	56
%	11.1	14.2	4.7
4	176	110	238
%	19.0	8.1	20.2
5	48	42	43
%	5.2	3.1	3.6
8	54M	109M	81M
9	25M	55M	2M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V18 Nature is sacred because ..

Location: 31 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.6 Please tick one box to show which statement is closest to your views.
(Please tick one box only)

1. Nature is sacred because it is created by God
2. Nature is spiritual or sacred in itself
3. Nature is important, but not spiritual or sacred
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	163	32	219	355	472	190	486	187	168	92	132	159
%	17.6	6.4	25.5	54.0	43.9	19.3	44.6	12.1	11.9	9.2	12.0	16.6
2	217	90	177	115	277	239	278	486	431	245	326	346
%	23.5	17.9	20.6	17.5	25.8	24.3	25.5	31.5	30.5	24.4	29.7	36.2
3	544	381	464	188	326	553	326	871	816	668	638	450
%	58.9	75.7	54.0	28.6	30.3	56.3	29.9	56.4	57.7	66.5	58.2	47.1
8	45M	19M	99M	84M	136M	29M	137M	56M	30M	35M	148M	122M
9	5M	5M	13M	3M	65M		5M	9M	7M	27M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	221	451	226	309	850	447	188	280	287	548	1106	79
%	28.2	30.3	21.8	30.1	74.6	37.8	22.4	31.5	31.5	56.8	74.5	7.8
2	354	488	324	336	131	261	383	111	390	174	158	224
%	45.2	32.8	31.3	32.7	11.5	22.1	45.5	12.5	42.8	18.0	10.6	22.2
3	209	551	486	382	158	474	270	498	235	243	221	706
%	26.7	37.0	46.9	37.2	13.9	40.1	32.1	56.0	25.8	25.2	14.9	70.0
8	217M	215M	61M	75M	61M	20M	333M	62M	88M	31M	13M	50M
9	12M		15M	13M		3M	6M	7M		4M	5M	10M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	161	259	742
%	17.1	18.4	61.3
2	265	333	157
%	28.2	23.6	13.0
3	514	817	311
%	54.7	58.0	25.7
8	36M	81M	39M
9	30M	38M	13M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V19 Protect environ: pay much higher prices

Location: 32 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.7a How willing would you be to pay much higher prices in order to protect the environment?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Very willing
2. Fairly willing
3. Neither willing nor unwilling
4. Fairly unwilling
5. Very unwilling
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	42	9	60	39	121	67	78	123	102	49	37	73
%	4.5	1.8	6.4	5.4	10.5	6.8	6.6	7.8	7.3	4.9	3.1	7.3
2	306	99	354	177	397	367	552	839	468	280	326	376
%	32.7	19.7	37.6	24.7	34.4	37.3	46.7	53.3	33.4	27.8	27.3	37.8
3	290	163	281	199	333	228	172	360	426	256	270	314
%	31.0	32.4	29.9	27.8	28.9	23.2	14.6	22.9	30.4	25.4	22.6	31.5
4	190	132	169	121	176	246	244	179	252	296	359	136
%	20.3	26.2	18.0	16.9	15.3	25.0	20.7	11.4	18.0	29.3	30.0	13.7
5	107	100	77	181	127	75	135	72	154	128	204	97
%	11.4	19.9	8.2	25.2	11.0	7.6	11.4	4.6	11.0	12.7	17.1	9.7
8	33M	20M	25M	25M	63M	28M	44M	28M	49M	27M	48M	80M
9	6M	4M	6M	3M	59M		7M	8M	1M	31M		1M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	68	171	66	74	94	104	72	36	30	34	136	75
%	7.4	10.6	6.1	6.9	8.1	8.7	6.3	4.0	3.1	3.7	9.5	7.3
2	148	285	431	372	264	417	538	260	178	171	401	375
%	16.1	17.6	40.0	34.8	22.8	34.7	46.8	28.6	18.4	18.5	28.0	36.6
3	173	284	293	329	264	344	283	217	210	234	352	332
%	18.9	17.6	27.2	30.8	22.8	28.6	24.6	23.8	21.6	25.3	24.6	32.4
4	267	350	196	189	224	282	165	258	335	238	287	172
%	29.1	21.6	18.2	17.7	19.4	23.5	14.3	28.4	34.5	25.7	20.0	16.8
5	261	527	91	104	311	54	92	139	217	249	256	71
%	28.5	32.6	8.4	9.7	26.9	4.5	8.0	15.3	22.4	26.9	17.9	6.9
8	94M	88M	23M	35M	43M	4M	27M	42M	30M	74M	64M	36M
9	2M		12M	12M			3M	6M			7M	8M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V19 Protect environ: pay much higher prices

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	112	23	151
%	11.8	1.6	12.3
2	405	304	238
%	42.8	21.5	19.3
3	199	383	312
%	21.0	27.0	25.3
4	168	515	244
%	17.8	36.3	19.8
5	62	192	287
%	6.6	13.5	23.3
8	38M	50M	25M
9	22M	61M	5M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V20 Protect environ: pay much higher taxes

Location: 33 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.7b And how willing would you be to pay much higher taxes
in order to protect the environment?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Very willing
2. Fairly willing
3. Neither willing nor unwilling
4. Fairly unwilling
5. Very unwilling
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	16	4	49	20	72	30	49	57	53	29	16	48
%	1.7	.8	5.2	2.8	6.2	3.1	4.2	4.7	3.7	2.9	1.4	4.8
2	176	63	254	128	297	156	351	516	270	167	188	277
%	19.0	12.7	27.0	18.0	25.4	16.1	30.1	42.5	19.1	16.6	15.9	27.5
3	234	121	248	143	315	221	166	391	340	238	216	314
%	25.3	24.3	26.4	20.1	27.0	22.9	14.2	32.2	24.0	23.7	18.2	31.2
4	275	161	211	147	225	377	363		399	324	451	195
%	29.7	32.3	22.4	20.6	19.3	39.0	31.1		28.2	32.2	38.1	19.4
5	224	149	178	274	258	183	238	251	355	248	313	172
%	24.2	29.9	18.9	38.5	22.1	18.9	20.4	20.7	25.1	24.7	26.4	17.1
8	43M	25M	26M	29M	51M	44M	51M	386M	35M	28M	60M	71M
9	6M	4M	6M	4M	58M		14M	8M		33M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	48	166	43	38	79	57	30	16	18	13	87	47
%	5.1	10.4	4.0	3.5	6.8	4.8	2.6	1.8	1.9	1.4	6.1	4.5
2	107	312	294	221	241	295	398	185	148	145	328	235
%	11.4	19.5	27.1	20.5	20.7	24.6	34.6	20.4	15.4	15.7	23.0	22.6
3	163	253	252	256	257	297	264	186	205	208	320	296
%	17.4	15.8	23.3	23.8	22.1	24.8	22.9	20.5	21.3	22.5	22.4	28.5
4	340	343	271	265	244	443	279	337	333	259	377	274
%	36.3	21.4	25.0	24.6	21.0	36.9	24.2	37.2	34.5	28.0	26.4	26.3
5	279	527	223	296	341	108	180	183	260	301	316	188
%	29.8	32.9	20.6	27.5	29.3	9.0	15.6	20.2	27.0	32.5	22.1	18.1
8	73M	104M	15M	29M	38M	4M	26M	46M	36M	70M	67M	20M
9	3M		14M	10M		1M	3M	5M		4M	8M	9M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V20 Protect environ: pay much higher taxes

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	53	16	147
%	5.5	1.1	12.3
2	269	155	269
%	28.0	10.9	22.4
3	223	295	256
%	23.2	20.7	21.4
4	261	564	244
%	27.2	39.7	20.4
5	154	392	283
%	16.0	27.6	23.6
8	24M	41M	52M
9	22M	65M	11M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V21 Protect en: cut your standard of living

Location: 34 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.7c And how willing would you be to accept cuts in your standard of living in order to protect the environment?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Very willing
2. Fairly willing
3. Neither willing nor unwilling
4. Fairly unwilling
5. Very unwilling
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	31	11	32	18	64	68	51	72	78	97	31	53
%	3.4	2.2	3.4	2.5	5.5	7.0	4.3	4.6	5.5	9.5	2.6	5.4
2	366	125	218	116	280	421	366	544	450	359	220	280
%	39.9	24.5	22.9	16.2	23.9	43.5	31.0	35.0	31.8	35.3	18.4	28.5
3	269	135	226	143	312	201	197	397	400	283	220	353
%	29.3	26.4	23.8	19.9	26.7	20.8	16.7	25.5	28.3	27.8	18.4	35.9
4	167	138	261	185	240	192	330	356	311	178	385	165
%	18.2	27.0	27.5	25.8	20.5	19.9	27.9	22.9	22.0	17.5	32.2	16.8
5	84	102	213	255	274	85	237	186	175	100	338	133
%	9.2	20.0	22.4	35.6	23.4	8.8	20.1	12.0	12.4	9.8	28.3	13.5
8	52M	13M	18M	24M	47M	44M	38M	46M	37M	34M	50M	93M
9	5M	3M	4M	4M	59M		13M	8M	1M	16M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	37	207	46	54	96	57	42	19	13	17	77	50
%	4.0	13.2	4.3	5.0	8.2	4.8	3.7	2.1	1.3	1.8	5.4	4.9
2	76	370	310	288	283	312	426	262	43	138	316	286
%	8.1	23.6	28.7	26.8	24.3	26.0	37.1	28.8	4.4	15.0	22.2	27.9
3	176	282	261	298	280	319	259	221	156	206	331	340
%	18.8	18.0	24.2	27.8	24.0	26.6	22.6	24.3	16.1	22.4	23.2	33.2
4	337	303	275	247	238	412	286	263	338	244	367	243
%	36.0	19.3	25.5	23.0	20.4	34.3	24.9	28.9	34.8	26.5	25.7	23.7
5	309	409	188	186	268	100	135	144	420	316	335	105
%	33.0	26.0	17.4	17.3	23.0	8.3	11.8	15.8	43.3	34.3	23.5	10.3
8	77M	134M	23M	32M	35M	5M	31M	44M	30M	76M	68M	35M
9	1M		9M	10M			1M	5M		3M	9M	10M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V21 Protect en: cut your standard of living

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	112	61	223
%	11.7	4.3	18.9
2	435	545	341
%	45.5	38.1	28.8
3	215	394	229
%	22.5	27.5	19.4
4	139	308	194
%	14.5	21.5	16.4
5	55	124	195
%	5.8	8.7	16.5
8	28M	56M	76M
9	22M	40M	4M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V22 To do about environment: too difficult

Location: 35 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.8 How much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements?
(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8a It is just too difficult for someone like me to do much about the environment

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	46	44	54	44	71	71	35	55	38	33	173	101
%	4.9	8.5	5.8	6.1	6.0	7.1	2.9	3.5	2.7	3.2	14.2	9.5
2	225	154	242	274	269	227	367	300	238	200	388	328
%	24.0	29.8	25.9	37.9	22.6	22.8	30.6	19.2	16.8	19.6	31.9	30.9
3	137	79	159	119	241	121	86	339	146	198	209	144
%	14.6	15.3	17.0	16.5	20.3	12.2	7.2	21.7	10.3	19.4	17.2	13.6
4	380	179	426	262	516	429	636	759	755	432	321	388
%	40.6	34.7	45.7	36.2	43.4	43.1	53.0	48.5	53.2	42.2	26.4	36.6
5	149	60	52	24	92	147	75	111	241	160	124	100
%	15.9	11.6	5.6	3.3	7.7	14.8	6.3	7.1	17.0	15.6	10.2	9.4
8	32M	8M	22M	11M	21M	16M	28M	32M	11M	21M	29M	16M
9	5M	3M	17M	11M	66M		5M	13M	23M	23M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	422	527	21	35	69	137	133	68	153	203	70	58
%	43.9	32.1	1.9	3.2	5.8	11.4	11.9	7.3	15.5	20.8	4.8	5.6
2	310	485	185	154	401	316	172	226	393	413	592	175
%	32.3	29.5	17.0	14.1	33.9	26.3	15.4	24.4	39.9	42.3	40.9	16.8
3	100	193	129	130	227	198	182	83	176	139	265	99
%	10.4	11.7	11.9	11.9	19.2	16.5	16.3	9.0	17.8	14.2	18.3	9.5
4	72	314	615	563	399	449	283	392	223	183	418	354
%	7.5	19.1	56.6	51.6	33.7	37.4	25.3	42.3	22.6	18.8	28.8	33.9
5	57	125	136	210	88	102	348	158	41	38	104	357
%	5.9	7.6	12.5	19.2	7.4	8.5	31.1	17.0	4.2	3.9	7.2	34.2
8	49M	61M	9M	13M	16M	2M	59M	29M	14M	22M	48M	10M
9	3M		17M	10M		1M	3M	2M		2M	6M	16M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V22 To do about environment: too difficult

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	41	52	147
%	4.2	3.6	12.2
2	147	130	422
%	15.2	9.0	35.1
3	127	167	70
%	13.1	11.5	5.8
4	391	794	428
%	40.3	54.8	35.6
5	264	305	134
%	27.2	21.1	11.2
8	17M	37M	52M
9	19M	43M	9M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V23 Do what is right costs money takes time

Location: 36 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.8b I do what is right for the environment, even when it costs more money or takes more time

<Complete question text Q.8>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	66	33	43	17	65	153	38	51	30	48	188	126
%	7.0	6.6	4.7	2.4	5.5	15.5	3.2	3.3	2.2	4.7	15.7	12.1
2	455	218	362	218	529	532	636	684	508	409	467	563
%	48.4	43.3	39.4	31.0	45.0	54.0	53.4	44.0	37.0	40.3	38.9	54.2
3	221	149	303	261	384	176	227	520	552	422	320	217
%	23.5	29.6	33.0	37.1	32.7	17.8	19.1	33.4	40.2	41.5	26.7	20.9
4	168	79	195	191	184	101	274	279	258	115	190	108
%	17.9	15.7	21.2	27.1	15.6	10.2	23.0	17.9	18.8	11.3	15.8	10.4
5	30	24	16	17	14	24	15	22	26	22	35	25
%	3.2	4.8	1.7	2.4	1.2	2.4	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.9	2.4
8	29M	20M	32M	23M	34M	25M	35M	40M	49M	28M	44M	38M
9	5M	4M	21M	18M	66M		7M	13M	29M	23M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	51	225	41	89	85	116	158	72	41	181	88	121
%	5.8	14.5	3.8	8.2	7.2	9.7	14.3	7.8	4.3	19.2	6.2	11.6
2	125	447	568	597	470	431	422	432	281	321	683	470
%	14.3	28.9	52.9	55.2	39.8	36.1	38.3	46.9	29.7	34.1	48.2	45.2
3	228	383	305	238	357	415	400	192	330	273	326	251
%	26.1	24.8	28.4	22.0	30.2	34.7	36.3	20.8	34.9	29.0	23.0	24.2
4	185	327	149	138	223	216	75	190	248	148	273	159
%	21.2	21.1	13.9	12.8	18.9	18.1	6.8	20.6	26.2	15.7	19.3	15.3
5	285	165	10	19	46	17	48	36	45	18	48	38
%	32.6	10.7	.9	1.8	3.9	1.4	4.4	3.9	4.8	1.9	3.4	3.7
8	137M	158M	19M	23M	19M	9M	74M	28M	55M	54M	77M	15M
9	2M		20M	11M		1M	3M	8M		5M	8M	15M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V23 Do what is right costs money takes time

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	168	74	162
%	17.3	5.3	13.6
2	563	660	579
%	57.9	47.1	48.7
3	158	441	169
%	16.3	31.5	14.2
4	73	200	235
%	7.5	14.3	19.8
5	10	25	43
%	1.0	1.8	3.6
8	16M	80M	69M
9	18M	48M	5M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V24 More important than protect environment

Location: 37 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.8c There are more important things to do in life than
protect the environment

<Complete question text Q.8>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	24	25	22	63	33	48	27	71	21	13	109	88
%	2.6	4.9	2.4	8.9	2.8	4.9	2.3	4.5	1.5	1.3	9.0	8.5
2	129	72	185	167	204	182	275	575	264	119	237	375
%	13.8	14.1	19.9	23.5	17.2	18.8	23.0	36.7	18.8	11.7	19.5	36.3
3	173	89	270	215	346	174	210	514	499	279	323	242
%	18.5	17.5	29.0	30.3	29.2	17.9	17.6	32.8	35.6	27.4	26.6	23.4
4	379	214	374	214	479	371	603	356	494	418	352	261
%	40.5	42.0	40.2	30.1	40.4	38.2	50.4	22.7	35.2	41.0	29.0	25.3
5	231	109	80	51	123	195	81	52	125	191	194	66
%	24.7	21.4	8.6	7.2	10.4	20.1	6.8	3.3	8.9	18.7	16.0	6.4
8	32M	14M	18M	16M	25M	41M	30M	22M	18M	22M	29M	45M
9	6M	4M	23M	19M	66M		6M	19M	31M	25M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	193	206	22	52	94	210	161	51	91	126	67	36
%	21.0	12.9	2.0	4.8	8.0	17.5	15.0	5.6	9.4	13.3	4.6	3.5
2	258	407	164	185	493	466	214	344	300	371	688	155
%	28.0	25.5	15.1	17.1	41.7	38.9	19.9	37.9	31.2	39.1	47.4	14.9
3	244	354	235	230	336	291	433	278	291	242	298	208
%	26.5	22.2	21.7	21.2	28.4	24.3	40.3	30.6	30.2	25.5	20.6	20.0
4	149	412	497	449	213	206	132	189	241	181	335	370
%	16.2	25.8	45.9	41.4	18.0	17.2	12.3	20.8	25.0	19.1	23.1	35.6
5	77	216	165	168	46	24	135	46	40	29	62	269
%	8.4	13.5	15.2	15.5	3.9	2.0	12.6	5.1	4.2	3.1	4.3	25.9
8	89M	110M	9M	18M	18M	6M	100M	47M	37M	47M	48M	9M
9	3M		20M	13M		2M	5M	3M		4M	5M	22M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V24 More important than protect environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	25	77	117
%	2.6	5.4	9.9
2	110	363	404
%	11.4	25.5	34.1
3	216	436	143
%	22.4	30.6	12.1
4	339	427	396
%	35.1	30.0	33.4
5	276	120	124
%	28.6	8.4	10.5
8	21M	52M	63M
9	19M	53M	15M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V25 No point unless others do the same

Location: 38 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.8d There is no point in doing what I can for the environment unless others do the same

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	92	68	75	69	51	100	55	59	48	43	171	139
%	9.8	13.3	7.9	9.6	4.3	10.2	4.5	3.8	3.4	4.2	14.0	13.1
2	202	128	350	308	271	241	507	348	315	181	271	356
%	21.4	25.0	36.9	42.7	22.8	24.5	41.8	22.2	22.3	17.6	22.2	33.6
3	116	56	111	109	201	116	67	299	135	147	157	97
%	12.3	10.9	11.7	15.1	16.9	11.8	5.5	19.1	9.6	14.3	12.9	9.2
4	354	174	368	199	544	324	538	724	735	448	328	360
%	37.5	34.0	38.8	27.6	45.8	33.0	44.4	46.2	52.0	43.5	26.9	34.0
5	179	86	45	36	122	201	45	136	180	212	293	107
%	19.0	16.8	4.7	5.0	10.3	20.5	3.7	8.7	12.7	20.6	24.0	10.1
8	27M	11M	6M	13M	17M	29M	17M	30M	13M	11M	24M	18M
9	4M	4M	17M	11M	70M		3M	13M	26M	25M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	201	123	56	71	152	124	394	109	92	192	42	124
%	21.7	7.8	5.1	6.5	12.8	10.4	34.6	11.8	9.4	19.9	2.9	11.8
2	303	252	242	182	538	319	313	353	224	400	629	192
%	32.7	16.1	22.2	16.6	45.2	26.7	27.5	38.2	22.9	41.4	43.7	18.3
3	162	249	94	89	280	132	115	79	182	128	265	76
%	17.5	15.9	8.6	8.1	23.5	11.0	10.1	8.5	18.6	13.2	18.4	7.2
4	129	531	571	558	188	490	172	293	422	179	422	257
%	13.9	33.8	52.3	51.0	15.8	41.0	15.1	31.7	43.2	18.5	29.3	24.5
5	131	414	129	194	31	130	145	90	57	68	82	400
%	14.1	26.4	11.8	17.7	2.6	10.9	12.7	9.7	5.8	7.0	5.7	38.1
8	85M	136M	5M	10M	11M	4M	37M	29M	23M	30M	58M	6M
9	2M		15M	11M		6M	4M	5M		3M	5M	14M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V25 No point unless others do the same

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	93	45	122
%	9.6	3.1	10.2
2	185	168	449
%	19.1	11.7	37.7
3	90	158	66
%	9.3	11.0	5.5
4	343	772	397
%	35.5	53.5	33.3
5	256	299	157
%	26.5	20.7	13.2
8	20M	33M	60M
9	19M	53M	11M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V26 Many about environment exaggerated

Location: 39 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.8e Many of the claims about environment threats are exaggerated

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	43	34	33	26	70	51	24	68	57	27	113	42
%	4.7	7.0	3.6	3.9	6.1	5.5	2.2	4.4	4.3	2.8	9.8	4.1
2	201	124	202	167	254	225	294	365	380	172	305	249
%	22.1	25.4	22.1	25.2	22.1	24.3	26.4	23.8	28.6	17.8	26.4	24.5
3	135	72	236	186	333	134	189	349	321	200	233	134
%	14.8	14.7	25.8	28.1	29.0	14.5	17.0	22.8	24.2	20.6	20.2	13.2
4	339	180	343	214	365	340	526	613	436	353	301	451
%	37.2	36.8	37.5	32.3	31.7	36.7	47.2	40.0	32.9	36.4	26.0	44.3
5	193	79	100	69	128	177	82	136	133	217	204	142
%	21.2	16.2	10.9	10.4	11.1	19.1	7.4	8.9	10.0	22.4	17.6	13.9
8	56M	33M	37M	67M	53M	84M	73M	66M	99M	76M	88M	59M
9	7M	5M	21M	16M	73M		44M	12M	26M	22M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	67	89	49	58	94	71	77	28		159	30	78
%	8.0	5.7	4.6	5.4	8.0	6.0	7.4	3.3		17.3	2.1	7.8
2	203	257	234	228	484	285	156	236		307	491	192
%	24.3	16.6	21.9	21.2	41.4	24.1	15.1	28.1		33.4	34.3	19.2
3	195	187	217	188	372	293	311	110		165	322	157
%	23.4	12.1	20.3	17.4	31.8	24.8	30.1	13.1		17.9	22.5	15.7
4	173	563	412	410	190	448	231	327		226	500	271
%	20.7	36.3	38.6	38.0	16.2	37.9	22.3	38.9		24.6	34.9	27.1
5	197	455	155	194	30	85	259	139		63	89	303
%	23.6	29.3	14.5	18.0	2.6	7.2	25.0	16.5		6.8	6.2	30.3
8	175M	154M	25M	26M	30M	19M	142M	112M		77M	65M	52M
9	3M		20M	11M		4M	4M	6M		3M	6M	16M
0								1000M				
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V26 Many about environment exaggerated

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	42	59	139
%	4.4	4.3	11.6
2	237	202	419
%	25.0	14.6	34.9
3	128	227	81
%	13.5	16.4	6.7
4	311	625	420
%	32.8	45.2	34.9
5	231	271	143
%	24.3	19.6	11.9
8	22M	98M	57M
9	35M	46M	3M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V27 Antibiotics kill bacteria not viruses

Location: 40 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9 For each statement below, just tick the box that comes closest to your opinion of how true it is.
(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.9a Antibiotics can kill bacteria but not viruses.

<See V73 for original answer categories of Republic of Chile>

1. Definitely true
2. Probably true
3. Probably not true
4. Definitely not true
5. RCH: true

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	251	98	348	176	383	221	384	441	648	454	292	278
%	38.3	31.0	39.5	31.4	35.2	38.6	38.4	35.6	52.0	49.8	32.5	39.2
2	275	138	415	306	511	250	486	556	503	386	383	330
%	41.9	43.7	47.1	54.6	47.0	43.7	48.6	44.9	40.4	42.3	42.6	46.5
3	86	42	86	56	141	64	80	159	57	44	137	58
%	13.1	13.3	9.8	10.0	13.0	11.2	8.0	12.8	4.6	4.8	15.2	8.2
4	44	38	33	22	52	37	51	83	37	28	87	43
%	6.7	12.0	3.7	3.9	4.8	6.5	5.1	6.7	3.0	3.1	9.7	6.1
5												
%												
8	307M	209M	75M	172M	123M	439M	223M	351M	189M	127M	345M	368M
9	11M	2M	15M	13M	66M		8M	19M	18M	28M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	215	364	526	453	304	321	142	186	157	185	144	478
%	40.5	33.9	52.2	45.3	26.9	32.3	20.5	31.5	21.7	25.0	11.9	56.2
2	235	557	378	409	538	445	376	290	335	439	331	295
%	44.3	51.9	37.5	40.9	47.7	44.7	54.2	49.2	46.3	59.4	27.4	34.7
3	48	94	67	94	186	172	140	72	153	99	91	49
%	9.0	8.8	6.6	9.4	16.5	17.3	20.2	12.2	21.1	13.4	7.5	5.8
4	33	59	37	43	101	57	36	42	79	16	51	28
%	6.2	5.5	3.7	4.3	8.9	5.7	5.2	7.1	10.9	2.2	4.2	3.3
5											590	
%											48.9	
8	475M	631M	78M	101M	71M	202M	481M	363M	276M	258M	290M	169M
9	7M		26M	15M		8M	5M	5M		3M	6M	50M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V27 Antibiotics kill bacteria not viruses

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	353	555	447
%	45.8	43.5	43.1
2	292	621	408
%	37.9	48.7	39.3
3	82	76	67
%	10.6	6.0	6.5
4	43	24	115
%	5.6	1.9	11.1
5			
%			
8	195M	221M	217M
9	41M	31M	8M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V28 Human beings developed from animals

Location: 41 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9b Statements closest to opinion: Human beings developed from earlier species of animals.

<See V74 for original answer categories of Republic of Chile>

1. Definitely true
2. Probably true
3. Probably not true
4. Definitely not true
5. RCH: true
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	347	284	284	99	172	342	268	348	446	331	420	282
%	43.6	60.6	31.6	15.8	15.7	41.7	25.1	24.7	34.0	34.9	37.7	31.3
2	335	145	420	290	334	344	493	626	563	489	436	401
%	42.1	30.9	46.7	46.2	30.5	41.9	46.2	44.4	42.9	51.5	39.1	44.6
3	49	16	105	84	194	67	148	152	128	68	153	103
%	6.2	3.4	11.7	13.4	17.7	8.2	13.9	10.8	9.7	7.2	13.7	11.4
4	64	24	91	155	395	68	158	284	176	61	105	114
%	8.1	5.1	10.1	24.7	36.1	8.3	14.8	20.1	13.4	6.4	9.4	12.7
5												
%												
8	168M	56M	62M	100M	115M	190M	155M	182M	115M	95M	130M	177M
9	11M	2M	10M	17M	66M		10M	17M	24M	23M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	260	215	257	266	183	257	394	269	73	222	111	428
%	39.6	17.3	25.1	26.8	16.2	22.9	39.7	34.7	8.8	27.4	8.8	46.3
2	260	543	430	400	370	347	500	301	343	451	297	396
%	39.6	43.8	42.0	40.3	32.7	31.0	50.4	38.8	41.3	55.7	23.6	42.8
3	48	211	115	137	215	183	60	69	193	110	181	34
%	7.3	17.0	11.2	13.8	19.0	16.3	6.0	8.9	23.3	13.6	14.4	3.7
4	88	272	222	190	363	334	38	137	221	27	198	67
%	13.4	21.9	21.7	19.1	32.1	29.8	3.8	17.7	26.6	3.3	15.7	7.2
5											474	
%											37.6	
8	355M	464M	60M	107M	69M	70M	183M	177M	170M	186M	232M	94M
9	2M		28M	15M		14M	5M	5M		4M	10M	50M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V28 Human beings developed from animals

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	333	304	270
%	38.8	24.1	25.6
2	377	652	366
%	43.9	51.6	34.8
3	47	185	98
%	5.5	14.6	9.3
4	101	123	319
%	11.8	9.7	30.3
5			
%			
8	107M	226M	199M
9	41M	38M	10M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V29 Man-made chemicals can cause cancer

Location: 42 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9c Statements closest to opinion: All man-made chemicals can cause cancer if you eat enough of them.

<See V75 for original answer categories of Republic of Chile>

1. Definitely true
2. Probably true
3. Probably not true
4. Definitely not true
5. RCH: true
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	232	140	54	69	107	269	174	152	147	96	286	285
%	28.0	31.4	6.3	11.4	9.8	31.1	16.6	11.6	12.2	11.0	25.2	29.8
2	391	186	297	277	430	427	512	583	447	405	419	408
%	47.2	41.7	34.9	45.9	39.5	49.3	48.9	44.6	37.0	46.5	37.0	42.6
3	131	62	373	207	381	105	230	378	388	254	254	172
%	15.8	13.9	43.8	34.3	35.0	12.1	21.9	28.9	32.1	29.2	22.4	18.0
4	75	58	128	50	171	65	132	195	225	116	174	92
%	9.0	13.0	15.0	8.3	15.7	7.5	12.6	14.9	18.6	13.3	15.4	9.6
5												
%												
8	136M	79M	105M	128M	121M	145M	177M	283M	228M	172M	111M	120M
9	9M	2M	15M	14M	66M		7M	18M	17M	24M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	304	466	65	139	314	239	152	245	228	217	160	214
%	41.4	33.2	6.4	13.8	27.0	21.4	17.6	31.3	25.2	24.7	12.0	25.4
2	313	637	391	440	480	502	438	407	416	509	427	440
%	42.6	45.4	38.4	43.6	41.3	44.9	50.6	52.0	46.0	58.0	32.0	52.3
3	81	196	381	301	244	251	206	80	170	127	148	116
%	11.0	14.0	37.5	29.8	21.0	22.5	23.8	10.2	18.8	14.5	11.1	13.8
4	37	105	180	129	124	126	70	51	90	24	54	71
%	5.0	7.5	17.7	12.8	10.7	11.3	8.1	6.5	10.0	2.7	4.0	8.4
5											546	
%											40.9	
8	276M	301M	77M	93M	38M	81M	309M	172M	96M	121M	161M	184M
9	2M		18M	13M		6M	5M	3M		2M	7M	44M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V29 Man-made chemicals can cause cancer

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	166	212	640
%	19.5	17.1	55.1
2	401	691	389
%	47.1	55.7	33.5
3	184	278	60
%	21.6	22.4	5.2
4	101	60	73
%	11.9	4.8	6.3
5			
%			
8	119M	258M	88M
9	35M	29M	12M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V30 Exposed radioactivity results to die

Location: 43 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9d Statements closest to opinion: If someone is exposed to any amount of radioactivity, they are certain to die as a result.

<See V76 for original answer categories of Republic of Chile>

1. Definitely true
2. Probably true
3. Probably not true
4. Definitely not true
5. RCH: true
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	150	98	80	64	79	162	146	138	85	63	158	159
%	17.9	21.3	8.8	10.1	7.2	18.8	13.3	9.8	6.6	6.8	13.9	16.7
2	218	91	225	233	250	227	397	556	252	273	317	273
%	26.0	19.8	24.8	36.6	22.9	26.3	36.2	39.5	19.6	29.3	27.9	28.7
3	232	117	336	229	424	210	318	418	449	324	331	271
%	27.7	25.4	37.0	36.0	38.9	24.3	29.0	29.7	35.0	34.8	29.1	28.5
4	238	154	267	110	338	264	237	294	498	271	332	248
%	28.4	33.5	29.4	17.3	31.0	30.6	21.6	20.9	38.8	29.1	29.2	26.1
5												
%												
8	126M	66M	48M	94M	119M	148M	127M	186M	153M	112M	106M	126M
9	10M	1M	16M	15M	66M		7M	17M	15M	24M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	224	458	66	85	262	257	82	118	151	200	184	66
%	29.4	30.7	6.3	8.1	23.4	22.6	9.0	15.2	16.3	23.8	14.1	7.4
2	282	589	248	264	492	505	251	353	298	493	405	273
%	37.0	39.5	23.6	25.2	43.9	44.5	27.6	45.4	32.1	58.6	31.1	30.6
3	153	313	353	341	248	238	348	138	237	106	116	286
%	20.1	21.0	33.5	32.5	22.1	21.0	38.2	17.7	25.5	12.6	8.9	32.1
4	104	133	386	359	120	135	229	169	243	42	45	267
%	13.6	8.9	36.7	34.2	10.7	11.9	25.2	21.7	26.2	5.0	3.5	29.9
5											552	
%											42.4	
8	246M	212M	43M	55M	78M	62M	265M	172M	71M	156M	194M	134M
9	4M		16M	11M		8M	5M	8M		3M	7M	43M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V30 Exposed radioactivity results to die

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	139	39	442
%	15.7	3.1	40.2
2	212	213	417
%	23.9	17.0	37.9
3	195	751	122
%	22.0	59.8	11.1
4	341	252	119
%	38.4	20.1	10.8
5			
%			
8	81M	242M	154M
9	38M	31M	8M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V31 Greenhouse effect: hole in earth atmosp

Location: 44 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9e Statements closest to opinion: The greenhouse effect is caused by a hole in the earth's atmosphere.

<See V77 for original answer categories of Republic of Chile>

1. Definitely true
2. Probably true
3. Probably not true
4. Definitely not true
5. RCH: true
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	352	194	291	211	202	317	424	223	269	153	378	308
%	42.5	42.1	32.7	31.7	19.9	37.6	38.4	15.7	21.0	16.9	34.7	36.5
2	323	153	399	378	443	350	558	568	504	359	425	344
%	39.0	33.2	44.8	56.8	43.6	41.6	50.5	39.9	39.4	39.8	39.0	40.8
3	65	36	75	49	221	67	53	205	147	137	123	72
%	7.9	7.8	8.4	7.4	21.8	8.0	4.8	14.4	11.5	15.2	11.3	8.5
4	88	78	125	28	149	108	70	428	359	254	163	120
%	10.6	16.9	14.0	4.2	14.7	12.8	6.3	30.1	28.1	28.1	15.0	14.2
5												
%												
8	138M	64M	64M	61M	192M	169M	118M	166M	150M	142M	155M	233M
9	8M	2M	18M	18M	69M		9M	19M	23M	22M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	273	269	263	286	290	343	130	206		228	193	192
%	44.8	22.4	25.9	28.2	26.2	32.5	16.4	31.6		29.2	15.6	23.0
2	243	667	457	399	490	482	298	337		427	347	347
%	39.9	55.5	44.9	39.4	44.3	45.7	37.6	51.8		54.7	28.0	41.6
3	47	146	90	105	223	141	195	52		103	84	90
%	7.7	12.2	8.8	10.4	20.1	13.4	24.6	8.0		13.2	6.8	10.8
4	46	119	207	223	104	88	170	56		22	56	205
%	7.6	9.9	20.4	22.0	9.4	8.3	21.4	8.6		2.8	4.5	24.6
5											560	
%											45.2	
8	400M	504M	68M	83M	93M	139M	381M	298M		218M	258M	186M
9	4M		27M	19M		12M	6M	9M		2M	5M	49M
0								1000M				
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V31 Greenhouse effect: hole in earth atmo

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	298	174	507
%	34.5	13.9	51.8
2	277	500	325
%	32.1	39.9	33.2
3	62	365	44
%	7.2	29.1	4.5
4	226	215	103
%	26.2	17.1	10.5
5			
%			
8	104M	238M	273M
9	39M	36M	10M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V32 Greenhouse effect: use coal oil gas

Location: 45 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9f. Statements closest to opinion: Every time we use coal or oil or gas, we contribute to the greenhouse effect.

