



## *International Social Survey Programme*

### *ISSP 2002 – Family and Changing Gender Roles III*

#### *Variable Report*

Documentation release 2013/03/04

Related to the international dataset

Archive-Study-No. ZA3880 Version 1.1.0, doi: 10.4232/1.11564



**GESIS-Variable Reports No. 2013/01**

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**GESIS – Data Archive for the Social Sciences**

## GESIS-Variable Reports

GESIS – Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences  
50667 Köln  
Unter Sachsenhausen 6-8  
Germany  
E-Mail: [isspservice@gesis.org](mailto:isspservice@gesis.org)

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Unter Sachsenhausen 6-8, 50667 Köln  
[info@gesis.org](mailto:info@gesis.org), [www.gesis.org](http://www.gesis.org)

## Introduction and preliminary remarks

The GESIS Variable Report Series on the International Social Survey Programme Studies offers a comprehensive description of data on study and variable level. For each annual module as well as for the cumulated data sets individual Variable Reports are provided.

The reports are structured into six chapters:

**Chapter one** gives a brief overview of the worldwide ISSP project as a whole.

**Chapter two** provides the description of the respective ISSP study including bibliographic information, abstract and methodological specifications.

**Chapter three** contains information on study related survey materials which are absolutely essential to understand the data properly, followed by general information about the structure of ISSP data sets, documentation standards and variable coding frames in **chapter four**.

**Chapter five** provides a short explanation of the variable documentation itself.

**Chapter six** contains the core variable documentation: the documentation of each variable including complete question texts with all answer categories of the Basic Questionnaire enriched with archival remarks. In addition, this Variable Report presents cross tabulations over countries for all substantial and most of the demographic variables. Archive, protocol and country specific variables are usually shown by frequency distributions. All cross tabulations and frequency distributions are based on unweighted data.

The appendix usually contains two sorts of survey materials: the Study Descriptions and, if available, the Characteristics of National Population, basic statistics for all the participating countries of the corresponding module. The data for the annual ISSP modules are collected by independent institutions in each country. The country data is integrated into one international data file, which is documented, distributed and long-term archived by the ISSP Archive, institutionally, the GESIS Data Archive for the Social Sciences (Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences) in Cologne, Germany (<http://www.gesis.org>). In every second year from 1997 on, data and documentation have predominantly been prepared by our partners at JDS/ ASEP in Spain (<http://www.jdsurvey.com>).

### Data access

Data for statistical analysis and related documentation are made available by the Data Catalogue (<https://dbk.gesis.org/dbksearch/>) or by ZACAT (<http://zacat.gesis.org>), the Data Online Platform of GESIS. ZACAT additionally enables users to analyse data online. Access to the Data Catalogue and ZACAT is free of charge, download of data sets requires registration.

### Anonymised data

According to data regulations in participating countries, only anonymised data are made available. Each national team is responsible for carefully checking the data in this respect before the deposit.

### Usage requirements

To provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about related research activities, all users of ISSP data are requested to send bibliographic citations for each completed manuscript or thesis abstracts to [isspservice@gesis.org](mailto:isspservice@gesis.org) or if possible, please directly send a copy of the publication to GESIS (GESIS-Leibniz-Institute for the Social Sciences, Dept. Data Archive – ISSP, Unter Sachsenhausen 6-8, D-50667 Cologne, Germany). Please also observe the general notes on the usage regulations of GESIS Data Archive resources (<http://www.gesis.org/en/services/data-analysis/data-archive-service/usage-regulations/>).

### Disclaimer

Neither the original collector of the data, nor GESIS or JDS/ ASEP bears any responsibility for the use of ISSP data or any data analyses.

## 1 ISSP Series Description

### 1.1 Series name

The International Social Survey Programme (ISSP)

### 1.2 Series information

The ISSP is a cross-national collaboration programme, which has been continuously conducting annual surveys on diverse social science topics since 1985. The topics for each ISSP survey are proposed by delegates from ISSP member countries. Then, a Basic Questionnaire is composed and improved over several years by a committee, elected by the General Assembly before it is pretested in various countries. Starting in 1984 with four founding nations – Australia, Germany, Great Britain and the United States, the ISSP meanwhile has grown up to almost 50 member countries covering various cultures around the globe.

ISSP Modules 1985 – 2013:

- Citizenship: 2004/ 2014
- Environment: 1993/ 2000/ 2010
- Family and Changing Gender Roles: 1988/ 1994/ 2002/ 2012
- Health and Health Care: 2011
- Leisure Time and Sports: 2007
- National Identity: 1995/ 2003/ 2013
- Religion: 1991/ 1998/ 2008
- Role of Government: 1985/ 1990/ 1996/ 2006
- Social Inequality: 1987/ 1992/ 1999/ 2009
- Social Networks: 1986/ 2001 (Social Relations and Support Systems)
- Work Orientations: 1989/ 1997/ 2005/ 2015

All ISSP members agree

1. to jointly develop modules addressing important areas of social science,
2. to field the modules either as an individual survey or as supplements to the regular national surveys and
3. to make the data available to the social science community as quickly as possible.

As the surveys are designed for replication they offer both cross-national and cross-time comparison, creating the base for a vast range of substantive and methodological research. Since there is no external fund agency, ISSP members fund their own surveys. Beyond that, ISSP committee members fund ISSP central coordination, networking, development of source questionnaires, or methodological work.

For more information on the ISSP in general, its working principles, contact addresses of ISSP members and principal investigators, please visit the ISSP web site (<http://www.issp.org>).

## 2 Study Description – International Social Survey Programme 2002

### 2.1 Bibliographic information

#### 2.1.1 Archive study number

GESIS: ZA3880

#### 2.1.2 Title

International Social Survey Programme: Family and Changing Gender Roles III – ISSP 2002

#### 2.1.3 Authoring Entity/ Principal Investigators

Name	Affiliation
Kelley, Jonathan	Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research, University of Melbourne, Australia
Evans, Mariah Debra R.	Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research, University of Melbourne, Australia
Sikora, Joanna	Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research, University of Melbourne, Australia
Haller, Max	Institut für Soziologie, Karl-Franzens-Universität Graz, Austria
Hadler, Markus	Institut für Soziologie, Karl-Franzens-Universität Graz, Austria
Ressler, Regine	Institut für Soziologie, Karl-Franzens-Universität Graz, Austria
Scalon, Maria Celi	Instituto Universitario de Pesquisas do Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
Dimova, Lilia	Agency for Social Analyses (ASA), Bulgaria
Plecitá, Klára	Institute of Sociology, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Czech Republic
Lehmann, Carla	Centro de Estudios Públicos, Chile
Valenzuela, Paulina	Centro de Estudios Públicos, Chile
Papageorgiou, Bambos	Center of Applied Research, Cyprus College, Republic Cyprus
Andersen, Jørgen G.	Aalborg University, Denmark
Borre, Ole	University of Aarhus, Denmark
Togeby, Lise	University of Aarhus, Denmark
Nielsen, Hans J.	Department of Political Science, University of Copenhagen, Denmark
Andersen, Bjarne H.	Department of Sociology, University of Copenhagen, Denmark
Kjaer, Ulrik	Department of Political Science, University of Southern Denmark, Denmark
Blom, Raino	University of Tampere, Finland
Melin, Harri	University of Tampere, Finland
Carton, Ann	Ministerie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap, Administratie Planning en Statistiek, Flanders (Belgium)
Van Geel, Hendrik	Ministerie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap, Administratie Planning en Statistiek, Flanders (Belgium)
Lemel, Yannick	France-ISSP, France
Harkness, Janet	ZUMA, Mannheim, Germany
Mohler, Peter Ph.	ZUMA, Mannheim, Germany
Park, Alison	National Centre for Social Research, Great Britain
Robert, Peter	Demographic Research Institute, Central Statistical Office Hungary, Hungary
Phadraig, Máire N.	SSRC (Social Science Research Centre), University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland
Lewin-Epstein,	Department of Sociology and Anthropology, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel

Noah	
Aramaki, Hiroshi	NHK, Broadcasting Culture Research Institute Public Opinion Research Division, Tokio, Japan
Kobayashi, Toshiyuki	NHK, Broadcasting Culture Research Institute Public Opinion Research Division, Tokio, Japan
Onodera, Noriko	NHK, Broadcasting Culture Research Institute Public Opinion Research Division, Tokio, Japan
Tabuns, Aivars	Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, University of Latvia, Latvia
Koroleva, Ilze	Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, University of Latvia, Latvia
Curiel Gutierrez, Federico	Institute of Marketing and Opinion, Mexico
Mirele, Hector	Institute of Marketing and Opinion, Mexico
Gordinez, Jorge	Institute of Marketing and Opinion, Mexico
Becker, Jos W.	SCP-Sociaal en Cultureel Planbureau, Den Haag, Netherlands
Gendall, Philip	Department of Marketing, Massey University, Palmerston North, New Zealand
Devine, Pauline	Institute Governance, Public Policy and Social Research, Queen's University, Belfast, Northern Ireland
Sjak, Knut K.	NSD, Bergen, Norway
Evenshaug, Oddbjørn	University of Oslo, Norway
Hallen, Dag	University of Oslo, Norway
Hjardemaal, Finn	University of Oslo, Norway
Guerrero, Linda	Social Weather Stations, Quezon City, Philippines
Cichomski, Bogdan	Institute for Social Studies, Warsaw University (ISS UW), Poland
Villaverde Cabral, Manuel	Instituto de Ciências Sociais da Universidade de Lisboa, Portugal
Vala, Jorge	Instituto de Ciências Sociais da Universidade de Lisboa, Portugal
Ramos, Alice	Instituto de Ciências Sociais da Universidade de Lisboa, Portugal
Khakhulina, Ludmila	Russian Centre for Public Opinion and Market Research (VCIOM), Russia
Svallfors, Stefan	Department of Sociology, Umea University, Sweden
Edlund, Jonas	Department of Sociology, Umea University, Sweden
Tos, Niko	Public Opinion and Mass Communication Research Centre, Ljubljana, Slovenia
Piscova, Magdalena	Institute for Sociology of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Slovak Republic and Institute for Public Opinion Research at the Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic, Slovak Republic
Garcia-Pardo, Natalia	CIS (Centro de Investigaciones Sociológicas), Madrid, Spain
Joye, Dominique	SIDOS (Swiss Information and Data Archive for the Social Sciences), Neuchâtel, Switzerland
Chang, Mau-Kuei	Institute of Sociology, Academia Sinica, Taiwan
Davis, James A.	National Opinion Research Center (NORC), Chicago, USA
Smith, Tom W.	National Opinion Research Center (NORC), Chicago, USA
Marsden, Peter V.	Department of Sociology, Harvard University, Cambridge, USA

#### 2.1.4 Bibliographic citation

Publications based on ISSP data, which are made available through GESIS, should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations. To ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations should appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications.

How to cite the data: ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Family and Changing Gender Roles III – ISSP 2002. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3880 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi: 10.4232/1.11564



## 2.2 Content

### 2.2.1 Abstract

Family and gender roles.

### 2.2.2 Topic classification

Topics: attitude towards employment of mothers and married women; role distribution of man and woman in occupation and household; preferred extent of employment for women during different stages of child raising; attitudes towards marriage, single-parenting, cohabitation before marriage, and divorce; views on the significance of children in life; views on paid maternity leave and on financial aid for working parents; management of income in marriage or partnership; allocation of duties in the household and in family matters; time budget for housekeeping and sharing of housekeeping for both partners; frequency of disagreement about the sharing of housekeeping; decision making in matters of child raising, weekend activities and buying major things for home; principal earner (partner with higher income); stress caused by family, work and household duties (scale); estimation of general personal happiness; satisfaction with employment situation and family life; employment of mother during childhood of respondent; employment in various phases of child raising.

Demography: sex; age, marital status; living together with a partner; years of school education and highest education level (degree); country specific education; current employment status; working hours per week; occupation (ISCO-88); working in private or public sector; occupational self-employment and number of employees; supervising function at work; size of household; composition of household; highest education level (degree) of spouse / partner; current employment status of spouse / partner; occupation of spouse (ISCO-88); working hours per week of spouse; spouse employed in public service; union membership; respondent's earnings; family income; party affiliation (left-right); party affiliation (country specific) and election behaviour; religious denomination; attendance of religious services; self-placement on a top-bottom-scale.

Also encoded was: region (country specific); urban-rural self-assessment; size of community (country specific); ethnic identity; mode of data collection; weighting factor.

## 2.3 Geographic Coverage

Australia (AU), Austria (AT), Brazil (BR), Bulgaria (BG), Chile (CL), Cyprus (CY), Czech Republic (CZ), Denmark (DK), Finland (FI), France (FR), Germany (DE), Great Britain (GB-GBN), Hungary (HU), Ireland (IE), Israel (IL), Japan (JP), Latvia (LV), Mexico (MX), Netherlands (NL), New Zealand (NZ), Northern Ireland (GB-NIR), Norway (NO), Philippines (PH), Poland (PL), Portugal (PT), Russian Federation (RU), Slovakia (SK), Slovenia (SI), Spain (ES), Sweden (SE), Switzerland (CH), Taiwan (TW), United States (US), Belgium/Flanders (BE-FLA)

## 2.4 Universe

Age: 18 years old and older

Exceptions: Switzerland and Finland (15 years old and older), Austria, Ireland, Japan and Netherlands (16 years old and older)

## 2.5 Sampling procedure

Sampling procedures differ for the individual countries: Partly simple, partly multi-stage stratified random sample

## 2.6 Fieldwork and sample sizes

Table: Participating countries (regions) and fieldwork information for ISSP 2002

Country (Region)	ISO	Fieldwork start/ end	Fieldwork Institute	Questionnaire-versions	Sample Size (n of cases)
Austria	AT	Dec 03 – Feb 04	Institute for Empirical Social Research (IFES), Vienna	AT02	2047
Australia	AU	Dec 01 – Nov 02	Datacol, Canberra	AU02	1352
Belgium/Flanders	BE-FLA	Mar 02 – Jul 02	Significant/GFK, Heverlee	FLA02	1360
Bulgaria	BG	Sep 01 – Oct 01	ASA and PDP	BG02	1003
Brazil	BR	Nov 03	SENSUS Data World Pesquisa & Consultoria S/C Ltda	BR02	2000
Switzerland	CH	Nov 02 – Mar 03	MIS Trend, Institut pour l'étude des marches et les sondages d'opinion, Lausanne	CH02-de CH02-fr CH02-it	1008
Chile	CL	Dec 02	ICCOM	CL02	1505
Cyprus	CY	Jun 02 – Sep 02	Center of Applied Research, Cyprus College	CY02	1004
Czech Republic	CZ	Sep 02 – Oct 02	SC&C	CZ02	1289
Germany-East	DE-E	Feb 02 – Aug 02	INFAS, Institut für angewandte Sozialwissenschaften	DE02	431
Germany-West	DE-W	Feb 02 – Aug 02	INFAS, Institut für angewandte Sozialwissenschaften	DE02	936
Denmark	DK	Nov 02 – Feb 03	SFI Survey, Copenhagen	DK02	1379
Spain	ES	Jun 03	Centro de Investigaciones Sociológicas (CIS)	ES02	2471
Finland	FI	Oct 02 – Jan 03	Statistics Finland, Helsinki	FI02-fi FI02-se	1353
France	FR	Sep 02 – Dec 02	France-ISSP	FR02	1903

Great Britain	GB-GBN	Jun 02 – Nov 02	National Centre for Social Research	GB02	1960
Northern Ireland	GB-NIR	Oct 02 – Jan 03	Research and Evaluation Services (RES)	NIRL02	987
Hungary	HU	Dec 02	TARKI Social Research Centre Budapest	HU02	1023
Ireland	IE	Dec 01 – Feb 02	The Economic Social Research Institute	IE02	1240
Israel	IL	Apr 02 – Jun 02	B.I. and L. Cohen	IL02	1209
Japan	JP	Nov 02	Central Research Services, Inc.	JP02	1132
Latvia	LV	Dec 03	Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, University of Latvia	LV02-lv LV02-ru	1000
Mexico	MX	Mar 03	Institute of Marketing and Opinion	MX02	1495
Netherlands	NL	Oct 02 – Jan 03	Nipo, Amsterdam	NL02	1249
Norway	NO	Sep 02 – Nov 02	Norwegian Gallup Institute AS	NO02	1475
New Zealand	NZ	Aug 02 – Oct 02	Department of Marketing, Massey University	NZ02	1025
Philippines	PH	Nov 02 – Dec 02	Social Weather Stations, Quezon City	PH02	1200
Poland	PL	Apr 02	Public Opinion Research Centre (CBOS), Warsaw	PL02	1252
Portugal	PT	Feb 03 – Jul 03	Mitovacao-Estudes Psico-sociologicos	PT02	1092
Russia	RU	Feb 02 – Mar 02	VCIOM	RU02	1798
Sweden	SE	Feb 02 – Mar 02	SIFO	SE02	1080
Slovenia	SI	Feb 03 – Mar 03	Public Opinion and Mass Communication Research Centre, Ljubljana	SI02	1093
Slovakia	SK	Sep 02 – Oct 02	The Institute for Public Opinion Research at the Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic	SK02	1133

Taiwan	TW	Jun 02 – Jul 02	Center for Survey Research	TW02	1983
United States	US	Feb 02 – Jun 02	National Opinion Research Center (NORC)	US02	1171
Total sample Size	$\Sigma$	Sep 01 – Feb 04			46638

## 2.7 Mode of data collection

Oral, paper and pencil resp. postal interview with standardised questionnaire

### 3 Corresponding survey material

When dealing with international comparative data, data sets and documentation must be seen as two sides of the same coin. Even though ISSP members make huge efforts to produce comparable data in each country, there still remains a remarkable amount of country specific peculiarities in the contributions to the final, international data set. These country specific peculiarities either have to be harmonised or to be documented, as they provide vital information for secondary analysts. Therefore, a set of procedures has been developed to take care for orderly technical preparation of national data sets and to allow for the systematic collection of required context information.

All corresponding survey materials are provided in English, only the national questionnaires are available in the national language(s) of each country.

#### 3.1 Basic Questionnaire

The ISSP General Assembly concludes the design phase of an ISSP module after intensive discussions on the single items of the Basic Questionnaire roughly a year before the module is fielded. Two third of the module questions have to be replications from previous ISSP modules of the same subject. According to this, one third of the questions in each module are new. Subsequent to the mandatory module questions, some pre-selected optional questions can be added. Finally, ISSP member countries translate the British English Basic Questionnaire to their local language as equivalent as possible.

**Drafting group for the Basic Questionnaire on the Family and Gender Module 2002:**

- Sweden: Stefan Svallfors (Convenor)
- Bangladesh
- Bulgaria
- Germany
- Israel

#### 3.2 Background Variables Standards and Documentation

Apart from the Basic Questionnaire, covering the substantial module variables, countries also have to collect responses on a defined set of ISSP Standard Background Variables, which predominantly contains demographic information. Since the ISSP often runs with larger national surveys, the background variables are mainly taken from these surveys. Thus, demographic issues cannot be asked in a fixed form over all members of the ISSP. They have to meet the demands of the national studies first. As a result, the demographic variables for the ISSP need to be post-harmonised according to a developed set of common standards.

Over the past 30 years, there have been different Background Variable Standards:

The first set of background variables was established in 1985 with the first ISSP survey. Here countries agreed on collecting the same demographic information. This list of variables underwent a revision in 2001, now providing a coding frame for each background variable. It was valid until 2009.

In 2010 a new revision process of the ISSP Background Variables, planned for a three years period, started. Beginning with the ISSP module 2010, this first revised version of the ISSP Background Variable Standard concentrating mainly on variables containing work, occupational and partnership status information came into effect. The second round of revisions, coming into effect in 2011, had its focus on the education variables, while the last change is going to be made on the variable measuring ethnicity, effective with the module 2013. The new standard is documented in some guidelines (different documents indicating the intermediate steps of revision), providing detailed information and instructions on the variables measurement goals, coding frames, filters and possible question texts. Additionally, the question texts are summarised in a Master Questionnaire on

## Background Variables.

Since 2004 countries document the post-harmonisation processes for each variable in a special documentation template provided by the Archive. This template, always adjusted to the current standard, offers detailed country specific information on administration, derivation, and coding of the ISSP Background Variables.

All relevant background variable documents are available under the following link:

<http://www.gesis.org/en/issp/issp-members-area/coding-standards/>

## 3.3 National Study Description

For each country, the original National Study Description is available in the appendix of this Variable Report. The National Study Descriptions are provided by the countries and include information on sample sizes, field dates, modes of data collection, sampling procedures, response rates and weighting processes.

## 3.4 Characteristics of National Population

The appendix of this Variable Report also includes Characteristics of National Populations for all participating countries from 1989 on. These documents provide statistical data on the composition of national populations in terms of gender, age, education and employment rates and, therefore, allow assessing how representative national samples are.

## 3.5 Where to find the survey materials and the data set of the ISSP Module of 2002 – Family and Changing Gender Roles III

In the GESIS Data Catalogue on the GESIS web you find

- the **Basic Questionnaire** of this module together with
- all **country questionnaires** in the respective local languages,
- the **Codebook (Variable Report)** with the **National Study Descriptions** and the **Characteristics of National Populations** in its appendix
- the **Study Monitoring Report** and
- the **integrated data file ZA3880\_v1-1-0** for download

under the tab "Data and Documents" of:

<https://dbk.gesis.org/dbksearch/SDESC2.asp?no=3880>

The GESIS online data portal ZACAT also provides the integrated data file and further ISSP documentation materials for download:

<http://zacat.gesis.org/webview/index.jsp?object=http://zacat.gesis.org/obj/fStudy/ZA3880>

Beyond this, ZACAT enables users to perform basic online analyses like frequency distributions, cross tabulations or regressions.

## 4 Data set structure and standards

ISSP data sets are processed and documented by the Data Archive of GESIS and by ASEP/ JDS every second year in accordance with agreed standards, which may differ in some details. Despite several changes in the background variables, a certain standard has been established in the course of time.

In order to uniquely identify a data set, to each data set version a GESIS Study No., a Version No., and a Digital Object Identifier (doi) is assigned. The doi is linked to the Study Description in the Data Catalogue (<https://dbk.gesis.org/dbksearch/index.asp>). Metadata filled in the Study Description of ISSP 2002 data and associated with a doi are provided to the registration agency for social science data (da|ra).

The doi: 10.4232/1.11564 is assigned to the ISSP 2002 (v1.1.0).

### 4.1 Data set structure

Usually, the ISSP data sets are structured as follows:

#### 1. Archive and Identification Variables

Administrative variables are used for identifying data sets, respondents and countries (GESIS Data Archive Study Number, Version Number, Respondent Number, Country Codes).

The GESIS Archive version variable includes the number of the data set and the respective release date, composed as a string variable with three numbers:

- The major number is incremented when there are changes in the composition of the data set (e.g. additional variables or cases).
- The minor or second number is incremented when significant errors have been fixed (e.g. coding errors, misleading value labels).
- The third or revision number is incremented when minor bugs are fixed (e.g. spelling errors in variable or value labels).

Country codes identify each case as belonging to one country. The country code variable, which was used according to a scheme leaning on international automobile identification codes in the beginning of the ISSP, was replaced by two country code variables based on the ISO Code 3166. One identifies countries as a whole, the other one possible subsamples, such as East and West Germany. The cross tabulations shown in this Variable Report are based on a third, alphanumerical country code variable, which also identifies subsamples.

#### 2. Substantial Variables

The substantial variables contain the mandatory module questions, often supplemented by optional questions.

Variable labels provide keywords based on the question text; these keywords are applied consistently if questions or question items are repeated over time. All substantial variables include the original question number of the Basic Questionnaire in the variable labels.

Generally, all variable names consist of the standard prefix 'V' and the consecutive variable number (beginning with the archive variables).

#### 3. ISSP Background Variables

In the earlier ISSP modules, all variables are numbered consecutively, beginning with the archive variables and followed by substantial and background variables. The last variable of each data set,

usually is the variable on weighting. Later on, the background variables start with V200 et seq.. Nowadays, these variable numbers are expressed by mnemonics with max. 8 characters (SEX, AGE, ...).

#### 4. Country Specific Variables

Variables, which cannot be harmonised for various reasons, are usually presented as country specific variables. As a rule, variable names of country specific variables have country abbreviations as prefixes. In some of the older ISSP studies, the principle of country specific variables is not used. Instead all country specific information is integrated into one variable. This Variable Report provides careful documentation of country specific meanings and deviations.

#### 5. Protocol Variables

There are two protocol variables in the latest ISSP modules. The first, 'MODE', indicates the mode of data collection, while the second, 'SUBSCASE', indicates whether a respondent in the sample is an original case or a replacement for an originally selected respondent who was not available. Former ISSP surveys do not contain the SUBSCASE variable.

#### 6. Weight

There is no weight available for the international comparison on the ISSP across countries. Please note that also country subsamples can be over- respectively underrepresented without any weighting factor correcting for the imbalance. This fact has to be taken into account if these countries in question are analysed as one unit.

##### 4.1.1 Deviating data set structure in ZA3880

In this data set there are two variables for country identification basing on ISO 3166, the former variable V3, now 'COUNTRY', and the new alphanumerical country code variable 'C\_ALPHAN'. 'COUNTRY' provides country codes that due to the enclosure of these codes in the respondents' ID numbers help to uniquely identify respondents. 'C\_ALPHAN' is used for the cross tabulations shown in this Variable Report. Usually, both variables identify subsamples.

As in the earlier ISSP modules, all variables are numbered consecutively, beginning with the archive and the substantial variables, followed by the background (V200 +) as well as the country specific variables, the protocol variable and the variable on weighting in the end. For a high recognition value and to facilitate searching in data portals or data catalogues all variable labels except the labels for the archive and the substantial variables received as a supplement the current mnemonics with max. 8 characters in brackets (SEX, AGE, AT\_DEGR ...).

The variables on respondents' income (V249, RINC) and family income (V250, INC) are not available as country specific variables. However, the exact subjects of the country specific income questions are carefully documented wherever possible.

Furthermore, the note on country specific occupational codes and variables (V241, ISCO88 and V247, SPISCO88) is included in the Appendix as part C, because of its great length.

## 4.2 Data Preparation

On the basis of the Basic Questionnaire covering the substantial variables and the standard core set of background variables the Archive provides a Standard Setup for each individual ISSP module, which defines the variable and value labels for the integrated data file. All country data sets should be processed and prepared to match the structure of the Standard Setup before the material is deposited to the GESIS Data Archive for integration and archiving.



After conducting the national surveys, all collaborators are supposed to deposit their data at the GESIS Data Archive, where all the deposited data sets are prepared, integrated and merged into one single international data set, which is finally published.

During the data preparation process all national data sets are successively controlled for completeness, missing and duplicate records, for wild codes and for formal consistency of response patterns and question routing. Moreover, national derivation processes from source to target codes in the background variables are controlled. Missing values, especially due to filter instructions are checked and recoded where necessary. Errors, which are discovered during these procedures, are corrected or documented in cooperation with primary investigators. Complete machine-readable DDI-XML (see chapter 4.5) compliant documentation is created for all ISSP data sets by GESIS.

## 4.3 Coding frames

By general rule, the variables of the module questions adopt the coding frame as specified in the Basic Questionnaire, except for multiple response questions.

GESIS adds 'Not applicable' (NAP) codes for questions that have filters. NAP indicates that only a subsample and not all of the respondents were asked. Also in the case of country specific variables, all the other countries are coded NAP.

GESIS adds 'Not available' (NAV) for variables which in single countries may not have been conducted for whatever reason.

### 4.3.1 Country specific answer categories

ISSP data include some questions (variables) which have country specific answer categories such as DEGREE, RESPONDENT'S INCOME, FAMILY INCOME, PARTY AFFILIATION, REGION and SIZE OF COMMUNITY. For country specific income variables with answer categories, the data is recoded to midpoints of the categories.

For occupation, official international occupation codes are used. While in the first years of the ISSP many countries used country specific occupation codes, ISCO 1988 has been established as a standard over the years.

### 4.3.2 Missing values

In general, the missing values are standardised across ISSP modules. For all variables a set of missing values is defined:

0: Not applicable (NAP), Not available (NAV)  
7 (97, 997, 9997, ...): Refused  
8 (98,998, 9998, ...): Don't know  
9 (99, 999,9999, ...): No answer

## 4.4 Weighting

Please note, that there is **no total weight usable for international comparison**. While all ISSP data sets contain a weighting variable, the weights in this variable do not incorporate a common weighting scheme that can be applied to all countries of the same ISSP module.

In the Study Description and/ or in the Background Variables Documentation of each country you will find more detailed information on the kind of weights that are used. You can see, whether

- a design weight
- weights to adjust for non-response bias or
- a combination of these both weights above or
- different weighting procedures

are applied. However, some countries dispense with weighting factors. If no weight is provided, the variable "Weight" is coded to 1.0. Otherwise the weighting factor is unequal 1.0 (but greater than 0).

It may be advisable to weight data to increase representativeness in certain cases. For ISSP data we strongly recommend consulting the National Study Descriptions for information on the certain weighting factor composition and maybe even the Characteristics of National Population for more context information. An initial overview of the national weighting procedures is provided in this Variable Report in chapter 6.

#### 4.5 International documentation standard

The variable documentation is set up in accordance with the international metadata specifications for the social sciences, established by the Data Documentation Initiative <DDI>. The Variable Reports are based on the XML representation of DDI version 2. The documentation combines the exact wording and sequence of question components (question text, interviewer instruction, response categories, etc.) from the Basic Questionnaire with the variable description (variable name, values, and labels) of the data set. General remarks and comments referring to a certain variable are defined as variable notes. Notes mostly include additional information on country specific deviations from the ISSP standard, information about data problems or other specific characteristics.

## 5 Explanation of the variable documentation

The variable documentation part of this Variable Report describes each variable in the data file including all relevant information for this variable such as the single question components or further notes and frequency distributions. The variable documentation is set up by means of the GESIS Dataset Documentation Manager (DSDM) and in accordance with international metadata standards (DDI-Codebook/XML).

In general, the following abbreviations are used to indicate countries or (sub-national) areas. As far as applicable, the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country codes have been applied and coded accordingly in the alphanumeric sample identification variable 'C\_ALPHAN'.

AT	Austria	IE	Ireland
AU	Australia	IL	Israel
BE-FLA	Belgium/Flanders	JP	Japan
BG	Bulgaria	LV	Latvia
BR	Brazil	MX	Mexico
CH	Switzerland	NL	Netherlands
CL	Chile	NO	Norway
CY	Cyprus	NZ	New Zealand
CZ	Czech Republic	PH	Philippines
DE-E	Germany-East	PL	Poland
DE-W	Germany-West	PT	Portugal
DK	Denmark	RU	Russia
ES	Spain	SE	Sweden
FI	Finland	SI	Slovenia
FR	France	SK	Slovak Republic
GB-GBN	Great Britain	TW	Taiwan
GB-NIR	Northern Ireland	US	United States
HU	Hungary		

The example explained below shows the information that for a typical substantial variable appears in the variable documentation part of a Variable Report. Results are usually broken down by country or presented as frequency counts in the case of country specific variables. In the case of variables with long lists of coded "real" values (e.g. age) results are not shown.

The complete question and answer texts are taken from the final Basic Questionnaire as provided. All deviations are documented in this Variable Report.

As there is neither an international weighting factor nor a national weighting factor which would be comparable for all participating countries, all frequencies and tables are calculated from **unweighted data**.



## 6 Variable Documentation

(see next page)

**Variable, Label****Question Text (English Language)****V1 - GESIS Data Archive Study Number**

GESIS Data Archive Study number ZA3880 for the ISSP 2002 on 'Family and Changing Gender Roles III'.

Study number of the data set producer and archiving number

3880 GESIS Data Archive Study Number ZA3880

**V1**

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
3880	GESIS Data Archive Study Number		46638	100.0	100.0
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		46638		

**V2 - GESIS Archive Version**

## Version and release date of the Archive Data Set

This variable identifies the GESIS archive version number of this data set and the corresponding release date, recorded as a string.

The version number is composed of a sequence of three numbers. The major number is incremented when there are changes in the composition of the data set (e.g. additional variables or cases), the minor or second number is incremented when significant errors have been fixed (e.g. coding errors, misleading value labels), and the third or revision number is incremented when minor bugs are fixed (e.g. spelling errors in variable or value labels).

## V2

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
1.1.0 (2013-03-04)			46638	100.0	100.0
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		46638		



V3 - Respondent Number

Respondent Identification Number

This number uniquely identifies each respondent. It is composed of two sections containing eight numbers in total. The first two digits are identical with the country codes (01-39) of variable 'COUNTRY'. The digits following behind contain the original identification number.

COUNTRY - Country/ Sample (ISO 3166)

Country/ Sample (ISO 3166)

This variable holds the country codes for the participating countries. Since these country codes are a mere enumeration, the codes/ values themselves do not contain ISO 3166 information. Although the country abbreviations used in the value labels are closely adjusted to ISO 3166. For more information regarding this ISO standard, please see variable C\_ALPHAN.

The country codes are incorporated in variable V3, Respondent Number.

- 1 Australia (AU)
- 2 Germany (West) (DE-W)
- 3 Germany (East) (DE-E)
- 4 Great Britain (GB-GBN)
- 5 Northern Ireland (GB-NIR)
- 6 United States of America (US)
- 7 Austria (AT)
- 8 Hungary (HU)
- 10 Ireland (IE)
- 11 Netherlands (NL)
- 12 Norway (NO)
- 13 Sweden (SE)
- 14 Czech Republic (CZ)
- 15 Slovenia (SI)
- 16 Poland (PL)
- 17 Bulgaria (BG)
- 18 Russia (RU)
- 19 New Zealand (NZ)
- 21 Philippines (PH)
- 22 Israel (IL)
- 24 Japan (JP)
- 25 Spain (ES)
- 26 Latvia (LV)
- 27 Slovak Republic (SK)
- 28 France (FR)
- 29 Cyprus (CY)
- 30 Portugal (PT)
- 31 Republic of Chile (CL)
- 32 Denmark (DK)
- 33 Switzerland (CH)
- 34 Belgium/ Flanders (BE-FLA)
- 35 Brazil (BR)
- 37 Finland (FI)
- 38 Mexico (MX)
- 39 Taiwan (TW)

## COUNTRY

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
1	Australia (AU)		1352	2.9	2.9
2	Germany (West) (DE-W)		936	2.0	2.0
3	Germany (East) (DE-E)		431	0.9	0.9
4	Great Britain (GB-GBN)		1960	4.2	4.2
5	Northern Ireland (GB-NIR)		987	2.1	2.1
6	United States (US)		1171	2.5	2.5
7	Austria (AT)		2047	4.4	4.4
8	Hungary (HU)		1023	2.2	2.2
10	Ireland (IE)		1240	2.7	2.7
11	Netherlands (NL)		1249	2.7	2.7
12	Norway (NO)		1475	3.2	3.2
13	Sweden (SE)		1080	2.3	2.3
14	Czech Republic (CZ)		1289	2.8	2.8
15	Slovenia (SI)		1093	2.3	2.3
16	Poland (PL)		1252	2.7	2.7
17	Bulgaria (BG)		1003	2.2	2.2
18	Russia (RU)		1798	3.9	3.9
19	New Zealand (NZ)		1025	2.2	2.2
21	Philippines (PH)		1200	2.6	2.6
22	Israel (IL)		1209	2.6	2.6
24	Japan (JP)		1132	2.4	2.4
25	Spain (ES)		2471	5.3	5.3
26	Latvia (LV)		1000	2.1	2.1
27	Slovak Republic (SK)		1133	2.4	2.4
28	France (FR)		1903	4.1	4.1
29	Cyprus (CY)		1004	2.2	2.2
30	Portugal (PT)		1092	2.3	2.3
31	Chile (CL)		1505	3.2	3.2
32	Denmark (DK)		1379	3.0	3.0
33	Switzerland (CH)		1008	2.2	2.2
34	Belgium/ Flanders (BE-FLA)		1360	2.9	2.9
35	Brazil (BR)		2000	4.3	4.3
37	Finland (FI)		1353	2.9	2.9
38	Mexico (MX)		1495	3.2	3.2
39	Taiwan (TW)		1983	4.3	4.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		46638		

C\_ALPHAN - Sample Prefix ISO 3166 Code - alphanumeric

ISO 3166 Country/ Sample Prefix

This alphanumeric sample identification variable C\_ALPHAN includes country codes that are based on ISO 3166.

All countries are coded in accordance with the ISO 3166-1-alpha-2 country code, if available. ISO 3166-2 is applied for Great Britain and Northern Ireland. No ISO standard codes are available for the "historical" East/ West subdivision of Germany (DE-E/ DE-W) and for the Flemish subsample of Belgium (BE-FLA), which primarily includes residents from Flanders and in addition Flemish residents from Brussels. Concerning Israel, the variable V306 (IL\_REG) can be used as a flag variable to distinguish between the Jewish and Arabic population.

This variable is used for the cross tabulations shown in the Variable Report.

AT = Austria  
AU = Australia  
BE-FLA = Belgium/ Flanders  
BG = Bulgaria  
BR = Brazil  
CH = Switzerland  
CL = Chile  
CY = Cyprus  
CZ = Czech Republic  
DE-E = Germany-East  
DE-W = Germany-West  
DK = Denmark  
ES = Spain  
FI = Finland  
FR = France  
GB-GBN = Great Britain  
GB-NIR = Northern Ireland  
HU = Hungary  
IE = Ireland  
IL = Israel  
JP = Japan  
LV = Latvia  
MX = Mexico  
NL = Netherlands  
NO = Norway  
NZ = New Zealand  
PH = Philippines  
PL = Poland  
PT = Portugal  
RU = Russia  
SE = Sweden  
SI = Slovenia  
SK = Slovakia

TW = Taiwan

US = United States

## C\_ALPHAN

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
AT			2047	4.4	4.4
AU			1352	2.9	2.9
BE-FLA			1360	2.9	2.9
BG			1003	2.2	2.2
BR			2000	4.3	4.3
CH			1008	2.2	2.2
CL			1505	3.2	3.2
CY			1004	2.2	2.2
CZ			1289	2.8	2.8
DE-E			431	0.9	0.9
DE-W			936	2.0	2.0
DK			1379	3.0	3.0
ES			2471	5.3	5.3
FI			1353	2.9	2.9
FR			1903	4.1	4.1
GB-GBN			1960	4.2	4.2
GB-NIR			987	2.1	2.1
HU			1023	2.2	2.2
IE			1240	2.7	2.7
IL			1209	2.6	2.6
JP			1132	2.4	2.4
LV			1000	2.1	2.1
MX			1495	3.2	3.2
NL			1249	2.7	2.7
NO			1475	3.2	3.2
NZ			1025	2.2	2.2
PH			1200	2.6	2.6
PL			1252	2.7	2.7
PT			1092	2.3	2.3
RU			1798	3.9	3.9
SE			1080	2.3	2.3
SI			1093	2.3	2.3
SK			1133	2.4	2.4
TW			1983	4.3	4.3
US			1171	2.5	2.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		46638		

V4 - Q1a Workg mom: warm relation child ok

Q.1

TO BEGIN, WE HAVE SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT WOMEN.

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.1a A working mother can establish just as warm and secure a relationship with her children as a mother who does not work.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V4 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V4	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M	M			
AT	872 (44.4)	645 (32.8)	133 (6.8)	248 (12.6)	68 (3.5)	81		2047	1966
AU	332 (24.9)	518 (38.8)	149 (11.2)	272 (20.4)	65 (4.9)		16	1352	1336
BE-FLA	226 (17.1)	527 (39.9)	137 (10.4)	351 (26.6)	79 (6.0)	26	14	1360	1320
BG	153 (16.0)	281 (29.4)	132 (13.8)	310 (32.4)	81 (8.5)	38	8	1003	957
BR	940 (48.2)	288 (14.8)	66 (3.4)	197 (10.1)	461 (23.6)	48		2000	1952
CH	247 (25.2)	456 (46.5)	57 (5.8)	186 (19.0)	34 (3.5)	28		1008	980
CL	162 (10.8)	538 (35.9)	95 (6.3)	597 (39.9)	105 (7.0)	6	2	1505	1497
CY	55 (5.6)	751 (76.4)	90 (9.2)	84 (8.5)	3 (0.3)	21		1004	983
CZ	482 (38.6)	433 (34.7)	116 (9.3)	171 (13.7)	46 (3.7)	11	30	1289	1248
DE-E	277 (66.0)	123 (29.3)	4 (1.0)	12 (2.9)	4 (1.0)	8	3	431	420
DE-W	399 (44.2)	322 (35.7)	43 (4.8)	112 (12.4)	27 (3.0)	27	6	936	903
DK	658 (49.8)	410 (31.0)	53 (4.0)	130 (9.8)	71 (5.4)	14	43	1379	1322
ES	435 (18.0)	1097 (45.3)	106 (4.4)	681 (28.1)	104 (4.3)	46	2	2471	2423
FI	288 (22.6)	492 (38.5)	143 (11.2)	281 (22.0)	73 (5.7)	47	29	1353	1277
FR	892 (47.5)	533 (28.4)	116 (6.2)	250 (13.3)	88 (4.7)	9	15	1903	1879
GB-GBN	414 (21.8)	828 (43.6)	198 (10.4)	371 (19.5)	90 (4.7)	36	23	1960	1901
GB-NIR	191 (20.3)	419 (44.6)	100 (10.6)	189 (20.1)	41 (4.4)	42	5	987	940
HU	386 (37.9)	313 (30.7)	133 (13.1)	144 (14.1)	43 (4.2)	3	1	1023	1019
IE	162 (13.7)	567 (47.9)	92 (7.8)	261 (22.1)	101 (8.5)	40	17	1240	1183
IL	315 (26.2)	444 (36.9)	197 (16.4)	206 (17.1)	40 (3.3)	7		1209	1202
JP	627 (57.2)	198 (18.0)	130 (11.9)	57 (5.2)	85 (7.7)	35		1132	1097
LV	191 (19.4)	441 (44.9)	112 (11.4)	199 (20.2)	40 (4.1)	17		1000	983
MX	336 (22.7)	486 (32.9)	94 (6.4)	460 (31.1)	103 (7.0)	6	10	1495	1479
NL	240 (19.8)	590 (48.6)	165 (13.6)	185 (15.2)	34 (2.8)	29	6	1249	1214
NO	271 (19.0)	619 (43.4)	193 (13.5)	290 (20.3)	53 (3.7)	27	22	1475	1426
NZ	140 (13.9)	438 (43.4)	131 (13.0)	238 (23.6)	63 (6.2)	11	4	1025	1010
PH	258 (21.7)	537 (45.1)	168 (14.1)	199 (16.7)	28 (2.4)	10		1200	1190
PL	242 (20.0)	487 (40.3)	98 (8.1)	320 (26.5)	60 (5.0)	42	3	1252	1207
PT	213 (19.6)	408 (37.5)	44 (4.0)	317 (29.2)	105 (9.7)	4	1	1092	1087
RU	464 (26.3)	712 (40.3)	197 (11.2)	336 (19.0)	56 (3.2)	26	7	1798	1765
SE	256 (24.2)	504 (47.6)	139 (13.1)	126 (11.9)	34 (3.2)	14	7	1080	1059
SI	263 (24.3)	503 (46.4)	107 (9.9)	180 (16.6)	31 (2.9)	8	1	1093	1084
SK	530 (47.5)	252 (22.6)	155 (13.9)	129 (11.6)	49 (4.4)	18		1133	1115
TW	256 (13.5)	1306 (68.7)	124 (6.5)	206 (10.8)	9 (0.5)	80	2	1983	1901
US	468 (40.4)	383 (33.0)	124 (10.7)		184 (15.9)	11	1	1171	1159
N Sum	12641	17849	4141	8295	2558	876	278	46638	
N Valid Sum	12641	17849	4141	8295	2558				45484

V5 - Q1b Workg mom: pre school child suffers

Q.1

TO BEGIN, WE HAVE SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT WOMEN.

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.1b A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mother works.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.



V5 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V5	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	568 (29.2)	689 (35.4)	289 (14.9)	271 (13.9)	129 (6.6)	101		2047	1946
AU	82 (6.2)	451 (34.0)	278 (21.0)	376 (28.4)	139 (10.5)	5	21	1352	1326
BE-FLA	92 (7.1)	437 (33.7)	286 (22.1)	408 (31.5)	73 (5.6)	47	17	1360	1296
BG	197 (21.5)	417 (45.5)	145 (15.8)	127 (13.9)	30 (3.3)	78	9	1003	916
BR	1537 (78.8)	203 (10.4)	29 (1.5)	50 (2.6)	132 (6.8)	49		2000	1951
CH	106 (11.2)	452 (47.7)	120 (12.7)	216 (22.8)	53 (5.6)	61		1008	947
CL	337 (22.5)	918 (61.2)	91 (6.1)	136 (9.1)	17 (1.1)	5	1	1505	1499
CY	2 (0.2)	216 (22.5)	275 (28.6)	451 (46.9)	17 (1.8)	43		1004	961
CZ	198 (15.8)	404 (32.3)	197 (15.7)	328 (26.2)	125 (10.0)	12	25	1289	1252
DE-E	34 (8.6)	95 (24.1)	45 (11.4)	137 (34.7)	84 (21.3)	32	4	431	395
DE-W	130 (14.7)	364 (41.1)	125 (14.1)	187 (21.1)	80 (9.0)	43	7	936	886
DK	119 (9.2)	302 (23.2)	150 (11.5)	252 (19.4)	476 (36.6)	32	48	1379	1299
ES	142 (5.9)	1111 (46.3)	265 (11.0)	748 (31.2)	135 (5.6)	61	9	2471	2401
FI	127 (10.0)	336 (26.6)	197 (15.6)	458 (36.2)	146 (11.6)	54	35	1353	1264
FR	277 (14.8)	516 (27.6)	300 (16.1)	373 (20.0)	402 (21.5)	17	18	1903	1868
GB-GBN	117 (6.2)	610 (32.2)	355 (18.7)	645 (34.0)	169 (8.9)	37	27	1960	1896
GB-NIR	86 (9.1)	267 (28.3)	161 (17.1)	350 (37.1)	79 (8.4)	40	4	987	943
HU	337 (33.4)	330 (32.7)	162 (16.1)	154 (15.3)	26 (2.6)	11	3	1023	1009
IE	51 (4.3)	367 (31.2)	147 (12.5)	466 (39.7)	144 (12.3)	41	24	1240	1175
IL	126 (10.6)	397 (33.3)	290 (24.3)	300 (25.1)	80 (6.7)	16		1209	1193
JP	147 (13.6)	186 (17.2)	251 (23.3)	120 (11.1)	375 (34.8)	51	2	1132	1079
LV	117 (12.0)	487 (50.1)	167 (17.2)	185 (19.0)	16 (1.6)	28		1000	972
MX	487 (32.8)	640 (43.1)	101 (6.8)	217 (14.6)	40 (2.7)	3	7	1495	1485
NL	95 (7.8)	389 (32.0)	300 (24.7)	339 (27.9)	91 (7.5)	28	7	1249	1214
NO	50 (3.5)	303 (21.4)	277 (19.6)	538 (38.0)	248 (17.5)	32	27	1475	1416
NZ	102 (10.1)	367 (36.3)	192 (19.0)	284 (28.1)	67 (6.6)	10	3	1025	1012
PH	179 (15.0)	504 (42.3)	155 (13.0)	302 (25.3)	52 (4.4)	8		1200	1192
PL	170 (14.0)	518 (42.8)	138 (11.4)	329 (27.2)	56 (4.6)	36	5	1252	1211
PT	228 (21.0)	618 (56.9)	88 (8.1)	123 (11.3)	29 (2.7)	4	2	1092	1086
RU	343 (19.5)	795 (45.3)	272 (15.5)	308 (17.5)	37 (2.1)	35	8	1798	1755
SE	45 (4.3)	201 (19.4)	230 (22.2)	314 (30.3)	248 (23.9)	33	9	1080	1038
SI	94 (8.7)	406 (37.6)	214 (19.8)	302 (28.0)	63 (5.8)	9	5	1093	1079
SK	192 (17.2)	377 (33.8)	194 (17.4)	221 (19.8)	131 (11.7)	18		1133	1115
TW	60 (3.3)	840 (46.6)	222 (12.3)	655 (36.4)	24 (1.3)	179	3	1983	1801
US	137 (11.9)	305 (26.5)	285 (24.8)		423 (36.8)	20	1	1171	1150
N Sum	7111	15818	6993	10670	4436	1279	331	46638	
N Valid Sum	7111	15818	6993	10670	4436				45028

V6 - Q1c Workg woman: family life suffers

Q.1

TO BEGIN, WE HAVE SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT WOMEN.

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.1c All in all, family life suffers when the woman has a full-time job.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V6 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V6	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
						M	M		
AT	565 (28.9)	659 (33.7)	283 (14.5)	299 (15.3)	149 (7.6)	92		2047	1955
AU	131 (9.9)	446 (33.8)	230 (17.4)	385 (29.1)	129 (9.8)	1	30	1352	1321
BE-FLA	125 (9.6)	444 (34.0)	262 (20.1)	403 (30.9)	72 (5.5)	38	16	1360	1306
BG	135 (14.1)	354 (37.1)	204 (21.4)	219 (22.9)	43 (4.5)	41	7	1003	955
BR	1122 (58.0)	293 (15.1)	90 (4.6)	144 (7.4)	287 (14.8)	64		2000	1936
CH	143 (15.0)	439 (45.9)	133 (13.9)	189 (19.8)	52 (5.4)	52		1008	956
CL	329 (22.0)	895 (59.9)	115 (7.7)	138 (9.2)	16 (1.1)	8	4	1505	1493
CY	2 (0.2)	210 (21.7)	250 (25.9)	486 (50.3)	18 (1.9)	38		1004	966
CZ	202 (16.2)	357 (28.7)	224 (18.0)	298 (23.9)	165 (13.2)	13	30	1289	1246
DE-E	34 (8.4)	80 (19.8)	45 (11.1)	146 (36.1)	99 (24.5)	23	4	431	404
DE-W	126 (14.1)	302 (33.7)	135 (15.1)	223 (24.9)	110 (12.3)	33	7	936	896
DK	141 (10.9)	236 (18.2)	106 (8.2)	223 (17.2)	591 (45.6)	16	66	1379	1297
ES	189 (7.8)	1142 (47.4)	273 (11.3)	698 (29.0)	106 (4.4)	54	9	2471	2408
FI	74 (5.8)	202 (15.9)	212 (16.7)	498 (39.2)	285 (22.4)	43	39	1353	1271
FR	306 (16.4)	524 (28.1)	318 (17.1)	308 (16.5)	408 (21.9)	18	21	1903	1864
GB-GBN	142 (7.5)	557 (29.4)	368 (19.4)	636 (33.6)	192 (10.1)	37	28	1960	1895
GB-NIR	101 (10.7)	279 (29.5)	152 (16.1)	324 (34.2)	90 (9.5)	31	10	987	946
HU	240 (24.0)	300 (29.9)	219 (21.9)	178 (17.8)	65 (6.5)	14	7	1023	1002
IE	71 (6.0)	380 (32.3)	158 (13.4)	428 (36.4)	139 (11.8)	42	22	1240	1176
IL	159 (13.3)	334 (27.8)	288 (24.0)	320 (26.7)	99 (8.3)	8	1	1209	1200
JP	144 (13.2)	223 (20.4)	241 (22.0)	119 (10.9)	367 (33.5)	36	2	1132	1094
LV	117 (11.8)	432 (43.5)	198 (20.0)	203 (20.5)	42 (4.2)	8		1000	992
MX	469 (31.7)	644 (43.5)	109 (7.4)	210 (14.2)	49 (3.3)	7	7	1495	1481
NL	103 (8.5)	424 (35.0)	276 (22.8)	312 (25.7)	98 (8.1)	29	7	1249	1213
NO	66 (4.7)	338 (23.8)	293 (20.7)	487 (34.3)	234 (16.5)	29	28	1475	1418
NZ	99 (9.8)	342 (33.8)	170 (16.8)	316 (31.2)	85 (8.4)	8	5	1025	1012
PH	126 (10.6)	383 (32.1)	189 (15.8)	416 (34.8)	80 (6.7)	6		1200	1194
PL	114 (9.6)	388 (32.6)	219 (18.4)	408 (34.3)	62 (5.2)	54	7	1252	1191
PT	198 (18.2)	498 (45.9)	124 (11.4)	203 (18.7)	63 (5.8)		6	1092	1086
RU	373 (21.2)	732 (41.6)	278 (15.8)	326 (18.5)	50 (2.8)	30	9	1798	1759
SE	48 (4.6)	219 (21.0)	209 (20.0)	269 (25.8)	299 (28.6)	22	14	1080	1044
SI	129 (12.0)	446 (41.5)	190 (17.7)	258 (24.0)	51 (4.7)	11	8	1093	1074
SK	274 (24.4)	325 (29.0)	223 (19.9)	167 (14.9)	133 (11.9)	11		1133	1122
TW	27 (1.5)	379 (21.1)	206 (11.5)	1102 (61.5)	79 (4.4)	188	2	1983	1793
US	158 (13.7)	299 (25.9)	263 (22.8)		434 (37.6)	15	2	1171	1154
N Sum	6782	14505	7253	11339	5241	1120	398	46638	
N Valid Sum	6782	14505	7253	11339	5241				45120

V7 - Q1d What women really want is home & kids

Q.1

TO BEGIN, WE HAVE SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT WOMEN.

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.1d A job is all right, but what most women really want is a home and children.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V7 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V7	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
						M	M		
AT	170 (9.3)	325 (17.7)	369 (20.2)	580 (31.7)	387 (21.1)	216		2047	1831
AU	74 (5.6)	302 (22.8)	465 (35.1)	332 (25.1)	150 (11.3)	4	25	1352	1323
BE-FLA	102 (8.1)	452 (35.7)	299 (23.6)	342 (27.0)	72 (5.7)	78	15	1360	1267
BG	166 (18.1)	388 (42.4)	197 (21.5)	141 (15.4)	23 (2.5)	78	10	1003	915
BR	1062 (55.0)	272 (14.1)	120 (6.2)	160 (8.3)	316 (16.4)	70		2000	1930
CH	36 (4.0)	230 (25.3)	206 (22.6)	328 (36.0)	110 (12.1)	98		1008	910
CL	203 (13.6)	839 (56.3)	212 (14.2)	214 (14.4)	23 (1.5)	11	3	1505	1491
CY	4 (0.4)	438 (47.7)	228 (24.8)	219 (23.8)	30 (3.3)	85		1004	919
CZ	326 (26.3)	418 (33.7)	293 (23.6)	156 (12.6)	46 (3.7)	17	33	1289	1239
DE-E	19 (4.8)	52 (13.1)	38 (9.6)	149 (37.6)	138 (34.8)	28	7	431	396
DE-W	63 (7.3)	147 (17.0)	115 (13.3)	326 (37.7)	214 (24.7)	62	9	936	865
DK	121 (9.7)	222 (17.7)	224 (17.9)	242 (19.3)	444 (35.4)	78	48	1379	1253
ES	102 (4.3)	882 (37.6)	333 (14.2)	800 (34.1)	230 (9.8)	102	22	2471	2347
FI	116 (9.7)	498 (41.7)	257 (21.5)	226 (18.9)	96 (8.0)	115	45	1353	1193
FR	274 (15.0)	517 (28.4)	373 (20.5)	329 (18.1)	329 (18.1)	52	29	1903	1822
GB-GBN	71 (3.8)	413 (22.2)	493 (26.5)	631 (33.9)	252 (13.5)	64	36	1960	1860
GB-NIR	84 (9.0)	293 (31.4)	204 (21.9)	268 (28.8)	83 (8.9)	48	7	987	932
HU	285 (28.6)	330 (33.1)	256 (25.7)	102 (10.2)	24 (2.4)	24	2	1023	997
IE	52 (4.5)	409 (35.4)	180 (15.6)	383 (33.2)	130 (11.3)	64	22	1240	1154
IL	183 (15.6)	309 (26.3)	258 (22.0)	291 (24.8)	134 (11.4)	33	1	1209	1175
JP	309 (29.4)	164 (15.6)	248 (23.6)	104 (9.9)	226 (21.5)	80	1	1132	1051
LV	88 (9.2)	343 (35.9)	283 (29.6)	209 (21.9)	33 (3.5)	44		1000	956
MX	366 (24.9)	534 (36.3)	170 (11.6)	326 (22.2)	75 (5.1)	14	10	1495	1471
NL	40 (3.4)	298 (25.6)	364 (31.3)	335 (28.8)	125 (10.8)	78	9	1249	1162
NO	48 (3.5)	243 (17.8)	321 (23.5)	512 (37.4)	244 (17.8)	81	26	1475	1368
NZ	44 (4.5)	198 (20.0)	245 (24.8)	343 (34.7)	158 (16.0)	32	5	1025	988
PH	241 (20.2)	574 (48.1)	182 (15.3)	167 (14.0)	29 (2.4)	7		1200	1193
PL	117 (10.4)	456 (40.6)	216 (19.2)	300 (26.7)	34 (3.0)	122	7	1252	1123
PT	174 (16.0)	456 (42.0)	161 (14.8)	222 (20.5)	72 (6.6)	3	4	1092	1085
RU	268 (15.6)	615 (35.8)	365 (21.3)	406 (23.6)	63 (3.7)	72	9	1798	1717
SE	55 (5.6)	198 (20.1)	288 (29.3)	239 (24.3)	204 (20.7)	85	11	1080	984
SI	172 (16.0)	463 (43.2)	190 (17.7)	199 (18.6)	48 (4.5)	18	3	1093	1072
SK	427 (38.6)	331 (29.9)	239 (21.6)	70 (6.3)	39 (3.5)	27		1133	1106
TW	185 (10.0)	1269 (68.4)	204 (11.0)	188 (10.1)	9 (0.5)	126	2	1983	1855
US	143 (12.6)	307 (27.0)	335 (29.4)		354 (31.1)	29	3	1171	1139
N Sum	6190	14185	8931	9839	4944	2145	404	46638	
N Valid Sum	6190	14185	8931	9839	4944				44089

V8 - Q1e Household satisfies as much as paid job

Q.1

TO BEGIN, WE HAVE SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT WOMEN.

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.1e Being a housewife is just as fulfilling as working for pay.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V8 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V8	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	294 (16.1)	411 (22.4)	338 (18.5)	465 (25.4)	323 (17.6)	216		2047	1831
AU	191 (14.5)	437 (33.2)	350 (26.6)	261 (19.8)	79 (6.0)	6	28	1352	1318
BE-FLA	235 (18.1)	450 (34.7)	233 (18.0)	314 (24.2)	63 (4.9)	49	16	1360	1295
BG	135 (14.5)	345 (37.2)	188 (20.3)	222 (23.9)	38 (4.1)	67	8	1003	928
BR	949 (50.1)	253 (13.4)	137 (7.2)	175 (9.2)	379 (20.0)	107		2000	1893
CH	91 (9.9)	397 (43.2)	163 (17.7)	227 (24.7)	42 (4.6)	88		1008	920
CL	153 (10.3)	670 (44.9)	216 (14.5)	382 (25.6)	71 (4.8)	11	2	1505	1492
CY	3 (0.4)	172 (20.4)	251 (29.8)	373 (44.3)	43 (5.1)	162		1004	842
CZ	145 (12.0)	269 (22.2)	302 (24.9)	336 (27.7)	159 (13.1)	51	27	1289	1211
DE-E	36 (9.4)	67 (17.4)	40 (10.4)	127 (33.1)	114 (29.7)	40	7	431	384
DE-W	114 (13.2)	237 (27.5)	109 (12.6)	251 (29.1)	151 (17.5)	65	9	936	862
DK	244 (20.0)	248 (20.3)	214 (17.6)	234 (19.2)	279 (22.9)	111	49	1379	1219
ES	144 (6.1)	847 (35.9)	272 (11.5)	840 (35.6)	254 (10.8)	100	14	2471	2357
FI	127 (10.9)	350 (30.0)	287 (24.6)	310 (26.6)	92 (7.9)	149	38	1353	1166
FR	266 (14.6)	364 (20.0)	427 (23.5)	424 (23.3)	339 (18.6)	58	25	1903	1820
GB-GBN	165 (8.8)	721 (38.6)	433 (23.2)	439 (23.5)	111 (5.9)	57	34	1960	1869
GB-NIR	105 (11.4)	338 (36.8)	176 (19.2)	234 (25.5)	65 (7.1)	59	10	987	918
HU	226 (22.6)	304 (30.4)	264 (26.4)	150 (15.0)	55 (5.5)	24		1023	999
IE	80 (7.0)	489 (42.9)	189 (16.6)	275 (24.1)	106 (9.3)	74	27	1240	1139
IL	81 (6.9)	198 (16.9)	255 (21.7)	431 (36.7)	208 (17.7)	34	2	1209	1173
JP	470 (45.2)	250 (24.1)	193 (18.6)	70 (6.7)	56 (5.4)	90	3	1132	1039
LV	60 (6.6)	262 (28.7)	236 (25.9)	288 (31.6)	66 (7.2)	88		1000	912
MX	285 (19.5)	479 (32.8)	161 (11.0)	445 (30.5)	90 (6.2)	20	15	1495	1460
NL	62 (5.5)	232 (20.7)	339 (30.3)	386 (34.5)	100 (8.9)	122	8	1249	1119
NO	55 (4.0)	282 (20.6)	347 (25.3)	494 (36.1)	191 (14.0)	75	31	1475	1369
NZ	114 (11.6)	330 (33.6)	249 (25.4)	231 (23.5)	58 (5.9)	40	3	1025	982
PH	202 (16.9)	643 (53.9)	197 (16.5)	129 (10.8)	23 (1.9)	6		1200	1194
PL	107 (9.3)	505 (43.7)	223 (19.3)	279 (24.2)	41 (3.5)	89	8	1252	1155
PT	126 (11.7)	383 (35.7)	130 (12.1)	322 (30.0)	113 (10.5)	12	6	1092	1074
RU	190 (11.3)	503 (29.9)	432 (25.7)	470 (28.0)	85 (5.1)	106	12	1798	1680
SE	62 (6.5)	239 (24.9)	316 (33.0)	231 (24.1)	111 (11.6)	110	11	1080	959
SI	91 (8.6)	347 (32.9)	238 (22.5)	319 (30.2)	61 (5.8)	27	10	1093	1056
SK	262 (24.0)	201 (18.4)	262 (24.0)	235 (21.5)	133 (12.2)	40		1133	1093
TW	145 (7.8)	1367 (73.1)	199 (10.6)	145 (7.8)	14 (0.7)	110	3	1983	1870
US	326 (29.1)	378 (33.7)	235 (20.9)		183 (16.3)	45	4	1171	1122
N Sum	6341	13968	8601	10514	4296	2508	410	46638	
N Valid Sum	6341	13968	8601	10514	4296				43720

V9 - Q1f Work is best for women's independence

Q.1

TO BEGIN, WE HAVE SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT WOMEN.

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.1f Having a job is the best way for a woman to be an independent person.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.



V9 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V9	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
							M	M		
AT	806 (41.4)	791 (40.7)	216 (11.1)	100 (5.1)	32 (1.6)	102			2047	1945
AU	98 (7.4)	483 (36.3)	321 (24.1)	337 (25.3)	92 (6.9)	5	16		1352	1331
BE-FLA	184 (14.3)	638 (49.5)	230 (17.8)	212 (16.4)	25 (1.9)	48	23		1360	1289
BG	313 (33.8)	394 (42.6)	136 (14.7)	64 (6.9)	18 (1.9)	69	9		1003	925
BR	1492 (76.7)	231 (11.9)	50 (2.6)	66 (3.4)	105 (5.4)	56			2000	1944
CH	241 (24.9)	507 (52.5)	108 (11.2)	95 (9.8)	15 (1.6)	42			1008	966
CL	298 (20.0)	881 (59.2)	146 (9.8)	150 (10.1)	12 (0.8)	15	3		1505	1487
CY	69 (7.0)	716 (72.2)	100 (10.1)	105 (10.6)	2 (0.2)	12			1004	992
CZ	339 (27.4)	438 (35.4)	267 (21.6)	153 (12.4)	39 (3.2)	28	25		1289	1236
DE-E	167 (40.2)	181 (43.6)	36 (8.7)	20 (4.8)	11 (2.7)	12	4		431	415
DE-W	271 (30.3)	424 (47.4)	99 (11.1)	82 (9.2)	19 (2.1)	33	8		936	895
DK	733 (56.6)	306 (23.6)	104 (8.0)	66 (5.1)	85 (6.6)	39	46		1379	1294
ES	567 (23.5)	1371 (56.9)	172 (7.1)	271 (11.3)	27 (1.1)	57	6		2471	2408
FI	169 (14.0)	405 (33.6)	275 (22.8)	278 (23.1)	78 (6.5)	109	39		1353	1205
FR	929 (50.0)	570 (30.7)	191 (10.3)	99 (5.3)	68 (3.7)	22	24		1903	1857
GB-GBN	208 (11.0)	836 (44.3)	412 (21.8)	383 (20.3)	47 (2.5)	42	32		1960	1886
GB-NIR	162 (17.4)	449 (48.3)	159 (17.1)	128 (13.8)	32 (3.4)	49	8		987	930
HU	184 (18.6)	271 (27.3)	239 (24.1)	223 (22.5)	74 (7.5)	27	5		1023	991
IE	110 (9.4)	600 (51.4)	161 (13.8)	240 (20.5)	57 (4.9)	48	24		1240	1168
IL	280 (23.5)	438 (36.8)	210 (17.6)	219 (18.4)	44 (3.7)	18			1209	1191
JP	356 (33.1)	194 (18.0)	271 (25.2)	75 (7.0)	179 (16.7)	55	2		1132	1075
LV	229 (24.1)	420 (44.3)	151 (15.9)	132 (13.9)	17 (1.8)	51			1000	949
MX	500 (33.9)	599 (40.6)	114 (7.7)	229 (15.5)	32 (2.2)	14	7		1495	1474
NL	118 (9.9)	559 (46.9)	302 (25.3)	185 (15.5)	29 (2.4)	49	7		1249	1193
NO	127 (9.0)	518 (36.7)	311 (22.0)	351 (24.8)	106 (7.5)	38	24		1475	1413
NZ	77 (7.6)	358 (35.5)	196 (19.4)	300 (29.7)	78 (7.7)	12	4		1025	1009
PH	202 (16.9)	579 (48.5)	206 (17.3)	189 (15.8)	17 (1.4)	7			1200	1193
PL	263 (22.5)	641 (54.8)	145 (12.4)	98 (8.4)	22 (1.9)	77	6		1252	1169
PT	355 (32.8)	481 (44.4)	108 (10.0)	116 (10.7)	23 (2.1)	7	2		1092	1083
RU	505 (29.5)	767 (44.9)	272 (15.9)	143 (8.4)	23 (1.3)	76	12		1798	1710
SE	172 (16.9)	465 (45.6)	254 (24.9)	82 (8.0)	47 (4.6)	49	11		1080	1020
SI	248 (23.3)	506 (47.5)	167 (15.7)	124 (11.6)	21 (2.0)	20	7		1093	1066
SK	333 (30.4)	316 (28.9)	257 (23.5)	130 (11.9)	59 (5.4)	38			1133	1095
TW	252 (14.0)	1131 (63.0)	170 (9.5)	222 (12.4)	20 (1.1)	186	2		1983	1795
US	257 (22.3)	351 (30.4)	291 (25.2)		254 (22.0)	17	1		1171	1153
N Sum	11614	18815	6847	5667	1809	1529	357		46638	
N Valid Sum	11614	18815	6847	5667	1809					44752

V10 - Q2a Both should contribute to hh income

Q.2

And to what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.2a Both the man and woman should contribute to the household income.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V10 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V10	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M M								
AT	746 (38.1)	861 (44.0)	229 (11.7)	105 (5.4)	16 (0.8)	90		2047	1957
AU	191 (14.3)	405 (30.3)	462 (34.6)	239 (17.9)	38 (2.8)	2	15	1352	1335
BE-FLA	204 (15.8)	542 (42.0)	319 (24.7)	207 (16.0)	20 (1.5)	45	23	1360	1292
BG	411 (42.3)	441 (45.4)	89 (9.2)	27 (2.8)	3 (0.3)	21	11	1003	971
BR	1685 (85.2)	154 (7.8)	30 (1.5)	25 (1.3)	83 (4.2)	23		2000	1977
CH	140 (14.7)	508 (53.4)	184 (19.3)	113 (11.9)	7 (0.7)	56		1008	952
CL	400 (26.7)	860 (57.4)	112 (7.5)	117 (7.8)	9 (0.6)	6	1	1505	1498
CY	105 (10.6)	787 (79.3)	75 (7.6)	25 (2.5)		12		1004	992
CZ	754 (60.8)	348 (28.0)	82 (6.6)	47 (3.8)	10 (0.8)	6	42	1289	1241
DE-E	197 (46.8)	187 (44.4)	18 (4.3)	19 (4.5)		6	4	431	421
DE-W	208 (23.3)	382 (42.8)	133 (14.9)	148 (16.6)	22 (2.5)	36	7	936	893
DK	704 (52.3)	335 (24.9)	173 (12.9)	89 (6.6)	44 (3.3)	11	23	1379	1345
ES	622 (25.6)	1515 (62.3)	170 (7.0)	113 (4.6)	11 (0.5)	36	4	2471	2431
FI	296 (22.7)	593 (45.5)	239 (18.3)	155 (11.9)	20 (1.5)	28	22	1353	1303
FR	908 (48.5)	480 (25.6)	342 (18.3)	94 (5.0)	48 (2.6)	17	14	1903	1872
GB-GBN	389 (20.5)	767 (40.4)	480 (25.3)	237 (12.5)	25 (1.3)	38	24	1960	1898
GB-NIR	252 (26.5)	432 (45.5)	150 (15.8)	108 (11.4)	8 (0.8)	29	8	987	950
HU	453 (44.8)	360 (35.6)	149 (14.7)	44 (4.3)	6 (0.6)	6	5	1023	1012
IE	162 (13.7)	677 (57.4)	178 (15.1)	142 (12.0)	21 (1.8)	35	25	1240	1180
IL	579 (48.0)	388 (32.2)	152 (12.6)	80 (6.6)	7 (0.6)	3		1209	1206
JP	336 (30.4)	204 (18.5)	283 (25.6)	92 (8.3)	189 (17.1)	28		1132	1104
LV	262 (26.3)	551 (55.4)	109 (11.0)	69 (6.9)	4 (0.4)	5		1000	995
MX	655 (44.2)	640 (43.2)	70 (4.7)	94 (6.3)	22 (1.5)	6	8	1495	1481
NL	123 (10.0)	370 (30.1)	421 (34.3)	283 (23.0)	32 (2.6)	13	7	1249	1229
NO	262 (18.0)	788 (54.2)	280 (19.3)	115 (7.9)	8 (0.6)	9	13	1475	1453
NZ	110 (10.9)	346 (34.2)	309 (30.6)	223 (22.1)	23 (2.3)	9	5	1025	1011
PH	532 (44.4)	559 (46.6)	67 (5.6)	35 (2.9)	6 (0.5)	1		1200	1199
PL	261 (21.4)	642 (52.7)	164 (13.5)	136 (11.2)	16 (1.3)	28	5	1252	1219
PT	547 (50.3)	478 (44.0)	39 (3.6)	20 (1.8)	3 (0.3)	2	3	1092	1087
RU	572 (32.3)	810 (45.7)	220 (12.4)	154 (8.7)	17 (1.0)	19	6	1798	1773
SE	377 (35.4)	517 (48.5)	141 (13.2)	26 (2.4)	5 (0.5)	9	5	1080	1066
SI	488 (44.9)	492 (45.2)	58 (5.3)	40 (3.7)	10 (0.9)	3	2	1093	1088
SK	731 (64.7)	204 (18.1)	128 (11.3)	47 (4.2)	20 (1.8)	3		1133	1130
TW	293 (15.9)	1295 (70.3)	131 (7.1)	112 (6.1)	12 (0.7)	139	1	1983	1843
US	341 (29.8)	327 (28.5)	369 (32.2)		109 (9.5)	23	2	1171	1146
N Sum	15296	19245	6555	3580	874	803	285	46638	
N Valid Sum	15296	19245	6555	3580	874				45550

V11 - Q2b Men's job is work,women's job household

Q.2

And to what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.2b A man's job is to earn money; a woman's job is to look after the home and family.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V11 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V11	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	193 (9.9)	383 (19.6)	480 (24.6)	527 (27.0)	370 (18.9)	94		2047	1953
AU	61 (4.6)	226 (17.0)	292 (22.0)	430 (32.4)	318 (24.0)	2	23	1352	1327
BE-FLA	106 (8.0)	220 (16.6)	228 (17.2)	527 (39.8)	242 (18.3)	23	14	1360	1323
BG	141 (14.5)	291 (29.9)	260 (26.7)	227 (23.3)	55 (5.6)	19	10	1003	974
BR	744 (37.7)	216 (10.9)	122 (6.2)	188 (9.5)	703 (35.6)	27		2000	1973
CH	40 (4.1)	187 (18.9)	178 (18.0)	383 (38.8)	199 (20.2)	21		1008	987
CL	165 (11.0)	501 (33.4)	238 (15.9)	447 (29.8)	149 (9.9)	3	2	1505	1500
CY	3 (0.3)	249 (26.8)	233 (25.1)	394 (42.5)	49 (5.3)	76		1004	928
CZ	227 (18.1)	364 (29.0)	290 (23.1)	246 (19.6)	129 (10.3)	7	26	1289	1256
DE-E	16 (3.8)	45 (10.8)	44 (10.6)	171 (41.1)	140 (33.7)	10	5	431	416
DE-W	70 (7.8)	140 (15.5)	141 (15.6)	329 (36.4)	223 (24.7)	22	11	936	903
DK	61 (4.5)	121 (9.0)	129 (9.6)	154 (11.5)	877 (65.4)	11	26	1379	1342
ES	111 (4.6)	490 (20.1)	217 (8.9)	1034 (42.5)	583 (23.9)	26	10	2471	2435
FI	33 (2.5)	120 (9.2)	267 (20.5)	593 (45.5)	290 (22.3)	22	28	1353	1303
FR	128 (6.8)	208 (11.1)	248 (13.2)	335 (17.8)	960 (51.1)	8	16	1903	1879
GB-GBN	86 (4.5)	293 (15.3)	351 (18.3)	829 (43.2)	358 (18.7)	19	24	1960	1917
GB-NIR	73 (7.6)	186 (19.5)	149 (15.6)	379 (39.7)	168 (17.6)	26	6	987	955
HU	179 (17.6)	219 (21.6)	311 (30.6)	211 (20.8)	95 (9.4)	5	3	1023	1015
IE	30 (2.5)	190 (16.0)	163 (13.8)	490 (41.4)	312 (26.3)	34	21	1240	1185
IL	110 (9.2)	213 (17.7)	168 (14.0)	395 (32.9)	316 (26.3)	5	2	1209	1202
JP	164 (14.7)	181 (16.2)	230 (20.6)	129 (11.5)	413 (37.0)	15		1132	1117
LV	182 (18.3)	298 (30.0)	264 (26.6)	224 (22.5)	26 (2.6)	6		1000	994
MX	294 (19.9)	440 (29.8)	159 (10.8)	466 (31.6)	116 (7.9)	7	13	1495	1475
NL	29 (2.4)	123 (10.0)	249 (20.2)	527 (42.8)	304 (24.7)	11	6	1249	1232
NO	31 (2.1)	106 (7.3)	191 (13.2)	620 (42.8)	500 (34.5)	11	16	1475	1448
NZ	49 (4.8)	152 (15.0)	180 (17.7)	416 (41.0)	218 (21.5)	8	2	1025	1015
PH	351 (29.3)	508 (42.5)	162 (13.5)	152 (12.7)	23 (1.9)	4		1200	1196
PL	215 (17.6)	343 (28.1)	235 (19.2)	381 (31.2)	47 (3.8)	27	4	1252	1221
PT	84 (7.8)	247 (22.8)	119 (11.0)	385 (35.6)	247 (22.8)	3	7	1092	1082
RU	402 (22.7)	633 (35.7)	398 (22.5)	301 (17.0)	38 (2.1)	19	7	1798	1772
SE	16 (1.5)	65 (6.1)	156 (14.7)	330 (31.2)	492 (46.5)	12	9	1080	1059
SI	93 (8.7)	222 (20.7)	178 (16.6)	396 (36.9)	184 (17.1)	7	13	1093	1073
SK	257 (22.7)	300 (26.5)	285 (25.2)	162 (14.3)	127 (11.2)		2	1133	1131
TW	152 (8.8)	724 (41.8)	188 (10.9)	605 (35.0)	61 (3.5)	252	1	1983	1730
US	101 (8.7)	172 (14.9)	276 (23.9)		608 (52.5)	13	1	1171	1157
N Sum	4997	9376	7779	13383	9940	855	308	46638	
N Valid Sum	4997	9376	7779	13383	9940				45475

V12 - Q2c Men should do larger share of hh work

Q.2

And to what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.2c Men ought to do a larger share of household work than they do now.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.