<See V78 for original answer categories of Republic of Chile>

1. Definitely true
2. Probably true
3. Probably not true
4. Definitely not true
5. RCH: true
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	347	186	329	196	215	345	438	441	526	396	421	378
%	40.3	38.8	36.8	29.6	20.9	38.2	39.3	30.5	40.3	41.6	38.0	43.0
2	395	223	442	394	527	461	556	743	635	469	467	355
%	45.9	46.6	49.4	59.5	51.3	51.1	49.9	51.3	48.6	49.3	42.1	40.4
3	91	58	96	65	230	73	89	202	101	63	153	87
%	10.6	12.1	10.7	9.8	22.4	8.1	8.0	14.0	7.7	6.6	13.8	9.9
4	28	12	27	7	56	24	32	62	44	23	67	59
%	3.3	2.5	3.0	1.1	5.4	2.7	2.9	4.3	3.4	2.4	6.0	6.7
5												
%												
8	103M	48M	66M	66M	184M	108M	109M	145M	130M	97M	136M	198M
9	10M		12M	17M	64M		8M	16M	16M	19M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	198	405	373	438	265	394	306	261	197	250	175	352
%	34.0	32.5	36.1	43.1	23.7	36.4	31.0	37.0	23.5	32.0	14.0	39.6
2	293	663	516	437	477	516	518	362	366	442	343	452
%	50.3	53.1	50.0	43.0	42.7	47.6	52.4	51.3	43.6	56.6	27.4	50.8
3	60	130	109	114	229	131	128	48	175	75	93	70
%	10.3	10.4	10.6	11.2	20.5	12.1	13.0	6.8	20.9	9.6	7.4	7.9
4	32	50	34	27	145	42	36	35	101	14	25	16
%	5.5	4.0	3.3	2.7	13.0	3.9	3.6	5.0	12.0	1.8	2.0	1.8
5											617	
%											49.2	
8	426M	457M	60M	84M	84M	117M	187M	243M	161M	215M	243M	130M
9	4M		20M	15M		5M	5M	9M		4M	7M	49M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V32 Greenhouse effect: use coal oil gas

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	461	283	555
%	50.9	22.6	53.1
2	355	682	364
%	39.2	54.6	34.8
3	70	250	53
%	7.7	20.0	5.1
4	20	35	73
%	2.2	2.8	7.0
5			
%			
8	62M	247M	212M
9	38M	31M	5M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V33 Air pollution by cars for environment

Location: 46 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.10a In general, do you think that air pollution caused by cars is ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment?
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	128	54	234	151	232	133	167	93	134	118	212	205
%	13.5	10.4	24.5	21.1	19.8	13.4	14.0	6.0	9.3	11.2	17.3	19.2
2	401	170	298	203	347	362	435	397	484	418	670	425
%	42.3	32.9	31.2	28.4	29.6	36.4	36.4	25.4	33.8	39.7	54.7	39.7
3	369	251	384	270	521	458	499	860	685	423	274	402
%	39.0	48.5	40.2	37.8	44.4	46.0	41.8	55.1	47.8	40.2	22.4	37.6
4	45	34	38	85	68	38	84	194	120	89	63	35
%	4.8	6.6	4.0	11.9	5.8	3.8	7.0	12.4	8.4	8.5	5.1	3.3
5	4	8	1	6	6	4	10	16	11	5	5	3
%	.4	1.5	.1	.8	.5	.4	.8	1.0	.8	.5	.4	.3
8	21M	10M	12M	25M	48M	16M	30M	32M	14M	5M	20M	7M
9	6M		5M	5M	54M		7M	17M	4M	9M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	154	647	264	239	671	363	358	169	160	347	537	137
%	16.5	38.4	23.9	21.8	56.3	30.3	31.1	17.9	16.6	34.9	35.9	13.5
2	312	641	390	385	341	341	493	511	275	490	713	305
%	33.4	38.0	35.4	35.2	28.6	28.4	42.8	54.2	28.5	49.3	47.7	30.0
3	404	348	411	418	146	410	277	246	445	143	196	458
%	43.2	20.7	37.3	38.2	12.3	34.2	24.0	26.1	46.2	14.4	13.1	45.1
4	59	44	35	50	26	82	21	15	80	12	30	115
%	6.3	2.6	3.2	4.6	2.2	6.8	1.8	1.6	8.3	1.2	2.0	11.3
5	6	5	3	2	7	4	3	1	4	1	18	1
%	.6	.3	.3	.2	.6	.3	.3	.1	.4	.1	1.2	.1
8	75M	20M	4M	11M	9M	4M	24M	15M	36M	7M	8M	17M
9	3M		5M	10M		1M	4M	1M			1M	36M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V33 Air pollution by cars for environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	126	84	383
%	13.1	5.7	32.0
2	417	384	537
%	43.4	26.0	44.8
3	368	762	223
%	38.3	51.6	18.6
4	47	240	49
%	4.9	16.2	4.1
5	2	8	6
%	.2	.5	.5
8	7M	33M	11M
9	39M	17M	53M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V34 Air pollution by cars for you + family

Location: 47 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.10b And do you think that air pollution caused by cars
is ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for you and your family,
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for you and your family?
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	61	27	199	135	175	76	77	31	65	73	171	143
%	6.6	5.2	20.9	18.8	14.9	7.8	6.5	2.0	4.6	7.0	14.1	13.4
2	228	106	244	183	329	230	273	183	319	221	512	285
%	24.5	20.6	25.6	25.5	28.0	23.7	22.9	11.9	22.3	21.2	42.2	26.8
3	428	257	438	284	560	473	568	851	705	509	396	517
%	46.1	49.9	46.0	39.6	47.7	48.8	47.7	55.4	49.4	48.9	32.6	48.5
4	188	99	68	107	102	167	238	425	307	223	113	108
%	20.2	19.2	7.1	14.9	8.7	17.2	20.0	27.7	21.5	21.4	9.3	10.1
5	24	26	4	9	8	23	34	46	32	15	21	12
%	2.6	5.0	.4	1.3	.7	2.4	2.9	3.0	2.2	1.4	1.7	1.1
8	38M	12M	14M	22M	46M	42M	34M	58M	21M	16M	31M	12M
9	7M		5M	5M	56M		8M	15M	3M	10M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	122	554	198	157	651	312	285	133	141	372	534	100
%	13.3	33.0	17.9	14.4	54.6	26.1	24.9	14.3	14.7	37.9	35.8	9.9
2	243	576	332	310	366	336	414	438	223	413	675	239
%	26.5	34.3	30.0	28.3	30.7	28.1	36.2	46.9	23.3	42.1	45.2	23.7
3	421	425	482	506	137	432	369	288	423	153	218	468
%	46.0	25.3	43.6	46.3	11.5	36.1	32.3	30.9	44.1	15.6	14.6	46.3
4	100	102	90	111	35	114	70	58	161	38	48	196
%	10.9	6.1	8.1	10.1	2.9	9.5	6.1	6.2	16.8	3.9	3.2	19.4
5	30	22	4	10	3	3	6	16	11	6	18	7
%	3.3	1.3	.4	.9	.3	.3	.5	1.7	1.1	.6	1.2	.7
8	94M	26M		13M	8M	6M	32M	19M	41M	16M	9M	20M
9	3M		6M	8M		2M	4M	6M		2M	1M	39M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V34 Air pollution by cars for you + family

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	70	38	367
%	7.4	2.6	30.2
2	288	157	543
%	30.6	10.8	44.7
3	442	565	238
%	47.0	38.9	19.6
4	131	638	63
%	13.9	44.0	5.2
5	9	53	5
%	1.0	3.7	.4
8	26M	51M	13M
9	40M	26M	33M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V35 Air pollution by industry - environment

Location: 48 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.11a In general, do you think that air pollution caused by industry is ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment?
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	223	187	276	190	352	273	220	228	236	185	254	305
%	23.5	36.0	28.9	26.6	29.6	27.5	18.4	14.6	16.5	17.7	20.9	28.6
2	521	266	324	276	434	493	495	733	550	452	672	482
%	55.0	51.2	34.0	38.6	36.5	49.7	41.4	47.0	38.4	43.3	55.2	45.2
3	192	62	327	227	374	212	426	551	578	361	256	264
%	20.3	11.9	34.3	31.7	31.4	21.4	35.6	35.3	40.4	34.5	21.0	24.8
4	10	5	26	22	28	13	53	43	63	45	31	15
%	1.1	1.0	2.7	3.1	2.4	1.3	4.4	2.8	4.4	4.3	2.5	1.4
5	1		1		2		2	4	4	2	5	
%	.1		.1		.2		.2	.3	.3	.2	.4	
8	21M	4M	14M	24M	38M	20M	31M	33M	20M	13M	26M	11M
9	6M	3M	4M	6M	48M		5M	17M	1M	9M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	230	935	346	395	688	514	332	237	232	450	628	225
%	24.7	55.2	31.6	35.9	57.5	43.0	29.1	25.3	23.4	45.5	42.4	22.2
2	361	564	378	415	371	356	519	544	470	404	727	344
%	38.8	33.3	34.5	37.7	31.0	29.8	45.4	58.1	47.4	40.9	49.1	33.9
3	308	179	350	279	109	291	267	149	277	126	113	382
%	33.1	10.6	31.9	25.4	9.1	24.3	23.4	15.9	28.0	12.8	7.6	37.6
4	30	14	22	11	23	31	22	7	11	8	9	62
%	3.2	.8	2.0	1.0	1.9	2.6	1.9	.7	1.1	.8	.6	6.1
5	1	1			5	4	2		1		4	2
%	.1	.1			.4	.3	.2		.1		.3	.2
8	79M	12M	8M	8M	4M	8M	33M	18M	9M	12M	21M	20M
9	4M		8M	7M		1M	5M	3M			1M	34M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V35 Air pollution by industry - environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	236	226	445
%	23.8	15.4	36.6
2	484	563	562
%	48.8	38.3	46.2
3	252	594	165
%	25.4	40.4	13.6
4	20	85	37
%	2.0	5.8	3.0
5		3	8
%		.2	.7
8	8M	32M	19M
9	6M	25M	26M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V36 Pesticides in farming - environment

Location: 49 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.11b In general, do you think that pesticides and chemicals
used in farming are ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment?
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	158	144	217	169	216	239	182	121	158	177	240	300
%	16.8	27.6	23.0	23.5	18.3	24.1	15.2	7.9	11.2	17.1	20.1	28.3
2	464	245	258	282	366	437	449	542	452	403	543	438
%	49.3	46.9	27.3	39.3	31.0	44.0	37.4	35.2	32.0	38.9	45.5	41.3
3	236	122	396	235	504	270	486	765	648	394	329	300
%	25.1	23.4	41.9	32.7	42.7	27.2	40.5	49.7	45.9	38.0	27.6	28.3
4	67	11	70	30	78	42	73	102	145	60	72	19
%	7.1	2.1	7.4	4.2	6.6	4.2	6.1	6.6	10.3	5.8	6.0	1.8
5	17		4	2	15	5	9	8	8	3	10	3
%	1.8		.4	.3	1.3	.5	.8	.5	.6	.3	.8	.3
8	25M	3M	22M	22M	46M	18M	28M	56M	38M	21M	50M	17M
9	7M	2M	5M	5M	51M		5M	15M	3M	9M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	202	807	216	276	561	250	225	181	248	324	582	277
%	22.0	48.2	19.9	25.2	47.2	21.2	19.7	19.5	25.2	33.1	39.4	27.4
2	307	574	290	338	376	342	448	469	380	451	705	327
%	33.5	34.2	26.7	30.8	31.6	29.0	39.3	50.5	38.6	46.0	47.8	32.4
3	368	264	476	421	190	416	395	250	309	178	158	312
%	40.1	15.8	43.8	38.4	16.0	35.3	34.6	26.9	31.4	18.2	10.7	30.9
4	36	25	98	57	49	155	70	22	45	23	26	91
%	3.9	1.5	9.0	5.2	4.1	13.1	6.1	2.4	4.6	2.3	1.8	9.0
5	4	6	7	4	12	16	3	7	3	4	5	3
%	.4	.4	.6	.4	1.0	1.4	.3	.8	.3	.4	.3	.3
8	92M	29M	14M	13M	12M	23M	34M	27M	15M	20M	25M	26M
9	4M		11M	6M		3M	5M	2M			2M	33M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V36 Pesticides in farming - environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	171	173	303
%	17.3	11.8	25.4
2	427	446	481
%	43.3	30.4	40.4
3	322	622	295
%	32.7	42.4	24.8
4	57	217	91
%	5.8	14.8	7.6
5	9	9	21
%	.9	.6	1.8
8	14M	36M	44M
9	6M	25M	27M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V37 Pollution river, lake - environment

Location: 50 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.11c And do you think that pollution of
<R's country's> rivers, lakes and streams is ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment?
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	209	176	294	160	423	217	275	85	166	168	274	298
%	22.2	33.8	30.8	23.4	35.8	21.9	22.8	5.5	11.8	16.0	22.6	28.2
2	450	250	314	215	412	399	507	504	390	424	675	461
%	47.7	48.0	32.9	31.4	34.9	40.3	42.1	32.8	27.7	40.5	55.6	43.6
3	236	80	306	222	288	268	371	768	661	384	212	261
%	25.0	15.4	32.1	32.5	24.4	27.1	30.8	50.0	46.9	36.6	17.4	24.7
4	48	15	37	82	44	96	48	166	180	70	44	36
%	5.1	2.9	3.9	12.0	3.7	9.7	4.0	10.8	12.8	6.7	3.6	3.4
5			3	5	14	9	3	12	13	2	10	2
%			.3	.7	1.2	.9	.2	.8	.9	.2	.8	.2
8	22M	4M	14M	57M	44M	22M	24M	62M	40M	13M	29M	19M
9	9M	2M	4M	4M	51M		4M	12M	2M	6M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	288	1014	427	439	534	431	283	250	216	414	635	166
%	30.6	59.9	39.0	39.7	44.8	36.0	25.0	26.4	22.0	41.9	43.0	16.3
2	364	520	323	392	370	424	506	560	352	446	690	283
%	38.7	30.7	29.5	35.5	31.0	35.5	44.7	59.2	35.9	45.1	46.7	27.8
3	256	153	274	239	206	276	297	126	327	117	127	400
%	27.2	9.0	25.0	21.6	17.3	23.1	26.2	13.3	33.3	11.8	8.6	39.3
4	33	5	68	33	66	56	40	8	84	9	19	163
%	3.5	.3	6.2	3.0	5.5	4.7	3.5	.8	8.6	.9	1.3	16.0
5		2	2	2	17	9	7	2	2	2	7	7
%		.1	.2	.2	1.4	.8	.6	.2	.2	.2	.5	.7
8	67M	11M	9M	3M	7M	7M	42M	10M	19M	12M	24M	46M
9	5M		9M	7M		2M	5M	2M			1M	4M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V37 Pollution river, lake - environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	183	246	488
%	18.5	16.7	39.9
2	383	497	519
%	38.8	33.7	42.4
3	319	582	154
%	32.3	39.5	12.6
4	92	143	48
%	9.3	9.7	3.9
5	10	6	14
%	1.0	.4	1.1
8	14M	34M	11M
9	5M	20M	28M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V38 Rise world s temperature - environment

Location: 51 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.12a In general, do you think that a rise in the world's temperature caused by the 'greenhouse effect' is ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment?
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	265	214	227	191	202	253	222	138	169	145	306	261
%	29.6	42.5	25.0	28.5	18.9	27.7	19.4	9.3	12.8	14.9	27.2	27.6
2	417	204	263	238	312	448	398	524	372	304	527	372
%	46.5	40.5	28.9	35.5	29.1	49.1	34.7	35.2	28.1	31.2	46.8	39.3
3	186	74	351	193	420	174	439	641	548	390	236	257
%	20.8	14.7	38.6	28.8	39.2	19.1	38.3	43.1	41.4	40.0	21.0	27.1
4	26	12	64	47	116	32	83	162	216	118	50	48
%	2.9	2.4	7.0	7.0	10.8	3.5	7.2	10.9	16.3	12.1	4.4	5.1
5	2		4	1	21	6	5	22	19	18	7	9
%	.2		.4	.1	2.0	.7	.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	.6	1.0
8	71M	23M	56M	71M	153M	98M	80M	110M	125M	87M	118M	130M
9	7M		7M	4M	52M		5M	12M	3M	5M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	192	298	308	259	555	306	345	231	201	374	501	169
%	25.4	22.7	29.1	25.0	48.4	27.1	31.6	27.3	22.8	41.0	37.3	17.9
2	314	459	331	354	375	378	452	459	281	428	655	256
%	41.5	35.0	31.2	34.1	32.7	33.4	41.4	54.3	31.9	46.9	48.8	27.1
3	220	451	331	339	178	338	258	143	308	100	163	327
%	29.1	34.3	31.2	32.7	15.5	29.9	23.6	16.9	35.0	11.0	12.1	34.6
4	31	80	81	77	34	99	35	11	83	9	19	170
%	4.1	6.1	7.6	7.4	3.0	8.8	3.2	1.3	9.4	1.0	1.4	18.0
5		25	9	8	4	10	3	2	8	1	4	22
%		1.9	.8	.8	.3	.9	.3	.2	.9	.1	.3	2.3
8	253M	392M	40M	68M	54M	68M	80M	111M	119M	88M	152M	118M
9	3M		12M	10M		6M	7M	1M			9M	7M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V38 Rise world s temperature - environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	275	194	310
%	29.0	13.9	28.2
2	396	373	490
%	41.8	26.7	44.6
3	240	523	214
%	25.3	37.4	19.5
4	34	276	63
%	3.6	19.8	5.7
5	3	31	22
%	.3	2.2	2.0
8	50M	105M	150M
9	8M	26M	13M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V39 Modifying the genes of certain crops

Location: 52 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.12b And do you think that modifying the genes of certain crops is ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	164	125	175	137	92	309	187	85	143	159	136	134
%	20.2	28.7	20.3	22.8	9.4	36.1	17.5	6.4	11.6	17.4	12.9	14.7
2	265	133	212	189	167	324	331	244	264	278	316	259
%	32.7	30.5	24.6	31.4	17.0	37.8	31.1	18.4	21.5	30.4	30.1	28.5
3	212	103	340	208	408	152	421	553	402	249	366	333
%	26.2	23.6	39.4	34.6	41.6	17.7	39.5	41.6	32.7	27.2	34.8	36.6
4	133	62	121	63	268	53	111	387	365	195	165	159
%	16.4	14.2	14.0	10.5	27.3	6.2	10.4	29.1	29.7	21.3	15.7	17.5
5	36	13	15	5	46	19	16	60	55	34	68	24
%	4.4	3.0	1.7	.8	4.7	2.2	1.5	4.5	4.5	3.7	6.5	2.6
8	157M	88M	103M	135M	241M	154M	161M	268M	217M	147M	193M	168M
9	7M	3M	6M	8M	54M		5M	12M	6M	5M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	97	305	220	148	415	125	224	113		279	338	173
%	15.8	25.5	21.9	15.5	37.5	11.1	23.3	15.0		32.3	25.8	19.7
2	175	398	189	173	323	202	291	330		390	601	173
%	28.5	33.2	18.8	18.2	29.2	17.9	30.3	43.8		45.1	45.9	19.7
3	254	373	339	340	224	293	296	216		146	244	232
%	41.3	31.2	33.7	35.7	20.3	26.0	30.8	28.7		16.9	18.7	26.4
4	74	91	190	232	105	388	134	73		38	86	266
%	12.0	7.6	18.9	24.3	9.5	34.4	14.0	9.7		4.4	6.6	30.3
5	15	30	68	60	39	120	15	21		12	39	34
%	2.4	2.5	6.8	6.3	3.5	10.6	1.6	2.8		1.4	3.0	3.9
8	395M	508M	95M	151M	94M	72M	215M	200M		134M	186M	183M
9	3M		11M	11M		5M	5M	5M		1M	9M	8M
0									1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V39 Modifying the genes of certain crops

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	219	198	151
%	24.9	16.3	14.4
2	271	263	342
%	30.9	21.6	32.7
3	221	346	299
%	25.2	28.4	28.6
4	145	327	173
%	16.5	26.9	16.6
5	22	83	80
%	2.5	6.8	7.7
8	123M	280M	211M
9	5M	31M	6M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V40 Gov+ord people: decide thems - laws

Location: 53 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.13a If you had to choose, which one of the following would be closest to your views?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Government should let ordinary people decide for themselves how to protect the environment, even if it means they don't always do the right thing
2. Government should pass laws to make ordinary people protect the environment, even if it interferes with people's rights to make their own decisions
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. No answer, refused; RP: none

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	156	65	274	171	293	179	201	428	266	162	251	185
%	16.4	12.4	35.2	32.0	33.9	18.3	18.5	31.1	21.8	17.6	23.2	21.0
2	797	460	505	363	571	801	887	948	956	757	831	694
%	83.6	87.6	64.8	68.0	66.1	81.7	81.5	68.9	78.2	82.4	76.8	79.0
8			179M	203M	307M	31M	136M	222M	217M	143M	162M	198M
9	21M	2M	14M	8M	105M		8M	11M	13M	5M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	109	180	271	184	328	143	133	113	410	163	226	104
%	13.3	11.7	29.9	20.4	27.5	12.0	14.9	12.8	44.8	17.6	15.6	10.8
2	712	1364	634	716	866	1045	761	773	506	763	1222	862
%	86.7	88.3	70.1	79.6	72.5	88.0	85.1	87.2	55.2	82.4	84.4	89.2
8	189M	161M	194M	203M		15M	281M	62M	84M	69M	44M	97M
9	3M		13M	12M	6M	2M	5M	10M		5M	11M	6M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	197	401	205
%	20.0	34.4	17.1
2	786	765	996
%	80.0	65.6	82.9
8		345M	57M
9	23M	17M	4M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V41 Gov+business: decide themselves - laws

Location: 54 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.13b And which one of the following would be closest to your views?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Government should let businesses decide for themselves how to protect the environment, even if it means they don't always do the right thing
2. Government should pass laws to make businesses protect the environment, even if it interferes with businesses' rights to make their own decisions
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. No answer, refused; RP: none

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	98	23	78	59	113	116	81	104	83	36	52	88
%	10.3	4.4	9.0	10.4	11.5	11.8	7.2	6.9	6.3	3.6	4.5	9.0
2	857	503	785	507	870	865	1045	1399	1242	955	1107	887
%	89.7	95.6	91.0	89.6	88.5	88.2	92.8	93.1	93.7	96.4	95.5	91.0
8			98M	172M	188M	30M	94M	95M	118M	67M	85M	102M
9	19M	1M	11M	7M	105M		12M	11M	9M	9M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	82	86	81	39	278	89	57	50	70	101	102	20
%	9.9	5.5	8.2	3.8	23.3	7.4	5.9	5.6	7.5	10.7	7.0	1.9
2	746	1483	909	977	917	1106	912	844	868	840	1346	1020
%	90.1	94.5	91.8	96.2	76.7	92.6	94.1	94.4	92.5	89.3	93.0	98.1
8	181M	136M	112M	84M		8M	207M	57M	62M	57M	47M	24M
9	4M		10M	15M	5M	2M	4M	7M		2M	8M	5M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	81	80	98
%	8.3	6.0	8.0
2	900	1254	1131
%	91.7	94.0	92.0
8		177M	31M
9	25M	17M	2M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V42 To protect environment - this country...

Location: 55 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.14 Some countries are doing more to protect the world environment than other countries are. In general, do you think that <R'country> is doing ...
(Please tick one box only)

<See V79 for original answer categories of Latvia>

1. More than enough
2. About the right amount
3. Too little

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

LV: answer categories are different from the original questionnaire; see V79 for original data of Latvia

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	137	65	59	19	132	117	27	427	205	94	42	4
%	15.3	14.0	6.6	3.6	12.3	13.0	2.4	28.1	14.9	9.7	3.7	.4
2	466	191	347	216	453	591	406	759	638	463	448	235
%	52.1	41.3	38.8	40.8	42.2	65.7	36.2	50.0	46.4	47.5	39.0	24.8
3	291	207	489	294	489	192	688	332	532	417	660	710
%	32.6	44.7	54.6	55.6	45.5	21.3	61.4	21.9	38.7	42.8	57.4	74.8
8	75M	64M	71M	209M	101M	111M	106M	79M	72M	88M	94M	128M
9	5M		6M	7M	101M		5M	12M	5M	5M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	7	23	72	37	101	38	12	17		61	49	113
%	1.0	1.6	6.9	3.6	9.1	3.2	1.2	2.1		7.1	3.4	11.1
2	87	207	458	441	733	299	130	162		375	191	627
%	12.0	14.3	43.8	43.1	65.9	25.1	12.9	20.0		43.5	13.4	61.5
3	634	1213	515	545	279	852	869	629		427	1187	280
%	87.1	84.1	49.3	53.3	25.1	71.7	86.0	77.8		49.5	83.2	27.5
8	281M	262M	60M	82M	87M	16M	167M	149M		137M	65M	43M
9	4M		7M	10M			2M	1M			11M	6M
0								1000M				
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	125	86	51
%	13.5	6.4	4.4
2	521	860	187
%	56.4	63.7	16.0
3	277	405	933
%	30.0	30.0	79.7
8	78M	163M	87M
9	5M	14M	4M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V43 Which is making more effort to look ...

Location: 56 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.15a On balance, which of these two do you think is making more effort to look after the environment ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Business and industry
2. People in general
3. Both equally
7. E: Neither of them
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	115	51	124	92	143	115	120	201	238	111	90	44
%	14.9	13.0	16.1	16.6	14.4	14.3	11.5	14.3	22.6	13.4	9.1	5.8
2	378	182	445	292	555	438	651	770	536	428	586	492
%	49.1	46.4	57.9	52.6	55.8	54.4	62.7	54.9	50.8	51.8	59.1	64.7
3	277	159	199	171	296	252	268	432	281	288	316	224
%	36.0	40.6	25.9	30.8	29.8	31.3	25.8	30.8	26.6	34.8	31.9	29.5
7												
%												
8	198M	135M	198M	180M	178M	206M	184M	204M	389M	233M	252M	317M
9	6M		6M	10M	104M		9M	2M	8M	7M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	87	228	99	89	115	172	248	71		93	197	163
%	18.0	21.5	10.7	9.4	11.2	14.9	25.2	8.4		11.7	14.4	20.7
2	249	411	593	625	418	686	403	702		478	1058	263
%	51.4	38.7	64.3	65.8	40.7	59.5	41.0	82.6		60.3	77.2	33.4
3	148	423	230	236	495	295	332	71		222	115	362
%	30.6	39.8	24.9	24.8	48.2	25.6	33.8	8.4		28.0	8.4	45.9
7								6				
%								.7				
8	521M	643M	176M	150M	172M	50M	189M	102M		197M	109M	250M
9	8M		14M	15M		2M	8M	6M		10M	24M	31M
0									1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V43 Which is making more effort to look ... (continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	125	141	174
%	17.0	11.4	15.3
2	291	712	664
%	39.6	57.4	58.4
3	318	388	299
%	43.3	31.3	26.3
7			
%			
8	258M	275M	122M
9	14M	12M	3M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V44 Which of these two is making more effort

Location: 57 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.15b And which of these two groups do you think is making more effort to look after the environment ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Government
2. Business and industry
3. Both equally
7. E: Neither of them
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	365	187	290	212	492	339	514	857	691	387	427	302
%	50.7	50.3	45.4	42.4	52.8	47.4	53.9	63.5	61.1	53.8	47.6	45.4
2	117	52	140	79	136	120	120	160	144	104	119	119
%	16.3	14.0	21.9	15.8	14.6	16.8	12.6	11.9	12.7	14.4	13.3	17.9
3	238	133	209	209	303	256	320	332	296	229	351	244
%	33.1	35.8	32.7	41.8	32.5	35.8	33.5	24.6	26.2	31.8	39.1	36.7
7												
%												
8	248M	155M	327M	235M	241M	296M	269M	258M	314M	338M	347M	412M
9	6M		6M	10M	104M		9M	2M	7M	9M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	260	246	448	473	322	565	199	517		328	990	526
%	55.2	26.7	55.9	58.5	30.0	50.6	21.8	67.7		44.7	74.2	61.3
2	78	236	126	99	124	203	403	95		121	198	61
%	16.6	25.7	15.7	12.3	11.6	18.2	44.1	12.4		16.5	14.8	7.1
3	133	438	228	236	626	349	311	127		284	146	271
%	28.2	47.6	28.4	29.2	58.4	31.2	34.1	16.6		38.7	10.9	31.6
7								25				
%								3.3				
8	533M	785M	292M	292M	128M	83M	260M	176M		247M	135M	183M
9	9M		18M	15M		5M	7M	18M		20M	34M	28M
0									1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V44 Which of these two is making more effort

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	378	529	530
%	53.3	50.7	46.9
2	89	228	181
%	12.6	21.8	16.0
3	242	287	418
%	34.1	27.5	37.0
7			
%			
8	279M	460M	129M
9	18M	24M	4M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V45 Which of these two is making more effort

Location: 58 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.15c And which of these two groups do you think is making more effort to look after the environment ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. People in general
2. Government
3. Both equally
7. E: Neither of them
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	345	157	384	226	494	378	457	507	378	366	458	461
%	44.2	38.4	51.6	41.4	48.8	47.5	44.0	36.5	31.8	45.2	45.9	58.1
2	175	98	161	145	224	158	264	516	554	201	212	122
%	22.4	24.0	21.6	26.6	22.1	19.8	25.4	37.1	46.7	24.8	21.2	15.4
3	261	154	199	175	294	260	318	366	255	243	328	210
%	33.4	37.7	26.7	32.1	29.1	32.7	30.6	26.3	21.5	30.0	32.9	26.5
7												
%												
8	186M	118M	217M	191M	161M	215M	183M	217M	252M	236M	246M	284M
9	7M		11M	8M	103M		10M	3M	13M	21M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	220	450	491	524	299	547	566	587		300	719	154
%	40.1	43.8	53.0	55.2	27.3	47.0	59.2	69.6		37.4	51.7	18.1
2	179	198	195	186	196	316	166	162		247	505	374
%	32.6	19.3	21.0	19.6	17.9	27.2	17.4	19.2		30.8	36.3	44.0
3	150	379	241	240	600	300	224	88		255	168	322
%	27.3	36.9	26.0	25.3	54.8	25.8	23.4	10.4		31.8	12.1	37.9
7								6				
%								.7				
8	457M	678M	173M	149M	105M	42M	216M	108M		190M	92M	188M
9	7M		12M	16M			8M	7M		8M	19M	31M
0									1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V45 Which of these two is making more effort

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	271	685	522
%	36.5	58.0	45.2
2	214	258	299
%	28.8	21.8	25.9
3	257	239	334
%	34.6	20.2	28.9
7			
%			
8	241M	320M	101M
9	23M	26M	6M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V46 International agreements should be made

Location: 59 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.16 How much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements?

(Please tick one box only)

Q.16a For environmental problems, there should be international agreements that <R's country> and other countries should be made to follow

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	590	360	321	192	278	578	276	529	556	525	787	420
%	64.3	69.8	34.3	28.4	24.6	59.7	23.7	33.9	39.2	51.1	65.3	40.7
2	298	149	525	363	619	358	750	873	777	436	351	562
%	32.5	28.9	56.0	53.7	54.7	37.0	64.3	56.0	54.8	42.4	29.1	54.4
3	26	6	71	99	166	16	78	128	60	42	49	32
%	2.8	1.2	7.6	14.6	14.7	1.7	6.7	8.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.1
4	4	1	18	18	60	13	62	24	15	22	18	16
%	.4	.2	1.9	2.7	5.3	1.3	5.3	1.5	1.1	2.1	1.5	1.5
5			2	4	9	3	1	5	11	3	1	3
%			.2	.6	.8	.3	.1	.3	.8	.3	.1	.3
8	50M	11M	28M	52M	73M	43M	57M	47M	22M	25M	38M	44M
9	6M		7M	17M	71M		8M	3M	11M	14M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	676	1081	363	562	177	451	599	510		290	359	667
%	76.5	66.5	33.4	52.0	14.9	37.9	55.3	57.4		30.7	25.5	65.1
2	176	469	572	427	660	496	353	352		563	792	286
%	19.9	28.9	52.6	39.5	55.6	41.6	32.6	39.6		59.5	56.2	27.9
3	24	52	94	61	267	125	103	22		67	152	35
%	2.7	3.2	8.6	5.6	22.5	10.5	9.5	2.5		7.1	10.8	3.4
4	5	18	48	23	62	106	23	4		23	98	26
%	.6	1.1	4.4	2.1	5.2	8.9	2.1	.5		2.4	7.0	2.5
5	3	5	11	8	21	13	5			3	8	10
%	.3	.3	1.0	.7	1.8	1.1	.5			.3	.6	1.0
8	126M	80M	12M	24M	13M	13M	91M	67M		54M	91M	17M
9	3M		12M	10M		1M	6M	3M			3M	28M
0									1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V46 International agreements should be made

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	599	654	455
%	61.2	45.4	38.0
2	328	687	593
%	33.5	47.7	49.5
3	24	77	52
%	2.5	5.3	4.3
4	25	16	74
%	2.6	1.1	6.2
5	3	7	24
%	.3	.5	2.0
8	15M	47M	62M
9	12M	40M	2M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V47 Poorer countries to make less effort

Location: 60 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.16b Poorer countries should be expected to make less effort
than richer countries to protect the environment

<See V80 for original question and answer categories of LV>

<Complete question text Q.16>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree

8. Can't choose, don't know

9. NA, refused

0. Not available

LV: question and answer categories are different from
the original questionnaire;
see V80 for original data of Latvia

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	75	44	22	38	40	113	32	91	79	100	137	208
%	8.3	8.8	2.4	5.8	3.6	12.0	2.7	5.9	5.7	10.0	11.6	20.4
2	244	135	183	125	164	241	331	567	505	447	346	501
%	27.1	27.1	19.8	19.1	14.7	25.6	28.3	36.5	36.4	44.7	29.3	49.2
3	124	64	145	162	245	107	137	268	245	184	194	115
%	13.8	12.8	15.7	24.8	22.0	11.4	11.7	17.2	17.7	18.4	16.5	11.3
4	292	151	455	259	522	272	588	496	440	189	319	160
%	32.4	30.3	49.3	39.7	46.9	28.9	50.3	31.9	31.7	18.9	27.1	15.7
5	166	105	117	69	142	208	80	133	119	80	183	34
%	18.4	21.0	12.7	10.6	12.8	22.1	6.8	8.6	8.6	8.0	15.5	3.3
8	65M	24M	27M	73M	60M	70M	50M	40M	30M	38M	65M	59M
9	8M	4M	23M	19M	103M		14M	14M	34M	29M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	385	469	24	69	113	349	67	244		244	105	155
%	45.1	30.0	2.2	6.4	9.5	29.2	6.4	28.3		26.0	7.4	15.5
2	278	558	144	166	495	488	154	393		326	538	314
%	32.6	35.7	13.4	15.4	41.6	40.8	14.6	45.6		34.7	38.0	31.3
3	84	210	134	107	350	155	282	87		130	180	96
%	9.8	13.4	12.5	10.0	29.4	13.0	26.8	10.1		13.8	12.7	9.6
4	52	228	583	493	195	175	256	105		157	457	201
%	6.1	14.6	54.2	45.9	16.4	14.6	24.3	12.2		16.7	32.3	20.1
5	55	99	191	240	36	29	293	33		83	136	236
%	6.4	6.3	17.8	22.3	3.0	2.4	27.9	3.8		8.8	9.6	23.6
8	155M	141M	20M	31M	11M	7M	124M	90M		60M	82M	27M
9	4M		16M	9M		2M	4M	6M			5M	40M
0								1000M				
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V47 Poorer countries to make less effort

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	86	127	123
%	8.9	9.0	10.3
2	219	559	345
%	22.6	39.5	29.0
3	144	215	61
%	14.9	15.2	5.1
4	285	415	476
%	29.4	29.3	40.0
5	235	98	186
%	24.3	6.9	15.6
8	24M	57M	68M
9	13M	57M	3M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V48 Economic progress will slow down unless

Location: 61 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.16c Economic progress in <R's country> will slow down
unless we look after the environment better

<Complete question text Q.16>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	85	65	67	54	126	133	81	39	77	94	164	164
%	10.8	14.6	7.7	8.8	11.3	16.6	7.3	2.8	6.2	10.6	14.5	16.9
2	263	165	331	220	438	269	547	255	382	364	326	392
%	33.4	37.2	37.9	35.9	39.4	33.6	49.2	18.3	30.8	41.1	28.9	40.5
3	226	112	299	247	353	158	248	514	412	308	287	176
%	28.7	25.2	34.2	40.3	31.8	19.8	22.3	37.0	33.2	34.8	25.4	18.2
4	181	72	156	85	171	175	225	516	327	94	248	204
%	23.0	16.2	17.8	13.9	15.4	21.9	20.2	37.1	26.3	10.6	22.0	21.1
5	32	30	21	7	23	65	11	67	44	26	104	33
%	4.1	6.8	2.4	1.1	2.1	8.1	1.0	4.8	3.5	2.9	9.2	3.4
8	177M	78M	73M	116M	67M	211M	109M	204M	172M	149M	115M	108M
9	10M	5M	25M	16M	98M		11M	14M	38M	32M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	206	295	92	157	186	150	203	121	121	204	122	174
%	27.2	20.4	8.8	15.0	15.8	12.8	21.7	16.6	14.2	24.6	8.9	19.5
2	246	389	376	411	618	451	230	296	346	358	752	273
%	32.5	26.9	36.1	39.1	52.4	38.4	24.6	40.6	40.5	43.1	54.6	30.6
3	179	308	285	252	269	271	378	106	210	162	287	229
%	23.7	21.3	27.4	24.0	22.8	23.1	40.4	14.5	24.6	19.5	20.8	25.7
4	57	297	263	196	83	261	65	159	145	94	200	132
%	7.5	20.5	25.3	18.7	7.0	22.3	7.0	21.8	17.0	11.3	14.5	14.8
5	68	157	25	34	23	40	59	47	33	12	16	83
%	9.0	10.9	2.4	3.2	2.0	3.4	6.3	6.4	3.9	1.4	1.2	9.3
8	252M	259M	58M	56M	21M	29M	241M	218M	145M	166M	118M	135M
9	5M		13M	9M		3M	4M	11M		4M	8M	43M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V48 Economic progress will slow down unless

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	68	104	208
%	8.2	8.5	18.0
2	225	419	622
%	27.0	34.1	53.9
3	259	373	71
%	31.1	30.4	6.2
4	208	295	198
%	25.0	24.0	17.2
5	72	37	55
%	8.7	3.0	4.8
8	161M	246M	104M
9	13M	54M	4M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V49 In next five years a nuclear accident

Location: 62 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.17 Within the next five years, how likely is it that an accident at a nuclear power station will cause long-term environmental damage across many countries?
(Please tick one box only)

<See V81 for original question and answer categories of LV>

1. Very likely
2. Likely
3. Unlikely
4. Very unlikely

8. Can't choose, don't know

9. NA, refused

0. Not available

LV: question and answer categories are different from the original questionnaire;
see V81 for original data of Latvia

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	105	54	199	140	184	173	260	122	166	89	136	112
%	13.1	12.8	22.8	25.5	17.2	21.5	23.4	8.7	13.4	10.0	12.5	12.9
2	331	193	396	240	415	400	549	501	791	448	284	505
%	41.4	45.8	45.4	43.8	38.8	49.8	49.3	35.5	63.8	50.1	26.1	58.3
3	287	141	230	117	330	187	241	609	249	262	448	219
%	35.9	33.5	26.3	21.4	30.9	23.3	21.7	43.2	20.1	29.3	41.1	25.3
4	76	33	48	51	140	43	63	178	34	95	222	30
%	9.5	7.8	5.5	9.3	13.1	5.4	5.7	12.6	2.7	10.6	20.4	3.5
8	167M	98M	93M	188M	148M	208M	112M	196M	211M	164M	154M	211M
9	8M	8M	6M	9M	59M		7M	3M	1M	9M		
0												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	76	576	341	176	427	187	277	74		214	576	120
%	12.3	38.7	32.9	18.2	39.0	16.7	28.9	10.0		25.9	41.9	13.9
2	260	606	477	410	499	596	449	425		498	650	470
%	41.9	40.7	46.0	42.4	45.6	53.3	46.9	57.2		60.4	47.3	54.5
3	102	264	182	294	109	273	188	194		92	109	218
%	16.5	17.7	17.6	30.4	10.0	24.4	19.6	26.1		11.2	7.9	25.3
4	182	44	37	87	60	62	43	50		21	40	54
%	29.4	3.0	3.6	9.0	5.5	5.5	4.5	6.7		2.5	2.9	6.3
8	389M	215M	61M	137M	105M	83M	216M	209M		170M	123M	180M
9	4M		14M	11M		4M	7M	6M		5M	5M	27M
0									1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V49 In next five years a nuclear accident

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	128	226	453
%	14.6	16.4	41.9
2	452	529	519
%	51.4	38.4	48.0
3	244	473	58
%	27.8	34.3	5.4
4	55	150	51
%	6.3	10.9	4.7
8	117M	136M	170M
9	10M	14M	11M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V50 Causes of pollution: Business, industry

Location: 63 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.18 How much trust do you have in each of the following groups to give you correct information about causes of pollution?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.18a Business and industry

1. A great deal of trust
2. Quite a lot of trust
3. Some trust
4. Not much trust
5. Hardly any trust
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	13	8	9	5	34	17	17	11	8	14	22	7
%	1.5	1.6	1.0	.7	3.0	1.8	1.4	.7	.6	1.4	1.8	.7
2	119	42	47	62	82	95	69	104	118	109	58	51
%	13.3	8.7	5.2	9.1	7.2	10.1	5.8	6.9	8.7	11.0	4.8	5.0
3	275	137	310	223	417	329	458	715	571	361	425	288
%	30.8	28.2	34.5	32.8	36.8	35.1	38.6	47.5	42.3	36.5	35.5	28.2
4	357	194	387	243	415	335	417	583	457	383	484	483
%	39.9	40.0	43.1	35.7	36.7	35.8	35.2	38.8	33.8	38.7	40.5	47.4
5	130	104	145	147	184	161	224	91	197	122	207	191
%	14.5	21.4	16.1	21.6	16.3	17.2	18.9	6.1	14.6	12.3	17.3	18.7
8	52M	32M	24M	35M	39M	74M	45M	64M	38M	44M	48M	57M
9	28M	10M	50M	30M	105M		2M	41M	63M	34M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	8	51	19	14	82	68	10	4	6	8	32	8
%	1.0	3.4	1.8	1.3	7.0	5.7	1.0	.5	.6	.9	2.2	.8
2	42	190	65	68	447	111	51	54	36	104	161	65
%	5.3	12.6	6.2	6.3	38.2	9.3	4.8	6.2	3.6	11.3	11.2	6.4
3	226	336	334	322	365	360	415	143	280	249	426	357
%	28.7	22.4	31.9	29.9	31.2	30.1	39.4	16.5	28.1	27.1	29.7	35.1
4	241	551	425	408	229	349	483	391	409	342	547	361
%	30.6	36.7	40.6	37.8	19.6	29.2	45.9	45.0	41.0	37.2	38.1	35.5
5	271	375	205	266	48	307	93	277	266	217	268	225
%	34.4	25.0	19.6	24.7	4.1	25.7	8.8	31.9	26.7	23.6	18.7	22.1
8	219M	202M	12M	26M	29M	7M	123M	85M		77M	64M	19M
9	6M		52M	11M		3M	5M	4M	3M	3M	5M	34M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V50 Causes of pollution: Business, industry

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	14	20	74
%	1.5	1.5	6.3
2	137	143	114
%	14.3	10.5	9.6
3	283	528	282
%	29.5	38.9	23.8
4	345	554	384
%	36.0	40.8	32.4
5	179	114	330
%	18.7	8.4	27.9
8	35M	106M	75M
9	13M	63M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V51 Causes of pollution: Environment. groups

Location: 64 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.18b Trust in the following groups: Environmental groups

<Complete question text Q.18>

1. A great deal of trust
2. Quite a lot of trust
3. Some trust
4. Not much trust
5. Hardly any trust
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	237	107	147	177	156	202	243	131	205	136	96	141
%	26.2	21.4	16.1	25.3	13.8	20.8	20.4	8.5	14.7	13.5	8.0	14.0
2	402	212	371	272	370	450	513	612	699	456	268	441
%	44.4	42.5	40.6	38.9	32.8	46.2	43.0	39.6	50.1	45.2	22.4	43.7
3	199	144	308	200	416	245	355	576	355	310	530	320
%	22.0	28.9	33.7	28.6	36.9	25.2	29.8	37.3	25.4	30.7	44.2	31.7
4	56	22	73	34	143	56	58	189	92	76	226	73
%	6.2	4.4	8.0	4.9	12.7	5.8	4.9	12.2	6.6	7.5	18.9	7.2
5	12	14	15	16	42	20	24	37	44	31	78	34
%	1.3	2.8	1.6	2.3	3.7	2.1	2.0	2.4	3.2	3.1	6.5	3.4
8	44M	23M	22M	19M	35M	38M	35M	34M	20M	30M	46M	68M
9	24M	5M	36M	27M	114M		4M	30M	37M	28M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	68	384	221	170	174	468	118	132	112	191	262	143
%	8.5	24.6	20.8	15.6	14.8	39.1	11.1	15.2	11.2	20.9	18.4	14.0
2	188	686	388	400	548	467	343	368	455	316	623	383
%	23.5	43.9	36.4	36.7	46.7	39.0	32.3	42.4	45.6	34.5	43.7	37.5
3	284	324	339	394	299	183	457	233	315	249	286	340
%	35.5	20.7	31.8	36.1	25.5	15.3	43.0	26.9	31.6	27.2	20.0	33.3
4	124	134	85	94	130	59	124	89	84	124	204	111
%	15.5	8.6	8.0	8.6	11.1	4.9	11.7	10.3	8.4	13.5	14.3	10.9
5	137	35	32	32	22	19	20	45	32	36	52	44
%	17.1	2.2	3.0	2.9	1.9	1.6	1.9	5.2	3.2	3.9	3.6	4.3
8	206M	142M	6M	16M	27M	6M	112M	89M		81M	71M	19M
9	6M		41M	9M		3M	6M	2M	2M	3M	5M	29M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V51 Causes of pollution: Environment. groups

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	172	246	271
%	17.6	17.3	23.2
2	483	602	324
%	49.4	42.2	27.8
3	221	413	314
%	22.6	29.0	26.9
4	83	124	136
%	8.5	8.7	11.7
5	18	40	122
%	1.8	2.8	10.5
8	18M	57M	89M
9	11M	46M	6M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V52 Causes of pollution: Government departm.

Location: 65 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.18c Trust in the following groups: Government departments

<Complete question text Q.18>

1. A great deal of trust
2. Quite a lot of trust
3. Some trust
4. Not much trust
5. Hardly any trust
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	11	14	15	20	44	33	39	29	34	35	9	20
%	1.2	2.9	1.7	2.9	3.9	3.5	3.3	1.9	2.5	3.5	.8	2.0
2	145	81	110	109	185	214	270	364	448	306	103	127
%	16.3	16.8	12.2	15.8	16.4	22.6	22.6	24.0	32.7	31.0	8.6	12.6
3	420	215	443	287	526	409	572	843	670	433	536	412
%	47.2	44.7	49.2	41.7	46.7	43.2	47.9	55.6	49.0	43.9	44.8	41.0
4	245	120	242	174	288	217	219	235	153	162	381	318
%	27.6	24.9	26.9	25.3	25.6	22.9	18.3	15.5	11.2	16.4	31.8	31.7
5	68	51	91	98	84	73	95	44	63	50	168	127
%	7.6	10.6	10.1	14.2	7.5	7.7	7.9	2.9	4.6	5.1	14.0	12.6
8	53M	34M	20M	23M	38M	65M	34M	50M	25M	49M	47M	73M
9	32M	12M	51M	34M	111M		3M	44M	59M	32M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	30	43	20	38	111	118	22	16	5	112	101	53
%	3.5	2.8	1.9	3.5	9.4	9.9	2.1	1.9	.5	12.1	7.0	5.2
2	88	207	191	220	501	242	118	168	73	171	448	359
%	10.4	13.6	18.2	20.2	42.5	20.3	11.0	19.6	7.3	18.5	31.2	35.3
3	277	430	531	505	381	500	435	355	348	295	497	442
%	32.6	28.3	50.7	46.5	32.3	41.9	40.6	41.4	34.9	31.9	34.6	43.5
4	233	565	223	242	163	220	403	226	348	254	304	112
%	27.4	37.2	21.3	22.3	13.8	18.4	37.6	26.4	34.9	27.5	21.1	11.0
5	221	272	82	82	24	114	94	92	224	93	88	51
%	26.0	17.9	7.8	7.5	2.0	9.5	8.8	10.7	22.4	10.1	6.1	5.0
8	154M	188M	7M	17M	20M	3M	102M	95M		72M	59M	18M
9	10M		58M	11M		8M	6M	6M	2M	3M	6M	34M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V52 Causes of pollution: Government departm.