V12 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V12	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	302 (15.9)	752 (39.7)	544 (28.7)	230 (12.1)	67 (3.5)	152		2047	1895
AU	182 (13.6)	676 (50.5)	379 (28.3)	92 (6.9)	10 (0.7)	1	12	1352	1339
BE-FLA	163 (12.5)	612 (47.1)	371 (28.5)	141 (10.8)	13 (1.0)	48	12	1360	1300
BG	187 (19.8)	443 (47.0)	210 (22.3)	92 (9.8)	11 (1.2)	49	11	1003	943
BR	1125 (57.5)	312 (15.9)	93 (4.7)	119 (6.1)	309 (15.8)	42		2000	1958
CH	129 (13.5)	533 (55.7)	158 (16.5)	131 (13.7)	6 (0.6)	51		1008	957
CL	352 (23.5)	918 (61.2)	128 (8.5)	95 (6.3)	7 (0.5)	4	1	1505	1500
CY	23 (2.4)	295 (31.4)	237 (25.2)	371 (39.5)	13 (1.4)	65		1004	939
CZ	318 (25.6)	481 (38.7)	287 (23.1)	115 (9.2)	43 (3.5)	18	27	1289	1244
DE-E	57 (13.7)	199 (47.7)	89 (21.3)	60 (14.4)	12 (2.9)	9	5	431	417
DE-W	110 (12.6)	421 (48.3)	176 (20.2)	131 (15.0)	33 (3.8)	58	7	936	871
DK	392 (29.8)	464 (35.3)	285 (21.7)	104 (7.9)	70 (5.3)	38	26	1379	1315
ES	693 (28.4)	1475 (60.4)	149 (6.1)	121 (5.0)	6 (0.2)	21	6	2471	2444
FI	235 (18.4)	703 (54.9)	246 (19.2)	77 (6.0)	19 (1.5)	43	30	1353	1280
FR	564 (30.4)	854 (46.1)	302 (16.3)	94 (5.1)	40 (2.2)	29	20	1903	1854
GB-GBN	215 (11.4)	977 (51.7)	501 (26.5)	175 (9.3)	21 (1.1)	40	31	1960	1889
GB-NIR	158 (16.8)	461 (49.1)	195 (20.8)	108 (11.5)	17 (1.8)	42	6	987	939
HU	169 (16.9)	377 (37.8)	304 (30.5)	124 (12.4)	24 (2.4)	22	3	1023	998
IE	151 (12.8)	682 (57.6)	198 (16.7)	121 (10.2)	32 (2.7)	37	19	1240	1184
IL	197 (16.7)	450 (38.1)	295 (25.0)	195 (16.5)	45 (3.8)	25	2	1209	1182
JP	342 (30.9)	325 (29.3)	217 (19.6)	73 (6.6)	151 (13.6)	22	2	1132	1108
LV	115 (11.7)	400 (40.8)	299 (30.5)	154 (15.7)	13 (1.3)	19		1000	981
MX	417 (28.4)	617 (42.1)	148 (10.1)	240 (16.4)	45 (3.1)	8	20	1495	1467
NL	89 (7.3)	518 (42.8)	424 (35.0)	169 (14.0)	11 (0.9)	32	6	1249	1211
NO	188 (13.1)	768 (53.6)	345 (24.1)	111 (7.7)	21 (1.5)	23	19	1475	1433
NZ	84 (8.3)	457 (45.4)	329 (32.7)	121 (12.0)	15 (1.5)	13	6	1025	1006
PH	97 (8.1)	328 (27.4)	216 (18.1)	455 (38.0)	100 (8.4)	4		1200	1196
PL	154 (13.0)	653 (55.0)	249 (21.0)	119 (10.0)	13 (1.1)	59	5	1252	1188
PT	396 (36.5)	540 (49.7)	81 (7.5)	62 (5.7)	7 (0.6)	4	2	1092	1086
RU	278 (16.0)	758 (43.6)	381 (21.9)	279 (16.1)	41 (2.4)	42	19	1798	1737
SE	174 (16.7)	522 (50.2)	283 (27.2)	52 (5.0)	9 (0.9)	31	9	1080	1040
SI	168 (15.6)	471 (43.7)	273 (25.3)	146 (13.6)	19 (1.8)	15	1	1093	1077
SK	284 (25.5)	324 (29.1)	305 (27.4)	140 (12.6)	59 (5.3)	20	1	1133	1112
TW	105 (6.0)	827 (47.2)	376 (21.4)	420 (24.0)	25 (1.4)	227	3	1983	1753
US	250 (21.8)	482 (42.0)	311 (27.1)		105 (9.1)	22	1	1171	1148
N Sum	8863	20075	9384	5237	1432	1335	312	46638	
N Valid Sum	8863	20075	9384	5237	1432				44991

V13 - Q2d Men should do larger share of childcare

Q.2

And to what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.2d

Men ought to do a larger share of childcare than they do now.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Ireland (IE):

- 0 not available

Note:

US: In the GSS2002 original questionnaire, the fourth response category for these items (V4 to V13) 'disagree' is omitted. Therefore, 'disagree' should be considered as being collapsed into the fifth category of 'strongly disagree' assuming that answers on 'strongly disagree' may reflect both 'disagree' and 'strongly disagree'.



V13 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V13	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M						M	M		
AT	334 (17.9)	844 (45.4)	484 (26.0)	161 (8.7)	38 (2.0)	186			2047	1861
AU	184 (13.7)	712 (53.1)	361 (26.9)	75 (5.6)	8 (0.6)	1	11		1352	1340
BE-FLA	140 (10.8)	636 (49.1)	392 (30.3)	114 (8.8)	12 (0.9)	54	12		1360	1294
BG	265 (28.1)	505 (53.6)	142 (15.1)	27 (2.9)	4 (0.4)	48	12		1003	943
BR	1330 (67.7)	326 (16.6)	64 (3.3)	77 (3.9)	169 (8.6)	34			2000	1966
CH	124 (13.2)	561 (59.6)	161 (17.1)	89 (9.5)	6 (0.6)	67			1008	941
CL	385 (25.7)	973 (64.9)	93 (6.2)	46 (3.1)	3 (0.2)	4	1		1505	1500
CY	29 (3.0)	459 (48.1)	225 (23.6)	235 (24.6)	6 (0.6)	50			1004	954
CZ	365 (29.5)	511 (41.3)	251 (20.3)	80 (6.5)	29 (2.3)	23	30		1289	1236
DE-E	52 (12.8)	220 (54.1)	85 (20.9)	43 (10.6)	7 (1.7)	19	5		431	407
DE-W	113 (13.1)	503 (58.2)	149 (17.2)	86 (9.9)	14 (1.6)	65	6		936	865
DK	378 (29.3)	443 (34.3)	295 (22.9)	95 (7.4)	79 (6.1)	62	27		1379	1290
ES	706 (29.0)	1505 (61.8)	130 (5.3)	94 (3.9)	2 (0.1)	28	6		2471	2437
FI	248 (19.6)	703 (55.5)	246 (19.4)	61 (4.8)	8 (0.6)	57	30		1353	1266
FR	555 (30.0)	895 (48.4)	292 (15.8)	79 (4.3)	29 (1.6)	34	19		1903	1850
GB-GBN	190 (10.1)	1024 (54.4)	506 (26.9)	148 (7.9)	14 (0.7)	49	29		1960	1882
GB-NIR	174 (18.7)	441 (47.4)	189 (20.3)	108 (11.6)	19 (2.0)	51	5		987	931
HU	164 (16.5)	419 (42.2)	299 (30.1)	100 (10.1)	12 (1.2)	28	1		1023	994
IE	1240								1240	
IL	232 (19.9)	467 (40.0)	266 (22.8)	175 (15.0)	28 (2.4)	38	3		1209	1168
JP	351 (31.9)	357 (32.5)	203 (18.5)	65 (5.9)	124 (11.3)	30	2		1132	1100
LV	156 (16.0)	475 (48.6)	231 (23.6)	113 (11.6)	2 (0.2)	23			1000	977
MX	485 (32.9)	683 (46.3)	145 (9.8)	136 (9.2)	27 (1.8)	7	12		1495	1476
NL	74 (6.2)	553 (46.2)	408 (34.1)	148 (12.4)	13 (1.1)	47	6		1249	1196
NO	174 (12.1)	814 (56.8)	339 (23.7)	97 (6.8)	9 (0.6)	26	16		1475	1433
NZ	88 (8.8)	475 (47.6)	323 (32.4)	99 (9.9)	12 (1.2)	22	6		1025	997
PH	56 (4.7)	246 (20.6)	262 (21.9)	522 (43.6)	110 (9.2)	4			1200	1196
PL	175 (14.7)	734 (61.7)	198 (16.6)	75 (6.3)	8 (0.7)	56	6		1252	1190
PT	342 (31.6)	595 (55.0)	85 (7.9)	56 (5.2)	4 (0.4)	5	5		1092	1082
RU	403 (23.2)	901 (52.0)	281 (16.2)	130 (7.5)	19 (1.1)	44	20		1798	1734
SE	162 (15.8)	522 (50.8)	298 (29.0)	39 (3.8)	6 (0.6)	44	9		1080	1027
SI	206 (19.1)	593 (55.0)	204 (18.9)	68 (6.3)	8 (0.7)	11	3		1093	1079
SK	308 (27.8)	369 (33.3)	296 (26.7)	102 (9.2)	32 (2.9)	25	1		1133	1107
TW	110 (6.3)	916 (52.9)	346 (20.0)	342 (19.7)	19 (1.1)	247	3		1983	1733
US	294 (25.5)	534 (46.3)	251 (21.8)		74 (6.4)	17	1		1171	1153
N Sum	1240	9352	20914	8500	3885	954	1506	287	46638	
N Valid Sum		9352	20914	8500	3885	954				43605

V14 - Q3a Shld women work:after marr.before kids

Q.3

Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all under the following circumstances?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.3a After marrying and before there are children.

- 1 Work full-time
- 2 Work part-time
- 3 Stay at home
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

- 6 respect women's thoughts, women should decide

V14 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V14	1	2	3	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
				M M				
AT	1745 (93.3)	109 (5.8)	17 (0.9)		176		2047	1871
AU	1087 (90.1)	113 (9.4)	7 (0.6)		123	22	1352	1207
BE-FLA	971 (83.5)	160 (13.8)	32 (2.8)		175	22	1360	1163
BG	806 (84.2)	98 (10.2)	53 (5.5)		36	10	1003	957
BR	994 (52.5)	609 (32.2)	290 (15.3)		107		2000	1893
CH	611 (73.1)	205 (24.5)	20 (2.4)		172		1008	836
CL	712 (47.9)	595 (40.0)	180 (12.1)		13	5	1505	1487
CY	912 (91.1)	42 (4.2)	47 (4.7)		3		1004	1001
CZ	1052 (87.7)	102 (8.5)	45 (3.8)		16	74	1289	1199
DE-E	376 (93.3)	26 (6.5)	1 (0.2)		25	3	431	403
DE-W	734 (85.8)	110 (12.9)	11 (1.3)		72	9	936	855
DK	1127 (92.2)	85 (7.0)	11 (0.9)		128	28	1379	1223
ES	1748 (76.7)	375 (16.5)	155 (6.8)		154	39	2471	2278
FI	1128 (95.4)	39 (3.3)	15 (1.3)		122	49	1353	1182
FR	1583 (91.5)	131 (7.6)	16 (0.9)		131	42	1903	1730
GB-GBN	1517 (88.5)	170 (9.9)	28 (1.6)		204	41	1960	1715
GB-NIR	788 (87.4)	83 (9.2)	31 (3.4)		63	22	987	902
HU	938 (92.5)	50 (4.9)	26 (2.6)		8	1	1023	1014
IE	913 (85.3)	120 (11.2)	37 (3.5)		143	27	1240	1070
IL	862 (73.7)	259 (22.1)	49 (4.2)		39		1209	1170
JP	711 (70.9)	237 (23.6)	55 (5.5)		125	4	1132	1003
LV	583 (59.8)	213 (21.8)	179 (18.4)		25		1000	975
MX	478 (33.0)	700 (48.3)	270 (18.6)		32	15	1495	1448
NL	1067 (88.6)	134 (11.1)	3 (0.2)		41	4	1249	1204
NO	1273 (91.9)	90 (6.5)	22 (1.6)		67	23	1475	1385
NZ	822 (89.7)	80 (8.7)	14 (1.5)		68	41	1025	916
PH	540 (47.0)	312 (27.1)	298 (25.9)		50		1200	1150
PL	922 (79.6)	81 (7.0)	155 (13.4)		89	5	1252	1158
PT	823 (76.4)	171 (15.9)	83 (7.7)		12	3	1092	1077
RU	1305 (75.2)	358 (20.6)	72 (4.1)		49	14	1798	1735
SE	953 (94.3)	57 (5.6)	1 (0.1)		59	10	1080	1011
SI	925 (85.9)	115 (10.7)	37 (3.4)		14	2	1093	1077
SK	953 (85.5)	97 (8.7)	64 (5.7)		18	1	1133	1114
TW	1353 (69.2)	144 (7.4)	84 (4.3)	373 (19.1)	27	2	1983	1954
US	796 (80.9)	168 (17.1)	20 (2.0)		185	2	1171	984
N Sum	34108	6438	2428		373	2771	46638	
N Valid Sum	34108	6438	2428	373				43347

V15 - Q3b Shld women work:child under school age

Q.3

Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all under the following circumstances?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.3b When there is a child under school age.

- 1 Work full-time
- 2 Work part-time
- 3 Stay at home
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

- 6 respect women's thoughts, women should decide

V15 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V15	1	2	3	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M	M			
AT	75 (4.1)	858 (47.0)	891 (48.8)		223			2047	1824
AU	38 (3.2)	466 (38.8)	696 (58.0)		131	21		1352	1200
BE-FLA	169 (14.8)	641 (56.1)	332 (29.1)		192	26		1360	1142
BG	221 (23.4)	354 (37.5)	369 (39.1)		49	10		1003	944
BR	320 (16.7)	820 (42.9)	772 (40.4)		88			2000	1912
CH	19 (2.2)	441 (50.7)	410 (47.1)		138			1008	870
CL	136 (9.1)	717 (48.1)	637 (42.8)		10	5		1505	1490
CY	512 (52.2)	296 (30.2)	173 (17.6)		23			1004	981
CZ	168 (13.8)	604 (49.5)	448 (36.7)		21	48		1289	1220
DE-E	69 (17.3)	272 (68.0)	59 (14.8)		28	3		431	400
DE-W	27 (3.2)	373 (44.8)	433 (52.0)		93	10		936	833
DK	192 (15.5)	755 (61.1)	288 (23.3)		112	32		1379	1235
ES	427 (18.7)	1014 (44.3)	847 (37.0)		146	37		2471	2288
FI	198 (17.5)	480 (42.4)	455 (40.2)		153	67		1353	1133
FR	190 (10.9)	858 (49.3)	694 (39.8)		115	46		1903	1742
GB-GBN	66 (3.9)	652 (38.7)	965 (57.3)		225	52		1960	1683
GB-NIR	70 (8.0)	339 (38.8)	465 (53.2)		88	25		987	874
HU	65 (6.4)	479 (47.4)	466 (46.1)		11	2		1023	1010
IE	112 (10.7)	528 (50.2)	411 (39.1)		160	29		1240	1051
IL	303 (26.1)	701 (60.3)	158 (13.6)		46	1		1209	1162
JP	146 (15.1)	308 (31.9)	513 (53.1)		158	7		1132	967
LV	75 (7.7)	491 (50.7)	402 (41.5)		32			1000	968
MX	137 (9.5)	715 (49.4)	595 (41.1)		34	14		1495	1447
NL	198 (16.6)	652 (54.7)	341 (28.6)		50	8		1249	1191
NO	188 (13.7)	752 (54.9)	431 (31.4)		83	21		1475	1371
NZ	17 (1.9)	305 (33.8)	580 (64.3)		85	38		1025	902
PH	205 (17.6)	362 (31.1)	597 (51.3)		36			1200	1164
PL	226 (19.7)	264 (23.0)	659 (57.4)		97	6		1252	1149
PT	148 (13.8)	489 (45.5)	437 (40.7)		15	3		1092	1074
RU	138 (7.9)	957 (54.7)	653 (37.4)		45	5		1798	1748
SE	139 (14.3)	648 (66.5)	188 (19.3)		91	14		1080	975
SI	250 (23.5)	499 (46.9)	315 (29.6)		21	8		1093	1064
SK	128 (11.5)	392 (35.3)	590 (53.2)		21	2		1133	1110
TW	387 (20.1)	488 (25.3)	597 (31.0)	455 (23.6)	54	2		1983	1927
US	133 (13.1)	421 (41.5)	460 (45.4)		155	2		1171	1014
N Sum	5892	19391	17327		455	3029	544	46638	
N Valid Sum	5892	19391	17327		455				43065

V16 - Q3c Shld women work:youngest kid at school

Q.3

Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all under the following circumstances?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.3c After the youngest child starts school.

- 1 Work full-time
- 2 Work part-time
- 3 Stay at home
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

- 6 respect women's thoughts, women should decide

V16 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V16	1	2	3	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
				M	M			
AT	188 (10.3)	1292 (71.0)	339 (18.6)	228			2047	1819
AU	193 (16.1)	925 (77.2)	80 (6.7)	130	24		1352	1198
BE-FLA	324 (28.3)	733 (64.1)	86 (7.5)	191	26		1360	1143
BG	289 (30.8)	461 (49.1)	189 (20.1)	52	12		1003	939
BR	610 (32.0)	848 (44.4)	450 (23.6)	92			2000	1908
CH	51 (5.8)	665 (75.5)	165 (18.7)	127			1008	881
CL	198 (13.3)	809 (54.2)	485 (32.5)	8	5		1505	1492
CY	608 (61.4)	273 (27.6)	109 (11.0)	14			1004	990
CZ	310 (25.6)	689 (56.8)	213 (17.6)	14	63		1289	1212
DE-E	136 (34.0)	245 (61.3)	19 (4.8)	28	3		431	400
DE-W	73 (8.7)	632 (75.4)	133 (15.9)	86	12		936	838
DK	472 (38.4)	722 (58.7)	36 (2.9)	116	33		1379	1230
ES	844 (37.0)	1067 (46.7)	372 (16.3)	141	47		2471	2283
FI	427 (37.0)	634 (55.0)	92 (8.0)	141	59		1353	1153
FR	499 (29.2)	1092 (63.9)	119 (7.0)	137	56		1903	1710
GB-GBN	293 (17.3)	1283 (75.8)	117 (6.9)	222	45		1960	1693
GB-NIR	189 (21.4)	496 (56.2)	198 (22.4)	78	26		987	883
HU	300 (29.8)	563 (56.0)	143 (14.2)	13	4		1023	1006
IE	273 (26.0)	667 (63.5)	111 (10.6)	153	36		1240	1051
IL	474 (40.7)	595 (51.1)	96 (8.2)	44			1209	1165
JP	209 (21.7)	569 (59.1)	185 (19.2)	159	10		1132	963
LV	279 (29.2)	552 (57.7)	125 (13.1)	44			1000	956
MX	183 (12.6)	784 (54.1)	482 (33.3)	34	12		1495	1449
NL	351 (29.3)	815 (68.1)	31 (2.6)	42	10		1249	1197
NO	487 (35.7)	784 (57.4)	94 (6.9)	85	25		1475	1365
NZ	108 (12.0)	726 (80.9)	63 (7.0)	88	40		1025	897
PH	295 (25.8)	411 (36.0)	436 (38.2)	58			1200	1142
PL	509 (44.1)	349 (30.2)	297 (25.7)	90	7		1252	1155
PT	496 (46.2)	423 (39.4)	154 (14.4)	17	2		1092	1073
RU	467 (26.9)	996 (57.3)	274 (15.8)	53	8		1798	1737
SE	333 (34.2)	619 (63.6)	21 (2.2)	93	14		1080	973
SI	512 (47.7)	442 (41.2)	119 (11.1)	17	3		1093	1073
SK	312 (28.1)	569 (51.2)	231 (20.8)	19	2		1133	1112
TW	745 (38.4)	506 (26.1)	247 (12.7)	444 (22.9)	39	2	1983	1942
US	414 (40.8)	534 (52.7)	66 (6.5)	155	2		1171	1014
N Sum	12451	23770	6377	444	3008	588	46638	
N Valid Sum	12451	23770	6377	444				43042

V17 - Q3d Shld women work: when kids left home

Q.3

Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all under the following circumstances?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.3d After the children leave home.

- 1 Work full-time
- 2 Work part-time
- 3 Stay at home
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

- 6 respect women's thoughts, women should decide



V17 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V17	1	2	3	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
				M	M			
AT	1436 (81.7)	293 (16.7)	29 (1.6)	289			2047	1758
AU	820 (71.2)	313 (27.2)	18 (1.6)	169	32		1352	1151
BE-FLA	580 (53.8)	406 (37.6)	93 (8.6)	257	24		1360	1079
BG	851 (90.9)	56 (6.0)	29 (3.1)	56	11		1003	936
BR	1063 (57.5)	427 (23.1)	359 (19.4)	151			2000	1849
CH	481 (58.3)	327 (39.6)	17 (2.1)	183			1008	825
CL	601 (41.0)	506 (34.5)	359 (24.5)	30	9		1505	1466
CY	609 (62.4)	109 (11.2)	258 (26.4)	28			1004	976
CZ	1088 (91.0)	88 (7.4)	20 (1.7)	29	64		1289	1196
DE-E	351 (87.8)	47 (11.8)	2 (0.5)	26	5		431	400
DE-W	584 (71.4)	219 (26.8)	15 (1.8)	109	9		936	818
DK	1049 (87.1)	151 (12.5)	4 (0.3)	144	31		1379	1204
ES	1643 (73.0)	345 (15.3)	262 (11.6)	176	45		2471	2250
FI	1087 (94.1)	60 (5.2)	8 (0.7)	135	63		1353	1155
FR	1265 (76.8)	345 (20.9)	38 (2.3)	200	55		1903	1648
GB-GBN	1217 (75.3)	369 (22.8)	31 (1.9)	293	50		1960	1617
GB-NIR	568 (68.4)	205 (24.7)	57 (6.9)	126	31		987	830
HU	896 (89.4)	81 (8.1)	25 (2.5)	14	7		1023	1002
IE	794 (75.9)	225 (21.5)	27 (2.6)	161	33		1240	1046
IL	878 (76.0)	204 (17.6)	74 (6.4)	53			1209	1156
JP	557 (58.6)	343 (36.1)	51 (5.4)	176	5		1132	951
LV	882 (91.3)	67 (6.9)	17 (1.8)	34			1000	966
MX	466 (33.1)	506 (35.9)	437 (31.0)	53	33		1495	1409
NL	1029 (85.6)	169 (14.1)	4 (0.3)	40	7		1249	1202
NO	1200 (87.6)	159 (11.6)	11 (0.8)	79	26		1475	1370
NZ	608 (73.0)	209 (25.1)	16 (1.9)	139	53		1025	833
PH	430 (40.7)	247 (23.4)	380 (36.0)	143			1200	1057
PL	1062 (90.9)	77 (6.6)	29 (2.5)	78	6		1252	1168
PT	840 (79.2)	107 (10.1)	114 (10.7)	25	6		1092	1061
RU	1329 (77.5)	298 (17.4)	87 (5.1)	67	17		1798	1714
SE	903 (91.3)	83 (8.4)	3 (0.3)	73	18		1080	989
SI	968 (90.6)	64 (6.0)	37 (3.5)	22	2		1093	1069
SK	978 (87.6)	121 (10.8)	18 (1.6)	15	1		1133	1117
TW	1199 (61.6)	140 (7.2)	91 (4.7)	518 (26.6)	33	2	1983	1948
US	735 (76.1)	203 (21.0)	28 (2.9)	203	2		1171	966
N Sum	31047	7569	3048	518	3809	647	46638	
N Valid Sum	31047	7569	3048	518				42182

V18 - Q4a Marriage: married people gen. happier

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4a Married people are generally happier than unmarried people.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V18 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V18	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	235 (13.5)	390 (22.5)	543 (31.3)	331 (19.1)	237 (13.7)	311		2047	1736
AU	143 (10.8)	444 (33.4)	438 (32.9)	221 (16.6)	84 (6.3)	10	12	1352	1330
BE-FLA	48 (4.0)	156 (12.9)	295 (24.3)	497 (41.0)	217 (17.9)	129	18	1360	1213
BG	227 (26.0)	278 (31.8)	215 (24.6)	117 (13.4)	37 (4.2)	121	8	1003	874
BR	666 (34.6)	300 (15.6)	246 (12.8)	194 (10.1)	520 (27.0)	74		2000	1926
CH	44 (5.1)	205 (24.0)	242 (28.3)	244 (28.5)	120 (14.0)	153		1008	855
CL	94 (6.4)	364 (24.7)	347 (23.5)	568 (38.5)	102 (6.9)	26	4	1505	1475
CY	28 (3.0)	486 (51.8)	248 (26.4)	166 (17.7)	11 (1.2)	65		1004	939
CZ	169 (14.0)	320 (26.5)	422 (34.9)	189 (15.6)	108 (8.9)	57	24	1289	1208
DE-E	69 (18.2)	92 (24.2)	116 (30.5)	69 (18.2)	34 (8.9)	48	3	431	380
DE-W	87 (10.5)	205 (24.7)	259 (31.2)	181 (21.8)	98 (11.8)	100	6	936	830
DK	99 (8.2)	186 (15.4)	273 (22.6)	95 (7.9)	557 (46.0)	142	27	1379	1210
ES	81 (3.6)	482 (21.2)	414 (18.2)	1004 (44.2)	288 (12.7)	190	12	2471	2269
FI	89 (7.9)	210 (18.6)	365 (32.4)	310 (27.5)	154 (13.7)	181	44	1353	1128
FR	133 (7.4)	253 (14.1)	623 (34.7)	186 (10.4)	600 (33.4)	72	36	1903	1795
GB-GBN	123 (6.7)	339 (18.4)	758 (41.2)	479 (26.0)	140 (7.6)	98	23	1960	1839
GB-NIR	87 (9.5)	229 (25.1)	218 (23.9)	234 (25.7)	143 (15.7)	52	24	987	911
HU	212 (21.7)	303 (31.0)	293 (30.0)	119 (12.2)	51 (5.2)	45		1023	978
IE	55 (4.8)	319 (27.8)	301 (26.2)	397 (34.6)	76 (6.6)	75	17	1240	1148
IL	253 (21.9)	332 (28.7)	285 (24.6)	209 (18.1)	78 (6.7)	50	2	1209	1157
JP	219 (20.1)	169 (15.5)	373 (34.2)	55 (5.0)	276 (25.3)	39	1	1132	1092
LV	151 (15.8)	295 (30.8)	263 (27.5)	215 (22.4)	34 (3.5)	42		1000	958
MX	197 (13.6)	287 (19.9)	385 (26.6)	477 (33.0)	99 (6.9)	41	9	1495	1445
NL	42 (3.8)	209 (18.9)	411 (37.2)	318 (28.8)	124 (11.2)	142	3	1249	1104
NO	35 (2.6)	190 (14.1)	512 (38.1)	384 (28.6)	222 (16.5)	121	11	1475	1343
NZ	54 (5.5)	185 (19.0)	410 (42.1)	264 (27.1)	61 (6.3)	30	21	1025	974
PH	279 (23.4)	440 (37.0)	242 (20.3)	180 (15.1)	49 (4.1)	10		1200	1190
PL	166 (15.2)	397 (36.5)	295 (27.1)	207 (19.0)	24 (2.2)	156	7	1252	1089
PT	67 (6.3)	209 (19.7)	381 (35.9)	263 (24.8)	140 (13.2)	29	3	1092	1060
RU	393 (23.1)	652 (38.3)	360 (21.1)	264 (15.5)	35 (2.1)	80	14	1798	1704
SE	34 (3.7)	110 (12.0)	367 (40.0)	197 (21.5)	209 (22.8)	148	15	1080	917
SI	122 (11.6)	323 (30.6)	289 (27.4)	263 (24.9)	59 (5.6)	37		1093	1056
SK	217 (19.9)	282 (25.9)	326 (29.9)	118 (10.8)	147 (13.5)	43		1133	1090
TW	70 (5.4)	417 (32.0)	236 (18.1)	515 (39.6)	64 (4.9)	680	1	1983	1302
US	191 (16.9)	272 (24.1)	367 (32.5)	196 (17.4)	103 (9.1)	41	1	1171	1129
N Sum	5179	10330	12118	9726	5301	3638	346	46638	
N Valid Sum	5179	10330	12118	9726	5301				42654

V19 - Q4b Bad marriage better than no marriage

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4b It is better to have a bad marriage than no marriage at all.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V19 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V19	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	26 (1.4)	56 (2.9)	120 (6.3)	543 (28.4)	1166 (61.0)	136		2047	1911
AU	7 (0.5)	31 (2.3)	131 (9.8)	561 (42.0)	606 (45.4)	2	14	1352	1336
BE-FLA	32 (2.5)	54 (4.2)	40 (3.1)	545 (42.2)	619 (48.0)	54	16	1360	1290
BG	49 (5.5)	91 (10.2)	140 (15.7)	405 (45.5)	205 (23.0)	101	12	1003	890
BR	178 (9.0)	62 (3.1)	40 (2.0)	149 (7.6)	1542 (78.2)	29		2000	1971
CH	15 (1.5)	20 (2.1)	38 (3.9)	388 (39.9)	511 (52.6)	36		1008	972
CL	41 (2.8)	163 (11.0)	115 (7.8)	843 (56.9)	320 (21.6)	11	12	1505	1482
CY	1 (0.1)	17 (1.8)	72 (7.4)	716 (73.8)	164 (16.9)	34		1004	970
CZ	76 (6.1)	98 (7.9)	121 (9.7)	284 (22.9)	663 (53.4)	15	32	1289	1242
DE-E	1 (0.2)	10 (2.5)	26 (6.4)	145 (35.6)	225 (55.3)	21	3	431	407
DE-W	8 (0.9)	22 (2.5)	58 (6.5)	295 (33.2)	506 (56.9)	38	9	936	889
DK	17 (1.3)	25 (1.9)	76 (5.9)	71 (5.5)	1110 (85.5)	53	27	1379	1299
ES	26 (1.1)	202 (8.4)	138 (5.8)	1309 (54.7)	717 (30.0)	67	12	2471	2392
FI	23 (1.8)	37 (3.0)	93 (7.5)	430 (34.5)	665 (53.3)	59	46	1353	1248
FR	23 (1.3)	32 (1.7)	92 (5.0)	218 (11.9)	1464 (80.0)	31	43	1903	1829
GB-GBN	12 (0.6)	35 (1.9)	94 (5.0)	845 (44.7)	905 (47.9)	40	29	1960	1891
GB-NIR	23 (2.5)	32 (3.4)	52 (5.6)	393 (42.1)	433 (46.4)	33	21	987	933
HU	30 (3.0)	58 (5.8)	90 (9.0)	373 (37.4)	447 (44.8)	21	4	1023	998
IE	12 (1.0)	50 (4.2)	45 (3.8)	639 (54.2)	432 (36.7)	43	19	1240	1178
IL	45 (3.8)	137 (11.6)	141 (12.0)	399 (33.9)	456 (38.7)	30	1	1209	1178
JP	56 (5.2)	47 (4.3)	176 (16.2)	99 (9.1)	708 (65.2)	44	2	1132	1086
LV	14 (1.5)	74 (7.7)	128 (13.3)	455 (47.4)	288 (30.0)	41		1000	959
MX	84 (5.7)	164 (11.1)	110 (7.5)	859 (58.2)	259 (17.5)	12	7	1495	1476
NL	11 (0.9)	14 (1.1)	49 (4.0)	471 (38.7)	673 (55.3)	28	3	1249	1218
NO	24 (1.7)	15 (1.1)	59 (4.2)	544 (38.5)	772 (54.6)	47	14	1475	1414
NZ	6 (0.6)	23 (2.3)	44 (4.4)	446 (44.8)	477 (47.9)	7	22	1025	996
PH	72 (6.1)	242 (20.4)	181 (15.2)	471 (39.6)	222 (18.7)	12		1200	1188
PL	45 (3.9)	67 (5.8)	109 (9.5)	674 (58.7)	254 (22.1)	94	9	1252	1149
PT	13 (1.2)	26 (2.4)	24 (2.2)	392 (36.2)	627 (57.9)	5	5	1092	1082
RU	61 (3.5)	198 (11.5)	214 (12.4)	895 (51.9)	358 (20.7)	55	17	1798	1726
SE	15 (1.5)	41 (4.0)	71 (6.9)	298 (28.9)	607 (58.8)	41	7	1080	1032
SI	20 (1.9)	72 (6.7)	82 (7.6)	586 (54.4)	317 (29.4)	15	1	1093	1077
SK	28 (2.5)	50 (4.5)	94 (8.5)	228 (20.6)	709 (63.9)	24		1133	1109
TW	186 (10.2)	738 (40.5)	105 (5.8)	636 (34.9)	157 (8.6)	159	2	1983	1822
US	29 (2.5)	38 (3.3)	68 (5.9)	342 (29.5)	682 (58.8)	10	2	1171	1159
N Sum	1309	3041	3236	16947	20266	1448	391	46638	
N Valid Sum	1309	3041	3236	16947	20266				44799

V20 - Q4c Marriage better,if people want kids

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4c People who want children ought to get married.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V20 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V20	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	332 (17.0)	529 (27.1)	350 (17.9)	383 (19.6)	356 (18.3)	97		2047	1950
AU	321 (24.0)	559 (41.9)	189 (14.2)	161 (12.1)	105 (7.9)	3	14	1352	1335
BE-FLA	110 (8.5)	297 (23.0)	159 (12.3)	470 (36.3)	257 (19.9)	49	18	1360	1293
BG	295 (30.9)	331 (34.7)	160 (16.8)	123 (12.9)	46 (4.8)	37	11	1003	955
BR	1064 (54.1)	170 (8.6)	94 (4.8)	137 (7.0)	501 (25.5)	34		2000	1966
CH	98 (10.1)	329 (33.8)	162 (16.6)	311 (31.9)	74 (7.6)	34		1008	974
CL	156 (10.5)	522 (35.2)	176 (11.9)	533 (35.9)	97 (6.5)	6	15	1505	1484
CY	73 (7.6)	655 (67.9)	158 (16.4)	72 (7.5)	6 (0.6)	40		1004	964
CZ	345 (27.9)	348 (28.2)	264 (21.4)	169 (13.7)	109 (8.8)	11	43	1289	1235
DE-E	75 (18.2)	121 (29.4)	56 (13.6)	99 (24.1)	60 (14.6)	16	4	431	411
DE-W	176 (19.6)	321 (35.7)	99 (11.0)	185 (20.6)	117 (13.0)	30	8	936	898
DK	439 (33.1)	232 (17.5)	142 (10.7)	129 (9.7)	386 (29.1)	17	34	1379	1328
ES	131 (5.5)	726 (30.2)	215 (9.0)	982 (40.9)	348 (14.5)	46	23	2471	2402
FI	229 (18.3)	367 (29.3)	201 (16.1)	294 (23.5)	160 (12.8)	51	51	1353	1251
FR	313 (17.1)	371 (20.3)	324 (17.7)	214 (11.7)	604 (33.1)	26	51	1903	1826
GB-GBN	288 (15.1)	724 (37.9)	321 (16.8)	427 (22.4)	148 (7.8)	28	24	1960	1908
GB-NIR	184 (19.6)	356 (37.8)	158 (16.8)	155 (16.5)	88 (9.4)	27	19	987	941
HU	217 (21.3)	247 (24.3)	190 (18.7)	229 (22.5)	135 (13.3)	2	3	1023	1018
IE	109 (9.2)	535 (45.1)	137 (11.6)	347 (29.3)	58 (4.9)	36	18	1240	1186
IL	380 (31.6)	402 (33.4)	149 (12.4)	197 (16.4)	74 (6.2)	5	2	1209	1202
JP	492 (44.8)	191 (17.4)	161 (14.7)	50 (4.6)	203 (18.5)	34	1	1132	1097
LV	168 (17.0)	415 (41.9)	181 (18.3)	190 (19.2)	37 (3.7)	9		1000	991
MX	277 (18.7)	393 (26.6)	164 (11.1)	557 (37.7)	88 (5.9)	9	7	1495	1479
NL	60 (4.9)	252 (20.4)	218 (17.7)	451 (36.6)	252 (20.4)	13	3	1249	1233
NO	124 (8.6)	487 (33.7)	282 (19.5)	350 (24.2)	201 (13.9)	14	17	1475	1444
NZ	164 (16.5)	353 (35.5)	166 (16.7)	243 (24.4)	69 (6.9)	9	21	1025	995
PH	302 (25.3)	600 (50.3)	132 (11.1)	133 (11.1)	26 (2.2)	7		1200	1193
PL	271 (22.7)	576 (48.2)	147 (12.3)	174 (14.6)	26 (2.2)	50	8	1252	1194
PT	168 (15.5)	353 (32.6)	112 (10.3)	309 (28.5)	142 (13.1)	4	4	1092	1084
RU	335 (19.0)	666 (37.9)	296 (16.8)	401 (22.8)	61 (3.5)	27	12	1798	1759
SE	84 (8.0)	240 (22.9)	287 (27.4)	224 (21.4)	211 (20.2)	24	10	1080	1046
SI	118 (10.9)	267 (24.7)	166 (15.3)	409 (37.8)	122 (11.3)	10	1	1093	1082
SK	546 (48.5)	243 (21.6)	180 (16.0)	80 (7.1)	76 (6.8)	8		1133	1125
TW	258 (15.1)	1037 (60.9)	169 (9.9)	221 (13.0)	19 (1.1)	278	1	1983	1704
US	450 (39.1)	302 (26.2)	182 (15.8)	141 (12.2)	77 (6.7)	17	2	1171	1152
N Sum	9152	14517	6547	9550	5339	1108	425	46638	
N Valid Sum	9152	14517	6547	9550	5339				45105

V21 - Q4d Single parent can raise child as well

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4d One parent can bring up a child as well as two parents together.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused



V21 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V21	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	329 (17.2)	665 (34.7)	276 (14.4)	497 (25.9)	149 (7.8)	131		2047	1916
AU	100 (7.5)	314 (23.5)	254 (19.0)	513 (38.5)	153 (11.5)	3	15	1352	1334
BE-FLA	113 (8.7)	400 (30.9)	266 (20.6)	432 (33.4)	82 (6.3)	50	17	1360	1293
BG	60 (6.4)	186 (20.0)	209 (22.4)	363 (39.0)	113 (12.1)	61	11	1003	931
BR	889 (45.2)	286 (14.6)	107 (5.4)	147 (7.5)	536 (27.3)	35		2000	1965
CH	60 (6.2)	399 (41.0)	124 (12.7)	329 (33.8)	62 (6.4)	34		1008	974
CL	217 (14.5)	714 (47.7)	196 (13.1)	342 (22.9)	27 (1.8)	5	4	1505	1496
CY	8 (0.8)	140 (14.5)	238 (24.7)	521 (54.0)	57 (5.9)	40		1004	964
CZ	177 (14.2)	340 (27.3)	272 (21.8)	327 (26.2)	130 (10.4)	11	32	1289	1246
DE-E	50 (12.1)	182 (44.1)	39 (9.4)	116 (28.1)	26 (6.3)	14	4	431	413
DE-W	66 (7.5)	314 (35.8)	110 (12.5)	326 (37.1)	62 (7.1)	50	8	936	878
DK	405 (30.6)	417 (31.5)	110 (8.3)	269 (20.3)	123 (9.3)	28	27	1379	1324
ES	203 (8.7)	891 (38.2)	275 (11.8)	834 (35.7)	131 (5.6)	114	23	2471	2334
FI	67 (5.4)	310 (25.0)	232 (18.7)	485 (39.0)	148 (11.9)	61	50	1353	1242
FR	184 (10.0)	343 (18.6)	299 (16.2)	575 (31.2)	443 (24.0)	21	38	1903	1844
GB-GBN	156 (8.2)	630 (33.0)	332 (17.4)	639 (33.5)	150 (7.9)	25	28	1960	1907
GB-NIR	108 (11.7)	309 (33.5)	192 (20.8)	254 (27.5)	60 (6.5)	44	20	987	923
HU	94 (9.3)	183 (18.0)	257 (25.3)	320 (31.6)	160 (15.8)	7	2	1023	1014
IE	60 (5.1)	482 (40.7)	160 (13.5)	403 (34.0)	79 (6.7)	39	17	1240	1184
IL	117 (9.8)	240 (20.1)	231 (19.3)	413 (34.6)	194 (16.2)	12	2	1209	1195
JP	405 (37.1)	221 (20.2)	213 (19.5)	129 (11.8)	124 (11.4)	40		1132	1092
LV	26 (2.6)	206 (21.0)	198 (20.2)	439 (44.7)	113 (11.5)	18		1000	982
MX	246 (16.6)	458 (30.9)	103 (6.9)	553 (37.3)	123 (8.3)	6	6	1495	1483
NL	77 (6.4)	405 (33.6)	295 (24.5)	393 (32.6)	36 (3.0)	39	4	1249	1206
NO	98 (6.9)	451 (31.6)	281 (19.7)	510 (35.8)	85 (6.0)	30	20	1475	1425
NZ	47 (4.7)	241 (24.3)	172 (17.4)	397 (40.1)	133 (13.4)	12	23	1025	990
PH	229 (19.2)	545 (45.7)	189 (15.8)	192 (16.1)	38 (3.2)	7		1200	1193
PL	147 (12.6)	554 (47.3)	155 (13.2)	283 (24.2)	32 (2.7)	74	7	1252	1171
PT	125 (11.5)	294 (27.1)	106 (9.8)	400 (36.8)	161 (14.8)	1	5	1092	1086
RU	179 (10.2)	558 (31.9)	368 (21.0)	546 (31.2)	99 (5.7)	38	10	1798	1750
SE	98 (9.6)	321 (31.3)	252 (24.6)	273 (26.6)	82 (8.0)	42	12	1080	1026
SI	68 (6.3)	253 (23.4)	175 (16.2)	475 (43.9)	110 (10.2)	10	2	1093	1081
SK	80 (7.2)	170 (15.4)	247 (22.4)	378 (34.2)	229 (20.7)	29		1133	1104
TW	95 (5.5)	953 (55.4)	179 (10.4)	436 (25.3)	58 (3.4)	259	3	1983	1721
US	198 (17.1)	292 (25.2)	143 (12.3)	344 (29.7)	181 (15.6)	12	1	1171	1158
N Sum	5581	13667	7255	13853	4489	1402	391	46638	
N Valid Sum	5581	13667	7255	13853	4489				44845

V22 - Q4e Couple livg together without marriage

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4e It is all right for a couple to live together without intending to get married.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V22 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V22	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M M								
AT	720 (36.6)	789 (40.2)	227 (11.6)	170 (8.7)	59 (3.0)	82		2047	1965
AU	263 (19.7)	610 (45.7)	224 (16.8)	163 (12.2)	76 (5.7)	2	14	1352	1336
BE-FLA	411 (31.5)	700 (53.7)	99 (7.6)	79 (6.1)	15 (1.2)	42	14	1360	1304
BG	144 (15.4)	316 (33.9)	180 (19.3)	239 (25.6)	54 (5.8)	61	9	1003	933
BR	1120 (57.1)	232 (11.8)	74 (3.8)	84 (4.3)	451 (23.0)	39		2000	1961
CH	297 (30.1)	554 (56.2)	51 (5.2)	75 (7.6)	9 (0.9)	22		1008	986
CL	198 (13.3)	803 (54.0)	165 (11.1)	262 (17.6)	60 (4.0)	13	4	1505	1488
CY	14 (1.4)	308 (31.3)	182 (18.5)	435 (44.3)	44 (4.5)	21		1004	983
CZ	261 (21.2)	447 (36.4)	305 (24.8)	157 (12.8)	59 (4.8)	15	45	1289	1229
DE-E	110 (26.3)	187 (44.7)	51 (12.2)	50 (12.0)	20 (4.8)	8	5	431	418
DE-W	259 (28.8)	440 (49.0)	79 (8.8)	88 (9.8)	32 (3.6)	32	6	936	898
DK	1143 (84.7)	106 (7.9)	40 (3.0)	15 (1.1)	45 (3.3)	4	26	1379	1349
ES	369 (15.4)	1455 (60.9)	207 (8.7)	323 (13.5)	37 (1.5)	65	15	2471	2391
FI	475 (37.3)	531 (41.7)	115 (9.0)	83 (6.5)	69 (5.4)	34	46	1353	1273
FR	969 (53.0)	484 (26.4)	180 (9.8)	132 (7.2)	65 (3.6)	30	43	1903	1830
GB-GBN	359 (18.9)	966 (50.7)	280 (14.7)	224 (11.8)	75 (3.9)	29	27	1960	1904
GB-NIR	143 (15.3)	387 (41.4)	166 (17.8)	167 (17.9)	71 (7.6)	30	23	987	934
HU	359 (35.5)	393 (38.8)	119 (11.8)	110 (10.9)	31 (3.1)	6	5	1023	1012
IE	101 (8.6)	631 (53.4)	148 (12.5)	226 (19.1)	75 (6.4)	40	19	1240	1181
IL	221 (18.4)	415 (34.5)	129 (10.7)	211 (17.5)	228 (18.9)	4	1	1209	1204
JP	283 (26.2)	176 (16.3)	202 (18.7)	100 (9.3)	318 (29.5)	52	1	1132	1079
LV	88 (9.0)	391 (39.9)	203 (20.7)	245 (25.0)	53 (5.4)	20		1000	980
MX	277 (18.9)	494 (33.8)	175 (12.0)	419 (28.7)	97 (6.6)	14	19	1495	1462
NL	438 (35.4)	671 (54.2)	68 (5.5)	47 (3.8)	13 (1.1)	9	3	1249	1237
NO	401 (27.8)	740 (51.2)	130 (9.0)	132 (9.1)	42 (2.9)	15	15	1475	1445
NZ	146 (14.7)	486 (49.0)	163 (16.4)	120 (12.1)	77 (7.8)	15	18	1025	992
PH	35 (2.9)	208 (17.4)	152 (12.7)	526 (44.1)	272 (22.8)	7		1200	1193
PL	143 (12.3)	561 (48.2)	191 (16.4)	207 (17.8)	62 (5.3)	80	8	1252	1164
PT	361 (33.2)	522 (48.1)	53 (4.9)	115 (10.6)	35 (3.2)	4	2	1092	1086
RU	219 (12.5)	754 (43.1)	319 (18.2)	358 (20.5)	100 (5.7)	35	13	1798	1750
SE	450 (42.3)	474 (44.6)	71 (6.7)	43 (4.0)	25 (2.4)	9	8	1080	1063
SI	187 (17.3)	550 (51.0)	142 (13.2)	167 (15.5)	32 (3.0)	11	4	1093	1078
SK	144 (13.0)	223 (20.1)	212 (19.1)	278 (25.1)	252 (22.7)	23	1	1133	1109
TW	25 (1.3)	504 (26.5)	313 (16.5)	887 (46.7)	171 (9.0)	81	2	1983	1900
US	188 (16.3)	348 (30.2)	199 (17.3)	217 (18.8)	201 (17.4)	17	1	1171	1153
N Sum	11321	17856	5614	7154	3325	971	397	46638	
N Valid Sum	11321	17856	5614	7154	3325				45270

V23 - Q4f Couple live together bef. get married

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4f It is a good idea for a couple who intend to get married to live together first.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V23 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V23	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
						M	M		
AT	705 (36.1)	870 (44.5)	227 (11.6)	117 (6.0)	36 (1.8)	92		2047	1955
AU	185 (13.9)	501 (37.6)	359 (26.9)	208 (15.6)	80 (6.0)	5	14	1352	1333
BE-FLA	291 (22.6)	626 (48.5)	252 (19.5)	94 (7.3)	27 (2.1)	59	11	1360	1290
BG	186 (20.0)	428 (45.9)	155 (16.6)	129 (13.8)	34 (3.6)	62	9	1003	932
BR	1084 (55.8)	205 (10.6)	88 (4.5)	112 (5.8)	453 (23.3)	58		2000	1942
CH	172 (17.8)	550 (56.9)	122 (12.6)	106 (11.0)	16 (1.7)	42		1008	966
CL	210 (14.1)	772 (51.7)	188 (12.6)	270 (18.1)	52 (3.5)	9	4	1505	1492
CY	37 (3.8)	445 (45.5)	188 (19.2)	285 (29.2)	22 (2.3)	27		1004	977
CZ	430 (34.8)	511 (41.3)	185 (15.0)	75 (6.1)	35 (2.8)	15	38	1289	1236
DE-E	116 (28.3)	210 (51.2)	40 (9.8)	35 (8.5)	9 (2.2)	16	5	431	410
DE-W	225 (25.1)	455 (50.8)	108 (12.1)	83 (9.3)	24 (2.7)	35	6	936	895
DK	996 (74.7)	197 (14.8)	83 (6.2)	18 (1.3)	40 (3.0)	20	25	1379	1334
ES	311 (13.1)	1382 (58.1)	252 (10.6)	385 (16.2)	47 (2.0)	72	22	2471	2377
FI	461 (36.8)	531 (42.4)	132 (10.5)	73 (5.8)	55 (4.4)	54	47	1353	1252
FR	970 (52.4)	557 (30.1)	208 (11.2)	63 (3.4)	52 (2.8)	20	33	1903	1850
GB-GBN	290 (15.4)	883 (46.8)	450 (23.8)	212 (11.2)	53 (2.8)	45	27	1960	1888
GB-NIR	156 (16.8)	316 (34.0)	211 (22.7)	171 (18.4)	76 (8.2)	33	24	987	930
HU	248 (24.9)	364 (36.5)	213 (21.4)	124 (12.4)	48 (4.8)	23	3	1023	997
IE	121 (10.3)	623 (53.0)	182 (15.5)	198 (16.9)	51 (4.3)	44	21	1240	1175
IL	314 (26.2)	370 (30.9)	127 (10.6)	176 (14.7)	211 (17.6)	8	3	1209	1198
JP	165 (15.4)	173 (16.1)	282 (26.3)	98 (9.1)	354 (33.0)	59	1	1132	1072
LV	169 (17.2)	505 (51.4)	191 (19.4)	95 (9.7)	23 (2.3)	17		1000	983
MX	296 (20.1)	487 (33.1)	167 (11.3)	419 (28.5)	103 (7.0)	9	14	1495	1472
NL	231 (19.0)	594 (48.9)	243 (20.0)	115 (9.5)	32 (2.6)	30	4	1249	1215
NO	412 (28.7)	742 (51.7)	166 (11.6)	87 (6.1)	28 (2.0)	25	15	1475	1435
NZ	135 (13.7)	396 (40.1)	253 (25.6)	141 (14.3)	62 (6.3)	17	21	1025	987
PH	97 (8.1)	332 (27.8)	166 (13.9)	406 (34.0)	194 (16.2)	5		1200	1195
PL	122 (10.8)	461 (40.8)	257 (22.7)	226 (20.0)	64 (5.7)	115	7	1252	1130
PT	193 (18.0)	429 (39.9)	187 (17.4)	197 (18.3)	69 (6.4)	12	5	1092	1075
RU	290 (16.9)	770 (44.7)	299 (17.4)	289 (16.8)	73 (4.2)	64	13	1798	1721
SE	452 (42.8)	456 (43.2)	113 (10.7)	22 (2.1)	12 (1.1)	21	4	1080	1055
SI	274 (25.3)	612 (56.4)	116 (10.7)	71 (6.5)	12 (1.1)	8		1093	1085
SK	243 (21.8)	291 (26.1)	245 (21.9)	167 (15.0)	171 (15.3)	16		1133	1117
TW	50 (2.7)	650 (34.7)	377 (20.1)	687 (36.7)	108 (5.8)	109	2	1983	1872
US	240 (20.8)	312 (27.1)	227 (19.7)	215 (18.6)	159 (13.8)	17	1	1171	1153
N Sum	10877	18006	7059	6169	2885	1263	379	46638	
N Valid Sum	10877	18006	7059	6169	2885				44996

V24 - Q4g Divorce best solution w marr. problems

Q.4

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.4g Divorce is usually the best solution when a couple can't seem to work out their marriage problems.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V24 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V24	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	788 (41.6)	795 (41.9)	159 (8.4)	111 (5.9)	43 (2.3)	151		2047	1896
AU	141 (10.6)	560 (41.9)	374 (28.0)	209 (15.7)	51 (3.8)	3	14	1352	1335
BE-FLA	241 (18.8)	615 (48.0)	252 (19.7)	145 (11.3)	27 (2.1)	68	12	1360	1280
BG	245 (27.2)	354 (39.2)	147 (16.3)	115 (12.7)	41 (4.5)	91	10	1003	902
BR	1527 (77.9)	161 (8.2)	37 (1.9)	62 (3.2)	173 (8.8)	40		2000	1960
CH	140 (14.7)	504 (52.9)	124 (13.0)	164 (17.2)	21 (2.2)	55		1008	953
CL	333 (22.4)	808 (54.4)	136 (9.2)	171 (11.5)	38 (2.6)	15	4	1505	1486
CY	75 (8.1)	550 (59.5)	139 (15.0)	141 (15.2)	20 (2.2)	79		1004	925
CZ	371 (30.2)	404 (32.9)	232 (18.9)	161 (13.1)	60 (4.9)	27	34	1289	1228
DE-E	123 (30.3)	204 (50.2)	39 (9.6)	33 (8.1)	7 (1.7)	20	5	431	406
DE-W	224 (25.3)	428 (48.3)	112 (12.6)	95 (10.7)	28 (3.2)	43	6	936	887
DK	558 (42.5)	351 (26.7)	130 (9.9)	175 (13.3)	99 (7.5)	40	26	1379	1313
ES	524 (21.9)	1422 (59.5)	179 (7.5)	224 (9.4)	42 (1.8)	72	8	2471	2391
FI	265 (21.8)	504 (41.4)	221 (18.2)	161 (13.2)	65 (5.3)	91	46	1353	1216
FR	547 (30.1)	552 (30.3)	381 (20.9)	211 (11.6)	129 (7.1)	46	37	1903	1820
GB-GBN	223 (11.9)	945 (50.5)	395 (21.1)	253 (13.5)	56 (3.0)	64	24	1960	1872
GB-NIR	209 (22.9)	380 (41.6)	148 (16.2)	131 (14.3)	45 (4.9)	51	23	987	913
HU	244 (24.3)	343 (34.1)	231 (23.0)	137 (13.6)	51 (5.1)	13	4	1023	1006
IE	84 (7.3)	623 (54.1)	187 (16.2)	231 (20.1)	27 (2.3)	67	21	1240	1152
IL	359 (30.1)	438 (36.8)	194 (16.3)	154 (12.9)	46 (3.9)	18		1209	1191
JP	189 (17.9)	168 (15.9)	318 (30.1)	126 (11.9)	255 (24.1)	74	2	1132	1056
LV	145 (14.9)	455 (46.7)	225 (23.1)	132 (13.6)	17 (1.7)	26		1000	974
MX	529 (36.2)	535 (36.6)	87 (6.0)	263 (18.0)	47 (3.2)	13	21	1495	1461
NL	215 (17.8)	682 (56.4)	208 (17.2)	90 (7.4)	15 (1.2)	35	4	1249	1210
NO	136 (9.7)	646 (46.1)	348 (24.9)	219 (15.6)	51 (3.6)	63	12	1475	1400
NZ	80 (8.2)	433 (44.3)	229 (23.4)	185 (18.9)	51 (5.2)	26	21	1025	978
PH	121 (10.2)	314 (26.4)	167 (14.0)	357 (30.0)	230 (19.3)	11		1200	1189
PL	177 (15.8)	539 (48.1)	192 (17.1)	173 (15.4)	40 (3.6)	125	6	1252	1121
PT	323 (29.8)	525 (48.5)	88 (8.1)	116 (10.7)	31 (2.9)	6	3	1092	1083
RU	296 (17.4)	623 (36.6)	284 (16.7)	431 (25.3)	69 (4.1)	84	11	1798	1703
SE	134 (13.4)	410 (41.1)	285 (28.6)	111 (11.1)	57 (5.7)	72	11	1080	997
SI	183 (17.1)	526 (49.1)	158 (14.8)	170 (15.9)	34 (3.2)	22		1093	1071
SK	337 (30.9)	268 (24.5)	215 (19.7)	169 (15.5)	103 (9.4)	41		1133	1092
TW	72 (4.3)	663 (39.7)	190 (11.4)	636 (38.1)	107 (6.4)	312	3	1983	1668
US	156 (13.6)	338 (29.4)	233 (20.3)	302 (26.3)	120 (10.4)	21	1	1171	1149
N Sum	10314	18066	7044	6564	2296	1985	369	46638	
N Valid Sum	10314	18066	7044	6564	2296				44284

V25 - Q5a Children: watching up is greatest joy

Q.5

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.5a Watching children grow up is life's greatest joy.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused



V25 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V25	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	1009 (54.7)	684 (37.1)	119 (6.5)	26 (1.4)	5 (0.3)	204		2047	1843
AU	499 (37.5)	608 (45.7)	155 (11.6)	56 (4.2)	13 (1.0)	5	16	1352	1331
BE-FLA	497 (39.2)	596 (47.0)	129 (10.2)	41 (3.2)	6 (0.5)	73	18	1360	1269
BG	644 (67.3)	275 (28.7)	30 (3.1)	6 (0.6)	2 (0.2)	33	13	1003	957
BR	1772 (91.0)	101 (5.2)	20 (1.0)	19 (1.0)	35 (1.8)	53		2000	1947
CH	278 (30.8)	527 (58.4)	70 (7.8)	24 (2.7)	3 (0.3)	106		1008	902
CL	898 (60.2)	569 (38.2)	11 (0.7)	13 (0.9)		12	2	1505	1491
CY	85 (8.6)	875 (88.4)	26 (2.6)	4 (0.4)		14		1004	990
CZ	736 (60.5)	356 (29.3)	98 (8.1)	24 (2.0)	3 (0.2)	26	46	1289	1217
DE-E	255 (61.9)	142 (34.5)	10 (2.4)	4 (1.0)	1 (0.2)	18	1	431	412
DE-W	368 (42.3)	417 (47.9)	67 (7.7)	16 (1.8)	2 (0.2)	61	5	936	870
DK	939 (74.0)	242 (19.1)	73 (5.8)	5 (0.4)	10 (0.8)	85	25	1379	1269
ES	1119 (47.9)	1005 (43.0)	109 (4.7)	84 (3.6)	19 (0.8)	131	4	2471	2336
FI	434 (36.8)	526 (44.6)	149 (12.6)	52 (4.4)	19 (1.6)	138	35	1353	1180
FR	1077 (58.6)	577 (31.4)	144 (7.8)	28 (1.5)	12 (0.7)	38	27	1903	1838
GB-GBN	704 (37.2)	831 (43.9)	283 (14.9)	60 (3.2)	16 (0.8)	50	16	1960	1894
GB-NIR	348 (39.1)	391 (43.9)	105 (11.8)	35 (3.9)	11 (1.2)	78	19	987	890
HU	745 (73.6)	218 (21.5)	43 (4.2)	6 (0.6)		8	3	1023	1012
IE	291 (25.2)	694 (60.2)	123 (10.7)	36 (3.1)	9 (0.8)	63	24	1240	1153
IL	744 (62.7)	340 (28.7)	76 (6.4)	24 (2.0)	2 (0.2)	22	1	1209	1186
JP	671 (61.3)	273 (24.9)	93 (8.5)	18 (1.6)	40 (3.7)	37		1132	1095
LV	397 (41.0)	454 (46.9)	96 (9.9)	18 (1.9)	4 (0.4)	31		1000	969
MX	1031 (69.7)	400 (27.0)	28 (1.9)	9 (0.6)	11 (0.7)	6	10	1495	1479
NL	327 (29.8)	560 (51.0)	168 (15.3)	31 (2.8)	12 (1.1)	146	5	1249	1098
NO	577 (41.0)	646 (45.9)	151 (10.7)	25 (1.8)	7 (0.5)	59	10	1475	1406
NZ	371 (37.9)	413 (42.2)	155 (15.8)	31 (3.2)	8 (0.8)	25	22	1025	978
PH	688 (57.4)	434 (36.2)	59 (4.9)	12 (1.0)	5 (0.4)	2		1200	1198
PL	500 (41.9)	599 (50.3)	72 (6.0)	15 (1.3)	6 (0.5)	53	7	1252	1192
PT	752 (71.5)	257 (24.4)	28 (2.7)	6 (0.6)	9 (0.9)	35	5	1092	1052
RU	1073 (60.8)	635 (36.0)	49 (2.8)	6 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	25	9	1798	1764
SE	563 (56.1)	344 (34.3)	89 (8.9)	5 (0.5)	3 (0.3)	69	7	1080	1004
SI	562 (51.9)	457 (42.2)	45 (4.2)	9 (0.8)	9 (0.8)	10	1	1093	1082
SK	748 (68.1)	254 (23.1)	81 (7.4)	9 (0.8)	6 (0.5)	32	3	1133	1098
TW	687 (35.2)	1177 (60.4)	58 (3.0)	27 (1.4)		33	1	1983	1949
US	611 (53.0)	374 (32.5)	130 (11.3)	26 (2.3)	11 (1.0)	18	1	1171	1152
N Sum	23000	17251	3142	810	300	1799	336	46638	
N Valid Sum	23000	17251	3142	810	300				44503

V26 - Q5b People without kids: lead empty lives

Q.5

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.5b People who have never had children lead empty lives.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V26 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V26	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M M								
AT	349 (20.8)	331 (19.8)	354 (21.1)	412 (24.6)	228 (13.6)	373		2047	1674
AU	64 (4.8)	210 (15.7)	360 (27.0)	491 (36.8)	209 (15.7)	3	15	1352	1334
BE-FLA	59 (4.7)	175 (14.1)	259 (20.8)	541 (43.5)	209 (16.8)	102	15	1360	1243
BG	333 (37.9)	242 (27.5)	130 (14.8)	137 (15.6)	37 (4.2)	109	15	1003	879
BR	1229 (63.3)	210 (10.8)	94 (4.8)	121 (6.2)	289 (14.9)	57		2000	1943
CH	19 (2.1)	113 (12.4)	118 (12.9)	420 (46.0)	244 (26.7)	94		1008	914
CL	339 (23.2)	557 (38.1)	167 (11.4)	330 (22.6)	69 (4.7)	35	8	1505	1462
CY	25 (2.7)	499 (54.4)	218 (23.8)	162 (17.7)	13 (1.4)	87		1004	917
CZ	309 (25.1)	320 (26.0)	286 (23.3)	216 (17.6)	98 (8.0)	35	25	1289	1229
DE-E	81 (21.9)	132 (35.7)	60 (16.2)	81 (21.9)	16 (4.3)	60	1	431	370
DE-W	109 (13.4)	205 (25.2)	177 (21.7)	258 (31.7)	65 (8.0)	116	6	936	814
DK	57 (4.5)	104 (8.2)	157 (12.4)	159 (12.6)	789 (62.3)	87	26	1379	1266
ES	164 (7.3)	541 (24.1)	275 (12.3)	978 (43.6)	286 (12.7)	220	7	2471	2244
FI	247 (20.8)	411 (34.7)	263 (22.2)	188 (15.9)	76 (6.4)	127	41	1353	1185
FR	206 (11.3)	320 (17.6)	475 (26.2)	347 (19.1)	467 (25.7)	55	33	1903	1815
GB-GBN	81 (4.3)	198 (10.5)	467 (24.7)	841 (44.5)	301 (15.9)	45	27	1960	1888
GB-NIR	37 (4.1)	105 (11.6)	194 (21.4)	386 (42.7)	183 (20.2)	62	20	987	905
HU	474 (47.4)	238 (23.8)	183 (18.3)	85 (8.5)	20 (2.0)	20	3	1023	1000
IE	29 (2.5)	149 (12.8)	150 (12.9)	647 (55.6)	189 (16.2)	58	18	1240	1164
IL	365 (30.8)	334 (28.2)	234 (19.7)	194 (16.4)	59 (5.0)	21	2	1209	1186
JP	347 (32.6)	184 (17.3)	209 (19.6)	79 (7.4)	247 (23.2)	66		1132	1066
LV	145 (15.4)	236 (25.0)	291 (30.8)	230 (24.4)	42 (4.4)	56		1000	944
MX	449 (30.9)	449 (30.9)	154 (10.6)	333 (22.9)	70 (4.8)	25	15	1495	1455
NL	16 (1.4)	111 (9.8)	273 (24.1)	520 (45.9)	212 (18.7)	113	4	1249	1132
NO	47 (3.5)	196 (14.4)	362 (26.7)	512 (37.7)	241 (17.7)	104	13	1475	1358
NZ	25 (2.5)	113 (11.5)	246 (25.1)	443 (45.2)	154 (15.7)	17	27	1025	981
PH	284 (23.9)	340 (28.6)	189 (15.9)	297 (25.0)	80 (6.7)	10		1200	1190
PL	102 (9.4)	293 (27.0)	259 (23.8)	385 (35.4)	48 (4.4)	158	7	1252	1087
PT	250 (23.5)	392 (36.9)	154 (14.5)	194 (18.3)	73 (6.9)	23	6	1092	1063
RU	427 (24.8)	542 (31.5)	312 (18.1)	346 (20.1)	93 (5.4)	57	21	1798	1720
SE	29 (3.0)	67 (7.0)	292 (30.4)	303 (31.6)	268 (27.9)	114	7	1080	959
SI	247 (23.3)	398 (37.5)	208 (19.6)	173 (16.3)	36 (3.4)	31		1093	1062
SK	197 (18.2)	226 (20.9)	266 (24.6)	230 (21.3)	162 (15.0)	49	3	1133	1081
TW	182 (11.3)	814 (50.3)	220 (13.6)	380 (23.5)	21 (1.3)	364	2	1983	1617
US	76 (6.7)	127 (11.2)	255 (22.4)	428 (37.6)	252 (22.1)	32	1	1171	1138
N Sum	7399	9882	8311	11847	5846	2985	368	46638	
N Valid Sum	7399	9882	8311	11847	5846				43285

V27 - Q6a Workg women shld:paid maternity leave

Q.6

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.6a Working women should receive paid maternity leave when they have a baby.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V27 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V27	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M M								
AT	883 (47.4)	677 (36.3)	150 (8.1)	84 (4.5)	69 (3.7)	184		2047	1863
AU	237 (17.8)	407 (30.5)	277 (20.8)	269 (20.2)	143 (10.7)	1	18	1352	1333
BE-FLA	355 (27.5)	684 (52.9)	149 (11.5)	80 (6.2)	24 (1.9)	57	11	1360	1292
BG	770 (79.5)	187 (19.3)	7 (0.7)	5 (0.5)		19	15	1003	969
BR	1889 (95.7)	61 (3.1)	7 (0.4)	3 (0.2)	14 (0.7)	26		2000	1974
CH	311 (32.0)	540 (55.5)	55 (5.7)	62 (6.4)	5 (0.5)	35		1008	973
CL	764 (51.1)	692 (46.3)	28 (1.9)	8 (0.5)	3 (0.2)	8	2	1505	1495
CY	97 (9.7)	896 (89.3)	10 (1.0)			1		1004	1003
CZ	879 (71.8)	234 (19.1)	61 (5.0)	31 (2.5)	20 (1.6)	12	52	1289	1225
DE-E	274 (64.5)	134 (31.5)	10 (2.4)	6 (1.4)	1 (0.2)	4	2	431	425
DE-W	345 (38.9)	453 (51.1)	43 (4.9)	40 (4.5)	5 (0.6)	44	6	936	886
DK	1025 (77.2)	182 (13.7)	47 (3.5)	34 (2.6)	40 (3.0)	29	22	1379	1328
ES	1244 (51.6)	1074 (44.5)	59 (2.4)	34 (1.4)	2 (0.1)	51	7	2471	2413
FI	820 (63.8)	387 (30.1)	54 (4.2)	16 (1.2)	8 (0.6)	36	32	1353	1285
FR	1110 (60.4)	508 (27.6)	125 (6.8)	56 (3.0)	39 (2.1)	22	43	1903	1838
GB-GBN	785 (40.8)	930 (48.3)	100 (5.2)	93 (4.8)	17 (0.9)	16	19	1960	1925
GB-NIR	508 (54.0)	370 (39.4)	44 (4.7)	18 (1.9)		27	20	987	940
HU	831 (81.8)	162 (15.9)	17 (1.7)	6 (0.6)		6	1	1023	1016
IE	283 (23.7)	829 (69.4)	46 (3.8)	26 (2.2)	11 (0.9)	27	18	1240	1195
IL	851 (70.6)	323 (26.8)	21 (1.7)	7 (0.6)	3 (0.2)	3	1	1209	1205
JP	946 (85.3)	117 (10.6)	28 (2.5)	14 (1.3)	4 (0.4)	23		1132	1109
LV	714 (71.6)	269 (27.0)	13 (1.3)		1 (0.1)	3		1000	997
MX	822 (56.8)	461 (31.9)	47 (3.3)	92 (6.4)	24 (1.7)	19	30	1495	1446
NL	223 (18.4)	570 (47.1)	172 (14.2)	197 (16.3)	49 (4.0)	32	6	1249	1211
NO	629 (43.9)	676 (47.2)	83 (5.8)	38 (2.7)	7 (0.5)	30	12	1475	1433
NZ	216 (21.7)	358 (36.0)	110 (11.1)	218 (21.9)	93 (9.3)	8	22	1025	995
PH	704 (58.9)	430 (36.0)	43 (3.6)	18 (1.5)	1 (0.1)	4		1200	1196
PL	515 (42.4)	630 (51.9)	36 (3.0)	29 (2.4)	4 (0.3)	34	4	1252	1214
PT	727 (66.9)	347 (31.9)	8 (0.7)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	3	2	1092	1087
RU	1323 (74.2)	439 (24.6)	16 (0.9)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	12	4	1798	1782
SE	539 (51.6)	404 (38.7)	78 (7.5)	19 (1.8)	4 (0.4)	25	11	1080	1044
SI	678 (62.4)	392 (36.1)	8 (0.7)	6 (0.6)	3 (0.3)	5	1	1093	1087
SK	850 (76.0)	187 (16.7)	50 (4.5)	19 (1.7)	13 (1.2)	10	4	1133	1119
TW	382 (19.8)	1276 (66.2)	178 (9.2)	88 (4.6)	4 (0.2)	51	4	1983	1928
US	571 (49.4)	411 (35.6)	98 (8.5)	56 (4.8)	19 (1.6)	15	1	1171	1155
N Sum	24100	16697	2278	1679	632	882	370	46638	
N Valid Sum	24100	16697	2278	1679	632				45386

V28 - Q6b Workg parents shld:financial benefits

Q.6

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.6b Families should receive financial benefits for child care when both parents work.

- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

V28 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V28	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
					M		M		
AT	572 (31.5)	531 (29.2)	279 (15.4)	283 (15.6)	151 (8.3)	231		2047	1816
AU	164 (12.3)	340 (25.6)	316 (23.8)	351 (26.4)	158 (11.9)	5	18	1352	1329
BE-FLA	209 (16.3)	456 (35.6)	255 (19.9)	293 (22.9)	69 (5.4)	65	13	1360	1282
BG	552 (59.9)	245 (26.6)	51 (5.5)	62 (6.7)	12 (1.3)	65	16	1003	922
BR	1594 (81.3)	170 (8.7)	75 (3.8)	23 (1.2)	98 (5.0)	40		2000	1960
CH	128 (13.7)	303 (32.5)	162 (17.4)	276 (29.6)	63 (6.8)	76		1008	932
CL	590 (39.8)	645 (43.5)	106 (7.2)	127 (8.6)	14 (0.9)	20	3	1505	1482
CY	46 (4.8)	738 (77.4)	127 (13.3)	41 (4.3)	2 (0.2)	50		1004	954
CZ	735 (60.0)	296 (24.1)	130 (10.6)	48 (3.9)	17 (1.4)	19	44	1289	1226
DE-E	223 (52.7)	150 (35.5)	22 (5.2)	23 (5.4)	5 (1.2)	4	4	431	423
DE-W	248 (28.2)	361 (41.1)	108 (12.3)	134 (15.2)	28 (3.2)	49	8	936	879
DK	454 (34.5)	351 (26.7)	154 (11.7)	157 (11.9)	201 (15.3)	38	24	1379	1317
ES	940 (39.6)	983 (41.5)	144 (6.1)	246 (10.4)	58 (2.4)	87	13	2471	2371
FI	447 (35.9)	411 (33.0)	202 (16.2)	155 (12.5)	29 (2.3)	73	36	1353	1244
FR	659 (36.0)	485 (26.5)	320 (17.5)	220 (12.0)	145 (7.9)	31	43	1903	1829
GB-GBN	395 (20.9)	632 (33.4)	347 (18.3)	428 (22.6)	91 (4.8)	41	26	1960	1893
GB-NIR	364 (40.1)	294 (32.4)	115 (12.7)	122 (13.5)	12 (1.3)	59	21	987	907
HU	593 (59.0)	256 (25.5)	105 (10.4)	36 (3.6)	15 (1.5)	16	2	1023	1005
IE	144 (12.3)	603 (51.5)	162 (13.8)	215 (18.4)	47 (4.0)	48	21	1240	1171
IL	467 (39.5)	333 (28.1)	183 (15.5)	174 (14.7)	26 (2.2)	25	1	1209	1183
JP	510 (47.6)	242 (22.6)	167 (15.6)	46 (4.3)	106 (9.9)	56	5	1132	1071
LV	402 (41.8)	367 (38.1)	120 (12.5)	66 (6.9)	7 (0.7)	38		1000	962
MX	684 (47.9)	515 (36.0)	71 (5.0)	138 (9.7)	21 (1.5)	20	46	1495	1429
NL	88 (7.3)	301 (24.8)	214 (17.6)	442 (36.4)	168 (13.8)	30	6	1249	1213
NO	376 (26.4)	605 (42.5)	214 (15.0)	189 (13.3)	39 (2.7)	34	18	1475	1423
NZ	133 (13.6)	241 (24.7)	152 (15.6)	331 (33.9)	120 (12.3)	22	26	1025	977
PH	510 (42.9)	513 (43.1)	116 (9.8)	40 (3.4)	10 (0.8)	11		1200	1189
PL	192 (17.3)	391 (35.3)	220 (19.8)	260 (23.4)	46 (4.1)	138	5	1252	1109
PT	518 (47.7)	422 (38.9)	91 (8.4)	51 (4.7)	4 (0.4)	3	3	1092	1086
RU	691 (40.6)	560 (32.9)	269 (15.8)	149 (8.7)	35 (2.1)	82	12	1798	1704
SE	205 (20.2)	300 (29.5)	279 (27.5)	180 (17.7)	52 (5.1)	58	6	1080	1016
SI	303 (28.1)	506 (46.9)	163 (15.1)	93 (8.6)	14 (1.3)	12	2	1093	1079
SK	702 (62.9)	232 (20.8)	119 (10.7)	39 (3.5)	24 (2.2)	14	3	1133	1116
TW	248 (13.1)	1098 (57.8)	299 (15.7)	238 (12.5)	16 (0.8)	80	4	1983	1899
US	333 (29.2)	312 (27.3)	206 (18.1)	216 (18.9)	74 (6.5)	29	1	1171	1141
N Sum	15419	15188	6063	5892	1977	1669	430	46638	
N Valid Sum	15419	15188	6063	5892	1977				44539

V29 - Q7 Organizing income in partnership

Q.7

PLEASE ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IF YOU ARE CURRENTLY LIVING WITH YOUR SPOUSE OR A PARTNER OTHERWISE GO TO Q.15

How do you and your spouse/partner organize the income that one or both of you receive? Please choose the option that comes closest.