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	22	38	87
%	2.3	2.8	7.3
2	345	324	174
%	35.8	23.9	14.6
3	359	580	331
%	37.2	42.7	27.8
4	184	330	283
%	19.1	24.3	23.8
5	54	86	316
%	5.6	6.3	26.5
8	30M	109M	67M
9	12M	61M	4M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V53 Causes of pollution: Newspapers

Location: 66 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.18d Trust in the following groups: Newspapers

<Complete question text Q.18>

1. A great deal of trust
2. Quite a lot of trust
3. Some trust
4. Not much trust
5. Hardly any trust
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	52	32	18	25	55	60	53	28	54	29	46	52
%	5.8	6.5	2.0	3.7	4.9	6.2	4.4	1.9	4.0	2.9	3.8	5.1
2	248	125	123	115	218	252	249	306	362	281	178	244
%	27.5	25.2	13.6	16.8	19.4	26.1	20.7	20.6	26.9	28.4	14.8	23.8
3	404	198	376	293	528	382	544	805	620	415	536	462
%	44.7	39.9	41.5	42.8	47.0	39.6	45.3	54.1	46.0	41.9	44.6	45.0
4	163	108	260	187	251	202	243	298	224	201	309	211
%	18.1	21.8	28.7	27.3	22.3	20.9	20.2	20.0	16.6	20.3	25.7	20.5
5	36	33	128	64	72	69	112	51	88	65	132	58
%	4.0	6.7	14.1	9.4	6.4	7.2	9.3	3.4	6.5	6.6	11.0	5.6
8	48M	24M	22M	30M	33M	46M	28M	65M	38M	44M	43M	50M
9	23M	7M	45M	31M	119M		3M	56M	66M	32M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	78	91	39	64	120	169	59	35	17	49	55	49
%	9.2	5.7	3.7	5.9	10.1	14.2	5.4	4.1	1.7	5.3	3.8	4.9
2	181	433	194	236	565	349	264	252	264	251	330	208
%	21.4	27.1	18.6	21.8	47.7	29.3	24.4	29.3	26.5	27.1	22.9	20.7
3	308	539	487	538	342	383	536	321	449	390	525	461
%	36.4	33.8	46.6	49.7	28.9	32.2	49.5	37.3	45.0	42.1	36.5	45.9
4	156	386	228	174	131	176	189	191	182	178	379	205
%	18.4	24.2	21.8	16.1	11.1	14.8	17.5	22.2	18.3	19.2	26.3	20.4
5	123	148	97	70	27	113	35	61	85	58	150	82
%	14.5	9.3	9.3	6.5	2.3	9.5	3.2	7.1	8.5	6.3	10.4	8.2
8	156M	108M	7M	24M	15M	8M	92M	94M		72M	56M	27M
9	11M		60M	9M		7M	5M	4M	3M	2M	8M	37M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V53 Causes of pollution: Newspapers

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	31	70	109
%	3.2	4.9	9.0
2	282	442	200
%	29.0	31.1	16.6
3	336	619	360
%	34.5	43.6	29.9
4	241	241	258
%	24.7	17.0	21.4
5	84	48	278
%	8.6	3.4	23.1
8	21M	48M	54M
9	11M	60M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V54 Causes of pollution: Radio or TV program

Location: 67 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.18e Trust in the following groups: Radio or TV programmes

<Complete question text Q.18>

1. A great deal of trust
2. Quite a lot of trust
3. Some trust
4. Not much trust
5. Hardly any trust
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	55	39	41	52	51	80	81	31	78	57	60	58
%	6.1	7.8	4.5	7.5	4.5	8.3	6.8	2.1	5.7	5.7	5.0	5.6
2	306	152	236	217	229	318	400	354	529	334	213	301
%	33.9	30.4	26.0	31.5	20.3	32.8	33.3	23.6	38.9	33.4	17.6	28.8
3	380	201	429	280	559	396	555	838	578	437	574	484
%	42.1	40.2	47.2	40.6	49.6	40.9	46.3	55.8	42.5	43.7	47.4	46.3
4	135	84	151	101	215	130	121	251	132	137	263	159
%	15.0	16.8	16.6	14.7	19.1	13.4	10.1	16.7	9.7	13.7	21.7	15.2
5	26	24	51	39	72	45	43	27	43	36	101	43
%	2.9	4.8	5.6	5.7	6.4	4.6	3.6	1.8	3.2	3.6	8.3	4.1
8	47M	22M	18M	24M	33M	42M	29M	57M	33M	36M	33M	32M
9	25M	5M	46M	32M	117M		3M	51M	59M	30M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	92	122	48	71	177	185	59	45	31	67	104	74
%	10.7	7.6	4.6	6.6	14.9	15.5	5.4	5.1	3.1	7.1	7.2	7.3
2	208	489	259	277	597	431	278	272	351	310	531	260
%	24.2	30.4	24.7	25.6	50.3	36.2	25.3	31.0	35.2	32.9	36.7	25.6
3	303	540	505	559	294	352	550	327	416	359	459	462
%	35.2	33.6	48.1	51.8	24.8	29.6	50.1	37.3	41.7	38.1	31.8	45.5
4	153	329	167	132	98	142	179	183	137	155	263	163
%	17.8	20.5	15.9	12.2	8.3	11.9	16.3	20.9	13.7	16.4	18.2	16.1
5	105	127	70	41	20	80	32	50	62	52	88	56
%	12.2	7.9	6.7	3.8	1.7	6.7	2.9	5.7	6.2	5.5	6.1	5.5
8	145M	98M	6M	26M	14M	9M	76M	77M		54M	52M	26M
9	7M		57M	9M		6M	6M	4M	3M	3M	6M	28M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V54 Causes of pollution: Radio or TV program

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	49	103	178
%	5.0	7.2	14.5
2	354	517	321
%	36.4	36.0	26.2
3	326	625	385
%	33.5	43.6	31.5
4	181	156	171
%	18.6	10.9	14.0
5	62	34	169
%	6.4	2.4	13.8
8	23M	43M	35M
9	11M	50M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V55 Causes of pollution: University research

Location: 68 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.18f Trust in the following groups: University research centres

<Complete question text Q.18>

1. A great deal of trust
2. Quite a lot of trust
3. Some trust
4. Not much trust
5. Hardly any trust
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	191	125	176	222	240	228	346	143	347	291	135	234
%	21.6	26.4	19.5	31.9	21.3	24.3	29.1	9.9	25.5	29.5	11.9	23.2
2	427	217	423	284	444	440	519	659	682	489	355	460
%	48.2	45.8	46.8	40.9	39.4	46.8	43.6	45.8	50.1	49.5	31.4	45.6
3	195	97	252	160	360	191	269	537	264	183	497	231
%	22.0	20.5	27.9	23.0	31.9	20.3	22.6	37.3	19.4	18.5	43.9	22.9
4	50	21	40	20	61	65	36	87	45	19	106	65
%	5.6	4.4	4.4	2.9	5.4	6.9	3.0	6.0	3.3	1.9	9.4	6.4
5	22	14	12	9	22	16	20	14	23	6	39	18
%	2.5	3.0	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.7	.6	3.4	1.8
8	63M	46M	28M	23M	44M	71M	40M	125M	38M	56M	112M	69M
9	26M	7M	41M	27M	105M		2M	44M	53M	23M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	94	443	294	276	157	571	118	209	182	282	398	146
%	12.0	29.2	27.8	25.5	13.4	47.9	11.7	24.6	18.2	31.1	27.8	15.7
2	199	616	464	480	607	430	364	428	455	300	693	437
%	25.4	40.6	43.9	44.4	51.6	36.0	36.1	50.4	45.6	33.1	48.5	47.1
3	250	295	249	282	311	139	403	164	261	254	206	279
%	31.8	19.4	23.6	26.1	26.4	11.7	40.0	19.3	26.2	28.0	14.4	30.1
4	126	115	36	34	82	36	95	37	66	56	100	44
%	16.1	7.6	3.4	3.1	7.0	3.0	9.4	4.4	6.6	6.2	7.0	4.7
5	116	48	14	9	19	17	27	11	34	15	33	21
%	14.8	3.2	1.3	.8	1.6	1.4	2.7	1.3	3.4	1.7	2.3	2.3
8	218M	188M	18M	22M	24M	9M	166M	107M		91M	66M	102M
9	10M		37M	12M		3M	7M	2M	2M	2M	7M	40M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V55 Causes of pollution: University research

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	202	353	402
%	21.1	25.6	34.1
2	498	642	419
%	51.9	46.6	35.5
3	195	292	231
%	20.3	21.2	19.6
4	51	76	64
%	5.3	5.5	5.4
5	13	15	63
%	1.4	1.1	5.3
8	34M	96M	80M
9	13M	54M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V56 Effort: sort glass for recycling

Location: 69 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.19a How often do you make a special effort to sort glass or tins or plastic or newspapers and so on for recycling?
(Please tick one box only)

SF: question asked as three separate questions. Now V56 includes combined information from three respective variables.

1. Always
2. Often
3. Sometimes
4. Never
5. Recycling not available where I live

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	718	390	284	87	393	821	325	804	499	524	341	210
%	74.3	74.0	29.6	11.8	32.5	81.2	26.5	50.1	34.6	49.6	27.9	19.5
2	201	97	204	134	291	141	275	567	579	356	332	210
%	20.8	18.4	21.3	18.2	24.0	13.9	22.4	35.3	40.1	33.7	27.1	19.5
3	33	24	262	259	271	38	323	172	296	127	339	231
%	3.4	4.6	27.3	35.2	22.4	3.8	26.4	10.7	20.5	12.0	27.7	21.4
4	7	12	155	227	189	5	214	49	40	19	98	62
%	.7	2.3	16.2	30.8	15.6	.5	17.5	3.1	2.8	1.8	8.0	5.8
5	7	4	54	29	67	6	88	14	30	31	113	364
%	.7	.8	5.6	3.9	5.5	.6	7.2	.9	2.1	2.9	9.2	33.8
8				1M	2M							
9	8M		13M	8M	63M		7M	3M	8M	10M	21M	
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	32	37	439	606	134	61	664	346	13	228	129	482
%	3.2	2.2	39.7	54.6	11.2	5.1	56.8	36.2	1.3	22.8	8.7	47.5
2	38	68	277	266	215	64	309	204	33	215	143	403
%	3.8	4.0	25.0	24.0	17.9	5.3	26.4	21.3	3.3	21.5	9.6	39.7
3	134	163	208	147	537	181	159	195	109	263	394	106
%	13.3	9.6	18.8	13.3	44.8	15.1	13.6	20.4	10.9	26.4	26.4	10.4
4	388	621	71	51	169	328	31	119	317	126	592	20
%	38.4	36.7	6.4	4.6	14.1	27.3	2.7	12.4	31.7	12.6	39.7	2.0
5	418	803	112	39	145	566	6	93	528	166	233	4
%	41.4	47.5	10.1	3.5	12.1	47.2	.5	9.7	52.8	16.6	15.6	.4
8		13M								1M	9M	32M
9	3M		5M	6M		5M	11M	1M		1M	3M	22M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V56 Effort: sort glass for recycling

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	690	789	182
%	69.5	52.4	14.5
2	247	547	160
%	24.9	36.3	12.7
3	45	141	421
%	4.5	9.4	33.5
4	5	30	319
%	.5	2.0	25.4
5	6		176
%	.6		14.0
8			
9	13M	21M	4M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V57 No car driving for environmental reasons

Location: 70 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.19b And how often do you cut back on driving a car for environmental reasons?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Always
2. Often
3. Sometimes
4. Never
5. I do not have or cannot drive a car
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	21	7	33	14	58	40	19	47	53	16	39	21
%	2.2	1.3	3.4	1.9	4.8	4.0	1.6	2.9	3.7	1.5	3.2	1.9
2	190	59	96	47	135	165	71	287	206	139	135	104
%	19.7	11.2	10.0	6.4	11.1	16.3	5.8	17.9	14.2	13.2	11.1	9.7
3	381	175	260	157	364	297	225	541	507	348	310	266
%	39.5	33.2	27.0	21.4	29.9	29.4	18.4	33.7	35.1	32.9	25.4	24.7
4	183	143	343	321	568	268	655	411	515	416	343	453
%	19.0	27.1	35.6	43.7	46.7	26.5	53.6	25.6	35.6	39.4	28.1	42.1
5	190	143	231	196	91	240	253	318	165	138	394	233
%	19.7	27.1	24.0	26.7	7.5	23.8	20.7	19.8	11.4	13.1	32.3	21.6
8				2M		1M						
9	9M		9M	8M	60M		9M	5M	6M	10M	23M	
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	2	10	23	52	31	24	51	15	2	17	77	35
%	.2	.6	2.1	4.7	2.6	2.0	4.4	1.6	.2	1.7	5.2	4.0
2	15	12	124	208	74	29	108	51	10	95	53	177
%	1.5	.7	11.2	18.7	6.2	2.4	9.3	5.3	1.0	9.6	3.6	20.1
3	78	56	321	387	182	97	268	122	81	157	152	359
%	7.7	3.4	29.0	34.9	15.2	8.1	23.0	12.8	8.1	15.9	10.2	40.7
4	311	377	546	402	68	700	393	413	397	370	256	306
%	30.8	22.7	49.4	36.2	5.7	58.3	33.8	43.3	39.7	37.4	17.2	34.7
5	604	1206	91	61	843	350	344	353	510	351	950	5
%	59.8	72.6	8.2	5.5	70.4	29.2	29.6	37.0	51.0	35.5	63.8	.6
8		44M								7M	7M	172M
9	3M		7M	5M	2M	5M	16M	4M		3M	8M	15M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V57 No car driving for environmental reasons

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	71	28	34
%	7.2	1.9	2.7
2	308	183	64
%	31.0	12.2	5.1
3	344	487	215
%	34.7	32.3	17.1
4	108	404	214
%	10.9	26.8	17.0
5	161	404	730
%	16.2	26.8	58.1
8			
9	14M	22M	5M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V58 Member of group to preserve environment

Location: 71 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.20 Are you a member of any group whose main aim is to preserve or protect the environment?
(Please tick one box only)

1. Yes
2. No

8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	51	14	56	20	105	79	45	261	53	62	35	40
%	5.3	2.7	5.9	2.7	8.7	7.9	3.7	16.3	3.7	5.9	2.9	3.7
2	913	513	899	716	1108	922	1178	1345	1385	993	1173	1037
%	94.7	97.3	94.1	97.3	91.3	92.1	96.3	83.7	96.3	94.1	97.1	96.3
8					1M	10M						
9	10M		17M	9M	62M		9M	3M	14M	12M	36M	
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	18	16	122	81	88	75	18	18	10	30	52	114
%	1.8	.9	11.1	7.3	7.3	6.3	1.5	1.9	1.0	3.1	3.5	10.8
2	994	1677	980	1024	1112	1118	1158	931	990	951	1436	940
%	98.2	99.1	88.9	92.7	92.7	93.7	98.5	98.1	99.0	96.9	96.5	89.2
8		12M								12M	4M	
9	1M		10M	10M		12M	4M	9M		7M	11M	15M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	184	81	66
%	18.6	5.4	5.2
2	806	1419	1193
%	81.4	94.6	94.8
8			
9	16M	28M	3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V59 Last five year: signed a petition

Location: 72 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.21 In the last five years, have you ..
(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.21a signed a petition about an environmental issue?

1. Yes, I have
2. No, I have not
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	314	153	287	118	264	300	309	352	202	274	179	129
%	32.9	29.4	30.4	16.3	22.3	29.7	25.2	21.9	14.5	25.9	14.8	12.0
2	641	367	657	608	920	711	915	1254	1194	782	1034	948
%	67.1	70.6	69.6	83.7	77.7	70.3	74.8	78.1	85.5	74.1	85.2	88.0
8					1M							
9	19M	7M	28M	19M	91M		8M	3M	56M	11M	31M	
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	50	74	498	289	39	228	253	153	99	44	124	182
%	4.9	4.4	45.4	26.2	3.3	19.0	21.7	16.1	9.9	4.4	8.3	17.4
2	961	1623	599	816	1161	972	911	800	901	949	1367	862
%	95.1	95.6	54.6	73.8	96.8	81.0	78.3	83.9	90.1	95.6	91.7	82.6
8		8M								7M	11M	
9	2M		15M	10M		5M	16M	5M			1M	25M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	406	323	153
%	41.3	21.6	12.2
2	578	1172	1102
%	58.7	78.4	87.8
8			
9	22M	33M	7M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V60 Last five year: given money a group

Location: 73 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.21 In the last five years, have you ..
Q.21b given money to an environmental group?

1. Yes, I have
2. No, I have not
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	198	65	225	108	269	281	242	719	399	253	113	115
%	20.8	12.6	24.2	15.0	22.8	27.8	19.8	44.8	28.4	24.2	9.3	10.7
2	753	452	704	611	910	730	978	887	1004	794	1098	962
%	79.2	87.4	75.8	85.0	77.2	72.2	80.2	55.2	71.6	75.8	90.7	89.3
8					1M							
9	23M	10M	43M	26M	96M		12M	3M	49M	20M	33M	
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	27	27	325	251	82	143	106	71	23	23	117	233
%	2.7	1.6	30.1	22.7	6.8	11.9	9.1	7.4	2.3	2.3	7.9	22.3
2	984	1672	754	854	1118	1055	1064	884	977	969	1373	810
%	97.3	98.4	69.9	77.3	93.2	88.1	90.9	92.6	97.7	97.7	92.1	77.7
8		6M								8M	12M	
9	2M		33M	10M		7M	10M	3M			1M	26M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	384	354	146
%	38.7	23.7	11.6
2	607	1141	1110
%	61.3	76.3	88.4
8			
9	15M	33M	6M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V61 Last five year: protest demonstration

Location: 74 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.21 In the last five years, have you ..
Q.21c taken part in a protest or demonstration about an environmental issue?

1. Yes, I have
2. No, I have not
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	63	19	28	13	37		62	23	38	36	34	49
%	6.7	3.7	3.0	1.8	3.2		5.1	1.4	2.7	3.4	2.8	4.5
2	883	493	896	697	1123		1159	1583	1356	1012	1171	1028
%	93.3	96.3	97.0	98.2	96.8		94.9	98.6	97.3	96.6	97.2	95.5
8					1M							
9	28M	15M	48M	35M	115M		11M	3M	58M	19M	39M	
0						1011M						
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	35	22	45	43	31	92	25	77	29	16	59	34
%	3.5	1.3	4.2	3.9	2.6	7.7	2.1	8.1	2.9	1.6	3.9	3.3
2	976	1678	1026	1055	1169	1105	1145	878	971	979	1435	1009
%	96.5	98.7	95.8	96.1	97.4	92.3	97.9	91.9	97.1	98.4	96.1	96.7
8		5M								5M	8M	
9	2M		41M	17M		8M	10M	3M			1M	26M
0												
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	65	16	103
%	6.6	1.1	8.2
2	924	1473	1152
%	93.4	98.9	91.8
8			
9	17M	39M	7M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V62 Expressing what you believe about God

Location: 75 MD1: 9
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.22 Please tick one box below to show which statement comes closest to expressing what you believe about God.
(Please tick one box only)

1. I don't believe in God
2. I don't know whether there is a God and I don't believe there is any way to find out
3. I don't believe in a personal God, but I do believe in a Higher Power of some kind
4. I find myself believing in God some of the time- but not at others
5. While I have doubts, I feel that I do believe in God
6. I know God really exists and I have no doubts about it
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	89	262	120	27	33	79	31	312	205	199	330	166
%	9.7	53.0	12.7	3.8	2.8	8.0	2.6	19.9	14.9	19.5	28.1	16.3
2	96	77	140	44	49	62	42	217	191	162	155	69
%	10.5	15.6	14.9	6.3	4.2	6.3	3.5	13.8	13.9	15.9	13.2	6.8
3	216	57	116	57	83	231	92	331	321	328	269	328
%	23.6	11.5	12.3	8.1	7.1	23.5	7.7	21.1	23.3	32.1	22.9	32.1
4	90	40	133	61	41	82	123	111	84	69	114	75
%	9.8	8.1	14.1	8.7	3.5	8.3	10.2	7.1	6.1	6.8	9.7	7.3
5	192	32	220	138	192	186	321	225	312	149	137	141
%	21.0	6.5	23.4	19.7	16.5	18.9	26.7	14.3	22.7	14.6	11.7	13.8
6	232	26	213	375	766	345	592	374	264	114	169	242
%	25.4	5.3	22.6	53.4	65.8	35.0	49.3	23.8	19.2	11.2	14.4	23.7
8	52M	33M	22M	31M	46M	26M	27M	31M	39M	32M	70M	56M
9	7M		8M	12M	66M		4M	8M	36M	14M		
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	137	251	120	56	5	109	141	63	132	25	22	161
%	14.9	15.4	11.4	5.2	.4	9.2	13.7	6.8	13.6	2.5	1.5	15.9
2	88	116	132	73	13	55	188	64	65	13	21	143
%	9.6	7.1	12.5	6.8	1.1	4.6	18.2	6.9	6.7	1.3	1.4	14.2
3	257	327	193	190	37	142	297	119	379	66	52	279
%	27.9	20.1	18.3	17.6	3.1	11.9	28.8	12.8	39.0	6.7	3.5	27.6
4	103	236	86	63	20	56	273	63	45	75	45	78
%	11.2	14.5	8.1	5.8	1.7	4.7	26.5	6.8	4.6	7.6	3.0	7.7
5	132	193	177	186	60	111	80	156	149	173	143	242
%	14.3	11.9	16.7	17.2	5.1	9.3	7.8	16.8	15.3	17.5	9.6	24.0
6	204	504	349	511	1043	718	53	463	201	639	1206	107
%	22.1	31.0	33.0	47.4	88.5	60.3	5.1	49.9	20.7	64.5	81.0	10.6
8	89M	78M	43M	28M	22M	12M	139M	11M	29M		5M	41M
9	3M		12M	8M		2M	9M	19M		9M	9M	18M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V62 Expressing what you believe about God

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	83	85	11
%	8.8	6.2	.9
2	71	164	16
%	7.5	12.0	1.3
3	281	349	53
%	29.9	25.5	4.3
4	54	101	29
%	5.7	7.4	2.3
5	151	289	76
%	16.0	21.1	6.1
6	301	383	1052
%	32.0	27.9	85.0
8	32M	44M	19M
9	33M	113M	6M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V63 Describe the place where you live

Location: 76 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.23 Would you describe the place where you live as...
SF: in questionnaire only asked with four categories
(Please tick one box only)

1. A big city
2. The suburbs or outskirts of a big city
3. A small city or town
SF: not in questionnaire
4. A country village
5. A farm or home in the country
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available: A, DK, NIRL

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	139	111	96		238		59	282	309	225	244	109
%	14.4	21.1	10.0		19.7		4.8	17.6	21.3	21.3	19.9	10.7
2	151	58	179		292		291	222	207	197	163	149
%	15.6	11.0	18.6		24.2		23.7	13.8	14.3	18.6	13.3	14.6
3	356	210	510		499		346	530	323	290	472	324
%	36.8	39.8	52.9		41.3		28.2	33.1	22.3	27.4	38.5	31.7
4	301	140	160		51		128	517	326	239	345	441
%	31.1	26.6	16.6		4.2		10.4	32.3	22.5	22.6	28.1	43.1
5	21	8	19		127		404	52	286	106	2	
%	2.2	1.5	2.0		10.5		32.9	3.2	19.7	10.0	.2	
8												54M
9	6M		8M		69M		4M	6M	1M	10M	18M	
0				745M		1011M						
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	402	819	193	208	353	624	115	196	425	245	563	
%	39.8	48.1	17.5	18.7	29.4	51.9	9.8	20.5	42.5	24.6	37.8	
2	31	41	345	181	94	135	228	102	82	195	177	
%	3.1	2.4	31.2	16.3	7.8	11.2	19.4	10.7	8.2	19.6	11.9	
3	283	431	329	515	241	324	440	228	203	193	492	
%	28.0	25.3	29.8	46.4	20.1	26.9	37.4	23.8	20.3	19.4	33.0	
4	293	408	95	95	465	118	350	398	210	348	176	
%	29.0	24.0	8.6	8.6	38.8	9.8	29.8	41.6	21.0	35.0	11.8	
5	2	3	143	112	47	2	43	33	80	13	82	
%	.2	.2	12.9	10.1	3.9	.2	3.7	3.4	8.0	1.3	5.5	
8		3M								6M	7M	
9	2M		7M	4M		2M	4M	1M			6M	
0												1069M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V63 Describe the place where you live

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	133	246	302
%	13.6	16.2	24.2
2	210	681	62
%	21.5	44.7	5.0
3	287		458
%	29.3		36.7
4	318	306	398
%	32.5	20.1	31.9
5	30	289	29
%	3.1	19.0	2.3
8			
9	28M	6M	13M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V64 Nuclear power stations - environment

Location: 77 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.24 In general, do you think that nuclear power stations are ...
(Please tick one box only)

1. Extremely dangerous for the environment
2. Very dangerous
3. Somewhat dangerous
4. Not very dangerous
5. Not dangerous at all for the environment
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	212	104		238		470	554	216			118	
%	23.3	20.6		36.1		47.0	46.3	13.9			10.1	
2	311	187		195		358	406	440			255	
%	34.2	37.0		29.6		35.8	33.9	28.4			21.8	
3	271	148		163		142	215	617			442	
%	29.8	29.2		24.7		14.2	18.0	39.8			37.7	
4	99	62		58		24	17	230			269	
%	10.9	12.3		8.8		2.4	1.4	14.8			23.0	
5	17	5		5		7	5	46			87	
%	1.9	1.0		.8		.7	.4	3.0			7.4	
8	55M	21M		77M		10M	21M	54M			73M	
9	9M			9M			14M	6M				
0			972M		1276M				1452M	1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	91	843	461	268	645		294	357	262	529		359
%	10.4	51.3	42.4	25.2	55.8		26.3	38.9	26.7	54.5		34.8
2	222	440	247	272	315		357	427	370	353		270
%	25.5	26.8	22.7	25.6	27.2		31.9	46.6	37.7	36.4		26.2
3	373	277	301	392	149		372	116	312	79		223
%	42.8	16.9	27.7	36.8	12.9		33.2	12.6	31.8	8.1		21.6
4	159	67	69	116	42		89	15	36	9		164
%	18.2	4.1	6.4	10.9	3.6		8.0	1.6	3.7	.9		15.9
5	27	16	8	16	5		7	2	1			15
%	3.1	1.0	.7	1.5	.4		.6	.2	.1			1.5
8	137M	62M	20M	44M	44M		59M	32M	19M	29M		27M
9	4M		6M	7M			2M	9M		1M		11M
0						1205M					1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V64 Nuclear power stations - environment

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	227	366	
%	23.9	25.6	
2	322	305	
%	34.0	21.4	
3	251	335	
%	26.5	23.5	
4	133	351	
%	14.0	24.6	
5	15	71	
%	1.6	5.0	
8	30M	74M	
9	28M	26M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V65 Government should redistribute income

Location: 78 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 9

Q.25 How much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.25a Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well-off

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1				106		171	104	224	228		228	
%				15.2		18.5	8.8	14.3	16.1		19.3	
2				248		360	540	619	526		274	
%				35.6		38.9	45.6	39.4	37.3		23.2	
3				163		175	193	358	308		237	
%				23.4		18.9	16.3	22.8	21.8		20.1	
4				149		144	320	283	265		240	
%				21.4		15.6	27.0	18.0	18.8		20.3	
5				31		75	28	86	85		203	
%				4.4		8.1	2.4	5.5	6.0		17.2	
8				34M		86M	36M	30M	24M		62M	
9				14M			11M	9M	16M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	293	557	67	136	206		203		127	284		152
%	32.0	35.4	6.3	12.7	17.3		19.5		13.5	28.8		14.9
2	208	522	192	253	512		219		223	482		290
%	22.7	33.2	17.9	23.5	43.0		21.1		23.7	48.8		28.5
3	126	214	189	242	230		335		220	133		188
%	13.8	13.6	17.6	22.5	19.3		32.2		23.4	13.5		18.5
4	97	166	409	313	169		119		282	80		198
%	10.6	10.6	38.2	29.1	14.2		11.5		29.9	8.1		19.5
5	192	113	215	131	74		163		90	8		189
%	21.0	7.2	20.1	12.2	6.2		15.7		9.6	.8		18.6
8	95M	133M	18M	33M	9M		132M		58M	11M		41M
9	2M		22M	7M			9M			2M		11M
0						1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V65 Government should redistribute income

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	134	354	
%	14.6	24.9	
2	247	522	
%	26.9	36.7	
3	202	288	
%	22.0	20.2	
4	179	205	
%	19.5	14.4	
5	157	55	
%	17.1	3.9	
8	57M	79M	
9	30M	25M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V66 People can do little to change lives

Location: 79 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25b There is little that people can do to change the course of their lives

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1				31		49	17	40	24		122	
%				4.4		5.0	1.4	2.5	1.7		10.0	
2				122		162	183	274	84		292	
%				17.3		16.4	15.2	17.4	5.9		23.9	
3				139		101	89	294	129		185	
%				19.7		10.3	7.4	18.7	9.1		15.1	
4				325		426	755	801	749		369	
%				46.2		43.2	62.8	50.9	52.7		30.2	
5				87		247	159	165	436		254	
%				12.4		25.1	13.2	10.5	30.7		20.8	
8				25M		26M	19M	26M	15M		22M	
9				16M			10M	9M	15M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	273	275	24	89	86		164		52	158		74
%	28.7	16.9	2.2	8.4	7.2		15.3		5.4	16.1		7.1
2	329	417	55	313	383		135		209	381		227
%	34.6	25.6	5.0	29.4	32.1		12.6		21.8	38.8		21.8
3	156	222	43	256	252		234		141	172		92
%	16.4	13.6	3.9	24.1	21.1		21.9		14.7	17.5		8.8
4	104	465	537	321	368		232		452	222		313
%	10.9	28.5	49.3	30.2	30.8		21.7		47.1	22.6		30.0
5	90	251	431	84	104		304		106	50		337
%	9.5	15.4	39.5	7.9	8.7		28.4		11.0	5.1		32.3
8	59M	75M	4M	44M	7M		104M		40M	14M		15M
9	2M		18M	8M			7M			3M		11M
0						1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V66 People can do little to change lives

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	35	36	
%	3.7	2.5	
2	138	175	
%	14.5	12.0	
3	110	127	
%	11.6	8.7	
4	387	742	
%	40.8	51.1	
5	279	373	
%	29.4	25.7	
8	28M	44M	
9	29M	31M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V67 People challenge authority too often

Location: 80 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25c One of the problems with people today is that they challenge authority too often

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1 %				21 3.1		140 14.9	33 2.8	227 14.5	25 1.9		94 8.2	
2 %				176 25.7		408 43.4	356 30.0	836 53.3	171 12.9		259 22.7	
3 %				184 26.8		175 18.6	185 15.6	323 20.6	377 28.3		326 28.5	
4 %				254 37.0		158 16.8	536 45.2	175 11.2	553 41.6		328 28.7	
5 %				51 7.4		59 6.3	76 6.4	8 .5	204 15.3		135 11.8	
8				40M		71M	37M	30M	99M		102M	
9				19M			9M	10M	23M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1 %	71 8.4	112 7.4	39 3.6		102 8.6		91 9.3		43 5.3	170 18.1		40 4.1
2 %	92 10.8	269 17.7	249 23.1		491 41.6		166 17.0		265 32.5	426 45.3		165 16.8
3 %	144 17.0	244 16.0	211 19.6		313 26.5		336 34.4		229 28.1	181 19.3		233 23.8
4 %	161 19.0	487 32.0	445 41.4		214 18.1		170 17.4		224 27.5	140 14.9		246 25.1
5 %	381 44.9	411 27.0	132 12.3		60 5.1		213 21.8		55 6.7	23 2.4		297 30.3
8	162M	182M	15M		20M		195M		184M	55M		69M
9	2M		21M				9M			5M		19M
0				1115M		1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V67 People challenge authority too often

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	68	30	
%	7.7	2.5	
2	282	219	
%	31.9	17.9	
3	186	382	
%	21.1	31.2	
4	235	439	
%	26.6	35.9	
5	112	153	
%	12.7	12.5	
8	93M	261M	
9	30M	44M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V68 People with money should be left enjoy

Location: 81 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25d People with money should be left to enjoy it

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1				59		97	67	79	89		276	
%				8.4		10.9	5.6	5.1	6.3		23.4	
2				359		379	790	784	744		446	
%				50.9		42.4	66.4	50.9	53.0		37.9	
3				217		221	214	533	463		286	
%				30.8		24.7	18.0	34.6	33.0		24.3	
4				60		141	105	124	85		133	
%				8.5		15.8	8.8	8.1	6.0		11.3	
5				10		55	14	20	24		37	
%				1.4		6.2	1.2	1.3	1.7		3.1	
8				26M		118M	32M	58M	28M		66M	
9				14M			10M	11M	19M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	301	395	107		99		141		96	208		344
%	33.1	26.4	10.0		8.3		12.9		10.7	21.1		33.1
2	262	496	540		380		163		446	478		429
%	28.9	33.2	50.4		31.9		15.0		49.6	48.5		41.3
3	142	234	328		255		242		249	171		166
%	15.6	15.7	30.6		21.4		22.2		27.7	17.4		16.0
4	112	201	82		341		213		94	93		77
%	12.3	13.5	7.7		28.6		19.6		10.4	9.4		7.4
5	91	168	14		118		330		15	35		23
%	10.0	11.2	1.3		9.9		30.3		1.7	3.6		2.2
8	97M	211M	19M		7M		82M		100M	13M		19M
9	8M		22M				9M			2M		11M
0				1115M		1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V68 People with money should be left enjoy

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	90	70	
%	10.1	5.0	
2	348	396	
%	39.1	28.4	
3	254	532	
%	28.6	38.1	
4	135	269	
%	15.2	19.3	
5	62	129	
%	7.0	9.2	
8	84M	100M	
9	33M	32M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V69 People follow conscience even break law

Location: 82 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25e There are times when people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1				34		78	35	64	67		223	
%				5.2		9.0	3.1	4.1	4.8		18.9	
2				176		275	381	510	442		454	
%				26.8		31.7	33.2	33.0	31.6		38.5	
3				176		171	195	342	294		256	
%				26.8		19.7	17.0	22.2	21.0		21.7	
4				219		236	460	512	442		173	
%				33.3		27.2	40.1	33.2	31.6		14.7	
5				52		107	76	116	152		72	
%				7.9		12.3	6.6	7.5	10.9		6.1	
8				73M		144M	67M	57M	37M		66M	
9				15M			18M	8M	18M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	157	371	54		90		204		118	181		167
%	18.3	26.2	5.1		7.6		19.8		12.6	19.2		16.4
2	270	558	325		435		241		474	427		372
%	31.5	39.4	30.5		36.7		23.4		50.5	45.2		36.5
3	170	228	210		305		278		147	182		159
%	19.8	16.1	19.7		25.7		27.0		15.7	19.3		15.6
4	131	155	370		287		121		176	130		149
%	15.3	11.0	34.7		24.2		11.7		18.8	13.8		14.6
5	130	103	108		68		187		23	24		173
%	15.2	7.3	10.1		5.7		18.1		2.5	2.5		17.0
8	143M	290M	26M		15M		140M		62M	49M		38M
9	12M		19M				9M			7M		11M
0				1115M		1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V69 People follow conscience even break law

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	153	87	
%	16.3	6.3	
2	379	444	
%	40.3	32.2	
3	145	312	
%	15.4	22.6	
4	192	399	
%	20.4	29.0	
5	71	136	
%	7.6	9.9	
8	56M	115M	
9	10M	35M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V70 Private enterprise needs control

Location: 83 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25f Private enterprise needs to be controlled to protect everyone's needs.

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1				50		154	49	207	103		503	
%				7.8		17.2	4.4	13.4	7.6		42.6	
2				306		444	671	1104	668		455	
%				48.0		49.7	59.6	71.5	49.2		38.6	
3				198		141	221	189	347		120	
%				31.0		15.8	19.6	12.2	25.6		10.2	
4				72		108	163	37	204		73	
%				11.3		12.1	14.5	2.4	15.0		6.2	
5				12		47	22	7	36		29	
%				1.9		5.3	2.0	.5	2.7		2.5	
8				88M		117M	94M	56M	75M		64M	
9				19M			12M	9M	19M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	471	711	71		158		350		189	314		286
%	51.6	44.9	6.8		13.3		34.1		19.8	33.2		29.5
2	294	609	384		601		434		521	489		363
%	32.2	38.5	36.7		50.5		42.3		54.6	51.7		37.4
3	86	152	248		273		194		134	105		173
%	9.4	9.6	23.7		22.9		18.9		14.0	11.1		17.8
4	26	79	268		131		29		84	33		96
%	2.8	5.0	25.6		11.0		2.8		8.8	3.5		9.9
5	36	32	76		27		18		26	4		52
%	3.9	2.0	7.3		2.3		1.8		2.7	.4		5.4
8	87M	122M	46M		10M		147M		46M	55M		82M
9	13M		19M				8M					17M
0				1115M		1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V70 Private enterprise needs control

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	204	98	
%	22.0	7.5	
2	447	399	
%	48.3	30.4	
3	115	369	
%	12.4	28.1	
4	113	344	
%	12.2	26.2	
5	47	103	
%	5.1	7.8	
8	68M	179M	
9	12M	36M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V71 All societies have inequalities

Location: 84 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25g All societies have inequalities which it is better not to interfere with.

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1 %				34 5.3		55 7.0	12 1.1	38 2.5	35 2.6		72 6.6	
2 %				162 25.3		204 26.0	322 29.5	334 22.4	347 25.8		215 19.6	
3 %				219 34.2		235 29.9	256 23.5	426 28.5	417 31.0		282 25.7	
4 %				179 27.9		224 28.5	456 41.8	608 40.7	442 32.9		285 26.0	
5 %				47 7.3		68 8.7	44 4.0	87 5.8	104 7.7		244 22.2	
8				87M		225M	130M	106M	91M		146M	
9				17M			12M	10M	16M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1 %	126 14.9	174 11.8	23 2.2		75 6.3		25 2.4		87 9.5	148 15.7		91 9.1
2 %	168 19.8	286 19.4	244 23.8		445 37.6		58 5.5		340 37.1	365 38.7		229 22.8
3 %	202 23.8	273 18.5	328 32.0		294 24.9		257 24.3		209 22.8	169 17.9		200 19.9
4 %	158 18.7	443 30.0	378 36.8		286 24.2		325 30.7		234 25.5	193 20.5		262 26.1
5 %	193 22.8	299 20.3	53 5.2		82 6.9		392 37.1		46 5.0	67 7.1		223 22.2
8	151M	230M	66M		18M		114M		84M	53M		52M
9	15M		20M				9M			5M		12M
0				1115M		1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V71 All societies have inequalities

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	36	41	
%	3.9	3.1	
2	150	279	
%	16.3	21.1	
3	138	352	
%	15.0	26.7	
4	395	498	
%	43.0	37.7	
5	199	150	
%	21.7	11.4	
8	78M	176M	
9	10M	32M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V72 Taking everything into account, better

Location: 85 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.25h Taking everything into account, the world is getting better.

<Complete question text Q.25>

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Disagree
5. Strongly disagree
8. Can't choose, don't know
9. NA, refused
0. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1 %				17 2.5		32 3.6	29 2.5	26 1.7	35 2.6		93 7.8	
2 %				184 26.9		119 13.4	535 45.9	309 20.8	466 34.6		332 27.8	
3 %				211 30.8		266 30.0	216 18.5	522 35.1	486 36.1		349 29.3	
4 %				203 29.7		341 38.4	329 28.2	525 35.3	290 21.6		306 25.6	
5 %				69 10.1		129 14.5	56 4.8	106 7.1	68 5.1		113 9.5	
8				50M		124M	52M	115M	95M		51M	
9				11M			15M	6M	12M			
0	974M	527M	972M		1276M					1067M		1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1 %	37 4.1	86 6.5	17 1.6		88 7.4		45 4.5		23 2.6	160 16.4		53 5.4
2 %	106 11.8	260 19.6	213 20.0		436 36.8		128 12.9		210 23.5	437 44.9		271 27.6
3 %	177 19.8	301 22.6	276 25.9		297 25.1		352 35.4		225 25.2	170 17.5		265 27.0
4 %	187 20.9	392 29.5	433 40.7		255 21.5		253 25.5		318 35.6	170 17.5		254 25.9
5 %	389 43.4	290 21.8	126 11.8		109 9.2		216 21.7		118 13.2	37 3.8		139 14.2
8	106M	376M	27M		15M		181M		106M	25M		70M
9	11M		20M				5M			1M		17M
0				1115M		1205M		958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V72 Taking everything into account, better

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	16	26	
%	1.7	1.9	
2	129	211	
%	14.1	15.7	
3	314	385	
%	34.3	28.6	
4	344	525	
%	37.6	39.0	
5	113	200	
%	12.3	14.8	
8	81M	154M	
9	9M	27M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V73 RCH:Antibiotics kill bacteria not virus

Location: 86 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9 Republic of Chile:
For each statement below, just tick the box that comes
closest to your opinion of how true it is.

Q.9a Antibiotics can kill bacteria but not viruses.

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1207
1. Definitely true	144	0.46	11.93
2. Probably true	331	1.07	27.42
3. True	590	1.90	48.88
4. Probably not true	91	0.29	7.54
5. Definitely untrue	51	0.16	4.23
8. Can't choose, don't know	290	0.93	.
9. NA, refused	6	0.02	.
0. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V74 RCH:Human beings developed from animals

Location: 87 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9b Republic of Chile:
Human beings developed from earlier species of animals.

<Complete question text Q.9>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1261
1. Definitely true	111	0.36	8.80
2. Probably true	297	0.96	23.55
3. True	474	1.53	37.59
4. Probably not true	181	0.58	14.35
5. Definitely untrue	198	0.64	15.70
8. Can't choose, don't know	232	0.75	.
9. NA, refused	10	0.03	.
0. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V75 RCH:Man-made chemicals can cause cancer

Location: 88 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9c Republic of Chile:

All man-made chemicals can cause cancer if you eat enough of them.

<Complete question text Q.9>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1335
1. Definitely true	160	0.52	11.99
2. Probably true	427	1.38	31.99
3. True	546	1.76	40.90
4. Probably not true	148	0.48	11.09
5. Definitely untrue	54	0.17	4.04
8. Can't choose, don't know	161	0.52	.
9. NA, refused	7	0.02	.
0. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V76 RCH:Exposed radioactivity results to die

Location: 89 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9d Republic of Chile:

If someone is exposed to any amount of radioactivity they are certain to die as a result.

<Complete question text Q.9>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1302
1. Definitely true	184	0.59	14.13
2. Probably true	405	1.30	31.11
3. True	552	1.78	42.40
4. Probably not true	116	0.37	8.91
5. Definitely untrue	45	0.14	3.46
8. Can't choose, don't know	194	0.62	.
9. NA, refused	7	0.02	.
0. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V77 RCH:Greenhouse effect:hole i earth atmos

Location: 90 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9e Republic of Chile:

The greenhouse effect is caused by a hole in the earth's atmosphere.

<Complete question text Q.9>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1240
1. Definitely true	193	0.62	15.56
2. Probably true	347	1.12	27.98
3. True	560	1.80	45.16
4. Probably not true	84	0.27	6.77
5. Definitely untrue	56	0.18	4.52
8. Can't choose, don't know	258	0.83	.
9. NA, refused	5	0.02	.
0. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V78 RCH:Greenhouse effect: use coal oil gas

Location: 91 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.9f Republic of Chile:
Every time we use coal or oil or gas, we contribute to the
greenhouse effect.

<Complete question text Q.9>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1253
1. Definitely true	175	0.56	13.97
2. Probably true	343	1.10	27.37
3. True	617	1.99	49.24
4. Probably not true	93	0.30	7.42
5. Definitely untrue	25	0.08	2.00
8. Can't choose, don't know	243	0.78	.
9. NA, refused	7	0.02	.
0. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V79 LV:To protect environment-this country..

Location: 92 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.14 Latvia (V42_LV):
Some countries are doing more to protect the world environment
than other countries are. In general, do you think that
<R'country> is doing ...

<See V42 for original ISSP question and answer categories>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 936
1. Very much	2	0.01	0.21
2. Rather much	41	0.13	4.38
3. Not very much	559	1.80	59.72
4. Almost nothing	334	1.08	35.68
8. Can't say	64	0.21	.
9. NA	0	0.00	.
0. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V80 LV: Which suits you the best

Location: 93 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.16b Latvia (V47_LV):
Which of the statements suits you the best:

<See V47 for original ISSP question and answer categories>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 893
1. It's up to all countries to make sacrifices	377	1.21	42.22
2. Poorer countries should not be expected to do as much	516	1.66	57.78
8. Cant say	107	0.34	.
0. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V81 LV:Matter of time nucl accid.cause probl

Location: 94 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Q.17 Latvia (V49_LV):

It's only a matter of time nuclear accident will cause problems

<See V49 for original ISSP question and answer categories>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 868
1. Strongly agree	150	0.48	17.28
2. Agree	430	1.39	49.54
3. Neither agree nor disagree	183	0.59	21.08
4. Disagree	86	0.28	9.91
5. Strongly disagree	19	0.06	2.19
8. Can't choose, don't know	132	0.43	.
0. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V200 <SEX> R: Sex

Location: 200 MD1: 9
Width: 1

Sex of Respondent

1. Male
2. Female
9. NA, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	476	244	406	335	560	406	555	791	751	511	502	478
%	48.9	46.3	41.8	45.0	43.9	40.2	45.0	49.2	51.7	47.9	40.4	44.4
2	498	283	566	410	716	605	677	818	701	556	742	599
%	51.1	53.7	58.2	55.0	56.1	59.8	55.0	50.8	48.3	52.1	59.6	55.6
9												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	473	777	538	530	600	519	522	333	410	411	640	533
%	46.7	45.6	48.5	47.8	50.0	43.1	44.2	34.8	41.0	41.1	42.6	49.9
2	540	928	572	579	600	686	658	625	590	589	863	536
%	53.3	54.4	51.5	52.2	50.0	56.9	55.8	65.2	59.0	58.9	57.4	50.1
9			2M	6M								
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	443	682	538
%	44.1	44.8	42.6
2	562	841	724
%	55.9	55.2	57.4
9	1M	5M	
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V201 <AGE> R: Age

Location: 201 MD1: 99
Width: 2

Age of Respondent

CDN: Please write down your exact age

CZ: Age constructed from the date of birth

NZ: Please indicate the year in which you were born

SF: Age computed from year of birth

<The data are recoded to a 'common core standard' only for presentation in the codebook. The dataset contains the variable unchanged.>

16. 16 years
18. GB: 18 years or above
... .. years
75. CH: 75 years
96. 96 years
GB: 96 years or older

99. No answer, refused

Categories

01. Less than 18 years
02. 18 - 24 years
03. 25 - 34 years
04. 35 - 44 years
05. 45 - 54 years
06. 55 - 64 years
07. 65 - 74 years
08. 75 years or more

99. No answer, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1							35	61				
%							2.9	3.8				
2	72	49	77	64	113	65	163	153	156	96	129	157
%	7.4	9.3	7.9	8.6	8.9	6.4	13.4	9.5	10.7	9.0	10.4	14.6
3	157	75	180	131	256	121	195	286	288	185	217	198
%	16.1	14.2	18.5	17.7	20.1	12.0	16.0	17.8	19.8	17.3	17.4	18.4
4	207	116	221	146	297	180	237	371	303	188	223	215
%	21.3	22.0	22.8	19.7	23.3	17.8	19.4	23.1	20.9	17.6	17.9	20.0
5	179	85	161	113	245	165	223	296	267	208	263	198
%	18.4	16.1	16.6	15.2	19.2	16.3	18.3	18.4	18.4	19.5	21.1	18.4
6	150	102	125	117	144	218	185	225	225	189	204	115
%	15.4	19.4	12.9	15.8	11.3	21.6	15.2	14.0	15.5	17.7	16.4	10.7
7	130	62	117	101	118	144	127	144	146	138	174	127
%	13.3	11.8	12.0	13.6	9.3	14.2	10.4	8.9	10.1	12.9	14.0	11.8
8	79	38	90	69	102	118	54	73	67	63	34	67
%	8.1	7.2	9.3	9.3	8.0	11.7	4.4	4.5	4.6	5.9	2.7	6.2
99			1M	4M	1M		13M					
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V201 R: Age

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1 %		72 4.2					36 3.1					
2 %	99 9.8	207 12.1	78 7.1	52 5.0	246 20.5	206 17.2	79 6.7	82 8.6	119 11.9	92 9.2	188 12.5	122 11.4
3 %	163 16.2	271 15.9	160 14.5	137 13.1	316 26.3	300 25.1	165 14.0	176 18.4	229 22.9	157 15.7	333 22.2	226 21.1
4 %	191 18.9	326 19.1	243 22.1	235 22.4	267 22.3	239 20.0	181 15.3	154 16.1	232 23.2	194 19.5	319 21.2	204 19.1
5 %	200 19.8	309 18.1	232 21.1	261 24.9	174 14.5	214 17.9	255 21.6	149 15.6	177 17.7	149 14.9	239 15.9	223 20.9
6 %	168 16.7	237 13.9	172 15.6	182 17.4	114 9.5	105 8.8	200 16.9	133 13.9	120 12.0	161 16.1	184 12.2	187 17.5
7 %	159 15.8	223 13.1	131 11.9	120 11.5	63 5.3	76 6.3	175 14.8	150 15.7	97 9.7	177 17.8	137 9.1	107 10.0
8 %	28 2.8	60 3.5	86 7.8	60 5.7	20 1.7	57 4.8	89 7.5	113 11.8	26 2.6	67 6.7	103 6.9	
99	5M		10M	68M		8M		1M		3M		
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1 %	16 1.6	98 6.4	
2 %	34 3.4	163 10.7	211 16.8
3 %	138 13.8	260 17.0	325 25.8
4 %	223 22.2	282 18.5	267 21.2
5 %	204 20.3	326 21.3	193 15.3
6 %	157 15.7	222 14.5	122 9.7
7 %	143 14.3	177 11.6	91 7.2
8 %	88 8.8		50 4.0
99	3M		3M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V202 <MARITAL> R: Marital status

Location: 203 MD1: 9
Width: 1

Marital status

1. Married or living as married
CDN,GB,NIRL: married, living as married
CZ: only legal marriage
NZ: married
2. Widowed
3. Divorced
4. Separated
5. Never married, not married, single
9. No answer, refused

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	594	299	548	356	570	571	727	937	785	550	727	702
%	61.3	56.8	56.4	47.8	44.7	56.5	59.0	58.2	54.1	52.9	59.4	65.2
2	79	61	117	100	125	17	60	97	54	41	137	106
%	8.2	11.6	12.0	13.4	9.8	1.7	4.9	6.0	3.7	3.9	11.2	9.9
3	62	36	78	64	200	159	12	108	137	69	148	33
%	6.4	6.8	8.0	8.6	15.7	15.7	1.0	6.7	9.4	6.6	12.1	3.1
4	10	8	34	48	54	73	39	9	29		13	
%	1.0	1.5	3.5	6.4	4.2	7.2	3.2	.6	2.0		1.1	
5	224	122	195	177	327	191	394	458	447	379	198	235
%	23.1	23.2	20.1	23.8	25.6	18.9	32.0	28.5	30.8	36.5	16.2	21.8
9	5M	1M								28M	21M	1M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	666	967	717	813	852	784	822	564	531	652	808	577
%	65.9	56.7	65.2	73.3	71.0	65.1	69.8	59.1	53.2	65.3	53.9	58.6
2	149	246	66	69	51	60	97	123	99	122	161	35
%	14.8	14.4	6.0	6.2	4.3	5.0	8.2	12.9	9.9	12.2	10.7	3.6
3	55	144	58	58	3	62	26	13	38	42	11	100
%	5.4	8.4	5.3	5.2	.3	5.1	2.2	1.4	3.8	4.2	.7	10.2
4	8	21	37	25	21	8	5	20	151	12	107	15
%	.8	1.2	3.4	2.3	1.8	.7	.4	2.1	15.1	1.2	7.1	1.5
5	132	327	222	144	273	290	228	235	180	171	411	257
%	13.1	19.2	20.2	13.0	22.8	24.1	19.4	24.6	18.0	17.1	27.4	26.1
9	3M		12M	6M		1M	2M	3M	1M	1M	5M	85M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	589	974	816
%	59.1	64.5	65.8
2	109	53	75
%	10.9	3.5	6.0
3	91	113	41
%	9.1	7.5	3.3
4	21	8	38
%	2.1	.5	3.1
5	186	363	270
%	18.7	24.0	21.8
9	10M	17M	22M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V203 <COHAB> R: Steady life-partner

Location: 204 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 9

(If married or living as) Do you have a steady life partner?
(If not married) Do you live together with a steady partner?
SF: recoded from marital status

1. Yes
NIRL: living as married
2. No

9. NA, refused
0. NAP (no partner)
A,CH,CZ,D,IRL,N,NIRL,NL,P,RCH,RP,S,SF: married
Not available: GB

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	128	62		21	89	42	56	210	219	192	63	
%	34.2	27.6		5.1	14.0	9.5	11.3	29.6	33.8	39.3	13.6	
2	246	163		389	547	398	439	500	428	297	399	
%	65.8	72.4		94.9	86.0	90.5	88.7	70.4	66.2	60.7	86.4	
9	6M	3M			70M		26M		20M	28M	55M	
0	594M	299M	972M	335M	570M	571M	711M	899M	785M	550M	727M	1077M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	84	73	93	45	21	46		17	117	16	121	190
%	21.6	9.9	24.3	16.9	6.1	12.5		4.5	24.6	4.8	17.6	40.3
2	305	665	290	222	321	323		362	359	317	568	281
%	78.4	90.1	75.7	83.1	93.9	87.5		95.5	75.4	95.2	82.4	59.7
9	3M		12M	35M	6M	82M		15M		14M	1M	21M
0	621M	967M	717M	813M	852M	754M	1180M	564M	524M	653M	813M	577M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	86	202	22
%	20.7	35.8	5.8
2	329	363	355
%	79.3	64.2	94.2
9	2M	17M	69M
0	589M	946M	816M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V204 <EDUCYRS> R: Education I: years in school

Location: 205 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 98

Education I: Years in school

- A,D: How many years from school to university education but without vocational training?
 CDN: How many years of schooling have you completed?
 CH: Computed on the base of information of the highest achieved degree
 CZ: Can you please count how many years in total you attended school? Include all years spent in any schools, even if you didn't complete the course of study, and/ or years of study in other than full-time education programs
 DK: How many years of schooling do you have? (subjective measurement)
 Derived from two variables, one measuring 'years in school', one measuring 'current status' (still at school etc.). In those cases where respondents have answered both questions, the latter variable (current status) is in all instances the 'strongest' variable.
 GB: Years in school: Derived from - How old were you when you completed continuous full-time education by subtracting 5 yrs (school starting age) from the answers
 IRL: How many years of full-time education did you receive?
 N: Years in school after compulsory education
 NL: Years of schooling following R's sixth birthday included vocational training, part time courses excluded
 NZ: Which one of these categories best describes the amount of formal education you have had? (it includes primary, secondary, university and polytechnic education, but not vocational training)
 RP: Actual number of years of full-time schooling
 RUS: How many years altogether did you study? (including vocational training)
 S: How many years have you attended school, all full-time education included?
 SLO: How many years in regular formal schooling?
 USA: What is the highest grade in elementary school or high school that you finished and got credit for?

<The data are recoded to a 'common core standard' only for presentation in the codebook. The dataset contains the variable unchanged.>

V204 R: Education I: years in school

(continued)

Categories

- 06. 6 years or less
- 07. 7 years
- 08. 8 years
 - NZ: 1-8 years
- 09. 9 years
 - N: 7-9 years, only compulsory
- 10. 10 years
- 11. 11 years
 - NZ: 9-11 years
- 12. 12 years
- 13. 13 years
 - NZ: 12-13 years
- 14. 14 years
- 15. 15 years
 - NZ: 14-16 years
- 16. 16 years
- 17. 17 years
 - NZ: 17 years and more
- 18. 18 years
- 19. 19 years and more

- 94. Other answer
 - CH: other education
- 95. Still at school
 - J: Still at high school
 - N,CH: Still at school + still at university
- 96. Still at college, university
- 97. No formal schooling, still at school

- 98. Don't know
- 99. No answer
 - E: No answer, don't know
- 00. Not available: NIRL

V204 R: Education I: years in school

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
6			1		14		20	44		59		67
%			.1		1.1		1.7	2.7		6.1		6.3
7	24	12	1		8		13	42		58		28
%	2.5	2.3	.1		.6		1.1	2.6		6.0		2.6
8	453	179	3		48	314	53	88		46	75	214
%	46.6	34.1	.3		3.8	31.1	4.4	5.5		4.8	6.2	20.1
9			106		31	257	97	116	97	66	66	14
%			10.9		2.4	25.4	8.1	7.2	7.1	6.8	5.5	1.3
10			173		53	71	116	209	114	58	26	40
%			17.8		4.2	7.0	9.6	13.0	8.4	6.0	2.2	3.7
11	301	250	310		84	70	115	156	163	125	196	174
%	31.0	47.6	31.9		6.6	6.9	9.6	9.7	12.0	13.0	16.3	16.3
12			97		373	99	159	190	239	146	392	227
%			10.0		29.3	9.8	13.2	11.8	17.6	15.1	32.6	21.3
13	66	26	85		132	62	201	91	171	84	203	29
%	6.8	5.0	8.8		10.4	6.1	16.7	5.7	12.6	8.7	16.9	2.7
14			26		145	26	116	113	135	72	54	44
%			2.7		11.4	2.6	9.6	7.0	9.9	7.5	4.5	4.1
15			17		60	23	76	103	107	76	33	29
%			1.8		4.7	2.3	6.3	6.4	7.9	7.9	2.7	2.7
16	7	1	50		190	22	73	80	81	66	39	43
%	.7	.2	5.1		14.9	2.2	6.1	5.0	6.0	6.8	3.2	4.0
17			41		37	23	65	58	79	44	38	20
%			4.2		2.9	2.3	5.4	3.6	5.8	4.6	3.2	1.9
18	85	38	17		50	17	43	49	68	22	34	10
%	8.7	7.2	1.8		3.9	1.7	3.6	3.0	5.0	2.3	2.8	.9
19			25		48	26	50	127	103	31	31	14
%			2.6		3.8	2.6	4.2	7.9	7.6	3.2	2.6	1.3
94			5									
%			.5									
95	36	19	4					53			3	45
%	3.7	3.6	.4					3.3			.2	4.2
96			10					90			11	64
%			1.0					5.6			.9	6.0
97					1		6			11		5
%					.1		.5			1.1		.5
98											3M	8M
99	2M	2M	1M		2M	1M	29M		95M	103M	40M	2M
0				745M								
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V204 R: Education I: years in school

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
6	53	132		28	339	30	21	110	19	523	384	37
%	5.3	7.9		2.7	28.3	2.5	1.8	14.3	1.9	52.4	25.7	4.1
7	68	139		19	36	5	5	45	19	51	50	31
%	6.7	8.4		1.8	3.0	.4	.4	5.9	1.9	5.1	3.3	3.4
8	112	167	84	38	68	61	63	135	55	38	173	13
%	11.1	10.1	7.7	3.6	5.7	5.1	5.5	17.6	5.6	3.8	11.6	1.4
9	19	57		33	57	18	140	30	37	50	52	21
%	1.9	3.4		3.2	4.8	1.5	12.3	3.9	3.7	5.0	3.5	2.3
10	31	251		74	258	74	24	59	80	55	87	46
%	3.1	15.1		7.1	21.6	6.2	2.1	7.7	8.1	5.5	5.8	5.0
11	242	115	345	80	38	52	31	24	194	29	72	43
%	24.0	6.9	31.4	7.6	3.2	4.4	2.7	3.1	19.7	2.9	4.8	4.7
12	132	184		227	83	459	449	43	171	54	281	57
%	13.1	11.1		21.7	6.9	38.6	39.4	5.6	17.3	5.4	18.8	6.3
13	39	132	300	72	36	62	27	40	61	6	69	70
%	3.9	7.9	27.3	6.9	3.0	5.2	2.4	5.2	6.2	.6	4.6	7.7
14	42	102		100	152	100	126	27	58	14	52	81
%	4.2	6.1		9.6	12.7	8.4	11.0	3.5	5.9	1.4	3.5	8.9
15	45	148	205	106	43	106	18	31	89	14	43	66
%	4.5	8.9	18.7	10.1	3.6	8.9	1.6	4.0	9.0	1.4	2.9	7.2
16	71	61		82	14	103	146	25	60	21	58	53
%	7.0	3.7		7.8	1.2	8.7	12.8	3.3	6.1	2.1	3.9	5.8
17	60	22	158	67	2	40	10	20	27	17	59	50
%	5.9	1.3	14.4	6.4	.2	3.4	.9	2.6	2.7	1.7	3.9	5.5
18	24	13		50	3	29	8	18	12	7	30	30
%	2.4	.8		4.8	.3	2.4	.7	2.3	1.2	.7	2.0	3.3
19	39	20		70	3	42	5	39	16	11	32	52
%	3.9	1.2		6.7	.3	3.5	.4	5.1	1.6	1.1	2.1	5.7
94												
%												
95	3	51			6		45		26	8		42
%	.3	3.1			.5		3.9		2.6	.8		4.6
96	19	64			45		23	7	63	19		118
%	1.9	3.9			3.8		2.0	.9	6.4	1.9		12.9
97	10	3	6		13	9		116		81	53	102
%	1.0	.2	.5		1.1	.8		15.1		8.1	3.5	11.2
98		44M			4M		4M	145M	11M	2M		74M
99	4M		14M	69M		15M	35M	44M	2M		8M	83M
0												
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V204 R: Education I: years in school

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
6		112	425
%		8.2	33.9
7		36	14
%		2.6	1.1
8		117	31
%		8.5	2.5
9	502	93	229
%	50.1	6.8	18.3
10	17	122	18
%	1.7	8.9	1.4
11	160	122	32
%	16.0	8.9	2.6
12	125	192	137
%	12.5	14.0	10.9
13		104	29
%		7.6	2.3
14		84	19
%		6.1	1.5
15		107	34
%		7.8	2.7
16	128	88	51
%	12.8	6.4	4.1
17		65	49
%		4.7	3.9
18		55	16
%		4.0	1.3
19		73	26
%		5.3	2.1
94	30		
%	3.0		
95	7		18
%	.7		1.4
96			23
%			1.8
97	33	1	102
%	3.3	.1	8.1
98	4M		2M
99		157M	7M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V205 <DEGREE> R: Education II: categories

Location: 207 MD1: 99
 Width: 2 MD2: 98

Education II: Categories

A,CZ: What is your highest achieved level of education?
 CH: Highest achieved degree
 CDN: How far did you go in school?
 D: What kind of a complete general school-education do you have?
 DK: Derived from two variables: 'school education' and 'education in addition to school education'
 GB: Highest educational qualifications obtained
 N: What kind of general education, what kind of vocational education/training, what kind of education on university/college level have you completed? Note: compulsory school was 7 years until about mid 1960's; 9 years of compulsory school was introduced during the 1960's, but at different times in different parts of the country.
 NZ: Which of these categories best describes your highest formal education?
 NL: Asked for the last following type of schooling
 SLO: Name last school you completed, regularly or while working?
 BG,S: Highest level of education
 RUS: What education do you have?
 IRL: What is the highest level of education that you attained?
 J: What is your highest school qualification?
 RP: Educational attainment of respondent
 E: Highest level of education
 USA: What is the highest degree?

01. None, still at school, still at university
 E: No formal schooling, illiterate
02. Incomplete primary, compulsory education
 BG: + Basic completed, 3-4 years
 CH: Incomplete primary, still at school
 D: School without qualification
03. Primary completed
 CH: Compulsory education, apprenticeship elementary
 D: Lower secondary: 'Volks- Hauptschule'
 GB,NIRL: No secondary qualifications
 NL: Basic education plus vocational training
 NZ: Primary school (including intermediate)
 S: Lowest formal qualification attainable
04. Incomplete secondary, technical school
 A: Apprenticeship completed, vocational middle school
 CH: Full time vocational education
 CZ: Includes lower vocational and other secondary education without diploma
 D: Middle school, polytechnic (completed 10th class), secondary technical
 DK: Incomplete secondary, higher education than primary, but does not mean that the respondent is attending secondary education
 IRL: Some second level, group certificate or equivalent, intermediate certificate or equivalent
 S: Qualification above the lowest qualification but below the usual entry requirement for universities (intermediate secondary)
 NZ: Secondary school (for up to 3 years)
 USA: Less than high school

V205 R: Education II: categories

(continued)

05. Secondary completed
 A: Matura
 CH: Maturity, teacher college, trade school, higher professional education
 CZ: Academic secondary, technical secondary, diploma
 D: Abitur, 'Fachhochschulreife'
 NIRE: A-level
 NL: Lower grammar school, commercial school plus vocational training, 3-5 years grammar school with classical education
 NZ: Secondary school (for 4 years or more)
 IRL: Leaving certificate or equivalent
 S: Higher secondary education completed, academic track, usual entry requirement for universities
 USA: High school
06. Incomplete + complete semi-higher qualification, incomplete university, other education
 BG: + College completed
 CH: Advanced technical college, other qualification
 D: Special university, other qualification
 DK: Incomplete university, higher education than secondary, but does not mean that the respondent is attending university education
 GB: Higher education below degree level
 NIRE: Foreign or other qualification
 IRL: Third level incomplete, certificate or diploma
 NZ: Some university, polytechnic degree or other tertiary, completed trade, professional certification, diploma below Bachelor level
 RCH: Incomplete university + incomplete non-university Non-university completed
 S: Qualifications above the higher secondary level, but below a full university degree
07. University completed
 A: University, semi-higher completed
 CZ: Bachelor, master degree, PhD.
 CH: University, bachelor, master degree
 CDN: University completed, graduate studies
 GB: Degree, university or diploma
 NIRE: Degree, university or higher below degree
 NL: University, technical university, teacher training
 NZ: Bachelor's degree, post graduate or higher qualification
 S: University degree completed
98. Don't know
 99. No answer
 00. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRE	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	38	19				13	9					
%	3.9	3.6				1.3	.7					
2	24	12			10		33				1	66
%	2.5	2.3			.8		2.7				.1	6.2
3	453	179	269	384	59	298	156	548	156	229	153	276
%	46.6	34.1	27.7	51.8	4.7	29.5	12.7	34.1	10.8	22.2	12.3	25.8
4	301	250	347	174	167	483	326	73	241	314	511	249
%	31.0	47.6	35.7	23.5	13.2	47.8	26.5	4.5	16.7	30.5	41.1	23.3
5	66	26	100	92	372	146	313	663	516	165	424	311
%	6.8	5.0	10.3	12.4	29.4	14.4	25.4	41.2	35.9	16.0	34.1	29.1
6	6	1	125	20	335		206	44	164	113	32	28
%	.6	.2	12.9	2.7	26.4		16.7	2.7	11.4	11.0	2.6	2.6
7	84	38	130	72	324	71	189	281	362	210	123	140
%	8.6	7.2	13.4	9.7	25.6	7.0	15.3	17.5	25.2	20.4	9.9	13.1
98												
99	2M	2M	1M	3M	9M				13M	36M		7M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V205 R: Education II: categories

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	21	54	6	26	13			115		81	53	
%	2.1	3.2	.5	2.4	1.1			12.1		8.1	3.5	
2	102	165	12	28	147	80		75	13	105	434	
%	10.1	9.7	1.1	2.6	12.3	6.7		7.9	1.3	10.5	29.0	
3	135	307	72	49	191	315	243	242	88	366	161	104
%	13.3	18.0	6.6	4.5	15.9	26.4	20.8	25.5	8.8	36.6	10.8	10.5
4	38	87	343	165	230	46	45	227	108	273	238	353
%	3.8	5.1	31.2	15.1	19.2	3.8	3.8	23.9	10.8	27.3	15.9	35.7
5	423	388	298	239	249	254	688	162	219	85	300	240
%	41.8	22.8	27.1	21.8	20.8	21.3	58.8	17.1	21.9	8.5	20.1	24.3
6	117	463	190	331	168	256	23	71	416	41	194	166
%	11.6	27.2	17.3	30.2	14.0	21.4	2.0	7.5	41.6	4.1	13.0	16.8
7	176	241	177	257	202	244	172	58	156	49	116	126
%	17.4	14.1	16.1	23.5	16.8	20.4	14.7	6.1	15.6	4.9	7.8	12.7
98												80M
99	1M		14M	20M		10M	9M	8M			7M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1			298
%			23.8
2	40	83	293
%	4.0	5.7	23.4
3	389	191	269
%	38.8	13.1	21.5
4	113	466	47
%	11.3	31.9	3.7
5	250	472	148
%	25.0	32.3	11.8
6	82	132	47
%	8.2	9.0	3.7
7	128	116	152
%	12.8	7.9	12.1
98	4M		
99		68M	8M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V206 <A_DEGR> Country specific education: Austria

Location: 209 MD1: 0
Width: 2

A_DEGR Austria: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1011
01. None	13	0.04	1.29
02. Primary completed, Hauptschule	298	0.96	29.48
03. Apprenticeship completed	298	0.96	29.48
04. Middle school vocational	185	0.60	18.30
05. Secondary completed, Matura	146	0.47	14.44
06. University, semi-higher completed	71	0.23	7.02
00. Not available	30031	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V207 <BG_DEGR> Country specific education: Bulgaria

Location: 211 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

BG_DEGR Bulgaria: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1012
01. None	21	0.07	2.08
02. Incomplete primary	60	0.19	5.93
03. Primary completed	135	0.43	13.34
04. Incomplete secondary	38	0.12	3.75
05. Secondary completed	423	1.36	41.80
06. Incomplete university	39	0.13	3.85
07. University completed, degree	176	0.57	17.39
10. Basic completed, 3-4 years	42	0.14	4.15
50. College completed	78	0.25	7.71
99. No answer, don't know	1	0.00	.
00. Not available	30029	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V208 <CDN_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Canada

Location: 213 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

CDN_DEGR Canada: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1095
01. None, still at school, university	26	0.08	2.37
02. Some grade school	28	0.09	2.56
03. Finished grade school	49	0.16	4.47
04. Some high school	165	0.53	15.07
05. Finished high school	239	0.77	21.83
06. College/ CEGEP/ some university	331	1.07	30.23
07. Completed university	164	0.53	14.98
08. Graduate studies	93	0.30	8.49
99. No answer, refused	20	0.06	.
00. Not available	29927	96.41	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V209 <CH_DEGR> Country specific education: Switzerland

Location: 215 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

CH_DEGR Switzerland:
Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1002
01. Primary school, incomplete compulsory education, still at compulsory school	123	0.40	12.28
02. Secondary school, intermediary diploma, administrative education, trade school, domestic science course	39	0.13	3.89
03. Apprenticeship, elementary vocational training	419	1.35	41.82
04. Secondary higher qualification, gymnasium, maturity, teacher training college	73	0.24	7.29
05. Higher professional education, federal diploma, Master grade, special training, vocational maturity	120	0.39	11.98
06. Professional, special higher qualification, technical or vocational college (2 years full time or 3 years part time), advanced technical college (3 years full time or 4 years part time)	70	0.23	6.99
07. University, technical university (bachelor, master, doctorate)	128	0.41	12.77
08. Other education	30	0.10	2.99
99. No answer, don't know	4	0.01	.
00. Not available	30036	96.76	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V210 <CZ_DEGR> Country specific education:Czech Republ.

Location: 217 MD1: 0
Width: 2

CZ_DEGR Czech Republic:
Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1244
01. Incomplete primary	1	0.00	0.08
02. Primary completed	153	0.49	12.30
03. Lower vocational training	328	1.06	26.37
04. General secondary without secondary school diploma	183	0.59	14.71
05. Technical secondary with secondary school diploma	301	0.97	24.20
06. Academic secondary (general)	123	0.40	9.89
07. Incomplete tertiary	32	0.10	2.57
08. Completed university, bachelor degree	15	0.05	1.21
09. Completed university, master degree, PhD.	108	0.35	8.68
00. Not available	29798	95.99	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V211 <D_DEGR> Country specific education: Germany

Location: 219 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

D_DEGR Germany: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1500
01. Still at school	9	0.03	0.60
02. School left without qualification	36	0.12	2.40
03. Lower secondary, Volksschule	632	2.04	42.13
04. Middle school	469	1.51	31.27
05. Secondary technical	91	0.29	6.07
06. Academic secondary (general), Abitur	129	0.42	8.60
07. Special university qualification	8	0.03	0.53
08. University	123	0.40	8.20
09. Other qualification	3	0.01	0.20
99. No answer	1	0.00	.
00. Not available	29541	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V212 <DK_DEGR> Country specific education: Denmark

Location: 221 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

DK_DEGR Denmark: Original country specific school education

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1019
01. 7 years primary school or shorter, no formal schooling	143	0.46	14.03
02. 8 years primary school	62	0.20	6.08
03. 9 years primary school	127	0.41	12.46
04. 10 years primary school	258	0.83	25.32
05. Gymnasium general	279	0.90	27.38
06. Gymnasium, technical, commercial	93	0.30	9.13
07. Other	57	0.18	5.59
99. No answer, don't know	50	0.16	.
00. Not available	29973	96.56	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V213 <E_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Spain

Location: 223 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

E_DEGR Spain: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 950
01. Incomplete primary school	75	0.24	7.89
02. Primary school completed	242	0.78	25.47
03. Incomplete secondary school	186	0.60	19.58
04. First degree professional training	41	0.13	4.32
05. Secondary school completed	95	0.31	10.00
06. Secondary degree professional training	65	0.21	6.84
07. Technical architecture and engineering school (3 yrs)	11	0.04	1.16
08. 3 years university certificates, not including technical schools	54	0.17	5.68
09. 2 or 3 years university studies	6	0.02	0.63
10. Architecture, engineering schools (minimum of 6 years)	2	0.01	0.21
11. College degree, 4 or more years	50	0.16	5.26
12. PhD	4	0.01	0.42
13. Master degree and/ or equivalent specialisation, post-college degree or equivalent	2	0.01	0.21
14. Other non-official studies equivalent to the last three years of secondary school, that require previous years of secondary education	2	0.01	0.21
97. No formal schooling	115	0.37	12.11
99. No answer, don't know	8	0.03	.
00. Not available	30084	96.91	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V214 <GB_DEGR> Country specific education: GB/ NIRL

Location: 225 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

GB_DEGR, NIRL_DEGR Great Britain, Northern Ireland:
Original country specific education variable
Highest Educational Qualification

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1712
01. No secondary qualifications	653	2.10	38.14
02. CSE or equivalent (CSE grades 2-5, GCE O-level D-E or 7-9, GCSE grades D-G, recognized trade apprenticeship completed) NIRL: BTEC, GCSE, CSE, O-level	274	0.88	16.00
03. O-level or equivalent (CSE Grade 1, GCE O-level grade A-C or 1-6, School Certificate or matriculation etc.)	228	0.73	13.32
04. A-level or equivalent (GCE A-level/S-level/ Higher School Certificate, Scottish SCE, City and Guilds Certificate- Advanced) NIRL: BTEC, BEC, TEC (all higher), HNC, HND, GCE 'A'-level	200	0.64	11.68
05. Higher education below degree level (City and Guilds Certificate - Full technological/ BEC/TEC, Teacher training, Nursing qualifications, technical or business qualification)	116	0.37	6.78
06. Degree, university or CNAA or diploma NIRL: Degree, university or higher below degree	202	0.65	11.80
07. Foreign or other qualifications (Overseas school leaving exam or certificate, other recognized academic or vocational qualifications)	39	0.13	2.28
99. No answer, refused	5	0.02	.
00. Not available	29325	94.47	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V215 <IL_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Israel

Location: 227 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

IL_DEGR Israel: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1195
01. Incomplete primary school	80	0.26	6.69
02. Incomplete vocational	102	0.33	8.54
03. Vocational completed	113	0.36	9.46
04. Vocational with matric.	100	0.32	8.37
05. Incomplete academic	46	0.15	3.85
06. Academic completed	80	0.26	6.69
07. Academic with matric.	174	0.56	14.56
08. Post secondary	172	0.55	14.39
09. Incomplete university	84	0.27	7.03
10. University completed, BA	244	0.79	20.42
99. No answer, don't know	10	0.03	.
00. Not available	29837	96.12	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V216 <IRL_DEGR> Country specific education: Ireland

Location: 229 MD1: 0
Width: 2

IRL_DEGR Ireland: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	31042	100.00

V217 <J_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Japan

Location: 231 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

J_DEGR Japan: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1173
01. Compulsory school completed	243	0.78	20.72
02. High school completed	518	1.67	44.16
03. Junior college or higher professional school completed	170	0.55	14.49
04. University or graduate school completed	172	0.55	14.66
05. Still at high school or higher professional school (1-3 grade)	45	0.14	3.84
06. Still at higher professional school (4-5 grade), junior college, university or graduate school	23	0.07	1.96
07. Others	2	0.01	0.17
99. No answer	7	0.02	.
00. Not available	29862	96.20	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V218 <LV_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Latvia

Location: 233 MD1: 0
Width: 2

LV_DEGR Latvia: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1000
01. Incomplete primary	13	0.04	1.30
02. Primary completed	88	0.28	8.80
03. Incomplete secondary, vocational training	108	0.35	10.80
04. Secondary completed	219	0.71	21.90
05. Semi-higher, vocational with secondary qualification	336	1.08	33.60
06. Incomplete university	80	0.26	8.00
07. University completed, higher degree	156	0.50	15.60
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V219 <MEX_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Mexico

Location: 235 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

MEX_DEGR Mexico: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1254
01. None, still at school	296	0.95	23.60
02. Primary school completed	282	0.91	22.49
03. Technical training without secondary qualification	13	0.04	1.04
04. Secondary school completed	269	0.87	21.45
05. Technical training after secondary school	47	0.15	3.75
06. High school completed	148	0.48	11.80
07. Technical training after high school	47	0.15	3.75
08. University completed	135	0.43	10.77
09. Master degree	17	0.05	1.36
99. No answer	8	0.03	.
00. Not available	29780	95.93	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V220 <N_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Norway

Location: 237 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

N_DEGR Norway: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1439
01. Primary school completed	156	0.50	10.84
02. Secondary vocational, incomplete secondary	112	0.36	7.78
03. Secondary academic, incomplete secondary	129	0.42	8.96
04. Secondary vocational, secondary completed	267	0.86	18.55
05. Secondary academic, secondary completed	249	0.80	17.30
06. University, college < 1 year	40	0.13	2.78
07. University, college 1-2 years	124	0.40	8.62
08. University, college 3-4 years	209	0.67	14.52
09. University, college <=5 years	153	0.49	10.63
99. No answer	13	0.04	.
00. Not available	29590	95.32	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V221 <NL_DEGR> Country specific education: Netherlands

Location: 239 MD1: 0
Width: 2

NL_DEGR Netherlands:
Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1609
03. Basic education plus corresponding vocational training domestic science school, evening classes	548	1.77	34.06
04. Lower grammar, 3 years, incomplete secondary	73	0.24	4.54
05. Lower grammar, 3-5 years, commercial school, plus corresponding vocational training or evening classes, grammar school with classical education, teacher training for basic education	663	2.14	41.21
06. Incomplete university or technical university Incomplete grammar school with classical education, teacher training for basic education plus corres- ponding vocational training incomplete	44	0.14	2.73
07. University, technical university, course for notary public, grammar school with classical education, teacher training for basic education plus corres- ponding vocational training	281	0.91	17.46
00. Not available	29433	94.82	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V222 <NZ_DEGR> Country specific education: New Zealand

Location: 241 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

NZ_DEGR New Zealand:
Original country specific education variable
Which of these categories best describes your highest
formal education?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1094
01. No formal secondary qualification	229	0.74	20.93
02. School qualifications only	305	0.98	27.88
03. Trade or professional certificate	287	0.92	26.23
04. Diploma below Bachelor level	96	0.31	8.78
05. Bachelor's degree	114	0.37	10.42
06. Post-graduate or higher qualification	63	0.20	5.76
99. No answer	18	0.06	.
00. Not available	29930	96.42	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V223 <P_DEGR> Country specific education: Portugal

Location: 243 MD1: 0
Width: 2

P_DEGR Portugal: Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1000
01. No formal schooling	81	0.26	8.10
02. 3 or less years of school	105	0.34	10.50
03. 4 years school of (first cycle of basic level)	366	1.18	36.60
04. 5-11 years schooling (second cycle of basic level (2 years)/ third cycle of basic level (3 years, corresponding to compulsory education)/ incomplete secondary level	273	0.88	27.30
05. 12 years of schooling (complete secondary level)	85	0.27	8.50
06. University incomplete, higher education below degree level	41	0.13	4.10
07. University complete, university degree	49	0.16	4.90
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V224 <RCH_DEGR> Country specific education: Rep.of Chile

Location: 245 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

RCH_DEGR Republic of Chile: Original education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1496
01. None	53	0.17	3.54
02. Incomplete primary	434	1.40	29.01
03. Primary completed	161	0.52	10.76
04. Incomplete secondary	238	0.77	15.91
05. Secondary completed	300	0.97	20.05
06. University incomplete	79	0.25	5.28
07. University completed	116	0.37	7.75
08. Incomplete non-university higher education	35	0.11	2.34
09. Completed non-university higher education	80	0.26	5.35
99. No answer	7	0.02	.
00. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V225 <RP_DEGR> Country specific education: Philippines

Location: 247 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RP_DEGR Philippines: Original education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1200
01. None	13	0.04	1.08
02. Incomplete primary, some elementary	147	0.47	12.25
03. Primary, elementary completed	191	0.62	15.92
04. Incomplete secondary, some high school	168	0.54	14.00
05. Secondary completed, completed high school	249	0.80	20.75
06. Some vocational	18	0.06	1.50
07. Completed vocational	44	0.14	3.67
08. Some college	168	0.54	14.00
09. College completed	199	0.64	16.58
10. Post college	3	0.01	0.25
00. Not available	29842	96.13	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V226 <RUS_DEGR> Country specific education: Russia

Location: 249 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RUS_DEGR Russia: Original education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V227 <S_DEGR> Country specific education categ: Sweden

Location: 251 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

S_DEGR Sweden: Original education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1031
01. Primary or comprehensive school	229	0.74	22.21
02. Vocational school (72-92)	127	0.41	12.32
03. Vocational school (post 92)	32	0.10	3.10
04. Vocational school (pre 72)	80	0.26	7.76
05. Alternative secondary school, Folk high school	29	0.09	2.81
06. Lower secondary school (2 years)	46	0.15	4.46
07. 3 or 4 years gymnasium	112	0.36	10.86
08. Gymnasium (academic track post 1992)	20	0.06	1.94
09. Higher secondary school	33	0.11	3.20
10. University studies without degree	113	0.36	10.96
11. University degree	210	0.68	20.37
99. No answer	36	0.12	.
00. Not available	29975	96.56	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V228 <SF_DEGR> Country specific education: Finland