(Please tick one box only)

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 I manage all the money and give my spouse/partner his/her share
- 2 My spouse/partner manages all the money and gives me my share
- 3 We pool all the money and each take out what we need
- 4 We pool some of the money and keep the rest separate
- 5 We each keep our own money separate
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

- 6 my mother-in-law manages the money

in United States of America (US):

- 0 not married



V29 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V29	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M								M	M	
AT	847	94 (7.9)	106 (9.0)	595 (50.3)	166 (14.0)	223 (18.8)			16	2047	1184
AU	283	106 (10.9)	81 (8.3)	565 (57.9)	134 (13.7)	90 (9.2)			93	1352	976
BE-FLA	390	24 (2.9)	42 (5.0)	636 (76.2)	93 (11.1)	40 (4.8)		135		1360	835
BG	294	46 (6.6)	36 (5.1)	535 (76.2)	56 (8.0)	29 (4.1)			7	1003	702
BR	678	264 (24.3)	229 (21.1)	405 (37.3)	58 (5.3)	130 (12.0)		236		2000	1086
CH	408	44 (7.7)	41 (7.2)	351 (61.5)	76 (13.3)	59 (10.3)			29	1008	571
CL	587	211 (23.2)	226 (24.9)	353 (38.9)	63 (6.9)	55 (6.1)			10	1505	908
CY	339	173 (26.0)	138 (20.8)	158 (23.8)	113 (17.0)	83 (12.5)				1004	665
CZ	440	97 (12.3)	62 (7.9)	426 (54.1)	183 (23.2)	20 (2.5)			61	1289	788
DE-E	121	16 (5.3)	17 (5.6)	209 (68.8)	35 (11.5)	27 (8.9)			6	431	304
DE-W	275	41 (6.5)	34 (5.4)	414 (65.8)	55 (8.7)	85 (13.5)			32	936	629
DK	395	36 (3.7)	28 (2.9)	665 (68.6)	147 (15.2)	93 (9.6)			15	1379	969
ES	951	236 (15.7)	234 (15.6)	952 (63.3)	59 (3.9)	22 (1.5)			17	2471	1503
FI	421	22 (2.5)	23 (2.6)	373 (42.4)	189 (21.5)	272 (30.9)			53	1353	879
FR	385	57 (4.1)	26 (1.9)	856 (62.1)	263 (19.1)	177 (12.8)			139	1903	1379
GB-GBN	814	95 (8.5)	94 (8.4)	615 (55.3)	190 (17.1)	119 (10.7)			33	1960	1113
GB-NIR	486	53 (11.3)	43 (9.2)	281 (59.9)	52 (11.1)	40 (8.5)			32	987	469
HU	389	74 (11.8)	67 (10.7)	421 (67.0)	56 (8.9)	10 (1.6)			6	1023	628
IE	501	90 (12.3)	81 (11.1)	410 (56.0)	93 (12.7)	58 (7.9)			7	1240	732
IL	366	91 (11.1)	67 (8.2)	576 (70.2)	42 (5.1)	44 (5.4)			23	1209	820
JP	324	268 (33.8)	284 (35.8)	161 (20.3)	50 (6.3)	31 (3.9)			14	1132	794
LV	400	79 (13.2)	61 (10.2)	269 (45.0)	146 (24.4)	43 (7.2)		1	1	1000	598
MX	571	229 (26.6)	230 (26.7)	286 (33.3)	62 (7.2)	53 (6.2)		2	62	1495	860
NL	444	47 (5.9)	39 (4.9)	537 (67.5)	129 (16.2)	44 (5.5)			9	1249	796
NO	353	20 (1.8)	16 (1.5)	688 (62.7)	255 (23.2)	118 (10.8)			25	1475	1097
NZ	247	55 (7.7)	48 (6.7)	420 (59.0)	117 (16.4)	72 (10.1)			66	1025	712
PH	321	334 (38.0)	275 (31.3)	210 (23.9)	45 (5.1)	15 (1.7)				1200	879
PL	500	74 (9.9)	75 (10.1)	529 (70.9)	43 (5.8)	25 (3.4)			6	1252	746
PT	457	20 (3.2)	33 (5.3)	493 (79.1)	45 (7.2)	32 (5.1)		1	11	1092	623
RU	761	236 (23.2)	207 (20.3)	442 (43.4)	116 (11.4)	17 (1.7)		7	12	1798	1018
SE	276	16 (2.0)	9 (1.1)	424 (52.7)	252 (31.3)	103 (12.8)				1080	804
SI	349	17 (2.3)	16 (2.2)	538 (73.9)	110 (15.1)	47 (6.5)		16		1093	728
SK	426	88 (12.5)	90 (12.8)	376 (53.3)	109 (15.5)	42 (6.0)			2	1133	705
TW	713	269 (21.2)	326 (25.7)	326 (25.7)	96 (7.6)	251 (19.8)	2 (0.2)			1983	1270
US	464	82 (12.0)	83 (12.1)	366 (53.4)	69 (10.1)	86 (12.5)			21	1171	686
N Sum	15976	3704	3467	15861	3767	2655	2	398	808	46638	
N Valid Sum		3704	3467	15861	3767	2655	2				29456

V30 - Q8a Division of hh work: doing the laundry

Q.8

In your household who does the following things ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8a does the laundry

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always me
- 2 Usually me
- 3 About equal/both together
- 4 Usually my spouse/partner
- 5 Always my spouse/partner
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 don't know

in Poland (PL):

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

AU: for the whole question battery no filter was applied

NL, PL: for the whole question battery the answer scales of the ISSP 1994 were used

V30 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V30	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN												
	M								M	M		
AT	847	563 (47.3)	106 (8.9)	86 (7.2)	128 (10.7)	277 (23.3)	31 (2.6)	9			2047	1191
AU		452 (36.0)	220 (17.5)	161 (12.8)	248 (19.8)	140 (11.2)	33 (2.6)	28	70		1352	1254
BE-FLA	390	356 (37.9)	96 (10.2)	56 (6.0)	100 (10.6)	319 (33.9)	13 (1.4)		30		1360	940
BG	294	303 (42.9)	80 (11.3)	35 (5.0)	136 (19.3)	144 (20.4)	8 (1.1)	1	2		1003	706
BR	678	447 (38.7)	78 (6.7)	61 (5.3)	221 (19.1)	239 (20.7)	110 (9.5)	166			2000	1156
CH	408	193 (32.2)	70 (11.7)	52 (8.7)	151 (25.2)	118 (19.7)	16 (2.7)				1008	600
CL	587	370 (40.5)	37 (4.0)	112 (12.3)	121 (13.2)	212 (23.2)	62 (6.8)		4		1505	914
CY	339	236 (35.5)	78 (11.7)	13 (2.0)	40 (6.0)	254 (38.2)	44 (6.6)				1004	665
CZ	440	379 (47.4)	95 (11.9)	56 (7.0)	104 (13.0)	158 (19.8)	7 (0.9)		50		1289	799
DE-E	121	108 (35.4)	34 (11.1)	24 (7.9)	62 (20.3)	74 (24.3)	3 (1.0)	1	4		431	305
DE-W	275	208 (32.7)	98 (15.4)	53 (8.3)	119 (18.7)	147 (23.1)	11 (1.7)	1	24		936	636
DK	395	292 (30.1)	160 (16.5)	149 (15.4)	159 (16.4)	207 (21.4)	2 (0.2)	2	13		1379	969
ES	951	582 (38.4)	146 (9.6)	196 (12.9)	234 (15.4)	330 (21.8)	27 (1.8)	3	2		2471	1515
FI	421	204 (23.1)	212 (24.0)	140 (15.9)	185 (21.0)	137 (15.5)	5 (0.6)	1	48		1353	883
FR	385	682 (48.6)	149 (10.6)	185 (13.2)	102 (7.3)	275 (19.6)	11 (0.8)	3	111		1903	1404
GB-GBN	814	345 (30.4)	199 (17.5)	164 (14.5)	213 (18.8)	198 (17.5)	15 (1.3)	4	8		1960	1134
GB-NIR	486	132 (27.1)	112 (23.0)	49 (10.1)	108 (22.2)	75 (15.4)	11 (2.3)		14		987	487
HU	389	265 (41.9)	37 (5.9)	63 (10.0)	45 (7.1)	213 (33.7)	9 (1.4)		2		1023	632
IE	501	286 (39.0)	107 (14.6)	74 (10.1)	102 (13.9)	156 (21.3)	9 (1.2)	2	3		1240	734
IL	366	315 (37.7)	98 (11.7)	104 (12.5)	83 (9.9)	207 (24.8)	28 (3.4)		8		1209	835
JP	324	330 (40.9)	61 (7.6)	60 (7.4)	94 (11.6)	234 (29.0)	28 (3.5)	1			1132	807
LV	400	137 (22.9)	134 (22.4)	89 (14.9)	135 (22.6)	88 (14.7)	15 (2.5)	2			1000	598
MX	571	398 (45.2)	75 (8.5)	73 (8.3)	185 (21.0)	85 (9.6)	65 (7.4)		43		1495	881
NL	444	440 (55.1)	243 (30.4)	83 (10.4)	21 (2.6)	10 (1.3)	2 (0.3)	2	4		1249	799
NO	353	266 (24.1)	246 (22.3)	171 (15.5)	226 (20.5)	194 (17.6)	2 (0.2)	3	14		1475	1105
NZ	247	173 (23.6)	172 (23.5)	138 (18.8)	162 (22.1)	86 (11.7)	2 (0.3)		45		1025	733
PH	321	288 (32.8)	101 (11.5)	144 (16.4)	114 (13.0)	116 (13.2)	114 (13.0)	2			1200	877
PL	500	422 (56.8)	211 (28.4)	86 (11.6)	11 (1.5)	2 (0.3)	11 (1.5)	2	7		1252	743
PT	457	282 (44.5)	56 (8.8)	29 (4.6)	64 (10.1)	166 (26.2)	36 (5.7)		2		1092	633
RU	761	356 (34.8)	138 (13.5)	136 (13.3)	231 (22.6)	149 (14.6)	14 (1.4)	5	8		1798	1024
SE	263	191 (23.5)	171 (21.1)	160 (19.7)	173 (21.3)	114 (14.0)	3 (0.4)	3	2		1080	812
SI	353	291 (39.4)	72 (9.7)	54 (7.3)	73 (9.9)	225 (30.4)	24 (3.2)	1			1093	739
SK	426	252 (35.7)	108 (15.3)	40 (5.7)	143 (20.3)	151 (21.4)	11 (1.6)		2		1133	705
TW	713	407 (32.5)	124 (9.9)	192 (15.3)	145 (11.6)	318 (25.4)	68 (5.4)	15	1		1983	1254
US	464	170 (25.0)	140 (20.6)	187 (27.5)	151 (22.2)	22 (3.2)	10 (1.5)	6	21		1171	680
N Sum	15684	11121	4264	3475	4589	5840	860	263	542		46638	
N Valid Sum		11121	4264	3475	4589	5840	860					30149

V31 - Q8b Division of hh work: small repairs

Q.8

In your household who does the following things ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8b makes small repairs around the house

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always me
- 2 Usually me
- 3 About equal/both together
- 4 Usually my spouse/partner
- 5 Always my spouse/partner
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 don't know

in Poland (PL):

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

AU: for the whole question battery no filter was applied

NL, PL: for the whole question battery the answer scales of the ISSP 1994 were used

V31 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V31	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	847	287 (24.0)	202 (16.9)	168 (14.1)	284 (23.8)	216 (18.1)	37 (3.1)	6		2047	1194
AU		362 (28.6)	330 (26.0)	141 (11.1)	270 (21.3)	98 (7.7)	66 (5.2)	26	59	1352	1267
BE-FLA	390	185 (19.7)	230 (24.5)	131 (14.0)	204 (21.8)	127 (13.6)	60 (6.4)	3	30	1360	937
BG	294	148 (21.1)	114 (16.2)	148 (21.1)	195 (27.8)	69 (9.8)	28 (4.0)	2	5	1003	702
BR	678	374 (32.8)	165 (14.5)	78 (6.8)	241 (21.1)	184 (16.1)	98 (8.6)	182		2000	1140
CH	408	173 (28.9)	146 (24.4)	79 (13.2)	131 (21.9)	50 (8.4)	19 (3.2)	2		1008	598
CL	587	289 (31.7)	115 (12.6)	109 (12.0)	176 (19.3)	148 (16.2)	75 (8.2)		6	1505	912
CY	339	99 (15.2)	138 (21.2)	19 (2.9)	86 (13.2)	177 (27.2)	131 (20.2)	15		1004	650
CZ	440	150 (18.4)	149 (18.2)	107 (13.1)	249 (30.5)	136 (16.6)	26 (3.2)		32	1289	817
DE-E	121	60 (19.6)	88 (28.8)	30 (9.8)	83 (27.1)	38 (12.4)	7 (2.3)		4	431	306
DE-W	275	116 (18.2)	188 (29.5)	82 (12.9)	155 (24.3)	81 (12.7)	15 (2.4)		24	936	637
DK	395	240 (24.9)	159 (16.5)	136 (14.1)	224 (23.3)	183 (19.0)	21 (2.2)	2	19	1379	963
ES	951	391 (26.0)	235 (15.6)	185 (12.3)	267 (17.7)	311 (20.7)	116 (7.7)	8	7	2471	1505
FI	421	131 (14.9)	239 (27.3)	120 (13.7)	287 (32.7)	92 (10.5)	8 (0.9)	5	50	1353	877
FR	385	301 (21.5)	188 (13.4)	289 (20.6)	283 (20.2)	307 (21.9)	32 (2.3)	4	114	1903	1400
GB-GBN	814	204 (18.1)	274 (24.4)	192 (17.1)	291 (25.9)	124 (11.0)	40 (3.6)	4	17	1960	1125
GB-NIR	486	76 (15.7)	131 (27.1)	47 (9.7)	120 (24.8)	84 (17.4)	26 (5.4)	2	15	987	484
HU	389	151 (24.0)	116 (18.4)	59 (9.4)	116 (18.4)	163 (25.9)	25 (4.0)		4	1023	630
IE	501	147 (20.1)	177 (24.2)	93 (12.7)	136 (18.6)	142 (19.4)	36 (4.9)	2	6	1240	731
IL	366	245 (29.4)	118 (14.1)	87 (10.4)	116 (13.9)	193 (23.1)	75 (9.0)		9	1209	834
JP	324	214 (26.7)	166 (20.7)	111 (13.8)	132 (16.5)	141 (17.6)	38 (4.7)	5	1	1132	802
LV	400	111 (18.6)	130 (21.8)	80 (13.4)	154 (25.8)	85 (14.2)	37 (6.2)	3		1000	597
MX	571	241 (27.3)	131 (14.9)	105 (11.9)	227 (25.7)	108 (12.2)	70 (7.9)	1	41	1495	882
NL	444	12 (1.5)	19 (2.4)	109 (13.6)	393 (49.1)	251 (31.4)	16 (2.0)	2	3	1249	800
NO	353	155 (14.1)	330 (29.9)	172 (15.6)	305 (27.7)	129 (11.7)	11 (1.0)	2	18	1475	1102
NZ	247	115 (15.8)	195 (26.8)	106 (14.6)	190 (26.1)	97 (13.3)	25 (3.4)	3	47	1025	728
PH	321	209 (23.8)	184 (21.0)	94 (10.7)	189 (21.6)	126 (14.4)	75 (8.6)	2		1200	877
PL	500	11 (1.5)	29 (3.9)	58 (7.9)	416 (56.4)	197 (26.7)	27 (3.7)	5	9	1252	738
PT	457	181 (28.6)	86 (13.6)	57 (9.0)	105 (16.6)	134 (21.2)	70 (11.1)		2	1092	633
RU	761	315 (30.9)	129 (12.7)	98 (9.6)	267 (26.2)	169 (16.6)	41 (4.0)	10	8	1798	1019
SE	263	134 (16.6)	213 (26.5)	125 (15.5)	189 (23.5)	121 (15.0)	23 (2.9)	7	5	1080	805
SI	353	175 (23.8)	133 (18.1)	103 (14.0)	137 (18.7)	156 (21.3)	30 (4.1)	6		1093	734
SK	426	158 (22.4)	161 (22.8)	75 (10.6)	192 (27.2)	90 (12.8)	29 (4.1)		2	1133	705
TW	713	349 (27.7)	192 (15.2)	118 (9.4)	145 (11.5)	298 (23.7)	158 (12.5)	9	1	1983	1260
US	464	142 (20.8)	147 (21.6)	129 (18.9)	219 (32.1)	15 (2.2)	30 (4.4)	3	22	1171	682
N Sum	15684	6651	5747	3840	7174	5040	1621	321	560	46638	
N Valid Sum		6651	5747	3840	7174	5040	1621				30073

V32 - Q8c Div. hh work:care f sick fam.members

Q.8

In your household who does the following things ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8c cares for sick family members

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always me
- 2 Usually me
- 3 About equal/both together
- 4 Usually my spouse/partner
- 5 Always my spouse/partner
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 don't know

in Poland (PL):

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

AU: for the whole question battery no filter was applied

NL, PL: for the whole question battery the answer scales of the ISSP 1994 were used

V32 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V32	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	847	272 (26.6)	150 (14.7)	395 (38.7)	79 (7.7)	98 (9.6)	27 (2.6)	179		2047	1021
AU		322 (27.1)	220 (18.5)	348 (29.2)	205 (17.2)	52 (4.4)	43 (3.6)	58	104	1352	1190
BE-FLA	390	141 (16.5)	153 (18.0)	364 (42.7)	99 (11.6)	83 (9.7)	12 (1.4)	77	41	1360	852
BG	294	151 (23.2)	76 (11.7)	282 (43.3)	90 (13.8)	42 (6.4)	11 (1.7)	48	9	1003	652
BR	678	235 (27.1)	58 (6.7)	299 (34.5)	93 (10.7)	107 (12.3)	75 (8.7)	455		2000	867
CH	408	101 (19.1)	79 (15.0)	203 (38.4)	108 (20.5)	26 (4.9)	11 (2.1)	72		1008	528
CL	587	269 (30.3)	55 (6.2)	295 (33.2)	100 (11.2)	130 (14.6)	40 (4.5)	17	12	1505	889
CY	339	85 (12.9)	101 (15.3)	323 (48.9)	70 (10.6)	72 (10.9)	10 (1.5)	4		1004	661
CZ	440	180 (23.0)	152 (19.4)	281 (35.9)	96 (12.3)	68 (8.7)	6 (0.8)	26	40	1289	783
DE-E	121	37 (14.3)	41 (15.9)	104 (40.3)	60 (23.3)	13 (5.0)	3 (1.2)	47	5	431	258
DE-W	275	101 (18.2)	101 (18.2)	214 (38.6)	92 (16.6)	39 (7.0)	7 (1.3)	75	32	936	554
DK	395	103 (12.7)	127 (15.7)	412 (50.8)	94 (11.6)	54 (6.7)	21 (2.6)	143	30	1379	811
ES	951	357 (24.8)	154 (10.7)	596 (41.5)	173 (12.0)	140 (9.7)	17 (1.2)	41	42	2471	1437
FI	421	67 (8.6)	160 (20.4)	407 (52.0)	117 (14.9)	23 (2.9)	9 (1.1)	64	85	1353	783
FR	385	266 (21.7)	201 (16.4)	564 (45.9)	105 (8.6)	75 (6.1)	17 (1.4)	131	159	1903	1228
GB-GBN	814	169 (16.8)	193 (19.2)	406 (40.4)	150 (14.9)	69 (6.9)	17 (1.7)	101	41	1960	1004
GB-NIR	486	74 (16.1)	114 (24.8)	159 (34.6)	74 (16.1)	33 (7.2)	6 (1.3)	23	18	987	460
HU	389	109 (18.0)	48 (7.9)	310 (51.1)	49 (8.1)	81 (13.3)	10 (1.6)		27	1023	607
IE	501	168 (24.2)	107 (15.4)	272 (39.1)	71 (10.2)	70 (10.1)	7 (1.0)	36	8	1240	695
IL	366	160 (19.8)	98 (12.1)	388 (48.1)	90 (11.2)	52 (6.4)	19 (2.4)	26	10	1209	807
JP	324	216 (29.6)	92 (12.6)	166 (22.7)	102 (14.0)	132 (18.1)	22 (3.0)	55	23	1132	730
LV	400	50 (8.6)	105 (18.0)	293 (50.3)	91 (15.6)	35 (6.0)	8 (1.4)	18		1000	582
MX	571	271 (31.3)	78 (9.0)	306 (35.3)	127 (14.7)	53 (6.1)	31 (3.6)	10	48	1495	866
NL	444	99 (12.9)	287 (37.3)	363 (47.1)	11 (1.4)	8 (1.0)	2 (0.3)	31	4	1249	770
NO	353	76 (7.7)	192 (19.3)	529 (53.3)	144 (14.5)	34 (3.4)	18 (1.8)	85	44	1475	993
NZ	247	107 (15.8)	157 (23.1)	254 (37.4)	114 (16.8)	44 (6.5)	3 (0.4)	41	58	1025	679
PH	321	216 (24.8)	132 (15.2)	338 (38.9)	88 (10.1)	75 (8.6)	21 (2.4)	9		1200	870
PL	500	141 (20.8)	150 (22.1)	355 (52.3)	9 (1.3)	8 (1.2)	16 (2.4)	58	15	1252	679
PT	457	140 (24.6)	75 (13.2)	253 (44.4)	44 (7.7)	45 (7.9)	13 (2.3)		65	1092	570
RU	761	167 (17.0)	107 (10.9)	504 (51.2)	133 (13.5)	58 (5.9)	16 (1.6)	22	30	1798	985
SE	263	57 (7.9)	146 (20.3)	391 (54.5)	90 (12.5)	31 (4.3)	3 (0.4)	78	21	1080	718
SI	353	118 (16.5)	67 (9.4)	389 (54.4)	65 (9.1)	52 (7.3)	24 (3.4)	25		1093	715
SK	426	122 (17.7)	132 (19.1)	264 (38.2)	110 (15.9)	48 (6.9)	15 (2.2)	14	2	1133	691
TW	713	164 (13.6)	104 (8.6)	630 (52.3)	98 (8.1)	140 (11.6)	69 (5.7)	63	2	1983	1205
US	464	129 (19.8)	127 (19.5)	292 (44.8)	93 (14.3)	5 (0.8)	6 (0.9)	32	23	1171	652
N Sum	15684	5440	4339	11949	3334	2095	635	2164	998	46638	
N Valid Sum		5440	4339	11949	3334	2095	635				27792

V33 - Q8d Division of hh work:shops f groceries

Q.8

In your household who does the following things ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8d shops for groceries

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always me
- 2 Usually me
- 3 About equal/both together
- 4 Usually my spouse/partner
- 5 Always my spouse/partner
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 don't know

in Poland (PL):

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

AU: for the whole question battery no filter was applied

NL, PL: for the whole question battery the answer scales of the ISSP 1994 were used



V33 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V33	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M								M M		
AT	847	244 (20.5)	169 (14.2)	541 (45.4)	143 (12.0)	81 (6.8)	14 (1.2)	8		2047	1192
AU		391 (31.7)	232 (18.8)	296 (24.0)	210 (17.0)	79 (6.4)	26 (2.1)	30	88	1352	1234
BE-FLA	390	154 (16.6)	181 (19.5)	342 (36.9)	146 (15.7)	98 (10.6)	7 (0.8)		42	1360	928
BG	294	178 (25.3)	98 (13.9)	261 (37.1)	94 (13.4)	60 (8.5)	12 (1.7)	2	4	1003	703
BR	678	330 (28.6)	119 (10.3)	350 (30.3)	158 (13.7)	142 (12.3)	56 (4.8)	167		2000	1155
CH	408	100 (16.7)	108 (18.0)	217 (36.2)	136 (22.7)	36 (6.0)	2 (0.3)	1		1008	599
CL	587	220 (24.1)	43 (4.7)	456 (49.9)	84 (9.2)	94 (10.3)	17 (1.9)	1	3	1505	914
CY	339	142 (21.4)	125 (18.9)	195 (29.4)	77 (11.6)	119 (17.9)	5 (0.8)	2		1004	663
CZ	440	141 (17.4)	188 (23.2)	305 (37.6)	116 (14.3)	56 (6.9)	5 (0.6)		38	1289	811
DE-E	121	33 (10.8)	49 (16.0)	167 (54.6)	43 (14.1)	12 (3.9)	2 (0.7)		4	431	306
DE-W	275	84 (13.2)	130 (20.5)	262 (41.3)	118 (18.6)	37 (5.8)	4 (0.6)	1	25	936	635
DK	395	133 (13.7)	199 (20.5)	382 (39.4)	190 (19.6)	65 (6.7)	1 (0.1)		14	1379	970
ES	951	381 (25.2)	163 (10.8)	604 (39.9)	183 (12.1)	173 (11.4)	9 (0.6)	5	2	2471	1513
FI	421	71 (8.1)	192 (21.9)	447 (51.0)	141 (16.1)	24 (2.7)	2 (0.2)	2	53	1353	877
FR	385	306 (21.9)	219 (15.6)	648 (46.3)	141 (10.1)	85 (6.1)	1 (0.1)	2	116	1903	1400
GB-GBN	814	157 (13.9)	195 (17.3)	509 (45.1)	174 (15.4)	83 (7.4)	10 (0.9)	1	17	1960	1128
GB-NIR	486	84 (17.4)	96 (19.8)	168 (34.7)	92 (19.0)	41 (8.5)	3 (0.6)	1	16	987	484
HU	389	108 (17.1)	67 (10.6)	286 (45.3)	66 (10.4)	101 (16.0)	4 (0.6)		2	1023	632
IE	501	221 (30.1)	115 (15.7)	209 (28.5)	92 (12.5)	92 (12.5)	5 (0.7)	3	2	1240	734
IL	366	161 (19.3)	116 (13.9)	345 (41.4)	115 (13.8)	83 (10.0)	14 (1.7)	1	8	1209	834
JP	324	219 (27.2)	95 (11.8)	180 (22.3)	131 (16.3)	155 (19.2)	26 (3.2)	2		1132	806
LV	400	53 (8.8)	97 (16.2)	316 (52.8)	95 (15.9)	31 (5.2)	7 (1.2)	1		1000	599
MX	571	293 (33.2)	68 (7.7)	259 (29.3)	160 (18.1)	66 (7.5)	37 (4.2)		41	1495	883
NL	444	161 (20.2)	304 (38.0)	241 (30.2)	74 (9.3)	16 (2.0)	3 (0.4)	3	3	1249	799
NO	353	90 (8.1)	265 (24.0)	532 (48.1)	186 (16.8)	32 (2.9)	1 (0.1)	1	15	1475	1106
NZ	247	126 (17.2)	143 (19.5)	273 (37.2)	138 (18.8)	51 (7.0)	2 (0.3)		45	1025	733
PH	321	230 (26.2)	168 (19.2)	209 (23.8)	139 (15.8)	100 (11.4)	31 (3.5)	2		1200	877
PL	500	173 (23.3)	197 (26.5)	286 (38.5)	60 (8.1)	16 (2.2)	10 (1.3)	4	6	1252	742
PT	457	168 (26.5)	63 (10.0)	248 (39.2)	53 (8.4)	90 (14.2)	11 (1.7)		2	1092	633
RU	761	188 (18.4)	153 (15.0)	408 (39.9)	183 (17.9)	75 (7.3)	16 (1.6)	6	8	1798	1023
SE	263	66 (8.1)	167 (20.6)	404 (49.8)	140 (17.3)	34 (4.2)		4	2	1080	811
SI	353	110 (14.9)	94 (12.7)	355 (48.0)	80 (10.8)	77 (10.4)	23 (3.1)	1		1093	739
SK	426	103 (14.6)	130 (18.4)	304 (43.1)	119 (16.9)	44 (6.2)	5 (0.7)		2	1133	705
TW	713	267 (21.4)	111 (8.9)	439 (35.1)	108 (8.6)	242 (19.4)	83 (6.6)	19	1	1983	1250
US	464	138 (20.2)	119 (17.4)	290 (42.4)	131 (19.2)	5 (0.7)	1 (0.1)	1	22	1171	684
N Sum	15684	6024	4978	11734	4316	2595	455	271	581	46638	
N Valid Sum		6024	4978	11734	4316	2595	455				30102

V34 - Q8e Division of hh work: hh cleaning

Q.8

In your household who does the following things ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8e does the household cleaning

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always me
- 2 Usually me
- 3 About equal/both together
- 4 Usually my spouse/partner
- 5 Always my spouse/partner
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 don't know

in Poland (PL):

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

AU: for the whole question battery no filter was applied

NL, PL: for the whole question battery the answer scales of the ISSP 1994 were used

V34 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V34	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	847	374 (31.3)	156 (13.1)	302 (25.3)	153 (12.8)	157 (13.2)	51 (4.3)	7		2047	1193
AU		364 (29.5)	241 (19.5)	241 (19.5)	249 (20.2)	72 (5.8)	67 (5.4)	29	89	1352	1234
BE-FLA	390	223 (23.8)	123 (13.1)	212 (22.6)	164 (17.5)	152 (16.2)	64 (6.8)	1	31	1360	938
BG	294	237 (33.7)	119 (16.9)	107 (15.2)	126 (17.9)	107 (15.2)	8 (1.1)	2	3	1003	704
BR	678	397 (34.5)	91 (7.9)	134 (11.6)	197 (17.1)	205 (17.8)	128 (11.1)	170		2000	1152
CH	408	109 (18.2)	97 (16.2)	143 (23.9)	142 (23.7)	61 (10.2)	46 (7.7)	2		1008	598
CL	587	305 (33.4)	50 (5.5)	216 (23.7)	115 (12.6)	152 (16.7)	74 (8.1)	1	5	1505	912
CY	339	215 (32.3)	79 (11.9)	26 (3.9)	45 (6.8)	228 (34.3)	72 (10.8)			1004	665
CZ	440	190 (23.6)	213 (26.5)	177 (22.0)	133 (16.5)	83 (10.3)	9 (1.1)	1	43	1289	805
DE-E	121	52 (17.0)	63 (20.7)	86 (28.2)	73 (23.9)	29 (9.5)	2 (0.7)	1	4	431	305
DE-W	275	129 (20.3)	120 (18.9)	157 (24.8)	140 (22.1)	65 (10.3)	23 (3.6)	2	25	936	634
DK	395	165 (17.0)	176 (18.1)	327 (33.7)	172 (17.7)	82 (8.5)	48 (4.9)	1	13	1379	970
ES	951	480 (31.7)	171 (11.3)	341 (22.6)	226 (14.9)	245 (16.2)	49 (3.2)	4	4	2471	1512
FI	421	104 (11.8)	221 (25.2)	328 (37.4)	160 (18.2)	51 (5.8)	14 (1.6)	3	51	1353	878
FR	385	390 (27.8)	237 (16.9)	406 (28.9)	148 (10.5)	144 (10.3)	78 (5.6)	2	113	1903	1403
GB-GBN	814	207 (18.4)	227 (20.1)	336 (29.8)	219 (19.4)	90 (8.0)	49 (4.3)	3	15	1960	1128
GB-NIR	486	85 (17.5)	133 (27.4)	103 (21.2)	92 (18.9)	50 (10.3)	23 (4.7)		15	987	486
HU	389	175 (27.8)	75 (11.9)	193 (30.6)	53 (8.4)	126 (20.0)	8 (1.3)		4	1023	630
IE	501	199 (27.2)	131 (17.9)	186 (25.4)	94 (12.8)	100 (13.7)	22 (3.0)	5	2	1240	732
IL	366	225 (26.9)	89 (10.7)	164 (19.6)	77 (9.2)	127 (15.2)	153 (18.3)		8	1209	835
JP	324	293 (36.3)	82 (10.2)	114 (14.1)	103 (12.8)	188 (23.3)	27 (3.3)	1		1132	807
LV	400	90 (15.0)	164 (27.4)	128 (21.4)	136 (22.7)	66 (11.0)	15 (2.5)	1		1000	599
MX	571	347 (39.4)	75 (8.5)	137 (15.6)	166 (18.8)	84 (9.5)	72 (8.2)	3	40	1495	881
NL	444	156 (19.5)	387 (48.4)	186 (23.3)	19 (2.4)	7 (0.9)	45 (5.6)	2	3	1249	800
NO	353	144 (13.0)	285 (25.7)	320 (28.9)	250 (22.6)	81 (7.3)	27 (2.4)	1	14	1475	1107
NZ	247	119 (16.3)	171 (23.4)	196 (26.8)	158 (21.6)	48 (6.6)	38 (5.2)		48	1025	730
PH	321	250 (28.5)	148 (16.9)	183 (20.9)	117 (13.4)	99 (11.3)	79 (9.0)	3		1200	876
PL	500	231 (31.0)	248 (33.3)	224 (30.1)	11 (1.5)	5 (0.7)	26 (3.5)	2	5	1252	745
PT	457	222 (35.2)	73 (11.6)	93 (14.7)	72 (11.4)	109 (17.3)	62 (9.8)		4	1092	631
RU	761	222 (21.7)	162 (15.8)	297 (29.0)	203 (19.8)	100 (9.8)	39 (3.8)	6	8	1798	1023
SE	263	85 (10.5)	200 (24.8)	307 (38.0)	171 (21.2)	35 (4.3)	10 (1.2)	4	5	1080	808
SI	353	155 (21.1)	112 (15.2)	231 (31.4)	101 (13.7)	112 (15.2)	25 (3.4)	4		1093	736
SK	426	136 (19.3)	156 (22.1)	178 (25.2)	137 (19.4)	79 (11.2)	19 (2.7)		2	1133	705
TW	713	293 (23.3)	138 (11.0)	338 (26.9)	156 (12.4)	234 (18.6)	96 (7.6)	14	1	1983	1255
US	464	128 (18.8)	151 (22.2)	243 (35.7)	121 (17.8)	7 (1.0)	30 (4.4)	5	22	1171	680
N Sum	15684	7496	5364	7360	4699	3580	1598	280	577	46638	
N Valid Sum		7496	5364	7360	4699	3580	1598				30097

V35 - Q8f Division of hh work: preparg the meal

Q.8

In your household who does the following things ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.8f prepares the meals

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always me
- 2 Usually me
- 3 About equal/both together
- 4 Usually my spouse/partner
- 5 Always my spouse/partner
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 don't know

in Poland (PL):

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Always the woman
- 2 Usually the woman
- 3 About equal or both together
- 4 Usually the man
- 5 Always the man
- 6 Is done by a third person
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

Note:

AU: for the whole question battery no filter was applied

NL, PL: for the whole question battery the answer scales of the ISSP 1994 were used

V35 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V35	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN												
	M								M	M		
AT	847	430 (36.1)	177 (14.8)	197 (16.5)	158 (13.3)	214 (18.0)	16 (1.3)	8			2047	1192
AU		379 (30.6)	256 (20.7)	227 (18.3)	257 (20.7)	85 (6.9)	35 (2.8)	33	80		1352	1239
BE-FLA	390	223 (23.6)	171 (18.1)	210 (22.3)	150 (15.9)	187 (19.8)	2 (0.2)		27		1360	943
BG	294	294 (41.9)	89 (12.7)	49 (7.0)	125 (17.8)	133 (18.9)	12 (1.7)	2	5		1003	702
BR	678	431 (37.4)	82 (7.1)	128 (11.1)	193 (16.8)	226 (19.6)	91 (7.9)	171			2000	1151
CH	408	109 (18.2)	132 (22.0)	133 (22.2)	152 (25.4)	68 (11.4)	5 (0.8)	1			1008	599
CL	587	360 (39.3)	47 (5.1)	141 (15.4)	117 (12.8)	187 (20.4)	63 (6.9)		3		1505	915
CY	339	210 (31.6)	66 (9.9)	35 (5.3)	49 (7.4)	213 (32.0)	92 (13.8)				1004	665
CZ	440	214 (26.4)	216 (26.6)	140 (17.3)	144 (17.8)	91 (11.2)	6 (0.7)		38		1289	811
DE-E	121	62 (20.3)	65 (21.2)	54 (17.6)	76 (24.8)	47 (15.4)	2 (0.7)		4		431	306
DE-W	275	150 (23.7)	124 (19.6)	109 (17.2)	149 (23.5)	100 (15.8)	2 (0.3)	1	26		936	634
DK	395	211 (21.7)	190 (19.5)	235 (24.2)	204 (21.0)	129 (13.3)	3 (0.3)		12		1379	972
ES	951	531 (35.0)	165 (10.9)	264 (17.4)	239 (15.8)	293 (19.3)	23 (1.5)	4	1		2471	1515
FI	421	126 (14.4)	260 (29.6)	218 (24.8)	213 (24.3)	56 (6.4)	5 (0.6)	2	52		1353	878
FR	385	426 (30.4)	244 (17.4)	384 (27.4)	162 (11.6)	180 (12.8)	6 (0.4)	1	115		1903	1402
GB-GBN	814	200 (17.7)	252 (22.3)	324 (28.6)	245 (21.7)	100 (8.8)	10 (0.9)		15		1960	1131
GB-NIR	486	75 (15.5)	122 (25.2)	142 (29.3)	95 (19.6)	47 (9.7)	4 (0.8)	1	15		987	485
HU	389	215 (34.1)	63 (10.0)	110 (17.5)	57 (9.0)	177 (28.1)	8 (1.3)		4		1023	630
IE	501	202 (27.5)	150 (20.4)	163 (22.2)	108 (14.7)	106 (14.4)	5 (0.7)	2	3		1240	734
IL	366	265 (31.8)	118 (14.2)	166 (19.9)	101 (12.1)	160 (19.2)	23 (2.8)	2	8		1209	833
JP	324	307 (38.0)	70 (8.7)	60 (7.4)	99 (12.3)	236 (29.2)	35 (4.3)	1			1132	807
LV	400	93 (15.5)	153 (25.5)	146 (24.4)	122 (20.4)	73 (12.2)	12 (2.0)	1			1000	599
MX	571	390 (44.3)	63 (7.2)	103 (11.7)	178 (20.2)	98 (11.1)	48 (5.5)	3	41		1495	880
NL	444	198 (24.8)	330 (41.4)	189 (23.7)	62 (7.8)	16 (2.0)	2 (0.3)	2	6		1249	797
NO	353	130 (11.8)	303 (27.4)	326 (29.5)	277 (25.1)	69 (6.2)		2	15		1475	1105
NZ	247	122 (16.6)	174 (23.7)	197 (26.9)	174 (23.7)	64 (8.7)	2 (0.3)		45		1025	733
PH	321	262 (29.8)	156 (17.8)	194 (22.1)	118 (13.4)	85 (9.7)	63 (7.2)	1			1200	878
PL	500	283 (38.0)	292 (39.2)	133 (17.9)	21 (2.8)	4 (0.5)	11 (1.5)	2	6		1252	744
PT	457	234 (37.0)	83 (13.1)	99 (15.7)	93 (14.7)	106 (16.8)	17 (2.7)		3		1092	632
RU	761	281 (27.5)	171 (16.7)	208 (20.3)	236 (23.1)	116 (11.3)	11 (1.1)	6	8		1798	1023
SE	263	109 (13.5)	221 (27.3)	220 (27.2)	192 (23.7)	68 (8.4)		4	3		1080	810
SI	353	191 (26.0)	103 (14.0)	168 (22.8)	104 (14.1)	145 (19.7)	25 (3.4)	4			1093	736
SK	426	148 (21.0)	159 (22.6)	133 (18.9)	153 (21.7)	104 (14.8)	7 (1.0)		3		1133	704
TW	713	364 (29.3)	110 (8.9)	169 (13.6)	145 (11.7)	335 (27.0)	119 (9.6)	27	1		1983	1242
US	464	155 (22.7)	152 (22.3)	207 (30.3)	157 (23.0)	9 (1.3)	3 (0.4)	2	22		1171	683
N Sum	15684	8380	5529	5981	5125	4327	768	283	561		46638	
N Valid Sum		8380	5529	5981	5125	4327	768					30110

V36 - Q9a How many hours do you spend on hh work

Q.9a

On average, how many hours a week do you personally spend on household work, not including childcare and leisure time activities?

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 1 hour or less than 1 hour
- 2 2 hours
- 3 3 hours
- 4 4 hours
- 10 10 hours
- 20 20 hours
- 30 30 hours
- 95 95 hours and more
- 96 None, no hour
- 98 Don't know, can't say
- 99 No answer

in Brazil (BR):

- 95 98 hours and more

in Russia (RU):

- 98 doesn't apply

in United States of America (US):

- 95 96 hours and more

Note:

CH,RU: no filter was applied

V37 - Q9b How many hrs spouse,partner works on hh

Q.9b

And what about your spouse/partner? On average, how many hours a week does she/he personally spend on household work, not including childcare and leisure time activities?

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 1 hour or less than 1 hour
- 2 2 hours
- 3 3 hours
- 4 4 hours
- 10 10 hours
- 20 20 hours
- 30 30 hours
- 95 95 hours and more
- 96 None, no hour
- 98 Don't know, can't say
- 99 No answer

in Brazil (BR):

- 95 98 hours and more

in United States of America (US):

- 95 96 hours and more

V38 - Q10 Sharing of hh work between the partners

Q.10

Which of the following best applies to the sharing of household work between you and your spouse/partner?

(Please tick one box only)

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 I do much more than my fair share of the household work
- 2 I do a bit more than my fair share of the household work
- 3 I do roughly my fair share of the household work
- 4 I do a bit less than my fair share of the household work
- 5 I do much less than my fair share of the household work
- 6 PH: None of the above
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer, refused



V38 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V38	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	847	295 (25.0)	191 (16.2)	424 (35.9)	127 (10.7)	145 (12.3)			18	2047	1182
AU	271	168 (17.0)	190 (19.2)	420 (42.4)	158 (16.0)	54 (5.5)		20	71	1352	990
BE-FLA	390	210 (22.6)	156 (16.8)	338 (36.3)	117 (12.6)	110 (11.8)		39		1360	931
BG	294	104 (14.8)	94 (13.4)	386 (54.8)	90 (12.8)	30 (4.3)			5	1003	704
BR	678	190 (18.0)	89 (8.4)	562 (53.3)	106 (10.1)	107 (10.2)			268	2000	1054
CH	408	61 (10.5)	100 (17.3)	274 (47.3)	88 (15.2)	56 (9.7)			21	1008	579
CL	587	168 (18.6)	115 (12.7)	342 (37.8)	152 (16.8)	127 (14.0)		14		1505	904
CY	339	63 (9.5)	91 (13.7)	337 (50.7)	114 (17.1)	60 (9.0)				1004	665
CZ	440	173 (21.6)	156 (19.5)	329 (41.1)	88 (11.0)	54 (6.8)			49	1289	800
DE-E	121	45 (14.9)	58 (19.1)	121 (39.9)	50 (16.5)	29 (9.6)			7	431	303
DE-W	275	115 (18.3)	99 (15.7)	255 (40.5)	105 (16.7)	56 (8.9)			31	936	630
DK	395	96 (10.0)	136 (14.1)	546 (56.6)	130 (13.5)	56 (5.8)			20	1379	964
ES	951	234 (15.7)	233 (15.6)	661 (44.4)	256 (17.2)	106 (7.1)			30	2471	1490
FI	421	124 (14.2)	144 (16.5)	411 (47.0)	126 (14.4)	69 (7.9)			58	1353	874
FR	385	281 (20.5)	320 (23.3)	556 (40.5)	130 (9.5)	86 (6.3)			145	1903	1373
GB-GBN	814	248 (22.1)	192 (17.1)	423 (37.7)	169 (15.0)	91 (8.1)			23	1960	1123
GB-NIR	486	128 (26.3)	85 (17.5)	142 (29.2)	72 (14.8)	59 (12.1)			15	987	486
HU	389	58 (9.3)	74 (11.8)	371 (59.3)	69 (11.0)	54 (8.6)			8	1023	626
IE	501	145 (20.1)	127 (17.6)	317 (43.9)	92 (12.7)	41 (5.7)			17	1240	722
IL	366	102 (12.3)	104 (12.5)	496 (59.8)	92 (11.1)	35 (4.2)			14	1209	829
JP	324	118 (15.0)	86 (11.0)	352 (44.8)	95 (12.1)	134 (17.1)			23	1132	785
LV	400	57 (9.6)	96 (16.1)	325 (54.6)	84 (14.1)	33 (5.5)		1	4	1000	595
MX	571	291 (34.0)	134 (15.6)	248 (28.9)	103 (12.0)	81 (9.5)		13	54	1495	857
NL	444	182 (22.7)	123 (15.4)	298 (37.2)	97 (12.1)	101 (12.6)			4	1249	801
NO	353	110 (10.0)	188 (17.1)	520 (47.3)	208 (18.9)	74 (6.7)			22	1475	1100
NZ	247	140 (19.3)	158 (21.8)	274 (37.7)	106 (14.6)	48 (6.6)		1	51	1025	726
PH	321	186 (21.2)	211 (24.0)	316 (35.9)	115 (13.1)	47 (5.3)	4 (0.5)			1200	879
PL	500	116 (17.3)	108 (16.1)	329 (49.2)	61 (9.1)	55 (8.2)		78	5	1252	669
PT	457	89 (14.5)	63 (10.3)	314 (51.3)	94 (15.4)	52 (8.5)		3	20	1092	612
RU	761	159 (16.4)	147 (15.2)	449 (46.3)	142 (14.6)	73 (7.5)		47	20	1798	970
SE	264	96 (12.0)	165 (20.5)	342 (42.6)	146 (18.2)	54 (6.7)			13	1080	803
SI	353	102 (14.5)	108 (15.3)	316 (44.9)	119 (16.9)	59 (8.4)		36		1093	704
SK	426	103 (14.7)	142 (20.2)	340 (48.4)	78 (11.1)	40 (5.7)			4	1133	703
TW	713	87 (6.9)	111 (8.8)	746 (58.8)	182 (14.4)	142 (11.2)		1	1	1983	1268
US	464	139 (20.4)	136 (20.0)	283 (41.6)	87 (12.8)	35 (5.1)		3	24	1171	680
N Sum	15956	4983	4730	13163	4048	2453		4	256	1045	46638
N Valid Sum		4983	4730	13163	4048	2453		4			29381

V39 - Q11 How often disagree abt sharg of hh work

Q.11

How often do you and your spouse/partner disagree about the sharing of household work?

(Please tick one box only)

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Several times a week
- 2 Several times a month
- 3 Several times a year
- 4 Less often/rarely
- 5 Never
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer

V39 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V39	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M						M	M		
AT	847	32 (2.8)	56 (4.9)	64 (5.6)	247 (21.5)	751 (65.3)	50		2047	1150
AU	271	19 (1.9)	61 (6.2)	163 (16.4)	328 (33.1)	420 (42.4)	23	67	1352	991
BE-FLA	390	34 (3.9)	55 (6.2)	96 (10.9)	397 (45.0)	300 (34.0)	57	31	1360	882
BG	294	38 (5.6)	50 (7.4)	50 (7.4)	261 (38.6)	278 (41.1)	28	4	1003	677
BR	678	95 (8.7)	65 (5.9)	59 (5.4)	305 (27.9)	571 (52.1)		227	2000	1095
CH	408	11 (1.9)	38 (6.6)	48 (8.3)	178 (31.0)	300 (52.2)	25		1008	575
CL	587	52 (5.7)	66 (7.2)	58 (6.4)	223 (24.5)	512 (56.2)		7	1505	911
CY	339	5 (0.8)	46 (7.0)	188 (28.6)	156 (23.7)	262 (39.9)	8		1004	657
CZ	440	43 (5.4)	96 (12.1)	103 (13.0)	349 (44.0)	202 (25.5)	16	40	1289	793
DE-E	121	8 (2.8)	13 (4.5)	20 (7.0)	121 (42.3)	124 (43.4)	20	4	431	286
DE-W	275	31 (5.1)	45 (7.5)	49 (8.1)	199 (32.9)	280 (46.4)	34	23	936	604
DK	395	42 (4.5)	168 (17.9)	211 (22.5)	207 (22.1)	308 (32.9)	35	13	1379	936
ES	951	132 (9.3)	134 (9.4)	133 (9.4)	398 (28.1)	621 (43.8)	48	54	2471	1418
FI	421	30 (3.5)	102 (11.8)	181 (20.9)	403 (46.6)	148 (17.1)	35	33	1353	864
FR	385	80 (6.2)	165 (12.8)	176 (13.6)	418 (32.4)	451 (35.0)	94	134	1903	1290
GB-GBN	814	47 (4.3)	90 (8.3)	130 (11.9)	391 (35.9)	431 (39.6)	41	16	1960	1089
GB-NIR	486	18 (3.8)	43 (9.1)	54 (11.5)	141 (30.0)	214 (45.5)	18	13	987	470
HU	389	28 (4.5)	71 (11.3)	91 (14.5)	117 (18.7)	320 (51.0)	5	2	1023	627
IE	501	40 (5.6)	46 (6.4)	76 (10.6)	260 (36.4)	293 (41.0)	19	5	1240	715
IL	366	67 (8.3)	85 (10.5)	84 (10.4)	171 (21.2)	400 (49.6)	19	17	1209	807
JP	324	39 (5.1)	73 (9.6)	119 (15.7)	67 (8.8)	462 (60.8)	44	4	1132	760
LV	400	36 (6.4)	110 (19.5)	142 (25.2)	91 (16.1)	185 (32.8)	36		1000	564
MX	571	149 (18.1)	153 (18.5)	103 (12.5)	420 (50.9)		27	72	1495	825
NL	444	18 (2.3)	75 (9.4)	122 (15.4)	323 (40.7)	256 (32.2)	9	2	1249	794
NO	353	34 (3.3)	124 (12.1)	164 (16.0)	370 (36.0)	336 (32.7)	77	17	1475	1028
NZ	247	19 (2.7)	51 (7.2)	88 (12.4)	297 (41.9)	253 (35.7)	29	41	1025	708
PH	321	61 (7.1)	32 (3.7)	19 (2.2)	520 (60.8)	223 (26.1)	24		1200	855
PL	500	54 (8.5)	101 (15.8)	119 (18.6)	106 (16.6)	259 (40.5)	110	3	1252	639
PT	457	51 (8.4)	39 (6.4)	50 (8.3)	130 (21.5)	335 (55.4)	10	20	1092	605
RU	761	110 (11.7)	175 (18.6)	134 (14.2)	85 (9.0)	438 (46.5)	72	23	1798	942
SE	264	33 (4.3)	52 (6.7)	107 (13.9)	344 (44.6)	236 (30.6)	33	11	1080	772
SI	353	37 (5.2)	64 (9.0)	109 (15.3)	273 (38.4)	228 (32.1)	29		1093	711
SK	426	91 (13.3)	169 (24.6)	114 (16.6)	247 (36.0)	65 (9.5)	20	1	1133	686
TW	713	42 (3.3)	56 (4.4)	50 (3.9)	458 (36.1)	663 (52.2)		1	1983	1269
US	464	47 (7.1)	75 (11.3)	61 (9.2)	268 (40.5)	211 (31.9)	22	23	1171	662
N Sum	15956	1673	2844	3535	9269	11336	1117	908	46638	
N Valid Sum		1673	2844	3535	9269	11336				28657

V40 - Q12 Who makes decisions how to raise kids

Q.12

Who usually makes/made the decisions about how to bring up your children?

(Please tick one box only)

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Mostly me
- 2 Mostly my spouse/partner
- 3 Sometimes me / sometimes my spouse/partner
- 4 We decide/decided together
- 5 Someone else
- 8 Does not apply, no kids
- 9 No answer

in Denmark (DK):

- 9 no answer, don't know

in Ireland (IE):

- 0 Not available

Note:

AU: no filter was applied

V40 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V40	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	847	129 (16.8)	39 (5.1)	116 (15.1)	477 (62.3)	5 (0.7)	432	2		2047	766
AU		177 (19.1)	53 (5.7)	149 (16.1)	546 (59.0)		324	103		1352	925
BE-FLA	390	94 (12.4)	53 (7.0)	59 (7.8)	552 (72.8)		43	169		1360	758
BG	294	59 (9.1)	27 (4.2)	62 (9.6)	495 (76.4)	5 (0.8)	57	4		1003	648
BR	678	206 (19.8)	114 (11.0)	201 (19.3)	518 (49.8)	2 (0.2)	281			2000	1041
CH	408	47 (13.5)	39 (11.2)	33 (9.5)	228 (65.5)	1 (0.3)	238	14		1008	348
CL	587	154 (17.9)	93 (10.8)	135 (15.7)	474 (55.1)	4 (0.5)	46	12		1505	860
CY	339	52 (8.3)	70 (11.1)	86 (13.7)	422 (67.0)		35			1004	630
CZ	440	136 (19.6)	63 (9.1)	153 (22.0)	340 (49.0)	2 (0.3)	105	50		1289	694
DE-E	121	18 (8.4)	9 (4.2)	20 (9.3)	167 (78.0)		89	7		431	214
DE-W	275	53 (12.0)	38 (8.6)	54 (12.2)	296 (67.0)	1 (0.2)	181	38		936	442
DK	395	108 (13.3)	53 (6.6)	198 (24.5)	450 (55.6)		158	17		1379	809
ES	951	156 (11.9)	107 (8.2)	225 (17.2)	817 (62.5)	2 (0.2)	205	8		2471	1307
FI	421	97 (14.4)	50 (7.4)	154 (22.9)	368 (54.8)	3 (0.4)	213	47		1353	672
FR	385	187 (16.0)	54 (4.6)	121 (10.3)	805 (68.8)	3 (0.3)	199	149		1903	1170
GB-GBN	814	117 (14.0)	66 (7.9)	92 (11.0)	554 (66.3)	6 (0.7)	286	25		1960	835
GB-NIR	486	62 (15.5)	25 (6.3)	51 (12.8)	260 (65.2)	1 (0.3)	89	13		987	399
HU	389	119 (21.1)	68 (12.0)	56 (9.9)	320 (56.6)	2 (0.4)	65	4		1023	565
IE	1240									1240	
IL	366	133 (17.5)	91 (12.0)	86 (11.3)	447 (58.9)	2 (0.3)	75	9		1209	759
JP	324	162 (21.7)	124 (16.6)	150 (20.1)	296 (39.6)	15 (2.0)	56	5		1132	747
LV	400	113 (21.0)	64 (11.9)	96 (17.8)	263 (48.9)	2 (0.4)	62			1000	538
MX	571	173 (20.1)	78 (9.0)	81 (9.4)	522 (60.6)	8 (0.9)		62		1495	862
NL	444	79 (13.9)	57 (10.1)	69 (12.2)	361 (63.7)	1 (0.2)	165	73		1249	567
NO	353	85 (9.0)	55 (5.9)	242 (25.7)	558 (59.4)		152	30		1475	940
NZ	247	73 (12.1)	38 (6.3)	79 (13.1)	411 (68.3)	1 (0.2)	128	48		1025	602
PH	321	131 (15.4)	63 (7.4)	99 (11.6)	559 (65.5)	1 (0.1)	26			1200	853
PL	500	118 (19.1)	68 (11.0)	93 (15.0)	338 (54.7)	1 (0.2)	127	7		1252	618
PT	457	132 (23.0)	82 (14.3)	47 (8.2)	313 (54.5)			61		1092	574
RU	761	250 (26.7)	124 (13.2)	139 (14.8)	421 (44.9)	4 (0.4)	68	31		1798	938
SE	264	53 (8.4)	36 (5.7)	95 (15.1)	444 (70.7)		177	11		1080	628
SI	353	62 (9.3)	52 (7.8)	108 (16.2)	441 (66.0)	5 (0.7)	72			1093	668
SK	426	123 (19.1)	74 (11.5)	175 (27.2)	271 (42.1)	1 (0.2)	63			1133	644
TW	713	285 (23.5)	211 (17.4)	146 (12.1)	557 (46.0)	12 (1.0)	58	1		1983	1211
US	464	81 (15.1)	44 (8.2)	102 (19.0)	305 (56.7)	6 (1.1)	145	24		1171	538
N Sum	16424	4024	2282	3772	14596	96	4420	1024		46638	
N Valid Sum		4024	2282	3772	14596	96					24770

V41 - Q13a Final say: choosing weekend activities

Q.13

When you and your spouse/partner make decisions about the following, who has the final say?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.13a

Choosing shared weekend activities

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Mostly me
- 2 Mostly my spouse/partner
- 3 Sometimes me / sometimes my spouse/partner
- 4 We decide together
- 5 Someone else
- 8 Does not apply
- 9 No answer

Note:

AU: no filter was applied

V41 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V41	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M						M	M		
AT	847	77 (6.4)	54 (4.5)	308 (25.8)	752 (63.0)	3 (0.3)		6	2047	1194
AU		109 (10.7)	96 (9.4)	190 (18.7)	613 (60.3)	9 (0.9)	217	118	1352	1017
BE-FLA	390	53 (5.7)	77 (8.3)	235 (25.2)	566 (60.7)	2 (0.2)	37		1360	933
BG	294	26 (4.0)	29 (4.4)	129 (19.7)	466 (71.1)	5 (0.8)	47	7	1003	655
BR	678	175 (16.2)	133 (12.3)	203 (18.8)	568 (52.6)	1 (0.1)	242		2000	1080
CH	408	50 (8.5)	36 (6.1)	90 (15.3)	412 (69.9)	1 (0.2)		11	1008	589
CL	587	152 (17.2)	120 (13.6)	210 (23.7)	401 (45.3)	2 (0.2)	30	3	1505	885
CY	339	53 (8.0)	70 (10.5)	257 (38.6)	276 (41.5)	9 (1.4)			1004	665
CZ	440	102 (13.1)	67 (8.6)	281 (36.2)	325 (41.8)	2 (0.3)		72	1289	777
DE-E	121	21 (6.9)	16 (5.2)	94 (30.7)	174 (56.9)	1 (0.3)		4	431	306
DE-W	275	44 (7.0)	32 (5.1)	193 (30.5)	362 (57.2)	2 (0.3)		28	936	633
DK	395	77 (8.0)	67 (6.9)	328 (34.0)	491 (50.9)	2 (0.2)		19	1379	965
ES	951	116 (7.8)	140 (9.4)	379 (25.6)	840 (56.6)	8 (0.5)		37	2471	1483
FI	421	74 (8.4)	49 (5.5)	358 (40.4)	402 (45.4)	3 (0.3)		46	1353	886
FR	385	141 (10.1)	107 (7.7)	438 (31.5)	702 (50.5)	3 (0.2)		127	1903	1391
GB-GBN	814	93 (8.3)	78 (6.9)	256 (22.8)	696 (61.9)	2 (0.2)		21	1960	1125
GB-NIR	486	54 (11.1)	36 (7.4)	107 (22.1)	286 (59.0)	2 (0.4)		16	987	485
HU	389	88 (14.3)	57 (9.2)	95 (15.4)	375 (60.8)	2 (0.3)		17	1023	617
IE	501	79 (10.8)	70 (9.5)	174 (23.7)	409 (55.7)	2 (0.3)		5	1240	734
IL	366	139 (16.9)	150 (18.2)	178 (21.7)	350 (42.6)	5 (0.6)	6	15	1209	822
JP	324	176 (22.2)	101 (12.7)	249 (31.4)	253 (31.9)	14 (1.8)		15	1132	793
LV	400	67 (11.2)	58 (9.7)	175 (29.2)	295 (49.2)	4 (0.7)		1	1000	599
MX	571	214 (25.1)	163 (19.1)	205 (24.0)	266 (31.2)	5 (0.6)		71	1495	853
NL	444	50 (6.3)	57 (7.1)	280 (35.0)	413 (51.6)			5	1249	800
NO	353	45 (4.1)	60 (5.4)	481 (43.5)	519 (47.0)			17	1475	1105
NZ	247	44 (6.0)	41 (5.6)	220 (29.9)	431 (58.5)	1 (0.1)		41	1025	737
PH	321	223 (25.4)	129 (14.7)	207 (23.5)	299 (34.0)	21 (2.4)			1200	879
PL	500	110 (14.8)	60 (8.1)	177 (23.9)	393 (53.0)	1 (0.1)		11	1252	741
PT	457	119 (19.3)	86 (14.0)	72 (11.7)	338 (55.0)			20	1092	615
RU	761	206 (20.9)	127 (12.9)	206 (20.9)	443 (44.9)	4 (0.4)	24	27	1798	986
SE	264	64 (7.9)	47 (5.8)	283 (34.9)	415 (51.1)	3 (0.4)		4	1080	812
SI	353	54 (7.4)	40 (5.5)	247 (34.0)	382 (52.5)	4 (0.6)	13		1093	727
SK	426	127 (18.0)	96 (13.6)	248 (35.1)	235 (33.3)		1		1133	706
TW	713	237 (18.7)	161 (12.7)	175 (13.8)	635 (50.1)	59 (4.7)		3	1983	1267
US	464	99 (14.5)	69 (10.1)	207 (30.4)	302 (44.3)	4 (0.6)	1	25	1171	681
N Sum	15685	3558	2779	7935	15085	186	618	792	46638	
N Valid Sum		3558	2779	7935	15085	186				29543

V42 - Q13b Final say: buying major things for home

Q.13

When you and your spouse/partner make decisions about the following, who has the final say?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.13b

Buying major things for the home

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 Mostly me
- 2 Mostly my spouse/partner
- 3 Sometimes me / sometimes my spouse/partner
- 4 We decide together
- 5 Someone else
- 8 Does not apply
- 9 No answer



V42 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V42	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	847	94 (7.9)	55 (4.6)	199 (16.6)	848 (70.9)				4	2047	1196
AU		109 (10.7)	118 (11.6)	92 (9.1)	692 (68.2)	3 (0.3)	218	120		1352	1014
BE-FLA	390	60 (6.4)	63 (6.7)	112 (12.0)	700 (74.9)		35			1360	935
BG	294	28 (4.1)	37 (5.5)	83 (12.3)	523 (77.5)	4 (0.6)	25	9		1003	675
BR	678	235 (21.1)	168 (15.1)	157 (14.1)	543 (48.7)	12 (1.1)	207			2000	1115
CH	408	47 (8.0)	31 (5.3)	41 (6.9)	471 (79.8)			10		1008	590
CL	587	165 (18.4)	146 (16.2)	193 (21.5)	393 (43.7)	2 (0.2)	14	5		1505	899
CY	339	94 (14.1)	128 (19.2)	159 (23.9)	284 (42.7)					1004	665
CZ	440	97 (12.5)	72 (9.3)	133 (17.1)	474 (61.0)	1 (0.1)		72		1289	777
DE-E	121	22 (7.2)	19 (6.2)	62 (20.3)	202 (66.2)			5		431	305
DE-W	275	46 (7.3)	39 (6.2)	122 (19.3)	425 (67.2)			29		936	632
DK	395	83 (8.6)	58 (6.0)	174 (18.0)	652 (67.4)			17		1379	967
ES	951	164 (10.9)	174 (11.5)	277 (18.4)	891 (59.1)	2 (0.1)		12		2471	1508
FI	421	82 (9.4)	64 (7.3)	136 (15.5)	593 (67.7)	1 (0.1)		56		1353	876
FR	385	185 (13.3)	113 (8.1)	255 (18.3)	840 (60.3)			125		1903	1393
GB-GBN	814	116 (10.4)	102 (9.1)	163 (14.6)	738 (65.9)	1 (0.1)		26		1960	1120
GB-NIR	486	54 (11.1)	52 (10.7)	76 (15.7)	303 (62.5)			16		987	485
HU	389	56 (9.0)	42 (6.8)	59 (9.5)	462 (74.5)	1 (0.2)		14		1023	620
IE	501	101 (13.8)	77 (10.5)	90 (12.3)	461 (63.0)	3 (0.4)		7		1240	732
IL	366	146 (17.6)	135 (16.3)	154 (18.6)	394 (47.5)		7	7		1209	829
JP	324	138 (17.3)	109 (13.6)	153 (19.1)	379 (47.4)	21 (2.6)		8		1132	800
LV	400	79 (13.2)	63 (10.5)	97 (16.2)	359 (59.8)	2 (0.3)				1000	600
MX	571	259 (29.5)	195 (22.2)	165 (18.8)	247 (28.2)	11 (1.3)		47		1495	877
NL	444	45 (5.7)	42 (5.3)	88 (11.1)	619 (77.8)	2 (0.3)		9		1249	796
NO	353	75 (6.8)	87 (7.9)	184 (16.7)	758 (68.7)			18		1475	1104
NZ	247	58 (7.9)	56 (7.7)	114 (15.6)	504 (68.9)			46		1025	732
PH	321	158 (18.0)	138 (15.7)	151 (17.2)	422 (48.0)	10 (1.1)				1200	879
PL	500	117 (15.9)	77 (10.4)	103 (14.0)	434 (58.8)	7 (0.9)		14		1252	738
PT	457	87 (13.9)	84 (13.4)	52 (8.3)	402 (64.2)	1 (0.2)		9		1092	626
RU	761	177 (17.6)	129 (12.8)	142 (14.1)	553 (55.1)	3 (0.3)	14	19		1798	1004
SE	264	65 (8.1)	63 (7.8)	138 (17.2)	538 (66.9)			12		1080	804
SI	353	54 (7.4)	38 (5.2)	136 (18.7)	493 (67.7)	7 (1.0)	12			1093	728
SK	426	146 (20.7)	109 (15.5)	141 (20.0)	308 (43.7)	1 (0.1)	2			1133	705
TW	713	260 (20.5)	201 (15.9)	105 (8.3)	658 (51.9)	43 (3.4)		3		1983	1267
US	464	116 (17.0)	92 (13.5)	120 (17.6)	350 (51.3)	4 (0.6)	2	23		1171	682
N Sum	15685	3818	3176	4626	17913	142	536	742		46638	
N Valid Sum		3818	3176	4626	17913	142					29675

V43 - Q14 Who has the higher income?

Q.14

Considering all sources of income, between you and your spouse/partner, who has the higher income?

(Please tick one box only)

- 0 NAP, no partner
- 1 My spouse/partner has no income
- 2 I have a much higher income
- 3 I have a higher income
- 4 We have about the same income
- 5 My spouse/partner has a higher income
- 6 My spouse/partner has a much higher income
- 7 I have no income
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer

in Ireland (IE):

- 2 I have a bit higher income

in Philippines (PH):

- 9 both have no income

in Taiwan (TW):

- 9 both have no income

Note:

DK, IE: category 7 missing in original questionnaire

IE: in original questionnaire a 5 pt scale was used (recoded)

category 1 missing in original questionnaire

V43 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V43	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN												
	M									M	M	
AT	847	82 (7.1)	169 (14.6)	201 (17.4)	98 (8.5)	310 (26.9)	128 (11.1)	166 (14.4)	46		2047	1154
AU	294	109 (11.4)	174 (18.2)	173 (18.1)	269 (28.1)	155 (16.2)	78 (8.1)		36	64	1352	958
BE-FLA	390	108 (12.1)	75 (8.4)	198 (22.1)	130 (14.5)	188 (21.0)	93 (10.4)	104 (11.6)	31	43	1360	896
BG	294	31 (4.5)	104 (15.1)	95 (13.8)	145 (21.1)	152 (22.1)	73 (10.6)	87 (12.7)	12	10	1003	687
BR	678	195 (17.7)	122 (11.1)	196 (17.8)	134 (12.2)	214 (19.5)	37 (3.4)	202 (18.4)	222		2000	1100
CH	408	94 (16.5)	130 (22.8)	128 (22.5)	53 (9.3)	113 (19.8)	30 (5.3)	22 (3.9)	30		1008	570
CL	587	227 (25.0)	94 (10.3)	98 (10.8)	99 (10.9)	157 (17.3)	22 (2.4)	212 (23.3)	2	7	1505	909
CY	339	153 (23.1)	37 (5.6)	87 (13.1)	111 (16.7)	110 (16.6)	46 (6.9)	119 (17.9)	2		1004	663
CZ	440	34 (4.3)	95 (12.0)	166 (21.0)	151 (19.1)	238 (30.1)	97 (12.2)	11 (1.4)	9	48	1289	792
DE-E	121	15 (5.0)	51 (17.1)	82 (27.5)	52 (17.4)	71 (23.8)	25 (8.4)	2 (0.7)	6	6	431	298
DE-W	275	73 (11.8)	117 (18.8)	113 (18.2)	45 (7.2)	145 (23.3)	71 (11.4)	57 (9.2)	8	32	936	621
DK	395	23 (2.4)	159 (16.8)	190 (20.0)	176 (18.5)	239 (25.2)	162 (17.1)		10	25	1379	949
ES	951	369 (24.5)	176 (11.7)	129 (8.6)	177 (11.8)	173 (11.5)	116 (7.7)	365 (24.3)	4	11	2471	1505
FI	421	14 (1.6)	92 (10.3)	214 (24.1)	174 (19.6)	275 (30.9)	105 (11.8)	15 (1.7)	8	35	1353	889
FR	385	77 (5.5)	235 (16.9)	212 (15.3)	218 (15.7)	252 (18.1)	302 (21.7)	93 (6.7)	11	118	1903	1389
GB-GBN	814	72 (6.5)	200 (18.1)	204 (18.5)	139 (12.6)	291 (26.4)	147 (13.3)	50 (4.5)	19	24	1960	1103
GB-NIR	486	43 (9.2)	86 (18.3)	67 (14.3)	80 (17.1)	130 (27.7)	40 (8.5)	23 (4.9)	12	20	987	469
HU	389	20 (3.2)	119 (19.2)	115 (18.5)	107 (17.3)	156 (25.2)	96 (15.5)	7 (1.1)	2	12	1023	620
IE	501		187 (26.4)	68 (9.6)	128 (18.1)	125 (17.7)	200 (28.2)			31	1240	708
IL	366	42 (5.2)	130 (16.1)	144 (17.8)	151 (18.7)	174 (21.5)	103 (12.7)	65 (8.0)	20	14	1209	809
JP	324	147 (18.5)	157 (19.7)	61 (7.7)	38 (4.8)	106 (13.3)	175 (22.0)	111 (14.0)	6	7	1132	795
LV	400	23 (3.9)	75 (12.7)	129 (21.8)	169 (28.5)	134 (22.6)	41 (6.9)	21 (3.5)	5	3	1000	592
MX	571	208 (24.0)	167 (19.3)	82 (9.5)	103 (11.9)	135 (15.6)	39 (4.5)	132 (15.2)	5	53	1495	866
NL	444	88 (11.1)	143 (18.0)	137 (17.2)	64 (8.1)	175 (22.0)	122 (15.3)	66 (8.3)	8	2	1249	795
NO	353	27 (2.5)	161 (14.7)	287 (26.1)	152 (13.8)	292 (26.6)	152 (13.8)	27 (2.5)	5	19	1475	1098
NZ	247	34 (4.7)	110 (15.3)	106 (14.8)	173 (24.1)	173 (24.1)	93 (13.0)	28 (3.9)	9	52	1025	717
PH	321	199 (24.7)	30 (3.7)	49 (6.1)	97 (12.0)	118 (14.6)	23 (2.9)	291 (36.1)	4	68	1200	807
PL	500	84 (11.4)	113 (15.4)	108 (14.7)	109 (14.9)	198 (27.0)	48 (6.5)	74 (10.1)	14	4	1252	734
PT	457	39 (6.3)	87 (13.9)	135 (21.6)	86 (13.8)	176 (28.2)	42 (6.7)	59 (9.5)	1	10	1092	624
RU	761	30 (3.0)	195 (19.5)	148 (14.8)	229 (22.9)	191 (19.1)	160 (16.0)	45 (4.5)	13	26	1798	998
SE	264	28 (3.5)	96 (12.1)	206 (26.0)	139 (17.5)	219 (27.6)	97 (12.2)	8 (1.0)	13	10	1080	793
SI	353	29 (4.0)	94 (13.1)	162 (22.6)	175 (24.4)	194 (27.1)	37 (5.2)	26 (3.6)	23		1093	717
SK	426	33 (4.7)	80 (11.3)	183 (26.0)	135 (19.1)	184 (26.1)	67 (9.5)	23 (3.3)	2		1133	705
TW	713	208 (17.9)	97 (8.3)	222 (19.1)	159 (13.7)	257 (22.1)	67 (5.8)	152 (13.1)	16	92	1983	1162
US	464	65 (9.8)	127 (19.1)	100 (15.1)	75 (11.3)	198 (29.8)	70 (10.5)	29 (4.4)	18	25	1171	664
N Sum	15979	3023	4284	4995	4540	6418	3204	2692	632	871	46638	
N Valid Sum		3023	4284	4995	4540	6418	3204	2692				29156

V44 - Q15a So many things to do at home

Q.15

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.15a There are so many things to do AT HOME, I often run out of time before I get them all done.

- 0 Does not apply
- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer

in Taiwan (TW):

- 8 can't choose, don't know
- 9 refused

V44 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V44	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M						M	M		
AT	309	180 (10.8)	431 (25.9)	245 (14.7)	481 (28.9)	328 (19.7)	73		2047	1665
AU		213 (16.7)	502 (39.5)	165 (13.0)	340 (26.7)	52 (4.1)	10	70	1352	1272
BE-FLA	41	191 (15.4)	521 (42.0)	266 (21.5)	232 (18.7)	30 (2.4)	71	8	1360	1240
BG	95	120 (14.8)	232 (28.6)	145 (17.9)	248 (30.5)	67 (8.3)	8	88	1003	812
BR		963 (52.7)	252 (13.8)	126 (6.9)	107 (5.9)	379 (20.7)	173		2000	1827
CH	165	56 (6.8)	223 (27.2)	93 (11.4)	307 (37.5)	140 (17.1)	24		1008	819
CL	124	212 (15.7)	568 (42.1)	168 (12.5)	292 (21.6)	109 (8.1)	7	25	1505	1349
CY	5	15 (1.6)	254 (26.3)	223 (23.1)	464 (48.1)	8 (0.8)	35		1004	964
CZ		256 (20.5)	429 (34.4)	208 (16.7)	252 (20.2)	103 (8.3)	10	31	1289	1248
DE-E	21	48 (12.3)	135 (34.6)	51 (13.1)	106 (27.2)	50 (12.8)	19	1	431	390
DE-W	55	99 (11.9)	310 (37.3)	136 (16.3)	222 (26.7)	65 (7.8)	33	16	936	832
DK		284 (22.7)	361 (28.8)	196 (15.6)	192 (15.3)	220 (17.6)	23	103	1379	1253
ES	486	161 (8.2)	483 (24.5)	257 (13.1)	729 (37.0)	339 (17.2)	16		2471	1969
FI		142 (11.3)	331 (26.3)	220 (17.5)	445 (35.4)	120 (9.5)	32	63	1353	1258
FR	84	415 (24.3)	619 (36.2)	275 (16.1)	269 (15.7)	131 (7.7)	12	98	1903	1709
GB-GBN	108	328 (18.6)	773 (43.8)	251 (14.2)	368 (20.9)	43 (2.4)	26	63	1960	1763
GB-NIR		99 (10.7)	335 (36.3)	98 (10.6)	279 (30.2)	112 (12.1)	18	46	987	923
HU		103 (10.2)	187 (18.6)	208 (20.6)	329 (32.6)	181 (18.0)	3	12	1023	1008
IE	138	122 (11.5)	513 (48.3)	84 (7.9)	297 (28.0)	46 (4.3)	11	29	1240	1062
IL	26	218 (18.8)	393 (33.9)	219 (18.9)	204 (17.6)	127 (10.9)	15	7	1209	1161
JP		131 (12.5)	117 (11.2)	101 (9.7)	91 (8.7)	606 (57.9)	56	30	1132	1046
LV		80 (8.2)	291 (29.8)	205 (21.0)	337 (34.5)	63 (6.5)	24		1000	976
MX		398 (29.5)	461 (34.1)	154 (11.4)	293 (21.7)	45 (3.3)	42	102	1495	1351
NL	77	56 (4.8)	247 (21.3)	250 (21.6)	474 (41.0)	130 (11.2)	10	5	1249	1157
NO		78 (5.9)	379 (28.6)	326 (24.6)	470 (35.5)	71 (5.4)	17	134	1475	1324
NZ		122 (12.6)	421 (43.3)	183 (18.8)	220 (22.6)	26 (2.7)	15	38	1025	972
PH	50	86 (7.6)	360 (31.9)	188 (16.7)	367 (32.5)	128 (11.3)	21		1200	1129
PL		163 (13.9)	489 (41.7)	158 (13.5)	318 (27.1)	44 (3.8)	69	11	1252	1172
PT	26	266 (25.1)	499 (47.1)	96 (9.1)	163 (15.4)	36 (3.4)	3	3	1092	1060
RU		186 (10.9)	541 (31.6)	285 (16.7)	579 (33.9)	119 (7.0)	88		1798	1710
SE		132 (12.9)	302 (29.4)	308 (30.0)	230 (22.4)	54 (5.3)	14	40	1080	1026
SI	38	175 (16.7)	314 (30.0)	193 (18.4)	282 (26.9)	84 (8.0)	7		1093	1048
SK		318 (28.3)	292 (26.0)	206 (18.3)	181 (16.1)	127 (11.3)	4	5	1133	1124
TW		99 (5.3)	606 (32.6)	147 (7.9)	894 (48.0)	115 (6.2)	121	1	1983	1861
US		384 (33.3)	399 (34.6)	170 (14.8)	153 (13.3)	46 (4.0)	16	3	1171	1152
N Sum	1848	6899	13570	6604	11215	4344	1126	1032	46638	
N Valid Sum		6899	13570	6604	11215	4344				42632

V45 - Q15b My life at home is rarely stressful

Q.15

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.15b My life AT HOME is rarely stressful.

- 0 Does not apply
- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer

in Taiwan (TW):

- 8 can't choose, don't know
- 9 refused

V45 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V45	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	128	365 (19.5)	668 (35.7)	315 (16.8)	387 (20.7)	138 (7.4)	46			2047	1873
AU		97 (7.6)	547 (43.0)	229 (18.0)	329 (25.8)	71 (5.6)	10	69		1352	1273
BE-FLA	42	80 (6.3)	543 (42.7)	306 (24.1)	292 (23.0)	50 (3.9)	44	3		1360	1271
BG	90	189 (23.9)	315 (39.8)	128 (16.2)	130 (16.4)	29 (3.7)	31	91		1003	791
BR		821 (44.5)	296 (16.0)	131 (7.1)	174 (9.4)	425 (23.0)	153			2000	1847
CH	44	197 (20.6)	531 (55.7)	72 (7.5)	116 (12.2)	38 (4.0)	10			1008	954
CL	120	126 (9.3)	629 (46.4)	196 (14.4)	269 (19.8)	137 (10.1)	9	19		1505	1357
CY	4	4 (0.4)	450 (46.7)	236 (24.5)	244 (25.3)	30 (3.1)	36			1004	964
CZ		103 (8.4)	350 (28.4)	309 (25.1)	335 (27.2)	136 (11.0)	27	29		1289	1233
DE-E	14	51 (12.7)	184 (45.7)	68 (16.9)	82 (20.3)	18 (4.5)	9	5		431	403
DE-W	31	78 (9.0)	346 (39.8)	152 (17.5)	223 (25.6)	71 (8.2)	15	20		936	870
DK		456 (35.6)	349 (27.3)	142 (11.1)	213 (16.6)	120 (9.4)	11	88		1379	1280
ES	404	452 (22.1)	745 (36.4)	224 (10.9)	468 (22.9)	157 (7.7)	21			2471	2046
FI		189 (14.9)	649 (51.1)	190 (15.0)	202 (15.9)	39 (3.1)	34	50		1353	1269
FR	34	307 (17.4)	742 (41.9)	295 (16.7)	291 (16.4)	134 (7.6)	14	86		1903	1769
GB-GBN	53	126 (6.9)	730 (40.0)	352 (19.3)	518 (28.4)	101 (5.5)	14	66		1960	1827
GB-NIR		84 (8.9)	404 (42.8)	159 (16.8)	242 (25.6)	56 (5.9)	8	34		987	945
HU		165 (16.4)	357 (35.4)	236 (23.4)	168 (16.7)	82 (8.1)	3	12		1023	1008
IE	77	152 (13.5)	564 (50.0)	105 (9.3)	276 (24.5)	31 (2.7)	8	27		1240	1128
IL	12	173 (14.8)	340 (29.0)	275 (23.5)	244 (20.8)	139 (11.9)	18	8		1209	1171
JP		380 (34.7)	201 (18.4)	130 (11.9)	145 (13.2)	239 (21.8)	22	15		1132	1095
LV		63 (6.5)	373 (38.6)	250 (25.9)	235 (24.3)	45 (4.7)	34			1000	966
MX		247 (17.9)	451 (32.7)	200 (14.5)	411 (29.8)	71 (5.1)	36	79		1495	1380
NL	50	75 (6.4)	452 (38.4)	302 (25.7)	295 (25.1)	52 (4.4)	17	6		1249	1176
NO		76 (5.5)	685 (49.6)	288 (20.9)	298 (21.6)	34 (2.5)	12	82		1475	1381
NZ		60 (6.1)	419 (42.9)	191 (19.5)	268 (27.4)	39 (4.0)	13	35		1025	977
PH	29	59 (5.1)	463 (39.9)	208 (17.9)	339 (29.2)	92 (7.9)	10			1200	1161
PL		145 (12.5)	538 (46.5)	188 (16.3)	241 (20.8)	44 (3.8)	86	10		1252	1156
PT	4	183 (16.9)	340 (31.4)	142 (13.1)	352 (32.5)	67 (6.2)	1	3		1092	1084
RU		190 (11.1)	713 (41.6)	356 (20.8)	401 (23.4)	53 (3.1)	85			1798	1713
SE		75 (7.3)	493 (47.7)	254 (24.6)	172 (16.6)	40 (3.9)	10	36		1080	1034
SI	31	122 (11.6)	426 (40.4)	202 (19.2)	241 (22.9)	63 (6.0)	8			1093	1054
SK		196 (17.5)	371 (33.2)	266 (23.8)	185 (16.6)	99 (8.9)	11	5		1133	1117
TW		152 (8.0)	1185 (62.1)	106 (5.6)	406 (21.3)	60 (3.1)	73	1		1983	1909
US		175 (15.2)	383 (33.2)	174 (15.1)	309 (26.8)	114 (9.9)	14	2		1171	1155
N Sum	1167	6413	17232	7377	9501	3114	953	881		46638	
N Valid Sum		6413	17232	7377	9501	3114					43637

V46 - Q15c So many things to do at work

Q.15

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.15c

There are so many things to do AT WORK, I often run out of time before I get them all done.

- 0 Does not apply
- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer

in Brazil (BR):

- 0 does not apply, can't choose, no answer

in Taiwan (TW):

- 8 can't choose, don't know
- 9 refused



V46 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V46	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M						M	M		
AT	961	146 (13.7)	368 (34.6)	182 (17.1)	240 (22.5)	129 (12.1)	21		2047	1065
AU	377	146 (16.6)	277 (31.5)	115 (13.1)	289 (32.8)	53 (6.0)	4	91	1352	880
BE-FLA	595	85 (11.8)	266 (36.9)	200 (27.7)	152 (21.1)	18 (2.5)	14	30	1360	721
BG	591	45 (11.3)	99 (24.9)	115 (29.0)	114 (28.7)	24 (6.0)	7	8	1003	397
BR	468	708 (46.2)	180 (11.7)	95 (6.2)	107 (7.0)	442 (28.9)			2000	1532
CH	344	58 (9.3)	258 (41.5)	72 (11.6)	197 (31.7)	37 (5.9)	15	27	1008	622
CL	717	105 (13.7)	361 (46.9)	108 (14.0)	139 (18.1)	56 (7.3)	2	17	1505	769
CY	301	24 (3.6)	231 (34.3)	201 (29.9)	213 (31.6)	4 (0.6)	30		1004	673
CZ		121 (11.2)	302 (28.0)	277 (25.7)	271 (25.1)	107 (9.9)	177	34	1289	1078
DE-E	145	39 (14.8)	119 (45.2)	35 (13.3)	59 (22.4)	11 (4.2)	16	7	431	263
DE-W	224	100 (15.8)	250 (39.4)	105 (16.6)	150 (23.7)	29 (4.6)	45	33	936	634
DK	492	145 (17.2)	235 (27.8)	115 (13.6)	156 (18.5)	194 (23.0)	7	35	1379	845
ES	1175	104 (8.1)	374 (29.2)	174 (13.6)	469 (36.6)	159 (12.4)	16		2471	1280
FI		147 (13.8)	335 (31.4)	212 (19.9)	315 (29.5)	59 (5.5)	110	175	1353	1068
FR	284	234 (16.5)	426 (30.0)	312 (21.9)	287 (20.2)	163 (11.5)	35	162	1903	1422
GB-GBN	545	193 (15.1)	508 (39.8)	252 (19.7)	287 (22.5)	36 (2.8)	23	116	1960	1276
GB-NIR	391	65 (11.9)	216 (39.6)	73 (13.4)	153 (28.0)	39 (7.1)	12	38	987	546
HU	583	73 (16.7)	97 (22.2)	92 (21.1)	117 (26.8)	57 (13.1)	3	1	1023	436
IE	430	56 (7.4)	302 (39.8)	60 (7.9)	293 (38.7)	47 (6.2)	11	41	1240	758
IL	279	141 (15.9)	255 (28.7)	194 (21.9)	192 (21.6)	105 (11.8)	34	9	1209	887
JP	378	143 (19.7)	123 (17.0)	84 (11.6)	76 (10.5)	299 (41.2)	16	13	1132	725
LV	344	60 (9.2)	193 (29.6)	116 (17.8)	236 (36.2)	47 (7.2)	4		1000	652
MX		253 (21.7)	385 (33.0)	147 (12.6)	331 (28.4)	51 (4.4)	95	233	1495	1167
NL	361	68 (7.8)	253 (29.2)	192 (22.1)	292 (33.7)	62 (7.2)	6	15	1249	867
NO	382	109 (10.8)	380 (37.8)	273 (27.1)	227 (22.6)	17 (1.7)	18	69	1475	1006
NZ	271	73 (10.5)	271 (38.9)	153 (22.0)	182 (26.1)	17 (2.4)	21	37	1025	696
PH	441	36 (4.9)	267 (36.4)	172 (23.4)	207 (28.2)	52 (7.1)	23	2	1200	734
PL	708	73 (14.4)	230 (45.3)	91 (17.9)	102 (20.1)	12 (2.4)	22	14	1252	508
PT	517	186 (33.1)	259 (46.1)	24 (4.3)	87 (15.5)	6 (1.1)		13	1092	562
RU	788	83 (8.7)	235 (24.7)	162 (17.0)	406 (42.6)	66 (6.9)	28	30	1798	952
SE		143 (15.6)	284 (30.9)	290 (31.6)	166 (18.1)	36 (3.9)	82	79	1080	919
SI	455	100 (15.8)	191 (30.3)	111 (17.6)	188 (29.8)	41 (6.5)	7		1093	631
SK	500	110 (17.5)	148 (23.5)	140 (22.2)	159 (25.2)	73 (11.6)		3	1133	630
TW	632	98 (7.8)	482 (38.4)	95 (7.6)	538 (42.9)	42 (3.3)	95	1	1983	1255
US		203 (20.3)	274 (27.3)	213 (21.3)	252 (25.1)	60 (6.0)	159	10	1171	1002
N Sum	14679	4473	9434	5252	7649	2650	1158	1343	46638	
N Valid Sum		4473	9434	5252	7649	2650				29458

V47 - Q15d My job is rarely stressful

Q.15

To what extent do you agree or disagree...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.15d

MY JOB is rarely stressful.

- 0 Does not apply
- 1 Strongly agree
- 2 Agree
- 3 Neither agree nor disagree
- 4 Disagree
- 5 Strongly disagree
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer

in Brazil (BR):

- 0 does not apply, can't choose, no answer

in Taiwan (TW):

- 8 can't choose, don't know
- 9 refused

V47 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V47	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M							M	M		
AT	968	51 (4.9)	162 (15.7)	204 (19.7)	404 (39.0)	214 (20.7)	44			2047	1035
AU	382	38 (4.3)	207 (23.5)	154 (17.5)	335 (38.1)	145 (16.5)	4	87		1352	879
BE-FLA	595	14 (1.9)	112 (15.5)	176 (24.3)	329 (45.5)	92 (12.7)	11	31		1360	723
BG	614	42 (11.1)	95 (25.2)	80 (21.2)	120 (31.8)	40 (10.6)	6	6		1003	377
BR	476	573 (37.6)	176 (11.5)	115 (7.5)	138 (9.1)	522 (34.3)				2000	1524
CH	344	29 (4.5)	242 (37.8)	89 (13.9)	220 (34.3)	61 (9.5)	2	21		1008	641
CL	717	53 (6.9)	277 (36.1)	117 (15.3)	206 (26.9)	114 (14.9)	2	19		1505	767
CY	301	1 (0.1)	81 (12.1)	175 (26.1)	328 (48.9)	86 (12.8)	32			1004	671
CZ		47 (4.3)	192 (17.6)	291 (26.7)	340 (31.2)	220 (20.2)	162	37		1289	1090
DE-E	149	7 (2.8)	40 (16.1)	33 (13.3)	116 (46.6)	53 (21.3)	21	12		431	249
DE-W	252	11 (1.8)	89 (14.9)	98 (16.4)	262 (44.0)	136 (22.8)	43	45		936	596
DK	492	166 (19.6)	208 (24.5)	72 (8.5)	239 (28.2)	164 (19.3)	4	34		1379	849
ES	1175	100 (7.8)	326 (25.6)	191 (15.0)	497 (39.0)	161 (12.6)	21			2471	1275
FI		58 (5.4)	266 (24.8)	195 (18.2)	413 (38.5)	141 (13.1)	110	170		1353	1073
FR	261	92 (6.3)	260 (17.8)	237 (16.3)	462 (31.7)	406 (27.9)	23	162		1903	1457
GB-GBN	543	38 (3.0)	289 (22.8)	198 (15.6)	507 (40.0)	234 (18.5)	28	123		1960	1266
GB-NIR	421	17 (3.3)	121 (23.4)	90 (17.4)	204 (39.4)	86 (16.6)	10	38		987	518
HU	583	45 (10.3)	112 (25.6)	119 (27.2)	111 (25.3)	51 (11.6)	1	1		1023	438
IE	409	45 (5.8)	258 (33.0)	78 (10.0)	340 (43.5)	60 (7.7)	9	41		1240	781
IL	285	78 (8.8)	226 (25.6)	208 (23.5)	251 (28.4)	121 (13.7)	31	9		1209	884
JP	378	161 (21.9)	89 (12.1)	91 (12.4)	100 (13.6)	293 (39.9)	8	12		1132	734
LV	344	13 (2.0)	119 (18.3)	155 (23.8)	285 (43.8)	78 (12.0)	6			1000	650
MX		220 (18.9)	389 (33.5)	160 (13.8)	338 (29.1)	54 (4.7)	91	243		1495	1161
NL	362	22 (2.5)	211 (24.4)	209 (24.2)	337 (39.0)	86 (9.9)	8	14		1249	865
NO	382	16 (1.6)	158 (15.9)	206 (20.7)	475 (47.7)	141 (14.2)	15	82		1475	996
NZ	271	15 (2.1)	145 (20.7)	125 (17.9)	322 (46.1)	92 (13.2)	19	36		1025	699
PH	441	20 (2.8)	232 (32.2)	144 (20.0)	261 (36.2)	64 (8.9)	17	21		1200	721
PL	708	31 (6.1)	162 (31.8)	91 (17.9)	178 (35.0)	47 (9.2)	19	16		1252	509
PT	517	59 (10.5)	168 (29.9)	59 (10.5)	209 (37.2)	67 (11.9)		13		1092	562
RU	788	79 (8.3)	348 (36.5)	193 (20.2)	275 (28.8)	59 (6.2)	26	30		1798	954
SE		15 (1.6)	185 (19.7)	232 (24.7)	345 (36.8)	161 (17.2)	66	76		1080	938
SI	457	39 (6.2)	113 (18.0)	114 (18.1)	242 (38.5)	121 (19.2)	7			1093	629
SK	500	46 (7.3)	119 (18.9)	171 (27.2)	168 (26.8)	124 (19.7)	2	3		1133	628
TW	632	39 (3.1)	610 (48.3)	68 (5.4)	434 (34.4)	112 (8.9)	87	1		1983	1263
US		73 (7.3)	249 (24.9)	198 (19.8)	329 (32.9)	151 (15.1)	160	11		1171	1000
N Sum	14747	2353	7036	5136	10120	4757	1095	1394		46638	
N Valid Sum		2353	7036	5136	10120	4757					29402

V48 - Q16a Too tired from work to do duties at home

Q.16

How often has each of the following happened to you during the past three months?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.16a I have come home from work too tired to do the chores which need to be done.

- 0 Does not apply, no job
- 1 Several times a week
- 2 Several times a month
- 3 Once or twice
- 4 Never
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 8 can't choose

in Ireland (IE):

- 3 several times a year, less often/rarely

Note:

BE-FLA,BG,CH,CL,CY,CZ,DK,PL,PT,RU,SK: for the whole question battery the filter refers to codes 5-10 in V239 (WRKST)

CL: for the whole question battery a 3 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded to the standard after applying the filtering procedure)

DE: filter refers to an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

IE: for the whole question battery a 5 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded)

V48 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V48	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	962	122 (11.6)	238 (22.6)	315 (29.9)	377 (35.8)		33	2047	1052
AU	450	134 (16.3)	220 (26.8)	359 (43.7)	108 (13.2)		81	1352	821
BE-FLA	595	107 (15.2)	213 (30.3)	238 (33.8)	146 (20.7)	42	19	1360	704
BG	625	109 (29.5)	117 (31.6)	124 (33.5)	20 (5.4)		8	1003	370
BR	179	283 (21.2)	347 (25.9)	202 (15.1)	506 (37.8)		483	2000	1338
CH	344	50 (8.0)	125 (20.0)	230 (36.7)	221 (35.3)		38	1008	626
CL	717	231 (29.8)	268 (34.6)	230 (29.7)	45 (5.8)		14	1505	774
CY	301	45 (6.4)	202 (28.7)	352 (50.1)	104 (14.8)			1004	703
CZ	448	103 (12.5)	277 (33.5)	332 (40.2)	114 (13.8)		15	1289	826
DE-E	187	35 (14.7)	60 (25.2)	87 (36.6)	56 (23.5)		6	431	238
DE-W	324	95 (16.6)	171 (29.8)	188 (32.8)	119 (20.8)		39	936	573
DK	420	148 (16.4)	261 (29.0)	307 (34.1)	184 (20.4)		59	1379	900
ES	1251	372 (31.0)	344 (28.7)	196 (16.3)	287 (23.9)		21	2471	1199
FI	306	102 (10.9)	264 (28.3)	401 (43.0)	165 (17.7)		115	1353	932
FR	353	285 (20.8)	463 (33.8)	460 (33.6)	163 (11.9)		179	1903	1371
GB-GBN	680	292 (24.4)	346 (28.9)	424 (35.4)	136 (11.4)	3	79	1960	1198
GB-NIR	462	81 (16.5)	131 (26.6)	193 (39.2)	87 (17.7)		33	987	492
HU	583	138 (31.4)	115 (26.2)	109 (24.8)	77 (17.5)		1	1023	439
IE	475	99 (13.6)	210 (28.9)	276 (38.0)	141 (19.4)		39	1240	726
IL	330	264 (31.0)	267 (31.4)	171 (20.1)	149 (17.5)		28	1209	851
JP	378	90 (12.4)	133 (18.4)	120 (16.6)	380 (52.6)		31	1132	723
LV	347	135 (20.7)	240 (36.9)	172 (26.4)	104 (16.0)		2	1000	651
MX	362	218 (20.8)	306 (29.2)	288 (27.5)	235 (22.4)		86	1495	1047
NL	386	119 (14.1)	287 (34.1)	238 (28.3)	197 (23.4)	9	13	1249	841
NO	421	191 (18.5)	312 (30.3)	387 (37.5)	141 (13.7)		23	1475	1031
NZ	298	112 (15.7)	186 (26.0)	316 (44.2)	101 (14.1)		12	1025	715
PH	506	110 (16.0)	186 (27.1)	254 (37.0)	136 (19.8)		8	1200	686
PL	708	121 (23.1)	219 (41.9)	113 (21.6)	70 (13.4)		21	1252	523
PT	517	123 (23.0)	137 (25.7)	145 (27.2)	129 (24.2)		41	1092	534
RU	788	288 (30.4)	326 (34.5)	203 (21.5)	129 (13.6)		64	1798	946
SE	196	163 (19.8)	216 (26.3)	331 (40.3)	112 (13.6)		62	1080	822
SI	471	130 (21.5)	181 (30.0)	136 (22.5)	157 (26.0)		18	1093	604
SK	500	171 (27.1)	265 (41.9)	144 (22.8)	52 (8.2)		1	1133	632
TW	720	234 (18.6)	192 (15.2)	318 (25.2)	517 (41.0)		2	1983	1261
US	260	253 (28.8)	216 (24.5)	302 (34.3)	109 (12.4)	7	24	1171	880
N Sum	16850	5553	8041	8661	5774	61	1698	46638	
N Valid Sum		5553	8041	8661	5774				28029

V49 - Q16b Difficult to fulfil fam.responsibility

Q.16

How often has each of the following happened to you during the past three months?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.16b It has been difficult for me to fulfil my family responsibilities because of the amount of time I spent on my job.

- 0 Does not apply, no job
- 1 Several times a week
- 2 Several times a month
- 3 Once or twice
- 4 Never
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 8 can't choose

in Ireland (IE):

- 3 several times a year, less often/rarely

Note:

BE-FLA,BG,CH,CL,CY,CZ,DK,PL,PT,RU,SK: for the whole question battery the filter refers to codes 5-10 in V239 (WRKST)

CL: for the whole question battery a 3 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded to the standard after applying the filtering procedure)

DE: filter refers to an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

IE: for the whole question battery a 5 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded)

V49 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V49	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	962	46 (4.6)	144 (14.3)	256 (25.3)	564 (55.8)		75	2047	1010
AU	450	68 (8.4)	144 (17.7)	332 (40.8)	270 (33.2)		88	1352	814
BE-FLA	595	82 (11.8)	187 (26.9)	218 (31.4)	208 (29.9)	51	19	1360	695
BG	625	66 (17.9)	87 (23.6)	160 (43.5)	55 (14.9)		10	1003	368
BR	179	216 (16.1)	289 (21.5)	213 (15.9)	624 (46.5)		479	2000	1342
CH	344	18 (3.1)	59 (10.1)	166 (28.4)	342 (58.5)		79	1008	585
CL	717	169 (22.4)	228 (30.2)	283 (37.4)	76 (10.1)		32	1505	756
CY	301	22 (3.1)	165 (23.5)	357 (50.8)	159 (22.6)			1004	703
CZ	448	62 (7.7)	194 (24.0)	319 (39.4)	235 (29.0)		31	1289	810
DE-E	203	12 (5.4)	46 (20.8)	70 (31.7)	93 (42.1)		7	431	221
DE-W	344	34 (6.0)	144 (25.6)	180 (32.0)	204 (36.3)		30	936	562
DK	420	73 (8.1)	174 (19.4)	263 (29.4)	386 (43.1)		63	1379	896
ES	1251	106 (8.8)	247 (20.6)	248 (20.7)	599 (49.9)		20	2471	1200
FI	318	51 (5.8)	153 (17.3)	340 (38.4)	342 (38.6)		149	1353	886
FR	353	131 (9.9)	291 (21.9)	387 (29.2)	518 (39.0)		223	1903	1327
GB-GBN	680	90 (8.2)	191 (17.3)	363 (33.0)	457 (41.5)	4	175	1960	1101
GB-NIR	492	29 (6.3)	61 (13.2)	149 (32.3)	222 (48.2)		34	987	461
HU	583	81 (18.6)	105 (24.1)	114 (26.2)	135 (31.0)		5	1023	435
IE	475	29 (4.3)	77 (11.5)	264 (39.3)	301 (44.9)		94	1240	671
IL	330	129 (15.3)	239 (28.4)	198 (23.5)	275 (32.7)		38	1209	841
JP	378	70 (9.7)	119 (16.5)	134 (18.6)	398 (55.2)		33	1132	721
LV	347	83 (12.7)	161 (24.7)	177 (27.2)	230 (35.3)		2	1000	651
MX	359	149 (14.3)	257 (24.6)	258 (24.7)	379 (36.3)		93	1495	1043
NL	386	31 (4.2)	123 (16.5)	220 (29.5)	372 (49.9)	101	16	1249	746
NO	431	55 (5.5)	192 (19.3)	324 (32.5)	426 (42.7)		47	1475	997
NZ	298	43 (6.3)	113 (16.5)	256 (37.4)	273 (39.9)		42	1025	685
PH	506	77 (11.4)	142 (21.0)	232 (34.3)	226 (33.4)		17	1200	677
PL	708	76 (14.8)	202 (39.2)	115 (22.3)	122 (23.7)		29	1252	515
PT	517	79 (14.9)	102 (19.2)	140 (26.4)	210 (39.5)	3	41	1092	531
RU	788	172 (18.6)	246 (26.6)	184 (19.9)	322 (34.8)		86	1798	924
SE	206	57 (7.1)	159 (19.9)	276 (34.6)	306 (38.3)		76	1080	798
SI	471	66 (11.2)	146 (24.8)	150 (25.5)	227 (38.5)		33	1093	589
SK	500	99 (15.7)	219 (34.7)	167 (26.4)	147 (23.3)		1	1133	632
TW	720	147 (11.7)	154 (12.2)	236 (18.7)	724 (57.4)		2	1983	1261
US	260	94 (11.2)	134 (15.9)	261 (31.0)	353 (41.9)	6	63	1171	842
N Sum	16945	2812	5694	8010	10780	165	2232	46638	
N Valid Sum		2812	5694	8010	10780				27296

V50 - Q16c Too tired from hhwork to function i job

Q.16

How often has each of the following happened to you during the past three months?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.16c I have arrived at work too tired to function well because of the household work I had done.

- 0 Does not apply, no job
- 1 Several times a week
- 2 Several times a month
- 3 Once or twice
- 4 Never
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 8 can't choose

in Ireland (IE):

- 3 several times a year, less often/rarely

Note:

BE-FLA,BG,CH,CL,CY,CZ,DK,PT,PL,RU,SK: for the whole question battery the filter refers to codes 5-10 in V239 (WRKST)

CL: for the whole question battery a 3 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded to the standard after applying the filtering procedure)

DE: filter refers to an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

IE: for the whole question battery a 5 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded)



V50 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V50	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	962	11 (1.1)	27 (2.7)	63 (6.3)	899 (89.9)		85	2047	1000
AU	450	9 (1.1)	34 (4.2)	252 (31.0)	519 (63.8)		88	1352	814
BE-FLA	595	8 (1.1)	34 (4.9)	159 (22.8)	497 (71.2)	48	19	1360	698
BG	625	20 (5.4)	34 (9.2)	193 (52.4)	121 (32.9)		10	1003	368
BR	179	114 (8.5)	224 (16.8)	209 (15.7)	787 (59.0)		487	2000	1334
CH	344	2 (0.3)	5 (0.8)	26 (4.2)	588 (94.7)		43	1008	621
CL	717	101 (13.8)	173 (23.6)	336 (45.8)	124 (16.9)		54	1505	734
CY	301	4 (0.6)	54 (7.7)	271 (38.5)	374 (53.2)			1004	703
CZ	448	16 (2.0)	54 (6.6)	212 (25.9)	537 (65.6)		22	1289	819
DE-E	193		6 (2.7)	19 (8.5)	199 (88.8)		14	431	224
DE-W	327	12 (2.2)	22 (4.0)	69 (12.4)	453 (81.5)		53	936	556
DK	420	5 (0.6)	11 (1.2)	91 (10.2)	786 (88.0)	1	65	1379	893
ES	1251	63 (5.3)	149 (12.4)	158 (13.2)	830 (69.2)		20	2471	1200
FI	299	8 (0.9)	17 (1.9)	193 (21.3)	689 (76.0)		147	1353	907
FR	353	22 (1.6)	87 (6.4)	368 (27.2)	878 (64.8)		195	1903	1355
GB-GBN	680	17 (1.5)	45 (3.9)	276 (23.8)	820 (70.8)	4	118	1960	1158
GB-NIR	471	7 (1.4)	19 (3.9)	115 (23.8)	342 (70.8)		33	987	483
HU	583	15 (3.4)	35 (8.0)	83 (18.9)	305 (69.6)		2	1023	438
IE	475	5 (0.7)	20 (2.9)	192 (28.3)	462 (68.0)		86	1240	679
IL	330	58 (6.8)	129 (15.2)	171 (20.1)	493 (57.9)		28	1209	851
JP	378	7 (1.0)	33 (4.6)	69 (9.5)	616 (85.0)		29	1132	725
LV	347	25 (3.8)	39 (6.0)	126 (19.4)	461 (70.8)		2	1000	651
MX	366	129 (12.5)	211 (20.4)	270 (26.1)	426 (41.1)		93	1495	1036
NL	386	8 (1.0)	44 (5.5)	126 (15.8)	621 (77.7)	49	15	1249	799
NO	421	6 (0.6)	15 (1.5)	125 (12.4)	860 (85.5)		48	1475	1006
NZ	298	10 (1.4)	20 (2.9)	170 (24.4)	498 (71.3)		29	1025	698
PH	506	47 (7.0)	109 (16.3)	203 (30.3)	311 (46.4)		24	1200	670
PL	708	32 (6.2)	89 (17.3)	155 (30.1)	239 (46.4)		29	1252	515
PT	517	18 (3.4)	40 (7.5)	82 (15.3)	395 (73.8)	3	37	1092	535
RU	788	31 (3.4)	81 (8.8)	155 (16.9)	651 (70.9)		92	1798	918
SE	192	9 (1.1)	25 (3.1)	168 (20.6)	614 (75.2)		72	1080	816
SI	471	10 (1.7)	28 (4.6)	88 (14.5)	479 (79.2)		17	1093	605
SK	500	25 (4.0)	95 (15.1)	223 (35.3)	288 (45.6)		2	1133	631
TW	720	26 (2.1)	44 (3.5)	144 (11.4)	1047 (83.0)		2	1983	1261
US	260	27 (3.2)	48 (5.7)	244 (28.9)	524 (62.2)	4	64	1171	843
N Sum	16861	907	2100	5804	18733	109	2124	46638	
N Valid Sum		907	2100	5804	18733				27544

V51 - Q16d Difficult to concentrate at work

Q.16

How often has each of the following happened to you during the past three months?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.16d I have found it difficult to concentrate at work because of my family responsibilities.

- 0 Does not apply, no job
- 1 Several times a week
- 2 Several times a month
- 3 Once or twice
- 4 Never
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 8 can't choose

in Ireland (IE):

- 3 several times a year, less often/rarely

Note:

BE-FLA,BG,CH,CL,CY,CZ,DK,PT,PL,RU,SK: for the whole question battery the filter refers to codes 5-10 in V239 (WRKST)

CL: for the whole question battery a 3 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded to the standard after applying the filtering procedure)

DE: filter refers to an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

IE: for the whole question battery a 5 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded)

V51 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V51	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	962	9 (0.9)	39 (3.9)	134 (13.4)	820 (81.8)		83	2047	1002
AU	450	16 (2.0)	52 (6.4)	368 (45.4)	375 (46.2)		91	1352	811
BE-FLA	595	7 (1.0)	25 (3.6)	153 (21.9)	513 (73.5)	48	19	1360	698
BG	625	17 (4.6)	23 (6.3)	184 (50.1)	143 (39.0)		11	1003	367
BR	179	114 (8.6)	193 (14.5)	220 (16.5)	803 (60.4)		491	2000	1330
CH	344	1 (0.2)	12 (2.0)	86 (14.4)	500 (83.5)		65	1008	599
CL	717	64 (8.8)	183 (25.2)	358 (49.4)	120 (16.6)		63	1505	725
CY	301	3 (0.4)	51 (7.3)	291 (41.4)	358 (50.9)			1004	703
CZ	448	15 (1.9)	50 (6.2)	249 (30.7)	496 (61.2)		31	1289	810
DE-E	198	1 (0.4)	5 (2.2)	55 (24.3)	165 (73.0)		7	431	226
DE-W	352	8 (1.5)	36 (6.5)	162 (29.4)	345 (62.6)		33	936	551
DK	420	9 (1.0)	28 (3.1)	135 (15.1)	723 (80.8)		64	1379	895
ES	1251	45 (3.7)	119 (9.9)	229 (19.1)	808 (67.3)		19	2471	1201
FI	306	12 (1.3)	41 (4.6)	266 (29.7)	577 (64.4)		151	1353	896
FR	353	23 (1.7)	87 (6.4)	431 (31.9)	810 (60.0)		199	1903	1351
GB-GBN	680	26 (2.3)	60 (5.3)	446 (39.5)	596 (52.8)	3	149	1960	1128
GB-NIR	478	10 (2.1)	28 (5.9)	151 (31.7)	287 (60.3)		33	987	476
HU	583	7 (1.6)	29 (6.7)	88 (20.2)	312 (71.6)		4	1023	436
IE	475	8 (1.2)	25 (3.8)	208 (31.2)	425 (63.8)		99	1240	666
IL	330	53 (6.2)	131 (15.4)	223 (26.2)	443 (52.1)		29	1209	850
JP	378	7 (1.0)	16 (2.2)	68 (9.4)	633 (87.4)		30	1132	724
LV	347	22 (3.4)	39 (6.0)	146 (22.4)	444 (68.2)		2	1000	651
MX	368	136 (13.2)	199 (19.3)	241 (23.3)	457 (44.2)		94	1495	1033
NL	386	7 (0.9)	41 (5.4)	166 (21.7)	551 (72.0)	83	15	1249	765
NO	424	9 (0.9)	41 (4.1)	258 (25.7)	696 (69.3)		47	1475	1004
NZ	298	18 (2.6)	41 (6.0)	264 (38.7)	360 (52.7)		44	1025	683
PH	506	38 (5.6)	110 (16.3)	186 (27.6)	339 (50.4)		21	1200	673
PL	708	15 (2.9)	54 (10.5)	156 (30.4)	289 (56.2)		30	1252	514
PT	517	37 (6.9)	64 (11.9)	132 (24.5)	305 (56.7)	4	33	1092	538
RU	788	26 (2.8)	85 (9.3)	138 (15.1)	665 (72.8)		96	1798	914
SE	205	13 (1.6)	31 (3.9)	240 (29.9)	520 (64.7)		71	1080	804
SI	471	8 (1.3)	43 (7.2)	99 (16.6)	445 (74.8)		27	1093	595
SK	500	14 (2.2)	65 (10.3)	223 (35.4)	328 (52.1)		3	1133	630
TW	720	22 (1.7)	32 (2.5)	200 (15.9)	1007 (79.9)		2	1983	1261
US	260	31 (3.7)	60 (7.2)	279 (33.5)	464 (55.6)	4	73	1171	834
N Sum	16923	851	2138	7233	17122	142	2229	46638	
N Valid Sum		851	2138	7233	17122				27344

V52 - Q17 Life in general: how happy on the whole

Q.17

If you were to consider your life in general, how happy or unhappy would you say you are, on the whole?

(Please tick one box only)

- 1 Completely happy
- 2 Very happy
- 3 Fairly happy
- 4 Neither happy nor unhappy
- 5 Fairly unhappy
- 6 Very unhappy
- 7 Completely unhappy
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Ireland (IE):

- 5 Not so happy
- 6 Not at all happy

Note:

Please note, that different answer scales were used.

BR, IE: for this question a 4 pt answer category scale was applied to the national original data set (recoded to the standard)

Brazil (BR): original answer scale (recoded to the standard)

- 1 Very happy
- 2 Fairly happy
- 3 Fairly unhappy
- 4 Very unhappy

Ireland (IE): original answer scale (recoded to the standard)

- 1 Very happy
- 2 Fairly happy
- 3 Not so happy
- 4 Not at all happy

V52 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V52	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M M										
AT	321 (15.8)	731 (36.0)	738 (36.4)	207 (10.2)	29 (1.4)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.0)	18		2047	2029
AU	108 (8.2)	517 (39.1)	542 (41.0)	102 (7.7)	43 (3.3)	6 (0.5)	3 (0.2)	1	30	1352	1321
BE-FLA	60 (4.6)	429 (32.9)	592 (45.4)	176 (13.5)	32 (2.5)	12 (0.9)	2 (0.2)	35	22	1360	1303
BG	23 (2.3)	77 (7.8)	465 (47.0)	303 (30.6)	86 (8.7)	30 (3.0)	6 (0.6)		13	1003	990
BR		1162 (58.5)	687 (34.6)		96 (4.8)	42 (2.1)		13		2000	1987
CH	83 (8.3)	447 (44.5)	393 (39.1)	73 (7.3)	8 (0.8)	1 (0.1)		3		1008	1005
CL	231 (15.4)	623 (41.5)	441 (29.3)	157 (10.4)	34 (2.3)	14 (0.9)	3 (0.2)		2	1505	1503
CY	27 (2.7)	533 (54.3)	223 (22.7)	123 (12.5)	46 (4.7)	28 (2.9)	2 (0.2)	22		1004	982
CZ	126 (10.0)	179 (14.3)	623 (49.6)	274 (21.8)	43 (3.4)	8 (0.6)	3 (0.2)	5	28	1289	1256
DE-E	21 (5.0)	88 (21.0)	210 (50.0)	87 (20.7)	9 (2.1)	3 (0.7)	2 (0.5)	10	1	431	420
DE-W	55 (6.1)	228 (25.1)	465 (51.2)	138 (15.2)	18 (2.0)	4 (0.4)		20	8	936	908
DK	151 (11.3)	429 (32.2)	538 (40.4)	173 (13.0)	32 (2.4)	7 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	17	31	1379	1331
ES	189 (7.7)	695 (28.3)	1171 (47.6)	342 (13.9)	48 (2.0)	13 (0.5)	2 (0.1)	5	6	2471	2460
FI	136 (10.4)	342 (26.0)	613 (46.7)	178 (13.6)	37 (2.8)	5 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	25	15	1353	1313
FR	204 (11.1)	441 (24.1)	896 (48.9)	230 (12.5)	54 (2.9)	6 (0.3)	2 (0.1)	23	47	1903	1833
GB-GBN	247 (12.9)	676 (35.4)	743 (38.9)	171 (8.9)	51 (2.7)	17 (0.9)	7 (0.4)	20	28	1960	1912
GB-NIR	127 (13.3)	402 (42.0)	334 (34.9)	73 (7.6)	17 (1.8)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)	4	26	987	957
HU	102 (10.0)	191 (18.7)	432 (42.4)	213 (20.9)	56 (5.5)	19 (1.9)	6 (0.6)	2	2	1023	1019
IE		519 (43.1)	641 (53.3)		33 (2.7)	10 (0.8)		20	17	1240	1203
IL	183 (15.4)	313 (26.3)	473 (39.7)	171 (14.4)	31 (2.6)	11 (0.9)	8 (0.7)	11	8	1209	1190
JP	191 (17.0)	404 (35.9)	423 (37.6)	68 (6.0)	33 (2.9)	6 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	6		1132	1126
LV	75 (7.6)	97 (9.9)	481 (49.0)	270 (27.5)	52 (5.3)	5 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	19		1000	981
MX	237 (16.0)	698 (47.2)	294 (19.9)	207 (14.0)	24 (1.6)	14 (0.9)	5 (0.3)	3	13	1495	1479
NL	76 (6.1)	376 (30.3)	655 (52.8)	95 (7.7)	33 (2.7)	5 (0.4)		7	2	1249	1240
NO	106 (7.4)	506 (35.4)	565 (39.6)	217 (15.2)	25 (1.8)	6 (0.4)	3 (0.2)	38	9	1475	1428
NZ	121 (12.1)	395 (39.6)	369 (37.0)	74 (7.4)	29 (2.9)	10 (1.0)		5	22	1025	998
PH	254 (21.2)	309 (25.8)	449 (37.5)	88 (7.4)	54 (4.5)	35 (2.9)	8 (0.7)	3		1200	1197
PL	107 (8.8)	160 (13.2)	638 (52.6)	222 (18.3)	73 (6.0)	8 (0.7)	6 (0.5)	31	7	1252	1214
PT	118 (10.9)	290 (26.8)	383 (35.3)	241 (22.2)	39 (3.6)	13 (1.2)			8	1092	1084
RU	184 (10.7)	174 (10.1)	799 (46.3)	364 (21.1)	165 (9.6)	28 (1.6)	13 (0.8)	52	19	1798	1727
SE	82 (7.8)	335 (31.7)	438 (41.4)	168 (15.9)	23 (2.2)	8 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	13	10	1080	1057
SI	116 (10.6)	202 (18.5)	579 (53.1)	160 (14.7)	25 (2.3)	7 (0.6)	1 (0.1)	3		1093	1090
SK	49 (4.4)	273 (24.3)	414 (36.9)	291 (25.9)	80 (7.1)	9 (0.8)	6 (0.5)	8	3	1133	1122
TW	197 (10.0)	550 (27.8)	874 (44.3)	205 (10.4)	104 (5.3)	27 (1.4)	18 (0.9)	8		1983	1975
US	141 (12.2)	510 (44.0)	391 (33.7)	69 (5.9)	32 (2.8)	16 (1.4)	1 (0.1)	7	4	1171	1160
N Sum	4448	14301	18972	5930	1594	437	118	457	381	46638	
N Valid Sum	4448	14301	18972	5930	1594	437	118				45800

V53 - Q18 How satisfied with your main job?

Q.18

All things considered, how satisfied are you with your (main) job?

(Please tick one box only)

- 0 Does not apply, no job
- 1 Completely satisfied
- 2 Very satisfied
- 3 Fairly satisfied
- 4 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
- 5 Fairly dissatisfied
- 6 Very dissatisfied
- 7 Completely dissatisfied
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Brazil (BR):

- 1 Very satisfied
- 2 Fairly satisfied
- 3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
- 4 Fairly dissatisfied
- 5 Very dissatisfied

in Poland (PL):

- 0 currently not working

Note:

BR: for this question a 5 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded to the standard)

FR,IE: no 'doesn't apply' and 'no job' filtering procedure was applied

V53 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V53	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN												
	M								M	M		
AT	852	208 (17.7)	411 (35.0)	374 (31.9)	109 (9.3)	53 (4.5)	7 (0.6)	11 (0.9)	22		2047	1173
AU	502	67 (7.9)	254 (29.9)	345 (40.6)	89 (10.5)	68 (8.0)	19 (2.2)	8 (0.9)			1352	850
BE-FLA	595	45 (6.2)	231 (31.7)	333 (45.7)	89 (12.2)	21 (2.9)	9 (1.2)	1 (0.1)	4	32	1360	729
BG	551	31 (7.0)	40 (9.1)	204 (46.4)	107 (24.3)	40 (9.1)	14 (3.2)	4 (0.9)		12	1003	440
BR	777		432 (36.8)	502 (42.7)	131 (11.1)	97 (8.3)	13 (1.1)		48		2000	1175
CH	344	65 (10.1)	317 (49.3)	218 (33.9)	30 (4.7)	11 (1.7)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)		21	1008	643
CL	657	93 (11.0)	315 (37.4)	238 (28.3)	99 (11.8)	46 (5.5)	38 (4.5)	13 (1.5)		6	1505	842
CY	301	22 (3.2)	414 (59.5)	141 (20.3)	64 (9.2)	24 (3.4)	30 (4.3)	1 (0.1)	7		1004	696
CZ	448	94 (11.6)	114 (14.1)	363 (44.9)	151 (18.7)	60 (7.4)	16 (2.0)	10 (1.2)	1	32	1289	808
DE-E	177	19 (7.7)	67 (27.2)	106 (43.1)	38 (15.4)	12 (4.9)	3 (1.2)	1 (0.4)	1	7	431	246
DE-W	303	62 (10.2)	184 (30.4)	247 (40.8)	81 (13.4)	23 (3.8)	6 (1.0)	3 (0.5)	8	19	936	606
DK	492	102 (11.9)	346 (40.4)	297 (34.7)	61 (7.1)	35 (4.1)	12 (1.4)	4 (0.5)	14	16	1379	857
ES	1251	64 (5.3)	326 (27.2)	534 (44.6)	189 (15.8)	65 (5.4)	10 (0.8)	10 (0.8)		22	2471	1198
FI	313	95 (9.7)	231 (23.6)	458 (46.8)	120 (12.3)	42 (4.3)	21 (2.1)	12 (1.2)	10	51	1353	979
FR		156 (10.6)	311 (21.1)	698 (47.4)	146 (9.9)	128 (8.7)	22 (1.5)	12 (0.8)	204	226	1903	1473
GB-GBN	680	133 (10.9)	296 (24.2)	528 (43.2)	132 (10.8)	79 (6.5)	33 (2.7)	22 (1.8)	8	49	1960	1223
GB-NIR	424	66 (12.5)	178 (33.6)	205 (38.8)	48 (9.1)	21 (4.0)	8 (1.5)	3 (0.6)	1	33	987	529
HU	583	56 (12.8)	90 (20.5)	191 (43.5)	72 (16.4)	16 (3.6)	9 (2.1)	5 (1.1)		1	1023	439
IE		143 (15.0)	315 (33.1)	393 (41.2)	55 (5.8)	28 (2.9)	16 (1.7)	3 (0.3)	120	167	1240	953
IL	363	116 (14.0)	216 (26.1)	285 (34.5)	135 (16.3)	34 (4.1)	25 (3.0)	16 (1.9)	14	5	1209	827
JP	378	73 (9.7)	170 (22.5)	312 (41.4)	80 (10.6)	83 (11.0)	20 (2.7)	16 (2.1)			1132	754
LV	333	63 (9.6)	89 (13.5)	292 (44.3)	122 (18.5)	63 (9.6)	18 (2.7)	12 (1.8)	8		1000	659
MX		220 (18.4)	658 (55.0)	212 (17.7)	70 (5.8)	22 (1.8)	9 (0.8)	6 (0.5)	89	209	1495	1197
NL	379	37 (4.4)	269 (31.6)	407 (47.9)	77 (9.1)	42 (4.9)	14 (1.6)	4 (0.5)	12	8	1249	850
NO	413	56 (5.3)	372 (35.5)	428 (40.8)	132 (12.6)	38 (3.6)	17 (1.6)	5 (0.5)	6	8	1475	1048
NZ	268	68 (9.0)	263 (34.9)	271 (36.0)	76 (10.1)	51 (6.8)	21 (2.8)	3 (0.4)	3	1	1025	753
PH	559	115 (18.5)	169 (27.1)	249 (40.0)	26 (4.2)	30 (4.8)	21 (3.4)	13 (2.1)	14	4	1200	623
PL	708	37 (6.9)	84 (15.8)	285 (53.5)	80 (15.0)	38 (7.1)	2 (0.4)	7 (1.3)	4	7	1252	533
PT	517	55 (10.7)	134 (26.1)	206 (40.1)	94 (18.3)	12 (2.3)	10 (1.9)	3 (0.6)	3	58	1092	514
RU	788	153 (16.0)	97 (10.1)	406 (42.5)	143 (15.0)	121 (12.7)	22 (2.3)	14 (1.5)	20	34	1798	956
SE		91 (9.9)	276 (29.9)	367 (39.8)	117 (12.7)	46 (5.0)	18 (2.0)	7 (0.8)	88	70	1080	922
SI	430	91 (13.9)	126 (19.3)	301 (46.0)	87 (13.3)	31 (4.7)	10 (1.5)	8 (1.2)	6	3	1093	654
SK	500	61 (9.7)	192 (30.4)	178 (28.2)	114 (18.0)	51 (8.1)	23 (3.6)	13 (2.1)	1		1133	632
TW	710	68 (5.4)	289 (22.8)	613 (48.4)	153 (12.1)	113 (8.9)	17 (1.3)	13 (1.0)	7		1983	1266
US	297	127 (15.5)	289 (35.2)	264 (32.2)	53 (6.5)	47 (5.7)	29 (3.5)	11 (1.3)	45	9	1171	820
N Sum	15893	2952	8565	11451	3370	1691	563	275	768	1110	46638	
N Valid Sum		2952	8565	11451	3370	1691	563	275				28867

V54 - Q19 How satisfied with your family life?

Q.19

All things considered, how satisfied are you with your family life?

(Please tick one box only)

- 1 Completely satisfied
- 2 Very satisfied
- 3 Fairly satisfied
- 4 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
- 5 Fairly dissatisfied
- 6 Very dissatisfied
- 7 Completely dissatisfied
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Brazil (BR):

- 1 Very satisfied
- 2 Fairly satisfied
- 3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
- 4 Fairly dissatisfied
- 5 Very dissatisfied

Note:

BR: for this question a 5 pt answer category scale was used in the national original data set (recoded to the standard)



V54 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V54	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
									M M		
AT	475 (25.5)	755 (40.5)	495 (26.5)	94 (5.0)	33 (1.8)	10 (0.5)	4 (0.2)	181		2047	1866
AU	225 (18.5)	500 (41.2)	369 (30.4)	65 (5.4)	41 (3.4)	8 (0.7)	6 (0.5)		138	1352	1214
BE-FLA	160 (12.5)	528 (41.2)	425 (33.1)	118 (9.2)	37 (2.9)	12 (0.9)	3 (0.2)	45	32	1360	1283
BG	86 (9.2)	99 (10.6)	496 (53.0)	163 (17.4)	70 (7.5)	12 (1.3)	10 (1.1)	63	4	1003	936
BR		912 (45.9)	848 (42.7)	162 (8.2)	57 (2.9)	8 (0.4)		13		2000	1987
CH	121 (12.5)	542 (55.9)	245 (25.3)	48 (4.9)	12 (1.2)	2 (0.2)		38		1008	970
CL	308 (20.6)	783 (52.3)	291 (19.5)	71 (4.7)	24 (1.6)	15 (1.0)	4 (0.3)		9	1505	1496
CY	33 (3.3)	665 (66.8)	172 (17.3)	79 (7.9)	25 (2.5)	21 (2.1)		9		1004	995
CZ	146 (11.7)	251 (20.2)	582 (46.8)	195 (15.7)	44 (3.5)	16 (1.3)	9 (0.7)	24	22	1289	1243
DE-E	66 (16.0)	152 (36.8)	146 (35.4)	35 (8.5)	5 (1.2)	5 (1.2)	4 (1.0)	17	1	431	413
DE-W	155 (17.5)	330 (37.2)	306 (34.5)	70 (7.9)	13 (1.5)	7 (0.8)	7 (0.8)	39	9	936	888
DK	306 (22.8)	605 (45.1)	293 (21.8)	91 (6.8)	36 (2.7)	6 (0.4)	4 (0.3)	10	28	1379	1341
ES	265 (10.8)	958 (39.0)	992 (40.4)	186 (7.6)	35 (1.4)	11 (0.4)	8 (0.3)	4	12	2471	2455
FI	211 (16.8)	392 (31.2)	481 (38.2)	109 (8.7)	44 (3.5)	10 (0.8)	11 (0.9)	46	49	1353	1258
FR	327 (18.0)	480 (26.4)	681 (37.5)	174 (9.6)	120 (6.6)	23 (1.3)	13 (0.7)	44	41	1903	1818
GB-GBN	383 (20.6)	711 (38.3)	549 (29.6)	129 (7.0)	63 (3.4)	15 (0.8)	5 (0.3)	62	43	1960	1855
GB-NIR	210 (22.5)	403 (43.2)	235 (25.2)	54 (5.8)	20 (2.1)	7 (0.8)	4 (0.4)	19	35	987	933
HU	204 (20.0)	254 (25.0)	344 (33.8)	133 (13.1)	43 (4.2)	20 (2.0)	20 (2.0)	3	2	1023	1018
IE	268 (22.4)	512 (42.8)	370 (30.9)	26 (2.2)	14 (1.2)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)	24	20	1240	1196
IL	292 (24.5)	451 (37.9)	317 (26.6)	93 (7.8)	21 (1.8)	9 (0.8)	7 (0.6)	16	3	1209	1190
JP	166 (14.8)	427 (38.1)	411 (36.6)	70 (6.2)	37 (3.3)	9 (0.8)	2 (0.2)	7	3	1132	1122
LV	113 (12.0)	153 (16.2)	398 (42.3)	180 (19.1)	73 (7.7)	13 (1.4)	12 (1.3)	58		1000	942
MX	409 (27.7)	764 (51.8)	197 (13.4)	68 (4.6)	19 (1.3)	13 (0.9)	4 (0.3)	3	18	1495	1474
NL	130 (10.8)	518 (43.2)	433 (36.1)	72 (6.0)	39 (3.3)	4 (0.3)	4 (0.3)	44	5	1249	1200
NO	197 (13.7)	648 (45.1)	424 (29.5)	109 (7.6)	44 (3.1)	12 (0.8)	4 (0.3)	24	13	1475	1438
NZ	191 (19.4)	405 (41.2)	273 (27.7)	57 (5.8)	38 (3.9)	19 (1.9)	1 (0.1)	8	33	1025	984
PH	330 (28.0)	339 (28.7)	359 (30.4)	69 (5.8)	43 (3.6)	32 (2.7)	8 (0.7)	20		1200	1180
PL	211 (17.3)	295 (24.1)	544 (44.5)	108 (8.8)	45 (3.7)	7 (0.6)	12 (1.0)	20	10	1252	1222
PT	185 (17.1)	350 (32.3)	354 (32.7)	162 (15.0)	19 (1.8)	9 (0.8)	4 (0.4)	1	8	1092	1083
RU	298 (18.6)	202 (12.6)	638 (39.7)	243 (15.1)	143 (8.9)	49 (3.1)	33 (2.1)	93	99	1798	1606
SE	216 (20.9)	369 (35.7)	287 (27.8)	114 (11.0)	34 (3.3)	7 (0.7)	7 (0.7)	19	27	1080	1034
SI	215 (20.1)	313 (29.3)	433 (40.5)	77 (7.2)	21 (2.0)	7 (0.7)	4 (0.4)	21	2	1093	1070
SK	104 (9.4)	396 (35.7)	258 (23.3)	213 (19.2)	95 (8.6)	33 (3.0)	9 (0.8)	18	7	1133	1108
TW	218 (11.1)	700 (35.5)	790 (40.1)	159 (8.1)	81 (4.1)	12 (0.6)	10 (0.5)	13		1983	1970
US	265 (23.1)	467 (40.7)	286 (24.9)	70 (6.1)	31 (2.7)	20 (1.7)	9 (0.8)	19	4	1171	1148
N Sum	7489	16629	14722	3866	1519	466	245	1025	677	46638	
N Valid Sum	7489	16629	14722	3866	1519	466	245				44936

V55 - Q20 Mother ever workg for pay before R 14

Q.20

Did your mother ever work for pay for as long as one year, after you were born and before you were 14?

(Please tick one box only)

- 1 Yes, she worked for pay
- 2 No
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer, refused

in IE PT SE:

- 0 did not live with my mother

V55 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V55	0	1	2	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
	M				M	M		
AT		993 (50.8)	963 (49.2)	91			2047	1956
AU		513 (39.4)	788 (60.6)	17	34		1352	1301
BE-FLA		400 (33.3)	802 (66.7)	125	33		1360	1202
BG		833 (86.1)	134 (13.9)	20	16		1003	967
BR		919 (48.5)	977 (51.5)	104			2000	1896
CH		448 (45.5)	536 (54.5)	24			1008	984
CL		630 (43.6)	814 (56.4)	53	8		1505	1444
CY		505 (51.6)	473 (48.4)	26			1004	978
CZ		1060 (89.1)	130 (10.9)	67	32		1289	1190
DE-E		343 (86.0)	56 (14.0)	30	2		431	399
DE-W		461 (52.0)	426 (48.0)	40	9		936	887
DK		768 (57.8)	560 (42.2)	32	19		1379	1328
ES		752 (31.6)	1631 (68.4)	71	17		2471	2383
FI		752 (60.3)	495 (39.7)	81	25		1353	1247
FR		998 (54.8)	823 (45.2)	35	47		1903	1821
GB-GBN		1030 (58.8)	721 (41.2)	180	29		1960	1751
GB-NIR		302 (35.0)	561 (65.0)	95	29		987	863
HU		610 (61.2)	386 (38.8)	26	1		1023	996
IE	27	303 (25.4)	889 (74.6)		21		1240	1192
IL		611 (54.3)	515 (45.7)	83			1209	1126
JP		647 (59.9)	434 (40.1)	31	20		1132	1081
LV		812 (87.9)	112 (12.1)	76			1000	924
MX		375 (29.2)	911 (70.8)	174	35		1495	1286
NL		372 (31.8)	796 (68.2)	75	6		1249	1168
NO		746 (52.9)	665 (47.1)	61	3		1475	1411
NZ		427 (45.0)	521 (55.0)	55	22		1025	948
PH		423 (42.0)	584 (58.0)	193			1200	1007
PL		695 (58.7)	488 (41.3)	61	8		1252	1183
PT	19	453 (43.1)	599 (56.9)	20	1		1092	1052
RU		1538 (88.9)	193 (11.1)	49	18		1798	1731
SE	15	557 (52.9)	496 (47.1)		12		1080	1053
SI		560 (52.6)	505 (47.4)	23	5		1093	1065
SK		799 (73.0)	295 (27.0)	37	2		1133	1094
TW		817 (44.3)	1027 (55.7)	138	1		1983	1844
US		695 (62.1)	425 (37.9)	48	3		1171	1120
N Sum	61	23147	20731	2241	458		46638	
N Valid Sum		23147	20731					43878

V56 - Q21a R worked outside: before R has children

Q.21

PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTION IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD CHILDREN.

OTHERWISE GO TO Q.23

Did you work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.21a

After marrying and before you had children?

0 NAP, never had children (Code 00 in V69); never married, no partner

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Portugal (PT):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

AT,BE-FLA,CH,CL,CZ,ES,IL,JP,LV,TW,US: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as filter for the items V56 to V63

AU: no filtering procedure was provided for the national original questionnaire for the items V56 to V63

CY: filter for the items V56 to V63 is a construction of V203 and V204 (NOT MARRIED, NO PARTNER)

DE: filter was constructed with an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

FR,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PH: Code 97 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PL: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V59

V56 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V56	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	1157 (87.9)	41 (3.1)	118 (9.0)		129	10	2047	1316
AU		948 (85.6)	71 (6.4)	89 (8.0)		187	57	1352	1108
BE-FLA	414	708 (83.0)	55 (6.4)	90 (10.6)		78	15	1360	853
BG	103	781 (93.1)	5 (0.6)	53 (6.3)		20	41	1003	839
BR	508	953 (68.8)	117 (8.4)	316 (22.8)		106		2000	1386
CH	375	472 (79.1)	64 (10.7)	61 (10.2)		30	6	1008	597
CL	319	733 (66.2)	137 (12.4)	238 (21.5)		70	8	1505	1108
CY	339	546 (82.2)	11 (1.7)	107 (16.1)		1		1004	664
CZ	336	796 (93.4)	15 (1.8)	41 (4.8)		33	68	1289	852
DE-E	98	282 (94.9)	3 (1.0)	12 (4.0)		27	9	431	297
DE-W	299	502 (87.2)	21 (3.6)	53 (9.2)		30	31	936	576
DK	354	816 (90.2)	44 (4.9)	45 (5.0)		81	39	1379	905
ES	904	1089 (70.0)	82 (5.3)	385 (24.7)			11	2471	1556
FI	456	700 (89.1)	28 (3.6)	58 (7.4)		56	55	1353	786
FR	519	1080 (87.9)	84 (6.8)	64 (5.2)		106	50	1903	1228
GB-GBN	630	1079 (89.4)	71 (5.9)	57 (4.7)		89	34	1960	1207
GB-NIR	311	534 (81.5)	61 (9.3)	60 (9.2)		16	5	987	655
HU	199	713 (89.0)	12 (1.5)	76 (9.5)		19	4	1023	801
IE	464	524 (73.9)	54 (7.6)	131 (18.5)		55	12	1240	709
IL	236	648 (77.8)	107 (12.8)	78 (9.4)		12	128	1209	833
JP	284	603 (72.8)	62 (7.5)	163 (19.7)			20	1132	828
LV	259	647 (87.9)	37 (5.0)	52 (7.1)		5		1000	736
MX	349	556 (50.0)	300 (27.0)	257 (23.1)			33	1495	1113
NL	492	522 (75.4)	90 (13.0)	80 (11.6)		51	14	1249	692
NO	345	857 (85.5)	71 (7.1)	74 (7.4)		45	83	1475	1002
NZ	245	599 (83.5)	58 (8.1)	60 (8.4)		58	5	1025	717
PH	238	510 (55.5)	128 (13.9)	281 (30.6)		43		1200	919
PL	274	728 (80.1)	16 (1.8)	165 (18.2)			69	1252	909
PT	316	349 (89.3)	11 (2.8)	31 (7.9)			385	1092	391
RU	249	1372 (92.9)	37 (2.5)	68 (4.6)		34	38	1798	1477
SE	281	611 (87.9)	61 (8.8)	23 (3.3)		100	4	1080	695
SI	290	649 (86.6)	8 (1.1)	92 (12.3)		54		1093	749
SK	326	737 (92.5)	14 (1.8)	46 (5.8)		10		1133	797
TW	564	959 (67.7)	88 (6.2)	203 (14.3)	166 (11.7)		3	1983	1416
US	342	631 (83.4)	57 (7.5)	69 (9.1)		60	12	1171	757
N Sum	12310	25391	2121	3796	166	1605	1249	46638	
N Valid Sum		25391	2121	3796	166				31474

V57 - Q21b R worked outside: kid under school age

Q.21

PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTION IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD CHILDREN.

OTHERWISE GO TO Q.23

Did you work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.21b

And what about when a child was under school age?

0 NAP, never had children (Code 00 in V69)

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Portugal (PT):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

AT,BE-FLA,CH,CL,CZ,ES,IL,JP,LV,TW,US: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as filter for the items V56 to V63

AU: no filtering procedure was provided for the national original questionnaire for the items V56 to V63

CY: filter for the items V56 to V63 is a construction of V203 and V204 (NOT MARRIED, NO PARTNER)

DE: filter was constructed with an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

FR,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PH: Code 97 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PL: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V59

V57 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V57	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	771 (55.2)	210 (15.0)	417 (29.8)		35	22	2047	1398
AU		549 (53.2)	204 (19.8)	278 (27.0)		239	82	1352	1031
BE-FLA	414	555 (66.2)	103 (12.3)	181 (21.6)		85	22	1360	839
BG	103	713 (87.0)	26 (3.2)	81 (9.9)		39	41	1003	820
BR	508	814 (58.5)	169 (12.1)	408 (29.3)		101		2000	1391
CH	375	301 (50.0)	124 (20.6)	177 (29.4)		26	5	1008	602
CL	319	623 (56.0)	187 (16.8)	302 (27.2)		66	8	1505	1112
CY	339	501 (78.0)	31 (4.8)	110 (17.1)		23		1004	642
CZ	336	590 (68.5)	98 (11.4)	173 (20.1)		33	59	1289	861
DE-E	98	251 (79.9)	38 (12.1)	25 (8.0)		10	9	431	314
DE-W	299	326 (56.9)	90 (15.7)	157 (27.4)		27	37	936	573
DK	354	615 (65.4)	206 (21.9)	120 (12.8)		40	44	1379	941
ES	904	944 (60.5)	126 (8.1)	490 (31.4)			7	2471	1560
FI	456	598 (76.9)	88 (11.3)	92 (11.8)		29	90	1353	778
FR	519	841 (66.1)	203 (15.9)	229 (18.0)		37	74	1903	1273
GB-GBN	630	554 (44.6)	283 (22.8)	404 (32.6)		26	63	1960	1241
GB-NIR	311	277 (41.8)	118 (17.8)	267 (40.3)		7	7	987	662
HU	199	564 (70.9)	40 (5.0)	192 (24.1)		24	4	1023	796
IE	464	336 (46.9)	112 (15.6)	269 (37.5)		36	23	1240	717
IL	236	544 (65.5)	161 (19.4)	126 (15.2)		13	129	1209	831
JP	284	466 (59.2)	86 (10.9)	235 (29.9)		1	60	1132	787
LV	259	583 (79.9)	61 (8.4)	86 (11.8)		11		1000	730
MX	349	424 (38.3)	327 (29.5)	357 (32.2)			38	1495	1108
NL	492	323 (45.3)	153 (21.5)	237 (33.2)		31	13	1249	713
NO	345	592 (57.3)	250 (24.2)	191 (18.5)		19	78	1475	1033
NZ	245	334 (46.1)	163 (22.5)	227 (31.4)		31	25	1025	724
PH	238	390 (43.2)	188 (20.8)	325 (36.0)		59		1200	903
PL	274	617 (69.2)	29 (3.3)	246 (27.6)		17	69	1252	892
PT	316	321 (82.1)	30 (7.7)	40 (10.2)			385	1092	391
RU	249	1195 (84.7)	102 (7.2)	114 (8.1)		123	15	1798	1411
SE	281	392 (52.5)	241 (32.3)	114 (15.3)		41	11	1080	747
SI	290	630 (82.6)	15 (2.0)	118 (15.5)		40		1093	763
SK	326	605 (75.8)	49 (6.1)	144 (18.0)		9		1133	798
TW	564	852 (60.2)	114 (8.1)	255 (18.0)	195 (13.8)		3	1983	1416
US	342	482 (62.2)	121 (15.6)	172 (22.2)		42	12	1171	775
N Sum	12310	19473	4546	7359	195	1320	1435	46638	
N Valid Sum		19473	4546	7359	195				31573

V58 - Q21c R worked outside:youngest kid at school

Q.21

PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTION IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD CHILDREN.

OTHERWISE GO TO Q.23

Did you work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.21c

After the youngest child started school?

0 NAP, never had children

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Portugal (PT):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

AT,BE-FLA,CH,CL,CZ,ES,IL,JP,LV,TW,US: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as filter for the items V56 to V63

AU: no filtering procedure was provided for the national original questionnaire for the items V56 to V63

CY: filter for the items V56 to V63 is a construction of V203 and V204 (NOT MARRIED, NO PARTNER)

DE: filter was constructed with an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

FR,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PH: Code 97 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PL: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V59



V58 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V58	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	714 (60.3)	220 (18.6)	250 (21.1)		252	19	2047	1184
AU		602 (60.9)	260 (26.3)	127 (12.8)		280	83	1352	989
BE-FLA	414	501 (63.5)	139 (17.6)	149 (18.9)		133	24	1360	789
BG	103	693 (90.8)	26 (3.4)	44 (5.8)		95	42	1003	763
BR	508	762 (59.3)	154 (12.0)	368 (28.7)		208		2000	1284
CH	375	292 (51.8)	134 (23.8)	138 (24.5)		64	5	1008	564
CL	319	586 (56.4)	174 (16.7)	279 (26.9)		137	10	1505	1039
CY	339	442 (76.3)	33 (5.7)	104 (18.0)		86		1004	579
CZ	336	638 (80.2)	72 (9.0)	86 (10.8)		96	61	1289	796
DE-E	98	230 (82.4)	31 (11.1)	18 (6.5)		43	11	431	279
DE-W	299	284 (59.4)	95 (19.9)	99 (20.7)		120	39	936	478
DK	354	573 (70.3)	184 (22.6)	58 (7.1)		165	45	1379	815
ES	904	969 (63.5)	128 (8.4)	428 (28.1)		11	31	2471	1525
FI	456	530 (79.9)	76 (11.5)	57 (8.6)		128	106	1353	663
FR	519	773 (67.2)	233 (20.2)	145 (12.6)		157	76	1903	1151
GB-GBN	630	563 (51.0)	368 (33.4)	172 (15.6)		159	68	1960	1103
GB-NIR	311	266 (43.5)	180 (29.5)	165 (27.0)		55	10	987	611
HU	199	630 (84.9)	21 (2.8)	91 (12.3)		74	8	1023	742
IE	464	314 (48.5)	128 (19.8)	206 (31.8)		101	27	1240	648
IL	236	517 (70.1)	126 (17.1)	95 (12.9)		106	129	1209	738
JP	284	447 (63.4)	128 (18.2)	130 (18.4)		124	19	1132	705
LV	259	583 (90.0)	34 (5.2)	31 (4.8)		92	1	1000	648
MX	349	415 (38.1)	314 (28.9)	359 (33.0)			58	1495	1088
NL	492	312 (47.6)	210 (32.0)	134 (20.4)		85	16	1249	656
NO	345	555 (62.9)	259 (29.3)	69 (7.8)		114	133	1475	883
NZ	245	348 (52.7)	235 (35.6)	77 (11.7)		98	22	1025	660
PH	238	330 (44.5)	171 (23.0)	241 (32.5)		220		1200	742
PL	274	677 (79.7)	31 (3.7)	141 (16.6)		60	69	1252	849
PT	316	304 (89.7)	20 (5.9)	15 (4.4)			437	1092	339
RU	249	1157 (90.7)	62 (4.9)	57 (4.5)		249	24	1798	1276
SE	281	407 (63.0)	209 (32.4)	30 (4.6)		133	20	1080	646
SI	290	617 (86.2)	7 (1.0)	92 (12.8)		87		1093	716
SK	326	610 (84.6)	39 (5.4)	72 (10.0)		86		1133	721
TW	564	697 (60.7)	89 (7.8)	186 (16.2)	176 (15.3)	268	3	1983	1148
US	342	481 (70.0)	118 (17.2)	88 (12.8)		130	12	1171	687
N Sum	12310	18819	4708	4801	176	4216	1608	46638	
N Valid Sum		18819	4708	4801	176				28504

V59 - Q21d R worked outside: after kids left home

Q.21

PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTION IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD CHILDREN.

OTHERWISE GO TO Q.23

Did you work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.21d

And how about after the children left home?

0 NAP, never had children

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Portugal (PT):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

AT,BE-FLA,CH,CL,CZ,ES,IL,JP,LV,TW,US: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as filter for the items V56 to V63

AU: no filtering procedure was provided for the national original questionnaire for the items V56 to V63

CY: filter for the items V56 to V63 is a construction of V203 and V204 (NOT MARRIED, NO PARTNER)

DE: filter was constructed with an additional variable not included in the national original dataset

FR,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PH: Code 97 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V63

PL: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) was applied as a filter for the items V56 to V59

V59 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V59	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	552 (75.5)	58 (7.9)	121 (16.6)		708	16	2047	731
AU		566 (71.7)	137 (17.4)	86 (10.9)		481	82	1352	789
BE-FLA	414	296 (59.0)	66 (13.1)	140 (27.9)		411	33	1360	502
BG	103	613 (95.0)	1 (0.2)	31 (4.8)		212	43	1003	645
BR	508	604 (62.1)	89 (9.2)	279 (28.7)		520		2000	972
CH	375	238 (63.6)	75 (20.1)	61 (16.3)		233	26	1008	374
CL	319	311 (48.5)	98 (15.3)	232 (36.2)		537	8	1505	641
CY	339	131 (61.8)	3 (1.4)	78 (36.8)		453		1004	212
CZ	336	488 (94.4)	10 (1.9)	19 (3.7)		384	52	1289	517
DE-E	98	183 (87.1)	18 (8.6)	9 (4.3)		110	13	431	210
DE-W	299	240 (69.6)	52 (15.1)	53 (15.4)		239	53	936	345
DK	354	475 (80.2)	81 (13.7)	36 (6.1)		378	55	1379	592
ES	904	720 (61.2)	58 (4.9)	398 (33.8)		119	272	2471	1176
FI	456	391 (88.1)	25 (5.6)	28 (6.3)		309	144	1353	444
FR	519	551 (81.3)	66 (9.7)	61 (9.0)		591	115	1903	678
GB-GBN	630	498 (68.5)	161 (22.1)	68 (9.4)		525	78	1960	727
GB-NIR	311	264 (59.9)	94 (21.3)	83 (18.8)		224	11	987	441
HU	199	516 (89.6)	7 (1.2)	53 (9.2)		241	7	1023	576
IE	464	238 (53.0)	74 (16.5)	137 (30.5)		295	32	1240	449
IL	236	428 (72.7)	77 (13.1)	84 (14.3)		246	138	1209	589
JP	284	305 (67.2)	78 (17.2)	71 (15.6)		370	24	1132	454
LV	259	407 (94.9)	12 (2.8)	10 (2.3)		311	1	1000	429
MX	349	379 (41.9)	215 (23.8)	310 (34.3)			242	1495	904
NL	492	226 (56.1)	94 (23.3)	83 (20.6)		336	18	1249	403
NO	345	500 (76.0)	114 (17.3)	44 (6.7)		256	216	1475	658
NZ	245	345 (73.7)	93 (19.9)	30 (6.4)		293	19	1025	468
PH	238	156 (41.9)	70 (18.8)	146 (39.2)		590		1200	372
PL	274	519 (81.7)	13 (2.0)	103 (16.2)		274	69	1252	635
PT	316	187 (91.7)	12 (5.9)	5 (2.5)		2	570	1092	204
RU	249	879 (94.5)	20 (2.2)	31 (3.3)		570	49	1798	930
SE	281	372 (81.9)	70 (15.4)	12 (2.6)		317	28	1080	454
SI	290	443 (84.7)	3 (0.6)	77 (14.7)		280		1093	523
SK	326	450 (89.5)	19 (3.8)	34 (6.8)		304		1133	503
TW	564	452 (55.5)	45 (5.5)	193 (23.7)	124 (15.2)	602	3	1983	814
US	342	367 (80.0)	56 (12.2)	36 (7.8)		358	12	1171	459
N Sum	12310	14290	2164	3242	124	12079	2429	46638	
N Valid Sum		14290	2164	3242	124				19820

V60 - Q22a Spouse worked outside: before children

Q.22

And what about your spouse/partner at that time - did she/he work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.22a After marrying and before you had children?