Location: 253 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

SF_DEGR Finland: Original education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1460
01. Incomplete primary	83	0.27	5.68
02. Primary school	191	0.62	13.08
03. Lower secondary	102	0.33	6.99
04. Vocational education	364	1.17	24.93
05. General upper secondary school	126	0.41	8.63
06. Vocational college	346	1.11	23.70
07. Polytechnics	65	0.21	4.45
08. Lower university degree	67	0.22	4.59
09. Higher university degree	116	0.37	7.95
99. No answer	68	0.22	.
00. Not available	29514	95.08	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V229 <SLO_DEGR> Country specific education: Slovenia

Location: 255 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

SLO_DEGR Slovenia:
Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1070
01. Incomplete elementary school	66	0.21	6.17
02. Primary completed, completed elementary school	239	0.77	22.34
03. Incomplete vocational or middle school	37	0.12	3.46
04. 2-3 years vocational	249	0.80	23.27
05. 4 years middle school	311	1.00	29.07
06. Incomplete university or higher qualification	28	0.09	2.62
07. Higher degree completed (2 years)	60	0.19	5.61
08. University degree	80	0.26	7.48
99. No answer	7	0.02	.
00. Not available	29965	96.53	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V230 <USA_DEGR> Country specific education categ: USA

Location: 257 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

USA_DEGR United States:
Original country specific education variable

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1269
01. Less than high school	216	0.70	17.02
02. High school	661	2.13	52.09
03. Associate, Junior college	90	0.29	7.09
04. Bachelors	213	0.69	16.78
05. Graduate	89	0.29	7.01
98. Don't know	1	0.00	.
99. No answer	6	0.02	.
00. Not available	29766	95.89	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V231 <WRKST> R: Current employment status

Location: 259 MD1: 99
Width: 2

Respondent: Current employment status - current economic position, main source of living

NIRL: Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing last week, that is in the seven days ending last Sunday? (If on holiday or temporarily sick ask what they are usually are doing)

See Note No. 2

01. Full-time employed, main job
A,CZ,SLO,J: 35 hours and more
CDN,IRL,NL,NZ,P,S,E: > 35 hours
GB,N,BG,DK: 30 + hours
RP: 40 + hours
02. Part-time employed, main job
A,CZ,SLO,J: 15 - 34 hours
CDN,IRL,NL,NZ,P,S,E: 15 - 35 hours
GB,BG,DK: 10 - 29 hours
NIRL: part-time, at least 10 hours
N: 15 - 29 hours
RP: 10 - 39 hours
03. Less than part-time
A,CZ,D,IRL,NL,N,P,S,RUS: less than 15 hours
SLO,J,NZ: <15 hours, temporarily out of work
USA: temporarily not working
GB,RP: less than 10 hours
E: less than 15 hours, doesn't say hours, temporarily not working
DK: less than part-time, temporarily out of work because of illness, maternity leave, parents leave or education leave
NIRL: not asked
04. Helping family member
05. Unemployed
NIRL: + government training scheme for unemployed
06. Student, at school, in education, vocational training, in government active labour market programmes, on government training scheme
07. Retired
08. Housewife (man), home duties, CZ: on maternity leave
09. Permanently disabled, sick
N: Social Welfare
10. Others, not in labour force, not working
A,D: army/ Civil service
GB: waiting for paid work + something else + paid status undefined
NIRL: not working + not seeking work, caring for elderly and disabled person full-time, other
99. No answer, refused, don't know

V231 R: Current employment status

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	433	233	383	232	715	324	512	549	795	534	623	545
%	44.6	44.5	39.4	31.1	56.0	32.6	41.6	40.2	56.3	50.7	51.0	50.8
2	83	26	117	67	143	92	153	258	84	115	33	25
%	8.5	5.0	12.0	9.0	11.2	9.3	12.4	18.9	6.0	10.9	2.7	2.3
3	1		28			12		143	9	11	3	5
%	.1		2.9			1.2		10.5	.6	1.0	.2	.5
4						15	19		3		3	2
%						1.5	1.5		.2		.2	.2
5	23	71	43	29	27	28	47	119	15	28	70	65
%	2.4	13.5	4.4	3.9	2.1	2.8	3.8	8.7	1.1	2.7	5.7	6.1
6	38	19	10	24	32	31	89	76	116	85	62	100
%	3.9	3.6	1.0	3.2	2.5	3.1	7.2	5.6	8.2	8.1	5.1	9.3
7	239	151	210	201	185	340	156	24	211	205	304	276
%	24.6	28.8	21.6	27.0	14.5	34.2	12.7	1.8	15.0	19.5	24.9	25.7
8	108	7	107	84	146	151	203	195	61	8	61	40
%	11.1	1.3	11.0	11.3	11.4	15.2	16.5	14.3	4.3	.8	5.0	3.7
9			60	66			42	1	98	51	58	3
%			6.2	8.9			3.4	.1	6.9	4.8	4.7	.3
10	46	17	14	42	28		11		19	16	5	11
%	4.7	3.2	1.4	5.6	2.2		.9		1.3	1.5	.4	1.0
99	3M	3M				18M		244M	41M	14M	22M	5M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077
	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	400	690	509	513	367	505	526	289	500	481	539	617
%	39.6	40.5	46.3	47.1	30.9	42.0	46.4	30.5	50.0	48.1	36.0	59.6
2	30	103	179	120	199	150	97	60	57	26	85	53
%	3.0	6.0	16.3	11.0	16.7	12.5	8.6	6.3	5.7	2.6	5.7	5.1
3	22	24	44	32	63	32	29	15	21	1	67	21
%	2.2	1.4	4.0	2.9	5.3	2.7	2.6	1.6	2.1	.1	4.5	2.0
4		8	18	9	16	1	54	6	8	5	9	9
%		.5	1.6	.8	1.3	.1	4.8	.6	.8	.5	.6	.9
5	171	125	30	35	104	67	10	48	51	48	100	35
%	16.9	7.3	2.7	3.2	8.7	5.6	.9	5.1	5.1	4.8	6.7	3.4
6	42	130	30	25	71	90	72	53	61	34	67	95
%	4.2	7.6	2.7	2.3	6.0	7.5	6.3	5.6	6.1	3.4	4.5	9.2
7	308	448	199	239	45	146	97	181	191	257	186	136
%	30.5	26.3	18.1	21.9	3.8	12.1	8.6	19.1	19.1	25.7	12.4	13.1
8	17	89	80	68	293	149	226	228	72	137	436	9
%	1.7	5.2	7.3	6.2	24.6	12.4	19.9	24.0	7.2	13.7	29.1	.9
9	8	64	10	24	5	17	17		12	9	4	52
%	.8	3.8	.9	2.2	.4	1.4	1.5		1.2	.9	.3	5.0
10	13	24		25	26	45	6	69	27	2	5	9
%	1.3	1.4		2.3	2.2	3.7	.5	7.3	2.7	.2	.3	.9
99	2M		13M	25M	11M	3M	46M	9M			5M	33M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V231 R: Current employment status

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	371	707	501
%	37.1	49.5	40.5
2	193	81	132
%	19.3	5.7	10.7
3	16	30	18
%	1.6	2.1	1.5
4	6	9	19
%	.6	.6	1.5
5		92	55
%		6.4	4.4
6	26	159	49
%	2.6	11.1	4.0
7	252	199	49
%	25.2	13.9	4.0
8	98	19	400
%	9.8	1.3	32.4
9	3	97	5
%	.3	6.8	.4
10	36	36	8
%	3.6	2.5	.6
99	5M	99M	26M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V232 <SPWRKST> S-P: Current employment status

Location: 261 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 98

Spouse/ partner: Current employment status

What is your current economic status, main source of living of your spouse/ partner?

NIRL: Which of these descriptions applies to what your wife/ husband/ partner was doing last week, that is seven days ending last Sunday? (If on holiday or temporarily sick ask what they are usually are doing)

See Note No. 2

01. Full-time employed, main job
 A,CZ,SLO,J: 35 hours and more
 CDN,IRL,NZ,S,E: > 35 hours
 BG,DK: 30 + hours
 RP: 40 + hours
 N: full-time, part-time and less
02. Part-time, main job
 A,CZ,SLO,J: 15 - 34 hours
 CDN,IRL,NZ,S,E: 15 - 35 hours
 BG,DK: 10 - 29 hours
 RP: 10 - 39 hours
03. Less than part-time
 A,CZ,D,IRL,S,RUS,J: less than 15 hours
 DK: less than part-time, temporarily out of work because of illness, maternity leave, parents leave
 USA: temporarily out of work
 SLO,NZ: <15 hours, temporarily out of work
 RP: less than 10 hours
 E: less than 15 hrs, doesn't say hours, temporarily not working
 NIRL: not asked
04. Helping family member
05. Unemployed
06. Student, at school, in education, vocational training
07. Retired
08. Home duties, housewife (man), CZ:+maternity benefits
09. Permanently disabled, sick
10. Others, not in labour force, not working
 NIRL: not working + not seeking work, caring for elderly and disabled person full-time, other
98. Don't know
99. No answer, refused
00. NAP (not married; no spouse/ partner);
 Not available: NL

V232 S-P: Current employment status

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	332	197	341	148	337	265	396		710	371	516	423
%	45.7	54.0	62.3	42.8	59.3	43.7	52.2		71.5	50.9	66.7	56.9
2	63	24		27	54	41	97			95	10	16
%	8.7	6.6		7.8	9.5	6.8	12.8			13.0	1.3	2.2
3						6				5	1	1
%						1.0				.7	.1	.1
4	2					5	6			3	3	5
%	.3					.8	.8			.4	.4	.7
5	20	38	12	11	6	10	18		11	23	22	53
%	2.8	10.4	2.2	3.2	1.1	1.6	2.4		1.1	3.2	2.8	7.1
6	20	7	3	1	5	2	3		19	29	3	23
%	2.8	1.9	.5	.3	.9	.3	.4		1.9	4.0	.4	3.1
7	131	86	102	86	61	184	88		103	134	157	182
%	18.0	23.6	18.6	24.9	10.7	30.3	11.6		10.4	18.4	20.3	24.5
8	138	6	61	36	87	94	126		68	9	30	30
%	19.0	1.6	11.2	10.4	15.3	15.5	16.6		6.8	1.2	3.9	4.0
9			19	24			18		73	42	30	4
%			3.5	6.9			2.4		7.4	5.8	3.9	.5
10	20	7	9	13	18		6		9	18	2	6
%	2.8	1.9	1.6	3.8	3.2		.8		.9	2.5	.3	.8
98							9M					
99	9M	3M	1M	10M	2M	6M	30M		31M	41M	71M	18M
0	239M	159M	424M	389M	706M	398M	435M	1609M	428M	297M	399M	316M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	321	374	376	456	365	433	422	270	380	365	422	474
%	44.4	65.3	47.3	50.9	42.3	53.5	51.4	48.0	59.7	56.6	45.5	63.8
2	30	34	127	84	153	70	71	14	27	14	31	23
%	4.1	5.9	16.0	9.4	17.7	8.6	8.6	2.5	4.2	2.2	3.3	3.1
3	13	9	41	21	20	9	19		15	1	40	23
%	1.8	1.6	5.2	2.3	2.3	1.1	2.3		2.4	.2	4.3	3.1
4	1	6	17	3	17	2	34	1	10	7	1	6
%	.1	1.0	2.1	.3	2.0	.2	4.1	.2	1.6	1.1	.1	.8
5	127	33	10	20	57	25	1	12	37	5	29	32
%	17.6	5.8	1.3	2.2	6.6	3.1	.1	2.1	5.8	.8	3.1	4.3
6	8	8	15	18	2	32	1		10	1	3	39
%	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.0	.2	4.0	.1		1.6	.2	.3	5.2
7	190	25	127	166	19	80	78	125	80	139	97	99
%	26.3	4.4	16.0	18.5	2.2	9.9	9.5	22.2	12.6	21.6	10.5	13.3
8	20	62	79	77	217	112	188	133	59		299	7
%	2.8	10.8	9.9	8.6	25.2	13.8	22.9	23.6	9.3		32.3	.9
9	7	14	3	18	3	18	5		13	110	5	38
%	1.0	2.4	.4	2.0	.3	2.2	.6		2.0	17.1	.5	5.1
10	6	8		32	9	29	2	8	5	3		2
%	.8	1.4		3.6	1.0	3.6	.2	1.4	.8	.5		.3
98												
99	18M		27M		11M	1M	6M	18M	32M		7M	24M
0	272M	1132M	290M	220M	327M	394M	353M	377M	332M	355M	569M	302M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V232 S-P: Current employment status

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	324	531	350
%	48.9	57.6	42.3
2	110	53	101
%	16.6	5.7	12.2
3	13	16	15
%	2.0	1.7	1.8
4	1	8	9
%	.2	.9	1.1
5		54	28
%		5.9	3.4
6	4	28	4
%	.6	3.0	.5
7	101	133	22
%	15.2	14.4	2.7
8	97	82	282
%	14.6	8.9	34.1
9	6	17	8
%	.9	1.8	1.0
10	7		9
%	1.1		1.1
98	2M		
99	10M	52M	41M
0	331M	554M	393M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V233 <ISC088> R:ILO/ISCO 1988 Occupation Codes 4-digit

Location: 263 MD1: 0000
Width: 4 MD2: 9996

Respondent's Occupation: ILO/ ISCO - International Code 1988
A,BG,CDN,CZ,IRL,GB,N,NIRL,NL,S,SLO,IL: Present or last
occupation - ILO/ISCO 1988
CH,D,DK,NZ,P,RP,RCH,RUS,SF,E,LV: Present main job - ILO/
ISCO 1988
USA: Present or last job - ILO/ISCO 1988 based on the 1980
U.S. Occupational Codes

See Note No. 1

- 9996. Not classifiable; inadequately described
RP: looking for work
- 9997. Refused
- 9998. Don't know
- 9999. No answer
- 0000. NAP (not in labour force, never had a job)
Not available: J

V234 <SPISC088> S-P:ILO/ISCO 1988 Occupation Codes

Location: 267 MD1: 0000
Width: 4 MD2: 9996

Spouse Occupation: ILO/ ISCO - International Code 1988
A,BG,CZ,CDN,IRL,S,SL0: Present or last occupation -
ISCO 1988
CH,D,DK,N,NZ,RCH,RUS,P,RP,SF,IL,E,LV: Present main job
ISCO 1988
GB,NIRL: ISC088 for spouse was collected only where the
respondent was not either economically active or retired
and spouse/partner is either economically active or retired.
USA: Present or last job - ILO/ISCO 1988 based on the 1980
U.S. Occupational Codes

See Note No. 1

- 9996. Not classifiable; inadequately described
RP: looking for work
- 9997. Refused
- 9998. Don't know
- 9999. No answer
- 0000. NAP (not married/ no partner; spouse/partner not
not in labour force, never had a job);
Not available: J,NL,RCH

V235 <WRKGOVT> R: Working for private - public sector

Location: 271 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Private versus public sector: (If R works dependent) Do you work at present or did you work in the public sector before?

CDN: Is your job in the private or public sector?

CZ: Do you work in a private or state sector or are you entrepreneur/ self-employed?

GB: Which of the types of organisation on this card do you/ did you work for?

N: Which type of organisation do you work for in your main job?

NZ: Which of these categories best describes your current employment status?

PL: What is/was the form of ownership of this place of work?

1. Works for government or public sector
A: Government or public owned firm
BG: State government agency
CZ: Governmental organisation
GB,N,SLO: Local, central government,public organisation
IRL: Civil service, local authority, non commercial
NIRL: Government + publicly owned firms
2. Works for publicly owned firm
CZ,BG: State or municipality company
GB: Nationalised industry or public corporation
N: Other public organisations, charity, trust
NZ: Publicly owned private sector organisations
S: Public owned, combined public+private
IRL: Semi-state body
SLO: Nationalised industry (or in transition)
3. Works for private firm or sector
CZ,BG: Large joint-stock company, other private company, co-operative
DK: Work for private owned firm, including assisting spouse
N: Personal company, limited company
RP: Private firm + unpaid family worker
RUS: Doesn't work for government or publicly owned firm
6. CH,GB,NIRL,NZ: Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other
DK: Other
8. Self employed
CZ: self-employed, freelance
IRL: incl. farmer
RP: self-employed, informal sector
9. No answer, don't know, can't choose, refused
0. NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not in paid work, not working)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	136	55	219	231	150	208	131	217	496	335	100	50
%	30.8	24.3	25.3	38.4	20.0	26.8	25.7	17.7	42.0	39.4	18.9	6.2
2			15				37		65	92	80	493
%			1.7				7.3		5.5	10.8	15.1	61.5
3	305	171	605	366	599	567	342	1010	573	424	349	259
%	69.2	75.7	69.9	60.9	80.0	73.2	67.1	82.3	48.5	49.8	66.0	32.3
6			26	4					48			
%			3.0	.7					4.1			
8	63M	27M	81M	62M	108M	93M	148M	52M	151M	85M	98M	86M
9	15M	9M	1M	13M	1M	46M	26M		100M	28M	57M	30M
0	455M	265M	25M	69M	418M	97M	548M	330M	19M	103M	560M	159M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V235 R: Working for private - public sector

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	229	423	133	234	54	146	43	63	115	106	58	251
%	52.0	56.5	23.9	31.8	18.9	22.9	10.1	22.0	21.8	15.4	11.8	41.1
2	194	209	69	142	8	151		3	118	76	24	35
%	44.1	27.9	12.4	19.3	2.8	23.7		1.0	22.3	11.0	4.9	5.7
3	17	117	326	360	224	341	384	216	295	508	411	324
%	3.9	15.6	58.6	48.9	78.3	53.4	89.9	75.5	55.9	73.6	83.4	53.1
6			28					4				
%			5.0					1.4				
8	101M	56M	172M	168M	321M	91M	214M	81M	61M	122M	200M	54M
9	13M	20M	9M		2M	19M	111M	5M	24M	8M	12M	36M
0	459M	880M	375M	211M	591M	457M	428M	586M	387M	180M	798M	369M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	319	247	121
%	38.9	36.9	26.9
2		117	92
%		17.5	20.4
3	480	305	237
%	58.5	45.6	52.7
6	21		
%	2.6		
8	119M	111M	173M
9	13M	47M	59M
0	54M	701M	580M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V236 <SELFEMP> R: Self-employed I

Location: 272 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

In your (main) job are you an employee or self-employed?

A: constructed from position in occupation

CH: recoded from WRKGVGT (V235)

CZ: constructed from employment status

1. Self employed (with/without employees)
CZ: incl. freelance
N,J: incl. family members + freelance
RP: informal sector
2. Works for someone else
8. Don't know
9. No answer, refused
0. NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not in paid work, not working)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	63	27	81	62	139	93	148	52	151	85	98	86
%	12.5	10.6	8.6	9.2	11.6	10.7	22.9	4.1	10.8	9.2	14.8	10.7
2	441	228	865	610	1057	775	499	1227	1250	841	564	721
%	87.5	89.4	91.4	90.8	88.4	89.3	77.1	95.9	89.2	90.8	85.2	89.3
8				4M								
9	15M	7M	1M		21M	46M	37M		32M	38M	22M	111M
0	455M	265M	25M	69M	59M	97M	548M	330M	19M	103M	560M	159M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	101	56	172	168	321	91	214	81	61	122	187	54
%	19.9	7.0	23.6	19.0	54.8	12.2	33.4	22.0	10.4	15.0	27.1	8.1
2	406	749	556	717	265	653	427	288	528	690	503	610
%	80.1	93.0	76.4	81.0	45.2	87.8	66.6	78.0	89.6	85.0	72.9	91.9
8		15M										
9	22M	5M	9M		23M	4M	111M	3M	24M	8M	15M	36M
0	484M	880M	375M	230M	591M	457M	428M	586M	387M	180M	798M	369M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	119	111	256
%	12.7	14.0	39.6
2	820	684	391
%	87.3	86.0	60.4
8	13M		
9		32M	34M
0	54M	701M	581M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V237 <NEMPLOY> R: Self-employed II - how many employees

Location: 273 MD1: 0000
Width: 4 MD2: 9998

(If self-employed) How many employees work for you?

- 0001. 1 employee
- 0002. 2 employees
- 0003. 3 employees
- 0004. 4 employees
- 0005. 5 employees
- NIRL: <10 employees
- 0006. 6 employees
- 0009. D: up to 9 employees
- 0010. 10 employees
- D: farm size <10 ha, if R is farmer
- 0011. 11 employees
- D: farm size 10-20 ha, if R is farmer
- 0012. 12 employees
- D: farm size 20-50 ha, if R is farmer
- 0013. 13 employees
- D: farm size 50+ ha, if R is farmer
- 0015. 15 employees
- 0017. NIRL: 10 - 24 employees
- 0025. 25 employees
- 0030. 30 employees
- 0049. 49 employees
- D: up to 49 employees
- 0050. 50 employees
- 0065. 65 employees
- 0099. 99 employees
- 0100. 100 employees
- 0500. GB: 500+ employees
- 1000. 1000 employees
- 5000. 5000 employees
- 9995. No employees
- 9998. Don't know
- 9999. No answer
- 0000. NAP (none, never had a job, not in labour force,
not self-employed; Code 2,0 in V236);
Not available

V238 <WRKHRS> R: Hours worked weekly

Location: 277 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 97

Hours worked weekly

- CZ: The variable has not been included. The original variable has too many missing values due to an error in filter in the questionnaire.
- CDN: How many hours per week do you normally work?
- D: How many hours per week do you normally work in your main job, including overtime?
- DK: Derived from two variables, one where respondents have stated number of working hours, one including those who have answered 'don't know' to the question. In those cases where a respondent have answered both variables, the latter variable (don't know) is in all instances the 'strongest' variable.
- GB: (Current job of 10 hours or more per week)
 (If in paid work, employee and self-employed) How many hours a week do you normally work in your main job including any paid or unpaid overtime?
- USA: How many hours did you work last week, how many hours do you usually work a week, at all jobs?
- N: (If in paid work) How many hours per week do you work normally in your main job, including overtime but excluding the time you need to get to your workplace and back home? (not housewife (man) or home duties)?
- NZ: How many hours, on average, do you usually work in a normal week?
- RCH: Decimal places are rounded up
- RP: In total, how many hours a week do you work?

01. One hour
96. 96 hours and more
97. Refused
98. Don't know, can't say, varies too much
99. No answer
00. NAP (not in paid work, never had a job, unemployed, not in labour force)
 Not available: A,CZ

Categories

01. Up to 10 hours
02. 11 - 20 hours
03. 21 - 30 hours
04. 31 - 35 hours
05. 36 - 40 hours
06. 41 - 50 hours
07. 51 - 60 hours
08. More than 60 hours
97. Refused
98. Don't know
99. No answer
00. NAP; NAV

V238 R: Hours worked weekly

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	26	3	6	6	17		16	112	53	14		14
%	4.7	1.2	1.2	2.1	2.0		2.6	11.7	4.1	1.9		2.4
2	55	2	68	31	54		80	121	91	37		22
%	9.9	.8	13.8	10.7	6.4		13.0	12.7	7.0	4.9		3.8
3	55	21	45	31	52		68	100	131	65		16
%	9.9	8.2	9.1	10.7	6.2		11.0	10.5	10.1	8.6		2.7
4	28	12	28	17	43		41	76	88	36		21
%	5.0	4.7	5.7	5.9	5.1		6.7	7.9	6.8	4.8		3.6
5	215	120	136	147	335		200	476	661	442		270
%	38.7	46.7	27.6	50.7	39.7		32.5	49.8	51.0	58.6		46.2
6	111	65	135	43	196		142	48	196	131		157
%	20.0	25.3	27.4	14.8	23.2		23.1	5.0	15.1	17.4		26.9
7	46	26	49	13	85		46	18	44	23		60
%	8.3	10.1	9.9	4.5	10.1		7.5	1.9	3.4	3.1		10.3
8	20	8	26	2	62		23	5	31	6		24
%	3.6	3.1	5.3	.7	7.3		3.7	.5	2.4	.8		4.1
97							68M					
98			6M	9M								16M
99	11M	11M	29M		14M			238M	138M	14M		14M
0	407M	259M	444M	446M	418M	1011M	548M	415M	19M	299M	1244M	463M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	15	23	32	20	20	26	28	10	14	7	12	5
%	3.1	3.3	4.5	2.3	3.4	3.6	4.0	3.0	2.8	1.4	1.8	.8
2	17	33	74	67	55	89	56	18	28	11	39	18
%	3.5	4.7	10.3	7.6	9.3	12.4	8.0	5.5	5.7	2.2	5.7	2.8
3	33	51	71	84	93	96	60	27	21	17	74	65
%	6.9	7.3	9.9	9.5	15.7	13.4	8.6	8.2	4.3	3.4	10.8	10.0
4	3	82	37	103	28	42	29	20	13	29	10	50
%	.6	11.7	5.2	11.6	4.7	5.9	4.1	6.1	2.6	5.9	1.5	7.7
5	185	336	224	378	99	166	170	181	241	191	35	377
%	38.6	47.8	31.2	42.7	16.7	23.2	24.3	54.8	48.9	38.6	5.1	57.9
6	144	132	194	166	138	232	233	48	116	151	373	98
%	30.1	18.8	27.0	18.7	23.2	32.4	33.3	14.5	23.5	30.5	54.5	15.1
7	53	26	66	41	93	49	80	17	37	72	94	27
%	11.1	3.7	9.2	4.6	15.7	6.8	11.4	5.2	7.5	14.5	13.7	4.1
8	29	20	20	27	68	17	43	9	23	17	47	11
%	6.1	2.8	2.8	3.0	11.4	2.4	6.2	2.7	4.7	3.4	6.9	1.7
97						7M	11M		6M			
98		94M			2M	11M			104M	11M		32M
99	70M	28M	23M		49M	3M	35M	42M		7M	21M	17M
0	464M	880M	371M	229M	555M	467M	435M	586M	397M	487M	798M	369M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V238 R: Hours worked weekly

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	48	12	18
%	8.4	1.5	2.9
2	71	30	35
%	12.5	3.9	5.6
3	58	53	61
%	10.2	6.8	9.8
4	33	53	16
%	5.8	6.8	2.6
5	87	497	134
%	15.3	64.0	21.5
6	217	96	230
%	38.1	12.4	36.9
7	42	23	75
%	7.4	3.0	12.0
8	14	13	54
%	2.5	1.7	8.7
97	3M		7M
98	17M		33M
99	1M	49M	19M
0	415M	702M	580M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V239 <WRKSUP> R: Supervise others at work

Location: 279 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

In your main job, do you supervise anyone or are you directly responsible for the work of other people?

CZ: Do (did) you have subordinates in your main employment?
GB,NIRL: (If employee in current/ last job) Are you/ were you a manager, a supervisor/ foreman or not?
SLO: What is (was) your position at working place?
USA: Does you or your spouse supervise others at work?

1. Yes, supervise others at work
2. No, do not supervise
6. GB,RP: Self-employed
8. Don't know
9. No answer, refused
- E: No answer, don't know
0. NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not working)
- USA: No work, no spouse/ partner
- Not available: Austria

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	240	92	296	130	232		259	251	407	322	149	283
%	46.9	36.2	31.4	19.4	40.4		38.7	29.5	30.0	34.2	26.2	32.6
2	272	162	567	540	342		410	600	951	619	420	584
%	53.1	63.8	60.1	80.6	59.6		61.3	70.5	70.0	65.8	73.8	67.4
6			81									
%			8.6									
8			2M	4M	5M							12M
9	7M	8M	1M		38M		15M	343M	75M	23M	115M	39M
0	455M	265M	25M	71M	659M	1011M	548M	415M	19M	103M	560M	159M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	156	138	311	419	88	244	162	83	115	100	196	247
%	26.9	17.4	42.8	44.4	14.1	32.8	26.6	23.1	18.9	12.3	28.3	36.3
2	424	657	416	524	500	500	448	277	493	715	496	434
%	73.1	82.6	57.2	55.6	80.1	67.2	73.4	76.9	81.1	87.7	71.7	63.7
6					36							
%					5.8							
8		30M				3M			2M			11M
9	14M		13M		21M	1M	142M	12M	3M	12M	13M	8M
0	419M	880M	372M	172M	555M	457M	428M	586M	387M	173M	798M	369M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V239 R: Supervise others at work

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	420	155	191
%	44.8	19.8	29.0
2	517	629	468
%	55.2	80.2	71.0
6			
8	15M	6M	3M
9		37M	19M
0	54M	701M	581M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V240 <RINCOME> R: Earnings

Location: 280 MD1: 000000
 Width: 6 MD2: 999997

Respondent's earnings I

- A: Personal net income from all sources per month in
 in shilling (midpoints)
- BG: Personal monthly net income in Lev
- CDN: What was your own total personal income from all sources
 in 2000 before taxes? (midpoints of the categories
 in Canadian \$)
- CH: R's monthly earnings from employment in swiss francs
 (midpoints of the classes)
 The first part of the question asks in direct form for
 income and the second only asked if R is not willing
 to respond to the first part, then the second part asks
 if R would at least be willing to give an approximate
 indication of his income.
- CZ: What is your total average net income per month in CZK?
 It includes incomes from main job or business, incomes
 from additional gainful activities or property, rents,
 social incomes as are unemployment benefits, maternal
 benefits, allowances, etc. It does not include child
 allowances and state compensatory benefits for children.
- D: R's net earnings per month after taxes and social
 insurance in DM
- DK: R's earnings per year before taxes in Dkr (midpoints)
- E: R's monthly earnings in pts (midpoints)
- GB: Which of the letters in this card represents your own
 gross or total earnings per year, before deduction of
 income tax and national insurance (midpoints in Pounds)
- IRL: Into which category would you say your own weekly gross
 income before taxes and social insurance fall?
 (midpoints in Irish Pounds)
- IL: Midpoints of the categories in NIS
- J: How much did you earn yourself last year before taxes?
 (midpoints in thous. Yen)
- LV: Monthly net income in Latvian Lats
- N: What was your personal gross income before taxes and
 allowances in 1997 include retirement benefits etc.?
 (in Norwegian Kroner)
- NIRL: What is your personal income before tax and national
 insurance contributions? include all income from
 employment and benefits. Income per annum in Pounds
 (midpoints of the categories)
- NZ: Which of the following categories best describes your
 own yearly income from all sources before tax in N.Z.\$?
 (midpoints of the categories)
- P: R's monthly average net income in escudos (midpoints)
- RCH: R's monthly net income in CLP (midpoints)
- RP: Respondent's monthly income in Pesos
- RUS: What is your monthly wage together with all the bonuses,
 compensations and other payments in new RUR (midpoints)
- S: What is your approximate income per month before taxes
 in SEK?
- SF: The questionnaire for Swedish speaking Finns did not
 include question for personal income. Instead, the
 question for household income had accidentally been
 duplicated. For Swedish speaking respondents, the
 variable for personal income contains information only
 for respondents living in one-person household.
- SLO: What was your last regular monthly income after taxes
 and social insurances from all sources in Tolar?
- USA: R's earnings from all jobs in 1999 before taxes or other
 deductions in \$ (midpoints)

V240 R: Earnings

(continued)

000070. RUS: 70 new RUR
000500. J : 500 000 Yen (in thous.)
020000. J : 20 000 000 Yen
025000. RUS: 25 000 new RUR
040000. NIRL: 40 000 Pounds + per annum
999996. N : 1 000 000 NOK and more
E : >1 000 000 Pts
RCH: >1 000 000 CLP
USA: >1 000 000 Dollar

999997. Refused
999998. Don't know
999999. No answer
GB: No answer, refused
000000. No own income;
Not available: NL

V241 <INCOME> Family income

Location: 286 MD1: 000000
Width: 6 MD2: 999997

Family income I

- A: Total household net income from all sources per month in shilling (midpoints)
BG: Household's monthly net income in Lev
CDN: What was the total income of your household from all sources in 2000 before taxes? (midpoints of the categories in Canadian \$)
CZ: What is an total average net income of your household per month in CZK? Count incomes of all members of your household, all social benefits, allowances and complementary incomes after taxation.
CH: Monthly household income from all sources (midpoints) see V240 RINCOME
D: Household net income per month after taxes and social insurance in DM; not asked for singles. Information on a single's income is added if size of household is 1.
DK: Total family income per year before taxes in Dkr (midpoints)
E: Average monthly net income (midpoints) in Pts
GB: Which of the letters on this card represents the total income of your household per year from all sources before tax and national insurance (midpoints in Pounds)
IL: Respondent's and spouse's income in NIS (midpoints)
IRL: Into which group does your weekly household income fall, including all pensions, social welfare payments etc. (midpoints in Irish Pounds)
J: How much was the total income of your family last year before taxes? (midpoints in thous. Yen)
LV: HH monthly net income in Latvian Lats
N: What was HH's gross income before taxes and allowances in 1997 include retirement benefits etc.?
NIRL: What is the total income of your household before tax national insurance contributions? Include all income from employment and benefits. Income per annum in Pounds (midpoints of the categories)
NL: What is the gross income of the household you are member of, we mean the sum total of all incomes earned in your household before social premiums and taxes are conducted? Income per year in classes (midpoints)
NZ: Which of the following categories best describes the total yearly income of all persons in your household from all sources before tax in N.Z.\$? (midpoints)
P: Please tell me which of the following intervals correspond to your family income (monthly, after deduction, midpoints in escudos)
RCH: Total monthly family income from all sources (midpoints in CLP)
RP: Total monthly family income in Pesos
RUS: What is your family income per member of your family per month in new roubles RUR (midpoints)?
S: Monthly household income before taxes in SEK
SLO: What was the net monthly income from all sources of all members of your household after taxes in Tolar?
USA: Total family income from all sources in 1999 before taxes or other deductions in \$ (midpoints)

V241 Family income

(continued)

000070. RUS: 70 new RUR
000500. J : 500 000 Yen (in thous.)
010000. N : 10 000 NOK
020000. J : 20 000 000 Yen
025000. RUS: 25 000 new RUR
040000. NIRL: 40 000 Pounds + per annum
990000. SLO: 990 000 Tolar
996000. SLO: > 999 000 Tolar
999996. N : 1 000 000 NOK and more
E : >1 000 000 Pts
RCH: >1 000 000 CLP
USA: >1 000 000 Dollar

999997. Refused
999998. Don't know
999999. No answer
GB: No answer, refused
000000. No income;
Not available

V242 <RELIG> R: Religious denomination

Location: 292 MD1: 99
 Width: 2 MD2: 98

Religion

A,D: Which religious group do you belong to?

CZ: What religion are you?

CDN: Could you tell us what, if any, religious group you belong to?

USA: What is your religious preference? Is it Protestant, catholic, Jewish, some other religion, or no religion (If Protestant) What specific denomination is that?

GB,NIRL,S,PL: Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion? If yes, which?

IRL: What is your current religious denomination?

NL: Do you consider yourself to belong to a religious group or church? If yes, which of those groups or churches do you consider yourself to be a member of?

NZ: What is your current religion?

DK: Are you member of a church?

RP: What, if any, church or religious group you belong to?

J: What is your religious preference? Which group of Christianity do you belong to?

- 10. Roman Catholic
- 11. Greek Catholic
- 12. RP: Aglipayan
- 20. Jewish
- 30. Muslim, Islam
- 31. Druse

- 40. Baptist
- 41. Methodist
- 42. Lutheran
 - CZ,D: Evangelical church
 - NIRL: Lutheran, evangelical church
 - SK: Slovak Evangelical
- 43. Presbyterian/ Church of Scotland
- 44. Church of England/
 - Church of Ireland/ Anglican
 - NIRL: Church of Ireland/ Anglican/ Episcopal
- 45. URC/ Congregational
 - SK: Fraternity church
- 46. Episcopal
- 47. Unitarians
 - AUS: Uniting Church
- 48. Protestant (evangelist) free church
 - N,S: Other Protestant communities
- 49. Protestant
 - (not elsewhere classified or not specified)
 - CH: Swiss Reformed Church + other protestant
 - DK: Danish Folkchurch (Danish National Evangelical Lutheran Church)
 - GB: Other Protestant
 - N: Norwegian State Church
 - NL: Reformed mainstream + orthodox protestant
 - S: Church of Sweden
 - SF: State church of Finland
 - USA: Other Protestant denominations

- 50. J: Shinto
- 51. Hindu
- 52. Buddhists
- 53. Sikh
- 54. SLO,RUS: Orthodox
 - BG: Eastern Orthodox
- 55. United Church

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

- 60. GB: Free Presbyterian
- 61. Brethren, Evangelical Church of Czech Brethren
- 62. Pentecostal
- 63. Mormon
- 64. Salvation Army, Assemblies of God
- 65. Seventh Day Adventists, Born again
- 66. NZ: Ratana
- 67. CZ: Hussites
- 68. USA: Native American
- 69. USA: Inter-Nondenominational Church
- 70. Jehova's Witness
- 90. None
- 91. No <GB,NZ,USA: Christian> denomination given
- 92. Other Christian religion
- 93. Other non-Christian religion
<S: non-Christian religions>
- 94. Other not classified
- 98. Don't know
- 99. No answer, refused

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
10 %	438 45.5	20 3.8	90 9.3	219 29.6	302 23.7	791 78.9	1015 83.1	275 17.1	13 .9	10 .9	424 35.2	733 70.9
11 %					3 .2							
12 %												
20 %			6 .6	2 .3	24 1.9		1 .1					
30 %			11 1.1	1 .1	6 .5		1 .1	7 .4	12 .8			4 .4
40 %			6 .6	11 1.5	258 20.2							
41 %			20 2.1	26 3.5	121 9.5							
42 %	412 42.8	235 45.0		2 .3	75 5.9		1 .1					17 1.6
43 %			38 3.9	191 25.8			3 .2					
44 %			288 29.7	155 20.9			34 2.8					
45 %			3 .3	10 1.3								
46 %					26 2.0							
47 %												
48 %	20 2.1	14 2.7							14 1.0	27 2.6		
49 %			23 2.4	35 4.7	175 13.7	60 6.0		247 15.4	1216 84.4	666 63.1		
50 %												
51 %			5 .5		5 .4			1 .1				
52 %					10 .8			1 .1				
53 %												
54 %												22 2.1
55 %												
60 %				10 1.3								
61 %				5 .7							21 1.7	
62 %				3 .4								
63 %				1 .1								
64 %				1 .1								
65 %				1 .1								
66 %												
67 %											16 1.3	
90 %	36 3.7	251 48.1	408 42.1	57 7.7	165 12.9	117 11.7	148 12.1	1030 64.0	140 9.7	342 32.4	723 60.0	240 23.2

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
91 %			65 6.7		71 5.6		12 1.0					
92 %	22 2.3	1 .2	4 .4	10 1.3	33 2.6	20 2.0	6 .5		37 2.6		16 1.3	15 1.5
93 %	34 3.5	1 .2	3 .3			14 1.4			1 .1	10 .9	6 .5	3 .3
94 %				1 .1	2 .2			48 3.0	7 .5			
98				1M		8M	5M				15M	7M
99	12M	5M	2M	3M		1M	6M		12M	12M	23M	36M
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
10 %	8 .8	3 .2	142 13.0	441 53.1	1018 85.0			814 87.0	199 20.0	916 92.4	1122 75.3	6 .6
11 %		1 .1									1 .1	
12 %					16 1.3							
20 %	1 .1	3 .2	4 .4	3 .4		1053 87.4			1 .1	1 .1		
30 %	93 9.3	64 3.9	4 .4	1 .1	32 2.7	152 12.6		2 .2		2 .2		5 .5
40 %		1 .1	23 2.1	21 2.5	11 .9				5 .5		1 .1	
41 %			35 3.2								4 .3	
42 %		1 .1	2 .2	15 1.8				3 .3	213 21.4			
43 %			142 13.0	11 1.3							1 .1	
44 %			231 21.1	48 5.8							2 .1	
45 %												
46 %												
47 %				6 .7								
48 %			17 1.6	3 .4					1 .1		5 .3	
49 %	2 .2	2 .1		38 4.6	35 2.9					6 .6	222 14.9	904 86.5
50 %						22 1.9						
51 %			9 .8	1 .1								
52 %			9 .8	2 .2		465 40.6					1 .1	
53 %				1 .1								
54 %	791 78.8	1034 62.9	3 .3	5 .6					188 18.9			
55 %				80 9.6								
60 %				3 .4								
61 %			5 .5									
62 %				5 .6	5 .4							
63 %			16 1.5	7 .8							15 1.0	
64 %			11 1.0		1 .1							
65 %			3 .3		35 2.9							
66 %			20 1.8									
67 %												
90 %	101 10.1	414 25.2	310 28.4	108 13.0	2 .2		629 54.9	110 11.8	357 35.9	49 4.9	105 7.0	117 11.2

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
91 %		25 1.5		6 .7			16 1.4	2 .2			4 .3	
92 %		86 5.2	75 6.9	22 2.7					28 2.8	12 1.2	5 .3	
93 %			3 .3	3 .4			13 1.1		3 .3	5 .5		
94 %	8 .8	9 .5	29 2.7		42 3.5			5 .5			2 .1	13 1.2
98	7M	40M		1M			13M			2M	1M	13M
99	2M	22M	19M	284M	3M		22M	22M	5M	7M	12M	11M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
10	433		1112
%	43.4		90.6
11		10	
%		.7	
12			
%			
20	3		2
%	.3		.2
30	6		
%	.6		
40			
%			
41			
%			
42			
%			
43			
%			
44			
%			
45			
%			
46			
%			
47			
%			
48			
%			
49	399	1285	25
%	40.0	85.3	2.0
50			
%			
51	2		
%	.2		
52	1		
%	.1		
53			
%			
54	6		
%	.6		
55			
%			
60			
%			
61			
%			
62			
%			
63			
%			
64			
%			
65			
%			
66			
%			
67			
%			
90	127	167	21
%	12.7	11.1	1.7

V242 R: Religious denomination

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
91			6
%			.5
92		29	40
%		1.9	3.3
93		15	1
%		1.0	.1
94	20		21
%	2.0		1.7
98	9M		1M
99		22M	33M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V243 <ATTEND> R: Attendance of religious services

Location: 294 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Church attendance: How often do you attend religious services?

A: How often do you go to church in general?

CDN: If you are member of a religious group or church, how often do you attend religious services?

GB: (If any religion) Apart from such special occasions as as weddings, funerals and baptism, how often nowadays do you attend services or meetings connected with your religion?

J: How often do you attend religious services or go to pray at temple/ shrine other than 'Hatumode', wedding or funeral?

RP: How often do you pray?

1. Once a week or more, nearly every week
RP: Several times a day, once a day, several times a week, every week
2. 2-3 times a month
GB: At least once in a fortnight
SLO: 2-3 times a month, nearly every week
3. Once a month
GB: At least once a month
NZ: About once a month
4. Several times a year
GB,NIRL: + Once or twice a year
5. Less frequently
A: Once a year
GB,NIRL: Less often than once a year
N,NZ,SLO,RUS,RP: 1-2 times a year, less than once a year
IRL: Less than once a year
6. Never
8. Don't know, GB: varies too much
9. No answer, refused
0. NAP (no <Christian> religion)
Not available: BG,IL,SF

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	20	5	107	261	369	173	699	170	43	23	67	130
%	2.1	1.0	12.5	35.8	29.4	17.3	60.9	10.6	3.0	2.2	5.5	12.3
2	93	5	22	77	112	106	92	56	52	28	20	91
%	9.7	1.0	2.6	10.5	8.9	10.6	8.0	3.5	3.6	2.7	1.7	8.6
3	95	12	53	38	95	93	54	96	28	19	16	56
%	9.9	2.3	6.2	5.2	7.6	9.3	4.7	6.0	1.9	1.9	1.3	5.3
4	210	42	148	89	177	314	145	273	152	230	112	432
%	21.8	8.0	17.3	12.2	14.1	31.4	12.6	17.0	10.6	22.4	9.3	41.0
5	307	120	37	113	239	131	97		622	424	253	67
%	31.9	22.9	4.3	15.5	19.1	13.1	8.4		43.3	41.3	20.9	6.4
6	237	340	488	152	262	184	61	1009	539	302	742	278
%	24.6	64.9	57.1	20.8	20.9	18.4	5.3	62.9	37.5	29.4	61.3	26.4
8			7M	2M			5M	5M		14M	8M	6M
9	12M	3M	3M		22M	10M	79M		16M	27M	26M	17M
0			107M	13M								
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V243 R: Attendance of religious services

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1		32	133	249	560		33	229	38	448	333	14
%		2.6	12.6	25.2	47.5		2.8	28.0	3.8	47.5	24.1	1.4
2		38	78	94	245		39	80	34	88	138	23
%		3.1	7.4	9.5	20.8		3.4	9.8	3.4	9.3	10.0	2.2
3		84	38	41	127		92	66	57	137	158	38
%		6.9	3.6	4.1	10.8		7.9	8.1	5.7	14.5	11.4	3.7
4		346	116	174	91		312	196	271	169	304	305
%		28.5	11.0	17.6	7.7		26.9	23.9	27.3	17.9	22.0	29.8
5		309	391	221	127		472	111	253	90	272	371
%		25.4	37.0	22.3	10.8		40.7	13.6	25.5	9.5	19.7	36.2
6		406	301	211	30		212	137	341	12	178	273
%		33.4	28.5	21.3	2.5		18.3	16.7	34.3	1.3	12.9	26.7
8		31M	31M		7M		5M					31M
9		45M	24M	125M	13M		15M	7M	6M	7M	2M	14M
0	1013M	414M				1205M		132M		49M	118M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	96		585
%	11.1		48.1
2	84		199
%	9.7		16.4
3	70		151
%	8.1		12.4
4	213		137
%	24.7		11.3
5	248		97
%	28.7		8.0
6	152		48
%	17.6		3.9
8	15M		4M
9			41M
0	128M	1528M	
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V244 <CLASS> R: Subjective social class

Location: 295 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 7

Subjective social class

A,D,S: Which social class do you attribute yourself to?

CDN: Some people consider themselves to be a member of a specific social class. Of the following groups, would you consider yourself a member of ...?

CZ: What social group or class would you classify yourself?

J,USA: If you were asked to use one of four names for your social class, which would you say you belong to: the lower, the working, the middle, or the upper class?

N: Please tell me which social class you would say you belong to?

NZ: In terms of your social status, which of the following categories do you think you fit into?

IRL: If you had to classify yourself in to one of the categories, which would it be?

SLO: Which social group do you think you belong to?

RP: At present, where will you put yourself?

1. Lower class
2. Working class
3. Lower middle class/ upper working class
A,CH,CZ,D,IL,J,N,RUS: Lower middle class
4. Middle class
SF: not in questionnaire
5. Upper middle class
6. Upper class
7. Classification refused
8. Don't know, can't choose
9. No answer, classification refused
0. None of these classes, no class affiliation, other
Not available: GB,NIRL,NL

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	10	11			70	42	127			23	56	35
%	1.1	2.2			5.5	4.4	11.1			2.4	4.8	3.5
2	272	258			585		239		403	325	293	377
%	28.9	51.2			46.1		20.8		30.3	33.5	25.0	38.0
3						173	163		116		319	
%						18.1	14.2		8.7		27.2	
4	563	219			575	623	223		635	494	435	522
%	59.8	43.5			45.3	65.1	19.4		47.7	50.9	37.1	52.6
5	92	15				107	208		165	121	56	58
%	9.8	3.0				11.2	18.1		12.4	12.5	4.8	5.8
6	5	1			40	12	187		13	8	15	1
%	.5	.2			3.1	1.3	16.3		1.0	.8	1.3	.1
7	13M	10M				54M	85M					
8	14M	5M			1M				102M	72M	27M	54M
9	1M	1M			5M				18M	24M	37M	30M
0	4M	7M	972M	745M				1609M			6M	
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V244 R: Subjective social class

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	215	213	27	28	404	39	87	52	111	234	287	17
%	23.5	13.4	2.7	3.0	35.5	3.3	7.7	5.6	12.0	24.6	19.4	1.7
2	349	596	215	230	185			443	346		659	202
%	38.2	37.6	21.7	24.8	16.3			47.4	37.4		44.6	20.6
3	68	163	150	103	104	104	277	126	103	512	188	98
%	7.4	10.3	15.1	11.1	9.1	8.7	24.5	13.5	11.1	53.9	12.7	10.0
4	249	569	467	444	396	720	653	282	336		315	496
%	27.2	35.9	47.1	47.8	34.8	60.2	57.7	30.2	36.4		21.3	50.6
5	26	35	121	110	34	256	113	31	23	198	23	154
%	2.8	2.2	12.2	11.9	3.0	21.4	10.0	3.3	2.5	20.8	1.6	15.7
6	7	8	12	13	15	77	2	1	5	6	5	14
%	.8	.5	1.2	1.4	1.3	6.4	.2	.1	.5	.6	.3	1.4
7						4M	3M					23M
8	63M	121M	82M	61M	41M	3M	42M	17M	76M	24M	14M	50M
9	3M		38M	29M	12M	2M	3M	6M		18M	5M	15M
0	33M			97M	9M					8M	7M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	19	42	261
%	2.0	3.4	23.1
2	128	405	121
%	13.2	32.5	10.7
3	168	489	159
%	17.3	39.2	14.1
4	486		541
%	49.9		47.9
5	155	289	44
%	15.9	23.2	3.9
6	17	22	3
%	1.7	1.8	.3
7			
8	33M		90M
9		199M	12M
0		82M	31M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V245 <UNION> R: Trade union membership

Location: 296 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 9

Trade <labour> union membership

(If employed at present)

Are you a member of trade unions at present?

A: Are you or have you been member of a trade union?

GB: (All who ever have worked)

Are you now a member of a trade union or staff association?

1. Member, currently
CDN: Presently member
GB,D: Now member
NL,RCH,S: Member
2. Once member, former member
CDN: Member only in the past
3. Not member, never member
A: No, never member
CDN,NZ: Not a member
NIRL: Not member, never member
NL,S: No member
USA: R/ spouse no member, spouse member
9. No answer, refused, don't know
0. NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, not working, never had a job);

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	141	56	197	93	108	229	236	411	694	710	194	312
%	14.5	10.6	20.8	31.4	12.7	27.9	35.1	25.9	49.1	69.5	15.9	30.9
2												
%												
3	830	470	749	203	745	592	437	1176	720	311	1023	697
%	85.5	89.4	79.2	68.6	87.3	72.1	64.9	74.1	50.9	30.5	84.1	69.1
9	3M	1M	1M	3M	4M	190M	11M	22M	38M	46M	27M	68M
0			25M	446M	419M		548M					
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	132	426	150	213	7	232	126	60	107	80	80	772
%	13.2	25.0	20.6	22.6	.7	30.7	28.3	6.9	11.0	8.0	11.6	73.9
2				106					287	94		
%				11.2					29.6	9.4		
3	869	1279	579	625	962	523	319	815	575	821	608	273
%	86.8	75.0	79.4	66.2	99.3	69.3	71.7	93.1	59.3	82.5	88.4	26.1
9	12M		12M	171M	231M		27M	83M	31M	5M	17M	24M
0			371M			450M	708M				798M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	185	602	136
%	18.5	75.3	11.5
2			
%			
3	813	197	1047
%	81.5	24.7	88.5
9	8M	28M	79M
0		701M	
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V246 <PARTY_LR> Party affiliation I: left - right

Location: 297 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 8

Political party affiliation I - derived from V247 to V271

A,D,RP: In politics there are often used terms the Left and the Right. Where do you place yourself on the scale?

CZ: constructed from R's party affiliation, see CZ_PRTY

DK: derived from last vote in March 1998, see DK_PRTY

E: constructed with a left-right scale, answered to directly by respondents, and not with a subjective interpretation of their closeness to parties.

GB: derived from GB_PRTY

LV: derived from LV_PRTY

NZ: derived from NZ_PRTY

P: derived from P_PRTY

SF: derived from SF_PRTY

S: derived from S_PRTY

1. Far left (communist, etc.)
GB: Green
2. Left, centre left
3. Centre, liberal
4. Right, conservative
5. Far right, fascist etc.
6. Other, no specification
7. No party preference
E: No party affiliation at present
SLO,D: Would not vote, not eligible
CZ: Would not vote; would drop invalid ballot in ballot-box, no electoral right
8. Don't know, undecided, can't choose
9. No answer, refused
0. Not applicable; not available
DK: Did not vote at last election or DK/ NA in DK_PRTY

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	36	38	11			44	18	189	15	81	94	
%	4.1	7.9	1.2			4.9	2.5	13.7	1.2	7.9	11.0	
2	230	154	409		419	142	68	413	370	271	108	71
%	26.5	32.1	43.7		33.0	15.7	9.6	30.0	30.1	26.4	12.6	9.5
3	407	239	89		509	601	424	184	270	183	83	340
%	46.9	49.8	9.5		40.0	66.3	59.8	13.4	22.0	17.8	9.7	45.3
4	177	43	274		319	101	131	301	500	130	213	143
%	20.4	9.0	29.3		25.1	11.1	18.5	21.9	40.7	12.7	24.9	19.1
5	18	6				19	68	8			14	22
%	2.1	1.3				2.1	9.6	.6			1.6	2.9
6			41		24			16	9	16	103	3
%			4.4		1.9			1.2	.7	1.6	12.0	.4
7			112					266	64	346	240	171
%			12.0					19.3	5.2	33.7	28.1	22.8
8			26M				223M	210M	194M		252M	323M
9	106M	47M	10M		5M	104M	300M	22M	30M	40M	137M	4M
0				745M								
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V246 Party affiliation I: left - right

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	56	384			18		27	51	34	20		118
%	6.5	28.0			2.0		2.4	8.0	4.1	2.4		13.8
2	106	85	488		15		28	193	82	47		293
%	12.3	6.2	50.0		1.6		2.5	30.4	9.9	5.6		34.1
3	54	97	46		204		98	293	87	300		98
%	6.3	7.1	4.7		22.3		8.7	46.2	10.5	35.8		11.4
4	122	283	354		71		275	78	119	191		281
%	14.1	20.6	36.3		7.8		24.3	12.3	14.3	22.8		32.8
5	64	23			25			19		12		49
%	7.4	1.7			2.7			3.0		1.4		5.7
6	4	15	33				5			2		5
%	.5	1.1	3.4				.4			.2		.6
7	457	485	55		582		697		508	265		14
%	53.0	35.3	5.6		63.6		61.7		61.2	31.7		1.6
8	139M	333M	84M		201M			158M	138M			65M
9	11M		52M		84M		50M	166M	32M	163M		23M
0				1115M		1205M					1503M	123M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	5		48
%	.5		8.0
2	178	303	8
%	18.5	26.8	1.3
3	5	517	114
%	.5	45.8	19.0
4	201	4	22
%	20.9	.4	3.7
5	4		113
%	.4		18.9
6	11	175	5
%	1.1	15.5	.8
7	560	131	289
%	58.1	11.6	48.2
8	38M	238M	597M
9	4M	160M	66M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V247 <A_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Austria

Location: 298 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

A_PRTY - Austria

Which political party do you like most or do you prefer?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 834
01. SPOE - Social Democrats	211	0.68	25.30
02. OEVF - Conservative	234	0.75	28.06
03. FPÖ - Liberals	77	0.25	9.23
04. Grüne - Greens	69	0.22	8.27
05. LIF - Liberal	6	0.02	0.72
95. Other Party	1	0.00	0.12
96. No party preference	236	0.76	28.30
99. No answer	177	0.57	.
00. Not available	30031	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V248 <BG_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Bulgaria

Location: 300 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

BG_PRTY - Bulgaria

Political party sympathized to

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 993
01. Bulgarian Socialist Party - BSP	162	0.52	16.31
02. Bulgarian Business Block - BBB	10	0.03	1.01
03. VMRO	10	0.03	1.01
04. Georges Day	20	0.06	2.01
05. Motion for Rights and Freedom - MRF	28	0.09	2.82
06. Euro Left	20	0.06	2.01
07. National Union	17	0.05	1.71
08. Union of Democracy	188	0.61	18.93
95. Other Party	22	0.07	2.22
96. No party preference	516	1.66	51.96
99. No answer	20	0.06	.
00. Not available	30029	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V249 <CDN_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Canada

Location: 302 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

CDN_PRTY - Canada

Generally speaking, in federal politics do you usually think yourself as: ...?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1060
01. Canadian Alliance, Reform	86	0.28	8.11
02. PC	132	0.43	12.45
03. Liberal	402	1.30	37.92
04. New Democrats	59	0.19	5.57
05. Bloc Québécois	98	0.32	9.25
95. Other Party	11	0.04	1.04
96. No party preference	272	0.88	25.66
97. Refused	55	0.18	.
00. Not available	29927	96.41	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V250 <CH_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Switzerland

Location: 304 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

CH_PRTY - Switzerland

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1002
01. Christian Democratic Party, Christian Social Party	52	0.17	5.19
02. Evangelical Peoples Party	3	0.01	0.30
03. Radical Party	91	0.29	9.08
04. Social Democratic Party	147	0.47	14.67
05. Swiss People's Party	41	0.13	4.09
06. Independent Party	1	0.00	0.10
07. Liberal Party	21	0.07	2.10
08. Labour Party, Communist Party	5	0.02	0.50
09. Swiss Democrats, Lega	4	0.01	0.40
10. Green Party	31	0.10	3.09
11. Freedom Party	0	0.00	0.00
95. Other Party	8	0.03	0.80
96. No party preference	598	1.93	59.68
99. No answer	4	0.01	.
00. Not available	30036	96.76	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V251 <CZ_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Czech Republic

Location: 306 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

CZ_PRTY - Czech Republic

Can you tell us which political party you would vote for if
the elections to the Chamber of Deputies were held next week?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 855
01. KDU-CSL - Christian Democratic Union, Czechoslovak People's Party	71	0.23	8.30
02. Independent candidates	32	0.10	3.74
03. CAO National Citizens Initiative	13	0.04	1.52
04. DEU - Democratic Union	9	0.03	1.05
05. ODS - Civic Democratic Party	141	0.45	16.49
06. OK - Civic Coalition, Democratic Club	5	0.02	0.58
07. CSSD - Czech Social Democratic Party	108	0.35	12.63
08. MDS - Moravian Democratic Party	6	0.02	0.70
09. KSCM - Communist Party of Bohemia and Moravia	94	0.30	10.99
10. SPR-RSC - Republican Party of Czechoslovakia, Association for Republic	14	0.05	1.64
11. US - Freedom Union	55	0.18	6.43
12. DZJ - Pensioners for Life Securities	13	0.04	1.52
13. CSNS - Czech National Social Party	12	0.04	1.40
14. SDCR - Association of Pensioners of the Czech Republic	8	0.03	0.94
15. A2000 - Alternative 2000	0	0.00	0.00
16. PB - Right Block	2	0.01	0.23
17. ODA - Civic Democratic Alliance	6	0.02	0.70
18. SZ - Green Party	15	0.05	1.75
95. Other Party	11	0.04	1.29
96. Would not vote; would drop invalid ballot in ballot-box; not intitled to vote	240	0.77	28.07
98. Don't know	252	0.81	.
99. No answer	137	0.44	.
00. Not available	29798	95.99	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V252 <D_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Germany

Location: 308 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

D_PRTY - Germany

If there is a general election next Sunday, which party would you elect with your second vote?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1099
01. CDU/ CSU	314	1.01	28.57
02. SPD	376	1.21	34.21
03. FDP	84	0.27	7.64
04. Buendnis 90/ Die Gruenen	67	0.22	6.10
05. NPD	0	0.00	0.00
06. DKP	0	0.00	0.00
07. Republikaner	9	0.03	0.82
08. PDS/ Linke Liste	90	0.29	8.19
95. Other party	11	0.04	1.00
96. Would not vote	148	0.48	13.47
97. Refused	76	0.24	.
98. Don't know	253	0.82	.
99. No answer	0	0.00	.
00. NAP (not eligible, no German nationality); Not available	29614	95.40	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V253 <DK_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Denmark

Location: 310 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

DK_PRTY - Denmark: Vote at the last general election in March 1998.

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 858
01. Social Democratic Party	293	0.94	34.15
02. Radical Liberal Party	57	0.18	6.64
03. Conservative Peoples Party	71	0.23	8.28
04. Centre Democratic Party	25	0.08	2.91
05. Socialist Peoples Party	98	0.32	11.42
06. Danish Peoples Party	42	0.14	4.90
07. Christian Peoples Party	16	0.05	1.86
08. Democratic Renewal	0	0.00	0.00
09. Liberal Party	210	0.68	24.48
10. Progressive Party	7	0.02	0.82
11. Leftwing Alliance	20	0.06	2.33
95. Other Party	5	0.02	0.58
96. No preference; returned blank ballot paper	14	0.05	1.63
97. Don't remember	61	0.20	.
98. Don't know	4	0.01	.
99. NA	23	0.07	.
00. NAP (did not vote at last election or DK/NA); Not available	30096	96.95	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V254 <E_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Spain

Location: 312 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 97

E_PRTY - Spain

Vote in last election: March 2000

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 596
01. PP - Popular Party (Partido Popular)	276	0.89	46.31
02. PSOE - Spanish Socialist Workers Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Espanol)	193	0.62	32.38
03. IU - United Left, Coalition of Communist Party and other small left groups (Izquierda Unida)	38	0.12	6.38
04. CIU - Convergence and Union, Coalition of two center/ right Catalan nationalist parties (Convergencia i Unio)	27	0.09	4.53
05. PNV - Basque Nationalist Party (Partido Nacionalista Vasco)	7	0.02	1.17
06. BNG - Galician Nationalist Bloque (Bloque Nacionalista Galego)	9	0.03	1.51
07. CC - Canary Islands Coalition, regionalist coalition of several parties of wide ideological spectrum, members of Communist party to ultra conservative (Coalicion Canaria)	4	0.01	0.67
08. PA - Anadalousian Party, populist regional Party (Partido Andalucista)	2	0.01	0.34
09. ERC - Republican Catalanian Left, Catalan nationalist Party (Esquerra republicana de Catalunya)	3	0.01	0.50
10. IC-V - Iniciative of Catalanian Greens, Catalan version of IU (Iniviativa per Catalonia)	5	0.02	0.84
11. EA - Basque Union, center/ left nationalist Party (Eusko Alkartasuna)	1	0.00	0.17
12. CHA - Aragon regionalist Party, left Party (Chunta Aragonesista)	2	0.01	0.34
95. Other Party	5	0.02	0.84
96. Vote blank, not eligible (too young)	24	0.08	4.03
97. Did not vote	155	0.50	.
98. Don't know	24	0.08	.
99. No answer	183	0.59	.
00. Not available	30084	96.91	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V255 <GB_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: GB/ NIRL

Location: 314 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

GB_PRTY - Great Britain, NIRL_PRTY - Northern Ireland
Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter of any political party? If yes: Which one?
Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than the others? If yes: Which one? If there were a general election tomorrow which political party do you think you would be most likely to support?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1578
01. Conservative	274	0.88	17.36
02. Labour	409	1.32	25.92
03. Liberal Democrats, SLD	89	0.29	5.64
04. Nialliance, Alliance Party	36	0.12	2.28
05. Social Democratic and Labour Party, SDLP	121	0.39	7.67
06. Democratic Unionist Party	94	0.30	5.96
07. SNP (Scottish Nationalist Party)	22	0.07	1.39
08. Plaid Cymru	5	0.02	0.32
09. Green party	11	0.04	0.70
10. Ulster Unionist Party	212	0.68	13.43
11. Progressive Unionist Party	11	0.04	0.70
12. Sinn Fein	30	0.10	1.90
13. Ulster Democratic Party	2	0.01	0.13
14. Women's Coalition	8	0.03	0.51
15. UK Unionist Party	9	0.03	0.57
16. Northern Ireland Unionist Party	1	0.00	0.06
93. Other answer	26	0.08	1.65
95. Other party	8	0.03	0.51
96. Would not vote; no party preference	210	0.68	13.31
98. Don't know, undecided	129	0.42	.
99. No answer	10	0.03	.
00. Not available	29325	94.47	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V256 <IL_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Israel

Location: 316 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

IL_PRTY - Israel

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1126
01. Likud	303	0.98	26.91
02. Israel one, gesher	257	0.83	22.82
03. Shase	70	0.23	6.22
04. Meretz	87	0.28	7.73
05. Mafdal	51	0.16	4.53
06. Yahadut-hatora	38	0.12	3.37
07. Haehud haleumi	17	0.05	1.51
08. Shinuy	38	0.12	3.37
09. The center party	23	0.07	2.04
10. Am ehad	2	0.01	0.18
11. Israel baliya	30	0.10	2.66
12. Israel byteno	11	0.04	0.98
13. Hadash	98	0.32	8.70
14. Other left party	0	0.00	0.00
15. Other right party	0	0.00	0.00
16. Other religious party	0	0.00	0.00
95. Other party	23	0.07	2.04
96. No vote; no party preference	78	0.25	6.93
97. Refused	75	0.24	.
99. No answer	4	0.01	.
00. Not available	29837	96.12	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V257 <IRL_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Ireland

Location: 318 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

IRL_PRTY - Ireland

If there were a general election tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 957
01. Fianna Fail	424	1.37	44.31
02. Fine Gael	193	0.62	20.17
03. Labour	81	0.26	8.46
04. Worker's Party	0	0.00	0.00
05. Progressive Party	29	0.09	3.03
06. Green Party	55	0.18	5.75
07. Sinn Fein	56	0.18	5.85
08. Democratic left	0	0.00	0.00
95. Other Party	57	0.18	5.96
96. Would not vote; no party preference	62	0.20	6.48
98. Can't choose	248	0.80	.
99. No answer	27	0.09	.
00. Not available	29810	96.03	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V258 <J_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Japan

Location: 320 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

J_PRTY - Japan

What is your party preference?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1130
01. Liberal Democratic	261	0.84	23.10
02. The Democratic Party	57	0.18	5.04
03. Liberal Party	10	0.03	0.88
04. New Komeito	41	0.13	3.63
05. Japanese Communist Party	27	0.09	2.39
06. Social Democratic Party	28	0.09	2.48
07. New Conservative Party	2	0.01	0.18
95. Other Party	7	0.02	0.62
96. No party preference	697	2.25	61.68
99. No answer	50	0.16	.
00. Not available	29862	96.20	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V259 <LV_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Latvia

Location: 322 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

LV_PRTY - Latvia

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 830
01. Peoples Union, Freedom	0	0.00	0.00
02. The Party 'Land of Mara'	0	0.00	0.00
03. Conservative Party	0	0.00	0.00
04. Union 'Latvia's Way'	77	0.25	9.28
05. Social Democratic Women's Organization	0	0.00	0.00
06. National Harmony Party	34	0.11	4.10
07. New Party	10	0.03	1.20
08. Association of Labor Party, Christian Democratic Union	5	0.02	0.60
09. Union of Latvian Farmers	14	0.05	1.69
10. Democratic Party Saimnieks	0	0.00	0.00
11. People's Movement for Latvia	0	0.00	0.00
12. Latvian National Reform Party	0	0.00	0.00
13. National Progress Party	0	0.00	0.00
14. People's Party	62	0.20	7.47
15. Association Liberal Social Democrats	60	0.19	7.23
16. Latvian Unity Party	0	0.00	0.00
17. Union for Fatherland and Freedom	57	0.18	6.87
18. Latvian National Democratic Party	0	0.00	0.00
19. The Democrats' Party	0	0.00	0.00
20. The Political Organization 'Helsinki - 86'	0	0.00	0.00
21. Latvia's Rebirth Party	0	0.00	0.00
22. Local regional Party 'Latgales gaisma'	3	0.01	0.36
95. Other Party	0	0.00	0.00
96. No vote, none	508	1.64	61.20
98. Don't know	138	0.44	.
99. No answer	32	0.10	.
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V260 <MEX_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Mexico

Location: 324 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

MEX_PRTY - Mexico

For which of the political parties did you vote for at the presidential elections in July 2000?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1108
01. PAN-PVEM Alianza pro el cambio	492	1.58	44.40
02. PRI	313	1.01	28.25
03. PRD-PT-CD-PAS-PSN	113	0.36	10.20
04. PARM	1	0.00	0.09
05. PCD	1	0.00	0.09
06. PSD	7	0.02	0.63
07. Socialist Left	0	0.00	0.00
08. Liberal	0	0.00	0.00
95. Other Party	4	0.01	0.36
96. No party preference	177	0.57	15.97
97. Refused	60	0.19	.
98. Can't choose	11	0.04	.
99. No answer	59	0.19	.
00. NAP (did not vote); Not available	29804	96.01	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V261 <N_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Norway

Location: 326 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

N_PRTY - Norway

Do you consider yourself as a supporter of a political party,
which party?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1228
01. Red Electoral Alliance (Roed Valgallianse) Marxist-leninist and independent socialists ^	15	0.05	1.22
02. Labour Party (Det norske Arbeiderparti) Social Democrats	266	0.86	21.66
03. Progress Party (Fremskrittspartiet) Liberalist Party to the right of the Conservative Party	312	1.01	25.41
04. Conservative Party (Hoyre)	188	0.61	15.31
05. Christian Democratic Party (Kristelig Folkeparti)	154	0.50	12.54
06. Centre Party (Senterpartiet) Formerly the Agrarian Party	76	0.24	6.19
07. Socialist Left Party (Sosialistisk Venstreparti)	104	0.34	8.47
08. Liberal Party (Venstre)	40	0.13	3.26
95. Other Party	9	0.03	0.73
96. No party preference; wouldn't vote	64	0.21	5.21
98. Don't know	194	0.62	.
99. No answer	30	0.10	.
00. Not available	29590	95.32	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V262 <NL_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Netherlands

Location: 328 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

NL_PRTY - Netherlands

If there were parliamentary elections now, which party would
you vote for?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1377
01. Labour Party - PvdA	313	1.01	22.73
02. Liberal Party - VVD	240	0.77	17.43
03. Christian Democratic	184	0.59	13.36
04. Democrats '66 - D66	100	0.32	7.26
05. Calvinist State Party - SGP	12	0.04	0.87
06. Calvinist Political Alliance - GPV	25	0.08	1.82
07. Calvinist Political Federation - RPF	24	0.08	1.74
08. Green Left Party	126	0.41	9.15
09. Centrum Democrats	8	0.03	0.58
10. Socialist Party - SP	63	0.20	4.58
11. Union 55 Plus	10	0.03	0.73
12. General Union of the Netherlands	0	0.00	0.00
94. Vote blank	5	0.02	0.36
95. Other party	6	0.02	0.44
96. Would not vote; not eligible	261	0.84	18.95
97. Refused	22	0.07	.
98. Don't know	210	0.68	.
99. No answer	0	0.00	.
00. Not available	29433	94.82	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V263 <NZ_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: New Zealand

Location: 330 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

NZ_PRTY - New Zealand

Generally speaking, in politics do you usually think of yourself as:

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 976
01. ATC	24	0.08	2.46
02. Alliance	35	0.11	3.59
03. Green	0	0.00	0.00
04. Labour Party	414	1.33	42.42
05. National Party	330	1.06	33.81
06. New Zealand First	39	0.13	4.00
07. United	7	0.02	0.72
95. Other party	72	0.23	7.38
96. No preference, not vote	55	0.18	5.64
98. Don't know	84	0.27	.
99. No answer	52	0.17	.
00. Not available	29930	96.42	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V264 <P_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Portugal

Location: 332 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

P_PRTY - Portugal

Which party do you sympathize with?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 837
01. Bloco de esquerda (Left block)	11	0.04	1.31
02. CDS, PP (Social Democratic Centre/ Popular Party)	12	0.04	1.43
03. CDU-PCP (Unitary Democratic Colligation/ Portuguese Communist Party)	47	0.15	5.62
04. MRPP (Revolutionary Movement of Portuguese Proletariat)	0	0.00	0.00
05. PPD, PSD (Popular Democratic Party/ Social Democratic Party)	191	0.62	22.82
06. PS (Socialist Party)	300	0.97	35.84
07. PSR (Revolutionary Socialist Party)	8	0.03	0.96
08. UDP (Popular Democratic Union)	1	0.00	0.12
95. Other Party	2	0.01	0.24
96. None; no preference	265	0.85	31.66
99. No answer	163	0.53	.
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V265 <RCH_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Republic Chile

Location: 334 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

RCH_PRTY - Republic of Chile
Which political Party do you favour?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1418
01. Christian Democratic Party	238	0.77	16.78
02. Independent Democratic Party	138	0.44	9.73
03. Communist Party of Chile	21	0.07	1.48
04. National Renewal Party	131	0.42	9.24
05. Chilean Socialist Party	120	0.39	8.46
06. Radical Social Democratic Party	19	0.06	1.34
07. Progressive Centre	23	0.07	1.62
08. Democracy Party	123	0.40	8.67
95. Other party	3	0.01	0.21
96. No party preference	602	1.94	42.45
98. Don't know	20	0.06	.
99. No answer	65	0.21	.
00. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V266 <RP_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Philippines

Location: 336 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RP_PRTY - Philippines
Which political Party do you favour?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1200
01. Lakas NUCD-UMDP	64	0.21	5.33
02. Lakas ng Demokratiko - LDP	15	0.05	1.25
03. Nationalists People - NPC	1	0.00	0.08
04. Peoples Reform Party - PRP	0	0.00	0.00
05. Liberal Party - LP	15	0.05	1.25
06. Nacionlista Party - NP	5	0.02	0.42
07. Philippines Democratic Party - PDP-LABAN	4	0.01	0.33
08. Partido Democratico - PDSP	0	0.00	0.00
09. Lapiang Manggagawa - LM	1	0.00	0.08
10. Partido ng Masang Pilipino - PMP	9	0.03	0.75
11. Natural Law Party	1	0.00	0.08
12. Kilusang Bagong Lipunan - KBL	2	0.01	0.17
13. Bicol Saro	0	0.00	0.00
14. Partido Panghiusa - PP	2	0.01	0.17
16. Asistio Party	1	0.00	0.08
17. Joseph Party	13	0.04	1.08
18. Gloria Arroyo Party	2	0.01	0.17
19. LAMMP	25	0.08	2.08
20. Partido ni Lim	1	0.00	0.08
21. Partido ni Ramos	1	0.00	0.08
22. Promdi	10	0.03	0.83
23. Bando Osmena Pondok Kauswagan	1	0.00	0.08
24. Roco's Party	1	0.00	0.08
25. Aksyon Demokratiko	1	0.00	0.08
26. Partido Pimentel	1	0.00	0.08
95. Other Party	0	0.00	0.00
96. No party preference	1024	3.30	85.33
00. Not available; not applicable	29842	96.13	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V267 <RUS_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Russia

Location: 338 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

RUS_PRTY - Russia

Which party would you vote for at the next elections?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1485
01. Agrarian Party	6	0.02	0.40
02. National-Patriotic Union	8	0.03	0.54
03. Yabloko	116	0.37	7.81
04. Women of Russia	45	0.14	3.03
05. Our Home is Russia - NDR	6	0.02	0.40
06. Democratic Choice of Russia - DVR	127	0.41	8.55
07. KPRF	413	1.33	27.81
08. LDPR	63	0.20	4.24
09. Peoples Republican Party	16	0.05	1.08
10. Fatherland (Otechestvo)	133	0.43	8.96
11. Unity (Medved)	298	0.96	20.07
95. Other party	7	0.02	0.47
96. Would not vote, no preference	247	0.80	16.63
98. DK, hard to say	220	0.71	.
99. No answer	0	0.00	.
00. Not available	29337	94.51	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V268 <S_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Sweden

Location: 340 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

S_PRTY - Sweden: Political party preference

Which political party do you most agree with?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1027
01. C - Centre Party	35	0.11	3.41
02. FP - Liberals	44	0.14	4.28
03. KDS - Christ Democrats	73	0.24	7.11
04. MP - Green Party	31	0.10	3.02
05. M - Liberal Conservatives	130	0.42	12.66
06. S - Social Democrats	271	0.87	26.39
07. VP - Socialists	81	0.26	7.89
95. Other party	16	0.05	1.56
96. No party preference	346	1.11	33.69
99. No answer	40	0.13	.
00. Not available	29975	96.56	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V269 <SF_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Finland

Location: 342 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 97

SF_PRTY - Finland: Political party preference

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1130
01. Social Democratic Party	237	0.76	20.97
02. Centre Party of Finland	214	0.69	18.94
03. National Coalition Party	201	0.65	17.79
04. Left Alliance	66	0.21	5.84
05. Swedish Peoples Party	42	0.14	3.72
06. Green League	163	0.53	14.42
07. Christian League	51	0.16	4.51
08. True Finns	4	0.01	0.35
09. Reform Group	9	0.03	0.80
95. Other party	12	0.04	1.06
96. Would not vote, no preference	131	0.42	11.59
97. Refused	132	0.43	.
98. DK, hard to say	238	0.77	.
99. No answer	28	0.09	.
00. Not available	29514	95.08	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V270 <SLO_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: Slovenia

Location: 344 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 98

SLO_PRTY - Slovenia

If there were elections next week, which party or party candidate would you vote for?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 750
01. DESUS - Democratic Retired Persons Party (Demokratska stranka upokojencev Slovenije)	21	0.07	2.80
02. LDS - Liberal Democratic Party (Liberalno demokratska stranka)	309	1.00	41.20
03. SLS - Peoples Party (Slovenska Ljudska stranka)+ SKD - Slovenian Christian Democrats (Slovenski krscanski demokrati)	28	0.09	3.73
04. SNS - Slovenian National Party (Slovenska nacionalna stranka)	22	0.07	2.93
05. SDS - Social Democratic Party (Socialdemokratska stranka Slovenije)	85	0.27	11.33
06. NSI - New Slovenia (Nova Slovenija - Krscanska ljudska stranka)	30	0.10	4.00
07. ZLSD - Combined list Social Democrats (Združena lista socialnih demokratov)	50	0.16	6.67
08. SMS - Youth Party (Stranka mladih)	31	0.10	4.13
95. Other Party	3	0.01	0.40
96. Would not vote; no party preference	171	0.55	22.80
98. Don't know	323	1.04	.
99. No answer	4	0.01	.
00. Not available	29965	96.53	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V271 <USA_PRTY> R: Party affiliation II: USA

Location: 346 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 99

USA_PRTY - United States

Generally speaking, do you usually think of yourself as a Republican, Democrat, Independent or what? (If Republican or Democrat) Would you call yourself a strong or not a very strong Republican or Democrat? (If Independent ..) Do you think of yourself as closer the Republican or Democratic party? <The recode considers both the party affiliation and the subjective intensity of that party affiliation.>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1271
01. Strong Democrat	190	0.61	14.95
02. Not very strong Democrat	229	0.74	18.02
03. Independent, close to Democrat	151	0.49	11.88
04. Independent	247	0.80	19.43
05. Independent, close to Republican	111	0.36	8.73
06. Not very strong Republican	188	0.61	14.79
07. Strong Republican	131	0.42	10.31
95. Other party	24	0.08	1.89
99. No answer	5	0.02	.
00. Not available	29766	95.89	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V272 <HOMPOP> How many persons in household

Location: 348 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

Size of household: Total number of persons living in household

A,D: How many persons live altogether in your household?

CH: Respondents are considered as adults with 15 and older

CDN: How many people live in your household?

GB,N,Including yourself, how many people live here regularly

NZ as members of this household?

RUS: How many people, who are members of your family,
including yourself and children of any age, live together
with you?

-
- 01. 1 person
 - 02. 2 persons
 - 06. 6 persons
NL,DK: 6 persons or more
 - 07. 7 persons
N: 7 persons or more
 - 08. 8 persons
BG,GB,CZ,S: 8 persons or more
 - 09. 9 persons
SLO: 9 persons or more
 - 10. 10 persons
 - 40. 40 persons
 - 99. No answer, don't know, refused
 - 00. Not available: IRL

V272 How many persons in household

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	187	98	281	214	347	249		289	238	229	201	75
%	19.4	18.7	28.9	28.7	27.2	24.7		18.0	16.4	22.0	16.5	7.0
2	342	205	339	217	419	297		557	537	437	363	223
%	35.5	39.1	34.9	29.1	32.8	29.5		34.6	37.1	42.1	29.8	20.7
3	172	117	148	121	194	189		332	256	148	271	247
%	17.9	22.3	15.2	16.2	15.2	18.8		20.6	17.7	14.2	22.3	23.0
4	184	78	149	106	199	155		296	286	132	269	334
%	19.1	14.9	15.3	14.2	15.6	15.4		18.4	19.8	12.7	22.1	31.0
5	55	23	39	57	70	77		114	99	72	70	121
%	5.7	4.4	4.0	7.7	5.5	7.6		7.1	6.8	6.9	5.8	11.2
6	12	2	10	18	28	27		21	23	14	32	48
%	1.2	.4	1.0	2.4	2.2	2.7		1.3	1.6	1.3	2.6	4.5
7	5	1	4	9	10	10			5	5	8	21
%	.5	.2	.4	1.2	.8	1.0			.3	.5	.7	2.0
8	3		2	3	2	3			2	2	2	3
%	.3		.2	.4	.2	.3			.1	.2	.2	.3
9					3						1	4
%					.2						.1	.4
10	2				4							
%	.2				.3							
11	1								1			
%	.1								.1			
12												
%												
13												
%												
14												
%												
15												
%												
16									1			
%									.1			
18												
%												
99	11M	3M				4M			4M	28M	27M	1M
0							1232M					
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V272 How many persons in household

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	135	192	115	132	18	94	80	127	145	124	104	174
%	13.3	11.3	10.6	12.7	1.5	7.8	6.8	13.3	14.5	12.4	6.9	16.7
2	263	434	417	407	105	223	256	276	243	294	220	460
%	26.0	25.5	38.4	39.1	8.8	18.6	21.7	28.8	24.3	29.4	14.7	44.3
3	229	443	190	189	156	191	246	190	283	282	303	160
%	22.6	26.0	17.5	18.2	13.1	15.9	20.9	19.8	28.3	28.2	20.2	15.4
4	231	386	214	196	245	243	317	238	218	207	379	176
%	22.8	22.6	19.7	18.8	20.5	20.2	26.9	24.8	21.8	20.7	25.3	16.9
5	81	166	88	90	221	216	143	75	85	56	243	52
%	8.0	9.7	8.1	8.7	18.5	18.0	12.1	7.8	8.5	5.6	16.2	5.0
6	38	56	42	15	167	111	92	39	14	21	114	17
%	3.8	3.3	3.9	1.4	14.0	9.2	7.8	4.1	1.4	2.1	7.6	1.6
7	15	19	10	5	121	55	35	5	5	7	67	
%	1.5	1.1	.9	.5	10.1	4.6	3.0	.5	.5	.7	4.5	
8	2	5	5	3	85	32	8	7	5	5	37	
%	.2	.3	.5	.3	7.1	2.7	.7	.7	.5	.5	2.5	
9	18	1	3	3	36	15	2			4	7	
%	1.8	.1	.3	.3	3.0	1.2	.2			.4	.5	
10			3		16	8		1			18	
%			.3		1.3	.7		.1			1.2	
11	1				8	9					4	
%	.1				.7	.7					.3	
12					14	3			1		1	
%					1.2	.2			.1		.1	
13		2				2						
%		.1				.2						
14					2						2	
%					.2						.1	
15											1	
%											.1	
16		1										
%		.1										
18												
%												
99			25M	75M	6M	3M	1M		1M		3M	30M
0												
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V272 How many persons in household

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	217	314	49
%	23.9	21.0	3.9
2	309	551	171
%	34.1	36.8	13.6
3	134	270	201
%	14.8	18.0	16.0
4	166	233	273
%	18.3	15.6	21.7
5	61	73	244
%	6.7	4.9	19.4
6	13	38	146
%	1.4	2.5	11.6
7	1	9	70
%	.1	.6	5.6
8	5	3	49
%	.6	.2	3.9
9	1	2	24
%	.1	.1	1.9
10		2	12
%		.1	1.0
11		1	7
%		.1	.6
12		1	3
%		.1	.2
13			4
%			.3
14			1
%			.1
15			1
%			.1
16			
%			
18			1
%			.1
99	99M	31M	6M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V273 <HHCYCLE> Household cycle

Location: 350 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 97

Household cycle - Household composition

CDN: Please specify the composition of your household (adults and children under 18)

CH: The upper category for the number of adults and the number of children in household was set to respectively '9 adults and more' and '9 children and more'.