0 NAP, never had children, never married, no partner

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

PL,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V60 to V63

V60 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V60	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	1178 (90.4)	39 (3.0)	86 (6.6)		120	32	2047	1303
AU		884 (83.6)	90 (8.5)	84 (7.9)		172	122	1352	1058
BE-FLA	391	714 (82.8)	44 (5.1)	104 (12.1)		79	28	1360	862
BG	103	795 (96.1)	8 (1.0)	24 (2.9)		22	51	1003	827
BR	704	851 (69.9)	68 (5.6)	298 (24.5)		79		2000	1217
CH	375	336 (77.6)	55 (12.7)	42 (9.7)		195	5	1008	433
CL	319	699 (67.1)	115 (11.0)	227 (21.8)		129	16	1505	1041
CY	339	506 (76.3)	12 (1.8)	145 (21.9)		2		1004	663
CZ	336	814 (94.3)	25 (2.9)	24 (2.8)		40	50	1289	863
DE-E	98	287 (97.3)	3 (1.0)	5 (1.7)		26	12	431	295
DE-W	299	497 (86.9)	25 (4.4)	50 (8.7)		36	29	936	572
DK	354	789 (89.1)	48 (5.4)	49 (5.5)		95	44	1379	886
ES	904	1100 (75.0)	65 (4.4)	302 (20.6)		91	9	2471	1467
FI	456	668 (86.4)	52 (6.7)	53 (6.9)		84	40	1353	773
FR	519	1088 (88.0)	68 (5.5)	81 (6.5)		88	59	1903	1237
GB-GBN	630	1046 (89.8)	64 (5.5)	55 (4.7)		114	51	1960	1165
GB-NIR	311	546 (87.1)	39 (6.2)	42 (6.7)		43	6	987	627
HU	199	741 (94.5)	6 (0.8)	37 (4.7)		24	16	1023	784
IE	464	566 (82.0)	41 (5.9)	83 (12.0)		61	25	1240	690
IL	236	635 (78.3)	101 (12.5)	75 (9.2)		33	129	1209	811
JP	284	645 (77.9)	52 (6.3)	131 (15.8)		8	12	1132	828
LV	259	646 (89.6)	32 (4.4)	43 (6.0)		20		1000	721
MX	349	631 (60.8)	197 (19.0)	209 (20.2)			109	1495	1037
NL	492	520 (75.7)	73 (10.6)	94 (13.7)		52	18	1249	687
NO	345	880 (86.9)	63 (6.2)	70 (6.9)		45	72	1475	1013
NZ	371	528 (84.6)	49 (7.9)	47 (7.5)		28	2	1025	624
PH	238	529 (58.7)	131 (14.5)	241 (26.7)		61		1200	901
PL	291	799 (87.5)	6 (0.7)	108 (11.8)			48	1252	913
PT	316	340 (88.3)	19 (4.9)	26 (6.8)			391	1092	385
RU	249	1370 (94.5)	31 (2.1)	49 (3.4)		73	26	1798	1450
SE	281	574 (85.9)	58 (8.7)	36 (5.4)		114	17	1080	668
SI	289	658 (86.9)	13 (1.7)	86 (11.4)		47		1093	757
SK	326	729 (93.2)	13 (1.7)	40 (5.1)		25		1133	782
TW	564	928 (66.0)	76 (5.4)	249 (17.7)	153 (10.9)	5	8	1983	1406
US	342	616 (85.3)	51 (7.1)	55 (7.6)		95	12	1171	722
N Sum	12625	25133	1832	3350	153	2106	1439	46638	
N Valid Sum		25133	1832	3350	153				30468

V61 - Q22b Sp. work outside: kid under school age

Q.22

And what about your spouse/partner at that time - did she/he work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.22b And what about when a child was under school age?

0 NAP, never had children, never married, no partner

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

PL,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V60 to V63

V61 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V61	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	988 (72.8)	106 (7.8)	263 (19.4)		51	47	2047	1357
AU		541 (54.4)	133 (13.4)	320 (32.2)		217	141	1352	994
BE-FLA	391	573 (66.9)	102 (11.9)	182 (21.2)		74	38	1360	857
BG	103	694 (86.3)	36 (4.5)	74 (9.2)		46	50	1003	804
BR	704	769 (63.5)	96 (7.9)	346 (28.6)		85		2000	1211
CH	375	223 (51.6)	99 (22.9)	110 (25.5)		194	7	1008	432
CL	319	622 (60.4)	127 (12.3)	280 (27.2)		140	17	1505	1029
CY	339	464 (72.4)	28 (4.4)	149 (23.2)		24		1004	641
CZ	336	661 (77.5)	60 (7.0)	132 (15.5)		59	41	1289	853
DE-E	98	267 (85.0)	25 (8.0)	22 (7.0)		9	10	431	314
DE-W	299	337 (58.9)	74 (12.9)	161 (28.1)		31	34	936	572
DK	354	656 (71.3)	145 (15.8)	119 (12.9)		59	46	1379	920
ES	904	1012 (68.9)	75 (5.1)	381 (26.0)		94	5	2471	1468
FI	456	593 (77.4)	82 (10.7)	91 (11.9)		86	45	1353	766
FR	519	965 (76.2)	96 (7.6)	206 (16.3)		41	76	1903	1267
GB-GBN	630	740 (63.0)	153 (13.0)	282 (24.0)		81	74	1960	1175
GB-NIR	311	407 (65.5)	63 (10.1)	151 (24.3)		47	8	987	621
HU	199	635 (82.3)	15 (1.9)	122 (15.8)		35	17	1023	772
IE	464	460 (66.9)	63 (9.2)	165 (24.0)		62	26	1240	688
IL	236	567 (70.5)	136 (16.9)	101 (12.6)		40	129	1209	804
JP	284	513 (66.1)	76 (9.8)	187 (24.1)		15	57	1132	776
LV	259	558 (78.3)	53 (7.4)	102 (14.3)		28		1000	713
MX	349	561 (54.8)	222 (21.7)	241 (23.5)			122	1495	1024
NL	492	361 (51.1)	125 (17.7)	220 (31.2)		34	17	1249	706
NO	345	649 (62.9)	205 (19.9)	177 (17.2)		22	77	1475	1031
NZ	371	352 (56.7)	90 (14.5)	179 (28.8)		22	11	1025	621
PH	238	490 (55.4)	132 (14.9)	263 (29.7)		77		1200	885
PL	291	703 (79.7)	16 (1.8)	163 (18.5)		31	48	1252	882
PT	316	324 (86.2)	20 (5.3)	32 (8.5)		1	399	1092	376
RU	249	1168 (85.1)	99 (7.2)	105 (7.7)		151	26	1798	1372
SE	281	438 (61.3)	169 (23.6)	108 (15.1)		63	21	1080	715
SI	289	645 (84.6)	27 (3.5)	90 (11.8)		42		1093	762
SK	326	618 (79.0)	29 (3.7)	135 (17.3)		25		1133	782
TW	564	842 (60.3)	79 (5.7)	292 (20.9)	184 (13.2)	15	7	1983	1397
US	342	530 (73.6)	79 (11.0)	111 (15.4)		97	12	1171	720
N Sum	12625	20926	3135	6062	184	2098	1608	46638	
N Valid Sum		20926	3135	6062	184				30307

V62 - Q22c Sp. work outside: young. kid at school

Q.22

And what about your spouse/partner at that time - did she/he work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.22c After the youngest child started school?

0 NAP, never had children, never married, no partner

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

PL,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V60 to V63



V62 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V62	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	850 (75.0)	120 (10.6)	164 (14.5)		269	52	2047	1134
AU		538 (56.6)	222 (23.4)	190 (20.0)		257	145	1352	950
BE-FLA	391	533 (66.9)	108 (13.6)	156 (19.6)		130	42	1360	797
BG	103	684 (91.0)	38 (5.1)	30 (4.0)		97	51	1003	752
BR	704	739 (66.0)	89 (7.9)	292 (26.1)		176		2000	1120
CH	375	204 (52.0)	102 (26.0)	86 (21.9)		233	8	1008	392
CL	319	586 (60.7)	118 (12.2)	261 (27.0)		203	18	1505	965
CY	339	424 (73.2)	18 (3.1)	137 (23.7)		86		1004	579
CZ	336	664 (85.2)	58 (7.4)	57 (7.3)		125	49	1289	779
DE-E	98	238 (87.5)	23 (8.5)	11 (4.0)		46	15	431	272
DE-W	299	279 (59.4)	79 (16.8)	112 (23.8)		126	41	936	470
DK	354	586 (74.9)	137 (17.5)	59 (7.5)		192	51	1379	782
ES	904	1005 (70.7)	78 (5.5)	338 (23.8)		127	19	2471	1421
FI	456	534 (83.2)	62 (9.7)	46 (7.2)		199	56	1353	642
FR	519	876 (76.7)	119 (10.4)	147 (12.9)		151	91	1903	1142
GB-GBN	630	661 (63.9)	237 (22.9)	137 (13.2)		211	84	1960	1035
GB-NIR	311	389 (66.8)	91 (15.6)	102 (17.5)		85	9	987	582
HU	199	650 (91.9)	10 (1.4)	47 (6.6)		95	22	1023	707
IE	464	418 (67.1)	70 (11.2)	135 (21.7)		119	34	1240	623
IL	236	528 (72.6)	111 (15.3)	88 (12.1)		115	131	1209	727
JP	284	462 (66.9)	103 (14.9)	126 (18.2)		139	18	1132	691
LV	259	547 (88.4)	32 (5.2)	40 (6.5)		122		1000	619
MX	349	552 (54.8)	206 (20.5)	249 (24.7)			139	1495	1007
NL	492	324 (50.1)	179 (27.7)	144 (22.3)		92	18	1249	647
NO	345	577 (67.3)	197 (23.0)	83 (9.7)		128	145	1475	857
NZ	371	337 (60.5)	142 (25.5)	78 (14.0)		85	12	1025	557
PH	238	381 (53.8)	123 (17.4)	204 (28.8)		254		1200	708
PL	291	707 (85.1)	18 (2.2)	106 (12.8)		82	48	1252	831
PT	316	285 (87.2)	16 (4.9)	26 (8.0)		2	447	1092	327
RU	249	1124 (91.5)	48 (3.9)	56 (4.6)		286	35	1798	1228
SE	281	403 (65.8)	164 (26.8)	45 (7.4)		163	24	1080	612
SI	289	614 (86.2)	17 (2.4)	81 (11.4)		92		1093	712
SK	326	614 (87.2)	22 (3.1)	68 (9.7)		103		1133	704
TW	564	673 (59.9)	78 (6.9)	222 (19.8)	151 (13.4)	289	6	1983	1124
US	342	482 (76.1)	85 (13.4)	66 (10.4)		184	12	1171	633
N Sum	12625	19468	3320	4189	151	5063	1822	46638	
N Valid Sum		19468	3320	4189	151				27128

V63 - Q22d Sp. work outside: after kids left home

Q.22

And what about your spouse/partner at that time - did she/he work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all ...?

(Please tick one box on each line)

Q.22d And how about after the children left home?

0 NAP, never had children, never married, no partner

1 Worked full-time

2 Worked part-time

3 Stayed home

8 Does not apply

9 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

9 no answer, don't know, refused

in Taiwan (TW):

4 Worked at home

Note:

PL,RU: Code 0 in V69 (NEVER HAD CHILDREN) and Code 5 (NEVER MARRIED) in V202 was applied as a filter for the items V60 to V63

V63 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V63	0	1	2	3	4	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	592	584 (82.4)	43 (6.1)	82 (11.6)		706	40	2047	709
AU		467 (63.1)	136 (18.4)	137 (18.5)		456	156	1352	740
BE-FLA	391	310 (62.5)	52 (10.5)	134 (27.0)		424	49	1360	496
BG	103	616 (96.9)	6 (0.9)	14 (2.2)		212	52	1003	636
BR	704	559 (65.1)	49 (5.7)	251 (29.2)		437		2000	859
CH	375	138 (57.5)	60 (25.0)	42 (17.5)		377	16	1008	240
CL	319	290 (48.9)	63 (10.6)	240 (40.5)		571	22	1505	593
CY	339	119 (58.0)	3 (1.5)	83 (40.5)		460		1004	205
CZ	336	480 (95.2)	12 (2.4)	12 (2.4)		391	58	1289	504
DE-E	98	188 (93.5)	7 (3.5)	6 (3.0)		116	16	431	201
DE-W	299	235 (67.7)	51 (14.7)	61 (17.6)		239	51	936	347
DK	354	452 (80.9)	80 (14.3)	27 (4.8)		408	58	1379	559
ES	904	747 (69.6)	36 (3.4)	291 (27.1)		368	125	2471	1074
FI	456	371 (87.3)	21 (4.9)	33 (7.8)		384	88	1353	425
FR	519	535 (77.9)	49 (7.1)	103 (15.0)		566	131	1903	687
GB-GBN	630	492 (73.2)	118 (17.6)	62 (9.2)		571	87	1960	672
GB-NIR	311	307 (73.3)	48 (11.5)	64 (15.3)		243	14	987	419
HU	199	502 (92.6)	4 (0.7)	36 (6.6)		261	21	1023	542
IE	464	312 (71.7)	38 (8.7)	85 (19.5)		300	41	1240	435
IL	236	435 (75.1)	64 (11.1)	80 (13.8)		256	138	1209	579
JP	284	307 (70.7)	57 (13.1)	70 (16.1)		390	24	1132	434
LV	259	389 (95.1)	6 (1.5)	14 (3.4)		332		1000	409
MX	349	441 (52.6)	140 (16.7)	257 (30.7)			308	1495	838
NL	492	195 (51.2)	91 (23.9)	95 (24.9)		350	26	1249	381
NO	345	487 (75.6)	111 (17.2)	46 (7.1)		260	226	1475	644
NZ	371	278 (71.6)	65 (16.8)	45 (11.6)		254	12	1025	388
PH	238	174 (48.1)	61 (16.9)	127 (35.1)		600		1200	362
PL	291	515 (85.3)	8 (1.3)	81 (13.4)		309	48	1252	604
PT	316	155 (82.9)	6 (3.2)	26 (13.9)		5	584	1092	187
RU	249	828 (94.8)	23 (2.6)	22 (2.5)		609	67	1798	873
SE	281	326 (77.4)	76 (18.1)	19 (4.5)		339	39	1080	421
SI	289	452 (85.3)	7 (1.3)	71 (13.4)		274		1093	530
SK	326	445 (91.4)	9 (1.8)	33 (6.8)		320		1133	487
TW	564	423 (53.9)	43 (5.5)	208 (26.5)	111 (14.1)	628	6	1983	785
US	342	344 (81.1)	44 (10.4)	36 (8.5)		393	12	1171	424
N Sum	12625	13898	1687	2993	111	12809	2515	46638	
N Valid Sum		13898	1687	2993	111				18689

V64 - Q23 Shld women work outside,when not yt kid

Q.23

Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all, when a couple has not yet had a child?

(Please tick one box only)

- 1 Work full-time
- 2 Work part-time
- 3 Stay at home
- 8 Can't choose
- 9 No answer, refused

in Ireland (IE):

- 0 Not available

in Taiwan (TW):

- 6 respect women's thoughts, women should decide

V64 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V64	0	1	2	3	6	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
	M					M	M		
AT	1524 (89.8)	152 (9.0)	21 (1.2)		350			2047	1697
AU	931 (87.7)	124 (11.7)	7 (0.7)		204	86		1352	1062
BE-FLA	775 (81.4)	158 (16.6)	19 (2.0)		385	23		1360	952
BG	672 (72.3)	186 (20.0)	72 (7.7)		50	23		1003	930
BR	1264 (65.8)	448 (23.3)	210 (10.9)		78			2000	1922
CH	532 (67.3)	226 (28.6)	33 (4.2)		217			1008	791
CL	716 (48.5)	597 (40.5)	162 (11.0)		23	7		1505	1475
CY	859 (89.6)	42 (4.4)	58 (6.0)		45			1004	959
CZ	1020 (86.7)	122 (10.4)	35 (3.0)		58	54		1289	1177
DE-E	344 (86.9)	49 (12.4)	3 (0.8)		33	2		431	396
DE-W	653 (80.7)	138 (17.1)	18 (2.2)		121	6		936	809
DK	1062 (91.6)	89 (7.7)	9 (0.8)		184	35		1379	1160
ES	1706 (77.5)	321 (14.6)	174 (7.9)		199	71		2471	2201
FI	1120 (94.7)	56 (4.7)	7 (0.6)		142	28		1353	1183
FR	1462 (90.4)	139 (8.6)	16 (1.0)		254	32		1903	1617
GB-GBN	1382 (86.6)	182 (11.4)	31 (1.9)		340	25		1960	1595
GB-NIR	715 (87.4)	79 (9.7)	24 (2.9)		139	30		987	818
HU	833 (83.4)	88 (8.8)	78 (7.8)		22	2		1023	999
IE	1240							1240	
IL	883 (77.1)	220 (19.2)	42 (3.7)		36	28		1209	1145
JP	705 (69.5)	235 (23.2)	75 (7.4)		114	3		1132	1015
LV	790 (84.7)	116 (12.4)	27 (2.9)			67		1000	933
MX	543 (39.1)	633 (45.6)	211 (15.2)		57	51		1495	1387
NL	791 (76.4)	237 (22.9)	7 (0.7)		208	6		1249	1035
NO	1211 (89.7)	120 (8.9)	19 (1.4)		114	11		1475	1350
NZ	760 (89.5)	78 (9.2)	11 (1.3)		128	48		1025	849
PH	568 (48.8)	330 (28.4)	265 (22.8)		37			1200	1163
PL	1009 (91.1)	57 (5.1)	42 (3.8)		137	7		1252	1108
PT	823 (76.4)	171 (15.9)	83 (7.7)		12	3		1092	1077
RU	1213 (74.1)	371 (22.6)	54 (3.3)		145	15		1798	1638
SE	885 (93.9)	56 (5.9)	1 (0.1)		79	59		1080	942
SI	997 (93.3)	40 (3.7)	32 (3.0)		14	10		1093	1069
SK	919 (85.8)	82 (7.7)	70 (6.5)		58	4		1133	1071
TW	1152 (59.1)	134 (6.9)	69 (3.5)	594 (30.5)	32	2		1983	1949
US	841 (87.6)	97 (10.1)	22 (2.3)		206	5		1171	960
N Sum	1240	31660	6173	2007	594	4221	743	46638	
N Valid Sum		31660	6173	2007	594				40434

V65 - Q24a How many people in hh: adults 18 yrs +

Q.24

The following questions can be asked right after Q.23 or, if they fit better, in the demographic questions part.

How many people live in your household?

(Usual formulation followed by country-specific reminders about including respondent and small children, etc.)

Q.24a

Adults of 18 years and older

- 0 NAP, no persons
- 1 1 person
- 2 2 persons
- 3 3 persons
- 4 4 persons
- 5 5 persons
- 6 6 persons
- 7 7 persons
- 8 8 persons
- 9 9 persons
- 10 10 persons
- 11 11 persons
- 12 12 persons
- 13 13 persons
- 14 14 persons
- 15 15 persons
- 17 17 persons
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer, refused

in Bulgaria (BG):

- 0 Not available

in Switzerland (CH):

- 0 R less than 18 years

in Denmark (DK):

- 13 13 persons or more
- 97 no valid answer
- 99 no answer

in Ireland (IE):

- 0 Not available

Note:

AT: adults of 16 years and older

CH: constructed with the variable that indicates the total number of people in household and the total number of children (0-17 years) in household.

## ADDITIONAL COMPULSORY BACKGROUND QUESTIONS FOR THE ISSP 2002 MODULE

V65 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V65	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C_ALPHAN														
	M													
AT		592 (28.9)	986 (48.2)	279 (13.6)	137 (6.7)	34 (1.7)	18 (0.9)	1 (0.0)						
AU		207 (23.3)	603 (67.9)	61 (6.9)	14 (1.6)	3 (0.3)								
BE-FLA		182 (13.4)	790 (58.1)	236 (17.4)	114 (8.4)	30 (2.2)	6 (0.4)			1 (0.1)				
BG	1003													
BR	7	170 (8.5)	802 (40.3)	492 (24.7)	305 (15.3)	143 (7.2)	43 (2.2)	20 (1.0)	7 (0.4)	4 (0.2)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
CH	30	320 (33.0)	510 (52.6)	85 (8.8)	48 (5.0)	4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)							
CL		140 (9.3)	630 (41.9)	371 (24.7)	224 (14.9)	87 (5.8)	35 (2.3)	12 (0.8)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)			
CY		92 (9.2)	459 (45.7)	251 (25.0)	176 (17.5)	22 (2.2)	4 (0.4)							
CZ		255 (20.5)	639 (51.4)	213 (17.1)	116 (9.3)	16 (1.3)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)						
DE-E		78 (18.1)	255 (59.2)	69 (16.0)	23 (5.3)	5 (1.2)	1 (0.2)							
DE-W		199 (21.3)	542 (57.9)	126 (13.5)	52 (5.6)	12 (1.3)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)						
DK		275 (21.0)	846 (64.5)	135 (10.3)	36 (2.7)	6 (0.5)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.2)	3 (0.2)			
ES		297 (12.1)	1082 (44.0)	538 (21.9)	387 (15.7)	124 (5.0)	19 (0.8)	9 (0.4)	2 (0.1)		1 (0.0)			
FI	444	150 (16.5)	608 (66.9)	120 (13.2)	30 (3.3)		1 (0.1)							
FR		283 (16.4)	1135 (66.0)	201 (11.7)	81 (4.7)	16 (0.9)	4 (0.2)		1 (0.1)					
GB-GBN		661 (33.8)	1039 (53.2)	183 (9.4)	62 (3.2)	6 (0.3)		2 (0.1)						
GB-NIR		358 (36.3)	460 (46.6)	100 (10.1)	52 (5.3)	16 (1.6)	1 (0.1)							
HU		209 (20.4)	505 (49.4)	175 (17.1)	109 (10.7)	17 (1.7)	7 (0.7)	1 (0.1)						
IE	1240													
IL	3	100 (8.5)	598 (50.5)	217 (18.3)	184 (15.6)	55 (4.6)	16 (1.4)	9 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)				
JP		80 (7.1)	427 (37.8)	260 (23.0)	216 (19.1)	98 (8.7)	41 (3.6)	7 (0.6)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)			
LV		173 (17.3)	493 (49.3)	234 (23.4)	77 (7.7)	19 (1.9)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)						
MX		124 (8.3)	579 (38.8)	325 (21.8)	250 (16.8)	120 (8.0)	59 (4.0)	20 (1.3)	8 (0.5)	4 (0.3)	2 (0.1)			
NL		310 (24.8)	697 (55.8)	158 (12.7)	66 (5.3)	18 (1.4)								
NO		217 (14.9)	1000 (68.7)	178 (12.2)	46 (3.2)	7 (0.5)	6 (0.4)	1 (0.1)					1 (0.1)	
NZ		159 (15.9)	639 (63.8)	128 (12.8)	56 (5.6)	12 (1.2)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)					
PH		47 (3.9)	559 (46.6)	239 (19.9)	171 (14.3)	103 (8.6)	46 (3.8)	18 (1.5)	10 (0.8)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		
PL		233 (18.7)	500 (40.0)	259 (20.7)	176 (14.1)	57 (4.6)	13 (1.0)	7 (0.6)	4 (0.3)					
PT		208 (19.0)	515 (47.2)	227 (20.8)	105 (9.6)	27 (2.5)	7 (0.6)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)					
RU	354	112 (7.8)	853 (59.1)	321 (22.2)	137 (9.5)	17 (1.2)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)						
SE		226 (21.9)	677 (65.6)	99 (9.6)	26 (2.5)	4 (0.4)								
SI	61	86 (8.3)	375 (36.3)	281 (27.2)	184 (17.8)	82 (7.9)	19 (1.8)	5 (0.5)						
SK		183 (16.2)	523 (46.2)	256 (22.6)	132 (11.7)	31 (2.7)	8 (0.7)							
TW		98 (4.9)	516 (26.1)	379 (19.1)	448 (22.6)	279 (14.1)	152 (7.7)	63 (3.2)	28 (1.4)	7 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.2)	3 (0.2)	
US		411 (35.1)	614 (52.4)	105 (9.0)	31 (2.6)	10 (0.9)								
N Sum	3142	7235	21456	7301	4271	1480	526	184	73	26	12	6	5	
N Valid Sum		7235	21456	7301	4271	1480	526	184	73	26	12	6	5	

	V65	13	15	17	97	98	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
						M	M	M	
AT								2047	2047
AU							464	1352	888
BE-FLA							1	1360	1359
BG								1003	
BR	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)					1	2000	1992
CH							9	1008	969
CL								1505	1505
CY								1004	1004
CZ							45	1289	1244
DE-E								431	431
DE-W								936	936
DK	3 (0.2)				8		59	1379	1312
ES							12	2471	2459
FI								1353	909
FR							182	1903	1721
GB-GBN							7	1960	1953
GB-NIR								987	987
HU								1023	1023
IE								1240	
IL							23	1209	1183
JP							1	1132	1131
LV								1000	1000
MX	1 (0.1)						3	1495	1492
NL								1249	1249
NO							19	1475	1456
NZ							24	1025	1001
PH								1200	1200
PL							3	1252	1249
PT								1092	1092
RU							1	1798	1443
SE							48	1080	1032
SI								1093	1032
SK								1133	1133
TW	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)			1	2	1983	1980
US								1171	1171
N Sum	6	1	1	8	1	904		46638	
N Valid Sum	6	1	1						42583



V66 - Q24b How many people in hh:kids 6,7 - 17 yrs

Q.24

How many people live in your household?

(Usual formulation followed by country-specific reminders about including respondent and small children, etc.)

Q.24b

And what about children between 6/7 (depending on the start of compulsory schooling in respondent's country) and 17 years of age

0 NAP, no children, no such person

1 1 child

2 2 children

3 3 children

4 4 children

5 5 children

6 6 children

7 7 children

8 8 children

9 9 children

10 10 children

98 Don't know

99 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

99 no answer

in BG IE NZ:

0 Not available

Note:

AT: 6-15 years

CL: number of children aged 5-17 years

DE,DK,FI,FR,GB-GBN,NO,PL: cut off age used is aged 6-17 years

ES,PH,SE: 7-17 years

GB-NIR: number of children aged 5-17 years (compulsory education usually begins in September after the 4th birthday)

NL: 4-17 years

NZ: the more detailed breakdown of children by age was not asked. This was an error in the questionnaire.

ADDITIONAL COMPULSORY BACKGROUND QUESTIONS FOR THE ISSP 2002 MODULE

V66 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V66	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	98	99	N Sum
C_ALPHAN														
	M												M M	
AT	1526	305 (58.5)	174 (33.4)	36 (6.9)	6 (1.2)									2047
AU	639	98 (39.7)	100 (40.5)	41 (16.6)	8 (3.2)								466	1352
BE-FLA	1027	166 (50.8)	119 (36.4)	34 (10.4)	6 (1.8)	1 (0.3)	1 (0.3)						6	1360
BG	1003													1003
BR	1010	497 (50.4)	296 (30.0)	120 (12.2)	43 (4.4)	18 (1.8)	8 (0.8)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		2 (0.2)		4	2000
CH	756	115 (46.7)	91 (37.0)	35 (14.2)	2 (0.8)	3 (1.2)							6	1008
CL	697	396 (49.0)	284 (35.1)	98 (12.1)	19 (2.4)	8 (1.0)	3 (0.4)							1505
CY	581	200 (47.3)	173 (40.9)	43 (10.2)	7 (1.7)									1004
CZ	870	227 (60.7)	125 (33.4)	18 (4.8)	3 (0.8)		1 (0.3)						45	1289
DE-E	330	67 (66.3)	30 (29.7)	3 (3.0)	1 (1.0)									431
DE-W	712	126 (56.3)	71 (31.7)	20 (8.9)	7 (3.1)									936
DK	988	180 (50.6)	134 (37.6)	36 (10.1)	5 (1.4)	1 (0.3)							35	1379
ES	1861	409 (69.2)	168 (28.4)	12 (2.0)	2 (0.3)								19	2471
FI	994	175 (49.9)	128 (36.5)	34 (9.7)	8 (2.3)	3 (0.9)	1 (0.3)	1 (0.3)		1 (0.3)			8	1353
FR	1167	296 (53.5)	195 (35.3)	45 (8.1)	12 (2.2)	5 (0.9)							183	1903
GB-GBN	1502	233 (51.7)	164 (36.4)	43 (9.5)	10 (2.2)	1 (0.2)							7	1960
GB-NIR	717	104 (38.5)	101 (37.4)	45 (16.7)	17 (6.3)	3 (1.1)								987
HU	796	145 (63.9)	64 (28.2)	17 (7.5)	1 (0.4)									1023
IE	1240													1240
IL	655	184 (38.7)	156 (32.8)	88 (18.5)	28 (5.9)	13 (2.7)	5 (1.1)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)				78	1209
JP	756	172 (46.0)	155 (41.4)	44 (11.8)	3 (0.8)								2	1132
LV	637	228 (62.8)	111 (30.6)	21 (5.8)	3 (0.8)									1000
MX	745	314 (42.1)	258 (34.6)	97 (13.0)	47 (6.3)	15 (2.0)	5 (0.7)	4 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	3 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	2	3	1495
NL	853	154 (38.9)	170 (42.9)	61 (15.4)	8 (2.0)	1 (0.3)	2 (0.5)							1249
NO	994	218 (48.4)	177 (39.3)	46 (10.2)	7 (1.6)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)						31	1475
NZ	1025													1025
PH	489	269 (37.8)	239 (33.6)	110 (15.5)	63 (8.9)	21 (3.0)	7 (1.0)		2 (0.3)					1200
PL	759	262 (53.5)	166 (33.9)	45 (9.2)	12 (2.4)	4 (0.8)		1 (0.2)					3	1252
PT	822	188 (69.6)	70 (25.9)	9 (3.3)	3 (1.1)									1092
RU	1207	420 (71.2)	155 (26.3)	12 (2.0)	3 (0.5)								1	1798
SE	739	140 (47.8)	119 (40.6)	26 (8.9)	7 (2.4)	1 (0.3)							48	1080
SI	760	212 (63.7)	101 (30.3)	16 (4.8)	3 (0.9)				1 (0.3)					1093
SK	749	219 (57.0)	134 (34.9)	24 (6.3)	7 (1.8)									1133
TW	1253	331 (45.4)	268 (36.8)	99 (13.6)	23 (3.2)	3 (0.4)	3 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)			1		1983
US	906	141 (54.9)	76 (29.6)	30 (11.7)	7 (2.7)	2 (0.8)	1 (0.4)						8	1171
N Sum	31765	7191	4772	1408	381	104	38	9	7	4	3	3	953	46638
N Valid Sum		7191	4772	1408	381	104	38	9	7	4	3			

	V66	N Valid	Sum
C_ALPHAN			
AT			521
AU			247
BE-FLA			327
BG			
BR			986
CH			246
CL			808
CY			423
CZ			374
DE-E			101
DE-W			224
DK			356
ES			591
FI			351
FR			553
GB-GBN			451
GB-NIR			270
HU			227
IE			
IL			476
JP			374
LV			363
MX			745
NL			396
NO			450
NZ			
PH			711
PL			490
PT			270
RU			590
SE			293
SI			333
SK			384
TW			729
US			257
N Sum			
N Valid Sum			13917

V67 - Q24c Number of people in hh: kids up to 5,6

Q.24

How many people live in your household?

(Usual formulation followed by country-specific reminders about including respondent and small children, etc.)

Q.24c

And what about children up to the age of 5/6 years (depending on the start of compulsory schooling in respondent's country)

0 NAV, no children, no such person

1 1 child

2 2 children

3 3 children

4 4 children

5 5 children

6 6 children

7 7 children

8 8 children

9 9 children

10 10 children

98 Don't know

99 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

99 no answer, don't know

in BG IE NZ:

0 Not available

Note:

AT: 2-5 years

CL,GB-NIR: number of children aged up to 4 years

DK,FR,GB-GBN,NO,PL: cut off age used is age up to 5 years

ES,PH: up to 6 years

NL: number of children aged less than 4 years

NZ: the more detailed breakdown of children by age was not asked. This was an error in the questionnaire.

SE: less than 7 years

ADDITIONAL COMPULSORY BACKGROUND QUESTIONS FOR THE ISSP 2002 MODULE

V67 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V67	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	98	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum	
C_ALPHAN																
	M											M	M			
AT	1737	224 (72.3)	80 (25.8)	6 (1.9)										2047	310	
AU	763	73 (59.3)	43 (35.0)	5 (4.1)	2 (1.6)								466	1352	123	
BE-FLA	1200	107 (69.5)	40 (26.0)	7 (4.5)									6	1360	154	
BG	1003													1003		
BR	1359	459 (72.4)	137 (21.6)	22 (3.5)	9 (1.4)	4 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)		1 (0.2)			7	2000	634	
CH	902	71 (68.3)	30 (28.8)	3 (2.9)									2	1008	104	
CL	1146	291 (81.1)	53 (14.8)	7 (1.9)	7 (1.9)		1 (0.3)							1505	359	
CY	909	73 (76.8)	21 (22.1)	1 (1.1)										1004	95	
CZ	1080	134 (81.7)	29 (17.7)	1 (0.6)									45	1289	164	
DE-E	399	26 (81.3)	6 (18.8)											431	32	
DE-W	818	89 (75.4)	29 (24.6)											936	118	
DK	1142	133 (64.9)	70 (34.1)	2 (1.0)									32	1379	205	
ES	2139	241 (77.2)	61 (19.6)	10 (3.2)									20	2471	312	
FI	1161	113 (62.4)	61 (33.7)	5 (2.8)	2 (1.1)								11	1353	181	
FR	1366	252 (71.2)	96 (27.1)	6 (1.7)									183	1903	354	
GB-GBN	1699	177 (69.7)	69 (27.2)	8 (3.1)									7	1960	254	
GB-NIR	867	93 (77.5)	24 (20.0)	1 (0.8)	1 (0.8)	1 (0.8)								987	120	
HU	902	86 (71.1)	32 (26.4)	3 (2.5)										1023	121	
IE	1240													1240		
IL	832	166 (61.0)	71 (26.1)	24 (8.8)	8 (2.9)	3 (1.1)							105	1209	272	
JP	970	106 (67.5)	46 (29.3)	5 (3.2)									2	3	1132	157
LV	823	141 (79.7)	33 (18.6)	3 (1.7)											1000	177
MX	1078	272 (66.3)	102 (24.9)	25 (6.1)	6 (1.5)	2 (0.5)	1 (0.2)			2 (0.5)		4	3	1495	410	
NL	1162	75 (86.2)	10 (11.5)	2 (2.3)											1249	87
NO	1169	191 (69.0)	75 (27.1)	9 (3.2)	2 (0.7)								29	1475	277	
NZ	1025														1025	
PH	664	292 (54.5)	169 (31.5)	49 (9.1)	17 (3.2)	6 (1.1)	2 (0.4)		1 (0.2)					1200	536	
PL	1071	149 (83.7)	29 (16.3)										3	1252	178	
PT	945	124 (84.4)	20 (13.6)	2 (1.4)	1 (0.7)									1092	147	
RU	1539	230 (89.1)	21 (8.1)	7 (2.7)									1	1798	258	
SE	893	86 (61.9)	45 (32.4)	8 (5.8)									48	1080	139	
SI	955	112 (81.2)	24 (17.4)	2 (1.4)										1093	138	
SK	994	114 (82.0)	23 (16.5)	2 (1.4)										1133	139	
TW	1493	272 (55.5)	161 (32.9)	42 (8.6)	11 (2.2)	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)							1983	490	
US	1001	116 (71.6)	36 (22.2)	10 (6.2)									8	1171	162	
N Sum	38446	5088	1746	277	66	19	6	1	1	3	6	979		46638		
N Valid Sum		5088	1746	277	66	19	6	1	1	3					7207	

V68 - Q24d Total number of people in household

Q.24

How many people live in your household?

(Usual formulation followed by country-specific reminders about including respondent and small children, etc.)

Q.24d

This makes a total of how many people?

- 0 NAP, no persons
- 1 1 person
- 2 2 persons
- 3 3 persons
- 4 4 persons
- 5 5 persons
- 6 6 persons
- 7 7 persons
- 8 8 persons
- 9 9 persons
- 10 10 persons
- 11 11 persons
- 12 12 persons
- 13 13 persons
- 14 14 persons
- 15 15 persons
- 24 24 persons
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

- 13 13 persons or more
- 99 no answer

in Slovenia (SI):

- 0 Not available

Note:

ADDITIONAL COMPULSORY BACKGROUND QUESTIONS FOR THE ISSP 2002 MODULE

V68 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V68	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
C_ALPHAN													
	M												
AT		514 (25.1)	588 (28.7)	390 (19.1)	324 (15.8)	152 (7.4)	57 (2.8)	15 (0.7)	6 (0.3)	1 (0.0)			
AU		243 (18.1)	655 (48.8)	142 (10.6)	168 (12.5)	97 (7.2)	25 (1.9)	5 (0.4)	6 (0.4)				
BE-FLA		162 (12.0)	512 (37.9)	266 (19.7)	261 (19.3)	107 (7.9)	28 (2.1)	10 (0.7)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		
BG		148 (14.8)	300 (29.9)	192 (19.1)	241 (24.0)	69 (6.9)	37 (3.7)	9 (0.9)	5 (0.5)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
BR	33	106 (5.4)	269 (13.7)	414 (21.1)	460 (23.4)	327 (16.6)	175 (8.9)	89 (4.5)	43 (2.2)	32 (1.6)	25 (1.3)	6 (0.3)	
CH		286 (28.4)	331 (32.9)	136 (13.5)	171 (17.0)	59 (5.9)	16 (1.6)	7 (0.7)					
CL		90 (6.0)	244 (16.2)	312 (20.7)	349 (23.2)	235 (15.6)	139 (9.2)	63 (4.2)	33 (2.2)	17 (1.1)	7 (0.5)	10 (0.7)	
CY		86 (8.6)	220 (21.9)	151 (15.0)	342 (34.1)	160 (15.9)	40 (4.0)	5 (0.5)					
CZ		212 (17.0)	359 (28.9)	269 (21.6)	306 (24.6)	76 (6.1)	12 (1.0)	5 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.2)			
DE-E		69 (16.0)	175 (40.6)	100 (23.2)	65 (15.1)	16 (3.7)	5 (1.2)	1 (0.2)					
DE-W		185 (19.8)	339 (36.2)	175 (18.7)	155 (16.6)	48 (5.1)	25 (2.7)	7 (0.7)	2 (0.2)				
DK		230 (17.1)	564 (41.9)	197 (14.6)	237 (17.6)	84 (6.2)	15 (1.1)	4 (0.3)	3 (0.2)	5 (0.4)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	
ES		272 (11.0)	651 (26.3)	585 (23.7)	605 (24.5)	260 (10.5)	61 (2.5)	22 (0.9)	10 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	2 (0.1)		
FI		259 (19.4)	541 (40.4)	206 (15.4)	231 (17.3)	69 (5.2)	19 (1.4)	7 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
FR		208 (12.1)	627 (36.4)	340 (19.8)	352 (20.5)	144 (8.4)	32 (1.9)	9 (0.5)	8 (0.5)	1 (0.1)			
GB-GBN		549 (28.0)	708 (36.1)	270 (13.8)	310 (15.8)	92 (4.7)	20 (1.0)	9 (0.5)	2 (0.1)				
GB-NIR		295 (29.9)	276 (28.0)	157 (15.9)	136 (13.8)	69 (7.0)	34 (3.4)	17 (1.7)	3 (0.3)				
HU		189 (18.5)	332 (32.5)	207 (20.2)	179 (17.5)	79 (7.7)	22 (2.2)	12 (1.2)	1 (0.1)		2 (0.2)		
IE		147 (12.0)	308 (25.1)	218 (17.8)	235 (19.1)	167 (13.6)	92 (7.5)	42 (3.4)	13 (1.1)	5 (0.4)			
IL		91 (7.6)	284 (23.8)	202 (16.9)	223 (18.7)	191 (16.0)	94 (7.9)	57 (4.8)	23 (1.9)	11 (0.9)	9 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	
JP		69 (6.1)	233 (20.6)	213 (18.8)	291 (25.7)	160 (14.1)	97 (8.6)	55 (4.9)	10 (0.9)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)		
LV		140 (14.0)	257 (25.7)	242 (24.2)	229 (22.9)	84 (8.4)	31 (3.1)	11 (1.1)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)			
MX		79 (5.3)	212 (14.2)	261 (17.5)	329 (22.1)	253 (17.0)	152 (10.2)	77 (5.2)	47 (3.2)	35 (2.3)	10 (0.7)	14 (0.9)	
NL		281 (22.5)	395 (31.6)	196 (15.7)	237 (19.0)	104 (8.3)	28 (2.2)	6 (0.5)				2 (0.2)	
NO		178 (12.2)	574 (39.3)	245 (16.8)	273 (18.7)	148 (10.1)	25 (1.7)	8 (0.5)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	
NZ		120 (11.9)	394 (39.0)	173 (17.1)	203 (20.1)	85 (8.4)	18 (1.8)	9 (0.9)	4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)		1 (0.1)	
PH		18 (1.5)	90 (7.5)	196 (16.3)	250 (20.8)	248 (20.7)	146 (12.2)	104 (8.7)	61 (5.1)	40 (3.3)	18 (1.5)	12 (1.0)	
PL		207 (16.6)	263 (21.1)	246 (19.7)	249 (19.9)	132 (10.6)	80 (6.4)	41 (3.3)	17 (1.4)	6 (0.5)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	
PT		164 (15.0)	330 (30.2)	265 (24.3)	209 (19.1)	78 (7.1)	30 (2.7)	8 (0.7)	7 (0.6)	1 (0.1)			
RU		354 (19.7)	521 (29.0)	444 (24.7)	335 (18.6)	96 (5.3)	31 (1.7)	9 (0.5)	5 (0.3)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
SE		182 (17.6)	431 (41.8)	142 (13.8)	193 (18.7)	62 (6.0)	17 (1.6)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)				
SI	1093												
SK		171 (15.1)	236 (20.8)	270 (23.8)	300 (26.5)	120 (10.6)	28 (2.5)	4 (0.4)	4 (0.4)				
TW		78 (3.9)	213 (10.8)	279 (14.1)	441 (22.3)	397 (20.1)	239 (12.1)	159 (8.0)	73 (3.7)	39 (2.0)	22 (1.1)	18 (0.9)	
US		338 (28.9)	414 (35.4)	190 (16.2)	124 (10.6)	81 (6.9)	17 (1.5)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)		
N Sum	1126	6720	12846	8291	9013	4549	1887	895	402	210	111	72	
N Valid Sum		6720	12846	8291	9013	4549	1887	895	402	210	111	72	

	V68	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	23	24	98	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN																	
														M	M		
AT																2047	2047
AU															11	1352	1341
BE-FLA															8	1360	1352
BG																1003	1003
BR		7 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	5 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		3 (0.2)			1 (0.1)					2	2000	1965
CH															2	1008	1006
CL		3 (0.2)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)												1505	1505
CY																1004	1004
CZ															45	1289	1244
DE-E																431	431
DE-W																936	936
DK			3 (0.2)												32	1379	1347
ES				1 (0.0)												2471	2471
FI															15	1353	1338
FR															182	1903	1721
GB-GBN																1960	1960
GB-NIR																987	987
HU																1023	1023
IE					1 (0.1)										12	1240	1228
IL		1 (0.1)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)											16	1209	1193
JP																1132	1132
LV																1000	1000
MX		5 (0.3)	7 (0.5)	5 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)								3	1495	1492
NL																1249	1249
NO		2 (0.1)									1 (0.1)				15	1475	1460
NZ		1 (0.1)													15	1025	1010
PH		9 (0.8)	2 (0.2)	4 (0.3)		1 (0.1)				1 (0.1)						1200	1200
PL		2 (0.2)													3	1252	1249
PT																1092	1092
RU															1	1798	1797
SE															48	1080	1032
SI																1093	
SK																1133	1133
TW		11 (0.6)	3 (0.2)	2 (0.1)		2 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	1	2	1983	1980
US																1171	1171
N Sum		41	22	19	3	7	4	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	412	46638	
N Valid Sum		41	22	19	3	7	4	1	1	2	1	1	1				45099



V69 - Q25 Total number of children (PH:<18) R had

Q.25

How many children have you ever had?

0 NAP, never had children, no kids

1 1 child;

2 2 children

3 3 children

4 4 children

5 5 children

6 6 children

7 7 children

8 8 children

9 9 children

10 10 children

98 Don't know

99 No answer, refused

in France (FR):

0 NAP, never had children, no kids < 18 yrs

1 1 child < 18 yrs

in Philippines (PH):

0 NAP, never had children, no kids < 18 yrs

1 1 child < 18 yrs

97 never had a child

in Poland (PL):

8 8 children or more

in United States of America (US):

8 8 children or more

in BG CY DE DK FI GB-GBN GB-NIR IE MX NL NO NZ SE SK:

0 Not available

Note:

FR,PH: Total number of children UNDER 18 YEARS applied to the whole answer categories in V69

OPTIONAL BACKGROUND QUESTION

V69 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V69	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C_ALPHAN														
	M													
AT	595	408 (28.1)	614 (42.3)	277 (19.1)	95 (6.5)	39 (2.7)	10 (0.7)	6 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)				
AU	308	121 (11.9)	386 (38.1)	278 (27.4)	162 (16.0)	44 (4.3)	16 (1.6)	6 (0.6)						
BE-FLA	419	237 (25.4)	390 (41.8)	180 (19.3)	69 (7.4)	38 (4.1)	9 (1.0)	7 (0.7)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)				
BG	1003													
BR	556	384 (26.7)	388 (27.0)	273 (19.0)	151 (10.5)	66 (4.6)	58 (4.0)	33 (2.3)	34 (2.4)	19 (1.3)	17 (1.2)	5 (0.3)	5 (0.3)	
CH	375	156 (24.9)	271 (43.3)	134 (21.4)	47 (7.5)	11 (1.8)	4 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)				
CL	319	279 (25.4)	338 (30.8)	247 (22.5)	95 (8.6)	70 (6.4)	28 (2.5)	18 (1.6)	12 (1.1)	5 (0.5)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)		
CY	1004													
CZ	336	269 (28.2)	504 (52.9)	137 (14.4)	33 (3.5)	7 (0.7)	3 (0.3)							
DE-E	431													
DE-W	936													
DK	1379													
ES	900	386 (24.6)	677 (43.2)	296 (18.9)	120 (7.7)	46 (2.9)	17 (1.1)	15 (1.0)	5 (0.3)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		
FI	1353													
FR	652	340 (40.5)	334 (39.8)	119 (14.2)	29 (3.5)	10 (1.2)	5 (0.6)	3 (0.4)						
GB-GBN	1960													
GB-NIR	987													
HU	215	231 (28.6)	387 (48.0)	130 (16.1)	40 (5.0)	11 (1.4)	4 (0.5)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)			1 (0.1)		
IE	1240													
IL	236	133 (15.6)	223 (26.1)	232 (27.2)	135 (15.8)	61 (7.2)	23 (2.7)	10 (1.2)	15 (1.8)	10 (1.2)	4 (0.5)	3 (0.4)	3 (0.4)	
JP	284	129 (15.3)	466 (55.3)	203 (24.1)	34 (4.0)	10 (1.2)			1 (0.1)					
LV	259	280 (37.8)	325 (43.9)	95 (12.8)	27 (3.6)	12 (1.6)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)						
MX	1495													
NL	1249													
NO	1475													
NZ	1025													
PH	227	207 (28.2)	226 (30.7)	144 (19.6)	74 (10.1)	46 (6.3)	23 (3.1)	6 (0.8)	5 (0.7)	4 (0.5)				
PL	274	229 (23.4)	422 (43.2)	202 (20.7)	60 (6.1)	33 (3.4)	16 (1.6)	9 (0.9)	6 (0.6)					
PT	316	246 (31.7)	306 (39.5)	103 (13.3)	54 (7.0)	23 (3.0)	11 (1.4)	10 (1.3)	4 (0.5)	5 (0.6)	4 (0.5)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.3)	
RU	215	582 (39.1)	662 (44.5)	168 (11.3)	46 (3.1)	19 (1.3)	5 (0.3)	3 (0.2)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)			
SE	1080													
SI	304	192 (24.3)	423 (53.6)	135 (17.1)	21 (2.7)	9 (1.1)	5 (0.6)	2 (0.3)		2 (0.3)				
SK	1133													
TW	564	186 (13.1)	457 (32.2)	417 (29.4)	201 (14.2)	83 (5.8)	41 (2.9)	13 (0.9)	13 (0.9)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
US	342	207 (25.0)	288 (34.8)	198 (23.9)	77 (9.3)	26 (3.1)	15 (1.8)	7 (0.8)	9 (1.1)					
N Sum	25446	5202	8087	3968	1570	664	294	152	110	54	34	15	11	
N Valid Sum		5202	8087	3968	1570	664	294	152	110	54	34	15	11	

	V69	13	14	15	20	97	98	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
						M	M	M		
AT									2047	1452
AU								31	1352	1013
BE-FLA								7	1360	934
BG									1003	
BR		2 (0.1)		1 (0.1)				8	2000	1436
CH								7	1008	626
CL		1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)				87	1505	1099
CY									1004	
CZ									1289	953
DE-E									431	
DE-W									936	
DK									1379	
ES								4	2471	1567
FI									1353	
FR								411	1903	840
GB-GBN									1960	
GB-NIR									987	
HU								1	1023	807
IE									1240	
IL		1 (0.1)						120	1209	853
JP							1	4	1132	843
LV									1000	741
MX									1495	
NL									1249	
NO									1475	
NZ									1025	
PH						238			1200	735
PL								1	1252	977
PT		2 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.3)				1	1092	775
RU		1 (0.1)					10	85	1798	1488
SE									1080	
SI									1093	789
SK									1133	
TW		1 (0.1)							1983	1419
US								2	1171	827
N Sum		4	5	3	1	238	11	769	46638	
N Valid Sum		4	5	3	1					20174

V70 - Q26 Spouse degree: highest qualification

Q.26

Education of spouse/partner: highest level of education

- 0 No formal qualification
- 1 Lowest formal qualification
- 2 Above lowest qualification
- 3 Higher secondary completed
- 4 Above higher secondary level
- 5 University degree completed
- 8 No answer, don't know, refused
- 9 NAP, no partner

in Bulgaria (BG):

- 1 basic (3-4 years)
- 2 primary (8 years)
- 3 secondary (11-12 years)
- 4 college (2-4 years)
- 5 university (4-6 years)

in Brazil (BR):

- 0 none, incomplete primary
- 1 primary completed
- 2 incomplete secondary
- 3 secondary completed
- 4 university incomplete
- 5 university complete, master, phd

in Switzerland (CH):

- 0 incomplete compulsory education
- 1 compulsory education
- 2 elementary vocational training; apprenticeship; 2-3 yrs general training school; 1 year trade school; 2-3 years full time vocational training; administrative education; domestic science/linguistic courses
- 3 secondary education (maturity), teacher training college, graduation diploma school (vocational maturity)
- 4 higher vocational education, technical or vocational college (2-3 yrs), advanced technical college (3-4 yrs) and 'other education'
- 5 university (3 yrs, short bachelor degree), technical university (4 yrs +, bachelor's degree), university/technical higher specialized university (masters, post-grade)

in Denmark (DK):

- 1 if primary school, lowest level (7 years or less) and no further education
- 2 intermediate secondary completed, if primary school (8-10th grade, not gymnasium) and no further education
- 3 if gymnasium and no further education, semi-skilled work/education or some kind of vocational training (1 year), or if primary school (7-10th grade) or other school education and semi-skilled work/education or some kind of vocational training (1 year)

- 4 short (< than 3 yrs) or middle range (3-4 yrs) advanced education, regardless of school-education and whether R has answered NA or don't know
- 5 university degree more than 4 yrs, regardless of school-education and whether R has answered Na or Dk

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 0 no qualifications
- 1 GCSE grades D-G, CSE or equivalent, foreign, other
- 2 GCSE grades A-C, O-level or equivalent
- 3 A-level or equivalent
- 4 higher education below degree
- 5 degree
- 8 not known
- 9 NAP, including not married or living as married

in Israel (IL):

- 2 incomplete vocational, vocational complete with or without matriculation, incomplete academic secondary
- 3 academic secondary completed with or without matriculation
- 4 semi higher, post secondary, university incomplete
- 5 university completed (BA or more)

in Japan (JP):

- 1 junior high school completed, still at high school
- 3 high school completed, still at junior college or at university
- 4 junior college completed
- 5 finished university or graduate, others

in Mexico (MX):

- 0 none, still at school
- 1 primary school completed, technical training without secondary
- 2 secondary school, technical training after secondary
- 3 high school completed
- 4 technical training after high school
- 5 university complete, master/doctorate degree

in Netherlands (NL):

- 2 incomplete higher secondary, still at school
- 4 incomplete university, still student

in New Zealand (NZ):

- 9 not asked; another oversight in the questionnaire

in Philippines (PH):

- 0 no formal education, some elementary
- 1 completed elementary
- 2 some high school, some vocational
- 3 completed high school, completed vocational
- 4 some college, completed college

5 post college

in ES FR GB-NIR IE SK:

9 Not available

Note:

BG: recoded from 'spouse national degree'

CH: due to an error, this question was not asked during the interview, but asked later in a telephone interview

CL: in the national original dataset a variable 'Spouse: years of schooling' was delivered, the present V70 was recoded according to an international education scheme

DK: derived from two variables: 'school education' and 'education in addition to school education'

GB-GBN: highest qualification of spouse

IL,NL: recoded from 'spouse national highest degree'

ADDITIONAL COMPULSORY BACKGROUND QUESTION

V70 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V70	0	1	2	3	4	5	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
					M					
AT		252 (21.0)	627 (52.3)	213 (17.8)		108 (9.0)		847	2047	1200
AU		291 (30.7)	204 (21.5)	123 (13.0)	140 (14.8)	191 (20.1)	216	187	1352	949
BE-FLA	23 (2.4)	137 (14.3)	537 (56.2)	185 (19.4)	73 (7.6)		15	390	1360	955
BG	21 (3.0)	77 (11.0)	117 (16.8)	339 (48.6)	40 (5.7)	104 (14.9)	14	291	1003	698
BR	775 (62.9)	111 (9.0)	55 (4.5)	206 (16.7)	22 (1.8)	63 (5.1)	90	678	2000	1232
CH	7 (1.9)	36 (9.9)	142 (39.2)	32 (8.8)	75 (20.7)	70 (19.3)	238	408	1008	362
CL	230 (26.4)	115 (13.2)	129 (14.8)	211 (24.2)	131 (15.0)	56 (6.4)	46	587	1505	872
CY	19 (2.9)	143 (21.6)	78 (11.8)	269 (40.6)	56 (8.4)	98 (14.8)	2	339	1004	663
CZ	179 (22.8)	49 (6.2)	297 (37.8)	184 (23.4)	11 (1.4)	65 (8.3)	64	440	1289	785
DE-E	7 (2.2)	88 (27.3)	137 (42.5)	16 (5.0)	23 (7.1)	51 (15.8)	2	107	431	322
DE-W	10 (1.4)	294 (42.2)	187 (26.9)	69 (9.9)	44 (6.3)	92 (13.2)	15	225	936	696
DK		67 (7.0)	43 (4.5)	420 (43.7)	293 (30.5)	138 (14.4)	27	391	1379	961
ES								2471	2471	
FI	11 (1.3)	164 (18.8)		498 (57.2)	41 (4.7)	157 (18.0)	61	421	1353	871
FR								1903	1903	
GB-GBN	265 (25.5)	134 (12.9)	190 (18.3)	123 (11.8)	169 (16.3)	157 (15.1)	47	875	1960	1038
GB-NIR								987	987	
HU	40 (6.3)	112 (17.7)	201 (31.9)	177 (28.1)	58 (9.2)	43 (6.8)	3	389	1023	631
IE								1240	1240	
IL	6 (0.8)	62 (7.9)	185 (23.5)	160 (20.3)	153 (19.4)	222 (28.2)	55	366	1209	788
JP		169 (21.1)		360 (44.9)	130 (16.2)	143 (17.8)	4	326	1132	802
LV	9 (1.5)	36 (6.0)	41 (6.8)	108 (18.0)	301 (50.3)	104 (17.4)	1	400	1000	599
MX	146 (17.0)	230 (26.8)	210 (24.5)	89 (10.4)	34 (4.0)	148 (17.3)	67	571	1495	857
NL		26 (3.3)	181 (22.9)	287 (36.2)	139 (17.6)	159 (20.1)	13	444	1249	792
NO		247 (22.7)		455 (41.8)	106 (9.7)	280 (25.7)	34	353	1475	1088
NZ								1025	1025	
PH	88 (10.0)	145 (16.5)	112 (12.7)	291 (33.1)	235 (26.7)	8 (0.9)		321	1200	879
PL	18 (2.4)	140 (18.6)	256 (34.1)	220 (29.3)	45 (6.0)	72 (9.6)	1	500	1252	751
PT	51 (6.2)	374 (45.1)	207 (25.0)	91 (11.0)	29 (3.5)	77 (9.3)	15	248	1092	829
RU	44 (4.3)	110 (10.7)	297 (28.9)	349 (33.9)	22 (2.1)	207 (20.1)	8	761	1798	1029
SE		182 (23.4)	223 (28.6)	139 (17.8)	65 (8.3)	170 (21.8)	35	266	1080	779
SI	26 (3.6)	165 (22.5)	202 (27.6)	228 (31.1)	36 (4.9)	75 (10.2)	10	351	1093	732
SK								1133	1133	
TW	126 (8.6)	397 (27.2)	251 (17.2)	373 (25.6)	173 (11.9)	137 (9.4)	15	511	1983	1457
US	4 (0.7)	19 (3.4)	30 (5.4)	187 (33.9)	147 (26.6)	165 (29.9)	8	611	1171	552
N Sum	2105	4372	5139	6402	2791	3360	1106	21363	46638	
N Valid Sum	2105	4372	5139	6402	2791	3360				24169

V71 - Q27 Spouse: hours worked weekly

Q.27

Number of hours worked per week by spouse/partner

- 0 NAP, no partner, never had a job, not in labour force
- 1 1 hour
- 2 2 hours
- 5 5 hours
- 10 10 hours
- 15 15 hours
- 20 20 hours
- 30 30 hours
- 40 40 hours
- 50 50 hours
- 96 96 hours and more
- 97 Refused
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

in AU CZ GB-NIR IE SI SK:

- 0 Not available

Note:

CH: Due to an error, this question was not asked during the interview, but asked later in a telephone interview.

CZ: Based on a mistake in the questionnaire, V71 was not included in the questionnaire

GB-GBN: How many hours does she/he normally work a week in her/ his main job - including any paid or unpaid overtime?

Round to the nearest hour. If R cannot answer, ask about last week. If R does not know exactly, accept an estimate.

Information was not recorded for Rs working less than 10 hours per week.

ADDITIONAL COMPULSORY BACKGROUND QUESTION



V200 - R: Sex (SEX)

Sex of Respondent

- 1 Male
- 2 Female
- 9 No answer, refused

V200 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V200	1	2	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN					
	M				
AT	780 (38.1)	1267 (61.9)		2047	2047
AU	617 (46.4)	714 (53.6)	21	1352	1331
BE-FLA	651 (47.9)	709 (52.1)		1360	1360
BG	430 (42.9)	573 (57.1)		1003	1003
BR	984 (49.2)	1016 (50.8)		2000	2000
CH	494 (49.0)	514 (51.0)		1008	1008
CL	662 (44.0)	843 (56.0)		1505	1505
CY	498 (49.6)	506 (50.4)		1004	1004
CZ	471 (36.5)	818 (63.5)		1289	1289
DE-E	221 (51.3)	210 (48.7)		431	431
DE-W	451 (48.2)	485 (51.8)		936	936
DK	627 (45.5)	752 (54.5)		1379	1379
ES	1192 (48.2)	1279 (51.8)		2471	2471
FI	608 (44.9)	745 (55.1)		1353	1353
FR	644 (33.8)	1259 (66.2)		1903	1903
GB-GBN	852 (43.5)	1108 (56.5)		1960	1960
GB-NIR	398 (40.3)	589 (59.7)		987	987
HU	423 (41.3)	600 (58.7)		1023	1023
IE	541 (43.7)	697 (56.3)	2	1240	1238
IL	532 (44.1)	673 (55.9)	4	1209	1205
JP	528 (46.6)	604 (53.4)		1132	1132
LV	424 (42.4)	576 (57.6)		1000	1000
MX	607 (40.6)	888 (59.4)		1495	1495
NL	604 (48.4)	645 (51.6)		1249	1249
NO	696 (47.2)	779 (52.8)		1475	1475
NZ	432 (42.7)	580 (57.3)	13	1025	1012
PH	600 (50.0)	600 (50.0)		1200	1200
PL	529 (42.3)	723 (57.7)		1252	1252
PT	443 (40.6)	649 (59.4)		1092	1092
RU	695 (38.7)	1103 (61.3)		1798	1798
SE	498 (46.1)	582 (53.9)		1080	1080
SI	497 (45.6)	593 (54.4)	3	1093	1090
SK	544 (48.0)	589 (52.0)		1133	1133
TW	976 (49.2)	1007 (50.8)		1983	1983
US	491 (41.9)	680 (58.1)		1171	1171
N Sum	20640	25955	43	46638	
N Valid Sum	20640	25955			46595

V201 - R: Age (AGE)

Age of Respondent

CZ: Age constructed from the date of birth: lower age cut-off: 18 yrs. There was no upper age cut-off.

CH: Lower age cut off of the sample is 15 years

NZ: Please indicate the year in which you were born

FI: Age computed from year of birth

15 15 years

99 No answer, refused

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

96 96 years or older

V202 - R: Marital status (MARITAL)

Marital status

GB-GBN: Can I just check, which of these applies to you at present

- 1 Married, or living as married
- 2 Widowed
- 3 Divorced
- 4 Separated, after being married
- 5 Never married, single, not married
- 9 No answer, refused

in Chile (CL):

- 1 married

in Czech Republic (CZ):

- 1 only legal marriage status

in Denmark (DK):

- 1 only legal marriage status

in Finland (FI):

- 1 married, living as married

in France (FR):

- 1 married

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 1 married, living as married
- 5 single, never married

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

- 1 married, living as married

in Norway (NO):

- 1 married, registered partnership between people of the same sex

in New Zealand (NZ):

- 1 married

in Philippines (PH):

- 1 married

in Poland (PL):

- 1 married, living as married

in Sweden (SE):

1 married, living as married and cohabiting

V202 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V202	1	2	3	4	5	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M							
AT	1029 (50.3)	201 (9.8)	236 (11.5)	581 (28.4)			2047	2047
AU	909 (70.6)	58 (4.5)	92 (7.1)	42 (3.3)	187 (14.5)	64	1352	1288
BE-FLA	864 (63.9)	99 (7.3)	78 (5.8)	17 (1.3)	295 (21.8)	7	1360	1353
BG	692 (69.2)	143 (14.3)	43 (4.3)	15 (1.5)	107 (10.7)	3	1003	1000
BR	866 (43.6)	123 (6.2)	53 (2.7)	107 (5.4)	836 (42.1)	15	2000	1985
CH	506 (50.9)	93 (9.3)	104 (10.5)	21 (2.1)	271 (27.2)	13	1008	995
CL	780 (51.8)	117 (7.8)	8 (0.5)	148 (9.8)	452 (30.0)		1505	1505
CY	653 (65.0)	21 (2.1)	7 (0.7)	32 (3.2)	291 (29.0)		1004	1004
CZ	746 (58.1)	100 (7.8)	157 (12.2)	3 (0.2)	278 (21.7)	5	1289	1284
DE-E	263 (61.2)	30 (7.0)	30 (7.0)	7 (1.6)	100 (23.3)	1	431	430
DE-W	556 (59.4)	65 (6.9)	55 (5.9)	18 (1.9)	242 (25.9)		936	936
DK	741 (55.5)	88 (6.6)	95 (7.1)	20 (1.5)	392 (29.3)	43	1379	1336
ES	1380 (55.9)	212 (8.6)	50 (2.0)	74 (3.0)	751 (30.4)	4	2471	2467
FI	902 (67.7)	41 (3.1)	113 (8.5)	14 (1.1)	262 (19.7)	21	1353	1332
FR	1073 (59.2)	108 (6.0)	151 (8.3)	51 (2.8)	429 (23.7)	91	1903	1812
GB-GBN	1085 (55.4)	223 (11.4)	179 (9.1)	53 (2.7)	420 (21.4)		1960	1960
GB-NIR	482 (48.8)	126 (12.8)	77 (7.8)	47 (4.8)	255 (25.8)		987	987
HU	560 (54.7)	165 (16.1)	116 (11.3)	13 (1.3)	169 (16.5)		1023	1023
IE	694 (56.1)	80 (6.5)	11 (0.9)	44 (3.6)	409 (33.0)	2	1240	1238
IL	795 (66.0)	60 (5.0)	61 (5.1)	3 (0.2)	286 (23.7)	4	1209	1205
JP	805 (71.1)	70 (6.2)	34 (3.0)	1 (0.1)	222 (19.6)		1132	1132
LV	531 (53.1)	98 (9.8)	119 (11.9)	19 (1.9)	233 (23.3)		1000	1000
MX	882 (60.5)	123 (8.4)	49 (3.4)	57 (3.9)	348 (23.9)	36	1495	1459
NL	684 (54.8)	65 (5.2)	74 (5.9)	5 (0.4)	421 (33.7)		1249	1249
NO	842 (57.2)	48 (3.3)	151 (10.3)	19 (1.3)	413 (28.0)	2	1475	1473
NZ	652 (65.1)	63 (6.3)	65 (6.5)	46 (4.6)	176 (17.6)	23	1025	1002
PH	872 (72.7)	67 (5.6)	4 (0.3)	22 (1.8)	235 (19.6)		1200	1200
PL	752 (60.1)	179 (14.3)	70 (5.6)	20 (1.6)	231 (18.5)		1252	1252
PT	635 (58.2)	128 (11.7)	61 (5.6)	11 (1.0)	257 (23.5)		1092	1092
RU	931 (52.3)	321 (18.0)	215 (12.1)	33 (1.9)	279 (15.7)	19	1798	1779
SE	788 (74.1)	33 (3.1)	50 (4.7)		193 (18.1)	16	1080	1064
SI	657 (60.8)	87 (8.0)	32 (3.0)		305 (28.2)	12	1093	1081
SK	676 (59.7)	116 (10.2)	62 (5.5)	8 (0.7)	271 (23.9)		1133	1133
TW	1260 (63.5)	142 (7.2)	43 (2.2)	29 (1.5)	509 (25.7)		1983	1983
US	560 (47.8)	88 (7.5)	199 (17.0)	34 (2.9)	290 (24.8)		1171	1171
N Sum	27103	3781	2944	1033	11396	381	46638	
N Valid Sum	27103	3781	2944	1033	11396			46257

V203 - R: Steady life-partner (COHAB)

(If married) Do you have a steady life partner?

(If not married) Do you live together with a steady partner?

FI: recoded from marital status

0 NAP (married, living together with spouse)

1 Yes

2 No

9 NA, refused

in Finland (FI):

1 living as married

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

1 living as married

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

1 living as married

in Japan (JP):

0 Not available

in Poland (PL):

1 living as married

V203 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V203	0	1	2	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M		M			
AT	1008	192 (18.5)	847 (81.5)		2047	1039
AU	909	98 (22.7)	334 (77.3)	11	1352	432
BE-FLA	864	106 (21.4)	390 (78.6)		1360	496
BG	684	26 (8.2)	290 (91.8)	3	1003	316
BR	866	298 (30.5)	678 (69.5)	158	2000	976
CH	506	94 (19.0)	401 (81.0)	7	1008	495
CL	780	138 (19.0)	587 (81.0)		1505	725
CY	653	12 (4.1)	279 (95.9)	60	1004	291
CZ	746	103 (19.0)	440 (81.0)		1289	543
DE-E	263	61 (36.3)	107 (63.7)		431	168
DE-W	556	152 (40.3)	225 (59.7)	3	936	377
DK	741	217 (35.5)	395 (64.5)	26	1379	612
ES	1380	140 (13.0)	941 (87.0)	10	2471	1081
FI	661	244 (36.7)	421 (63.3)	27	1353	665
FR	1073	311 (43.6)	402 (56.4)	117	1903	713
GB-GBN	942	143 (14.0)	875 (86.0)		1960	1018
GB-NIR	454	28 (5.5)	479 (94.5)	26	987	507
HU	560	72 (15.6)	389 (84.4)	2	1023	461
IE	673	64 (12.2)	459 (87.8)	44	1240	523
IL	778	34 (10.1)	304 (89.9)	93	1209	338
JP	1132				1132	
LV	531	68 (14.5)	400 (85.5)	1	1000	468
MX	882	42 (8.5)	451 (91.5)	120	1495	493
NL	662	165 (28.1)	422 (71.9)		1249	587
NO	842	279 (44.1)	353 (55.9)	1	1475	632
NZ	652	105 (29.8)	247 (70.2)	21	1025	352
PH	872	7 (2.2)	316 (97.8)	5	1200	323
PL	725	27 (5.1)	500 (94.9)		1252	527
PT	644	29 (6.5)	416 (93.5)	3	1092	445
RU	931	101 (11.7)	761 (88.3)	5	1798	862
SE	532	256 (48.1)	276 (51.9)	16	1080	532
SI	657	76 (17.8)	350 (82.2)	10	1093	426
SK	676	31 (6.8)	426 (93.2)		1133	457
TW	1260	7 (1.0)	716 (99.0)		1983	723
US	560	80 (13.1)	531 (86.9)		1171	611
N Sum	26655	3806	15408	769	46638	
N Valid Sum		3806	15408			19214

V204 - R: Education I: years of schooling (EDUCYRS)

Education I: Years in school

AT,CH,DE: How many years from school to university education but without vocational training?

CZ: Can you please count how many years in total you attended school? Include all years spent in any schools, even if you didn't complete the course of study, and/ or years of study in other than full-time education programs including university but not vocational training

DK: How many years of schooling do (full time, not including trainee work etc.) do you have? (subjective measurement)

Derived from two variables, one measuring 'years in school', one measuring 'current status' (still at school etc.). In those cases where respondents have answered both questions, the latter variable (current status) is in all instances the 'strongest' variable.

FR: Years in school: derived from - At what age did you finished your studies?

GB-GBN: Years in school: derived from - How old were you when you completed continuous full-time education by subtracting 5 yrs (school starting age) from the answers to the question above

IE: How many years of full-time education did you receive?

NL: Years of schooling following R's sixth birthday included vocational training, part time courses excluded

NO: Years in school after compulsory education

NZ: The values for this variable were calculated from the variable asking for the amount of formal education. The responses almost certainly include some vocational training, and do not distinguish between those who are still at university/ polytechnic and those who are not.

PH: Actual number of years of full-time schooling

RU: How many years altogether did you study? (including vocational training)

SE: How many years have you attended school, all full-time education included?

SI: How many years in regular formal schooling?

US: What is the highest grade in elementary school or high school that you finished and got credit for?

1 1 year or less than 1 year

2 2 years

8 8 years

9 9 years

10 10 years

11 11 years

12 12 years

13 13 years

14 14 years

15 15 years

16 16 years

17 17 years

18 18 years

19 19 years or more

95 Still at school

96 Still at college, university

97 No formal schooling, still at school

98 Don't know

99 No answer, refused



in Denmark (DK):

93 Still at school, college, further education etc.

in France (FR):

17 17 years and more

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

94 Other answer

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

0 Not available

in Japan (JP):

95 Still at high school

in Norway (NO):

9 7-9 years, only compulsory

95 Still at school + still at university

in New Zealand (NZ):

8 1-8 years

11 9-11 years

13 12-13 years

15 14-16 years

17 17 years and more

V204 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V204	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C_ALPHAN											
	M										
AT	2047										
AU		1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	5 (0.4)	19 (1.4)	21 (1.6)	77 (5.8)	127 (9.5)	213 (16.0)	
BE-FLA		2 (0.1)	3 (0.2)	2 (0.1)	3 (0.2)	52 (3.9)	25 (1.9)	168 (12.5)	80 (5.9)	91 (6.7)	
BG		2 (0.2)	4 (0.4)	11 (1.1)	40 (4.0)	25 (2.5)	13 (1.3)	77 (7.7)	114 (11.4)	9 (0.9)	29 (2.9)
BR		136 (6.8)	109 (5.5)	238 (11.9)	223 (11.2)	135 (6.8)	107 (5.4)	149 (7.5)	156 (7.8)	60 (3.0)	92 (4.6)
CH		1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	4 (0.4)	6 (0.6)	11 (1.1)	100 (9.9)	383 (38.0)	74 (7.3)	
CL		8 (0.5)	30 (2.0)	51 (3.4)	57 (3.8)	49 (3.3)	121 (8.1)	35 (2.3)	177 (11.8)	70 (4.7)	83 (5.5)
CY		1 (0.1)		11 (1.1)	17 (1.7)	2 (0.2)	156 (15.5)		3 (0.3)	39 (3.9)	4 (0.4)
CZ									36 (3.0)	84 (6.9)	31 (2.6)
DE-E								4 (0.9)	137 (31.8)		
DE-W								30 (3.2)	344 (36.8)		
DK						6 (0.5)	93 (7.7)	29 (2.4)	46 (3.8)	77 (6.4)	
ES		8 (0.4)	12 (0.5)	26 (1.2)	45 (2.0)	57 (2.6)	110 (5.0)	90 (4.1)	334 (15.1)	96 (4.3)	236 (10.6)
FI			12 (1.1)	17 (1.5)	17 (1.5)	28 (2.5)	26 (2.3)	26 (2.3)	111 (9.7)	72 (6.3)	101 (8.9)
FR				1 (0.1)	3 (0.2)	14 (0.8)	17 (1.0)	105 (5.9)	34 (1.9)	120 (6.7)	
GB-GBN					1 (0.1)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	16 (0.8)	225 (11.5)	414 (21.2)	
GB-NIR	987										
HU						72 (7.0)		234 (22.9)			
IE			7 (0.6)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)	4 (0.3)	10 (0.8)	27 (2.3)	59 (5.0)	94 (8.0)	118 (10.0)
IL			2 (0.2)		6 (0.5)	3 (0.3)	7 (0.6)	8 (0.7)	46 (3.9)	14 (1.2)	70 (5.9)
JP		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)			22 (2.0)	2 (0.2)	46 (4.2)	149 (13.5)	29 (2.6)
LV		1 (0.1)			2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)	4 (0.4)	35 (3.6)	28 (2.9)	29 (3.0)	81 (8.3)
MX		30 (2.1)	39 (2.7)	67 (4.7)	39 (2.7)	25 (1.7)	275 (19.1)	11 (0.8)	31 (2.2)	221 (15.4)	31 (2.2)
NL			1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)	16 (1.3)	11 (0.9)	50 (4.0)	51 (4.1)	142 (11.4)
NO										146 (10.4)	143 (10.2)
NZ									66 (6.5)		
PH		6 (0.5)	16 (1.3)	24 (2.0)	42 (3.5)	37 (3.1)	169 (14.1)	34 (2.8)	69 (5.8)	47 (3.9)	300 (25.0)
PL					55 (4.4)				264 (21.1)		320 (25.6)
PT		12 (1.1)	19 (1.8)	47 (4.3)	243 (22.4)	40 (3.7)	93 (8.6)	40 (3.7)	42 (3.9)	71 (6.6)	54 (5.0)
RU		3 (0.2)	5 (0.3)	21 (1.2)	31 (1.8)	17 (1.0)	16 (0.9)	107 (6.2)	81 (4.7)	34 (2.0)	276 (15.9)
SE		2 (0.2)	11 (1.1)	6 (0.6)	6 (0.6)	6 (0.6)	26 (2.6)	65 (6.5)	41 (4.1)	44 (4.4)	68 (6.8)
SI			2 (0.2)	6 (0.6)	21 (1.9)	11 (1.0)	21 (1.9)	27 (2.5)	179 (16.5)	15 (1.4)	46 (4.2)
SK				1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)	6 (0.5)	6 (0.5)	71 (6.4)	94 (8.5)	50 (4.5)
TW							412 (20.8)		262 (13.2)		
US		1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)		2 (0.2)	3 (0.3)	4 (0.3)	9 (0.8)	19 (1.6)	25 (2.1)	38 (3.3)
N Sum	3034	212	277	533	856	464	1786	961	3233	2621	3331
N Valid Sum		212	277	533	856	464	1786	961	3233	2621	3331

V204	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
C_ALPHAN											
AT											
AU	173 (13.0)	190 (14.2)	107 (8.0)	26 (1.9)	93 (7.0)	209 (15.7)	4 (0.3)	67 (5.0)		1 (0.1)	
BE-FLA	69 (5.1)	246 (18.2)	108 (8.0)	109 (8.1)	110 (8.2)	78 (5.8)	62 (4.6)	34 (2.5)	13 (1.0)	8 (0.6)	9 (0.7)
BG	207 (20.8)	148 (14.8)	49 (4.9)	44 (4.4)	33 (3.3)	69 (6.9)	42 (4.2)	21 (2.1)	7 (0.7)	20 (2.0)	
BR	302 (15.1)	35 (1.8)	24 (1.2)	27 (1.4)	96 (4.8)	7 (0.4)	3 (0.2)				
CH	29 (2.9)	76 (7.5)	53 (5.3)	45 (4.5)	25 (2.5)	30 (3.0)	30 (3.0)	41 (4.1)	19 (1.9)	14 (1.4)	4 (0.4)
CL	59 (3.9)	334 (22.2)	64 (4.3)	68 (4.5)	75 (5.0)	58 (3.9)	49 (3.3)	36 (2.4)	12 (0.8)	13 (0.9)	2 (0.1)
CY		410 (40.8)	6 (0.6)	48 (4.8)	26 (2.6)	135 (13.4)	36 (3.6)	20 (2.0)			
CZ	195 (16.1)	435 (36.0)	209 (17.3)	45 (3.7)	24 (2.0)	10 (0.8)	39 (3.2)	30 (2.5)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	
DE-E	169 (39.2)		13 (3.0)			26 (6.0)		58 (13.5)			
DE-W	271 (29.0)		64 (6.8)			61 (6.5)		104 (11.1)			
DK	75 (6.2)	117 (9.7)	145 (12.0)	107 (8.9)	89 (7.4)	93 (7.7)	66 (5.5)	52 (4.3)	19 (1.6)	23 (1.9)	10 (0.8)
ES	79 (3.6)	135 (6.1)	104 (4.7)	125 (5.6)	110 (5.0)	63 (2.8)	57 (2.6)	85 (3.8)	42 (1.9)	61 (2.8)	13 (0.6)
FI	107 (9.4)	123 (10.8)	73 (6.4)	76 (6.7)	94 (8.3)	73 (6.4)	56 (4.9)	50 (4.4)	19 (1.7)	30 (2.6)	6 (0.5)
FR	156 (8.7)	236 (13.2)	128 (7.2)	189 (10.6)	135 (7.6)	173 (9.7)	458 (25.6)				
GB-GBN	527 (26.9)	179 (9.1)	177 (9.0)	44 (2.2)	43 (2.2)	102 (5.2)	90 (4.6)	50 (2.6)	18 (0.9)	9 (0.5)	7 (0.4)
GB-NIR											
HU	248 (24.3)	305 (29.8)			109 (10.7)		51 (5.0)				
IE	123 (10.4)	149 (12.6)	167 (14.2)	125 (10.6)	73 (6.2)	61 (5.2)	58 (4.9)	37 (3.1)	18 (1.5)	14 (1.2)	10 (0.8)
IL	44 (3.7)	405 (34.0)	54 (4.5)	130 (10.9)	102 (8.6)	115 (9.6)	51 (4.3)	36 (3.0)	11 (0.9)	20 (1.7)	7 (0.6)
JP	32 (2.9)	422 (38.2)	20 (1.8)	106 (9.6)	16 (1.4)	144 (13.0)	15 (1.4)	15 (1.4)	2 (0.2)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)
LV	149 (15.3)	135 (13.8)	89 (9.1)	88 (9.0)	78 (8.0)	74 (7.6)	36 (3.7)	12 (1.2)	5 (0.5)	5 (0.5)	5 (0.5)
MX	57 (4.0)	147 (10.2)	34 (2.4)	43 (3.0)	53 (3.7)	36 (2.5)	70 (4.9)	21 (1.5)	41 (2.9)	20 (1.4)	2 (0.1)
NL	106 (8.5)	158 (12.7)	81 (6.5)	90 (7.2)	83 (6.6)	72 (5.8)	63 (5.0)	70 (5.6)	29 (2.3)	41 (3.3)	18 (1.4)
NO	148 (10.5)	221 (15.7)	179 (12.7)	113 (8.0)	112 (8.0)	107 (7.6)	88 (6.3)	74 (5.3)	40 (2.8)	11 (0.8)	11 (0.8)
NZ	315 (31.0)		284 (28.0)		180 (17.7)		164 (16.2)				
PH	36 (3.0)	119 (9.9)	42 (3.5)	143 (11.9)	34 (2.8)	14 (1.2)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
PL		313 (25.0)		77 (6.2)			118 (9.4)				
PT	34 (3.1)	81 (7.5)	44 (4.1)	22 (2.0)	22 (2.0)	27 (2.5)	35 (3.2)	29 (2.7)	13 (1.2)	14 (1.3)	3 (0.3)
RU	191 (11.0)	205 (11.8)	192 (11.1)	107 (6.2)	218 (12.6)	68 (3.9)	26 (1.5)	21 (1.2)	12 (0.7)	7 (0.4)	1 (0.1)
SE	118 (11.8)	182 (18.2)	98 (9.8)	72 (7.2)	67 (6.7)	70 (7.0)	49 (4.9)	34 (3.4)	8 (0.8)	9 (0.9)	4 (0.4)
SI	185 (17.1)	214 (19.7)	48 (4.4)	52 (4.8)	33 (3.0)	45 (4.1)	42 (3.9)	14 (1.3)	7 (0.6)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
SK	126 (11.4)	274 (24.7)	165 (14.9)	50 (4.5)	36 (3.2)	26 (2.3)	44 (4.0)	41 (3.7)	7 (0.6)	7 (0.6)	3 (0.3)
TW		529 (26.7)		262 (13.2)	22 (1.1)	210 (10.6)		39 (2.0)		6 (0.3)	
US	55 (4.7)	353 (30.2)	123 (10.5)	161 (13.8)	68 (5.8)	160 (13.7)	36 (3.1)	59 (5.1)	16 (1.4)	31 (2.7)	
N Sum	4385	6876	2944	2594	2259	2416	1941	1153	364	371	117
N Valid Sum	4385	6876	2944	2594	2259	2416	1941	1153	364	371	117

	V204	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	40	63	65	82	93	94
C_ALPHAN																
AT																
AU																
BE-FLA																
BG																
BR																
CH		7 (0.7)	1 (0.1)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)										
CL		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)						1 (0.1)						
CY																
CZ		1 (0.1)														
DE-E																
DE-W																
DK		5 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)					145 (12.0)	
ES		18 (0.8)	12 (0.5)	8 (0.4)	8 (0.4)	4 (0.2)			1 (0.0)	1 (0.0)						
FI		7 (0.6)	4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)						
FR																
GB-GBN		2 (0.1)	4 (0.2)		2 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	2 (0.1)								4 (0.2)
GB-NIR																
HU																
IE		2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)											
IL		5 (0.4)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)		1 (0.1)								
JP			3 (0.3)													
LV			3 (0.3)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)				1 (0.1)						
MX		7 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)											
NL		12 (1.0)	8 (0.6)	6 (0.5)	5 (0.4)	3 (0.2)		2 (0.2)	4 (0.3)	2 (0.2)						
NO		6 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	3 (0.2)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)									
NZ																
PH																
PL																
PT		4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)												
RU																
SE		1 (0.1)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.3)											
SI		1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)						1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)			
SK		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)											
TW																
US																
N Sum		80	50	40	30	16	4	7	7	8	1	1	1	2	145	4
N Valid Sum		80	50	40	30	16	4	7	7	8	1	1	1	2	145	4

	V204	95	96	97	98	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
					M	M		
AT							2047	
AU						18	1352	1334
BE-FLA	19 (1.4)	56 (4.2)	2 (0.1)	7	4		1360	1349
BG	9 (0.9)	12 (1.2)	12 (1.2)			6	1003	997
BR			96 (4.8)			5	2000	1995
CH	7 (0.7)	41 (4.1)		1			1008	1007
CL			47 (3.1)			3	1505	1502
CY	11 (1.1)	58 (5.8)	21 (2.1)				1004	1004
CZ	29 (2.4)	36 (3.0)				79	1289	1210
DE-E	4 (0.9)	19 (4.4)	1 (0.2)				431	431
DE-W	11 (1.2)	48 (5.1)	3 (0.3)				936	936
DK				6	164		1379	1209
ES	28 (1.3)	83 (3.7)	167 (7.5)	221	32		2471	2218
FI						214	1353	1139
FR		19 (1.1)				115	1903	1788
GB-GBN	2 (0.1)	34 (1.7)		1	2		1960	1957
GB-NIR							987	
HU			3 (0.3)			1	1023	1022
IE			12 (1.0)			62	1240	1178
IL	8 (0.7)	25 (2.1)	12 (1.0)	2	15		1209	1192
JP	47 (4.3)	26 (2.4)		2	26		1132	1104
LV	24 (2.5)	89 (9.1)		23			1000	977
MX	28 (1.9)	29 (2.0)	75 (5.2)	6	51		1495	1438
NL	37 (3.0)	85 (6.8)					1249	1249
NO						69	1475	1406
NZ			6 (0.6)			10	1025	1015
PH	13 (1.1)	33 (2.8)	12 (1.0)	2			1200	1198
PL	38 (3.0)	59 (4.7)	8 (0.6)				1252	1252
PT	4 (0.4)	27 (2.5)	60 (5.5)	6	3		1092	1083
RU	7 (0.4)	73 (4.2)	15 (0.9)	61	3		1798	1734
SE			3 (0.3)			82	1080	998
SI	38 (3.5)	63 (5.8)	5 (0.5)	3	5		1093	1085
SK	50 (4.5)	45 (4.1)		19	6		1133	1108
TW	22 (1.1)	51 (2.6)	167 (8.4)			1	1983	1982
US				2	2		1171	1167
N Sum	436	1011	727	362	978		46638	
N Valid Sum	436	1011	727					42264

V205 - R: Education II-highest education level (DEGREE)

Education II: Categories

AT: What is your highest achieved level of education?

BG,SE: Highest level of education

CH: Highest degree achieved

CZ: Can you please count how many years in total you attended school? Include only completed schools; do not include evening schools or extramural study.

DE: What kind of a complete general school-education do you have?

DK: Derived from two variables: 'school education' and 'education in addition to school education'

ES: Highest level of education

FR: Which level of general education did you achieve?

GB-GBN: Highest educational qualifications obtained

IE: What is the highest level of education that you attained?

JP: What is your highest school qualification?

NL: Constructed from the last followed type of education

NO: What kind of general education, what kind of vocational education/training, what kind of education on university/ college level have you completed? Note: compulsory school was 7 years until about mid 1960's; 9 years of compulsory school was introduced during the 1960's, but at different times in different parts of the country.

NZ: Which of these categories best describes your highest formal education?

PH: Educational attainment of respondent

PL : What is the level of education that you have obtained until now?

RU: What education do you have?

SI: Name last school you completed, regularly or while working?

US: What is the highest degree?

0 No formal qualification

1 Lowest formal qualification

2 Above lowest qualification

3 Higher secondary completed

4 Above higher secondary level, other education

5 University degree completed

9 NA

V205 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V205	0	1	2	3	4	5	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN	M								
AT	500 (24.4)	1004 (49.0)	200 (9.8)	169 (8.3)	174 (8.5)			2047	2047
AU	8 (0.6)	19 (1.4)	637 (47.8)	200 (15.0)	146 (10.9)	324 (24.3)	18	1352	1334
BE-FLA	21 (1.6)	194 (15.2)	284 (22.2)	400 (31.3)	287 (22.5)	92 (7.2)	82	1360	1278
BG	34 (3.4)	144 (14.4)	161 (16.1)	442 (44.1)	77 (7.7)	145 (14.5)		1003	1003
BR	1193 (59.8)	156 (7.8)	152 (7.6)	302 (15.1)	87 (4.4)	106 (5.3)	4	2000	1996
CH	18 (1.8)	118 (11.7)	459 (45.6)	102 (10.1)	163 (16.2)	147 (14.6)	1	1008	1007
CL	398 (26.5)	177 (11.8)	226 (15.1)	342 (22.8)	248 (16.5)	110 (7.3)	4	1505	1501
CY	52 (5.2)	156 (15.5)	46 (4.6)	467 (46.5)	89 (8.9)	194 (19.3)		1004	1004
CZ	13 (1.0)	164 (12.8)	530 (41.5)	439 (34.4)	28 (2.2)	104 (8.1)	11	1289	1278
DE-E	8 (1.9)	138 (32.1)	172 (40.0)	28 (6.5)	26 (6.0)	58 (13.5)	1	431	430
DE-W	41 (4.4)	344 (36.9)	283 (30.3)	93 (10.0)	63 (6.8)	109 (11.7)	3	936	933
DK		91 (6.8)	102 (7.6)	557 (41.8)	416 (31.2)	168 (12.6)	45	1379	1334
ES	304 (12.3)	617 (25.1)	664 (27.0)	496 (20.1)	186 (7.6)	196 (8.0)	8	2471	2463
FI	54 (4.5)	236 (19.8)		658 (55.3)	64 (5.4)	177 (14.9)	164	1353	1189
FR	29 (1.5)	318 (16.8)	436 (23.1)	234 (12.4)	352 (18.6)	521 (27.6)	13	1903	1890
GB-GBN	475 (24.3)	255 (13.1)	362 (18.5)	265 (13.6)	293 (15.0)	304 (15.6)	6	1960	1954
GB-NIR		456 (46.2)	249 (25.2)	122 (12.4)	23 (2.3)	137 (13.9)		987	987
HU	75 (7.3)	234 (22.9)	248 (24.3)	305 (29.8)	109 (10.7)	51 (5.0)	1	1023	1022
IE	53 (4.3)	171 (13.9)	338 (27.4)	299 (24.3)	200 (16.2)	171 (13.9)	8	1240	1232
IL	23 (1.9)	69 (5.8)	255 (21.3)	268 (22.4)	287 (24.0)	294 (24.6)	13	1209	1196
JP		285 (25.2)		528 (46.8)	134 (11.9)	182 (16.1)	3	1132	1129
LV	18 (1.8)	69 (6.9)	98 (9.8)	220 (22.0)	424 (42.4)	171 (17.1)		1000	1000
MX	245 (17.3)	337 (23.7)	372 (26.2)	192 (13.5)	62 (4.4)	211 (14.9)	76	1495	1419
NL		229 (18.3)	57 (4.6)	505 (40.4)	47 (3.8)	411 (32.9)		1249	1249
NO		149 (10.1)	251 (17.1)	514 (35.0)	169 (11.5)	385 (26.2)	7	1475	1468
NZ	237 (23.5)		242 (24.0)		349 (34.7)	179 (17.8)	18	1025	1007
PH	122 (10.2)	164 (13.7)	199 (16.6)	344 (28.7)	358 (29.8)	13 (1.1)		1200	1200
PL	63 (5.0)	264 (21.1)	336 (26.8)	335 (26.8)	130 (10.4)	124 (9.9)		1252	1252
PT	63 (5.8)	393 (36.0)	309 (28.3)	127 (11.6)	76 (7.0)	124 (11.4)		1092	1092
RU	14 (0.8)	104 (5.8)	241 (13.4)	508 (28.3)	575 (32.0)	353 (19.7)	3	1798	1795
SE		207 (19.6)	332 (31.4)	185 (17.5)	89 (8.4)	245 (23.2)	22	1080	1058
SI	58 (5.3)	248 (22.8)	276 (25.4)	322 (29.6)	78 (7.2)	106 (9.7)	5	1093	1088
SK		301 (26.6)	351 (31.0)	378 (33.4)	6 (0.5)	97 (8.6)		1133	1133
TW	166 (8.4)	413 (20.8)	259 (13.1)	543 (27.4)	297 (15.0)	305 (15.4)		1983	1983
US	10 (0.9)	32 (2.7)	110 (9.4)	368 (31.5)	367 (31.4)	280 (24.0)	4	1171	1167
N Sum	3795	7752	10041	11288	6474	6768	520	46638	
N Valid Sum	3795	7752	10041	11288	6474	6768			46118

V206 - Country spec.education categ: Austria (AT\_DEGR)

AT\_DEGR - Austria: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Compulsory school without apprenticeship
- 2 Compulsory school with apprenticeship
- 3 Middle school vocational
- 4 Secondary general completed, Matura
- 5 Higher vocational, technical
- 6 University

V206

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44591	95.6	
1	Compulsory school without appr		500	1.1	24.4
2	Compulsory with apprenticeship		752	1.6	36.7
3	Middle school, vocational trg		252	0.5	12.3
4	High school, AHS, Matura		169	0.4	8.3
5	High school, vocational, BHS		200	0.4	9.8
6	University incl Fachhochschule		174	0.4	8.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2047		



V207 - Country spec.education categ: Australia (AU\_DEGR)

AU\_DEGR - Australia: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 2 Incomplete primary
- 3 Primary completed
- 4 Incomplete secondary
- 5 Secondary completed
- 6 Semi-higher, incomplete university
- 7 University completed
- 99 NA

V207

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45286	97.1	
2	Incomplete primary		8	0.0	0.6
3	Primary completed		19	0.0	1.4
4	Incomplete secondary		637	1.4	47.8
5	Secondary completed		200	0.4	15.0
6	Semi-higher,incompl university		146	0.3	10.9
7	University completed		324	0.7	24.3
99	Na	M	18	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1334		

V208 - Country spec.education categ: Bulgaria (BG\_DEGR)

BG\_DEGR - Bulgaria: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Basic education, 3-4 years
- 3 Primary school, 8 years
- 4 Secondary completed, 11-12 years
- 5 College, 2-4 years
- 6 University, 4-6 years

V208

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45635	97.8	
1	None		34	0.1	3.4
2	Basic educ, 3-4 yrs		144	0.3	14.4
3	Primary, 8 yrs		161	0.3	16.1
4	Secondary compl, 11-12 yrs		442	0.9	44.1
5	College, 2-4 yrs		77	0.2	7.7
6	University, 4-6 yrs		145	0.3	14.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1003		

V209 - Country spec.education categ: Brazil (BR\_DEGR)

BR\_DEGR - Brazil: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Incomplete primary
- 3 Primary completed
- 4 Incomplete secondary
- 5 Secondary completed
- 6 University incomplete
- 7 University completed
- 8 Master degree
- 9 Phd
- 99 NA

V209

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44638	95.7	
1	None		96	0.2	4.8
2	Incomplete primary		1097	2.4	55.0
3	Primary completed		156	0.3	7.8
4	Incomplete secondary		152	0.3	7.6
5	Secondary completed		302	0.6	15.1
6	University incomplete		87	0.2	4.4
7	University completed		96	0.2	4.8
8	Master		7	0.0	0.4
9	Phd		3	0.0	0.2
99	Na	M	4	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1996		

V210 - Country specific education: Switzerland (CH\_DEGR)

CH\_DEGR - Switzerland: original country specific education

Highest education level

- 0 Not available
- 1 Incomplete compulsory education, still at compulsory school
- 2 Compulsory education, primary school
- 3 Elementary vocational training (enterprise and school)
- 4 Secondary education (maturity, teacher training college, administrative education, domestic science course)
- 5 Graduation diploma school (vocational maturity)
- 6 1 year: trade school, administrative education etc.
- 7 Apprenticeship
- 8 2 - 3 years general training school
- 9 2 - 3 years full time vocational training
- 10 Higher vocational education, federal diploma, master grade, special training, vocational maturity
- 11 Professional, special higher qualification, technical or vocational college (2 years full time or 3 years part time)
- 12 Advanced technical college (3 years full time or 4 years part time)
- 13 University, 3 years, short bachelor degree
- 14 University, technical university, 4 years +, bachelor
- 15 University, technical higher specialized, master, post-grade
- 95 Other education
- 98 Don't know

V210

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45630	97.8	
1	Incomplete compulsory education		18	0.0	1.8
2	Compulsory education		118	0.3	11.7
3	Elementary vocational training		24	0.1	2.4
4	Secondary education, maturity		89	0.2	8.8
5	Graduation diploma school		13	0.0	1.3
6	Trade school: 1 year		21	0.0	2.1
7	Apprenticeship		350	0.8	34.8
8	2-3 yrs general training school		16	0.0	1.6
9	2-3 yrs full time voc training		48	0.1	4.8
10	Higher vocational education		60	0.1	6.0
11	Technical or vocational college		19	0.0	1.9
12	Advanced techn college		63	0.1	6.3
13	University, 3 yrs		19	0.0	1.9
14	University, bachelor, techn		80	0.2	7.9
15	University, master post-grade		48	0.1	4.8
95	Other education		21	0.0	2.1
98	Dk	M	1	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1007		

## V211 - Country specific education: Cyprus (CY\_DEGR)

CY\_DEGR - Cyprus: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Incomplete primary
- 3 Primary completed
- 4 Incomplete secondary
- 5 Secondary completed
- 6 Higher vocational studies
- 7 University completed

## V211

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45634	97.8	
1	None		21	0.0	2.1
2	Incomplete primary		31	0.1	3.1
3	Primary completed		156	0.3	15.5
4	Incomplete secondary		46	0.1	4.6
5	Secondary completed		467	1.0	46.5
6	Higher vocational studies		89	0.2	8.9
7	University completed		194	0.4	19.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1004		

## V212 - Country specific educ: Czech Republic (CZ\_DEGR)

CZ\_DEGR - Czech Republic: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Incomplete primary
- 2 Primary completed
- 3 Lower vocational training
- 4 General secondary without secondary school diploma
- 5 Technical secondary with secondary school diploma
- 6 Academic secondary with diploma
- 7 Incomplete tertiary
- 8 Completed university, bachelor degree
- 9 Completed university, master degree, post graduate
- 99 No answer

## V212

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45349	97.2	
1	Incomplete primary		13	0.0	1.0
2	Primary completed		164	0.4	12.8
3	Lower vocational		395	0.8	30.9
4	General sec.,no diploma		135	0.3	10.6
5	Technical secondary		344	0.7	26.9
6	Academic secondary		95	0.2	7.4
7	IncpI tertiary		28	0.1	2.2
8	Tertiary,bachelor		15	0.0	1.2
9	Tertiary,master degree		89	0.2	7.0
99	Na	M	11	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1278		

## V213 - Country specific education: Germany (DE\_DEGR)

DE\_DEGR - Germany: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Still at school
- 2 School left without qualification
- 3 Lower secondary, Volksschule, Hauptschule
- 4 Middle school, Mittlere Reife
- 5 Secondary technical
- 6 Higher secondary, Abitur
- 7 Special university, Fachhochschule
- 8 University
- 9 Other qualification

## V213

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45271	97.1	
1	Still at school		15	0.0	1.1
2	School left without certificate		34	0.1	2.5
3	Lower secondary, Hauptsch		482	1.0	35.3
4	Middle school, Mittler Reife		397	0.9	29.0
5	Secondary technical		58	0.1	4.2
6	Higher secondary, Abitur		121	0.3	8.9
7	Special university, Fachhoch		89	0.2	6.5
8	University		167	0.4	12.2
9	Other qualification		4	0.0	0.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1367		



## V214 - Country specific education: Denmark (DK\_DEGR)

DK\_DEGR - Denmark: original country specific school education plus education in addition to school education

- 0 Not available
- 1 7 years primary school or shorter
- 2 8 years primary school
- 3 9 years primary school
- 4 10 years primary school or similar
- 5 Gymnasium, general
- 6 Gymnasium, technical and commercial
- 7 Other school education
- 8 Basic vocational courses first and second part or apprentice
- 9 Other completed vocational education, at least 12 months
- 10 Short advanced education (less than 3 years)
- 11 Middlerange advanced education (3 to 4 years)
- 12 Further advanced education (more than 4 years)
- 13 Other vocational education
- 99 No answer, don't know

## V214

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45259	97.0	
1	7 yrs primary school or shorter		123	0.3	9.0
2	8 yrs primary school		18	0.0	1.3
3	9 yrs primary school		47	0.1	3.4
4	10 yrs primary or similar		56	0.1	4.1
5	Gymnasium, general		57	0.1	4.2
6	Gymnasium, technical		14	0.0	1.0
7	Other		13	0.0	0.9
8	Basic voc first+apprentice		235	0.5	17.1
9	Other compl voc education		112	0.2	8.2
10	Short advanced educ,<3 yrs		133	0.3	9.7
11	Middlerange advanced, 3-4yrs		283	0.6	20.6
12	Further advanced >4 yrs		168	0.4	12.2
13	Other vocational educ		113	0.2	8.2
99	Dk, Na	M	7	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1372		

## V215 - Country specific education: Spain (ES\_DEGR)

ES\_DEGR - Spain: original country specific education (CIS educational level variable has been modified since ISSP 2000)

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Incomplete primary school
- 3 Primary school completed
- 4 Incomplete secondary school
- 5 First degree professional training
- 6 Secondary school completed
- 7 Secondary degree professional training
- 8 Technical architecture and engineering school (3 yrs)
- 9 3 years university certificates, not including technical schools
- 10 Architecture, engineering schools (minimum of 6 years)
- 11 College degree, 4 or more years
- 12 PhD, Master degree and/ or equivalent specialisation, post-college degree or equivalent
- 99 No answer, don't know

## V215

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44167	94.7	
1	None		167	0.4	6.8
2	Incomplete primary school		137	0.3	5.6
3	Primary school completed		617	1.3	25.1
4	Incomplete secondary		547	1.2	22.2
5	First degree professional		117	0.3	4.8
6	Secondary school		329	0.7	13.4
7	Secondary professional		167	0.4	6.8
8	Technical architecture		36	0.1	1.5
9	3 years university		150	0.3	6.1
10	Architecture and engineering		24	0.1	1.0
11	College degree		134	0.3	5.4
12	PhD, other official degree		38	0.1	1.5
99	Na	M	8	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2463		

## V216 - Country specific education: France (FR\_DEGR)

FR\_DEGR - France: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Primary incomplete
- 3 Primary completed
- 4 General secondary, level 1
- 5 Vocational secondary, level 1
- 6 Vocational secondary, level 2
- 7 Incomplete general secondary, level 2
- 8 General secondary, level 2
- 9 College
- 10 University
- 99 No answer

## V216

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44735	95.9	
1	None		29	0.1	1.5
2	Primary incomplete		24	0.1	1.3
3	Primary completed		138	0.3	7.3
4	Gen. sec. lev 1		156	0.3	8.3
5	Vocat.sec. lev 1		325	0.7	17.2
6	Voc. sec. lev 2		87	0.2	4.6
7	IncpI gen.sec. lev 2		111	0.2	5.9
8	Gen.sec.lev 2		147	0.3	7.8
9	College		352	0.8	18.6
10	University		521	1.1	27.6
99	Na	M	13	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1890		

## V217 - Country specific education: Belgium/ Flanders BE-FLA (BE\_DEGR)

BE-FLA\_DEGR - Belgium/ Flanders: original country specific school education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Primary education
- 3 Lower general secondary education
- 4 Lower technical secondary education
- 5 Lower secondary vocational education
- 6 Lower special education
- 7 Higher general secondary education
- 8 Higher technical secondary education
- 9 Higher vocational secondary
- 10 Higher special secondary education
- 11 Non-university higher education, short form
- 12 Non-university higher education, long form
- 13 University
- 14 Other or in doubt
- 99 No answer, don't know

## V217

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45278	97.1	
1	None		21	0.0	1.6
2	Primary education		193	0.4	15.0
3	Lower general secondary		93	0.2	7.2
4	Lower technical secondary		96	0.2	7.5
5	Lower secondary vocational		86	0.2	6.7
6	Lower special education		12	0.0	0.9
7	Higher general secondary		118	0.3	9.2
8	Higher technical secondary		161	0.3	12.5
9	Higher vocational secondary		82	0.2	6.4
10	Higher special secondary		32	0.1	2.5
11	Non-univers.higher,short		219	0.5	17.0
12	Non-univers.higher,long		67	0.1	5.2
13	University		86	0.2	6.7
14	Other or in doubt		19	0.0	1.5
99	Na	M	75	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1285		

## V218 - Country specific education: Great Britain GB-GBN (GB\_DEGR)

GB-GBN\_DEGR Great Britain, GB-NIR\_DEGR Northern Ireland:

Original country specific education

Highest Educational Qualification

0 Not available

1 No secondary qualifications

2 GCSE D-G/ CSE or equivalent (CSE grades 2-5, GCE O-level D-E or 7-9, GCSE grades D-G, short course GCSE, Scottish (SCE) ordinary bands D-E, Scottish standard grades 4-7, school leaving certificate (no grade), modern apprenticeship, other recognized trade apprenticeship completed, RSA/OCR certificate, other clerical or commercial qualification, city and guilds certificate part I)// GB-NIR: BTEC (national) TEC (national) BEC (national), ONC, OND; GCSE (including NVQ level 2) GCE O-level (including CSE grade 1) senior certificate BTEC (general), CSE (other than grade 1)

3 GCSE A-C/ O-level or equivalent (GCSE grades A-C, CSE grade 1, GCE O-level grade A-C or 1-6, school certificate or matriculation, Scottish SCE ordinary bands A-C or pass, Scottish standard grades 1-3 or pass, Scottish school leaving certificate lower grade, SUPE ordinary, RSA/ OCR (first) diploma, city and guilds certificate craft/ intermediate/ ordinary/ part II)

4 A-level or equivalent (GCE A-level/S-level/A2-level/AS-level, Scottish higher grades, Scottish higher-stills, Scottish SCE/SLC/ SUPE at higher grade, Scottish higher school certificate, certificate of sixth years studies, city and guilds certificate-advanced/ final part III)// GB-NIR: GCE 'A'-level (including NVQ level 3), BTEC (higher), BEC (higher), TEC (higher) general, HNC/HND

5 Higher education below degree level (RSA/ OCR higher diploma, city and guilds certificate - full technological/ part IV, BTEC/Edexcel/ BEC/TEC, higher national certificate or diploma, teacher training qualification, nursing qualification, other technical or business qualification)

6 Degree, university or CNAA or diploma (University or CNAA degree or diploma)// GB-NIR: Degree level or higher

7 Foreign or other qualifications (Overseas school leaving exam or certificate, other recognized academic or vocational qualifications)

99 No answer, don't know

## V218

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	43691	93.7	
1	No sec. qualifications		931	2.0	31.7
2	CSE, GCSE or equivalent		460	1.0	15.6
3	O-level or equivalent		362	0.8	12.3
4	A-level or equivalent		387	0.8	13.2
5	Higher below degree level		293	0.6	10.0
6	Degree, university o CNAA o diploma		441	0.9	15.0
7	Foreign or other		67	0.1	2.3
99	Dk, Na	M	6	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2941		

## V219 - Country specific education: Hungary (HU\_DEGR)

HU\_DEGR - Hungary: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 No formal schooling
- 2 Less than primary education
- 3 8 years elementary school
- 4 Vocational
- 5 Vocational + maturity
- 6 Gymnasium, matura
- 7 College
- 8 University
- 99 No answer

## V219

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45615	97.8	
1	No formal schooling		3	0.0	0.3
2	Less than primary		72	0.2	7.0
3	8 years elementary		234	0.5	22.9
4	Vocational		248	0.5	24.3
5	Vocational+maturity		140	0.3	13.7
6	Gymnasium, matura		165	0.4	16.1
7	College		109	0.2	10.7
8	University		51	0.1	5.0
99	Na	M	1	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1022		

## V220 - Country specific education: Israel (IL\_DEGR)

IL\_DEGR - Israel: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 No formal schooling
- 2 Lowest formal qualification
- 3 Incomplete vocational
- 4 Vocational completed without matriculation
- 5 Vocational completed with matriculation
- 6 Incomplete academic secondary
- 7 Full general high school without matriculation
- 8 Academic secondary completed with matriculation
- 11 Semi higher, post secondary
- 12 Incomplete university
- 13 University completed, BA or more
- 97 Refused
- 99 No answer

## V220

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45429	97.4	
1	No formal schooling		23	0.0	1.9
2	Lowest formal qualification		69	0.1	5.8
3	Incomplete vocational		58	0.1	4.8
4	Vocat compl without matricul		88	0.2	7.4
5	Vocat compl with matriculation		68	0.1	5.7
6	Incomplete academic secondary		41	0.1	3.4
7	Full general hs without matric		83	0.2	6.9
8	Academic secondary compl with m		185	0.4	15.5
11	Semi higher. post secondary		196	0.4	16.4
12	Incomplete university		91	0.2	7.6
13	University compl, BA or more		294	0.6	24.6
97	Refused	M	4	0.0	
99	Na	M	9	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1196		

## V221 - Country specific education: Ireland (IE\_DEGR)

IE\_DEGR - Ireland: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None, still at school
- 2 Incomplete primary education
- 3 Primary completed, compulsory
- 4 Incomplete secondary
- 5 Secondary completed
- 6 Incomplete university, semi-higher qualification
- 7 University completed
- 99 No answer

## V221

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45398	97.3	
1	None, still at school		16	0.0	1.3
2	Incomplete primary education		37	0.1	3.0
3	Primary completed, compulsory		171	0.4	13.9
4	Incomplete secondary		338	0.7	27.4
5	Secondary completed		299	0.6	24.3
6	Incomplete uni, semi-higher qual		200	0.4	16.2
7	University completed		171	0.4	13.9
99	Na	M	8	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1232		



## V222 - Country specific education: Japan (JP\_DEGR)

JP\_DEGR - Japan: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Secondary completed
- 2 High school completed
- 3 Junior college/ higher professional school completed
- 4 University or graduate school completed
- 5 Still at high school or higher professional school (1-3 grade)
- 6 Still at higher professional school (4-5 grade), junior college, university or graduate school
- 7 Others
- 99 No answer

## V222

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45506	97.6	
1	Secondary completed		238	0.5	21.1
2	High school completed		503	1.1	44.6
3	Junior college compl		134	0.3	11.9
4	Finished university		181	0.4	16.0
5	Still at High school		47	0.1	4.2
6	Still at Junior college		26	0.1	2.3
99	Na	M	3	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1129		

V223 - Country specific education: Latvia (LV\_DEGR)

LV\_DEGR - Latvia: original country specific education

0 Not available

V223

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Not available	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V224 - Country specific education: Mexico (MX\_DEGR)

MX\_DEGR - Mexico: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None, still at school
- 2 Primary school completed
- 3 Technical training without secondary qualification
- 4 Secondary school completed
- 5 Technical training after secondary school
- 6 High school completed
- 7 Technical training after high school
- 8 University completed
- 9 Master, doctorate degree
- 99 No answer

## V224

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45143	96.8	
1	None, still at school		251	0.5	17.6
2	Primary school completed		337	0.7	23.6
3	Technical traing without sec		72	0.2	5.1
4	Secondary school		245	0.5	17.2
5	Techn traing after secondary		55	0.1	3.9
6	High school completed		192	0.4	13.5
7	Techn traing after high school		62	0.1	4.4
8	University completed		171	0.4	12.0
9	Master, doctorate degree		40	0.1	2.8
99	Na	M	70	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1425		

## V225 - Country specific education: Norway (NO\_DEGR)

NO\_DEGR - Norway: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Primary school completed
- 2 Secondary vocational, incomplete secondary
- 3 Secondary academic, incomplete secondary
- 4 Secondary vocational, secondary completed
- 5 Secondary academic, secondary completed
- 6 University, college < 1 year
- 7 University, college 1-2 years
- 8 University, college 3-4 years
- 9 University, college >=5 years
- 99 No answer

## V225

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45163	96.8	
1	Primary completed		149	0.3	10.1
2	Sec.vocational,incompl		100	0.2	6.8
3	Sec.academic,incompl		151	0.3	10.3
4	Sec.vocational,compl		253	0.5	17.2
5	Sec.academic,compl		261	0.6	17.8
6	Univers,coll<1 year		41	0.1	2.8
7	Univers,coll,1-2yrs		128	0.3	8.7
8	Univers,coll,3-4yrs		249	0.5	17.0
9	Univers,coll,>=5yrs		136	0.3	9.3
99	Na	M	7	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1468		

## V226 - Country specific education: Netherlands (NL\_DEGR)

NL\_DEGR - Netherlands: original country specific education

Derived from the last followed type of educational level

- 0 Not available
- 3 Primary completed, basic education only, basic plus corresponding vocational training, evening classes etc.
- 4 Incomplete secondary, still at lower grammar school
- 5 Secondary completed, lower grammar school, 3-5 years, commercial school, plus corresponding vocational training or evening classes, grammar school with classical education, teacher training for basic education
- 6 Incomplete university or technical university, incomplete grammar school with classical education, teacher training for basic education plus corresponding vocational training, still student
- 7 University, technical university, course for notary public, grammar school with classical education, teacher training for basic education plus corresponding vocational training

## V226

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45389	97.3	
3	Primary comp,basic+voc.training		229	0.5	18.3
4	Incomplete secondary		57	0.1	4.6
5	Secondary compl,grammar		505	1.1	40.4
6	Incomplete university		47	0.1	3.8
7	University completed		411	0.9	32.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1249		

## V227 - Country specific education: New Zealand (NZ\_DEGR)

NZ\_DEGR - New Zealand: original country specific education

Which of these categories best describes your highest formal education?

- 0 Not available
- 1 No formal secondary qualification
- 2 School qualifications only
- 3 Trade or professional certificate
- 4 Diploma below Bachelor level
- 5 Bachelor's degree
- 6 Post-graduate or higher qualification
- 99 No answer

## V227

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45613	97.8	
1	No formal qualification		237	0.5	23.5
2	School qualification only		242	0.5	24.0
3	Trade or professional certificate		247	0.5	24.5
4	Diploma below bachelor		102	0.2	10.1
5	Bachelors degree		102	0.2	10.1
6	Post-graduate or higher		77	0.2	7.6
99	Na	M	18	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1007		

V228 - Country specific education: Portugal (PT\_DEGR)

PT\_DEGR - Portugal: original country specific education

0 Not available

V228

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Not available	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V229 - Country specific education: Poland (PL\_DEGR)

PL\_DEGR - Poland: original country specific education

What is the level of education that you have obtained until now?

- 0 Not available
- 1 No formal schooling
- 2 Incomplete elementary (4 years in school)
- 3 Elementary (8 years)
- 4 Basic vocational (10 years)
- 5 Incomplete secondary (10 years)
- 6 Secondary general (12 years)
- 7 Secondary vocational (12 years)
- 8 Post secondary (14 years)
- 9 Incomplete higher (14 years)
- 10 Completed higher (17 years)

## V229

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45386	97.3	
1	No formal schooling		8	0.0	0.6
2	Incomplete elementary		55	0.1	4.4
3	Elementary		264	0.6	21.1
4	Basic vocational		316	0.7	25.2
5	Incomplete secondary		20	0.0	1.6
6	Secondary general		92	0.2	7.3
7	Secondary vocational		243	0.5	19.4
8	Post secondary		47	0.1	3.8
9	Incomplete higher		83	0.2	6.6
10	Completed higher		124	0.3	9.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1252		



## V230 - Country specific education: Chile (CL\_DEGR)

CL\_DEGR - Chile: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Incomplete primary
- 3 Primary completed
- 4 Incomplete secondary
- 5 Secondary completed
- 6 University incomplete
- 7 University completed
- 8 Incomplete non-university higher education
- 9 Complete non-university higher education
- 99 No answer

## V230

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45133	96.8	
1	None		47	0.1	3.1
2	Incomplete primary		351	0.8	23.4
3	Primary completed		177	0.4	11.8
4	Incomplete secondary		226	0.5	15.1
5	Secondary completed		342	0.7	22.8
6	University incomplete		88	0.2	5.9
7	University completed		110	0.2	7.3
8	Incompl non-university higher		37	0.1	2.5
9	Compl non-university higher		123	0.3	8.2
99	Na	M	4	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1501		

## V231 - Country specific education: Philippines (PH\_DEGR)

PH\_DEGR - Philippines: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Incomplete primary, some elementary
- 3 Primary, elementary completed
- 4 Incomplete secondary, some high school
- 5 Secondary completed, high school completed
- 6 Some vocational
- 7 Vocational completed
- 8 Some college
- 9 College completed
- 10 Post college

## V231

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45438	97.4	
1	None		12	0.0	1.0
2	Incomplete primary		110	0.2	9.2
3	Primary completed		164	0.4	13.7
4	Incomplete secondary		175	0.4	14.6
5	Secondary completed		278	0.6	23.2
6	Some vocational		24	0.1	2.0
7	Completed vocational		66	0.1	5.5
8	Some college		170	0.4	14.2
9	College completed		188	0.4	15.7
10	Post college		13	0.0	1.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1200		

## V232 - Country specific education: Russia (RU\_DEGR)

RU\_DEGR - Russia: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None, still at school
- 2 Incomplete primary education
- 3 Primary completed, compulsory
- 4 Incomplete secondary
- 5 Secondary completed
- 6 Incomplete university, semi-higher qualification
- 7 University completed
- 99 No answer

## V232

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44840	96.1	
1	None, still at school, college		90	0.2	5.0
2	Incomplete primary		8	0.0	0.4
3	Primary completed		102	0.2	5.7
4	Incomplete secondary		236	0.5	13.1
5	Secondary completed		955	2.0	53.2
6	Semi-higher, incompl uni		55	0.1	3.1
7	University completed		349	0.7	19.4
99	Na	M	3	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1795		

## V233 - Country specific education: Sweden (SE\_DEGR)

SE\_DEGR - Sweden: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Primary or comprehensive school
- 2 Vocational school (72-92)
- 3 Vocational school (post 92)
- 4 Vocational school (pre 72)
- 5 Alternative secondary school, Folk high school
- 6 Lower secondary school (2 years)
- 7 3 or 4 years gymnasium (academic track)
- 8 Gymnasium (academic track post 1992)
- 9 Higher secondary school
- 10 University studies without degree
- 11 University degree
- 99 No answer

## V233

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45558	97.7	
1	Primary or comprehensive		207	0.4	19.6
2	Vocational school (72-92)		127	0.3	12.0
3	Vocational school (post 92)		42	0.1	4.0
4	Vocational school (pre 72)		84	0.2	7.9
5	Folk high school		28	0.1	2.6
6	Lower secondary school		51	0.1	4.8
7	3 or 4 yr gymnasium		120	0.3	11.3
8	Gymnasium (academic)		25	0.1	2.4
9	Higher sec. school		40	0.1	3.8
10	University studies		89	0.2	8.4
11	University degree		245	0.5	23.2
99	Na	M	22	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1058		

## V234 - Country specific education: Finland (FI\_DEGR)

FI\_DEGR - Finland: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None, still at school
- 2 Primary school
- 3 Comprehensive school, primary and lower secondary
- 4 Post-comprehensive, vocational education
- 5 Post-comprehensive, upper secondary school
- 6 Post-comprehensive, vocational college
- 7 Polytechnics
- 8 University, BA, lower academic qualification
- 9 University, MA, higher academic qualification
- 99 No answer

## V234

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45285	97.1	
1	None, still at school		54	0.1	4.5
2	Primary school		147	0.3	12.4
3	Comprehensive, prim+low sec school		89	0.2	7.5
4	Post-comprehensive vocational		290	0.6	24.4
5	Post-comprehensive upper sec		86	0.2	7.2
6	Post-comprehensive voc college		282	0.6	23.7
7	Polytechnic		64	0.1	5.4
8	University,BA,lower academic		59	0.1	5.0
9	University,MA,higher academic		118	0.3	9.9
99	Na	M	164	0.4	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1189		

V235 - Country specific education: Slovakia (SK\_DEGR)

SK\_DEGR - Slovakian Republic: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Elementary
- 2 Vocational
- 3 Secondary
- 4 University

V235

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45505	97.6	
1	Elementary		301	0.6	26.6
2	Vocational		351	0.8	31.0
3	Secondary		378	0.8	33.4
4	University		103	0.2	9.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1133		

## V236 - Country specific education: Slovenia (SI\_DEGR)

SI\_DEGR - Slovenia: original country specific education variable

- 0 Not available
- 1 Incomplete primary
- 2 Primary completed
- 3 Incomplete vocational
- 4 2-3 years vocational
- 5 4 years middle school
- 6 Incomplete university
- 7 Higher degree completed
- 8 University completed
- 99 No answer

## V236

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45545	97.7	
1	Incomplete primary		58	0.1	5.3
2	Primary completed		221	0.5	20.3
3	Incomplete vocational		27	0.1	2.5
4	2-3 yrs vocational		276	0.6	25.4
5	4 yrs middle school		322	0.7	29.6
6	Incomplete university		27	0.1	2.5
7	Higher degree compl		51	0.1	4.7
8	University compl		106	0.2	9.7
99	Na	M	5	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1088		

V237 - Country specific education: Taiwan (TW\_DEGR)

TW\_DEGR - Taiwan: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 None
- 2 Self-study
- 3 Elementary school
- 4 Junior high school
- 5 Vocational junior high school
- 6 Senior high school general
- 7 Senior high school vocational subject
- 8 Vocational senior high school
- 9 Cadet school, senior high school level
- 10 5 years vocational academy, after junior high school
- 11 2 years vocational academy, after vocational senior high school
- 12 3 years vocational academy, after vocational senior high school
- 13 Military, police training course, after senior high school
- 14 Military, police specialist course, after senior high school
- 15 Open college equivalent to junior college
- 16 Military, police officers' academy equivalent to college
- 17 College
- 18 Graduate school, MA degree
- 19 Graduate school, Ph.D degree
- 20 Other



V237

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44655	95.7	
1	None		155	0.3	7.8
2	Self-study		9	0.0	0.5
3	Elementary school		413	0.9	20.8
4	Junior high school		254	0.5	12.8
5	Vocational junior high school		5	0.0	0.3
6	Senior high school general		118	0.3	6.0
7	Senior high school voc subject		130	0.3	6.6
8	Vocational Senior high school		289	0.6	14.6
9	Cadet school, senior high level		6	0.0	0.3
10	Five year voc academy		83	0.2	4.2
11	Two-year voc academy		162	0.3	8.2
12	Three-year voc academy		21	0.0	1.1
13	Military,police traing course		3	0.0	0.2
14	Military spec course		9	0.0	0.5
15	Open college		5	0.0	0.3
16	Military,police officers acad		14	0.0	0.7
17	College		254	0.5	12.8
18	Graduate school, M A degree		44	0.1	2.2
19	Graduate school,Ph D degree		7	0.0	0.4
20	Other		2	0.0	0.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1983		

## V238 - Country specific education: USA (US\_DEGR)

US\_DEGR - United States: original country specific education

- 0 Not available
- 1 Less than high school
- 2 High school
- 3 Associate, Junior college
- 4 Bachelor
- 5 Graduate
- 98 Don't know

## V238

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45467	97.5	
1	Less than high school		154	0.3	13.2
2	High school		644	1.4	55.1
3	Junior college		91	0.2	7.8
4	Bachelor		190	0.4	16.3
5	Graduate		90	0.2	7.7
98	DK	M	2	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1169		

V239 - R: Current employment status (WRKST)

Respondent: Current employment status - current economic position, main source of living

GB-NIR: Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing last week, that is in the seven days ending last Sunday?

(If on holiday or temporarily sick ask what they are usually are doing)

- 1 Full-time employed, main job
- 2 Part-time employed, main job
- 3 Less than part-time
- 4 Helping family member
- 5 Unemployed
- 6 Student, at school, in education, vocational training, in government active labour market programmes, on government training scheme
- 7 Retired
- 8 Housewife (man), home duties
- 9 Permanently disabled, sick
- 10 Others, not in labour force, not working
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

in Austria (AT):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 34 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours
- 10 army/ Civil service

in Bulgaria (BG):

- 1 30 + hours
- 2 10 - 29 hours

in Brazil (BR):

- 1 full-time employed, entrepreneur, self employed
- 10 Temporarily out of work - 12 months

in Switzerland (CH):

- 3 casual work

in Czech Republic (CZ):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 34 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours
- 7 incl. working pensioner
- 8 incl. on maternity leave

in Germany (DE):

- 3 less than 15 hours
- 10 army/ Civil service

in Denmark (DK):

- 1 full-time employed and self employed, 30 hours +
- 2 part-time employed and self employed, 10-29 hrs
- 3 less than part-time, temporarily out of work because of illness, maternity leave, parents leave or education leave
- 7 job release scheme etc. (pension benefits between early retirement and normal retirement), old age retirement

in Spain (ES):

- 1 > 35 hours
- 2 15 - 35 hours
- 3 <15 hours, temporarily out of work

in France (FR):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 35 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 1 30 + hours
- 2 10 - 29 hours
- 3 less than 10 hours
- 10 waiting for paid work + something else + paid status undefined

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

- 1 30 + hours
- 2 part-time, at least 10 hours
- 3 not asked
- 5 + government training scheme for unemployed
- 10 not working + not seeking work, caring for elderly and disabled person full-time, other

in Ireland (IE):

- 1 30 + hours
- 2 less than 30 hours

in Japan (JP):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 34 hours
- 3 <15 hours, temporarily out of work

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 > 35 hours
- 2 15 - 35 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours

in Norway (NO):

- 1 30 + hours
- 2 15 - 29 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours
- 9 social Welfare

in New Zealand (NZ):

- 1 > 35 hours
- 2 15 - 35 hours
- 3 <15 hours, temporarily out of work

in Philippines (PH):

- 1 40 + hours
- 2 10 - 39 hours
- 3 less than 10 hours

in Poland (PL):

- 3 temporarily not working
- 6 student, at school

in Portugal (PT):

- 1 > 35 hours
- 2 15 - 35 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours

in Russia (RU):

- 3 less than 15 hours

in Sweden (SE):

- 1 > 35 hours
- 2 15 - 35 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours

in Slovenia (SI):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 34 hours
- 3 <15 hours, temporarily out of work

in United States of America (US):

- 3 temporarily not working

Note:

Denmark - General comment on coding:

Data is scanned, which means that data was not cleaned in the raw dataset. In the dataset delivered to the ISSP database data are coded so that they follow the filters in the survey, regardless of whether respondents have ignored the filters and answered a question they shouldn't have answered according to the filters. In other words: Only respondents who have answered

'positively' on a filter-question are included as relevant in the questions that relate to the filter in question.

Example: Only respondents who have answered 1-4 in WRKST are included as relevant in WRKHRS, WRKGOVT etc.

Respondents who have answered 5-99 in WRKST are coded as irrelevant in these variables.

The ISSP categories have been derived from a question including more answer categories. The categories are coded as follows:

01. Employed full time/ Employee, full time, 30 hours or more per week/ Self-employed
02. Employed part time/ Employee, part time, 10-29 hours per week
03. Employed less than part time or temporarily out of work/ Employee, less than 10 hours per week/ Temporarily out of job because of illness or the like/ Temporarily out of job because of leave from job (maternity leave, parental leave, education leave)
04. Helping family member/ Assisting spouse
05. Unemployed/ Unemployed (including on leave from unemployment)
06. Student, in school or vocational training/ Trainee or apprentice (with wage)/ Pupil (without wage)/ Student (without wage)
07. Retired/ Job release scheme (pensions benefit payable between early retirement and normal retirement pension, and the like)/ Other retirement (old-age etc.)
08. Housewife or home duties/ Housewife/ home duties
09. Permanently disabled/ On disability pension
10. Others not in labour force/ Other, outside labour force
99. No answer

V239 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V239	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	98	99
C_ALPHAN												
												M M
AT	1050 (51.3)	16 (0.8)			93 (4.5)	113 (5.5)	556 (27.2)	219 (10.7)				
AU	500 (37.5)	216 (16.2)			18 (1.3)	17 (1.3)	433 (32.5)	111 (8.3)		39 (2.9)		18
BE-FLA	582 (42.8)	164 (12.1)	8 (0.6)	10 (0.7)	53 (3.9)	77 (5.7)	322 (23.7)	116 (8.5)	16 (1.2)	11 (0.8)		1
BG	344 (34.4)	21 (2.1)	8 (0.8)		178 (17.8)	23 (2.3)	390 (39.0)	21 (2.1)	11 (1.1)	5 (0.5)		2
BR	774 (39.3)	149 (7.6)	16 (0.8)	4 (0.2)	94 (4.8)	62 (3.1)	245 (12.4)	311 (15.8)	28 (1.4)	288 (14.6)		29
CH	437 (44.1)	194 (19.6)	13 (1.3)	3 (0.3)	12 (1.2)	33 (3.3)	205 (20.7)	60 (6.1)	11 (1.1)	23 (2.3)	1	16
CL	602 (40.1)	112 (7.5)	65 (4.3)	7 (0.5)	89 (5.9)	86 (5.7)	164 (10.9)	372 (24.8)	5 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		2
CY	668 (66.5)	28 (2.8)	2 (0.2)	5 (0.5)	16 (1.6)	58 (5.8)	73 (7.3)	118 (11.8)		36 (3.6)		
CZ	782 (60.9)	31 (2.4)	6 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	56 (4.4)	68 (5.3)	213 (16.6)	77 (6.0)	43 (3.3)	8 (0.6)		4
DE-E	192 (44.5)	18 (4.2)			52 (12.1)	23 (5.3)	128 (29.7)	6 (1.4)		12 (2.8)		
DE-W	410 (43.9)	69 (7.4)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.4)	30 (3.2)	59 (6.3)	206 (22.1)	126 (13.5)		29 (3.1)		2
DK	738 (54.3)	74 (5.4)	34 (2.5)	3 (0.2)	38 (2.8)	112 (8.2)	268 (19.7)	20 (1.5)	61 (4.5)	10 (0.7)		21
ES	1011 (41.4)	179 (7.3)	31 (1.3)	5 (0.2)	177 (7.2)	140 (5.7)	418 (17.1)	362 (14.8)		119 (4.9)		29
FI	631 (52.8)	79 (6.6)	24 (2.0)	18 (1.5)	53 (4.4)	105 (8.8)	239 (20.0)	26 (2.2)		19 (1.6)		159
FR	949 (50.0)	211 (11.1)	32 (1.7)	6 (0.3)	62 (3.3)	80 (4.2)	378 (19.9)	122 (6.4)	19 (1.0)	38 (2.0)		6
GB-GBN	855 (43.6)	245 (12.5)	36 (1.8)		80 (4.1)	34 (1.7)	452 (23.1)	135 (6.9)	104 (5.3)	18 (0.9)		1
GB-NIR	334 (33.8)	132 (13.4)			51 (5.2)	28 (2.8)	249 (25.2)	89 (9.0)	53 (5.4)	51 (5.2)		
HU	401 (39.2)	22 (2.2)	6 (0.6)	3 (0.3)	43 (4.2)	39 (3.8)	342 (33.5)	13 (1.3)	92 (9.0)	61 (6.0)		1
IE	534 (43.6)	148 (12.1)		8 (0.7)	44 (3.6)	89 (7.3)	137 (11.2)	210 (17.1)	34 (2.8)	22 (1.8)	14	
IL	514 (42.7)	163 (13.5)	40 (3.3)	1 (0.1)	73 (6.1)	82 (6.8)	173 (14.4)	83 (6.9)	20 (1.7)	54 (4.5)		6
JP	442 (41.2)	113 (10.5)	31 (2.9)	68 (6.3)	9 (0.8)	78 (7.3)	83 (7.7)	212 (19.8)	26 (2.4)	10 (0.9)		60
LV	561 (56.1)	53 (5.3)	18 (1.8)	8 (0.8)	22 (2.2)	70 (7.0)	175 (17.5)	54 (5.4)	24 (2.4)	15 (1.5)		
MX	511 (36.8)	262 (18.8)	35 (2.5)	28 (2.0)	145 (10.4)	42 (3.0)	69 (5.0)	258 (18.6)	10 (0.7)	30 (2.2)		105
NL	431 (34.5)	237 (19.0)	125 (10.0)		28 (2.2)	49 (3.9)	157 (12.6)	134 (10.7)	65 (5.2)	23 (1.8)		
NO	799 (55.8)	100 (7.0)	14 (1.0)	2 (0.1)	31 (2.2)	105 (7.3)	185 (12.9)	66 (4.6)	106 (7.4)	24 (1.7)		43
NZ	451 (46.0)	149 (15.2)	59 (6.0)	18 (1.8)	53 (5.4)	25 (2.6)	160 (16.3)	58 (5.9)	7 (0.7)			45
PH	413 (34.5)	178 (14.9)	30 (2.5)	16 (1.3)	240 (20.1)	56 (4.7)	32 (2.7)	191 (16.0)	2 (0.2)	38 (3.2)		4
PL	481 (38.4)	47 (3.8)	16 (1.3)		182 (14.5)	53 (4.2)	423 (33.8)	50 (4.0)				
PT	516 (47.4)	47 (4.3)	5 (0.5)	4 (0.4)	93 (8.5)	53 (4.9)	236 (21.7)	93 (8.5)	20 (1.8)	21 (1.9)		4
RU	855 (48.4)	87 (4.9)	35 (2.0)		69 (3.9)	59 (3.3)	531 (30.1)	72 (4.1)	34 (1.9)	23 (1.3)	3	30
SE	561 (52.1)	154 (14.3)	18 (1.7)	2 (0.2)	31 (2.9)	88 (8.2)	148 (13.8)	5 (0.5)	49 (4.6)	20 (1.9)		4
SI	518 (48.0)	20 (1.9)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.3)	66 (6.1)	106 (9.8)	322 (29.8)	36 (3.3)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)		14
SK	600 (53.0)	26 (2.3)	5 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	126 (11.1)	76 (6.7)	274 (24.2)	18 (1.6)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)		
TW	1156 (58.4)	107 (5.4)	15 (0.8)	36 (1.8)	81 (4.1)	103 (5.2)	152 (7.7)	328 (16.6)	3 (0.2)			2
US	605 (51.7)	154 (13.2)			52 (4.4)	33 (2.8)	156 (13.3)	139 (11.9)		32 (2.7)		
N Sum	21208	4005	730	265	2540	2324	8694	4311	851	1084	18	608
N Valid Sum	21208	4005	730	265	2540	2324	8694	4311	851	1084		

V239	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN		
AT	2047	2047
AU	1352	1334
BE-FLA	1360	1359
BG	1003	1001
BR	2000	1971
CH	1008	991
CL	1505	1503
CY	1004	1004
CZ	1289	1285
DE-E	431	431
DE-W	936	934
DK	1379	1358
ES	2471	2442
FI	1353	1194
FR	1903	1897
GB-GBN	1960	1959
GB-NIR	987	987
HU	1023	1022
IE	1240	1226
IL	1209	1203
JP	1132	1072
LV	1000	1000
MX	1495	1390
NL	1249	1249
NO	1475	1432
NZ	1025	980
PH	1200	1196
PL	1252	1252
PT	1092	1088
RU	1798	1765
SE	1080	1076
SI	1093	1079
SK	1133	1133
TW	1983	1981
US	1171	1171
N Sum	46638	
N Valid Sum		46012



V240 - R: Hours worked weekly (WRKHRS)

Hours worked weekly

CL: Decimal places are rounded up

CZ: How many hours a week do you work on average in your main job and in other paid activities including overtime?

The original variable has too many missing values due to an error in filter in the questionnaire.

DE: How many hours per week do you normally work in your main job, including overtime?

DK: Derived from two variables, one where respondents have stated number of working hours, one including those who have answered 'don't know' to the question. In those cases where a respondent has answered both variables, the latter variable (don't know) is in all instances the 'strongest' variable.

FR: (If working) How many hours do you normally work each week?

GB-GBN: (Current job of 10 hours or more per week)

(If in paid work, employee and self-employed) How many hours a week do you normally work in your main job including any paid or unpaid overtime?

Note that hours worked were not recorded for respondents working less than 10 hours in their (main) job.

NO: (If in paid work) How many hours per week do you work normally in your main job, including overtime but excluding the time you need to get to your workplace and back home? (not housewife (man) or home duties)?

NZ: How many hours, on average, do you usually work in a normal week?

PH: In total, how many hours a week do you work?

US: How many hours did you work last week, how many hours do you usually work a week, at all jobs?

0 NAP (not in paid work, never had a job, unemployed, not in labour force)

1 One hour

96 96 hours and more

97 Refused

98 Don't know, can't say, varies too much

99 No answer, no hours

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

96 95 hours and more

in Poland (PL):

0 currently not in labour force

V241 - R: Occupation ILO,ISCO 1988 4-digit (ISCO88)

Respondent's Occupation: ILO/ ISCO - International Code 1988

AT,AU,BG,CH,CL,CZ,DK,FR,GB-GBN,GB-NIR,HU,IL,LV,NL,NO,PH,PL,PT,SE,SI,SK:

Present or last occupation (current or previous occupation) - ILO/ISCO 1988

CZ: Czech national version of ISCO 1988 has been recoded into standard ISCO.

DE,ES,FI,IE,JP,MX,NZ,RU,TW: Present main job - ILO/ ISCO 1988

FR: recoded from the French national Occupation Codes

US: Present or last job - ILO/ISCO 1988 based on the 1980 U.S. Occupational Codes

0 NAP, not in labour force, never had a job

9996 Not classifiable; inadequately described

9997 Refused

9998 Don't know

9999 No answer

in Philippines (PH):

9996 looking for work

in Poland (PL):

9999 no answer, don't know

Note:

See Note on Occupational Variables in Appendix C. of the Variable Report 2013/01.

V242 - R: Work f priv.,pub sector, selfempl. (WRKTYPE)

Private versus public sector or self employed:

(If R is employee in current/ last job)

Do you work at present or did you work in the private or public sector before?

In your (main) job are/ were you an employee or self employed?

CZ: Do you work in a private or public sector or are you entrepreneur/ self-employed?

GB-GBN: Which of the types of organisation on this card do you/ did you work for?

NO: Which type of organisation do you work for in your main job?

NZ: Which of these categories best describes your current employment status?

PL: What is/was the form of ownership of this place of work?

Are/ were you self employed (owner/ co-owner of the firm/farm) or do/ did you worked for someone else?

US: Asked to all respondents regardless of their current work status. If respondents have no job, they are supposed to answer about their most recent job.

0 NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not in paid work, not working)

1 Works for government or public sector

2 Works for publicly owned firm

3 Works for private firm or sector

4 Self employed

9 No answer, don't know, can't choose, refused

in Austria (AT):

0 Not available

1 Government or public owned firm

in Bulgaria (BG):

1 State government agency

2 State or municipality company, public instit.

3 Large joint-stock company, other private company, foundation, co-operative

in Switzerland (CH):

6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Czech Republic (CZ):

1 Governmental organisation, civil service, local council

2 State or municipality company, public instit.

3 Large joint-stock company, other private company, foundation, co-operative

4 self employed, freelance

in Denmark (DK):

3 Work for private owned firm, including assisting spouse

6 Other

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 1 Local, central government, public organisation
- 2 Nationalised industry or public corporation
- 6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

- 1 Government + publicly owned firms
- 6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Ireland (IE):

- 1 Civil service, local authority, non commercial
- 2 Semi-state body
- 4 incl. farmer

in Norway (NO):

- 1 Local, central government, public organisation
- 2 Other public organisations, charity, trust
- 3 Personal company, limited company

in New Zealand (NZ):

- 2 Publicly owned private sector organisations
- 6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Philippines (PH):

- 3 Private firm + unpaid family worker
- 4 self employed, informal sector

in Poland (PL):

- 0 never had a job

in Russia (RU):

- 3 Doesn't work for government or publicly owned firm
- 5 employed

in Sweden (SE):

- 2 Public owned, combined public + private

in Slovenia (SI):

- 1 Local, central government, public organisation
- 2 Nationalised industry (or in transition)

V242 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V242	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M							M		
AT	2047								2047	
AU	36	341 (27.9)		687 (56.3)	193 (15.8)			95	1352	1221
BE-FLA	176	249 (22.6)	27 (2.4)	679 (61.5)	149 (13.5)			80	1360	1104
BG	627	164 (43.6)	28 (7.4)	143 (38.0)	41 (10.9)				1003	376
BR	1080	95 (10.8)	63 (7.2)	302 (34.5)	416 (47.5)			44	2000	876
CH	44	283 (29.9)		518 (54.7)	146 (15.4)			17	1008	947
CL	589	52 (6.2)	20 (2.4)	526 (62.6)	242 (28.8)			76	1505	840
CY	196	93 (11.5)	46 (5.7)	490 (60.6)	179 (22.2)				1004	808
CZ	95	86 (8.1)	312 (29.3)	565 (53.1)	102 (9.6)			129	1289	1065
DE-E	22	57 (14.0)		315 (77.6)	34 (8.4)			3	431	406
DE-W	85	131 (15.5)		632 (74.8)	82 (9.7)			6	936	845
DK	62	454 (35.9)	69 (5.5)	627 (49.6)	115 (9.1)			52	1379	1265
ES	647	204 (11.2)	61 (3.4)	1220 (67.3)	329 (18.1)			10	2471	1814
FI	258	353 (33.1)	155 (14.5)	426 (40.0)	132 (12.4)			29	1353	1066
FR	165	533 (32.9)	65 (4.0)	873 (53.8)	151 (9.3)			116	1903	1622
GB-GBN	39	505 (26.4)	40 (2.1)	1119 (58.4)	200 (10.4)		52 (2.7)	5	1960	1916
GB-NIR	68		377 (41.6)	405 (44.7)	109 (12.0)		16 (1.8)	12	987	907
HU	68	58 (6.3)	465 (50.6)	319 (34.7)	77 (8.4)			36	1023	919
IE	550	140 (21.3)	42 (6.4)	365 (55.6)	110 (16.7)			33	1240	657
IL	226	185 (20.5)	225 (24.9)	364 (40.3)	129 (14.3)			80	1209	903
JP	511	60 (9.8)		396 (64.5)	158 (25.7)			7	1132	614
LV	270	181 (25.1)	139 (19.3)	346 (48.0)	55 (7.6)			9	1000	721
MX	315	151 (15.7)	176 (18.3)	318 (33.0)	318 (33.0)			217	1495	963
NL	179	222 (20.7)		781 (73.0)	67 (6.3)				1249	1070
NO	39	494 (35.7)	49 (3.5)	707 (51.0)	135 (9.7)			51	1475	1385
NZ	320	124 (19.3)	84 (13.0)	300 (46.6)	136 (21.1)			61	1025	644
PH	277	76 (8.6)	12 (1.4)	401 (45.5)	392 (44.5)			42	1200	881
PL	145	169 (15.7)	423 (39.3)	297 (27.6)	186 (17.3)			32	1252	1075
PT	170	159 (18.0)	41 (4.7)	576 (65.4)	105 (11.9)			41	1092	881
RU	788	474 (49.3)	194 (20.2)	220 (22.9)	48 (5.0)	25 (2.6)		49	1798	961
SE	145	365 (39.0)	89 (9.5)	381 (40.7)	100 (10.7)				1080	935
SI	125	57 (6.3)	516 (56.6)	287 (31.5)	52 (5.7)			56	1093	912
SK	130	216 (21.6)	385 (38.5)	326 (32.6)	73 (7.3)			3	1133	1000
TW	525	195 (13.4)	53 (3.7)	778 (53.7)	424 (29.2)			8	1983	1450
US	44	196 (17.4)		798 (70.8)	133 (11.8)				1171	1127
N Sum	11063	7122	4156	17487	5318	25	68	1399	46638	
N Valid Sum		7122	4156	17487	5318	25	68			34176

V243 - R: Self-employed - number of employees (NEMPLOY)

(If self employed in current/ last job) In your work or business, do/ did you have any employees? If yes: how many employees do you have?

0 NAP (none, never had a job, not in labour force, not self-employed; Code 1-3,9,0 in V242);

1 1 employee

2 2 employees

3 3 employees

4 4 employees

5 5 employees

6 6 employees

7 7 employees

8 8 employees

9 9 employees

10 10 employees

11 11 employees

12 12 employees

15 15 employees

16 16 employees

17 17 employees

20 20 employees

21 21 employees

22 22 employees

23 23 employees

30 30 employees

36 36 employees

40 40 employees

50 50 employees

65 65 employees

99 99 employees

100 100 employees

300 300 employees

500 500 employees

1000 1000 employees

9995 No employee, only respondent

9997 Refused

9998 Don't know

9999 No answer

in Germany (DE):

9 2-9 employees for academic and self employed

49 10-49 employees for academic and self employed

50 50 + employees for academic and self employed

9995 No employee or one employee

in France (FR):

31 < 30 employees

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

500 500 + employees

in Taiwan (TW):

0 Not available

V244 - R: Supervises others at work (WRKSUP)

In your main job, do you supervise anyone or are you directly responsible for the work of other people?

CZ: Do (did) you have subordinates in your main job?

GB-GBN,GB-NIR: (If employee in current/ last job) Are you/ were you a manager, a supervisor/ foreman or not?

IE: Do you normally supervise any other workers in your job?

PL: As an official part of your main job, do/ did you supervise the work of other employees or tell other employees what to do SI:

What is (was) your position at working place?

US: Does you or your spouse supervise others at work?

This item is asked to two third of respondents who have a current job no matter what they work on full-time or part-time basis.

0 NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not working)

1 Yes, supervise others at work

2 No, do not supervise

7 Refused

8 Don't know

9 No answer

in Spain (ES):

9 no answer, don't know

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

0 NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not working + self employed)

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

0 NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not working + self employed)

in Poland (PL):

0 never had a job

in United States of America (US):

0 no work, no spouse/ partner



V244 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V244	0	1	2	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
	M			M	M	M		
AT	981	308 (29.3)	744 (70.7)			14	2047	1052
AU	36	509 (42.6)	687 (57.4)			120	1352	1196
BE-FLA	176	325 (27.8)	845 (72.2)			14	1360	1170
BG	628	95 (25.3)	280 (74.7)				1003	375
BR	1474	92 (18.4)	407 (81.6)			27	2000	499
CH	44	404 (42.0)	557 (58.0)		3		1008	961
CL	589	209 (24.5)	645 (75.5)		2	60	1505	854
CY	301	224 (31.9)	479 (68.1)				1004	703
CZ	95	173 (16.5)	874 (83.5)		4	143	1289	1047
DE-E	221	95 (45.5)	114 (54.5)			1	431	209
DE-W	450	250 (51.8)	233 (48.2)			3	936	483
DK	62	472 (37.0)	805 (63.0)		12	28	1379	1277
ES	647	392 (22.0)	1390 (78.0)			42	2471	1782
FI	442	176 (23.4)	576 (76.6)		9	150	1353	752
FR	622	467 (36.5)	814 (63.5)				1903	1281
GB-GBN	39	654 (34.1)	1265 (65.9)			2	1960	1919
GB-NIR	68	185 (20.4)	720 (79.6)		14		987	905
HU	68	113 (11.8)	841 (88.2)			1	1023	954
IE	550	216 (31.8)	463 (68.2)			11	1240	679
IL	355	290 (34.8)	543 (65.2)			21	1209	833
JP	511	178 (31.6)	386 (68.4)			57	1132	564
LV	270	153 (22.6)	524 (77.4)	5	1	47	1000	677
MX	135	238 (19.6)	978 (80.4)	6	10	128	1495	1216
NL	456	220 (31.3)	483 (68.7)			90	1249	703
NO	39	455 (33.2)	917 (66.8)			64	1475	1372
NZ	321	286 (41.9)	397 (58.1)			21	1025	683
PH	277	126 (14.0)	772 (86.0)	9		16	1200	898
PL	145	261 (23.6)	844 (76.4)			2	1252	1105
PT	170	268 (31.1)	595 (68.9)		2	57	1092	863
RU	788	290 (30.0)	677 (70.0)	4	5	34	1798	967
SE	136	354 (37.5)	590 (62.5)				1080	944
SI	125	292 (32.4)	608 (67.6)		4	64	1093	900
SK	130	220 (22.1)	774 (77.9)	2	3	4	1133	994
TW	525	112 (7.7)	1334 (92.3)	2		10	1983	1446
US	666	181 (36.0)	322 (64.0)			2	1171	503
N Sum	12542	9283	23483	28	69	1233	46638	
N Valid Sum		9283	23483					32766

V245 - R: Trade union membership (UNION)

Trade (labour) union membership

(If employed at present)

Are you a member of trade unions at present?

AT,CZ: Are you or have you been member of a trade union?

GB-GBN: Are you now a member of a trade union or staff association or have you ever been a member of a trade union or staff association?

PL: Do you (currently) belong to a trade union?

US: Distinction between 'current members' versus 'not current members' regardless of their employment status and without any employment filter. Note that this item is asked to two third of respondents.

0 NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, not working, never had a job)

1 Currently member

2 Once member, former member

3 Not member, never member

8 Don't know

9 No answer, refused

in Austria (AT):

3 no, never member

in Chile (CL):

1 member

3 no member

in Germany (DE):

1 now member

in Spain (ES):

3 currently not member

in France (FR):

3 currently not member

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

1 now member of trade union and staff association

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

3 currently not member

in Netherlands (NL):

1 member

3 no member

in New Zealand (NZ):

3 not a member

in Poland (PL):

3 currently not member

in Portugal (PT):

2 not now, but in the past

in Sweden (SE):

1 member

3 no member

in United States of America (US):

3 currently not member

in BR TW:

0 Not available

V245 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V245	0	1	2	3	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
	M				M	M		
AT	435 (21.3)		1603 (78.7)			9	2047	2038
AU	258 (19.6)		1056 (80.4)			38	1352	1314
BE-FLA	450 (33.2)	144 (10.6)	762 (56.2)	1		3	1360	1356
BG	94 (9.8)		868 (90.2)			41	1003	962
BR	2000						2000	
CH	147 (14.7)	103 (10.3)	749 (75.0)	9			1008	999
CL	589	84 (10.2)	742 (89.8)			90	1505	826
CY	224 (22.3)	124 (12.4)	656 (65.3)				1004	1004
CZ	191 (15.3)	471 (37.8)	584 (46.9)			43	1289	1246
DE-E	54 (12.6)	241 (56.2)	134 (31.2)	1		1	431	429
DE-W	117 (12.6)	172 (18.5)	643 (69.0)	2		2	936	932
DK	921 (67.3)	270 (19.7)	177 (12.9)			11	1379	1368
ES	258 (10.6)		2182 (89.4)			31	2471	2440
FI	804 (72.6)		303 (27.4)			246	1353	1107
FR	235 (16.7)		1170 (83.3)			498	1903	1405
GB-GBN	39	410 (21.4)	597 (31.1)	912 (47.5)	1	1	1960	1919
GB-NIR	522	165 (35.6)		298 (64.4)	2		987	463
HU		138 (13.7)	458 (45.6)	408 (40.6)		19	1023	1004
IE	550	235 (35.3)		431 (64.7)		24	1240	666
IL		260 (22.9)	152 (13.4)	725 (63.8)		72	1209	1137
JP	511	104 (24.2)	68 (15.8)	258 (60.0)		191	1132	430
LV	67	106 (11.5)	456 (49.6)	357 (38.8)	12	2	1000	919
MX	56	123 (9.2)	168 (12.6)	1042 (78.2)		106	1495	1333
NL		292 (23.8)		933 (76.2)		24	1249	1225
NO		698 (48.3)		747 (51.7)		30	1475	1445
NZ		134 (13.8)	420 (43.3)	416 (42.9)		55	1025	970
PH		12 (1.2)	36 (3.5)	987 (95.4)		165	1200	1035
PL		109 (8.7)		1143 (91.3)			1252	1252
PT		174 (16.2)	121 (11.3)	776 (72.5)		21	1092	1071
RU		424 (23.9)	648 (36.5)	703 (39.6)	13	10	1798	1775
SE		731 (70.8)		302 (29.2)		47	1080	1033
SI		305 (30.1)		707 (69.9)		81	1093	1012
SK		199 (17.6)	562 (49.6)	372 (32.8)			1133	1133
TW	1983						1983	
US	408	86 (11.3)		674 (88.7)	2	1	1171	760
N Sum	6725	8977	5211	23820	43	1862	46638	
N Valid Sum		8977	5211	23820				38008

V246 - S-P: Current employment status (SPWRKST)

Spouse/ partner: Current employment status

What is the current economic status, main source of living of your spouse/ partner?

GB-NIR: Which of these descriptions applies to what your wife/husband/ partner was doing last week, that is seven days ending last Sunday? (If on holiday or temporarily sick ask what they are usually are doing)

NO: distribution seems influenced by carry-over effect.