CZ: How many members including yourself are there in your household? How many dependent children up to 18 years do you live with in common household?

DK: Derived from two variables 'number of persons in household' and 'number of persons in household less than 18 years'.

NIRL: Derived from age of members of household

NZ: How many children under the age of 16 are in household?

S: Adult = 18 years or older; child = 17 years or younger

SLO: A number of persons in HH; B number of children

6 thru 18 years; C number of children below 6 years

01. Single household
02. 1 adult, 1 child
03. 1 adult, 2 children
04. 1 adult, 3 or more children
05. 2 adults
06. 2 adults, 1 child
07. 2 adults, 2 children
08. 2 adults, 3 or more children
09. 3 adults
10. 3 adults with children
11. 4 adults
12. 4 adults with children
13. 5 adults
14. 5 adults with children
15. 6 adults
16. 6 adults with children
17. 7 adults
18. 7 adults with children
19. 8 adults
20. 8 adults with children
21. 9 adults
22. 9 adults with children
23. 10 adults
24. 10 adults with children
25. 11 adults
26. 11 adults with children
27. 12 adults
28. 12 adults with children
30. DK: 6 adults or more, some of with children
95. Otherwise
97. DK: no valid answer
99. No answer, refused
00. Not available: IRL,IL,SLO

V273 Household cycle

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	187	98	281	214	347	249		289	235	229	192	
%	19.7	19.2	29.1	28.7	27.2	24.6		18.0	16.3	22.0	16.3	
2	14	13	22	29	25	11		20	28	24	14	
%	1.5	2.5	2.3	3.9	2.0	1.1		1.2	1.9	2.3	1.2	
3	3	4	17	23	22	10		16	22	13	15	
%	.3	.8	1.8	3.1	1.7	1.0		1.0	1.5	1.3	1.3	
4	3	1	12	8	24	1		2	5	3		
%	.3	.2	1.2	1.1	1.9	.1		.1	.3	.3		
5	330	187	316	189	378	468		537	509	413	334	
%	34.7	36.6	32.7	25.4	29.6	46.3		33.4	35.2	39.7	28.4	
6	75	58	68	43	59			193	136	83	104	
%	7.9	11.4	7.0	5.8	4.6			12.0	9.4	8.0	8.8	
7	92	31	97	66	92			174	190	94	137	
%	9.7	6.1	10.0	8.9	7.2			10.8	13.2	9.0	11.6	
8	33	7	39	46	71			80	79	55	27	
%	3.5	1.4	4.0	6.2	5.6			5.0	5.5	5.3	2.3	
9	86	50	62	54	53	164		123	98	52	146	
%	9.0	9.8	6.4	7.2	4.2	16.2		7.6	6.8	5.0	12.4	
10	46	29	27	34	46			83	70	42	78	
%	4.8	5.7	2.8	4.6	3.6			5.2	4.8	4.0	6.6	
11	50	21	18	18	19	72		68	44	14	70	
%	5.3	4.1	1.9	2.4	1.5	7.1		4.2	3.0	1.3	5.9	
12	14	9	5	11	15			17	13	13	34	
%	1.5	1.8	.5	1.5	1.2			1.1	.9	1.3	2.9	
13	12	1	1	5	4	26		4	9	3	12	
%	1.3	.2	.1	.7	.3	2.6		.2	.6	.3	1.0	
14	2	1	1	4	3			3	2	1	8	
%	.2	.2	.1	.5	.2			.2	.1	.1	.7	
15	1	1				9			1		4	
%	.1	.2				.9			.1		.3	
16	1				1					1	2	
%	.1				.1					.1	.2	
17	1											
%	.1											
18	1											
%	.1											
19				1		1			1			
%				.1		.1			.1			
20												
%												
21												
%												
22									1			
%									.1			
23												
%												
24												
%												
26									1			
%									.1			
30												
%												
95					117							
%					9.2							
97												
%												
99	23M	16M	6M						8M	27M	67M	
%												
0							1232M					1077M
%												
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V273 Household cycle

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	138	192	115	111	17		80	127	145	125	104	145
%	13.6	11.3	11.1	10.6	1.4		6.8	13.3	14.5	12.5	6.9	14.6
2	14	20	13	17	8		6	11	28	7	22	18
%	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.6	.7		.5	1.2	2.8	.7	1.5	1.8
3	10	6	8	10	4		2	2	9	5	14	8
%	1.0	.4	.8	1.0	.3		.2	.2	.9	.5	.9	.8
4	2	1	5	7	10		1		8		6	
%	.2	.1	.5	.7	.8		.1		.8		.4	
5	264	414	368	406	95		248	264	215	287	198	429
%	26.1	24.3	35.6	38.7	7.9		21.1	27.7	21.5	28.7	13.2	43.1
6	133	201	80	118	85		66	64	169	106	161	100
%	13.2	11.8	7.7	11.3	7.1		5.6	6.7	16.9	10.6	10.7	10.0
7	132	102	116	144	124		107	88	117	99	194	128
%	13.1	6.0	11.2	13.7	10.3		9.1	9.2	11.7	9.9	12.9	12.9
8	14	16	54	68	226		34	13	34	12	114	36
%	1.4	.9	5.2	6.5	18.8		2.9	1.4	3.4	1.2	7.6	3.6
9	89	236	92	60	70		177	122	105	171	128	51
%	8.8	13.8	8.9	5.7	5.8		15.1	12.8	10.5	17.1	8.5	5.1
10	67	181	52	38	173		84	55	99	68	218	47
%	6.6	10.6	5.0	3.6	14.4		7.1	5.8	9.9	6.8	14.5	4.7
11	56	133	62	32	48		160	109	29	57	73	13
%	5.5	7.8	6.0	3.1	4.0		13.6	11.4	2.9	5.7	4.9	1.3
12	52	126	36	14	134		96	34	26	31	124	2
%	5.1	7.4	3.5	1.3	11.2		8.2	3.6	2.6	3.1	8.3	.2
13	16	32	13		36		48	30	7	16	26	2
%	1.6	1.9	1.3		3.0		4.1	3.1	.7	1.6	1.7	.2
14	14	30	9		63		31	9	7	9	62	
%	1.4	1.8	.9		5.3		2.6	.9	.7	.9	4.1	
15	5	4	1		21		20	17		2	11	
%	.5	.2	.1		1.8		1.7	1.8		.2	.7	
16	5	4	5		38		12	3	1	3	23	
%	.5	.2	.5		3.2		1.0	.3	.1	.3	1.5	
17		3			2		1				5	
%		.2			.2		.1				.3	
18		1	4		22		2	1			11	
%		.1	.4		1.8		.2	.1			.7	
19					3		1	5		1		
%					.3		.1	.5		.1		
20					14					1	3	
%					1.2					.1	.2	
21												
22					3						3	
%					.3						.2	
23												
24		2			2							
%		.1			.2							
26					1							
%					.1							
30												17
%												1.7
95		1		23								
%		.1		2.2								
97												5M
99	2M		79M	67M	1M		4M	4M	1M		3M	68M
0						1205M						
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V273 Household cycle

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1	217	310	46
%	25.8	20.7	3.7
2	6	38	24
%	.7	2.5	1.9
3	7	23	8
%	.8	1.5	.6
4	2	10	16
%	.2	.7	1.3
5	257	509	147
%	30.5	34.0	11.7
6	65	156	103
%	7.7	10.4	8.2
7	96	140	141
%	11.4	9.4	11.2
8	35	69	143
%	4.2	4.6	11.4
9	55	90	90
%	6.5	6.0	7.2
10	41	71	176
%	4.9	4.7	14.0
11	36	39	71
%	4.3	2.6	5.7
12	16	18	115
%	1.9	1.2	9.2
13	3	5	40
%	.4	.3	3.2
14	2	3	58
%	.2	.2	4.6
15	3		6
%	.4		.5
16			43
%			3.4
17			1
%			.1
18	1	1	13
%	.1	.1	1.0
19			3
%			.2
20			5
%			.4
21			1
%			.1
22			1
%			.1
23			1
%			.1
24			
%			
26			
%			
30			
%			
95		15	4
%		1.0	.3
97			
99	164M	31M	6M
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V274 <URBRURAL> Type of community: urban-rural self-ass

Location: 352 MD1: 0
Width: 1 MD2: 9

Urban/rural - Type of residence

A: Where do you live - type of residence
BG: Type of community
CDN: Would you say you live in an area that is:
CH: Recoded from the postal codes into OFS (Statistical office) numbers. These numbers then were recoded into Agglomeration numbers.
CZ: Derived from size of communities
E: Constructed together with size of communities
N: Municipality type
NZ: Do you live in a rural or urban area?
S: R living in urban or rural area
SF: Not in questionnaire; added and recoded from data describing type of municipality.
USA: Expanded NORC size code

See Note No. 3

1. Urban area
 - CZ : Prague, large cities
 - BG : Sofia, large cities
 - LV : Riga, large cities
 - RP : Total urban
 - NIRL: Big city
 - RUS: Big cities, Moskow, other urban settlements
2. Suburbs of a large town/ city
 - BG: Small town
 - CDN: Suburb, city or town
 - CZ: Suburban, towns (5000-50000 inhabitants)
 - LV: Regional center, town
 - NIRL: Suburb or outskirts of a big city; a small city or town
3. Rural area
 - CZ,BG: Village
 - RP: Total rural
 - LV: Village, small town
 - NIRL: Country village; a farm or home in the country
9. No answer
0. Not available: IRL,IL,DK
 - CH: Data not yet available for those interviews done in the second period

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1	139	111	96	73	751	494		282	309	340	360	390
%	14.4	21.1	10.0	9.8	58.9	49.1		17.6	21.3	31.9	28.9	36.2
2	507	268	689	500	281	64		752	530	614	551	237
%	52.4	50.9	71.5	67.1	22.0	6.4		46.9	36.5	57.5	44.3	22.0
3	322	148	179	172	244	449		569	612	113	333	449
%	33.3	28.1	18.6	23.1	19.1	44.6		35.5	42.2	10.6	26.8	41.7
9	6M		8M			4M		6M	1M			1M
0							1232M					
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V274 Type of community: urban-rural self-ass

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
1	471	1190	786	199	595		115	475	508	398	1283	
%	46.6	69.8	72.2	18.2	49.6		9.8	49.6	50.8	39.8	85.4	
2	250	112		651			668	213	215	117		
%	24.7	6.6		59.7			56.8	22.2	21.5	11.7		
3	290	403	303	241	605		393	270	277	485	220	
%	28.7	23.6	27.8	22.1	50.4		33.4	28.2	27.7	48.5	14.6	
9	2M		23M	24M			4M					
0						1205M						1069M
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
1	203	911	884
%	24.5	60.4	70.0
2	314	247	
%	37.9	16.4	
3	311	350	378
%	37.6	23.2	30.0
9		20M	
0	178M		
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V275 <A_SIZE> Size of community: Austria

Location: 353 MD1: 0
Width: 2

A_SIZE - Austria: Where do you live - size of residence

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1011
01. > 1 million, Vienna	152	0.49	15.03
02. 50 001 - 1 000 000 inhabitants	133	0.43	13.16
03. 20 001 - 50 000 inhabitants	64	0.21	6.33
04. 10 001 - 20 000 inhabitants	67	0.22	6.63
05. 5 001 - 10 000 inhabitants	103	0.33	10.19
06. 3 001 - 5 000 inhabitants	127	0.41	12.56
07. 2 001 - 3 000 inhabitants	137	0.44	13.55
08. Less than 2 000 inhabitants	228	0.73	22.55
00. Not available	30031	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V276 <BG_SIZE> Size of community: Bulgaria

Location: 355 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

BG_SIZE - Bulgaria

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1010
01. Sofia, 1,2 mill. inhabitants	156	0.50	15.45
02. 100.001 - 500.000 inhabitants	164	0.53	16.24
03. 20.001 - 100.000 inhabitants	235	0.76	23.27
04. 2.001 - 20.000 inhabitants	231	0.74	22.87
05. Up to 2.000 inhabitants	224	0.72	22.18
99. No answer	3	0.01	.
00. Not available	30029	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V277 <CDN_SIZE> Size of community: Canada

Location: 357 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

CDN_SIZE - Canada: What size of city or town do you live in?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1069
01. > 1.000.000	76	0.24	7.11
02. 750 000-999 999	40	0.13	3.74
03. 500 000-749 999	61	0.20	5.71
04. 250 000-499 999	56	0.18	5.24
05. 100 000-249 999	116	0.37	10.85
06. 50 000- 99 999	106	0.34	9.92
07. 10 000- 49 999	265	0.85	24.79
08. 1 000- 9 999	243	0.78	22.73
09. < 1 000	106	0.34	9.92
99. No answer	46	0.15	.
00. Not available	29927	96.41	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V278 <CH_SIZE> Size of community: Switzerland

Location: 359 MD1: 0
Width: 2

CH - Switzerland

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	31042	100.00

V279 <CZ_SIZE> Size of community: Czech Republic

Location: 361 MD1: 0
Width: 2

CZ_SIZE - Czech Republic
What size category does the community you live in belongs to?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1244
01. Prague, 1.200.000 inhabitants	121	0.39	9.73
02. City, more than 100.000 inhabitants	124	0.40	9.97
03. Large city, 50.000 - 100.000 inhabitants	115	0.37	9.24
04. Larger town, 10.000 - 49.999 inhabitants	255	0.82	20.50
05. Small town, 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants	170	0.55	13.67
06. Larger village, 2.000 - 4.999 inhabitants	126	0.41	10.13
07. Village, 1.000 - 1.999 inhabitants	105	0.34	8.44
08. Village, less than 1.000 inhabitants	228	0.73	18.33
00. Not available	29798	95.99	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V280 <D_SIZE> Size of community: Germany

Location: 363 MD1: 0
Width: 2

D_SIZE - Germany: Political size of municipality

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1501
01. 500.000 inhabitants and more	144	0.46	9.59
02. 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants	284	0.91	18.92
03. 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants	134	0.43	8.93
04. 20.000 - 49.999 inhabitants	264	0.85	17.59
05. 5.000 - 19.999 inhabitants	394	1.27	26.25
06. 2.000 - 4.999 inhabitants	161	0.52	10.73
07. Up to 1.999 inhabitants	120	0.39	7.99
00. Not available	29541	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V281 <DK_SIZE> Size of community: Denmark

Location: 365 MD1: 0
Width: 2

DK_SIZE - Denmark: derived from the size of municipality
that respondent live in

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1069
01. Great Copenhagen	248	0.80	23.20
02. > 50.000 inhabitants	208	0.67	19.46
03. 20.000 - 49.999 inhabitants	185	0.60	17.31
04. 10.000 - 19.999 inhabitants	234	0.75	21.89
05. 2.000 - 9.999 inhabitants	194	0.62	18.15
06. < 2.000 inhabitants	0	0.00	0.00
00. Not available	29973	96.56	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V282 <E_SIZE> Size of community: Spain

Location: 367 MD1: 0
Width: 2

E_SIZE - Spain

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 958
01. > than 1.000.000 inhabitants (Madrid and Barcelona)	70	0.23	7.31
02. 400.001 - 1.000.000 inhabitants	63	0.20	6.58
03. 100.001 - 400.000 inhabitants	245	0.79	25.57
04. 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants	97	0.31	10.13
05. 10.001 - 50.000 inhabitants	213	0.69	22.23
06. 2.001 - 10.000 inhabitants	192	0.62	20.04
07. <= 2.000 inhabitants	78	0.25	8.14
00. Not available	30084	96.91	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V283 <GB_SIZE> Size of community: Great Britain/ NIRL

Location: 369 MD1: 0
Width: 2

GB_SIZE - Great Britain, NIRL_SIZE - Northern Ireland

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V284 <IL_SIZE> Size of community: Israel

Location: 371 MD1: 0
Width: 2

IL_SIZE - Israel

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1205
01. > 100.000 inhabitants	533	1.72	44.23
02. 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants	174	0.56	14.44
03. 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants	248	0.80	20.58
04. 10.001 - 20.000 inhabitants	95	0.31	7.88
05. 5.001 - 10.000 inhabitants	46	0.15	3.82
06. 2.501 - 5.000 inhabitants	77	0.25	6.39
07. < 2.500 inhabitants	32	0.10	2.66
00. Not available	29837	96.12	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V285 <IRL_SIZE> Size of community: Ireland

Location: 373 MD1: 0
Width: 2

IRL - Ireland

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V286 <J_SIZE> Size of community: Japan

Location: 375 MD1: 0
Width: 2

J_SIZE - Japan

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1180
01. 1 mill. inhabitants or more	231	0.74	19.58
02. 300.000 - 999.999 inhabitants	178	0.57	15.08
03. 100.000 - 299.999 inhabitants	238	0.77	20.17
04. Less than 100.000 inhabitants	231	0.74	19.58
05. Town or village	302	0.97	25.59
00. Not available	29862	96.20	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V287 <LV_SIZE> Size of community: Latvia

Location: 377 MD1: 0
Width: 2

LV_SIZE - Latvia

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1000
01. > 500.000 inhabitants	334	1.08	33.40
02. 100.001 - 500.000 inhabitants	47	0.15	4.70
03. 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants	91	0.29	9.10
04. 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants	79	0.25	7.90
05. 10.001 - 20.000 inhabitants	68	0.22	6.80
06. 5.001 - 10.000 inhabitants	58	0.19	5.80
07. 2.001 - 5.000 inhabitants	77	0.25	7.70
08. Rural, < 2.000 inhabitants	246	0.79	24.60
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V288 <MEX_SIZE> Size of community: Mexico

Location: 379 MD1: 0
Width: 2

MEX_SIZE - Mexico

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1262
01. 500.000 and more inhabitants	385	1.24	30.51
02. 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants	291	0.94	23.06
03. 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants	91	0.29	7.21
04. 15.000 - 49.999 inhabitants	106	0.34	8.40
05. 10.000 - 14.999 inhabitants	8	0.03	0.63
06. 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants	0	0.00	0.00
07. 2.500 - 4.999 inhabitants	3	0.01	0.24
08. < 2.499 inhabitants	378	1.22	29.95
00. Not available	29780	95.93	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V289 <N_SIZE> Size of community: Norway

Location: 381 MD1: 0
Width: 2

N_SIZE - Norway

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1452
01. Urban, > 100.000 inhabitants	355	1.14	24.45
02. 30.000 - 99.999 inhabitants	285	0.92	19.63
03. 3.000 - 29.999 inhabitants	739	2.38	50.90
04. Rural < 3.000 inhabitants	73	0.24	5.03
00. Not available	29590	95.32	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V290 <NL_SIZE> Size of community: Netherlands

Location: 383 MD1: 0
Width: 2

NL_SIZE - Netherlands

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1609
01. More than 400.000 inhabitants	178	0.57	11.06
02. 100.000 - 400.000 inhabitants	312	1.01	19.39
03. 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants	269	0.87	16.72
04. 20.000 - 49.999 inhabitants	441	1.42	27.41
05. 10.000 - 19.999 inhabitants	267	0.86	16.59
06. 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants	129	0.42	8.02
07. Less than 5.000 inhabitants	13	0.04	0.81
00. Not available	29433	94.82	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V291 <NZ_SIZE> Size of community: New Zealand

Location: 385 MD1: 0
Width: 2

NZ_SIZE - New Zealand

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	31042	100.00

V292 <P_SIZE> Size of community: Portugal

Location: 387 MD1: 0
Width: 2

P_SIZE - Portugal
Size and type of place where R lives

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1000
01. More than 100.000 inhabitants	125	0.40	12.50
02. 20.000 - 100.000 inhabitants	121	0.39	12.10
03. 5.000 - 19.999 inhabitants	152	0.49	15.20
04. 1.000 - 4.999 inhabitants	219	0.71	21.90
05. Less than 1.000 inhabitants	383	1.23	38.30
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V293 <RCH_SIZE> Size of community: Republic of Chile

Location: 389 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RCH_SIZE - Republic of Chile

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	31042	100.00

V294 <RP_SIZE> Size of community: Philippines

Location: 391 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RP_SIZE - Philippines

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V295 <RUS_SIZE> Size of community: Russia

Location: 393 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

RUS_SIZE - Russia - Size of community

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1704
01. More than 1 million inhabitants	445	1.43	26.12
02. 500.001 - 1.000.000 inhabitants	149	0.48	8.74
03. 250.001 - 500.000 inhabitants	156	0.50	9.15
04. 100.001 - 250.000 inhabitants	131	0.42	7.69
05. 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants	134	0.43	7.86
06. 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants	132	0.43	7.75
07. Urban, up to 20.000 inhabitants	154	0.50	9.04
08. Rural	403	1.30	23.65
99. No answer	1	0.00	.
00. Not available	29337	94.51	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V296 <S_SIZE> Size of community: Sweden

Location: 395 MD1: 0
Width: 2

S_SIZE - Sweden - Size of community

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1067
01. More than 300.000 inhabitants	340	1.10	31.87
02. 90.000 - 300.000 inhabitants	395	1.27	37.02
03. 27.000 - 90.000 inhabitants	277	0.89	25.96
04. Less than 27.000 inhabitants	55	0.18	5.15
00. Not available	29975	96.56	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V297 <SF_SIZE> Size of community: Finland

Location: 397 MD1: 0
Width: 2

SF_SIZE - Finland - Size of community

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V298 <SLO_SIZE> Size of community: Slovenia

Location: 399 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

SLO_SIZE - Slovenia - Size of community

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1075
01. More than 50.000 inhabitants (Ljubljana, Maribor)	190	0.61	17.67
02. 10.000 - 50.000 inhabitants	144	0.46	13.40
03. 4.000 - 10.000 inhabitants	87	0.28	8.09
04. 2.000 - 4.000 inhabitants	68	0.22	6.33
05. 500 - 2.000 inhabitants	266	0.86	24.74
06. Less than 500 inhabitants (small village)	320	1.03	29.77
99. No answer	2	0.01	.
00. Not available	29965	96.53	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V299 <USA_SIZE> Size of community: USA

Location: 401 MD1: 0
Width: 2

USA_SIZE - United States
Size and type of place where R lives

See Note No. 3

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1276
01. 1 - 9 million inhabitants	92	0.30	7.21
02. 500.000 - 999.999 inhabitants	45	0.14	3.53
03. 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants	199	0.64	15.60
04. 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants	125	0.40	9.80
05. 10.000 - 49.999 inhabitants	424	1.37	33.23
06. 1.000 - 9.999 inhabitants	340	1.10	26.65
07. - 999 inhabitants	51	0.16	4.00
00. Not available	29766	95.89	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V300 <A_REG> Region: Austria

Location: 403 MD1: 0
Width: 2

A_REG - Austria

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1011
01. Vorarlberg	45	0.14	4.45
02. Tirol	90	0.29	8.90
03. Salzburg	66	0.21	6.53
04. Oberoesterreich	198	0.64	19.58
05. Kaernten	75	0.24	7.42
06. Steiermark	151	0.49	14.94
07. Burgenland	40	0.13	3.96
08. Niederoesterreich	194	0.62	19.19
09. Wien	152	0.49	15.03
00. Not available	30031	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V301 <BG_REG> Region: Bulgaria

Location: 405 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

BG_REG - Bulgaria: administrative regions

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1011
01. Sofia city	155	0.50	15.33
02. Burgas region	96	0.31	9.50
03. Varna region	108	0.35	10.68
04. Lovetch region	133	0.43	13.16
05. Montana region	71	0.23	7.02
06. Plovdiv region	144	0.46	14.24
07. Rousse region	93	0.30	9.20
08. Sofia region	104	0.34	10.29
09. Haskovo region	107	0.34	10.58
99. No answer	2	0.01	.
00. Not available	30029	96.74	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V302 <CDN_REG> Region: Canada

Location: 407 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

CDN_REG - Canada
In what province do you reside?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1112
01. Newfoundland	69	0.22	6.21
02. Nova Scotia	57	0.18	5.13
03. Prince Edward Island	79	0.25	7.10
04. New Brunswick	73	0.24	6.56
05. Quebec	326	1.05	29.32
06. Ontario	290	0.93	26.08
07. Manitoba	59	0.19	5.31
08. Saskatchewan	57	0.18	5.13
09. Alberta	59	0.19	5.31
10. British Colombia	43	0.14	3.87
99. No answer, refused	3	0.01	.
00. Not available	29927	96.41	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V303 <CH_REG> Region: Switzerland

Location: 409 MD1: 0
Width: 2

CH_REG - Switzerland - Canton

This variable was defined on basis of the OFS numbers.

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 828
01. Zuerich	118	0.38	14.25
02. Bern	85	0.27	10.27
03. Luzern	49	0.16	5.92
04. Uri	4	0.01	0.48
05. Schwyz	10	0.03	1.21
06. Obwalden	0	0.00	0.00
07. Nidwalden	0	0.00	0.00
08. Glarus	7	0.02	0.85
09. Zug	0	0.00	0.00
10. Fribourg	19	0.06	2.29
11. Solothurn	31	0.10	3.74
12. Baselstadt	33	0.11	3.99
13. Baselland	24	0.08	2.90
14. Schaffhausen	6	0.02	0.72
15. Appenzell AR	7	0.02	0.85
16. Appenzell IR	4	0.01	0.48
17. St. Gallen	22	0.07	2.66
18. Graubunden	32	0.10	3.86
19. Aargau	34	0.11	4.11
20. Thurgau	20	0.06	2.42
21. Ticino	89	0.29	10.75
22. Vaud	105	0.34	12.68
23. Wallis	37	0.12	4.47
24. Neuchatel	26	0.08	3.14
25. Geneva	39	0.13	4.71
26. Jura	27	0.09	3.26
00. NAP (data not yet available for those interviews done in the second period); Not available	30214	97.33	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V304 <CZ_REG> Region: Czech Republic

Location: 411 MD1: 0
Width: 2

CZ_REG - Czech Republic: State the name of district of your
permanent residence: districts recoded into 8 regions

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1244
01. Prague	121	0.39	9.73
02. Central Bohemia	172	0.55	13.83
03. South Bohemia	80	0.26	6.43
04. West Bohemia	98	0.32	7.88
05. North Bohemia	155	0.50	12.46
06. East Bohemia	185	0.60	14.87
07. South Moravia	219	0.71	17.60
08. North Moravia	214	0.69	17.20
00. Not available	29798	95.99	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V305 <D_REG> Region: Germany

Location: 413 MD1: 0
Width: 2

D_REG - Germany: Federal countries

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1501
01. Schleswig-Holstein	32	0.10	2.13
02. Hamburg	14	0.05	0.93
03. Niedersachsen	121	0.39	8.06
04. Bremen	10	0.03	0.67
05. Nordrhein-Westfalen	220	0.71	14.66
06. Hessen	105	0.34	7.00
07. Rheinland-Pfalz	63	0.20	4.20
08. Baden-Wuerttemberg	134	0.43	8.93
09. Bayern	253	0.82	16.86
10. Saarland	6	0.02	0.40
11. Berlin-Ost	35	0.11	2.33
12. Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	54	0.17	3.60
13. Brandenburg	84	0.27	5.60
14. Sachsen-Anhalt	131	0.42	8.73
15. Thueringen	85	0.27	5.66
16. Sachsen	138	0.44	9.19
17. Berlin-West	16	0.05	1.07
00. Not available	29541	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V306 <DK_REG> Region: Denmark

Location: 415 MD1: 0
Width: 2

DK_REG - Denmark: derived from the Danish county divisions.

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1069
01. Greater Copenhagen area (Copenhagen county, Copenhagen municipality and Frederiksberg municipality)	248	0.80	23.20
02. Zealand, other Funen, Bornholm, Lolland (Frederiksberg county, Roskilde county, Western- zealand county, Storstroms county, Bornholm county, Funen county)	329	1.06	30.78
03. Southern Jutland (Southern Jutland county)	50	0.16	4.68
04. Western Jutland (Ribe county and Ringkobing county)	101	0.33	9.45
05. Eastern Jutland (Vejle county and Arhus county)	209	0.67	19.55
06. Northern Jutland (Northern Jutland county and Viborg county)	132	0.43	12.35
00. Not available	29973	96.56	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V307 <E_REG> Region: Spain

Location: 417 MD1: 0
Width: 2

E_REG - Spain

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 958
01. Andalucia	192	0.62	20.04
02. Aragon	31	0.10	3.24
03. Asturias	35	0.11	3.65
04. Balears	15	0.05	1.57
05. Canarias	38	0.12	3.97
06. Cantabria	19	0.06	1.98
07. Castilla-La Mancha	34	0.11	3.55
08. Castilla-Leon	75	0.24	7.83
09. Cataluna	118	0.38	12.32
10. Comunidad Valenciana	100	0.32	10.44
11. Extremadura	29	0.09	3.03
12. Galicia	87	0.28	9.08
13. Madrid	99	0.32	10.33
14. Region de Murcia	24	0.08	2.51
15. Navarra	15	0.05	1.57
16. Pais Vasco	39	0.13	4.07
17. Rioja	8	0.03	0.84
00. Not available	30084	96.91	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V308 <GB_REG> Region: Great Britain/ Northern Ireland

Location: 419 MD1: 0
Width: 2

GB_REG - Great Britain, NIRL_REG - Northern Ireland

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1717
01. Scotland	90	0.29	5.24
02. North,North West,Yorkshire Hbs	260	0.84	15.14
03. West, East Midlands	163	0.53	9.49
04. Wales	62	0.20	3.61
05. East Anglia,South West,S-E	311	1.00	18.11
06. Greater London	86	0.28	5.01
10. Northern Ireland	745	2.40	43.39
00. Not available	29325	94.47	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V309 <IL_REG> Region: Israel

Location: 421 MD1: 0
Width: 2

IL_REG - Israel

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1205
01. North	271	0.87	22.49
02. South	144	0.46	11.95
03. Tel-Aviv	479	1.54	39.75
04. Jerusalem	159	0.51	13.20
05. Arab sector	152	0.49	12.61
00. Not available	29837	96.12	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V310 <IRL_REG> Region: Ireland

Location: 423 MD1: 0
Width: 2

IRL_REG - Ireland

	Unweighted Abs.	%
00. Not available	31042	100.00
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V311 <J_REG> Region: Japan

Location: 425 MD1: 0
Width: 2

J_REG - Japan

Nine administrative and geographic regions are regrouped into 6 units.

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1180
01. Hokkaido, Tohoku	156	0.50	13.22
02. Kanto, Kosinetu	389	1.25	32.97
03. Chubu	183	0.59	15.51
04. Kinki	200	0.64	16.95
05. Chugoku, Shikogu	118	0.38	10.00
06. Kyushu	134	0.43	11.36
00. Not available	29862	96.20	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V312 <LV_REG> Region: Latvia

Location: 427 MD1: 0
Width: 2

LV_REG - Latvia

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1000
01. Riga	333	1.07	33.30
02. Vidzeme	234	0.75	23.40
03. Kurzeme	134	0.43	13.40
04. Zemgale	143	0.46	14.30
05. Latgale	156	0.50	15.60
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	<u>31042</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>

V313 <MEX_REG> Region: Mexico

Location: 429 MD1: 0
Width: 2

MEX_REG - Mexico

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1262
04. Campeche	75	0.24	5.94
06. Colima	118	0.38	9.35
09. Distrito Federal	104	0.34	8.24
11. Guanajuato	41	0.13	3.25
13. Hidalgo	17	0.05	1.35
14. Jalisco	106	0.34	8.40
15. Mexico	123	0.40	9.75
16. Michdacan	74	0.24	5.86
17. Morelos	23	0.07	1.82
19. Nuevo Leon	102	0.33	8.08
21. Puebla	102	0.33	8.08
24. San Luis Potosi	37	0.12	2.93
27. Tabasco	36	0.12	2.85
28. Tamaulipas	124	0.40	9.83
29. Tlaxcala	161	0.52	12.76
32. Zacatecas	19	0.06	1.51
00. Not available	29780	95.93	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V314 <N_REG> Region: Norway

Location: 431 MD1: 0
Width: 2

N_REG - Norway: Region substitutes County

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1452
01. Central East: Capital and surrounding county	354	1.14	24.38
02. East	383	1.23	26.38
03. South coast with inland	71	0.23	4.89
04. West coast with inland	376	1.21	25.90
05. Middle	126	0.41	8.68
06. North	142	0.46	9.78
00. Not available	29590	95.32	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V315 <NL_REG> Region: Netherlands

Location: 433 MD1: 0
Width: 2

NL_REG - Netherlands <provinces>

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1609
01. Groningen	55	0.18	3.42
02. Friesland	84	0.27	5.22
03. Drente	63	0.20	3.92
04. Overijssel	134	0.43	8.33
05. Gelderland	188	0.61	11.68
06. Utrecht	117	0.38	7.27
07. Noord Holland	239	0.77	14.85
08. Zuid Holland	304	0.98	18.89
09. Zeeland	38	0.12	2.36
10. Noord Brabant	37	0.12	2.30
11. Limburg	219	0.71	13.61
12. Flevoland	131	0.42	8.14
00. Not available	29433	94.82	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V316 <NZ_REG> Region: New Zealand

Location: 435 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

NZ_REG - New Zealand
In which area do you live?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1103
01. Northland	42	0.14	3.81
02. Auckland	310	1.00	28.11
03. Thames Valley	14	0.05	1.27
04. Bay of Plenty	70	0.23	6.35
05. Waikato	93	0.30	8.43
06. Tongariro	5	0.02	0.45
07. East Cape	9	0.03	0.82
08. Hawkes Bay	39	0.13	3.54
09. Taranaki	40	0.13	3.63
10. Wanganui	10	0.03	0.91
11. Manawatu	40	0.13	3.63
12. Horowhenua	18	0.06	1.63
13. Wellington	105	0.34	9.52
14. Wairarapa	13	0.04	1.18
15. Nelson Bays	32	0.10	2.90
16. Marlborough	9	0.03	0.82
17. West Coast	14	0.05	1.27
18. Canterbury	132	0.43	11.97
19. Aorangi	11	0.04	1.00
20. Clutha-Central Otago	26	0.08	2.36
21. Coastal-North Otago	41	0.13	3.72
22. Southland	30	0.10	2.72
99. No answer	9	0.03	.
00. Not available	29930	96.42	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V317 <P_REG> Region: Portugal

Location: 437 MD1: 0
Width: 2

P_REG - Portugal

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1000
01. North	355	1.14	35.50
02. Centre	185	0.60	18.50
03. Lisbon and Tagus Val	365	1.18	36.50
04. Alentejo	55	0.18	5.50
05. Algarve	40	0.13	4.00
00. Not available	30042	96.78	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V318 <RCH_REG> Region: Republic of Chile

Location: 439 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RCH_REG - Republic of Chile
In which area do you live?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1503
01. Tarapaca	40	0.13	2.66
02. Antofagasta	45	0.14	2.99
03. Atacama	29	0.09	1.93
04. Coquimbo	55	0.18	3.66
05. Valparaiso	155	0.50	10.31
06. Libertador General Bdo. O'Higgins	80	0.26	5.32
07. Maule	90	0.29	5.99
08. Bio Bio	185	0.60	12.31
09. La Araucania	85	0.27	5.66
10. Los Lagos	105	0.34	6.99
11. Aisen	9	0.03	0.60
12. Magallanes and Antarctic	15	0.05	1.00
13. Metropolitana de Santiago	610	1.97	40.59
00. Not available	29539	95.16	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V319 <RP_REG> Region: Philippines

Location: 441 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RP_REG - Philippines
In which area do you live?

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1200
01. Great Manila Area	300	0.97	25.00
02. Balance Luzon	300	0.97	25.00
03. Visayas	300	0.97	25.00
04. Mindanao	300	0.97	25.00
00. Not available	29842	96.13	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V320 <RUS_REG> Region: Russia

Location: 443 MD1: 0
Width: 2

RUS_REG - Russia

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1705
01. North	61	0.20	3.58
02. North-West	98	0.32	5.75
03. Central, Moscow	480	1.55	28.15
04. Volga-Vyatka	90	0.29	5.28
05. Black Earth	85	0.27	4.99
06. Volga Region	178	0.57	10.44
07. North Caucasus	180	0.58	10.56
08. Urals	212	0.68	12.43
09. West Siberia	154	0.50	9.03
10. East Siberia	91	0.29	5.34
11. Far East	76	0.24	4.46
00. Not available	29337	94.51	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V321 <S_REG> Region: Sweden

Location: 445 MD1: 0
Width: 2

S_REG - Sweden - Region R lives in

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1067
01. North	107	0.34	10.03
02. Mid North	116	0.37	10.87
03. Mid East	214	0.69	20.06
04. Stockholm	189	0.61	17.71
05. West	106	0.34	9.93
06. Goeteborg	83	0.27	7.78
07. Smaaland Gotland	98	0.32	9.18
08. South	86	0.28	8.06
09. Malmoe	68	0.22	6.37
00. Not available	29975	96.56	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V322 <SF_REG> Region: Finland

Location: 447 MD1: 00
Width: 2 MD2: 99

SF_REG - Finland - Region R lives in

	Unweighted Abs.	%	N= 1508
01. Uusimaa	356	1.15	23.61
02. Itae-Uusimaa	24	0.08	1.59
03. Varsinais-Suomi	143	0.46	9.48
04. Satakunta	71	0.23	4.71
05. Kanta-Haeme	55	0.18	3.65
06. Pirkanmaa	141	0.45	9.35
07. Paeijaet-Haeme	61	0.20	4.05
08. Kymenlaakso	54	0.17	3.58
09. Etelae-Karjala	34	0.11	2.25
10. Etelae-Savo	55	0.18	3.65
11. Pohjois-Savo	73	0.24	4.84
12. Pohjois-Karjala	54	0.17	3.58
13. Keski-Suomi	70	0.23	4.64
14. Etelae-Pohjanmaa	57	0.18	3.78
15. Pohjanmaa	43	0.14	2.85
16. Keski-Pohjanmaa	20	0.06	1.33
17. Pohjois-Pohjanmaa	106	0.34	7.03
18. Kainnuu	26	0.08	1.72
19. Lappi	58	0.19	3.85
21. Ahvenanmaa	7	0.02	0.46
99. No answer	20	0.06	.
00. Not available	29514	95.08	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V323 <SLO_REG> Region: Slovenia

Location: 449 MD1: 0
Width: 2

SLO_REG - Slovenia - Local communities are recoded into regional classifications by the census bureau

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1077
01. Pomurska	63	0.20	5.85
02. Podravska	172	0.55	15.97
03. Koroska	33	0.11	3.06
04. Savinjska	139	0.45	12.91
05. Gorenjska	119	0.38	11.05
06. Zasavska	32	0.10	2.97
07. Osrednja	271	0.87	25.16
08. Spodnje-posavska	40	0.13	3.71
09. Dolenjska	65	0.21	6.04
10. Goriska	63	0.20	5.85
11. Obalno-kraska	0	0.00	0.00
12. Kraska	80	0.26	7.43
00. Not available	29965	96.53	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V324 <USA_REG> Region: USA

Location: 451 MD1: 0
Width: 2

USA_REG - United States
States were recoded into regions (U.S. Bureau of Census:
Regional classification)

See Note No. 4

	Unweighted Abs.	%	% N= 1276
01. New England	60	0.19	4.70
02. Middle Atlantic	199	0.64	15.60
03. East North Central	214	0.69	16.77
04. West North Central	100	0.32	7.84
05. South Atlantic	222	0.72	17.40
06. East South Central	101	0.33	7.92
07. West South Central	133	0.43	10.42
08. Mountain	86	0.28	6.74
09. Pacific	161	0.52	12.62
00. Not available	29766	95.89	.
	31042	100.00	100.00

V325 <ETHNIC> Ethnicity or nationality, language

Location: 453 MD1: 00
 Width: 2 MD2: 99

Nationality, Ethnic and Language Code

To which ethnic group do you belong or from which country
 you or your ancestors are coming?

CDN: To which ethnic or cultural groups did your ancestors
 belong?

CH,CZ: What is your nationality?

GB,NIRL: To which of these groups do you consider you belong?

USA: From what country or part of the world did your
 ancestors come; (if more than one country named) Which one
 of these countries do you feel closer?

D: Which citizenship do you have? (questions about nationality
 country of origin, duration of residence in Germany, and
 information about parents)

NZ: Which of the following categories describe your ethnic
 origin?

S: At the time of your birth, were both, one or neither of
 your parents citizens of Sweden?