- 0 NAP (not married; no spouse/ partner)
- 1 Full-time employed, main job
- 2 Part-time employed, main job
- 3 Less than part-time
- 4 Helping family member
- 5 Unemployed
- 6 Student, at school, in education, vocational training, on government training scheme
- 7 Retired
- 8 Home duties, housewife (man), CZ:+ maternity benefit
- 9 Permanently disabled, sick
- 10 Others, not in labour force, not working
- 97 Refused
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

in Austria (AT):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 34 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours

in Bulgaria (BG):

- 1 30 + hours
- 2 10 - 29 hours

in Brazil (BR):

- 1 full-time employed, entrepreneur, self employed

in Czech Republic (CZ):

- 1 35 hours and more
- 2 15 - 34 hours
- 3 less than 15 hours

in Germany (DE):

- 3 less than 15 hours

in Denmark (DK):

- 1 full-time employed and self employed, 30 hours +

2 10 - 29 hours

2 part-time employed and self employed, 10-29 hrs

3 less than part-time, temporarily out of work because of illness, maternity leave, parents leave

7 job release scheme etc. (pension benefits between early retirement and normal retirement), old age retirement

in Spain (ES):

1 > 35 hours

2 15 - 35 hours

3 < 15 hours, temporarily out of work

in France (FR):

1 35 hours and more

2 15 - 35 hours

3 less than 15 hours

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

1 30 + hours

2 10 - 29 hours

3 not asked, partners working less than 10 hrs are coded as not working

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

3 not asked

10 not working + not seeking work, caring for elderly and disabled person full-time, other

in Ireland (IE):

1 30 + hours

2 less than 30 hours

in Japan (JP):

1 35 hours and more

2 15 - 34 hours

3 less than 15 hours

in Netherlands (NL):

0 Not available

in New Zealand (NZ):

1 > 35 hours

2 15 - 35 hours

3 < 15 hours, temporarily out of work

in Philippines (PH):

1 40 + hours

2 10 - 39 hours

3 less than 10 hours

in Poland (PL):

3 temporarily out of work

6 student, at school

in Portugal (PT):

3 less than 15 hours

in Russia (RU):

3 less than 15 hours

in Sweden (SE):

1 > 35 hours

2 15 - 35 hours

3 less than 15 hours

in Slovenia (SI):

1 35 hours and more

2 15 - 34 hours

3 < 15 hours, temporarily out of work

in United States of America (US):

3 temporarily out of work

Note:

Denmark - General comment on coding:

Data is scanned, which means that data was not cleaned in the raw dataset. In the dataset delivered to the ISSP database data are coded so that they follow the filters in the survey, regardless of whether respondents have ignored the filters and answered a question they shouldn't have answered according to the filters. In other words: Only respondents who have answered 'positively' on a filter-question are included as relevant in the questions that relate to the filter in question.

Example: Only respondents who have answered 1-4 in WRKST are included as relevant in WRKHRS, WRKGOVT etc.

Respondents who have answered 5-99 in WRKST are coded as irrelevant in these variables.

The ISSP categories have been derived from a question including more answer categories. The categories are coded as follows:

00. NAP (Code 2-9 in MARITAL and Code 2,9 in COHAB)

01. Employed full time/ Employee, full time, 30 hours or more per week/ Self-employed

02. Employed part time/ Employee, part time, 10-29 hours per week

03. Employed less than part time or temporarily out of work/ Employee, less than 10 hours per week/ Temporarily out of job because of illness or the like/ Temporarily out of job because of leave from job (maternity leave, parental leave, education leave)

04. Helping family member/ Assisting spouse

05. Unemployed/ Unemployed (including on leave from unemployment)

06. Student, in school or vocational training/ Trainee or apprentice (with wage)/ Pupil (without wage)/ Student (without wage)

07. Retired/ Job release scheme (pensions benefit payable between early retirement and normal retirement pension, and the like)/ Other retirement (old-age etc.)

08. Housewife or home duties/ Housewife/ home duties

09. Permanently disabled/ On disability pension

10. Others not in labour force/ Other, outside labour force

99. No answer

V246 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V246	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	97	98	99
C_ALPHAN															
	M												M	M	M
AT	847	690 (58.3)	79 (6.7)				29 (2.4)		253 (21.4)	113 (9.5)	20 (1.7)				16
AU	274	378 (37.1)	127 (12.5)	30 (2.9)			9 (0.9)	7 (0.7)	335 (32.9)	102 (10.0)		30 (2.9)			60
BE-FLA	489	371 (43.0)	104 (12.1)	9 (1.0)	6 (0.7)		26 (3.0)		210 (24.3)	118 (13.7)	12 (1.4)	7 (0.8)			8
BG	292	288 (41.7)	16 (2.3)	14 (2.0)			110 (15.9)	2 (0.3)	238 (34.4)	13 (1.9)	4 (0.6)	6 (0.9)			20
BR	800	603 (51.3)	83 (7.1)	7 (0.6)	3 (0.3)			3 (0.3)	123 (10.5)	283 (24.1)	3 (0.3)	68 (5.8)			24
CH	408	273 (46.9)	126 (21.6)	6 (1.0)	3 (0.5)		5 (0.9)	5 (0.9)	76 (13.1)	72 (12.4)	5 (0.9)	11 (1.9)	2		16
CL	587	443 (48.6)	50 (5.5)	31 (3.4)	2 (0.2)		27 (3.0)	4 (0.4)	80 (8.8)	267 (29.3)	5 (0.5)	2 (0.2)			7
CY	339	432 (65.0)	12 (1.8)	2 (0.3)	11 (1.7)		6 (0.9)	2 (0.3)	58 (8.7)	142 (21.4)					
CZ	440	574 (71.0)	19 (2.3)				31 (3.8)	7 (0.9)	125 (15.5)	24 (3.0)	23 (2.8)	6 (0.7)			40
DE-E	107	159 (49.2)	16 (5.0)		1 (0.3)		32 (9.9)	11 (3.4)	86 (26.6)	10 (3.1)		8 (2.5)			1
DE-W	225	330 (46.7)	54 (7.6)		3 (0.4)		13 (1.8)	27 (3.8)	149 (21.1)	105 (14.9)		25 (3.5)			5
DK	395	599 (61.9)	58 (6.0)	20 (2.1)	4 (0.4)		20 (2.1)	40 (4.1)	180 (18.6)	13 (1.3)	29 (3.0)	5 (0.5)			16
ES	951	697 (47.7)	63 (4.3)	12 (0.8)	5 (0.3)		52 (3.6)	3 (0.2)	247 (16.9)	355 (24.3)		28 (1.9)			58
FI	421	525 (59.5)	57 (6.5)	14 (1.6)	10 (1.1)		45 (5.1)	27 (3.1)	164 (18.6)	18 (2.0)		22 (2.5)			50
FR	372	828 (61.8)	98 (7.3)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)		32 (2.4)	23 (1.7)	241 (18.0)	78 (5.8)	11 (0.8)	23 (1.7)			191
GB-GBN	875	534 (49.4)	132 (12.2)	20 (1.9)			18 (1.7)	3 (0.3)	217 (20.1)	110 (10.2)	43 (4.0)	3 (0.3)			5
GB-NIR	505	243 (51.3)	57 (12.0)				16 (3.4)	2 (0.4)	83 (17.5)	49 (10.3)	13 (2.7)	11 (2.3)			8
HU	389	321 (50.9)	6 (1.0)	6 (1.0)	1 (0.2)		19 (3.0)	1 (0.2)	179 (28.4)	8 (1.3)	52 (8.2)	38 (6.0)			3
IE	459	389 (53.5)	98 (13.5)		3 (0.4)		14 (1.9)	2 (0.3)	79 (10.9)	108 (14.9)	26 (3.6)	8 (1.1)	7		47
IL	366	412 (50.6)	93 (11.4)	13 (1.6)	2 (0.2)		25 (3.1)	43 (5.3)	125 (15.3)	75 (9.2)	15 (1.8)	12 (1.5)			28
JP	326	358 (46.2)	66 (8.5)	12 (1.5)	55 (7.1)		4 (0.5)		93 (12.0)	171 (22.1)	11 (1.4)	5 (0.6)			31
LV	400	373 (62.4)	29 (4.8)	14 (2.3)	2 (0.3)		29 (4.8)	6 (1.0)	85 (14.2)	49 (8.2)	8 (1.3)	3 (0.5)	2		
MX	571	413 (48.8)	120 (14.2)	16 (1.9)	2 (0.2)		42 (5.0)	5 (0.6)	33 (3.9)	189 (22.3)	7 (0.8)	19 (2.2)			78
NL	1249														
NO	353	907 (82.8)	80 (7.3)	5 (0.5)			2 (0.2)	21 (1.9)	29 (2.6)	22 (2.0)	26 (2.4)	3 (0.3)			27
NZ	247	370 (52.3)	123 (17.4)	41 (5.8)	8 (1.1)		21 (3.0)	5 (0.7)	123 (17.4)	6 (0.8)	10 (1.4)				71
PH	321	444 (50.7)	126 (14.4)	28 (3.2)	8 (0.9)		93 (10.6)	2 (0.2)	16 (1.8)	136 (15.5)	3 (0.3)	20 (2.3)			3
PL	500	370 (49.3)	18 (2.4)	4 (0.5)			93 (12.4)	2 (0.3)	220 (29.3)	43 (5.7)					2
PT	248	512 (63.8)	27 (3.4)		2 (0.2)		21 (2.6)	10 (1.2)	140 (17.5)	68 (8.5)	11 (1.4)	11 (1.4)			42
RU	761	606 (59.6)	64 (6.3)	9 (0.9)	7 (0.7)		29 (2.9)	4 (0.4)	211 (20.8)	50 (4.9)	25 (2.5)	11 (1.1)	7	4	10
SE	276	432 (55.2)	104 (13.3)	9 (1.1)	2 (0.3)		21 (2.7)	37 (4.7)	121 (15.5)	3 (0.4)	39 (5.0)	15 (1.9)			21
SI	353	368 (50.5)	11 (1.5)	2 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		50 (6.9)	13 (1.8)	247 (33.9)	27 (3.7)	5 (0.7)	5 (0.7)			11
SK	426	439 (62.9)	16 (2.3)	7 (1.0)			52 (7.4)	1 (0.1)	153 (21.9)	26 (3.7)	3 (0.4)	1 (0.1)			9
TW	509	731 (55.4)	76 (5.8)	14 (1.1)	23 (1.7)		33 (2.5)		96 (7.3)	343 (26.0)	4 (0.3)				154
US	611	327 (58.4)	65 (11.6)				23 (4.1)	7 (1.3)	65 (11.6)	63 (11.3)		10 (1.8)			
N Sum	16692	15739	2273	350	165		1042	325	4880	3259	413	416	7	15	1062
N Valid Sum		15739	2273	350	165		1042	325	4880	3259	413	416			



V246	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN		
AT	2047	1184
AU	1352	1018
BE-FLA	1360	863
BG	1003	691
BR	2000	1176
CH	1008	582
CL	1505	911
CY	1004	665
CZ	1289	809
DE-E	431	323
DE-W	936	706
DK	1379	968
ES	2471	1462
FI	1353	882
FR	1903	1340
GB-GBN	1960	1080
GB-NIR	987	474
HU	1023	631
IE	1240	727
IL	1209	815
JP	1132	775
LV	1000	598
MX	1495	846
NL	1249	
NO	1475	1095
NZ	1025	707
PH	1200	876
PL	1252	750
PT	1092	802
RU	1798	1016
SE	1080	783
SI	1093	729
SK	1133	698
TW	1983	1320
US	1171	560
N Sum	46638	
N Valid Sum		28862

V247 - S-P: Occupation ILO,ISCO 1988 4-digit (SPISCO88)

Spouse Occupation: ILO/ ISCO - International Code 1988

AT,BG,CL,CZ,DK,FR,HU,IL,PH,PL,PT,SE,SI,SK: Present or last occupation (current or previous occupation) - ILO/ISCO 1988

CH,DE,ES,FI,IE,LV,MX,NO,NZ,RU,TW: Present main job - ISCO 1988

FR: recoded from the French national Occupation Codes

GB-GBN,GB-NIR: ISCO88 for spouse was collected only where the respondent was not either economically active or retired and spouse/partner was either economically active or retired. Spouse/partners for whom information is not available have been coded 0.

US: Present or last job - ILO/ISCO 1988 based on the 1980 U.S. Occupational Codes

0 NAP (not married/ no partner; spouse/partner not in labour force, never had a job);

9996 Not classifiable; inadequately described

9997 Refused

9998 Don't know

9999 No answer

in Chile (CL):

0 Not available

in Japan (JP):

0 Not available

in Netherlands (NL):

0 Not available

in Philippines (PH):

9996 looking for work

in Poland (PL):

9999 no answer, don't know

Note:

See Note on Occupational Variables in Appendix C. of the Variable Report 2013/01.

V248 - S-P:Work f priv, pub sector, self-empl. (SPWRKTYP)

Spouse/ partner: private versus public sector or self employed

(If spouse/ partner works dependent)

Does she/ he work at present or did she/ he work in the public sector before?

In her/ his (main) job, is she/he an employee or self employed?

CZ: Does she/he work in a private or state sector or is she/he entrepreneur/ self-employed?

GB-GBN, GB-NIR: Worktype for spouse was collected only where the respondent was not either economically active or retired and spouse/ partner was either economically active or retired. Spouse/ partners for whom information is not available have been coded 0.

Which of the types of organisation on this card does/ did she/ he work for?

NO: Which type of organisation does she/ he work for in her/ his job?

NZ: Which of these categories best describes her/ his current employment status?

PL: What is/was the form of ownership of this place of work?

Are/ were you self employed (owner/ co-owner of the firm/farm) or do/ did you worked for someone else?

0 NAP (unemployed, not in labour force, never had a job, not in paid work, not working)

1 Works for government or public sector

2 Works for publicly owned firm

3 Works for private firm or sector

4 Self employed

9 No answer, don't know, can't choose, refused

in Austria (AT):

1 Government or public owned firm

in Bulgaria (BG):

1 State government agency

2 State or municipality company

3 Large joint-stock company, other private company, co-operative

in Switzerland (CH):

6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Czech Republic (CZ):

1 Governmental organisation

2 State or municipality company

3 Large joint-stock company, other private company, co-operative

4 self-employed, freelance

in Denmark (DK):

3 Work for private owned firm, incl. assisting spouse

6 Other

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 1 Local, central government, public organisation
- 2 Nationalised industry or public corporation
- 6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

- 1 Government + publicly owned firms
- 6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Ireland (IE):

- 1 Civil service, local authority, non commercial
- 2 Semi-state body
- 4 incl. farmer

in Norway (NO):

- 1 Local, central government, public organisation
- 2 Other public organisations, charity, trust
- 3 Personal company, limited company

in New Zealand (NZ):

- 2 Publicly owned private sector organisations
- 6 Non-profit organisations, welfare organisations, voluntary/ charity sector, other

in Philippines (PH):

- 3 Private firm + unpaid family worker
- 4 self-employed, informal sector

in Russia (RU):

- 3 Doesn't work for government/publicly owned firm

in Sweden (SE):

- 2 Public owned, combined public+private
- 5 employed (private and public sector)

in Slovenia (SI):

- 1 Local, central government, public organisation
- 2 Nationalised industry (or in transition)

in AT AU BG BR FI IE IL NL NZ PL RU US:

- 0 Not available

V248 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V248	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN											
	M								M		
AT	2047									2047	
AU	1352									1352	
BE-FLA	466	179 (23.0)	7 (0.9)	555 (71.4)	36 (4.6)				117	1360	777
BG	1003									1003	
BR	2000									2000	
CH	600	116 (28.9)		222 (55.4)	63 (15.7)				7	1008	401
CL	918	44 (8.1)	11 (2.0)	351 (64.6)	137 (25.2)				44	1505	543
CY	473	79 (14.9)	25 (4.7)	329 (62.0)	98 (18.5)					1004	531
CZ	440	48 (6.0)	228 (28.6)	483 (60.7)	37 (4.6)				53	1289	796
DE-E	217	62 (32.3)		112 (58.3)	18 (9.4)				22	431	192
DE-W	446	150 (34.1)		247 (56.1)	43 (9.8)				50	936	440
DK	405	310 (33.5)	52 (5.6)	458 (49.6)	104 (11.3)				50	1379	924
ES	1361	114 (10.5)	34 (3.1)	736 (67.6)	205 (18.8)				21	2471	1089
FI	1353									1353	
FR	719	363 (30.7)		676 (57.1)	145 (12.2)					1903	1184
GB-GBN	1825	24 (17.9)	4 (3.0)	84 (62.7)	19 (14.2)			3 (2.2)	1	1960	134
GB-NIR	540		198 (46.2)	223 (52.0)				8 (1.9)	18	987	429
HU	401	33 (5.6)	258 (43.5)	244 (41.1)	58 (9.8)				29	1023	593
IE	1240									1240	
IL	1209									1209	
JP	610	36 (8.1)		258 (58.1)	150 (33.8)				78	1132	444
LV	502	101 (20.8)	112 (23.1)	231 (47.6)	41 (8.5)				13	1000	485
MX	844	91 (18.1)	119 (23.7)	133 (26.4)	160 (31.8)				148	1495	503
NL	1249									1249	
NO	353	341 (32.7)	77 (7.4)	506 (48.5)	119 (11.4)				79	1475	1043
NZ	1025									1025	
PH	499	73 (10.9)	7 (1.0)	305 (45.5)	285 (42.5)				31	1200	670
PL	529	96 (13.7)	265 (37.9)	197 (28.1)	142 (20.3)				23	1252	700
PT	341	128 (17.3)	33 (4.4)	459 (61.9)	122 (16.4)				9	1092	742
RU	1798									1798	
SE	364				77 (10.8)	639 (89.2)				1080	716
SI	384	41 (6.1)	374 (55.7)	211 (31.4)	45 (6.7)				38	1093	671
SK	449	131 (19.6)	248 (37.2)	229 (34.3)	59 (8.8)				17	1133	667
TW	958	122 (12.2)	62 (6.2)	472 (47.0)	348 (34.7)				21	1983	1004
US	1171									1171	
N Sum	30091	2682	2114	7721	2511	639	11	869		46638	
N Valid Sum		2682	2114	7721	2511	639	11				15678

V249 - R: Earnings (RINC)

Respondent's earnings I

AT: Personal net income per month in EURO (midpoints)

AU: Yearly net income in AUD

BE-FLA: How much is your personal net monthly income, everything included such as salary, retirement pay and other income amount in EURO. In which category is your personal net monthly income. (categories)

BG: Personal monthly net income in Lev (in thous.)

BR: R's monthly earnings in RS

CH: R's monthly net earnings from employment in swiss francs (midpoints of the classes)

The first part of the question asks in a direct form for the income and the second (only asked if R is not willing to respond to the first part) asks if R would at least be willing to give an approximate indication of the income.

CL: R's monthly net income in CLP (midpoints)

CY: R's gross monthly income in CY Pounds (midpoints of the categories)

CZ: What is your total average net income per month in CZK?

It includes incomes from main job or business, incomes from additional gainful activities or property, rents, social incomes as are unemployment benefits, maternal benefits, allowances, etc. It does not include child allowances and state compensatory benefits for children. (midpoints of the categories)

DE: Monthly net income after the deduction of taxes and social insurance in EURO

If R refused or didn't answer an additional question with income categories was provided

DK: What is your total annual gross income before taxes? Annual income before deduction in Dkr (midpoints)

ES: R's monthly net earnings in EURO (midpoints)

FI: The questionnaire for Swedish speaking Finns did not include question for personal income. Instead, the question for household income had accidentally been duplicated. For Swedish speaking respondents, the variable for personal income contains information only for respondents living in one-person household.

Income per month in EURO

FR: R's professional income per month in EURO (midpoints)

GB-GBN: Which of the letters in this card represents your own gross or total earnings per year, before deduction of income tax and national insurance in Pounds (midpoints)

GB-NIR: What is your personal income before tax and national insurance contributions? Include all income from employment and benefits. Income per annum in Pounds (midpoints of the categories)

HU: Net income per month in Hungarian Forint

IL: Net income per month in NIS (midpoints)

JP: How much did you earn yourself last year before taxes? (midpoints in thous. Yen)

LV: Monthly net income in Latvian Lats

MX: R's monthly net income in Mexican Pesos

NO: Personal gross yearly income before taxes and allowances including retirement benefits etc. in NOK

NZ: Which of the following categories best describes your own yearly income from all sources before tax in N.Z.\$? (midpoints of the categories)

PH: R's monthly income in Pesos

PL: Taking into consideration the last 12 months, please tell me what was your average monthly income/ earnings from your job or business after taxes in PLN?

PT: R's monthly average net income in EURO (midpoints)

RU: What is your monthly wage together with all the bonuses, compensations and other payments in new RUR (midpoints)

SE: What is your approximate income per month before taxes in SEK?

SI: What was your last regular monthly income after taxes and social insurances from all sources in Tolar?

SK: Please, what is currently your personal net monthly income? It is necessary to calculate net income, from your main secondary work activities, income from agriculture, income from business, or if you are not economically active, so bring a pension, unemployment benefit or other income contribution (SKK).

TW: What is your monthly average income (salary, bonus payment, overtime payment, business income, private income) (TWD)?

US: R's earnings from all jobs in 2000 before taxes or other deductions in \$ (midpoints)

0 No own income;  
999997 Refused  
999998 Don't know  
999999 No answer

in Australia (AU):

0 NAP, Code 5-10 in V239 (WRKST)

in Chile (CL):

999996 > 1 000 000 CLP

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

59000 56 000 Pounds +

999999 No answer, refused

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

40000 40 000 Pounds + per annum

in Ireland (IE):

0 Not available

in Japan (JP):

500 500 000 Yen (in thous.)

20000 20 000 000 Yen

in Netherlands (NL):

0 Not available

in Norway (NO):

999996 > 1 000 000 NOK

in Russia (RU):

70 70 new RUR

25000 25 000 new RUR

in Slovenia (SI):

996000 996 000 Tolar and more

in United States of America (US):

999996 > 110 000 Dollar



V250 - Family income (INC)

Family income I

AT: Total household net income from all sources per month in EURO (midpoints)

AU: Yearly net income in AUD

BE-FLA: How much is the combined net monthly income of your hh, everything included such as salary, child benefits or other income? Amount in EURO.

BG: Household's monthly net income in Lev

BR: Household's monthly income in RS

CH: Monthly household net income from all sources (midpoints) see RINCOME (V249) Family income is not asked if the person lives alone in hh, therefore the value of income is set the value of R's income RINCOME (V249)

CL: Total monthly family income from all sources in CLP (midpoints)

CY: Household's gross monthly income from all sources in CY Pounds (midpoints of the categories)

CZ: What is the total average net income of your household per month in CZK? Count incomes of all members of your household, all social benefits, allowances and complementary incomes after taxation (midpoints).

DE: Household monthly net income after the deduction of taxes and social insurance in EURO; hh income not asked for single households; Information of income of R is added to the hh income for single households. If R refused or didn't answer an additional question with income categories was provided.

DK: What is your households' total annual gross income before taxes from all sources? Annual income in Dkr (midpoints)

ES: Average monthly net income (midpoints) in EURO

FI: Monthly household income in EURO

FR: Monthly family income (midpoints) in EURO

GB-GBN: Which of the letters on this card represents the total income of your household per year from all sources before tax and national insurance (midpoints in Pounds)

GB-NIR: What is the total income of your household before tax national insurance contributions? Include all income from employment and benefits. Income per annum in Pounds (midpoints of the categories)

HU: Family net income in Hungarian Forint

IE: Into which group does the total net income of your household fall including all pensions, social welfare payments etc. This means total income, after tax, PRSI and other statutory deductions, of all members of hh. (midpoints of the categories in EURO)

IL: Family net income per month in NIS (midpoints)

JP: How much was the total income of your family last year before taxes? (midpoints in thous. Yen)

LV: HH monthly net income in Latvian Lats

MX: Monthly family net income in Mexican Pesos

NL: What is the gross income of the household you are member of, we mean the sum total of all incomes earned in your household before social premiums and taxes are conducted? Income per year in classes (midpoints)

NO: HH gross yearly income before taxes and allowances including retirement benefits etc. in NOK

NZ: Which of the following categories best describes the total yearly income of all persons in your household from all sources before tax in N.Z.\$? (midpoints)

PH: Total family income per month in Pesos

PL: Taking into consideration the last 12 months, please tell me your total household monthly income from all sources including retirement funds, unemployment benefits, rents. Please calculate the monthly average after taxes in PLN.

PT: Please tell me which of the following intervals correspond to your family income (monthly, after deduction, midpoints in EURO)

RU: What is your family income per member of your family per month in new roubles RUR (midpoints)?

SE: Monthly household income before taxes in SEK

SI: What was the net monthly income from all sources of all members of your household after taxes in Tolar?

SK: Please, what is currently a monthly net income of all the members of your household together. It is necessary to calculate the net income of all household members from the main, secondary work activities, income from farming-the economy, income from the business, added pensions, allowances for children, parental allowance, the allowance for unemployment and other revenue (SKK).

TW: Please count up average revenues of all your incomes. What is your monthly average family total income (including interest income, rental income) (TWD)?

US: Total family income from all sources in 2000 before taxes or other deductions in \$ (midpoints)

0 No income; Not available

999997 Refused

999998 Don't know

999999 No answer

in Brazil (BR):

99998 99 998 RS or more

in Chile (CL):

999996 >1 000 000 CLP

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

59000 56 000 Pounds +

999999 No answer, refused

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

40000 40 000 Pounds + per annum

in Hungary (HU):

999996 >1 000 000 HUF

in Japan (JP):

500 500 000 Yen (in thous.)

20000 20 000 000 Yen

in Norway (NO):

10000 10 000 NOK

999996 >1 000 000 NOK

in Russia (RU):

70 70 new RUR

25000 25 000 new RUR

in Slovenia (SI):

996000 960 000 Tolar and more

in United States of America (US):

999996 110 000 Dollar

V251 - How many persons in household (HOMPOP)

Size of household: Total number of persons living in household

AT,DE: How many persons live altogether in your household?

CH: Respondents are considered as adults with 15 and older

CZ: How many members including yourself are there in your household? As hh we understand individuals residing in one apartment or family house, who together financially manage the household.

GB-GBN,NO,NZ: Including yourself, how many people live here regularly as members of this household?

PH: Number of persons in household including servants, transients, boarders

RU: How many people, who are members of your family, including yourself and children of any age, live together with you?

0 NAP

1 1 person

2 2 persons

3 3 persons

4 4 persons

5 5 persons

6 6 persons

7 7 persons

8 8 persons

9 9 persons

10 10 persons

11 11 persons

12 12 persons

13 13 persons

99 No answer, don't know, refused

in Denmark (DK):

13 13 persons or more

V251 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V251	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
C_ALPHAN													
	M												
AT		514 (25.1)	588 (28.7)	390 (19.1)	324 (15.8)	152 (7.4)	57 (2.8)	15 (0.7)	6 (0.3)	1 (0.0)			
AU		254 (18.8)	655 (48.4)	142 (10.5)	168 (12.4)	97 (7.2)	25 (1.8)	5 (0.4)	6 (0.4)				
BE-FLA		162 (12.0)	512 (37.9)	266 (19.7)	261 (19.3)	107 (7.9)	28 (2.1)	10 (0.7)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		
BG		148 (14.8)	300 (29.9)	192 (19.1)	241 (24.0)	69 (6.9)	37 (3.7)	9 (0.9)	5 (0.5)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
BR	33	106 (5.4)	269 (13.7)	414 (21.1)	460 (23.4)	327 (16.6)	175 (8.9)	89 (4.5)	43 (2.2)	32 (1.6)	25 (1.3)	6 (0.3)	
CH		286 (28.4)	331 (32.9)	136 (13.5)	171 (17.0)	59 (5.9)	16 (1.6)	7 (0.7)					
CL		90 (6.0)	244 (16.2)	312 (20.7)	349 (23.2)	235 (15.6)	139 (9.2)	63 (4.2)	33 (2.2)	17 (1.1)	7 (0.5)	10 (0.7)	
CY		85 (8.5)	223 (22.2)	151 (15.0)	340 (33.9)	160 (15.9)	40 (4.0)	5 (0.5)					
CZ		212 (17.0)	359 (28.9)	269 (21.6)	306 (24.6)	76 (6.1)	12 (1.0)	5 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	3 (0.2)			
DE-E		69 (16.0)	175 (40.6)	100 (23.2)	65 (15.1)	16 (3.7)	5 (1.2)	1 (0.2)					
DE-W		185 (19.8)	339 (36.2)	175 (18.7)	155 (16.6)	48 (5.1)	25 (2.7)	7 (0.7)	2 (0.2)				
DK		230 (17.1)	564 (41.9)	197 (14.6)	237 (17.6)	84 (6.2)	15 (1.1)	4 (0.3)	3 (0.2)	5 (0.4)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	
ES		272 (11.0)	651 (26.3)	585 (23.7)	605 (24.5)	260 (10.5)	61 (2.5)	22 (0.9)	10 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	2 (0.1)		
FI		259 (19.4)	541 (40.4)	206 (15.4)	231 (17.3)	69 (5.2)	19 (1.4)	7 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
FR		208 (12.1)	627 (36.4)	340 (19.8)	352 (20.5)	144 (8.4)	32 (1.9)	9 (0.5)	8 (0.5)	1 (0.1)			
GB-GBN		549 (28.0)	708 (36.1)	270 (13.8)	310 (15.8)	92 (4.7)	20 (1.0)	9 (0.5)	2 (0.1)				
GB-NIR		295 (29.9)	276 (28.0)	157 (15.9)	136 (13.8)	69 (7.0)	34 (3.4)	17 (1.7)	3 (0.3)				
HU		189 (18.5)	332 (32.5)	207 (20.2)	179 (17.5)	79 (7.7)	22 (2.2)	12 (1.2)	1 (0.1)		2 (0.2)		
IE		147 (12.0)	308 (25.1)	218 (17.8)	235 (19.1)	167 (13.6)	92 (7.5)	42 (3.4)	13 (1.1)	5 (0.4)			
IL		91 (7.6)	284 (23.8)	202 (16.9)	223 (18.7)	191 (16.0)	94 (7.9)	57 (4.8)	23 (1.9)	11 (0.9)	9 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	
JP		69 (6.1)	233 (20.6)	213 (18.8)	291 (25.7)	160 (14.1)	97 (8.6)	55 (4.9)	10 (0.9)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)		
LV		140 (14.0)	257 (25.7)	242 (24.2)	229 (22.9)	84 (8.4)	31 (3.1)	11 (1.1)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)			
MX		79 (5.3)	212 (14.2)	261 (17.5)	329 (22.1)	253 (17.0)	152 (10.2)	77 (5.2)	47 (3.2)	35 (2.3)	10 (0.7)	14 (0.9)	
NL		281 (22.5)	395 (31.6)	197 (15.8)	236 (18.9)	104 (8.3)	28 (2.2)	6 (0.5)			2 (0.2)		
NO		178 (12.2)	574 (39.3)	245 (16.8)	273 (18.7)	148 (10.1)	25 (1.7)	8 (0.5)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	
NZ		120 (11.9)	394 (39.0)	173 (17.1)	203 (20.1)	85 (8.4)	18 (1.8)	9 (0.9)	4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)		1 (0.1)	
PH		16 (1.3)	84 (7.0)	183 (15.3)	239 (19.9)	242 (20.2)	149 (12.4)	110 (9.2)	76 (6.3)	41 (3.4)	23 (1.9)	17 (1.4)	
PL		207 (16.6)	263 (21.1)	246 (19.7)	249 (19.9)	132 (10.6)	80 (6.4)	41 (3.3)	17 (1.4)	6 (0.5)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	
PT		164 (15.0)	330 (30.2)	265 (24.3)	209 (19.1)	78 (7.1)	30 (2.7)	8 (0.7)	7 (0.6)	1 (0.1)			
RU		354 (19.7)	521 (29.0)	444 (24.7)	335 (18.6)	96 (5.3)	31 (1.7)	9 (0.5)	5 (0.3)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
SE		182 (17.6)	431 (41.8)	142 (13.8)	193 (18.7)	62 (6.0)	17 (1.6)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)				
SI		87 (8.0)	230 (21.1)	257 (23.5)	304 (27.8)	131 (12.0)	59 (5.4)	15 (1.4)	7 (0.6)	2 (0.2)			
SK		171 (15.1)	236 (20.8)	270 (23.8)	300 (26.5)	120 (10.6)	28 (2.5)	4 (0.4)	4 (0.4)				
TW		78 (3.9)	213 (10.8)	279 (14.1)	441 (22.3)	397 (20.1)	239 (12.1)	159 (8.0)	73 (3.7)	39 (2.0)	22 (1.1)	18 (0.9)	
US		338 (28.9)	414 (35.4)	190 (16.2)	124 (10.6)	81 (6.9)	17 (1.5)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)		
N Sum	33	6815	13073	8536	9303	4674	1949	916	424	213	118	75	
N Valid Sum		6815	13073	8536	9303	4674	1949	916	424	213	118	75	

	V251	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	23	24	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN																
														M		
AT															2047	2047
AU															1352	1352
BE-FLA														8	1360	1352
BG															1003	1003
BR		7 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	5 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		3 (0.2)		1 (0.1)					2	2000	1965
CH														2	1008	1006
CL		3 (0.2)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)											1505	1505
CY															1004	1004
CZ														45	1289	1244
DE-E															431	431
DE-W															936	936
DK			3 (0.2)											32	1379	1347
ES				1 (0.0)											2471	2471
FI														15	1353	1338
FR														182	1903	1721
GB-GBN															1960	1960
GB-NIR															987	987
HU															1023	1023
IE					1 (0.1)									12	1240	1228
IL		1 (0.1)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)										16	1209	1193
JP															1132	1132
LV															1000	1000
MX		5 (0.3)	7 (0.5)	5 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)							3	1495	1492
NL															1249	1249
NO		2 (0.1)									1 (0.1)			15	1475	1460
NZ		1 (0.1)												15	1025	1010
PH		10 (0.8)	2 (0.2)	4 (0.3)		2 (0.2)			2 (0.2)						1200	1200
PL		2 (0.2)												3	1252	1249
PT															1092	1092
RU														1	1798	1797
SE														48	1080	1032
SI														1	1093	1092
SK															1133	1133
TW		11 (0.6)	3 (0.2)	2 (0.1)		2 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)	3	1983	1980
US															1171	1171
N Sum		42	22	19	3	8	4	1	1	3	1	1	1	403	46638	
N Valid Sum		42	22	19	3	8	4	1	1	3	1	1	1			46202

V252 - Household composition:children+adults (HHCYCLE)

Household cycle - Household composition

CH: The upper category for the number of adults and the number of children in household was set to respectively '9 adults and more' and '9 children and more'.

CZ: Constructed from three variables: No. of members in hh, No. of children 7 to 17 years and No. of children of age of 6 and younger.

DK: Derived from two variables 'number of persons in house- hold' and 'number of adults 18 years and older and less than 18 years'.

GB-NIR: Derived from age of members of household

IE: Could you please tell gender, age last birthday and finally the relationship to each other of all members of hh.

NZ: How many children under the age of 16 are in household?

PH: Household composition: adults and children (less than 18 years), excluding servants, transients, boarders

PL: Derived from the PGSS 'household members card' collected by interviewer before PGSS/ ISSP interview

SE: Adult = 18 years or older; child = 17 years or younger

SI: A number of persons in HH; B number of children 6 thru 18 years; C number of children below 6 years

0 Not available

1 Single household

2 1 adult, 1 child

3 1 adult, 2 children

4 1 adult, 3 or more children

5 2 adults

6 2 adults, 1 child

7 2 adults, 2 children

8 2 adults, 3 or more children

9 3 adults

10 3 adults with children

11 4 adults

12 4 adults with children

13 5 adults

14 5 adults with children

15 6 adults

16 6 adults with children

17 7 adults

18 7 adults with children

19 8 adults

20 8 adults with children

21 9 adults

22 9 adults with children

23 10 adults

24 10 adults with children

25 11 adults

26 11 adults with children

27 12 adults

28 12 adults with children

95 Otherwise

99 No answer, refused

in Denmark (DK):

99 no answer, refused, no valid answer



V252 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V252	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C_ALPHAN											
	M										
AT	514 (25.1)	41 (2.0)	27 (1.3)	10 (0.5)	547 (26.7)	186 (9.1)	177 (8.6)	76 (3.7)	177 (8.6)	102 (5.0)	
AU	254 (18.8)	13 (1.0)	18 (1.3)	11 (0.8)	642 (47.5)	40 (3.0)	93 (6.9)	58 (4.3)	84 (6.2)	51 (3.8)	
BE-FLA	162 (12.0)	10 (0.7)	6 (0.4)	2 (0.1)	502 (37.2)	97 (7.2)	129 (9.5)	58 (4.3)	163 (12.1)	73 (5.4)	
BG	148 (14.8)	8 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	292 (29.1)	75 (7.5)	97 (9.7)	4 (0.4)		183 (18.2)	
BR	2000										
CH	286 (28.6)	20 (2.0)	12 (1.2)	4 (0.4)	308 (30.8)	68 (6.8)	101 (10.1)	50 (5.0)	55 (5.5)	37 (3.7)	
CL	90 (6.0)	21 (1.4)	20 (1.3)	9 (0.6)	223 (14.8)	151 (10.0)	158 (10.5)	98 (6.5)	141 (9.4)	230 (15.3)	
CY	1004										
CZ	212 (17.0)	23 (1.8)	18 (1.4)	2 (0.2)	336 (27.0)	124 (10.0)	146 (11.7)	33 (2.7)	127 (10.2)	86 (6.9)	
DE-E	69 (16.0)	5 (1.2)	4 (0.9)		170 (39.4)	46 (10.7)	33 (7.7)	6 (1.4)	50 (11.6)	19 (4.4)	
DE-W	185 (19.8)	7 (0.7)	6 (0.6)	1 (0.1)	332 (35.5)	85 (9.1)	92 (9.8)	33 (3.5)	84 (9.0)	42 (4.5)	
DK	230 (17.5)	26 (2.0)	13 (1.0)	6 (0.5)	516 (39.3)	114 (8.7)	163 (12.4)	53 (4.0)	68 (5.2)	67 (5.1)	
ES	274 (11.1)	13 (0.5)	6 (0.2)	4 (0.2)	636 (25.9)	209 (8.5)	196 (8.0)	38 (1.5)	367 (14.9)	169 (6.9)	
FI	259 (19.4)	46 (3.4)	23 (1.7)	5 (0.4)	502 (37.5)	127 (9.5)	160 (12.0)	64 (4.8)	59 (4.4)	62 (4.6)	
FR	208 (12.1)	46 (2.7)	22 (1.3)	7 (0.4)	578 (33.6)	213 (12.4)	240 (13.9)	104 (6.0)	110 (6.4)	91 (5.3)	
GB-GBN	549 (28.1)	60 (3.1)	32 (1.6)	21 (1.1)	646 (33.0)	115 (5.9)	210 (10.7)	69 (3.5)	122 (6.2)	61 (3.1)	
GB-NIR	295 (29.9)	21 (2.1)	27 (2.7)	15 (1.5)	255 (25.8)	66 (6.7)	76 (7.7)	63 (6.4)	64 (6.5)	36 (3.6)	
HU	189 (18.5)	13 (1.3)	4 (0.4)	3 (0.3)	318 (31.1)	87 (8.5)	65 (6.4)	35 (3.4)	116 (11.3)	59 (5.8)	
IE	147 (12.0)	14 (1.1)	7 (0.6)	5 (0.4)	294 (24.1)	83 (6.8)	104 (8.5)	93 (7.6)	128 (10.5)	96 (7.9)	
IL	1209										
JP	69 (6.1)	6 (0.5)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	226 (20.1)	49 (4.3)	116 (10.3)	34 (3.0)	159 (14.1)	100 (8.9)	
LV	140 (14.0)				237 (23.7)	20 (2.0)			112 (11.2)	130 (13.0)	
MX	79 (5.3)	18 (1.2)	11 (0.7)	16 (1.1)	193 (12.9)	113 (7.6)	129 (8.7)	144 (9.7)	136 (9.1)	189 (12.7)	
NL	281 (22.5)	10 (0.8)	14 (1.1)	6 (0.5)	385 (30.8)	93 (7.4)	148 (11.8)	70 (5.6)	90 (7.2)	68 (5.4)	
NO	178 (12.3)	26 (1.8)	11 (0.8)	1 (0.1)	544 (37.7)	144 (10.0)	198 (13.7)	105 (7.3)	88 (6.1)	88 (6.1)	
NZ	120 (12.0)	13 (1.3)	21 (2.1)	6 (0.6)	373 (37.2)	79 (7.9)	123 (12.3)	64 (6.4)	73 (7.3)	55 (5.5)	
PH	19 (1.6)	13 (1.1)	10 (0.8)	12 (1.0)	78 (6.5)	108 (9.0)	166 (13.8)	205 (17.1)	75 (6.3)	157 (13.1)	
PL	207 (16.6)	13 (1.0)	12 (1.0)	1 (0.1)	250 (20.0)	108 (8.6)	99 (7.9)	43 (3.4)	126 (10.1)	133 (10.6)	
PT	163 (15.2)	12 (1.1)	8 (0.7)	2 (0.2)	314 (29.4)	105 (9.8)	75 (7.0)	21 (2.0)	144 (13.5)	83 (7.8)	
RU	354 (19.7)	86 (4.8)	22 (1.2)	4 (0.2)	435 (24.2)	254 (14.1)	144 (8.0)	20 (1.1)	168 (9.4)	153 (8.5)	
SE	182 (17.6)	19 (1.8)	14 (1.4)	11 (1.1)	412 (39.9)	80 (7.8)	138 (13.4)	47 (4.6)	48 (4.7)	51 (4.9)	
SI	1093										
SK	171 (15.1)	8 (0.7)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	228 (20.1)	108 (9.5)	144 (12.7)	43 (3.8)	159 (14.0)	97 (8.6)	
TW	78 (3.9)	7 (0.4)	8 (0.4)	5 (0.3)	206 (10.4)	87 (4.4)	147 (7.4)	76 (3.8)	184 (9.3)	195 (9.8)	
US	338 (28.9)	37 (3.2)	27 (2.3)	9 (0.8)	377 (32.2)	95 (8.1)	84 (7.2)	55 (4.7)	67 (5.7)	37 (3.2)	
N Sum	5306	6450	655	413	181	11355	3329	3951	1862	3544	3000
N Valid Sum		6450	655	413	181	11355	3329	3951	1862	3544	3000

	V252	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
C_ALPHAN															
AT		72 (3.5)	65 (3.2)												
AU		41 (3.0)	26 (1.9)	15 (1.1)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.1)	1 (0.1)							
BE-FLA		84 (6.2)	29 (2.1)	19 (1.4)	11 (0.8)	6 (0.4)									
BG			153 (15.3)		30 (3.0)		6 (0.6)		2 (0.2)		1 (0.1)				
BR															
CH		40 (4.0)	12 (1.2)	3 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)									
CL		73 (4.9)	151 (10.0)	24 (1.6)	63 (4.2)	8 (0.5)	27 (1.8)	1 (0.1)	11 (0.7)		4 (0.3)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	
CY															
CZ		91 (7.3)	25 (2.0)	12 (1.0)	4 (0.3)		4 (0.3)		1 (0.1)						
DE-E		16 (3.7)	7 (1.6)	4 (0.9)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)									
DE-W		38 (4.1)	14 (1.5)	8 (0.9)	4 (0.4)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)						
DK		21 (1.6)	15 (1.1)	3 (0.2)	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		1 (0.1)		2 (0.2)	3 (0.2)		3 (0.2)	
ES		277 (11.3)	108 (4.4)	92 (3.7)	32 (1.3)	13 (0.5)	6 (0.2)	5 (0.2)	4 (0.2)	2 (0.1)				1 (0.0)	
FI		16 (1.2)	13 (1.0)			1 (0.1)									
FR		48 (2.8)	33 (1.9)	11 (0.6)	5 (0.3)	2 (0.1)	2 (0.1)			1 (0.1)					
GB-GBN		44 (2.3)	18 (0.9)	5 (0.3)	1 (0.1)			2 (0.1)							
GB-NIR		32 (3.2)	20 (2.0)	9 (0.9)	7 (0.7)	1 (0.1)									
HU		78 (7.6)	31 (3.0)	9 (0.9)	8 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	4 (0.4)	1 (0.1)							
IE		85 (7.0)	57 (4.7)	29 (2.4)	28 (2.3)	20 (1.6)	16 (1.3)	6 (0.5)	5 (0.4)	3 (0.2)		2 (0.2)			
IL															
JP		123 (10.9)	93 (8.3)	58 (5.1)	40 (3.5)	23 (2.0)	17 (1.5)	5 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)				1 (0.1)	
LV		37 (3.7)	192 (19.2)	7 (0.7)	77 (7.7)		31 (3.1)		11 (1.1)		3 (0.3)		3 (0.3)		
MX		112 (7.5)	138 (9.3)	52 (3.5)	68 (4.6)	17 (1.1)	42 (2.8)	4 (0.3)	16 (1.1)	4 (0.3)	4 (0.3)		4 (0.3)		2 (0.1)
NL		43 (3.4)	23 (1.8)	6 (0.5)	12 (1.0)										
NO		26 (1.8)	20 (1.4)	4 (0.3)	3 (0.2)	2 (0.1)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)							
NZ		43 (4.3)	13 (1.3)	8 (0.8)	4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)		2 (0.2)				
PH		43 (3.6)	128 (10.7)	27 (2.3)	74 (6.2)	15 (1.3)	31 (2.6)	9 (0.8)	11 (0.9)	1 (0.1)	10 (0.8)		6 (0.5)		1 (0.1)
PL		74 (5.9)	102 (8.2)	16 (1.3)	41 (3.3)	1 (0.1)	12 (1.0)	2 (0.2)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	3 (0.2)				
PT		70 (6.5)	35 (3.3)	16 (1.5)	11 (1.0)	4 (0.4)	3 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)					
RU		71 (4.0)	66 (3.7)	4 (0.2)	13 (0.7)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)								
SE		15 (1.5)	11 (1.1)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.2)										
SI															
SK		92 (8.1)	40 (3.5)	22 (1.9)	9 (0.8)	6 (0.5)	2 (0.2)								
TW		215 (10.8)	233 (11.8)	147 (7.4)	132 (6.7)	67 (3.4)	85 (4.3)	25 (1.3)	38 (1.9)	6 (0.3)	22 (1.1)	2 (0.1)	5 (0.3)		1 (0.1)
US		19 (1.6)	12 (1.0)	8 (0.7)	2 (0.2)										
N Sum		2039	1883	620	689	200	298	64	110	20	51	7	19	6	4
N Valid Sum		2039	1883	620	689	200	298	64	110	20	51	7	19	6	4

	V252	25	26	27	28	95	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN									
		M							
AT					53 (2.6)			2047	2047
AU								1352	1352
BE-FLA							9	1360	1351
BG								1003	1003
BR								2000	
CH							8	1008	1000
CL								1505	1505
CY								1004	
CZ							45	1289	1244
DE-E								431	431
DE-W								936	936
DK					3 (0.2)	67		1379	1312
ES					7 (0.3)	12		2471	2459
FI					1 (0.1)	15		1353	1338
FR							182	1903	1721
GB-GBN							5	1960	1955
GB-NIR								987	987
HU								1023	1023
IE							18	1240	1222
IL								1209	
JP							5	1132	1127
LV								1000	1000
MX							4	1495	1491
NL								1249	1249
NO			1 (0.1)				31	1475	1444
NZ							23	1025	1002
PH		1 (0.1)						1200	1200
PL							3	1252	1249
PT							23	1092	1069
RU							2	1798	1796
SE							48	1080	1032
SI								1093	
SK								1133	1133
TW	3 (0.2)	1 (0.1)		3 (0.2)	4 (0.2)	1		1983	1982
US					4 (0.3)			1171	1171
N Sum	3	2	1	3	72	501		46638	
N Valid Sum	3	2	1	3	72				40831

V253 - R: Party affiliation: left-right (der.) (PARTY\_LR)

Political party affiliation I - derived from V254 to V286

AT: derived from AT\_PARTY

AU: derived from AU\_PARTY

CH: derived from CH\_PARTY

CL: derived from CL\_PARTY

CZ: constructed from R's party affiliation, see CZ\_PARTY

DK: derived from 'vote last election November 2001'.

ES: constructed with a left-right scale, answered to directly by respondents, and not with a subjective interpretation of their closeness to parties.

FI: derived from FI\_PARTY

GB-GBN: derived from GB\_PARTY

HU: derived from HU\_PARTY

IE,PH: In politics there are often used terms the Left and the Right. Where do you place yourself on the scale?

LV: derived from LV\_PARTY

NL: derived from NL\_PARTY

NZ: derived from NZ\_PARTY

PL: derived from PL\_PARTY

PT: derived from PT\_PARTY

SE: derived from SE\_PARTY

SI: derived from SI\_PARTY

0 NAP;

1 Far left etc.

2 Left, centre left

3 Centre, liberal

4 Right, conservative

5 Far right etc.

6 Other, no specification

7 No party preference

8 Don't know, undecided, can't choose

9 No answer, refused

in AT BE-FLA CY GB-NIR IL TW:

0 Not available

in DK PL:

0 Did not vote

V253 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V253	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN													
	M									M	M		
AT	2047											2047	
AU		132 (10.8)	438 (35.8)	50 (4.1)	574 (46.9)		31 (2.5)				127	1352	1225
BE-FLA	1360											1360	
BG		50 (7.3)	85 (12.5)	99 (14.5)	104 (15.2)	35 (5.1)	19 (2.8)	290 (42.5)	305	16		1003	682
BR		439 (22.8)	104 (5.4)	210 (10.9)	108 (5.6)	18 (0.9)	21 (1.1)	1022 (53.2)		78		2000	1922
CH		5 (0.5)	204 (20.9)	6 (0.6)	175 (17.9)	1 (0.1)	13 (1.3)	572 (58.6)	25	7		1008	976
CL		127 (9.1)	122 (8.7)	205 (14.7)	114 (8.1)	156 (11.2)	4 (0.3)	671 (48.0)	40	66		1505	1399
CY	1004											1004	
CZ		55 (9.2)	124 (20.8)	44 (7.4)	126 (21.1)	2 (0.3)	58 (9.7)	188 (31.5)	229	463		1289	597
DE-E		74 (19.7)	116 (30.9)	31 (8.3)	99 (26.4)	7 (1.9)	8 (2.1)	40 (10.7)	44	12		431	375
DE-W		7 (0.9)	304 (38.0)	110 (13.7)	243 (30.3)	6 (0.7)	9 (1.1)	122 (15.2)	110	25		936	801
DK	90	119 (10.1)	349 (29.5)	105 (8.9)	482 (40.8)	116 (9.8)	2 (0.2)	9 (0.8)	69	38		1379	1182
ES		170 (10.0)	600 (35.5)	718 (42.4)	174 (10.3)	30 (1.8)			368	411		2471	1692
FI			277 (30.6)	259 (28.7)	155 (17.1)		93 (10.3)	120 (13.3)	299	150		1353	904
FR		88 (5.5)	594 (37.0)	108 (6.7)	333 (20.8)	51 (3.2)	24 (1.5)	406 (25.3)		299		1903	1604
GB-GBN		26 (1.4)	810 (43.2)	231 (12.3)	496 (26.4)		79 (4.2)	234 (12.5)	51	33		1960	1876
GB-NIR	987											987	
HU		4 (0.5)		421 (55.2)	246 (32.3)	11 (1.4)	3 (0.4)	77 (10.1)	169	92		1023	762
IE		25 (3.6)	61 (8.8)	382 (54.8)	163 (23.4)	66 (9.5)			232	311		1240	697
IL	1209											1209	
JP		18 (1.7)	26 (2.4)	84 (7.8)	320 (29.9)			624 (58.2)		60		1132	1072
LV		63 (8.2)	43 (5.6)	157 (20.4)	63 (8.2)			445 (57.7)	183	46		1000	771
MX			97 (7.2)	450 (33.4)	307 (22.8)		43 (3.2)	450 (33.4)	61	87		1495	1347
NL		210 (19.4)	245 (22.6)	453 (41.9)	30 (2.8)		36 (3.3)	108 (10.0)	161	6		1249	1082
NO		17 (1.4)	378 (31.0)	187 (15.4)	533 (43.8)		11 (0.9)	92 (7.6)	233	24		1475	1218
NZ		58 (6.7)	360 (41.6)	127 (14.7)	180 (20.8)	58 (6.7)	24 (2.8)	59 (6.8)	30	129		1025	866
PH		15 (1.4)	40 (3.8)	310 (29.4)	120 (11.4)	60 (5.7)		510 (48.3)	101	44		1200	1055
PL	479	1 (0.1)	437 (64.3)	99 (14.6)	136 (20.0)		7 (1.0)		92	1		1252	680
PT		67 (8.2)	237 (29.0)	328 (40.2)	149 (18.3)	35 (4.3)			153	123		1092	816
RU		344 (21.6)	34 (2.1)	97 (6.1)	157 (9.9)	29 (1.8)	45 (2.8)	886 (55.7)	77	129		1798	1592
SE		74 (7.2)	316 (30.7)	170 (16.5)	140 (13.6)		9 (0.9)	321 (31.2)		50		1080	1030
SI			122 (15.4)	355 (44.8)	213 (26.9)	26 (3.3)	31 (3.9)	45 (5.7)	99	202		1093	792
SK		14 (1.3)	136 (13.0)	316 (30.3)	200 (19.2)	23 (2.2)	7 (0.7)	348 (33.3)	89			1133	1044
TW	1983											1983	
US			386 (33.2)	395 (34.0)	352 (30.3)		28 (2.4)			10		1171	1161
N Sum	9159	2202	7045	6507	6492	730	605	7639	3220	3039		46638	
N Valid Sum		2202	7045	6507	6492	730	605	7639					31220

## V254 - R: Party affiliation: Austria (AT\_PRTY)

AT\_PRTY - Austria

Which political party did you vote for last parliamentary election (Nationalratswahlen) in 2002?

0 Not available

1 SPOE - Social Democratic Party of Austria (Sozialdemokratische Partei Oesterreichs; founded in 1945 as Socialist Party of Austria/SPOE, renamed to its current name in 1991; social-democratic party)

2 OEPV - Austrian People's Party (Oesterreichische Volkspartei; christian-democratic, conservative party)

3 FPOE - Freedom Party of Austria (Freiheitliche Partei Oesterreichs; right-wing, populist-nationalist party)

4 GREENS - The Greens (Die Gruenen; in 1982 two national green parties were formed: the more moderate of the two, the United Greens of Austria/VGOE and the Alternative List of Austria/ALOE; in 1986 both parties joined to participate in national elections as Green Alternative/GA; since 1995 the party is known by its current name; ecologist-green party)

95 Other Party

97 Refused

## V254

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Did not vote; NAV	M	45014	96.5	
1	SPOE (Soc-Democr)		524	1.1	42.4
2	OEPV (Cons)		437	0.9	35.4
3	FPOE (Liberal)		85	0.2	6.9
4	GRUENE (Green)		169	0.4	13.7
95	Other Party		21	0.0	1.7
97	Refused	M	388	0.8	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1236		

V255 - R: Party affiliation: Australia (AU\_PRTY)

AU\_PRTY - Australia

0 Not available

1 LPA - Liberal Party of Australia (conservative party)

2 ALP - Australian Labor Party (social-democratic party)

3 NPA - National Party of Australia (formerly Country Party/1913-1920, succeeded by Australian Country Party/CP/1920-1975 and National Country Party of Australia/NCP/1975-1982; since 1982 the party is called by its current name; conservative party)

4 AD - Australian Democrats (founded in 1977; positioned to the left of the ALP; social-liberal party)

5 AG/GREENS - Australian Greens (AG was formed as a national political party in 1992 by a coalition of various state Greens parties; ecologist party)

95 Other Party

99 No answer, refused

V255

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45286	97.1	
1	Liberal Party		523	1.1	42.7
2	Labour Party		438	0.9	35.8
3	National Party		51	0.1	4.2
4	Democrats		50	0.1	4.1
5	Greens		132	0.3	10.8
95	Other Party		31	0.1	2.5
99	Na, refused	M	127	0.3	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1225		

V256 - R: Party affiliation: Bulgaria (BG\_PRTY)

BG\_PRTY - Bulgaria

Which political party do you sympathize with?

0 Not available

1 BSP - Bulgarian Socialist Party (Balgarska Socialisticheska Partija; BSP is part of the Coalition for Bulgaria/KzB; the Cold War Bulgarian Communist Party/BKP was transformed into succeeding BSP in 1990; nowadays socialist/social-democratic oriented party)

2 VMRO - Internal Macedonian Revolutionary Organisation/IMRO (Vnatrešno-Makedonska Revolucionerna Organizacija; VMRO was part of the United Democratic Forces Coalition (UtdDF)/ODS until 1999; nationalist Bulgarian-Macedonian party)

3 G - St George's Day Movement (Dvizenie Gergiovdan; founded in 1999 by a TV satirist; anti-corruption, conservative party)

4 DPS - Movement for Rights and Freedoms/MRF (Dvizenie za Pravata i Svobodie; founded in 1990; liberal ethnic-Turkish party)

5 BEL - Bulgarian Euroleft (Balgarska Evrolevica; formed in 1997; social-democratic oriented party)

6 KzB - Coalition for Bulgaria/CFB (Koalicija za Balgaria; a coalition of left and centre- left parties dominated by the BSP)

7 NDST (NDSV) - National Movement for Simeon II/SNM Nacionalno Dvizenie Simeon Tsvori(Vtori); founded in 2001 by deposed Tzar Simeon Saxe-Coburg after coming back from exile; centre-right, personalist party)

8 SDS - Union of Democratic Forces/UDF (Sajuz na Demokratичните Сили; SDS was founded in 1989 and is the dominant party in the United Democratic Forces Coalition (UtdDF)/ODS, a coalition of mainly conservative parties; conservative, christian-democratic party)

95 Other Party

96 No party preference

98 Don't know

99 No answer



V256

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45635	97.8	
1	BSP Socialist Party		79	0.2	8.0
2	VMRO		7	0.0	0.7
3	Gergiovden		16	0.0	1.6
4	MRL		25	0.1	2.5
5	Euro-left		6	0.0	0.6
6	Coalition for Bulgaria		51	0.1	5.2
7	NM Simeon II		301	0.6	30.5
8	UDF		97	0.2	9.8
95	Other Party		16	0.0	1.6
96	No preference		389	0.8	39.4
98	Don't know	M	1	0.0	
99	No answer	M	15	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		987		

V257 - R: Party affiliation: Brazil (BR\_PRTY)

BR\_PRTY - Brazil

0 Not available

V257

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

V258 - R: Party affiliation: Switzerland (CH\_PRTY)

CH\_PRTY - Switzerland

Which political party do you sympathize with?

0 Not available

1 CVP (PDC) - Christian-Democratic People's Party of Switzerland (Christlich-Demokratische Volkspartei der Schweiz; christian-democratic, conservative party)

2 EVP (PEV) - Protestant People's Party (Evangelische Volkspartei der Schweiz; ecologist, conservative christian-democratic party)

3 FDP (PRD) - Free Democratic Party/aka: Radical Free Democratic Party/aka: Liberal Democratic Party (Freisinnig-Demokratische Partei der Schweiz; liberal centre-right party)

4 SPS (PSS) - Social-Democratic Party (Sozialdemokratische Partei der Schweiz; socialdemocratic party)

5 SVP (UDC) - Swiss People's Party (Schweizerische Volkspartei; right-wing conservative party)

7 LPS (PLS) - Liberal Party (Liberale Partei der Schweiz; liberal, centre-right party)

8 PdA (PDT) - Labour Party (Partei der Arbeit der Schweiz; far left, communist party)

9 SD (DS) - Swiss Democrats (Schweizer Demokraten; far right, xenophobic-nationalist party)

10 GPS (Les Verts) - Green Party of Switzerland (Gruene Partei der Schweiz; centre-left, ecologist-green party)

95 Other Party

96 No party preference

98 Not interested so much in politics

99 No answer

V258

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45630	97.8	
1	Christian Democratic Party		35	0.1	3.6
2	Evangelical Peoples Party		3	0.0	0.3
3	Radical Party		66	0.1	6.8
4	Social Democratic Party		132	0.3	13.5
5	Swiss Peoples Party		75	0.2	7.7
7	Liberal Party		5	0.0	0.5
8	Labour Party		5	0.0	0.5
9	Swiss Democrats		1	0.0	0.1
10	Green Party		72	0.2	7.4
95	Other Party		10	0.0	1.0
96	No party preference		572	1.2	58.6
98	Not interested so much in politics	M	25	0.1	
99	Na	M	7	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		976		

V259 - R: Party affiliation: Cyprus (CY\_PRTY)

CY\_PRTY - Cyprus

0 Not available

1 AKEL - Progressive Party of Working People (Anorthotikon Komma Ergazemenou Laou; constituted in 1941 as a successor to the Communist Party of Cyprus/KKK; left-wing, communist-socialist party)

2 KISOS - Movement of Social Democrats (Kinima Sosial- dimokraton; formerly the Socialist Party of Cyprus/EDEK, renamed in 2000 to its current name; socialdemocratic party)

3 KOP - Ecological and Environmental Movement/Cyprus Green Party (Kinima Oikologoi Perivallontistoi; founded in 1996; ecologist-green party)

4 EDI - United Democrats (Enomeni Dimokrates; formed in 1996 after a merger of the Movement of Free Democrats/KED and the Democratic Socialist Reform Movement/ADISOK; centrist-liberal party)

5 DIKO - Democratic Party (Dimokratikon Komma; founded in 1976; centre-right party)

6 ADIK - Fighting Democratic Movement (Agonistiko Dimo- kratiko Kinima; , founded in 1999 as a splinter from DIKO; centre-right party)

7 NEO - New Horizons (Neoi Orizontes; founded in 1996; NEO refuses a bizonal or bicomunal federal solution to the 'Cyprus Problem', but supports the establishment of an unitary, independent Cyprus)

8 DISY - Democratic Rally/Democratic Alert (Dimokrati- kos Synagermos; founded in 1976; conservative party)

96 None

97 Refused

98 Don't know

V259

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAP,NAV	M	45634	97.8	
1	Progressive Labor Party (AKEL)		312	0.7	33.0
2	Socialist Party (KISOS)		67	0.1	7.1
3	Ecologists		20	0.0	2.1
4	Free Democrats (EDH)		27	0.1	2.9
5	Democratic Party (DHKO)		139	0.3	14.7
6	Democratic Renewal Party (ADHK)		21	0.0	2.2
7	New Horizons		22	0.0	2.3
8	Democratic Alert (DHSY)		310	0.7	32.8
96	None		28	0.1	3.0
97	Refused	M	26	0.1	
98	Don't know	M	32	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		946		

V260 - R: Party affiliation: Czech Republic (CZ\_PRTY)

CZ\_PRTY - Czech Republic

Can you tell us which political party you would vote for if the elections to the Chamber of Deputies were held next week?

0 NAP, Not available

1 CSSD - Czech Social Democratic Party (Ceska Strana Socialne Demokraticka; founded in 1878; in 1948, following the Communist take-over it was compulsory merged with the Communist Party; a Social Democratic Party in exile was founded and in 1990, during the 'Velvet Revolution', CSSD was re-established; centre-left, social-democratic party)

2 ODA - Civil Democratic Alliance (Obcanska Demokra-tAliance; founded in 1989; formerly a part of the Civic Forum/OF; right-wing, conservative party)

3 Nadeje - Hope Party (Nadeje; founded in 2002; centre- right party)

4 RMS - Republicans of Miroslav Sladek (Republikanska Miroslava Sladka; formerly Rally for the Republic/Czechoslovak Republican Party/SPR-RSC; renamed to its current name in 2001; anti-EU-oriented, xenophobic extreme-right party)

5 CSNS - Czech National Social Party (Ceska Strana Narodne Socialni; re-established in 1995 as a successor to the CSNS of the inter-war period by a merger of the Free Democrats and the Liberal National Social Party; in 2001 CSNS and National Party/NSS formed an anti-EU oriented, national-patriotic coalition called National Coalition/Narodny Koalice; centre-liberal party)

6 SV-SOS - Rural Party/United Civic Forces (Strana Venkova/Spojene Obcanske Sily)

7 SNK - Association of Independents (Sdruzeni Nezavis- lych; pro-EU oriented, conservative splinter of the ODS)

8 ODS - Civic Democratic Party (Obcanska Demokraticka Strana; founded in 1991; in 1996 the Christian Democratic Party/KDS merged into it; right-centrist conservative party)

9 KSCM - Communist Party of Bohemia and Moravia (Komunisticka Strana Cech a Moravy; founded in 1990 as a successor to the former Communist Party of Czechoslovakia/KSC; anti-EU oriented; extreme-leftist orthodox communist party)

10 KDU-CSL - Christian and Democratic Union/Czechoslovak People's Party (Krestanska a Demokraticka Unie/Ceskolovenska Strana Lidova; founded in 1989 as a successor to the former Czechoslovak People's Party/CSL; christian-democratic, centre-right party)

11 US-DEU - Freedom Union/Democratic Union (Unie Svobo- dy/Demokraticka Unie; US was founded in 1998 by splinters of ODS; in 2001 US merged with the extraparlimentary DEU to form US-DEU; conservative-liberal party)

12 SZJ - Party for Life Securities (Strana za Zivotni Jistoty; founded in 1989 as a successor to the Pensioners for Life Securities Party/DZJ; socially-oriented, leftist pensioners' party)

13 PB - Right Bloc (Pravy Blok; founded in 1994; a non- parliamentary; anti-communist, conservative party led by a former dissident)

14 SZ - Green Party (Strana Zelenych; founded in 1990; ecologist-green party)

95 Other Party

96 Would not vote

98 Don't know

99 No answer

V260

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAP, NAV	M	45349	97.2	
1	CSSD Social Democrats		124	0.3	20.8
2	ODA Civil Democratic Alliance		6	0.0	1.0
3	Nadeje Hope		2	0.0	0.3
4	RMS Republicans of Miroslav Sladek		2	0.0	0.3
5	CSNS National Social Party		2	0.0	0.3
6	SV-SOS countryside P unit.civ power		1	0.0	0.2
7	Association of Independents		19	0.0	3.2
8	ODS Civic Democratic		108	0.2	18.1
9	KSCM Communist Party		55	0.1	9.2
10	KDU CSL Christian Party		42	0.1	7.0
11	US-DEU Freedom U-Democratic Union		10	0.0	1.7
12	SZJ Party for Life Securities		3	0.0	0.5
13	PB Right Block		2	0.0	0.3
14	SZ Party of Greens		19	0.0	3.2
95	Other Party		14	0.0	2.3
96	Would not vote		188	0.4	31.5
98	Don't know	M	229	0.5	
99	Na	M	463	1.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		597		

V261 - R: Party affiliation: Germany (DE\_PRTY)

DE\_PRTY - Germany

If there is a general election next Sunday, which party would you elect with your second vote?

0 NAP (not eligible, no German nationality); Not available

1 CDU/CSU - Christian Democratic Union/Christian Social Union (Christlich Demokratische Union/Christlich Soziale Union; CDU was founded after World War II as a christian-democratic, centre-right, civic-conservative party; CSU is the sister party of the CDU operating exclusively in Bavaria, but also has influence on the federal level by forming a faction with the CDU; regional, conservative party)

2 SPD - Social Democratic Party of Germany (Sozial- demokratische Partei Deutschlands; founded in 1863 under the name General German Worker's Association/ADAV; in 1875 the Social Democratic Worker's Party/SDAP merged with the ADAV; banned by the Nazis, SPD was re-established after World War II in West Germany, in East Germany the SPD was forced to merge with the Communist Party of Germany/DKP into the state party Socialist Unity Party of Germany/SED; after the reunification in 1990 an all-German SPD was recreated; social-democratic party)

3 FDP/Die Liberalen - Free Democratic Party/The Libe- rals (Freie Demokratische Partei/Die Liberalen; founded in 1948; centre-liberal party)

4 GRUENE - Alliance 90/The Greens (Buendnis 90/Die Gruenen; in West Germany the Greens were founded in 1980; in 1989 the Green Party in East Germany was formed and merged to an all-German Green Party in 1990; Alliance 90 is rooted in peace and civil rights movements in the GDR and merged with the Greens in 1993; ecologist-green party)

7 REP - The Republicans (Die Republikaner; founded in 1983 by discontented former CSU-members; far right, xenophobic, populist party)

8 PDS/Linke Liste - Party of Democratic Socialism (Partei des Demokratischen Sozialismus; founded in 1990 as the successor party to the GDR state party Socialist Unity Party of Germany/SED; PDS comprises a range from left social-democratic to communist positions; focused on social issues and a sort of nostalgia for the former GDR, PDS' efforts to establish on a federal level has been resulted in moderate success so far, thus , PDS can be categorized as a regional Eastern-German party; socialist party)

95 Other party

96 Would not vote, not eligible

97 Refused

98 Don't know

V261

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV,nap:non eligible	M	45330	97.2	
1	CDU/ CSU		342	0.7	30.6
2	SPD		332	0.7	29.7
3	FDP		141	0.3	12.6
4	Buendnis 90/Gruene		88	0.2	7.9
7	Republikaner		13	0.0	1.2
8	PDS/Linke Liste		81	0.2	7.3
95	Other Party		17	0.0	1.5
96	Would not vote;not eligible		103	0.2	9.2
97	Refused	M	37	0.1	
98	Don't know	M	154	0.3	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1117		



V262 - R: Party affiliation: Denmark (DK\_PRTY)

DK\_PRTY - Denmark: respondent's vote at the last general election on November 20th 2001 (derived variable)

- 0 NAP (did not vote at last election or DK/NA); Not available
- 1 SD - Social Democracy in Denmark (Socialdemokratiet i Danmark; founded in 1871; centre-left, social-democratic party)
- 2 RV - Radical Left-Social Liberal Party (Radikale Venstre; founded in 1905; unlike the name may suggest RV can be categorized as a centrist, social-liberal party)
- 3 KP - Conservative People's Party (Konservative Folkeparti; founded in 1915; conservative party)
- 4 CD - Centre-Democratic Party (Centrum Demokraterne; formed in 1973 after a split with SD; CD sees its role as a moderating one between the socialist and non-socialist parties; conservative centrist party)
- 5 SF - Socialist People's Party (Socialistisk Folke- parti; founded in 1959; anti- EU oriented, far left socialist party)
- 6 DF - Danish People's Party (Dansk Folkeparti; founded in 1995 after a split with Progress Party/FRP; far right, anti-EU; nationalist-xenophobic party)
- 7 KRF - Christian People's Party (Kristeligt Folkeparti; founded in 1970 with help from Norwegian and Swedish sister parties, largely as a reaction against the relaxation of abortion laws and the introduction of sex education in schools; centre-right, christian- democratic party) - (in 2003 KRF remamed Christian Democrats/Kristendemokraterne/KD)
- 9 V - Left-Liberal Party of Denmark (Venstre - Danmarks Liberale Parti; founded in 1870; unlike the name may suggest, V can be categorized as a right-of-centre; conservative party)
- 10 FRP - Progress Party (Fremskridtspartiet; founded in 1972 as a protest party; nationalist, far right po-pulist party)
- 11 EL - Unity List/The Red-Greens (Enhedslisten - De Roed Groenne; the Red-Green Alliance was formed in 1989 by three leftwing parties: the Left Socialist Party/VS, the Communist Party of Denmark/DKP and the Socialist Workers' Party/SAP; anti-EU oriented, extreme-left party)
- 95 Other Party
- 96 No preference; returned blank ballot paper
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

V262

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Did not vote;NAV	M	45349	97.2	
1	Social Democratic P		349	0.7	29.5
2	Radical Liberal P		66	0.1	5.6
3	Conservative P		84	0.2	7.1
4	Centre Democratic		16	0.0	1.4
5	Socialist Peoples P		93	0.2	7.9
6	Danish Peoples Prty		105	0.2	8.9
7	Christian Peoples P		23	0.0	1.9
9	Liberal		398	0.9	33.7
10	Progressive		11	0.0	0.9
11	Leftwing Alliance		26	0.1	2.2
95	Other Party		2	0.0	0.2
96	No preference		9	0.0	0.8
98	Don't know	M	69	0.1	
99	Na	M	38	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1182		

V263 - R: Party affiliation: Spain (ES\_PRTY)

ES\_PRTY - Spain

Vote in last election: March 2000

0 Not available

1 PP - People's Party (Partido Popular, founded in 1977 as a federation of seven right-wing parties/FAP; in 1978 the FAP became the United Party of Popular Alliance/PUAP, which turned into an actual single party called Popular Alliance/AP in 1979; in 1989 the party changed its name to People's Party/PP; christian-democratic, conservative centre-right party)

2 PSOE - Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (Partido Socialista Obrero Espanol; founded in 1879; during the dictatorship of Franco (1939-1975); the PSOE was illegalised and persecuted; centre-left, social-democratic party)

3 IU - United Left (Izquierda Unida; IU is a permanent coalition established in 1986 by several groups of leftists, green, left-wing socialists, republicans and its dominant component, the Communist Party of Spain/PCE; eurosceptic, socialist, left-wing coalition)

4 CIU - Convergence and Union of Catalonia (Convergencia i Unio de Catalunya; Catalan coalition formed in 1978 by the Democratic Convergence of Catalonia/CDC and the Democratic Union of Catalonia/UDC; regionalist, moderate Catalan-nationalist, liberal/christian-democratic, centre-right coalition with influence on the national level)

5 PNV-EAJ - Basque Nationalist Party (Partido Nacionalista Vasco/Euzko Alderdi Jeltzalea; PNV was founded in 1895; regionalist, moderate Basque-nationalist, christian-democratic, centre-right party)

6 BNG - Galician Nationalist Bloc (Bloque Nacionalista Galego; BNG was founded in 1982 as the merger of the Galician Socialist Party/PSG and the Galician National Popular Bloc/BPNG; currently it consists of a several-party coalition; regionalist, Galician-nationalist; eurosceptic, left-wing, socialist coalition)

7 CC - Canarian Coalition (Coalicion Canaria; a Canarian-regionalist, centre-right liberal party)

8 PA - Andalusian Party (Partido Andalucista; Andalusian-regionalist, centre-right party)

9 ERC - Republican Left of Catalonia (Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya; founded in 1931; declared illegal under the dictatorship of Franco; regionalist, Catalan-separatist, pro-independence, left-wing party)

10 IC-V - Initiative for Catalonia - Greens (Iniciativa per Catalunya-Verds; IC is the Catalan version of IU; Catalan-regionalist, left-wing/green party)

11 EA - Basque Solidarity (Eusko Alkartasuna; EA was founded in 1986 as a split from EAJ-PNV; regionalist, moderate Basque-nationalist, centre-left, social-democratic oriented party)

12 CHA - Aragonese Council (Chunta Aragonesista; regionalist, Aragonese-nationalist, left-wing/green party)

94 Vote blank

95 Other Party

96 No vote, not eligible (too young)

98 Don't know

99 No answer

V263

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44167	94.7	
1	PP		502	1.1	25.9
2	PSOE		600	1.3	31.0
3	IU		98	0.2	5.1
4	CIU-Catalonian nationalists		51	0.1	2.6
5	PNV-Basque nationalists		28	0.1	1.4
6	BNG-Galician nationalists		13	0.0	0.7
7	CC-Canarian regionalists		4	0.0	0.2
8	PA-Andalusian regionalists		8	0.0	0.4
9	ERC-Catalonian nationalists		16	0.0	0.8
10	IC-V-Catalonian greens+IU		10	0.0	0.5
11	EA-V-Basque nationalists		2	0.0	0.1
12	CHA-Aragon nationalists		9	0.0	0.5
94	Vote blank		44	0.1	2.3
95	Other Party		29	0.1	1.5
96	No vote,not eligible		523	1.1	27.0
98	Don't know	M	157	0.3	
99	Na	M	377	0.8	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1937		

V264 - R: Party affiliation: France (FR\_PRTY)

FR\_PRTY - France

Could you tell me, which party do you sympathize mostly with?