01. Africa, Mandinka, Somalian, Yoruba, Eritrean, Sudan,
Egypt, Ethiopia, South Africa
02. Aklanon, Romblon (RP)
03. Albanian
04. America, American only, American
05. American Indian, Navajo/Navaho, Indian Dialects
06. Arab, Arabic, Muslim, Yemen, Morocco, Algerian,
Tunesia, Lybia
07. Artificial or extinct language/tribe
(Esperanto, Latin, Slavonic, Celtic)
08. Asia, Asian, other Asian-Asia,
Asia excl. Russia (RUS: Central Asian)
09. Australia and Oceania, Australian
10. Austria (I: Alto Adige), Austrian
11. Baltic (D: speak Latvian, Lithuanian)
(PL: speak Lithuanian)
(USA: ethn. Lithuanian)
(RUS: ethn. Latvian, Estonian, Lithuanian)
12. Bangladesh, Bengali, Bangladeshi
13. Basque/ Vasco
14. Belgium, Belgian
15. Belorussia/ Bialorussia, Belorussian
16. Bicolano/ Bicol (RP)
17. Black/ African/ Carribean, No-Spanish West Indies
18. Bosnian (SLO: ethn. Muslim)
19. Bulgaria, Bulgarian
20. Cajun/ French Cajun
21. Canada-Canadian, other Canada
22. Catalan,Valencian,Balear/ Mallorquin
23. China, Cantonese, Hakka, Mandarin, Chinese
24. Continental South-East Asia, Thai, Khmer, Vietnamese
25. Cook Island Maori
26. Creole, Surinamese/ Sranan (RP: Chavacano, Metis,
Zamboangeno)
27. Croatian
28. Czech Republic, Czechia, Czech
29. Czech/ Slovak, CSSR, Czechoslovakia, Moravia
30. Denmark, Danish
31. English, British (GB: English incl. Scottish),
England, England & Wales, UK
32. Europe, European, White/European, other European,
other Europe, White, other White (NZ: European-Pakeha)
33. Fijian
34. Finland, Finnish
35. France, French (I: Val D Aosta)
36. French Canada, French Canadian
37. Frisian
38. German (H: German/Swab), Germany,
(PL:Former German Territories)
39. Greece, Greek, Greek Cypriote

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

40. Hebrew, Ivrit, Israel (incl. Arabs born in Israel)
41. Hungary, Hungarian
42. Ibanag (RP)
43. Ilocano (RP)
44. Ilonggo/ Hiligaynon, Bantayanon (RP)
45. India, Hindi, Gujarati, Tamil, Urdu, Nepali,
Malayalam, Indian
(IL: India, Pakistan)
46. Indonesian, Malay/ Malaysian
47. Iran, Iranian, Persian/ Farsi, Dari
48. Ireland, Irish/Irish Gaelic
49. Italy, Italian
50. Japan, Japanese
51. Kapampangan/ Pampangan (RP)
52. Kinaray-a (RP)
53. Korea, Korean
54. Maori, NZ Maori
55. Maranaw/ Maranao (RP)
56. Masbateno (RP)
57. Middle East, Kurdish/ Kurd, Assyria, Lebanon
CY: Maronite
58. Netherlands, Dutch, Flemish
59. Nordic, other Scandinavian (S: Finnish, Danish,
Norwegian)
60. North America
61. Norway, Norwegian
62. Pacific, Polynesian, Chamorro/Guam
63. Pakistan, Panjab/ Punjabi, Pashto, Pakistani
64. Panggalatok/ Pangasinan (RP)
65. Philippine other (RP: Bagobo, Kinaulo, Igorot,
Cagay-anon, Ibatan/ Ivatan, Netibo, Surigaonon,
Bawa-Diangas-Sutanga, Zambalenio,
Dabawenyo/ Davawenyo)
66. Philippines, Filipino, Tagalog
67. Pidgin, Papua New Guinea Pidgin
68. Poland, Polish, Former Eastern Territories
69. Portugal, Portuguese (E: Galician/ Gallego)
70. Romani, Gipsy/ Gypsi
71. Romania, Romanian (RUS: ethn. Moldavian)
72. Russia, USSR & Republics, Russian
RUS: Russia
73. Samal (RP)
74. Samic, Lapp
75. Samoan, Tokelauan
76. Scotland, Scots Gaelic
(GB: speak Gaelic incl. Irish, NZ: speak Scottish)
77. Serbian, Serbia, Serb
78. Slovakia, Slovak
79. Slovenia, Slovenian, Slovene
80. South America, Latin America, Mexico, Puerto Rico,
Columbia, Brazil, Argentina, Chile
(NL: ethn. Netherlands Antilles)
81. Spain, Spanish, Castilian, Castellano, other Spanish
82. Swede, Swedish
83. Switzerland
84. Tatar
85. Tausug (RP)
86. Tongan, Niuean
87. Transcaucasian, Armenian (BG: ethn. Armenian)
88. Turkey, Turkish (S: ethn. Bulgarian-turk)
CY: Turkish Cypriote
89. Ukraine, Ukrainian (SK: speak Ruthenian)
90. USA
91. Visayan/ Cebuano, Boholano, Leyteno/ Leyte
92. Waray (RP)
93. Welsh
94. Yiddish/ Jewish
95. (former) Yugoslavia, Serbo-Croatian, Yugoslavian
96. S: both non-swedish
98. Other, mixed origin
S: one non-swedish
99. No answer, don't know, refused
00. Not available

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
1 %			7 .7		110 8.9							
2 %												
4 %					28 2.3							
5 %					49 4.0							
6 %					1 .1							
8 %			3 .3		9 .7							
10 %	2 .2				4 .3							
11 %												
12 %			2 .2									
14 %					1 .1							
15 %												
16 %												
17 %			12 1.2	1 .1								
18 %												22 2.0
19 %												
21 %					4 .3							
23 %			1 .1		2 .2							
25 %												
26 %												
27 %												37 3.4
28 %											1182 97.7	
29 %					12 1.0							
30 %					9 .7							
31 %					122 9.8							
32 %			911 93.8	741 99.6	3 .2							
34 %					2 .2							
35 %		1 .2			28 2.3							
36 %					16 1.3							
38 %	895 92.0	522 99.2			170 13.7							
39 %	4 .4				7 .6							

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
40 %												
41 %	1 .1				2 .2							1 .1
43 %												
44 %												
45 %			9 .9		10 .8							
47 %												
48 %					120 9.7							
49 %	7 .7				54 4.4							1 .1
50 %					1 .1							
51 %												
54 %												
57 %												
58 %					17 1.4							
61 %					21 1.7							
62 %												
63 %			5 .5									
64 %												
65 %												
66 %					10 .8							
68 %	3 .3				27 2.2							
69 %					5 .4							
70 %												
71 %	2 .2											
72 %	8 .8	1 .2			22 1.8							
75 %												
76 %					36 2.9							
77 %												31 2.9
79 %												974 90.7
80 %					81 6.5							
81 %	2 .2				6 .5							

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
82 %					14 1.1					923 87.2		
83 %					5 .4							
84 %												
86 %												
87 %												
88 %	20 2.1											
89 %												
90 %					224 18.1							
91 %												
92 %												
94 %												
95 %	10 1.0				4 .3							
96 %										108 10.2		
98 %	19 2.0	2 .4	21 2.2	2 .3	3 .2					27 2.6	28 2.3	8 .7
99	1M	1M	1M	1M	37M					9M	34M	3M
0						1011M	1232M	1609M	1452M			
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

[illegible]

[illegible]

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
82 %												5 .5
83 %												
84 %		64 3.8										
86 %			12 1.1									
87 %	3 .3											
88 %	73 7.2											6 .6
89 %		39 2.3										
90 %												
91 %					445 37.1							
92 %					13 1.1							
94 %		5 .3										
95 %												
96 %												
98 %	8 .8	96 5.7	14 1.3	51 4.6	13 1.1				99 9.9	9 .9		19 1.8
99	2M	15M	10M	13M								31M
0						1205M	1180M	958M			1503M	
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
1 %			
2 %			
4 %			
5 %			
6 %			
8 %			
10 %	1 .1		
11 %			
12 %			
14 %	2 .2		
15 %			
16 %			
17 %			
18 %			
19 %			
21 %			
23 %			
25 %			
26 %			
27 %			
28 %			
29 %			
30 %			
31 %	3 .3		
32 %			
34 %		1401 92.9	
35 %	4 .4		
36 %			
38 %	13 1.3		
39 %			

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
40 %			
41 %			
43 %			
44 %			
45 %			
47 %			
48 %	1 .1		
49 %	12 1.2		
50 %			
51 %			
54 %			
57 %			
58 %	2 .2		
61 %			
62 %			
63 %			
64 %			
65 %			
66 %			
68 %			
69 %	10 1.0		
70 %			
71 %			
72 %			
75 %			
76 %			
77 %			
79 %			
80 %			
81 %	1 .1		

V325 Ethnicity or nationality, language

(continued)

	CH	SF	MEX
82 %		75 5.0	
83 %	884 87.9		
84 %			
86 %			
87 %			
88 %			
89 %			
90 %			
91 %			
92 %			
94 %			
95 %			
96 %			
98 %	73 7.3	32 2.1	
99		20M	
0			1262M
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V326 <MODE> Administrative mode of data-collection

Location: 455 MD1: 0
Width: 2

Administrative mode of data-collection

CH: Two different modes, because the ISSP survey was combined with another survey, the survey 'Eurobarometer in Switzerland' see 'study description'

10. Face-to-face, paper and pencil, no visuals
11. Face-to-face, paper and pencil, visuals
12. Face-to-face, paper and pencil,
Respondent reading questionnaire
13. Interpreter or translator, no visuals
14. Interpreter or translator, visuals
20. Face-to-face, computer-assisted, no visuals
21. Face-to-face, computer-assisted, visuals
22. Face-to-face, computer-assisted,
Respondent reading questionnaire (paper or on monitor)
23. Interpreter or translator, no visuals
24. Interpreter or translator, visuals
30. Self-completion, paper and pencil,
Arrives with interviewer, interviewer attending
NIRL: Self-completion, paper and pencil, interviewer
attending
31. Drop-off, pick up later
D,GB,NL: Self-completion, interviewer pick up later
32. Drop-off, mailed back by Respondent
CH: Self-completion, paper interview, mailed back
by Respondent
33. Mailed to, complete and hold for pick up
34. Self-completion, paper and pencil, mailed to
mailed back by Respondent
50. Telephone, paper and pencil, no visuals
51. Telephone, paper and pencil, visuals
52. Telephone, paper and pencil, respondent reading
questionnaire
DK: Telephone interview after mailing, where the
interviewer read out the questionnaire and noted
the respondents' answers

00. Not available

	D-W	D-E	GB	NIRL	USA	A	IRL	NL	N	S	CZ	SLO
10 %												
11 %											1244 100.0	
12 %												1077 100.0
31 %	974 100.0	527 100.0	972 100.0	745 100.0				1609 100.0				
32 %												
33 %												
34 %									1452 100.0	1067 100.0		
51 %												
0					1276M	1011M	1232M					
Sum	974	527	972	745	1276	1011	1232	1609	1452	1067	1244	1077

V326 Administrative mode of data-collection

(continued)

	BG	RUS	NZ	CDN	RP	IL	J	E	LV	P	RCH	DK
10 %												
11 %							1180 100.0	958 100.0		1000 100.0	1503 100.0	
12 %												
31 %												
32 %												
33 %				1115 100.0								
34 %												1031 96.4
51 %												38 3.6
0	1013M	1705M	1112M		1200M	1205M			1000M			
Sum	1013	1705	1112	1115	1200	1205	1180	958	1000	1000	1503	1069

	CH	SF	MEX
10 %			1262 100.0
11 %			
12 %			
31 %			
32 %	640 63.6		
33 %			
34 %	366 36.4	1528 100.0	
51 %			
0			
Sum	1006	1528	1262

V327 <WEIGHT> Weighting factor

Location: 457

Width: 7 Decimal Places: 5

Weighting factor

A,CDN,CH,CZ,GB,NIRL,P,RCH,SF: documentation of the construction of the total weight see 'study description'.

01. No weighting

Note 0001

This Note refers to V233 and V234 and contains the International Occupation Codes of 1988 and some additional country specific codings used in Germany, Hungary, Norway, Poland, United States.

Source:

ILO/ ISCO 1988 International Standard Classification of Occupations: International Labour Office, Geneva 1991

Armed forces

- 0100 Armed forces
- 0110 Armed forces
DK: including all positions in the
armed forces, regardless of rang

Legislators, senior officials and managers

- 1000 Legislators, senior officials, managers
- 1100 Legislators and senior officials
- 1110 Legislators
- 1120 Senior government official
- 1130 Traditional chiefs and heads of villages
- 1140 Senior officials of special-interest organisation
- 1141 Senior officials of political-party organisations
- 1142 Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations
- 1143 Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations
- 1200 Corporate managers
- 1210 Directors and chief executives
- 1220 Production and operations department managers
RP: specialized managers
- 1221 Production and operations department managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing
- 1222 Production and operations department managers in manufacturing
- 1223 Production and operations department managers in construction
- 1224 Production and operations department managers in wholesale and retail trade
- 1225 Production and operations department managers in restaurants and hotels
- 1226 Production and operations department managers in transport, storage and communications
- 1227 Production and operations department managers in business services
- 1228 Production and operations department managers in personal care, cleaning and related services
- 1229 Production and operations department managers not elsewhere classified
- 1230 Other department managers
- 1231 Finance and administration department managers
- 1232 Personnel and industrial relations department managers
- 1233 Sales and marketing department managers
- 1234 Advertising and public relations departments managers
- 1235 Supply and distribution department managers
- 1236 Computing services department managers
- 1237 Research and development department managers
- 1238 Other department managers not elsewhere classified
- 1239 Other department managers
- 1300 General managers
- 1310 General managers
- 1311 General managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing
- 1312 General managers in manufacture
- 1313 General managers in construction
- 1314 General managers in wholesale and retail trade
- 1315 General managers of restaurants and hotels
- 1316 General managers in transport, storage and communication
- 1317 General managers of business services
- 1318 General managers in personal care, cleaning and related services

Note 0001

(continued)

1319 General managers not elsewhere classified

Professionals

- 2000 Professionals
- 2100 Physical, mathematical and engineering science professionals
- 2110 Physicists, chemists and related professionals
- 2111 Physicists, and astronomers
- 2112 Meteorologists
- 2113 Chemists
- 2114 Geologists and geophysicists
- 2120 Mathematicians, statisticians and related professionals
- 2121 Mathematicians and related professionals
- 2122 Statisticians
- 2130 Computing professionals
- 2131 Computing systems designers and analysts
- 2132 Computer programmers
- 2139 Computing professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2140 Architects, engineers and related professionals
- 2141 Architects, town and traffic planners
- 2142 Civil engineers
- 2143 Electrical engineers
- 2144 Electronics and telecommunication engineers
- 2145 Mechanical engineers
- 2146 Chemical engineers
- 2147 Mining engineers, metallurgists and related professionals
- 2148 Cartographers and surveyors
- 2149 Architects, engineers and related professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2199 Other natural scientists
- 2200 Life science and health professionals
- 2210 Life science professionals
- 2211 Biologists, botanists, zoologists and related professionals
- 2212 Pharmacologists, pathologists and related professionals
- 2213 Agronomists and related professionals
- 2220 Health professionals (except nursing)
- 2221 Medical doctors
- 2222 Dentists
- 2223 Veterinarians
- 2224 Pharmacists
- 2229 Health professionals (except nursing) not elsewhere classified
- 2230 Nursing and midwifery professionals
- 2300 Teaching professionals
- 2310 College, university and higher education teaching professionals
- 2320 Secondary education teaching professionals
- 2330 Primary and pre-primary education teaching professionals
- 2331 Primary education teaching professionals
- 2332 Pre-primary education teaching professionals
- 2340 Special education teaching professionals
- 2350 Other teaching professionals
- 2351 Education methods specialists
- 2352 School inspectors
- 2359 Other teaching professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2400 Other professionals
- 2410 Business professionals
- 2411 Accountants
- 2412 Personnel and careers professionals
- 2419 Business professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2420 Legal professionals
- 2421 Lawyers
- 2422 Judges
- 2429 Legal professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2430 Archivists, librarians and related information professionals
- 2431 Archivists and curators
- 2432 Librarians and related information professionals

Note 0001

(continued)

2440 Social science and related professionals
 2441 Economists
 2442 Sociologists, anthropologists and related professionals
 2443 Philosophers, historians and political scientists
 2444 Philologists, translators and interpreters
 2445 Psychologists
 2446 Social work professionals
 2450 Writers and creative or performing artists
 2451 Authors, journalists and other writers
 2452 Sculptors, painters and related artists
 2453 Composers, musicians and singers
 2454 Choreographers and dancers
 2455 Film, stage and related actors and directors
 2460 Religious professionals
 2470 Public service administrative professions
 2500 Education professionals n.e.c.

Technicians and associate professionals

3000 Technicians and related professions
 3100 Physical and engineering science technicians
 3110 Physical and engineering science technicians
 3111 Chemical and physical science technicians
 3112 Civil engineering technicians
 3113 Electrical engineering technicians
 3114 Electronics and telecommunications engineering technicians
 3115 Mechanical engineering technicians
 3116 Chemical engineering technicians
 3117 Mining and metallurgical technicians
 3118 Draughtspersons
 3119 Physical and engineering science technicians not elsewhere classified
 3120 Computer associate professionals
 3121 Computer assistants
 3122 Computer equipment operators
 3123 Industrial robot controllers
 3130 Optical and electronic equipment operators
 3131 Photographers and image and sound recording equipment operators
 3132 Broadcasting and telecommunications equipment operators
 3133 Medical equipment operators
 3139 Optical and electronic equipment operators not elsewhere classified
 3140 Ship and aircraft controllers and technicians
 3141 Ships' engineers
 3142 Ships' deck officers and pilots
 3143 Aircraft pilots and related associate professionals
 3144 Air traffic pilots
 3145 Air traffic safety technicians
 3150 Safety and quality inspectors
 3151 Building and fire inspectors
 3152 Safety, health and quality inspectors

 3200 Life science and health associate professionals
 3210 Life science technicians and related associate professionals
 3211 Life science technicians
 3212 Agronomy and forestry technicians
 3213 Farming and forestry advisers
 3220 Modern health associate professionals (except nursing)
 3221 Medical assistants
 3222 Sanitarians
 3223 Dietitians and nutritionists
 3224 Optometrists and opticians
 3225 Dental assistants
 3226 Physiotherapists and related associate professionals
 3227 Veterinary assistants
 3228 Pharmaceutical assistants
 3229 Modern health associate professionals (except nursing) not elsewhere classified
 3230 Nursing and midwifery associate professionals
 3231 Nursing associate professionals
 3232 Midwifery associate professionals
 3240 Traditional medicine practitioners and faith healers
 3241 Traditional medicine practitioners

Note 0001

(continued)

- 3242 Faith healers
- 3300 Teaching associate professionals
- 3310 Primary education teaching associate professionals
- 3320 Pre-primary education teaching associate professionals
- 3330 Special education teaching associate professionals
- 3340 Other teaching associate professionals
- 3400 Other associate professionals
- 3410 Finance and sales associate professionals
- 3411 Securities and finance dealers and brokers
- 3412 Insurance representatives
- 3413 Estate agents
- 3414 Travel consultants and organisers
- 3415 Technical and commercial sales representatives
- 3416 Buyers
- 3417 Appraisers, valuers and auctioneers
- 3419 Finance and sales associate professionals not elsewhere classified
- 3420 Business services agents and trade brokers
- 3421 Trade brokers
- 3422 Clearing and forwarding agents
- 3423 Employment agents and labour contractors
- 3429 Other business services agents and trade brokers not elsewhere classified
- 3430 Administrative associate professionals
- 3431 Administrative secretaries and related associate professionals
- 3432 Legal and related business associate professionals
- 3433 Bookkeepers
- 3434 Statistical, mathematical and related associate professionals
- 3439 Administrative associate professionals not elsewhere classified
- 3440 Customs, tax and related government associate professionals
- 3441 Customs and border inspectors
- 3442 Government tax and excise officials
- 3443 Government social benefits officials
- 3444 Government licensing officials
- 3449 Customs, tax and related government associate professionals not elsewhere classified
- 3450 Police inspectors and detectives
- 3460 Social work associate professionals
- 3470 Artistic, entertainment and sports associate professionals
- 3471 Decorators and commercial designers
- 3472 Radio, television and other announcers
- 3473 Street, night-club and related musicians, singers and dancers
- 3474 Clowns, magicians, acrobates and related associate professionals
- 3475 Athletes, sportspersons and related associate professionals
- 3480 Religious associate professionals

Clerks

- 4000 Office workers and clerks
- 4100 Office clerks
- 4110 Secretaries and keyboard-operating clerks
- 4111 Stenographers and typists
- 4112 Word-processor and related operators
- 4113 Data entry operators
- 4114 Calculating machine operators
- 4115 Secretaries
- 4120 Numerical clerks
- 4121 Accounting and bookkeeping clerks
- 4122 Statistical and finance clerks
- 4130 Material-recording and transport clerks
- 4131 Stock clerks
- 4132 Production clerks
- 4133 Transport clerks
- 4140 Library, mail and related clerks
- 4141 Library and filing clerks
- 4142 Mail carriers and sorting clerks
- 4143 Coding, proof-reading and related clerks
- 4144 Scribes and related workers
- 4190 Other office clerks

Note 0001

(continued)

4200 Customer services clerks
4210 Cashiers, tellers and related clerks
4211 Cashiers and ticket clerks
4212 Tellers and other counter clerks
4213 Bookmakers and croupiers
4214 Pawnbrokers and money-lenders
4215 Debt-collectors and related workers
4220 Client information clerks
4221 Travel agency and related clerks
4222 Receptionists and information clerks
4223 Telephone switchboard operators
4300 Office helping workers
4400 Post office
4500 Railway official, higher civil service

Service workers and shop and market sales workers

5000 Personal service, sale
5100 Personal and protective services workers
5110 Travel attendants and related workers
5111 Travel attendants and travel stewards
5112 Transport conductors
5113 Travel guides
5120 Housekeeping and restaurant services workers
5121 Housekeepers and related workers
5122 Cooks
5123 Waiters, waitresses and bartenders
5130 Personal care and related workers
5131 Child care workers
5132 Institution-based personal care workers
5133 Home-based personal care workers
5139 Personal care and related workers not elsewhere classified
5140 Other personal services workers
5141 Hairdressers, barbers, beauticians and related workers
5142 Companions and valets
5143 Undertakers and embalmers
5149 Other personal services workers not elsewhere classified
5150 Astrologers, fortune-tellers and related workers
5151 Astrologers and related workers
5152 Fortune-tellers, palmists and related workers
5160 Protective services workers
5161 Fire-fighters
5162 Police officers
5163 Prison guards
5169 Protective services workers not elsewhere classified

5200 Models, salespersons and demonstrators
5210 Fashion and other models
5220 Shop salespersons and demonstrators
5230 Stall and market salespersons

Skilled agricultural and fishery workers

6000 Skilled agricultural and fishery worker
6100 Market-oriented skilled agricultural and fishery workers
6110 Market gardeners and crop growers
6111 Field crop and vegetable growers
6112 Tree and shrub crop growers
6113 Gardeners, horticultural and nursery growers
6114 Mixed-crop growers
6120 Market-oriented animal producers and related workers
6121 Dairy and livestock producers
6122 Poultry producers
6123 Apiarists and sericulturists
6124 Mixed animal producers
6129 Market-oriented animal producers and related workers not elsewhere classified
6130 Market-oriented crop animal producers
6140 Forestry and related workers
6141 Forestry workers and loggers
6142 Charcoal burners and related workers
6150 Fishery workers, hunters and trappers
6151 Aquatic-life cultivation workers
6152 Inland and coastal waters fishery workers

Note 0001

(continued)

- 6153 Deep-sea fishery workers
- 6154 Hunters and trappers
- 6200 Subsistence agricultural and fishery workers
- 6210 Subsistence agricultural and fishery workers

Craft and related trades workers

- 7000 Craft and trade workers
- 7100 Extraction and building trades workers
- 7110 Miners, shotfirers, stone cutters and carvers
- 7111 Miners and quarry workers
- 7112 Shotfirers and blasters
- 7113 Stone splitters, cutters and carvers
- 7120 Building frame and related trades workers
- 7121 Builders, traditional materials
- 7122 Bricklayers and stonemasons
- 7123 Concrete placers, concrete finishers and related workers
- 7124 Carpenters and joiners
- 7129 Building frame and related trades workers not elsewhere classified
- 7130 Building finishers and related trades workers
- 7131 Roofers
- 7132 Floor layers and tile setters
- 7133 Plasterers
- 7134 Insulation workers
- 7135 Glaziers
- 7136 Plumbers and pipe fitters
- 7137 Building and related electricians
- 7139 Building finishers and related workers
- 7140 Painters, building structure cleaners and related workers
- 7141 Painters and related workers
- 7142 Varnishers and related painters
- 7143 Building structure cleaners
- 7200 Metal, machinery and related trades workers
- 7210 Metal moulders, welders, sheetmetal workers, structural-metal preparers, and related trades workers
- 7211 Metal moulders and coremakers
- 7212 Welders and flamecutters
- 7213 Sheet-metal workers
- 7214 Structural-metal preparers and erectors
- 7215 Riggers and cable splicers
- 7216 Underwater workers
- 7220 Blacksmiths, tool-makers and related trades workers
- 7221 Blacksmiths, hammer-smiths and forging-press workers
- 7222 Tool-makers and related workers
- 7223 Machine-tool setters and setter-operators
- 7224 Metal wheel-grinders, polishers and tool sharpeners
- 7230 Machinery mechanics and fitters
- 7231 Motor vehicle mechanics and fitters
- 7232 Aircraft engine mechanics and fitters
- 7233 Agricultural- or industrial-machinery mechanics and fitters
- 7240 Electrical and electronic equipment mechanics and fitters
- 7241 Electrical mechanics and fitters
- 7242 Electronics fitters
- 7243 Electronics mechanics and servicers
- 7244 Telegraph and telephone installers and servicers
- 7245 Electrical line installers, repairers and cable jointers
- 7300 Precision, handicraft, printing and related trades workers
- 7310 Precision workers in metal and related materials
- 7311 Precision-instrument makers and repairers
- 7312 Musical-instrument makers and tuners
- 7313 Jewellery and precious-metal workers
- 7320 Potters, glass-makers and related trades workers
- 7321 Abrasive wheel formers, potters and related workers
- 7322 Glass-makers, cutters, grinders and finishers
- 7323 Glass engravers and etchers
- 7324 Glass, ceramics and related decorative painters
- 7330 Handicraft workers in wood, textile, leather and related materials
- 7331 Handicraft workers in wood and related materials

Note 0001

(continued)

- 7332 Handicraft workers in textile, leather and related materials
- 7340 Printing and related trades workers
- 7341 Compositors, typesetters and related workers
- 7342 Stereotypers, and electrotypers
- 7343 Printing engravers and etchers
- 7344 Photographic and related workers
- 7345 Bookbinders and related workers
- 7346 Silk-screen, block and textile printers
- 7400 Other craft and related trades workers
- 7410 Food processing and related trades workers
- 7411 Butchers, fishmongers and related food preparers
- 7412 Bakers, pastry-cooks and confectionary makers
- 7413 Dairy-products makers
- 7414 Fruit, vegetable and related preservers
- 7415 Food and beverage tasters and graders
- 7416 Tobacco preparers and tobacco products makers
- 7420 Wood treaters, cabinet-makers and related trades workers
- 7421 Wood treaters
- 7422 Cabinet-makers and related workers
- 7423 Woodworking-machine setters and setter-operators
- 7424 Basketry weavers, brush makers and related workers
- 7430 Textile, garment and related trades workers
- 7431 Fibre preparers
- 7432 Weavers, knitters and related workers
- 7433 Tailors, dressmakers and hatters
- 7434 Furriers and related workers
- 7435 Textile, leather and related pattern-makers and cutters
- 7436 Sewers, embroiderers and related workers
- 7437 Upholsterers and related workers
- 7440 Pelt, leather and shoemaking trades workers
- 7441 Pelt dressers, tanners and fellmongers
- 7442 Shoe-makers and related workers
- 7500 Metal worker general
- CZ: Generic skilled manual worker
- 7510 Metal worker n.e.c.
- 7520 Electronics engineers n.e.c.
- 7900 Master craftsman, supervisor

Plant and machine operators and assemblers

- 8000 Stationary-plant and related operators
- 8100 Stationary-plant and related operators
- 8110 Mining- and mineral-processing-plant operators
- 8111 Mining-plant operators
- 8112 Mineral-ore and stone-processing-plant operators
- 8113 Well drillers and borers and related workers
- 8120 Metal-processing-plant operators
- 8121 Ore and metal furnace operators
- 8122 Metal melters, casters and rolling-mill operators
- 8123 Metal-heat-treating-plant operators
- 8124 Metal drawers and extruders
- 8130 Glass, ceramics and related plant operators
- 8131 Glass and ceramics kiln and related machine operators
- 8139 Glass, ceramics and related plant operators not elsewhere classified
- 8140 Wood-processing- and papermaking-plant operators
- 8141 Wood-processing-plant operators
- 8142 Paper-pulp plant operators
- 8143 Papermaking-plant operators
- 8150 Chemical-processing-plant operators
- 8151 Crushing-, grinding- and chemical-mixing-machinery operators
- 8152 Chemical-heat-treating-plant operators
- 8153 Chemical-filtering- and separating-equipment operators
- 8154 Chemical-still and reactor operators (except petroleum and natural gas)
- 8155 Petroleum- and natural-gas-refining-plant operators
- 8159 Chemical-processing-plant operators not elsewhere classified
- 8160 Power-production and related plant operators
- 8161 Power-production plant operators
- 8162 Steam-engine and boiler operators
- 8163 Incinerator, water-treatment and related plant operators

Note 0001

(continued)

- 8170 Automated-assembly-line and industrial-robot operators
- 8171 Automated-assembly-line operators
- 8172 Industrial-robot operators
- 8200 Machine operators and assemblers
- 8210 Metal- and mineral-products machine operators
- 8211 Machine-tool operators
- 8212 Cement and other mineral products machine operators
- 8220 Chemical-products machine operators
- 8221 Pharmaceutical- and toiletry products machine operators
- 8222 Ammunition- and explosive-products machine operators
- 8223 Metal finishing-, plating- and coating-machine operators
- 8224 Photographic-products machine operators
- 8229 Chemical-products machine operators not elsewhere classified
- 8230 Rubber- and plastic-products machine operators
- 8231 Rubber-products machine operators
- 8232 Plastic-products machine operators
- 8240 Wood-products machine operators
- 8250 Printing-, binding- and paper-products machine operators
- 8251 Printing-machine operators
- 8252 Bookbinding-machine operators
- 8253 Paper-products machine operators
- 8260 Textile-, fur- and leather-products machine operators
- 8261 Fibre-preparing-, spinning- and winding-machine operators
- 8262 Weaving- and knitting-machine operators
- 8263 Sewing-machine operators
- 8264 Bleaching-, dyeing- and cleaning-machine operators
- 8265 Fur- and leather-preparing-machine operators
- 8266 Shoemaking- and related machine operators
- 8269 Textile-, fur- and leather-products machine operators not elsewhere classified
- 8270 Food and related products machine operators
- 8271 Meat- and fish-processing-machine operators
- 8272 Dairy-products machine operators
- 8273 Grain- and spice-milling-machine operators
- 8274 Baked-goods, cereal and chocolate-products machine operators
- 8275 Fruit-, vegetable- and nut-processing-machine operators
- 8276 Sugar production machine operators
- 8277 Tea-, coffee-, and cocoa-processing-machine operators
- 8278 Brewers-, wine and other beverage machine operators
- 8279 Tobacco production machine operators
- 8280 Assemblers
- 8281 Mechanical-machinery assemblers
- 8282 Electrical-equipment assemblers
- 8283 Electronic-equipment assemblers
- 8284 Metal-, rubber- and plastic-products assemblers
- 8285 Wood and related products assemblers
- 8286 Paperboard, textile and related products assemblers
- 8287 Composite products assemblers
- 8290 Other machine operators and Assemblers
- 8300 Drivers and mobile-plant operators
- 8310 Locomotive-engine drivers and related workers
- 8311 Locomotive-engine drivers
- 8312 Railway brakers, signallers and shunters
- 8320 Motor-vehicle drivers
- 8321 Motor-cycle drivers
- 8322 Car, taxi and van drivers
- 8323 Bus and tram drivers
- 8324 Heavy truck and lorry drivers
- 8330 Agricultural and other mobile-plant operators
- 8331 Motorised farm and forestry plant operators
- 8332 Earth-moving- and related plant operators
- 8333 Crane, hoist and related plant operators
- 8334 Lifting-truck operators
- 8340 Ship's deck crews and related workers

Note 0001

(continued)

Elementary occupations

- 9000 Elementary occupations, unskilled workers
- 9100 Sales and services elementary occupations
- 9110 Street vendors and related workers
- 9111 Street food vendors
- 9112 Street vendors, non-food products
- 9113 Door-to-door and telephone salespersons
- 9120 Shoe cleaning and other street services elementary occupations
- 9130 Domestic and related helpers, cleaners and launderers
- 9131 Domestic helpers and cleaners
- 9132 Helpers and cleaners in offices, hotels and other establishments
- 9133 Hand-launderers and pressers
- 9140 Building caretakers, window and related cleaners
- 9141 Building caretakers
- 9142 Vehicle, window and related cleaners
- 9150 Messengers, porters, doorkeepers and related workers
- 9151 Messengers, package, and luggage porters and deliverers
- 9152 Doorkeepers, watchpersons, and related workers
- 9153 Vending-machine money collectors, meter readers and related workers
- 9160 Garbage collectors and related labourers
- 9161 Garbage collectors
- 9162 Sweepers and related labourers
- 9200 Agricultural, fishery and related labourers
- 9210 Agricultural, fishery and related labourers
- 9211 Farm-hands and labourers
- 9212 Forestry labourers
- 9213 Fishery, hunting and trapping labourers
- 9300 Labourers in mining construction manufacturing and transport
- 9310 Mining and construction labourers
- 9311 Mining and quarrying labourers
- 9312 Construction and maintenance labourers: roads, dams and similar constructions
- 9313 Building construction labourers
- 9320 Manufacturing labourers
- 9321 Assembling labourers
- 9322 Hand packers and other manufacturing labourers
- 9330 Transport labourers and freight handlers
- 9331 Hand or pedal vehicle drivers
- 9332 Drivers of animal-drawn vehicles and machinery
- 9333 Freight handlers

Country specific codes

Germany

- 0001 Soldiers
- 0002 Officers

Hungary, Poland

- 1250 Military officers
- 1251 High-grade military officers (captain and above)
- 1252 Lower grade commissioned officers (incl. Army Lieutenant)
- 3452 Armed forces non-commissioned officer
- 5164 Armed forces, soldiers

Hungary

- 2321 Secondary (high-)school teacher (academic track)
- 2322 Teacher in vocational training

United States

- 1240 Miscellaneous office supervisors
- 6132 Farmers
- 6133 Farm supervisors

Norway

- 0111 Soldiers

Note 0001

(continued)

0112 Officers
1320 Managers/ leaders in non-specified trade-areas
2510 Social scientific, juridical and technical
deliberation and planning
2511 Economical and social scientific planning and
deliberation
2512 Juridical planning and deliberation
2513 Technical and scientific planning and deliberation
2519 Others within this group
3341 Teachers in technical college
3342 Other educational and pedagogical occupations
3418 Customer consultant in a bank
3445 Public employment service workers
3491 Information workers and journalists
3492 Librarians
4116 Clerical officer
5134 Dental secretaries
5135 Medical secretaries
5136 Childminders
5164 Caretakers/ houseporters
5221 Shop staff/ sales staff and other salesmen (detail)
5222 Door-to-door and telephone salesmen
5223 Wholesale merchants
7125 Joiner, formwork
7126 Carpenters
7127 Foundation workers
7128 Tunnel and mountain workers, blasting operators
7144 Chimney sweepers
7217 Car- and aistructure mechanics
7234 Shipmechanics etc.
7350 Technical drawers
7450 Laboratory assistants
8132 Operators in insulation glass production
8341 Deck crew (ship)
8342 Engine crew (ship)
9134 Kitchen and serving assistants

Note 0002

This Note refers to V231 and V232 and contains special remarks to the working status of Respondent and Spouse.

Denmark

General comment on coding

Data is scanned, which means that data was not cleaned in the raw dataset. In the dataset delivered to the ISSP database data are coded so that they follow the filters in the survey, regardless of whether respondents have ignored the filters and answered a question they shouldn't have answered according to the filters. In other words: Only respondents who have answered 'positively' on a filter-question are included as relevant in the questions that relate to the filter in question.

Example: Only respondents who have answered 1-4 in WRKST are included as relevant in WRKHRS, WRKGOVT etc. Respondents who have answered 5-99 in WRKST are coded as irrelevant in these variables.

WRKST

The ISSP categories have been derived from a question including more answer categories. The categories are coded as follows:

01. Employed full time (57,7%)
Employee, full time, 30 hours or more per week (52,6%)
Self-employed (5,1%)
02. Employed part time (5,0%)
Employee, part time, 10-29 hours per week (5,0%)
03. Employed less than part time or temporarily out of work (2,0%)
Employee, less than 10 hours per week (0,7%)
Temporarily out of job because of illness or the like (0,5%)
Temporarily out of job because of leave from job (maternity leave, parental leave, education leave) (0,8%)
04. Helping family member (0,8%)
Assisting spouse (0,8%)
05. Unemployed (3,3%)
Unemployed (including on leave from unemployment)
06. Student, in school or vocational training (8,9%)
Trainee or apprentice (with wage) (1,2%)
Pupil (without wage) (0,1%)
Student (without wage) (7,6%)
07. Retired (12,7%)
Job release scheme (pensions benefit payable between early retirement and normal retirement pension, and the like) (5,3%)
Other retirement (old-age etc.) (7,4%)
08. Housewife or home duties (0,8%)
Housewife/ home duties (0,8%)
09. Permanently disabled (4,9%)
On disability pension (4,9%)
10. Others not in labour force (0,8%)
Other, outside labour force (0,8%)
99. No answer (3,1%)

SPWRKST

The ISSP categories have been derived from a question including more answer categories. The categories are coded as follows:

Note 0002

(continued)

- 00. NAP (Code 2-9 in MARITAL and Code 2,9 in COHAB) (28,3%)
- 01. Employed full time (44,3%)
 - Employee, full time, 30 hours or more per week (40,2%)
 - Self-employed (4,1%)
- 02. Employed part time (2,2%)
 - Employee, part time, 10-29 hours per week (2,2%)
- 03. Employed less than part time or temporarily out of work (2,2%)
 - Employee, less than 10 hours per week (0,2%)
 - Temporarily out of job because of illness or the like (0,7%)
 - Temporarily out of job because of leave from job (maternity leave, parental leave, education leave) (1,3%)
- 04. Helping family member (0,6%)
 - Assisting spouse (0,6%)
- 05. Unemployed (3,0%)
 - Unemployed (including on leave from unemployment)
- 06. Student, in school or vocational training (3,6%)
 - Trainee or apprentice (with wage) (0,7%)
 - Pupil (without wage) (0,1%)
 - Student (without wage) (2,8%)
- 07. Retired (9,3%)
 - Job release scheme (pensions benefit payable between early retirement and normal retirement pension, and the like) (4,6%)
 - Other retirement (old-age etc.) (4,7%)
- 08. Housewife or home duties (0,7%)
 - Housewife/ home duties (0,7%)
- 09. Permanently disabled (3,6%)
 - On disability pension (3,6%)
- 10. Others not in labour force (0,2%)
 - Other, outside labour force (0,2%)
- 99. No answer (2,2%)

Note 0003

This Note refers to V299 and contains specific explanations about size and type of the place of residence.

United States

NORC size of place

Source: GSS Methodological Report No.4.

Within an SMSA and --

- 01 A large central city (over 250.000)
- 02 A medium size central city (50.000 to 250.000)
- 03 A suburb of a large central city (a)
- 04 A suburb of a medium size central city
- 05 An unincorporated area of a large central city (division, township, etc.)
- 06 An unincorporated area of a medium central city

Not within an SMSA, (within a country) and --

- 07 A small city (10.000 to 49.999) (b)
- 08 A town or village (2.500 to 9.999)
- 09 An incorporated area less than 2.500 or an unincorporated area of 1.000 to 2.499 (c)
- 10 Open country within larger civil divisions, e.g. township, division

Remarks:

- (a) A suburb is defined as any incorporated area or unincorporated area of 1.000+ (or listed as such in the U.S. Census PC (1)-A books) within the boundaries of an SMSA but not within the limits of a central city of the SMSA. Some SMSAs have more than one central city, e.g., Minneapolis-St. Paul. In these cases, both cities are coded as central cities.
- (b) If such an instance were to arise, a city of 50.000 or over which is not part of an SMSA would be coded '07'.
- (c) Unincorporated areas of over 2.499 are treated as incorporated areas of the same size. Unincorporated areas under 1.000 are not listed by the Census and are treated here as part of the next larger civil division, usually the township.

Note 0004

This Note refers to V324.

United States

Listing of states within regions in:
Statistical Abstract (any edition), published by U.S.
Bureau of the Census.
States were recoded into regions.

- 01 New England
Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts,
Connecticut, Rhode Island
- 02 Middle Atlantic
New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania
- 03 East North Central
Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio
- 04 West North Central
Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South
Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas
- 05 South Atlantic
Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia,
North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida,
District of Columbia
- 06 East South Central
Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi
- 07 West South Central
Arkansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Texas
- 08 Mountain
Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada, Utah, Colorado,
Arizona, New Mexico
- 09 Pacific
Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Variable List

V1	ZA Study Number 3440	1
V2	Respondent ID Number	1
V3	Country	1
V4	Solve economic problems:Priv enterprise	2
V5	Responsib gov: reduce income difference	4
V6	Highest priority in <Rs Country>	6
V7	Next highest priority in <Rs Country>	8
V8	Science: believe too often in	10
V9	Science: more harm than good	12
V10	Science: solve environmental problems	14
V11	Worry: about future environment	16
V12	Environment: modern life harms the	18
V13	Worry: progress harming environment	20
V14	Environment: protect by economic growth	22
V15	Animals: medical testing if save lives	24
V16	Economic growth: harms the environment	26
V17	Earth cannot continue support pres. rate	28
V18	Nature is sacred because ..	30
V19	Protect environ: pay much higher prices	31
V20	Protect environ: pay much higher taxes	33
V21	Protect en: cut your standard of living	35
V22	To do about environment: too difficult	37
V23	Do what is right costs money takes time	39
V24	More important than protect environment	41
V25	No point unless others do the same	43
V26	Many about environment exaggerated	45
V27	Antibiotics kill bacteria not viruses	47
V28	Human beings developed from animals	49
V29	Man-made chemicals can cause cancer	51
V30	Exposed radioactivity results to die	53
V31	Greenhouse effect: hole in earth atmosp	55
V32	Greenhouse effect: use coal oil gas	57
V33	Air pollution by cars for environment	59
V34	Air pollution by cars for you + family	61
V35	Air pollution by industry - environment	63
V36	Pesticides in farming - environment	65
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V74	RCH:Human beings developed from animals	131
V75	RCH:Man-made chemicals can cause cancer	132
V76	RCH:Exposed radioactivity results to die	132
V77	RCH:Greenhouse effect:hole i earth atmos	132
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