0 Not available

1 PCF - French Communist Party (Parti Communiste Francais; founded in 1920 when the French Section of the Communist International/SFIC split from the French Section of the Workers' International/SFIO, which again turned into the Parti Socialiste/PS; PCF took an active role in the Resistance; SFIC was renamed to its current name in 1943; communist party)

2 LO-LCR/PT (extreme-gauche) - Workers' Struggle-Revolutionary Communist League/Workers' Party (Lutte Ouvriere-Ligue Communiste Revolutionnaire/Parti des Travailleurs; what in the national data set was coded 'far left' seems to comprise the three small far left parties mentioned above; in the 2002 presidential election LO and LCR had run separately, after that a joined list and an electoral alliance was formed; far left, eurosceptic, trotskyist parties)

3 PS - Socialist Party (Parti Socialiste; PS was re- founded in 1969 by a merger of the French Section of the Workers' International/SFIO and several socialist clubs; in 1971 PS merges with Mitterand's Convention of Republican Institutions/CIR; in 1974 some members of the Unified Socialist Party/PSU joined the PS; since 1984 social-democratic oriented party)

4 VERTS - The Greens (Les Verts; founded in 1984; The Greens are one green party out of five within a rather patchy and divided political landscape of French environmental movements; ecologist-green party)

5 UDF - Union for French Democracy (Union pour la Democratie Francaises; launched 1978 by initiative of Valerie d'Estaing as a confederation of five centre and non-Gaullist right parties; in 1998 the new UDF is introduced as a single party; centre-right, christian-democratic, conservative-liberal party)

6 RPR - Rally for the Republic (Rassemblement pour la Republique; founded in 1976 by Jacques Chirac as a successor to Union for the Defence of the Republic/UDR; RPR, as its successors, stands in the tradition of Charles de Gaulle's RPF, founded in 1943; conservative-gaullist party) - (in 2002 RPR ceased to exist as it merges with Liberal Democracy/DL, Radical Party/RAD and the Popular Party for the French Democracy/PPDF into the Union for a Presidential Majority/UMP, which was later renamed to Union for a Popular Movement/UMP)

7 FN - National Front (Front National; founded in 1972; eurosceptic, nationalist, extremist-right, xenophobic party)

95 Other Party

96 No preference, no vote

99 No answer

V264

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAP, NAV	M	44735	95.9	
1	Communist party		55	0.1	3.4
2	Far left		33	0.1	2.1
3	Socialist party		441	0.9	27.5
4	Green		153	0.3	9.5
5	UDF-Liberal		108	0.2	6.7
6	RPR-Conservative		333	0.7	20.8
7	National Front		51	0.1	3.2
95	Other Party		24	0.1	1.5
96	No preference,no vote		406	0.9	25.3
99	Na	M	299	0.6	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1604		

V265 - R: Party affiliation: Belgium/ Flanders BE-FLA (BE\_PRTY)

BE-FLA\_PRTY - Belgium/ Flanders

0 Not available

V265

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

V266 - R: Party affiliation: Great Britain GB-GBN (GB\_PRTY)

GB-GBN\_PRTY - Great Britain, GB-NIR\_PRTY - Northern Ireland

Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter of any political party? If yes: Which one? Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than the others? If yes: Which one? If there were a general election tomorrow which political party do you think you would be most likely to support?

0 Not available

1 CONS - Conservative Party (the Conservative Party arose in the 1830s, but its origin can be traced to the Tory Party back in the seventeenth century; centre-right conservative party)

2 LAB - Labour Party (founded in 1900, LAB evolved from a socialist, pro-trade union party to a centre-left, social-democratic party; this repositioning in the 1980s/1990s was branded New Labour; social-democratic party)

3 LD - Liberal Democrats (LD was called Liberal Party/ LP to 1988, when it merged with the Social Democratic Party/SDP to form the Social and Liberal Democrats/SLD; in 1989 the party adopted the name of Liberal Democrats/LD; the British liberal tradition goes back to the 17th century, when first the Whigs versus the Tories, then the successor parties Liberal Party/LP versus Conservative Party/CONS determined British politics; SDP was founded in 1982 as a centrist break-away group of the Labour Party; LD can be categorised as centrist, social-liberal party)

4 SDLP - Social Democratic and Labour Party (founded in the early 1970s; Northern Irish-nationalist; catholic-oriented, pro-Irish, social-democratic party)

5 DUP - Democratic Unionist Party (evolved from the Protestant Unionist party, established in the 1970s; protestant-oriented, pro-British, radical unionist, conservative party in Northern Ireland)

6 SNP - Scottish National Party (SNP was founded in 1934 as the result of the merger of the National Party of Scotland/NPS and the Scottish Party; centre-left, social-democratic, Scottish-independence party)

7 PC - Plaid Cymru (Party of Wales, founded in 1925; PC is a social-democratic, Welsh-separatist party)

8 GREEN - Green Party of England and Wales (formed in 1973 as the Ecology Party; in the 1980s it was renamed to its current name; the Scottish wing of the party split to form the Scottish Green Party/SGP in 1996; ecologist-green party)

9 UUP - Ulster Unionist Party (formed in 1905; protestant-oriented, pro-British, conservative unionist party in Northern Ireland)

10 APNI - Alliance Party of Northern Ireland (founded in 1970; APNI aims to act as a bridge between the Protestant and Catholic sections in NI; Northern-Irish liberal party)

11 SF - Sinn Féin (We Ourselves, originally founded as an Irish separatist monarchist party, in 1917 it became an Irish Republican party; after the creation of two partitioned states, Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland in 1920, SF operated in both parliaments; modern SF is the strongest nationalist party in NI with strong links to the militant Irish Republican Party/IRA; catholic-oriented, pro-Irish, separatist, extreme-left party in Northern Ireland)

12 NIUP - Northern Ireland Unionist Party (formed in 1999 as a splinter party from the UK Unionist Party/ UKUP, protestant-oriented, unionist party in Northern Ireland)

13 NIWC/WC - Northern Ireland Women's Coalition (founded in 1996 as a non-sectarian, cross-community, feminist party in Northern Ireland)

14 PUP - Progressive Unionist Party (formed in 1979; protestant-working class oriented, pro-British, radical unionist, left-wing party)

93 Other answer

95 Other party

96 Would not vote; no party preference

98 Don't know

99 No answer



V266

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	43691	93.7	
1	Conservative		496	1.1	17.6
2	Labour		810	1.7	28.8
3	Liberal Democrats,LD		231	0.5	8.2
4	Social Democratic+Labour Party,SDLP		210	0.5	7.5
5	Democratic Unionist P		107	0.2	3.8
6	SNP (Scot National)		29	0.1	1.0
7	Plaid Cymru		10	0.0	0.4
8	Green party		26	0.1	0.9
9	Ulster Unionist Party		238	0.5	8.5
10	Alliance Party		53	0.1	1.9
11	Sinn Fein		69	0.1	2.5
12	NI Unionist Party		38	0.1	1.4
13	Womens Coalition		22	0.0	0.8
14	Progressive Unionist P		9	0.0	0.3
93	Other answer		213	0.5	7.6
95	Other Party		19	0.0	0.7
96	Would not vote;no party preference		234	0.5	8.3
98	Don't know	M	100	0.2	
99	Na	M	33	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2814		

V267 - R: Party affiliation: Hungary (HU\_PRTY)

HU\_PRTY - Hungary

Party preferences

0 Not available

1 MDF - Hungarian Democratic Forum/HDF (Magyar Demokrata Forum; founded in 1988 by dissidents; in 1993 a radical faction split from MDF to form the extreme right-wing Justice and Life Party/MIEP; in 1996 a centrist faction split from MDF to form the Hungarian Democratic People's Party/MDNP, which is now a part of Centre Party/CP; christian-democratic, centre-right, national-liberal conservative party)

2 SZDSZ - Alliance of Free Democrats/AFD (Szabad Demokratak Szoevetsege; founded in 1988 by dissidents; centrist, liberal party)

3 FKGB - Independent Party of Smallholders/ISHP (Fueggetlen Kisgazdapart; FKGB was first founded in 1930, then reestablished in 1988; agrarian-conservative party)

4 MSZP - Hungarian Socialist Party/HSP (Magyar Szocialista Part; MSZP was founded in 1989 as a successor to the communist state party Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party/MSZMP, which ceased to exist; pro-EU oriented, socialist/social-democratic party)

5 Fidesz-MPP - Federation of Young Democrats/FYD-Hungarian Civic Party (Fiatal Demokratak Szoevetsege- Magyar Polgari Part; Fidesz was founded in 1988 by young dissidents as a youth liberal party; then the party has been undertaken radical changes and moved from liberalism to the centre, from which it finally turned into a right-wing, christian-democratic, conservative party; in 1995 the party changed its name to Fidesz-MPP; conservative party) - (in 2003 Fidesz-MPP was renamed Fidesz-MPSZ/Federation of Young Democrats-Hungarian Civic Alliance/Fidesz-Magyar Polgari Szoevetsege)

6 MP - Workers' Party/WP (Munkaspart; MP consists of the rump of former communist state party Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party/MSZMP; members who refused the party's change to the Hungarian Socialist Party/MSZP in 1989 adopted the name Workers' Party/Munkas-part in 1991; marxist-leninist communist party)

7 MIEP - Hungarian Justice and Life Party/aka: Hungarian Truth and Life Party (Magyar Igazsag es Elet Partja; MIEP was founded in 1993 by dissidents expelled from MDF because of their radical nationalism; nationalist, anti-semitic, xenophobic, extreme right-wing party)

8 CP - Centre Party/CP (Centrumpart; formed in 2001 as a merger of Christian Democratic People's Party/KDNP, Hungarian Democratic People's Party/MDNP and two ecologist parties; centrist party)

95 Other party

96 Would not vote; no party preference

97 Refused

98 Can't choose

99 No answer

V267

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45615	97.8	
1	MDF-Hungarian Democratic Forum		14	0.0	1.8
2	FFD-Free Democrats		28	0.1	3.7
3	ISHP-Independent Small Holders		2	0.0	0.3
4	HSP-Hungarian Socialist Party		379	0.8	49.7
5	FIDESZ-MPP Fed of Young Democrats		230	0.5	30.2
6	Working Party		4	0.0	0.5
7	HIJP-Hungarian Truth		11	0.0	1.4
8	Centre Party		14	0.0	1.8
95	Other Party		3	0.0	0.4
96	Would not vote;no party preference		77	0.2	10.1
97	Refused	M	78	0.2	
98	Can't choose	M	169	0.4	
99	Na	M	14	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		762		

V268 - R: Party affiliation: Israel (IL\_PRTY)

IL\_PRTY - Israel

- 0 Not available
- 1 Israel one
- 2 Likud
- 3 Shase
- 4 Meretz
- 5 Mafdal
- 6 Yahadut-Hatora
- 7 Am ehad
- 8 Shinuy
- 9 Haehud Halumi
- 10 The Central Party
- 11 Israel Bealiya
- 12 Israel Betenu
- 13 Haderch Hashlishit
- 14 Pnina Rosenblum
- 15 Tzomet
- 21 Haadash
- 22 Balad
- 23 Hatnua Haaravit Hame
- 95 Other party
- 96 No vote; no party preference
- 97 Refused
- 99 No answer

V268

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45429	97.4	
1	Israel one		191	0.4	20.9
2	Likud		356	0.8	38.9
3	Shase		34	0.1	3.7
4	Meretz		72	0.2	7.9
5	Mafdal		48	0.1	5.2
6	Yahadut-Hatora		52	0.1	5.7
7	Am ehad		5	0.0	0.5
8	Shinuy		35	0.1	3.8
9	Haehud Halumi		18	0.0	2.0
10	The central party		3	0.0	0.3
11	Israel Bealiya		14	0.0	1.5
12	Israel Betenu		17	0.0	1.9
13	Haderch Hashlishit		1	0.0	0.1
14	Pnina Rosenblum		2	0.0	0.2
15	Tzomet		2	0.0	0.2
21	Haadash		38	0.1	4.1
22	Balad		12	0.0	1.3
23	Hatnua Haaravit Hame		16	0.0	1.7
97	Refused	M	222	0.5	
99	Na	M	71	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		916		

V269 - R: Party affiliation: Ireland (IE\_PRTY)

IE\_PRTY - Ireland/Eire

If there was a general election tomorrow, which party would you give your vote to?

0 Not available

1 FF - Soldiers of Destiny-The Republican Party (Fianna Fail; founded in 1926 as a breakaway from Sinn Fein/SF; FF opposed to the Anglo-Irish Treaty of 1921, which created the Irish Free State; in the 1930s FF stood for 'tit for tat' policy by starting an economic war with Britain, in which a mutual placing of tariffs on imports from the respective rival took place; in 1937 FF drew up a new constitution, which claimed that Ireland consists of the entire island; in the 1990s FF played an active role in paving the way for a peace process in Northern Ireland culminating in the 'Good Friday Agreement'; FF is allied with Italy's 'post-fascist' Alleanza Nazionale in the European Parliament; populist, republican, national-conservative party)

2 FG - Tribe of the Gaels/aka: Family of the Irish (Fine gael; founded in 1933 as a merger of the Centre Party, Cumann na nGaedhael/Society of the Gaels/CG and the Blueshirts; FG was formed by the faction who was in favour of the Anglo-Irish Treaty of 1921, which created the Irish Free State and divided the island in the Republic of Ireland (1948) and Northern Ireland; centre-right, christian-democratic party)

3 LAB - Irish Labour Party (Pairti Lucht Oibre; founded in 1912 at a conference of the Irish Trade Union Congress; the Anglo-Irish treaty of 1921 divided the LAB when some extreme socialists sided with FF; in the 1990s LAB played an active role in contributing to the peace process; in 1997 LAB merged with Democratic Left, keeping its name; LAB is the sister party of the Northern Irish SDLP/Social Democratic and Labour Party; social-democratic party)

5 PD - Progressive Democrats (Dan Pairty Daonlathach; founded in 1985 as a split from FF; PD aims to combine right-wing economic policies with liberal social policies; 'low-tax', liberal party)

6 GP - Green Party (Comhaontas Glas; founded in 1982 as Ecology Party of Ireland, renamed into its current name in 1987; GP aims to be an open, non-hierarchical party, which finds expression in the party's structure: the party has no leaders with all positions within it rotating after one year; GP has strong links with the Northern Irish Green Party; eurosceptical, ecologist-green party)

7 SF - We Ourselves (Sinn Fein; founded in 1905; SF was originally founded as an Irish separatist monarchist party, in 1917 it moved to an Irish republican party; SF subsequently underwent successive splits (1922, 1926, 1970) from which emerged a range of parties (Cumann na nGaedehael, Fianna Fail; Official Sinn Fein, Sinn Fein-The Workers' Party, Workers' Party); Except LAB and GP, all of Ireland's parties has direct or indirect historical links to SF; in the 1960s the party moved to the left; in the 1970s a further split into marxist Official Sinn Fein and traditional republican Provisional Sinn Fein occurred; OSF evolved into Workers' Party and Democratic Left, whereas PSF is often referred to as the political arm of the militant Irish Republican Army/IRA conducting terrorist actions in Northern Ireland, though SF officially initiated steps towards moving SF away from violence and decommissioning of arms by the IRA; SF exists as well in IE as in GB-NIR; extreme-left party)

95 Other Party

96 Would not vote; no party preference

98 Can't choose

99 No answer

V269

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV; NAP	M	45398	97.3	
1	Fianna Fail		450	1.0	48.1
2	Fine Gael		176	0.4	18.8
3	Labour		80	0.2	8.6
5	Progressive Democrats		35	0.1	3.7
6	Green Party		43	0.1	4.6
7	Sinn Fein		43	0.1	4.6
95	Other Party		53	0.1	5.7
96	Would not vote;No party preference		55	0.1	5.9
98	Can't choose	M	260	0.6	
99	Na	M	45	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		935		

V270 - R: Party affiliation: Japan (JP\_PRTY)

JP\_PRTY - Japan

What is your party preference?

0 Not available

1 LDP - Liberal Democratic Party (Jiyu-Minshuto, conservative party)

2 DPJ - Democratic Party of Japan (Minshuto, liberal party, founded in 1996)

3 LP - Liberal Party (Jiyuto, founded in 1998)

4 New Komeito

5 JCP - Japanese Communist Party (Nihon Kyosanto, national-communist party)

6 SDPJ - Social Democratic Party (Shakai Minshuto, emerged from the Japan Socialist Party in 1996)

95 Other Party (including New Conservative Party)

96 No party preference

99 No answer

V270

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45506	97.6	
1	Liberal Democratic Party		302	0.6	28.2
2	The Democratic Party		37	0.1	3.5
3	Liberal Party		13	0.0	1.2
4	New Komeito		47	0.1	4.4
5	Japanese Communist Party		18	0.0	1.7
6	Social Democratic Party		26	0.1	2.4
95	Other Party:New Conservative Prty		5	0.0	0.5
96	No party preference		624	1.3	58.2
99	Na	M	60	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1072		



## V271 - R: Party affiliation: Latvia (LV\_PRTY)

LV\_PRTY - Latvia

0 Not available

1 TB/LNNK - Alliance Fatherland and Freedom (Apvieniba Tevzemei un Brivibai, conservative-nationalist party)

2 PCTVL - For Human Rights in a United Latvia (Par Cilveka Tiesibam Vienota Latvija; the PCTVL is a coalition of TSP/People's Harmony Party, LSP/Latvian Socialist Party and the Equal Rights Movement)

3 SDLP - Social Democratic Welfare Party (Socialdemokratiska Labklajibas Partija)

5 LSDSP - Latvian Social Democratic Workers' Party (Latvijas Socialdemokratiska Stradnieku Partija; social-democratic party)

7 JL - New Era (Jaunais Laiks; conservative-centrist party)

8 TP - People's Party (Tautas Partija; conservative reformist party)

9 LPP - Latvia's First Party (Latvijas Pirma Partija; christian-democratic union including Kristīgi Demokratiska Savienība)

13 SDS - Social-Democratic Union (Socialdemokratu Savienība)

15 LC - Latvia's Way (Latvijas Cels; liberal party)

18 LG - Light of Latgale (Latgales Gaisma, regional party)

20 ZZS - Green and Farmers' Union (Zaļo un Zemnieku Savienība; the ZZS consists of the LZP/Latvian Green Party and the LZS/Latvian Farmers' Union)

96 No party preference, no vote

97 Refused

98 Don't know

## V271

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45638	97.9	
1	LNNK Alliance Tcvzemei un Brivibai		18	0.0	2.3
2	Pol Org f Human Rights i United Lat		63	0.1	8.2
3	Social democratic welfare Party		2	0.0	0.3
5	Latv Social Democratic Workers		11	0.0	1.4
7			123	0.3	16.0
8	The Peoples Party		45	0.1	5.8
9	Latvias First Party		17	0.0	2.2
13	Social Democratic Union SDS		2	0.0	0.3
15	Union Latvias Way		17	0.0	2.2
18	Latgales Gaisma		1	0.0	0.1
20	Pol org. Green a Farmer union		27	0.1	3.5
96	No party preference, not vote		445	1.0	57.7
97	Refused	M	46	0.1	
98	DK	M	183	0.4	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		771		

## V272 - R: Party affiliation: Mexico (MX\_PRTY)

MX\_PRTY - Mexico

For which of the political parties did you vote for at the presidential elections in July 2000?

- 0 Not available
- 1 PAN - National Action Party (Partido Accion Nacional; conservative party, PAN and PVEM form the governing Alliance for Change/Alianza por Cambio since 2000)
- 2 PRI - Institutional Revolutionary Party (Partido Revolucionario Institucional; authoritarian-centrist party)
- 3 PRD - Party of the Democratic Revolution (Partido de la Revolucion Democratica; social-democratic party, PRD, PT, C/Convergence for Democracy, Social Alliance Party, Nationalist Society Party form the opposing Alliance for Mexico/Alianza por Mexico)
- 4 PT - Labour Party (Partido del Trabajo; socialist party)
- 5 PVEM - Ecologist Green Party of Mexico (Partido Verde Ecologista de Mexico; ecologist party)
- 95 Other Party
- 96 No party preference
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

## V272

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45143	96.8	
1	PAN		298	0.6	22.1
2	PRI		444	1.0	33.0
3	PRD		97	0.2	7.2
4	PT		6	0.0	0.4
5	PVEM		9	0.0	0.7
95	Other Party		43	0.1	3.2
96	No party preference		450	1.0	33.4
98	Don't know	M	61	0.1	
99	Na	M	87	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1347		

## V273 - R: Party affiliation: Norway (NO\_PRTY)

NO\_PRTY - Norway

Do you consider yourself as a supporter of a political party, which party?

- 0 Not available
- 1 Red Electoral Alliance (Roed Valgallianse; marxist-leninist and independent socialists)
- 2 DNA - Labour Party (Det Norske Arbeiderparti; social-democratic party)
- 3 FRP - Progress Party (Fremskrittspartiet; liberalist party to the right of the Conservative Party)
- 4 H - Conservative Party (Hoeyre)
- 5 KrF - Christian People's Party (Kristelig Folkeparti; christian-democratic, centrist party)
- 6 SP - Centre Party (Senterpartiet; formerly the Agrarian Party, centrist party)
- 7 SV - Socialist Left Party (Sosialistisk Venstreparti; socialist party to the left of the DNA/Labour Party)
- 8 V - Liberal Party (Venstre; liberal, centrist-left party)
- 95 Other Party
- 96 No party preference; wouldn't vote
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

## V273

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45163	96.8	
1	Red Electoral All		17	0.0	1.4
2	Labour Party		213	0.5	17.5
3	Progress Party		335	0.7	27.5
4	Conserv Party		198	0.4	16.3
5	Christ Democr Party		106	0.2	8.7
6	Centre party		47	0.1	3.9
7	Socialist Left		165	0.4	13.5
8	Liberal		34	0.1	2.8
95	Other Party		11	0.0	0.9
96	No party preference;wouldnt vote		92	0.2	7.6
98	Don't know	M	233	0.5	
99	Na	M	24	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1218		

V274 - R: Party affiliation: Netherlands (NL\_PRTY)

NL\_PRTY - Netherlands

If there were parliamentary elections now, which party would you vote for?

0 Not available

1 PvdA - Labour Party (Partij van de Arbeid; social-democratic party)

2 VVD - Liberal Party (People's Party for Freedom and Democracy (Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie; liberal-conservative party))

3 CDA - Christian Democratic Appeal (Christen Democratisch Appel; christian- democratic party)

4 D66 - Democrats 66 (Democraten 66; centre/liberal-left party)

5 SGP - Politically Reformed Party (Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij; protestant-fundamentalist party with even stronger points to ethical points of view than the CU)

6 GL - Green Left Party (Groen links; ecologist party to the left of the PvdA)

7 SP - Socialist Party (Socialistische Partij; most radical left-wing, socialist party)

8 LPF - List Pim Fortuyn (Lijst Pim Fortuyn; right-wing populist party)

9 CU - Christians' Union (Christen Unie; in 2001 the two orthodox protestant parties Reformed Political Union/Gereformeerd Politiek Verbond/GPV and Reforming Political Federation/Reformatische Politieke Federatie/RPF merged into the single party CU; conservative, protestant-fundamentalist party)

10 LN - Liveable Netherland (Leefbaar Nederland; civic- right party)

94 Vote blank

95 Other party

96 Would not vote; not eligible

97 Refused

98 Can't choose

V274

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45389	97.3	
1	Labour Party-PvdA		176	0.4	16.3
2	Liberal Party-VVD		185	0.4	17.1
3	Christian Democratic		268	0.6	24.8
4	Democrats 66-D66		69	0.1	6.4
5	Calvinist State Party		9	0.0	0.8
6	Green Left Party		81	0.2	7.5
7	Socialist Party-SP		129	0.3	11.9
8	Lijst Pim Fortuyn		30	0.1	2.8
9	Christian Union		21	0.0	1.9
10	Livable Netherlands		3	0.0	0.3
94	Vote blank		3	0.0	0.3
95	Other Party		3	0.0	0.3
96	Would not vote;not eligible		105	0.2	9.7
97	Refused	M	6	0.0	
98	Can't choose	M	161	0.3	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1082		

## V275 - R: Party affiliation: New Zealand (NZ\_PRTY)

NZ\_PRTY - New Zealand

Generally speaking, in politics do you usually think of yourself as:

- 0 Not available
- 1 ACT - Association of Consumers and Taxpayers (libertarian party)
- 2 Alliance (left-wing, progressive party)
- 4 NZLP - New Zealand Labour Party (social-democratic, centre-left party)
- 5 NP - New Zealand National Party (centre-right, conservative party)
- 6 NZFP - New Zealand First Party (centrist, populist-nationalist party)
- 7 UF - United Future New Zealand (centrist/centre-right party)
- 95 Other party
- 96 No preference, not vote
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

## V275

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45613	97.8	
1	ACT Ass o Consumers a Taxpayers		58	0.1	6.7
2	Alliance		22	0.0	2.5
4	Labour		338	0.7	39.0
5	National		180	0.4	20.8
6	New Zealand First		66	0.1	7.6
7	United		61	0.1	7.0
95	Other party		82	0.2	9.5
96	No preference, not vote		59	0.1	6.8
98	Don't know	M	30	0.1	
99	Na	M	129	0.3	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		866		

## V276 - R: Party affiliation: Portugal (PT\_PRTY)

PT\_PRTY - Portugal

Which party do you sympathize with?

0 Not available

1 BE - Left Bloc (Bloco de esquerda; communist/extreme-left alliance formed by communist Democratic People's Union/Uniao Democratico Popular, extreme-left Revolutionary Socialist Party/Partido Socialista Revolucionario and extreme-left Politics XXI/Politica XXI)

2 CDS-PP - Social Democratic Centre-People's Party (Partido do Centro Democratico Social/Partido Popular; conservative-right parties)

3 CDU - United Democratic Coalition (Coligacao Democratica Unitaria); a far-left, green-communist coalition formed by PCP/Portuguese Communist Party (Partido Comunista Portugues) and the Green Party (Os Verdes)

5 PSD - Social Democratic Party (Partido Social Democrata); formerly known as PPD/Popular Democratic Party (Partido Popular Democrata); unlike the name may suggest the PSD can be categorized as a centre-right, conservative-liberal party

6 PS - Socialist Party (Partido Socialista; unlike the name may suggest the PS can be categorized as a centrist, moderate social-democratic party)

7 PSR - Revolutionary Socialist Party (Partido Socialista Revolucionario; extreme-left party joining the BE)

8 UDP - Democratic People's Union (Uniao Democratico Popular; communist party joining the BE)

95 Other Party

96 None; no preference

99 No answer

## V276

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45546	97.7	
1	Bloco de Esquerda		32	0.1	3.1
2	CDS, PP		20	0.0	1.9
3	CDU-PCP		58	0.1	5.6
5	PPD, PSD		179	0.4	17.4
6	PS		252	0.5	24.5
7	PSR		1	0.0	0.1
8	UDP		1	0.0	0.1
95	Other party		2	0.0	0.2
96	None, no preference		485	1.0	47.1
99	Na	M	62	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1030		

V277 - R: Party affiliation: Poland (PL\_PRTY)

PL\_PRTY - Poland

Did you vote in the election to the Sejm and Senate in September, 2001?

(IF YES) Which election list was the parliamentary candidate you voted for from?

0 Not available

1 SLD-UP - Democratic Left Alliance/Union of Labour (Sojusz Lewicy Demokratycznej/Unia Pracy; the SLD was created in 1999, predominantly derived from the former SdRP/Social Democracy of the Republic of Poland, which succeeded the ruling party in the Communist era: the PZPR/Polish United Workers' Party; The UP was established in 1991 as a social-democratic alternative to the post-Communist parties; nowadays, both parties are social-democratic oriented parties)

2 AWS - Solidarity Electoral Action (Akcja Wyborcza Solidarnosc; first four-party coalition (RS AWS/ZChN/PPChD/SKL) in 2000, in 2001 SKL withdrew and the reduced three-party coalition adopted the name AWSP/Solidarity Electoral Action of the Right; christian-democratic, conservative party)

3 UW - Freedom Union (Unia Wolnosci, UW was formed in 1994 by the merger of UD and KLD; liberal party)

4 SO - Self-Defence Party (Samoobrona, SO was established as a trade union in 1991, in 1992 it was registered as a political party; anti-EU oriented, populist, agrarian-nationalist, left party)

5 PiS - Law and Justice (Prawo i Sprawiedliwosc; created in 2001, PiS derived from ASW; conservative party)

6 PSL - Polish People's Party/aka: Polish Peasants' Party (Polskie tronnictwo Ludowe; launched in 1989 from the previous ZDL, a PZPR satellite, in 1990 the current PSL was formed; centre-left, agrarian party)

7 PO - Citizens'/Civic Platform (Platforma Obywtelska; created in 2001 from former members of the UD and AWS parties; conservative-liberal party)

8 ARS - Alternative Social Movement (Alternatywa Ruch Spoieczny; anti-EU, far right- nationalist party)

10 LPR - League of Polish Families (Liga Polskich Rodzin; anti-EU, rightist, catholic-fundamentalist party)

11 MN - German Minority (Mniejszosc Niemiecka; according to a special provision in 1991, MN does not have to cross the electoral thresholds of 5% (party)/ 8% (electoral coalition) for being a minority party)

14 PPS - Polish Socialist Party (Polska Partia Socjalistyczna; socialist-left party)

95 Other Party

98 Don't know, refused

99 No answer



V277

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Did not vote 2001;NAV	M	45865	98.3	
1	SLD-UP Democratic Left Alliance		300	0.6	44.1
2	AWS Solidarity Election Action		32	0.1	4.7
3	UW Freedom Union		39	0.1	5.7
4	LEPPERS Self-Defense Trade Union		72	0.2	10.6
5	PiS Law and Justice Party		70	0.2	10.3
6	PSL Polish Peasants Party		65	0.1	9.6
7	PO Civic Platform of Rep of Poland		60	0.1	8.8
8	ALTERNATIVE Social Movement		1	0.0	0.1
10	LPR League of Polish Families		34	0.1	5.0
11	German Minority		3	0.0	0.4
14	PPS Polish Socialist Party		1	0.0	0.1
95	Other Party		3	0.0	0.4
98	Dk, refused	M	92	0.2	
99	Na	M	1	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		680		

V278 - R: Party affiliation: Chile (CL\_PRTY)

CL\_PRTY - Chile

Which political party do you favour?

0 Not available

1 PDC - Christian Democratic Party (Partido Demócrata Cristiano de Chile; member of the ruling Concertación /Centre-Left Alliance; centrist, christian-democratic party)

2 UDI - Independent Democratic Union (Unión Demócrata Independiente; member of the opposing Alianza por Chile/Conservative-Right Alliance; far-right, authoritarian-conservative party)

3 PCC - Communist Party of Chile (Partido Comunista de Chile; far-left, communist party)

4 RN - National Renewal Party (Renovación Nacional; member of the opposing Alianza por Chile/Conservative-Right Alliance; liberalright, authoritarian-conservative party)

5 PS - Chilean Socialist Party (Partido Socialista de Chile; member of the ruling Concertación/Centre-Left Alliance; socialist/social-democratic, centre-left party)

6 PRSD - Radical Social-Democratic Party (Partido Radical Social-Demócrata; member of the ruling Concertación/Centre-Left Alliance; unlike the name may suggest, the PRSD can be categorized as a centrist party)

7 PPD - Party for Democracy (Partido por la Democracia; member of the ruling Concertación/Centre-Left Alliance; in 1988 the PS launched the PPD as an 'instrumental party' in an effort to provide a broad base of opposition to Pinochet; in 1990 the PPD became a party in its own right, but still closely linked to the PS; social-liberal, centre-left party)

95 Other party

96 No party preference, would not vote

98 Don't know

99 No answer

V278

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45133	96.8	
1	Christian Democratic		205	0.4	14.7
2	Independent Democratic		156	0.3	11.2
3	Communist Party of Chile		38	0.1	2.7
4	National Renewal Party		114	0.2	8.1
5	Chilean Socialist Party		89	0.2	6.4
6	Radical Social Democratic		20	0.0	1.4
7	Democracy Party PPD		102	0.2	7.3
95	Other Party		4	0.0	0.3
96	Would not vote, no party preference		671	1.4	48.0
98	Don't know	M	40	0.1	
99	Na	M	66	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1399		

V279 - R: Party affiliation: Philippines (PH\_PRTY)

PH\_PRTY - Philippines

Which political party do you favour?

- 0 Not available
- 1 LAKAS NUCD-UMDP - National Union of Christian Democrats/United Muslim Democratic Party (Lakas ng EDSA); christian-democratic/islam party)
- 2 LDP - Struggle for Democratic Filipinos (Laban ng Demokratikong Pilipino; conservative party)
- 3 NPC - Nationalist People's Coalition; (conservative party)
- 5 LP - Liberal Party (Partido Liberal)
- 6 NP - Nacionalista Party
- 7 PDP-LABAN - Philippines Democratic Party (Partido Demokratikong Pilipino Lakas ng Bayan)
- 10 PMP - Partido ng Masang Pilipino
- 14 PP - Partido Panghiusa
- 16 Partido ni Roco
- 17 NAMFREL
- 18 Mayor Abalos Party
- 19 Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo
- 20 Joseph Estrada Party
- 21 Joker Arroyo Party
- 22 Aksyon - Democratic Action (Aksyon Demokratiko)
- 23 Bayan - Bayan Muna
- 24 United Opposition (UNIDO - United Nationalist Democratic Organisation)
- 25 AMPIA Party
- 26 Paramas Party
- 27 Presidential Party
- 28 Lacson Party
- 29 KAMPI - Kabataan ng Masang Pilipino
- 30 UMPIA Party
- 31 Padayon Philipino
- 32 PROMDI - Probinsya Muna Development Initiative
- 33 FPJ Party
- 34 Independents - Independyente
- 35 Partidong Masa
- 36 LAMP - Laban ng Masang Pilipino
- 96 No party preference, none
- 98 Don't know

V279

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45438	97.4	
1	Lakas NUCD-UMDP		68	0.1	5.7
2	LDP-Lakas ng Demokratiko		29	0.1	2.4
3	NPC-Nationalists People		9	0.0	0.8
5	LP-Liberal Party		12	0.0	1.0
6	NP-Nacionalista Party		10	0.0	0.8
7	PDP-Phil Democratic Party		3	0.0	0.3
10	PMP-Partido ng Masang Pi		12	0.0	1.0
14	PP-Partido Panghiosa		2	0.0	0.2
16	Partido ni Roco		5	0.0	0.4
17	NAMFREL		1	0.0	0.1
18	Mayor Abalos Party		1	0.0	0.1
19	Gloria Macapagal-Arroya		3	0.0	0.3
20	Joseph Estrada Party		9	0.0	0.8
21	Joker Arroyo Party		1	0.0	0.1
22	Aksyon Demokratiko		2	0.0	0.2
23	Bayan Muna		1	0.0	0.1
24	United Opposition		2	0.0	0.2
25	AMPIA Party		1	0.0	0.1
26	Paramas Party		2	0.0	0.2
27	Presidential Party		1	0.0	0.1
28	Lacson Party		2	0.0	0.2
29	KAMPI		2	0.0	0.2
30	UMPIA Party		2	0.0	0.2
31	Padayon Philipino		3	0.0	0.3
32	PROMDI		3	0.0	0.3
33	FPJ Party		1	0.0	0.1
34	Indepndyente		1	0.0	0.1
35	Partidong Masa		2	0.0	0.2
36	LAMP		1	0.0	0.1
96	No party preference, none		1007	2.2	84.1
98	Don't know	M	2	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1198		

V280 - R: Party affiliation: Russia (RU\_PRTY)

RU\_PRTY - Russia

Which party would you vote for at the next elections?

0 Not available

V280

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

V281 - R: Party affiliation: Sweden (SE\_PRTY)

SE\_PRTY - Sweden: Political party preference

Which political party do you most agree with?

0 Not available

1 C - Centre Party (Centerpartiet; C favours EU membership, but opposes EURO; centrist, agrarian/urban-environmentalist party)

2 FP - Liberal People's Party (Folkpartiet Liberalerna; pro-EU, social-liberal party)

3 KD - Christian Democrats (Kristdemokraterna; pro EU/ EURO, christian-democratic, centrist-conservative party)

4 MPG - Green Party (Miljöpartiet de Groena; anti-EU, ecologist party)

5 M - Moderate Rally Party (Moderata Samlingspartiet; pro-EU/EURO, civic-conservative party)

6 SAP - Social Democratic Workers' Party (Socialdemokratiska Arbetarepartiet; ambivalent EU-attitudes, socialist/social-democratic party)

7 VP - Left Party (Vänsterpartiet; anti-EU; formerly a communist party, VP can be placed to the left of the SAP nowadays; socialist party)

95 Other party

96 Would not vote; no party preference

99 No answer

V281

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45558	97.7	
1	C (Centre Party)		49	0.1	4.8
2	FP (Liberals)		48	0.1	4.7
3	KD (Christ Democr)		52	0.1	5.0
4	MP (Ecologists)		21	0.0	2.0
5	M (Liberal Conserv)		140	0.3	13.6
6	S (Social Democrats)		316	0.7	30.7
7	V (Socialists)		74	0.2	7.2
95	Other Party		9	0.0	0.9
96	Would not vote;no party preference		321	0.7	31.2
99	Na	M	50	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1030		

## V282 - R: Party affiliation: Finland (FI\_PRTY)

FI\_PRTY - Finland: Political party preference

0 Not available

1 SDP - Finnish Social Democratic Party (Suomen Sosialidemokraattinen Puolue; social-democratic party)

2 KESK - Centre Party of Finland (Suomen Keskusta; agrarian-liberal party)

3 KOK - National Coalition Party (Kansallinen Kokoomus; moderate-conservative party)

4 VAS - Left Alliance (Vasemmistoliitto; VAS is a merger of the former communist parties SKP and SKDL in 1990; socialist party)

5 SFP/RKP - Swedish Peoples Party in Finland (Svenska Folkepartiet i Finland/Ruotsalainen Kansanpuolue; liberal-ethnic party)

6 VIHRE - Green League (Vihreä Liitto; green-ecologist party)

7 KD - Christian Democrats in Finland (Suomen Kristillisdemokraatit; formerly SKL/Finnish Christian League renamed KD in 2001; anti-EU, christian-democratic/conservative party)

8 PS - True Finns (Perussuomalaiset; populist, agrarian- nationalist party)

9 REM - Reform Group (Remonttiryhmä)

95 Other party

96 Would not vote, no preference

97 Refused

98 Don't know

99 No answer

## V282

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45285	97.1	
1	Suomen Sosialidemokraattinen puolue		230	0.5	25.4
2	Suomen Keskusta		186	0.4	20.6
3	Kansallinen kokoomus		151	0.3	16.7
4	Vasemmistoliitto		47	0.1	5.2
5	Ruotsalainen Kansanpuolue		40	0.1	4.4
6	Vihreä liitto		82	0.2	9.1
7	Kristillisdemokraatit		33	0.1	3.7
8	Perussuomalaiset		4	0.0	0.4
9	Remonttiryhmä		1	0.0	0.1
95	Other Party		10	0.0	1.1
96	Would not vote		120	0.3	13.3
97	Refused	M	132	0.3	
98	Don't know	M	299	0.6	
99	Na	M	18	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		904		

V283 - R: Party affiliation: Slovakia (SK\_PRTY)

SK\_PRTY - Slovak Republic: Political party preference

0 Not available

1 SZS - Green Party of Slovakia (Strana Zelenych Slovenska; in 1998 SZS joined the five-party coalition SDK/Slovak Democratic Coalition (SZS, KDH, DS, DU and SDSS), in 2002 SDK ceased to exist and rearranged to SDKU; small centre-left party)

2 SDKU - Slovak Democratic and Christian Union (Slovenska Demokraticka a Krestanska Unia; formerly dominant part of SDK, in 2002 rearranged to currently governing SKDU; pro-EU oriented, christian-democratic party)

4 SDL - Party of the Democratic Left (Strana Demokratickej L'avice; arose in 1990 from the KSS/Communist party of Slovakia, now rather non-competitive party replaced by SMER)

5 SMER - Direction Party (Smer; founded in 1999 as a split from SDL, populist-left party)

6 HZDS - Movement for a Democratic Slovakia (Hnutie Za Demokraticke Slovensko; opposing, but biggest party in Parliament; authoritarian, christian, centre-national party)

7 OKS - Civic Conservative Party (Obcianska Konzervati- vna Strana; right-wing party formed in 2001 by a split from DS)

8 HZD - Movement for Democracy (Hnutie Za Demokraci; HZD is a breakaway group from HZDS)

9 PMRS - Political Movement of Roma in Slovakia (ethnic-Romani party)

10 KSS - Communist Party of Slovakia (Komunisticka Strana Slovenska; former Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, radical-communist party)

11 SMK - Party of the Hungarian Coalition (Strana Madarskej Koalicie; formed in 1998 by a merger of the Co-existence Party, the Hungarian Civic Party/MOS and the Hungarian Christian Democratic Movement/MKDH; ethnic-minority party)

12 KDH - Christian Democratic Movement (Krestansko Demokraticke Hnutie; formed in 1990; catholic-conservative, right-wing christian-democratic party)

15 ZRS - Association of the Slovak Workers (Zdruzenie Robotnikov Slovenska; founded in 1994 as a split from SDL; left-wing populist party)

16 LB - Leftist Bloc (L'avicovy blok; founded in 2002; coalition of left-wing parties)

17 ANO - New Civic Alliance (Aliancia Noveho Obcana; formed in 2001; liberal, centrist-right party)

19 ZAR - Woman and Family (Zena a Rodina)

20 SDA - Social-Democratic Alternative (Socialnodemo- kraticka Alternativa; founded in 2002 as a split from SDL)

21 SNJ - Slovak National Unity (Slovenska Narodna Jednota; extreme-right, nationalist-xenophobic party)

22 NOSNP - Independent Civic Party of the Unemployed and the Victims of Pyramid Schemes (Nezavisla Obcianska Strana Nezamestnanych a Poskodeny)

23 SNS - Slovak National Party (Slovenska Narodna Strana; founded in 1990; extreme- right, nationalist-xenophobic party)

24 ROSA - Workers' Party (Robotnicka Strana; founded in 2001 as split from ZRS; left-wing party)

25 ROISR - Roma Civic Initiative of the Slovak Republic (Romska Obcianska Iniciativa v Slovenskej Republike ethnic-minority party)

26 PSNS - The Real Slovak National Party (Prava Slovenska Narodna Strana; formed in 2001 by a split from SNS; extreme-right, nationalist-xenophobic party)

96 Did not vote

99 No answer



V283

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45505	97.6	
1	SZS Green Party o SK		8	0.0	0.7
2	SDKU SK Democratic a Chr Union		148	0.3	13.1
4	Prtý o Democr Left		26	0.1	2.3
5	SMER Party Direction		162	0.3	14.4
6	Movement f Democr SK, Peoples Prty		143	0.3	12.7
7	OKS Conservative Citizen Prty		4	0.0	0.4
8	HZD Movement for Democracy		35	0.1	3.1
9	ROMA Polit Movemnt of Roma in SK		2	0.0	0.2
10	KSS Communist Party		61	0.1	5.4
11	SMK Party o Hungarian Coalition		91	0.2	8.1
12	KDH Christian Democratic Movemnt		87	0.2	7.7
15	ZRS Association of SK workers		3	0.0	0.3
16	Left Bloc		1	0.0	0.1
17	ANO Alliance of New Citizens		67	0.1	5.9
19	ZAR Woman and Family		7	0.0	0.6
20	SDA Social Democratic Alternative		9	0.0	0.8
21	SNJ Slovak National Unity		2	0.0	0.2
22	NOSNP Independent Civic P of Unempl		6	0.0	0.5
23	SNS Slovak National Party		31	0.1	2.8
24	ROSA Workers Party		2	0.0	0.2
25	ROISR Roma Civic Initiative o SK		4	0.0	0.4
26	PSNS The Real SK National Party		25	0.1	2.2
96	Did not vote		203	0.4	18.0
99	Na	M	6	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1127		

V284 - R: Party affiliation: Slovenia (SI\_PRTY)

SI\_PRTY - Slovenia

If there were elections next week, which party or party candidate would you vote for?

0 Not available

1 DeSUS - Democratic Party of Pensioners of Slovenia (Demokracna Stranka Upokojencev Slovenije; pensioners' party)

2 LDS - Liberal Democracy of Slovenia (Liberalna Demokracija Slovenije; governing party, which was called Liberal Democratic Party/Liberalno Demokratska Stranka, but renamed in 1994 when it merged with the Green Party/ZS and the Democratic Party/DS; centre-left, liberal party)

3 SLS - Slovenian People's Party (Slovenska Ljudska Stranka; in 2000, SLS and SKD/Slovenian Christian Democrats merged into a joint party named SLS-SKD, but in 2002 the name was simplified to SLS again; christian-rural, centre-right party)

4 SNS - Slovenian National Party (Slovenska Nacionalna Stranka; founded in 1991; anti-EU oriented, radical-nationalist party)

5 SDS - Social Democratic Party of Slovenia; (Social-demokratska Stranka Slovenije; the SDS was formed in 1989 as SDZS/Social Democratic League of Slovenia, one of the five parties comprising the nationalist movement DEMOS from 1989 to 1991; unlike the name may suggest the SDS can be categorized as a conservative party)

6 NSI - New Slovenia/Christian People's Party (Nova Slovenija/Krscanski Ljudska Stranka; founded in 2000 by a split from SLS-SKD; christian-democratic party)

7 ZLSD - United List of Social Democrats (Združena Lista Socialnih Demokratov; ZLSD was created in 1992 as United List/ZL, an alliance comprising the Party of Democratic Reforms-Social Democratic Renewal/SDP-SDR, the Social Democratic Union/SDU, the Workers' Party of Slovenia/DSS and DeSUS; in 1993 SDP, SDU and DSS merged to form a true party, the ZLSD; social-democratic party)

8 SMS - Youth Party of Slovenia (Stranka Mladih Slovenije; founded in 2000; centre- pragmatic party)

95 Other Party

96 Would not vote; no party preference

97 Refused

98 Don't know

V284

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAP,NAV	M	45545	97.7	
1	Democratic ret DESUS		35	0.1	4.4
2	Liberal Democrat LDS		319	0.7	40.3
3	Peoples party SLS		64	0.1	8.1
4	Slovenian Nation SNS		26	0.1	3.3
5	Social Democratic SDS		94	0.2	11.9
6	New Slovenia NSI		55	0.1	6.9
7	Combined list ZLSD		87	0.2	11.0
8	Youth Party SMS		36	0.1	4.5
95	Other Party		31	0.1	3.9
96	Would not vote;No party preference		45	0.1	5.7
97	Refused	M	202	0.4	
98	Don't know	M	99	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		792		

V285 - R: Party affiliation: Taiwan (TW\_PRTY)

TW\_PRTY - Taiwan

0 Not available

1 KMT - Kuomintang Party/aka:Nationalist Party (Kuo- Min Tang/Guomindang; KMT was the ruling party during the one-party-system-era from 1949 to 2000; after the loss in the 2000 presidential election, KMT is the driving force in the opposing "Pan-Blue Coalition" (KMT, PFP, New Party/NP), which tends towards a reunification with the mainland China and a national identity that is linked with the PRC/People's Republic of China; mainly ethnic-Chinese, conservative party)

2 DPP - Democratic Progressive Party (Min-chu Chin-pu Tang/Minjindang; founded illegally in 1986, despite the official ban on forming new political parties; in 1989, DPP was legalized after a new law allowing the formation of political parties was passed; DPP is the governing party since the 2000 presidential elections and member of the "Pan-Green Coalition" (DPP, TSU, TAIP/Taiwan Independence Party), which tends towards a national identity based on Taiwan's independence and maintains that Taiwan is an entity separate from mainland China; mainly ethnic-Taiwanese liberal party)

3 PFP - People First Party (Ch'in Min Tang/Qinming- dang; formed in 2000 as a split from KMT; PFP is part of the "Pan-Blue Coalition"; conservative party)

4 TSU - Taiwan Solidarity Union (Pinyin: Taiwan tuanjie lianmeng; founded in 2001 by a former president and KMT member; part of the "Pan-Green Coalition"; centrist, pro-independence party)

5 Support all parties

95 Other Party

96 Don't support any party

97 Refused

98 Don't know

V285

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44655	95.7	
1	KMT Kuo Min Tang		203	0.4	10.3
2	DPP Democratic Progressive P		233	0.5	11.8
3	PFP People First Party		128	0.3	6.5
4	TSU Taiwan Solidarity Union		11	0.0	0.6
5	Support all Parties		788	1.7	40.0
95	Other Party		82	0.2	4.2
96	Don't support any party		527	1.1	26.7
97	Refused	M	4	0.0	
98	Don't know	M	7	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1972		

## V286 - R: Party affiliation: USA (US\_PRTY)

US\_PRTY - United States

Generally speaking, do you usually think of yourself as a Republican, Democrat, Independent or what? (If Republican or Democrat) Would you call yourself a strong or not a very strong Republican or Democrat? (If Independent ..) Do you think of yourself as closer the Republican or Democratic party?

- 0 Not available
- 1 Strong Democrat
- 2 Not very strong Democrat
- 3 Independent, close to Democrat
- 4 Independent
- 5 Independent, close to Republican
- 6 Not very strong Republican
- 7 Strong Republican
- 95 Other party
- 99 No answer

## Note:

The recode considers both the party affiliation and the subjective intensity of that party affiliation.

## V286

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45467	97.5	
1	Strong democrat		176	0.4	15.2
2	N very strg democrat		210	0.5	18.1
3	Indep,close democr		104	0.2	9.0
4	Independent		214	0.5	18.4
5	Indep,close republ		77	0.2	6.6
6	N very strg republ		201	0.4	17.3
7	Strong republican		151	0.3	13.0
95	Other Party		28	0.1	2.4
99	No answer	M	10	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1161		

V287 - R: Vote last election: yes, no (VOTE\_LE)

Voted last election

CH: Did you vote at the last national elections in October 1999?

CL: Did R vote in the last elections of parliament in December 2001?

CZ: Let's go back to the last elections to the Chamber of deputies that were held on July, 14 and 20, 2002. Did you take part in the elections?

GB-GBN: Talking to people about the last general election to the (UK) House of Commons in 2001, we have found that a lot of people did not manage to vote. How about you: did you manage to vote in the 2001 election? If necessary, say: The election last year when Tony Blair won against William Hague.

PH: Did you vote in the last national election 2001 or not?

PL: Did you vote in the (last) election to the Sejm and Senat in September 2001?

US: Did R vote in the 2000 presidential election?

0 NAP

1 Yes

2 No

8 Don't know

9 No answer

in Czech Republic (CZ):

0 no electoral right

in Germany (DE):

0 not eligible, too young to vote

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

0 this variable is only available for half the sample

in Latvia (LV):

9 no answer, refused

in BE-FLA BR FR IE NL RU TW:

0 Not available

V287 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V287	0	1	2	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN							
	M			M	M		
AT	1624 (79.7)	414 (20.3)			9	2047	2038
AU	1276 (97.9)	28 (2.1)			48	1352	1304
BE-FLA	1360					1360	
BG	753 (76.1)	237 (23.9)			13	1003	990
BR	2000					2000	
CH	474 (62.6)	283 (37.4)	208		43	1008	757
CL	1065 (73.6)	382 (26.4)			58	1505	1447
CY	912 (91.6)	84 (8.4)			8	1004	996
CZ	735 (57.0)	554 (43.0)				1289	1289
DE-E	24	352 (86.9)	53 (13.1)		2	431	405
DE-W	125	737 (91.4)	69 (8.6)		5	936	806
DK	1276 (93.4)	90 (6.6)			13	1379	1366
ES	1414 (73.0)	523 (27.0)			534	2471	1937
FI	101	990 (79.8)	250 (20.2)		12	1353	1240
FR	1903					1903	
GB-GBN	989	712 (73.9)	251 (26.1)		8	1960	963
GB-NIR	695 (70.4)	292 (29.6)				987	987
HU	834 (82.6)	176 (17.4)			13	1023	1010
IE	1240					1240	
IL	882 (84.1)	167 (15.9)			160	1209	1049
JP	73	821 (80.2)	203 (19.8)		35	1132	1024
LV	138	637 (75.3)	209 (24.7)	9	7	1000	846
MX	1054 (76.7)	320 (23.3)			121	1495	1374
NL	1249					1249	
NO	51	1219 (86.0)	198 (14.0)		7	1475	1417
NZ	837 (93.4)	59 (6.6)			129	1025	896
PH	956 (80.0)	239 (20.0)			5	1200	1195
PL	773 (61.8)	478 (38.2)			1	1252	1251
PT	767 (71.2)	311 (28.8)	4	10		1092	1078
RU	1798					1798	
SE	847 (79.8)	215 (20.2)			18	1080	1062
SI	843 (82.6)	178 (17.4)			72	1093	1021
SK	929 (82.0)	204 (18.0)				1133	1133
TW	1983					1983	
US	749 (64.3)	415 (35.7)			7	1171	1164
N Sum	13034	25163	6882	221	1338	46638	
N Valid Sum		25163	6882				32045

V288 - R: Religious denomination (RELIG)

Religion

AT,DE: Which religious group do you belong to?

CZ: What is your religious preference?

DK: Are you member of a church?

FR,GB-GBN,GB-NIR,SE: Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion? If yes, which?

IE: What is your current religious denomination?

JP: What is your religious preference? Which group of Christianity do you belong to?

NL: Do you consider yourself to belong to a religious group or church? If yes, which of those groups or churches do you consider yourself to be a member of?

NZ: What is your current religion?

PH: What, if any, church or religious group you belong to?

PL: Do you regard yourself as a person related to a particular religion, church or denomination? If yes, which religion, church or denomination do you feel related to?

US: What is your religious preference? Is it Protestant, catholic, Jewish, some other religion, or no religion

(If Protestant) What specific denomination is that?

- 100 Roman Catholic
- 110 Greek Catholic
- 200 Protestant
- 210 Anglican, Church of England/ Ireland, Episcopal
- 220 Baptists
- 230 Congregationalists
- 240 European Free Church (Anabaptists)
- 250 Lutheran, evangelical Church
- 260 Methodists
- 270 Pentecostal
- 280 Presbyterian, Church of Scotland
- 282 Jehovah's Witnesses
- 283 Church of Christ
- 284 New Apostolic
- 290 Other Protestants (no special religion)
- 291 Brethren
- 292 Mormon
- 293 Salvation Army
- 294 Assemblies of God
- 295 Seventh Day Adventists
- 297 Unitarians, SE: Uniting Church
- 298 United Church Canada
- 299 United Church of Christ
- 300 Orthodox; Eastern Orthodox
- 310 Greek Orthodox
- 320 Russian Orthodox
- 390 Orthodox (no special mentioned)



400 Other Christian Groups  
402 Born Again  
403 Alliance  
404 Dating Daan  
405 Jesus Miracle Crusad  
406 Jesus is Lord  
407 Christians  
408 Espiritista  
409 Iglesia ni Christo  
410 Phil Independent Church  
411 Iglesia Filipina Ind  
412 Sayon  
413 Bible Christian  
490 Unspecified Christian Groups  
500 Jewish  
510 Orthodox Jewish  
520 Conservative Jewish  
530 Reformist Jewish  
590 Jewish Religion (general)  
600 Islam  
610 Kharijism  
620 Mutazilism  
630 Sunni  
640 Shiism  
650 Ismailis  
660 Other Muslim Religions  
670 Druse  
690 Muslim, Mohammedan; Islam  
700 Buddhists  
701 Specific Buddhist Groups  
790 Buddhism (general)  
800 Hinduism  
810 Specific Hinduism Groups  
820 Sikhism  
890 Hinduism (general)  
900 Other Asian Religion  
901 Shintoism  
902 Taoism  
903 Confucianism  
950 Other East Asian Religion  
960 Other Religions  
970 Other non-Christian Religions  
990 None, no Religion  
997 Refused  
998 Don't know  
999 No answer

in Brazil (BR):

963 Afro Brazilian Religion

964 Espirita

in Czech Republic (CZ):

250 Czech Brethren evangelical Church

296 Hussites

in Denmark (DK):

250 Danish national evangelical Church

997 Description too imprecise to categorize

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

281 Free Presbyterian

in Netherlands (NL):

200 Reformed mainstream + Orthodox protestant

in New Zealand (NZ):

961 Ratana

in Philippines (PH):

401 Aglipayan

in Sweden (SE):

200 Church of Sweden

in United States of America (US):

962 Native American

V289 - R: Religious main groups (derived) (RELIGGRP)

Religious main groups: compressed variable derived from RELIG/ V288

- 1 No Religion
- 2 Roman Catholic
- 3 Protestant
- 4 Christian Orthodox
- 5 Jewish
- 6 Islam
- 7 Buddhism
- 8 Hinduism
- 9 Other Christian Religions
- 10 Other Eastern Religions
- 11 Other Religions
- 12 Other non-Christian Religions
- 97 Refused
- 98 Don't Know
- 99 No answer

in Czech Republic (CZ):

- 3 Czech-Brethren evangelical church / Czechoslovak Hussite

in Denmark (DK):

- 97 description too imprecise to categorize

in Norway (NO):

- 3 Church of Norway

in Sweden (SE):

- 3 Church of Sweden

in Slovenia (SI):

- 0 Not available

V289 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V289	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C_ALPHAN											
	M										
AT	333 (16.3)	1540 (75.5)	98 (4.8)				70 (3.4)				
AU	372 (28.0)	292 (22.0)	563 (42.4)		10 (0.8)	4 (0.3)	1 (0.1)	5 (0.4)		82 (6.2)	
BE-FLA	261 (19.2)	741 (54.6)	3 (0.2)				15 (1.1)			326 (24.0)	
BG	64 (6.5)	15 (1.5)	8 (0.8)	808 (81.5)			92 (9.3)				
BR	119 (6.5)	1383 (75.2)	252 (13.7)							21 (1.1)	
CH	171 (17.1)	372 (37.2)	382 (38.2)		9 (0.9)	2 (0.2)	20 (2.0)	4 (0.4)	4 (0.4)	31 (3.1)	
CL	148 (9.9)	1021 (68.6)	156 (10.5)			3 (0.2)		1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	131 (8.8)	
CY	1 (0.1)	7 (0.7)		996 (99.2)							
CZ	765 (62.8)	391 (32.1)	45 (3.7)							14 (1.1)	
DE-E	265 (61.9)	31 (7.2)	126 (29.4)							6 (1.4)	
DE-W	136 (14.6)	372 (40.0)	376 (40.4)				23 (2.5)		1 (0.1)	20 (2.2)	
DK	114 (8.5)	9 (0.7)	1217 (90.3)			2 (0.1)	5 (0.4)				
ES	410 (17.0)	1969 (81.6)	17 (0.7)	2 (0.1)			1 (0.0)	1 (0.0)		12 (0.5)	
FI	150 (11.2)		1133 (84.5)	18 (1.3)						19 (1.4)	
FR	625 (33.7)	1118 (60.3)	39 (2.1)	4 (0.2)	10 (0.5)	31 (1.7)					
GB-GBN	813 (41.6)	180 (9.2)	804 (41.1)		9 (0.5)	24 (1.2)	3 (0.2)	15 (0.8)		102 (5.2)	
GB-NIR	96 (9.9)	387 (39.9)	470 (48.4)					1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	11 (1.1)	
HU	51 (5.0)	727 (71.8)	195 (19.2)	29 (2.9)	5 (0.5)						
IE	109 (9.0)	1053 (86.8)	35 (2.9)			1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)				
IL		35 (2.9)	3 (0.2)	8 (0.7)	1018 (84.4)	112 (9.3)					9 (0.7)
JP	711 (63.9)						336 (30.2)			26 (2.3)	20 (1.8)
LV	329 (33.1)	197 (19.8)	242 (24.3)	190 (19.1)	4 (0.4)	2 (0.2)				2 (0.2)	
MX	28 (2.0)	1284 (92.3)	60 (4.3)							18 (1.3)	
NL	813 (65.1)	231 (18.5)	150 (12.0)				6 (0.5)	2 (0.2)	1 (0.1)		
NO	131 (8.9)	15 (1.0)	1247 (85.1)				16 (1.1)			47 (3.2)	
NZ	290 (28.9)	143 (14.2)	460 (45.8)	1 (0.1)			1 (0.1)	8 (0.8)	3 (0.3)	62 (6.2)	
PH	4 (0.3)	1027 (85.7)	60 (5.0)				37 (3.1)			71 (5.9)	
PL	92 (7.4)	1132 (91.1)	4 (0.3)	3 (0.2)						10 (0.8)	
PT	107 (9.9)	946 (87.3)	7 (0.6)			1 (0.1)				18 (1.7)	
RU	421 (23.9)	8 (0.5)	12 (0.7)	1218 (69.3)	2 (0.1)	67 (3.8)	7 (0.4)	23 (1.3)			
SE	189 (17.9)	10 (0.9)	849 (80.4)								
SI	1093										
SK	137 (12.1)	794 (70.3)	109 (9.7)	53 (4.7)	3 (0.3)						
TW	503 (25.4)	35 (1.8)	92 (4.6)				1 (0.1)	529 (26.7)		823 (41.5)	
US	169 (14.5)	288 (24.7)	622 (53.4)	10 (0.9)	17 (1.5)	4 (0.3)	10 (0.9)	1 (0.1)	22 (1.9)	1 (0.1)	
N Sum	1093	8927	17753	9836	3359	1081	529	907	50	1051	853
N Valid Sum		8927	17753	9836	3359	1081	529	907	50	1051	853

V289	11	12	97	98	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN							
		M	M	M			
AT					6	2047	2041
AU					23	1352	1329
BE-FLA	12 (0.9)				2	1360	1358
BG	4 (0.4)			10	2	1003	991
BR	63 (3.4)				162	2000	1838
CH	5 (0.5)			8		1008	1000
CL	27 (1.8)			6	11	1505	1488
CY						1004	1004
CZ	3 (0.2)			15	56	1289	1218
DE-E					3	431	428
DE-W	2 (0.2)				6	936	930
DK			16	6	10	1379	1347
ES					59	2471	2412
FI	21 (1.6)				12	1353	1341
FR	26 (1.4)			50		1903	1853
GB-GBN	5 (0.3)			1	4	1960	1955
GB-NIR	5 (0.5)				16	987	971
HU	6 (0.6)			4	6	1023	1013
IE	14 (1.2)			4	23	1240	1213
IL	21 (1.7)				3	1209	1206
JP	20 (1.8)			11	8	1132	1113
LV	28 (2.8)				6	1000	994
MX	1 (0.1)			3	101	1495	1391
NL	46 (3.7)					1249	1249
NO	9 (0.6)				10	1475	1465
NZ	37 (3.7)				20	1025	1005
PH			1			1200	1199
PL	1 (0.1)			7	3	1252	1242
PT	4 (0.4)			1	8	1092	1083
RU				30	10	1798	1758
SE		8 (0.8)			24	1080	1056
SI						1093	
SK	33 (2.9)			2	2	1133	1129
TW						1983	1983
US	21 (1.8)			2	4	1171	1165
N Sum	414	8	17	160	600	46638	
N Valid Sum	414	8					44768

V290 - R: Attendance of religious services (ATTEND)

Church attendance: How often do you attend religious services?

AT: How often do you go to church in general?

GB-GBN: (If any religion) Apart from such special occasions as weddings, funerals and baptism, how often nowadays do you attend services or meetings connected with your religion?

JP: How often do you attend religious services or go to pray at temple/ shrine other than 'Hatumode', wedding or funeral?

PH: How often do you pray?

PL: If you are member of a religious group or church, how often do you attend mass and religious services?

- 0 NAP, no religion
- 1 Several times a week, every day
- 2 Once a week
- 3 2 or 3 times a month
- 4 Once a month
- 5 Several times a year
- 6 Once a year
- 7 Less frequently
- 8 Never
- 97 Refused
- 98 Don't know, varies too much
- 99 No answer

in Austria (AT):

- 2 Once a week (or more)

in Czech Republic (CZ):

- 4 About once a month

in Germany (DE):

- 3 2 or 3 times a month, once a month
- 7 Once a year, less frequently

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 2 Once a week or more
- 4 At least once a month
- 8 Less frequently/ Never or practically never

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

- 2 Once a week or more

in Netherlands (NL):

- 2 Once a week or more

in Sweden (SE):

2 Once a week or more

in BG RU TW:

0 Not available

V290 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V290	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	97	98	99	N Sum
C_ALPHAN														
	M										M	M	M	
AT			271 (13.3)	177 (8.7)	190 (9.3)	393 (19.3)		598 (29.3)	411 (20.1)	7				2047
AU		29 (2.2)	213 (16.1)	45 (3.4)	41 (3.1)	173 (13.1)	163 (12.4)	178 (13.5)	477 (36.2)				33	1352
BE-FLA		13 (1.0)	146 (10.8)	55 (4.1)	84 (6.2)	157 (11.6)		314 (23.1)	589 (43.4)				2	1360
BG	1003													1003
BR	267		733 (42.5)	240 (13.9)	247 (14.3)	317 (18.4)		153 (8.9)	33 (1.9)				10	2000
CH		24 (2.4)	62 (6.2)	52 (5.2)	73 (7.3)	202 (20.1)	85 (8.5)	210 (20.9)	296 (29.5)	3	1			1008
CL		122 (8.3)	205 (14.0)	126 (8.6)	159 (10.8)	236 (16.1)	121 (8.2)	161 (11.0)	338 (23.0)	8	4	25		1505
CY		18 (1.8)	65 (6.6)	104 (10.5)	134 (13.5)	481 (48.5)	63 (6.4)	98 (9.9)	29 (2.9)	1	11			1004
CZ		14 (1.1)	55 (4.4)	28 (2.2)	27 (2.2)	117 (9.4)	132 (10.6)	143 (11.4)	735 (58.8)		18	20		1289
DE-E		5 (1.2)	11 (2.6)	16 (3.7)		46 (10.7)		125 (29.0)	228 (52.9)					431
DE-W		26 (2.8)	77 (8.2)	112 (12.0)		187 (20.0)		309 (33.1)	223 (23.9)				2	936
DK		10 (0.8)	15 (1.1)	30 (2.3)	33 (2.5)	316 (23.7)	319 (23.9)	329 (24.7)	281 (21.1)		35	11		1379
ES	456		388 (19.4)	149 (7.5)	142 (7.1)	436 (21.9)		361 (18.1)	519 (26.0)				20	2471
FI		27 (2.1)	34 (2.6)	44 (3.4)	28 (2.2)	292 (22.5)	341 (26.3)	424 (32.7)	105 (8.1)	24	17	17		1353
FR		127 (7.5)		60 (3.5)	48 (2.8)	270 (15.9)		325 (19.1)	868 (51.1)		155	50		1903
GB-GBN	202		219 (12.7)	43 (2.5)	99 (5.7)	189 (10.9)	93 (5.4)		1087 (62.8)		19	9		1960
GB-NIR	37		399 (42.4)	113 (12.0)	57 (6.1)	91 (9.7)		106 (11.3)	174 (18.5)		10			987
HU		17 (1.7)	98 (9.8)	43 (4.3)	41 (4.1)	181 (18.0)	148 (14.7)	173 (17.2)	304 (30.2)	15		3		1023
IE		727 (61.5)		91 (7.7)	52 (4.4)	145 (12.3)		118 (10.0)	49 (4.1)		5	53		1240
IL		166 (14.0)	112 (9.4)	33 (2.8)	31 (2.6)	274 (23.1)	158 (13.3)	60 (5.1)	353 (29.7)	2	3	17		1209
JP		27 (2.4)	25 (2.2)	41 (3.7)	63 (5.7)	463 (41.5)	236 (21.2)	43 (3.9)	217 (19.5)	4	8	5		1132
LV		4 (0.4)	21 (2.2)	42 (4.4)	62 (6.5)	284 (29.6)	158 (16.4)	135 (14.0)	255 (26.5)	15	23	1		1000
MX		141 (10.0)	700 (49.9)	204 (14.5)	87 (6.2)	112 (8.0)	67 (4.8)	33 (2.4)	60 (4.3)	10	9	72		1495
NL			112 (9.0)	49 (3.9)	73 (5.9)	310 (24.9)			700 (56.3)		5			1249
NO		21 (1.4)	32 (2.2)	47 (3.2)	36 (2.5)	138 (9.5)	353 (24.2)	383 (26.3)	447 (30.7)			18		1475
NZ		45 (4.6)	98 (10.1)	35 (3.6)	18 (1.9)	141 (14.5)	123 (12.7)	194 (20.0)	318 (32.7)		38	15		1025
PH		141 (11.8)	477 (39.8)	205 (17.1)	162 (13.5)	69 (5.8)	27 (2.3)	108 (9.0)	8 (0.7)		2	1		1200
PL		52 (4.2)	605 (48.9)	121 (9.8)	120 (9.7)	163 (13.2)	69 (5.6)	48 (3.9)	58 (4.7)		15	1		1252
PT	107	58 (6.0)	258 (26.5)	64 (6.6)	54 (5.5)	187 (19.2)	65 (6.7)	98 (10.1)	189 (19.4)		3	9		1092
RU	1798													1798
SE			29 (2.9)	36 (3.6)	26 (2.6)	110 (10.9)		495 (49.2)	311 (30.9)		21	52		1080
SI		24 (2.2)	162 (15.2)	78 (7.3)	58 (5.4)	363 (34.0)	82 (7.7)	53 (5.0)	249 (23.3)	1		23		1093
SK		100 (9.0)	313 (28.0)	83 (7.4)	37 (3.3)	174 (15.6)	65 (5.8)	151 (13.5)	193 (17.3)	9	7	1		1133
TW	1983													1983
US		92 (7.9)	274 (23.5)	105 (9.0)	77 (6.6)	158 (13.6)	155 (13.3)	82 (7.0)	222 (19.1)				6	1171
N Sum	5853	2030	6209	2671	2359	7175	3023	6008	10326	99	409	476		46638
N Valid Sum		2030	6209	2671	2359	7175	3023	6008	10326					

	V290	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN		
AT		2040
AU		1319
BE-FLA		1358
BG		
BR		1723
CH		1004
CL		1468
CY		992
CZ		1251
DE-E		431
DE-W		934
DK		1333
ES		1995
FI		1295
FR		1698
GB-GBN		1730
GB-NIR		940
HU		1005
IE		1182
IL		1187
JP		1115
LV		961
MX		1404
NL		1244
NO		1457
NZ		972
PH		1197
PL		1236
PT		973
RU		
SE		1007
SI		1069
SK		1116
TW		
US		1165
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		39801



V291 - R:Top Bottom self-placement 10 pt scale (TOPBOT)

TOPBOT - Top Bottom self-placement 10 pt scale

CZ: In our society, there are groups which are considered to have high social status and on contrary groups of low social status: Where would you place yourself on this scale?

01. low social status .....10. high social status.

NO: in Norwegian questionnaire labels are: 01. highest .....10. lowest

PH: At present, where will you put yourself on this card regarding your current situation in life?

PL: In our society, there are social groups that occupy higher positions and others that occupy lower positions. Below is from top to bottom. Where would you put yourself on this scale

1 Lowest

10 Highest

98 Don't Know

99 No answer

in BG BR ES FI FR GB-GBN GB-NIR IE NL RU TW US:

0 Not available

V291 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V291	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	98	99
C_ALPHAN													
	M											M	M
AT		13 (0.6)	28 (1.4)	110 (5.4)	140 (6.9)	212 (10.5)	704 (34.7)	396 (19.5)	298 (14.7)	98 (4.8)	28 (1.4)		20
AU		30 (2.4)	28 (2.3)	59 (4.8)	96 (7.8)	148 (12.0)	453 (36.8)	243 (19.7)	140 (11.4)	26 (2.1)	8 (0.6)		121
BE-FLA		11 (0.8)	8 (0.6)	53 (3.9)	85 (6.3)	522 (38.7)	247 (18.3)	271 (20.1)	105 (7.8)	20 (1.5)	26 (1.9)		12
BG	1003												
BR	2000												
CH		9 (0.9)	26 (2.7)	85 (8.7)	106 (10.8)	260 (26.6)	195 (19.9)	189 (19.3)	89 (9.1)	11 (1.1)	8 (0.8)	30	
CL		60 (4.1)	74 (5.0)	204 (13.8)	307 (20.8)	480 (32.5)	193 (13.1)	79 (5.4)	57 (3.9)	16 (1.1)	6 (0.4)	17	12
CY		23 (2.4)	74 (7.7)	105 (11.0)	188 (19.6)	206 (21.5)	142 (14.8)	87 (9.1)	96 (10.0)	23 (2.4)	14 (1.5)		46
CZ		35 (3.0)	68 (5.8)	144 (12.2)	220 (18.6)	336 (28.5)	223 (18.9)	106 (9.0)	39 (3.3)	9 (0.8)	1 (0.1)		108
DE-E		5 (1.2)	4 (0.9)	24 (5.6)	39 (9.1)	60 (14.0)	149 (34.8)	95 (22.2)	40 (9.3)	7 (1.6)	5 (1.2)		3
DE-W		5 (0.5)	8 (0.9)	26 (2.8)	53 (5.7)	90 (9.7)	295 (31.9)	274 (29.7)	134 (14.5)	29 (3.1)	10 (1.1)		12
DK		25 (1.9)	16 (1.2)	28 (2.1)	52 (3.9)	214 (16.0)	407 (30.5)	315 (23.6)	196 (14.7)	40 (3.0)	41 (3.1)	5	40
ES	2471												
FI	1353												
FR	1903												
GB-GBN	1960												
GB-NIR	987												
HU		27 (2.7)	67 (6.7)	138 (13.7)	218 (21.6)	320 (31.8)	149 (14.8)	61 (6.1)	21 (2.1)	3 (0.3)	3 (0.3)		16
IE	1240												
IL		12 (1.0)	14 (1.2)	48 (4.1)	70 (5.9)	246 (20.8)	231 (19.5)	228 (19.3)	206 (17.4)	60 (5.1)	69 (5.8)		25
JP		10 (0.9)	16 (1.5)	100 (9.1)	151 (13.7)	366 (33.3)	236 (21.5)	134 (12.2)	63 (5.7)	15 (1.4)	9 (0.8)		32
LV		22 (2.3)	52 (5.5)	133 (14.0)	185 (19.5)	238 (25.1)	160 (16.9)	99 (10.4)	50 (5.3)	8 (0.8)	1 (0.1)	52	
MX		129 (8.7)	95 (6.4)	150 (10.2)	225 (15.2)	452 (30.6)	168 (11.4)	129 (8.7)	94 (6.4)	17 (1.2)	18 (1.2)		18
NL	1249												
NO		20 (1.4)	17 (1.2)	41 (2.9)	83 (5.8)	141 (9.8)	419 (29.2)	356 (24.8)	278 (19.4)	62 (4.3)	16 (1.1)		42
NZ		33 (3.6)	5 (0.5)	31 (3.4)	62 (6.7)	185 (20.1)	268 (29.1)	192 (20.8)	96 (10.4)	27 (2.9)	23 (2.5)		103
PH		26 (2.2)	21 (1.8)	57 (4.8)	121 (10.1)	455 (37.9)	195 (16.3)	144 (12.0)	109 (9.1)	31 (2.6)	41 (3.4)		
PL		40 (3.2)	87 (7.0)	136 (10.9)	187 (15.0)	230 (18.5)	347 (27.9)	136 (10.9)	56 (4.5)	17 (1.4)	9 (0.7)	4	3
PT		28 (2.8)	84 (8.3)	123 (12.1)	222 (21.8)	302 (29.7)	125 (12.3)	93 (9.1)	28 (2.8)	5 (0.5)	7 (0.7)	60	15
RU	1798												
SE		15 (1.5)	13 (1.3)	37 (3.6)	62 (6.1)	112 (11.0)	384 (37.7)	212 (20.8)	124 (12.2)	30 (2.9)	29 (2.8)		62
SI		24 (2.3)	30 (2.8)	81 (7.6)	124 (11.7)	421 (39.8)	179 (16.9)	116 (11.0)	66 (6.2)	8 (0.8)	10 (0.9)		34
SK		26 (2.3)	58 (5.1)	131 (11.6)	190 (16.8)	274 (24.2)	256 (22.6)	122 (10.8)	56 (5.0)	16 (1.4)	2 (0.2)		2
TW	1983												
US	1171												
N Sum	19118	628	893	2044	3186	6270	6125	4077	2441	578	384	168	726
N Valid Sum		628	893	2044	3186	6270	6125	4077	2441	578	384		

V291	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN		
AT	2047	2027
AU	1352	1231
BE-FLA	1360	1348
BG	1003	
BR	2000	
CH	1008	978
CL	1505	1476
CY	1004	958
CZ	1289	1181
DE-E	431	428
DE-W	936	924
DK	1379	1334
ES	2471	
FI	1353	
FR	1903	
GB-GBN	1960	
GB-NIR	987	
HU	1023	1007
IE	1240	
IL	1209	1184
JP	1132	1100
LV	1000	948
MX	1495	1477
NL	1249	
NO	1475	1433
NZ	1025	922
PH	1200	1200
PL	1252	1245
PT	1092	1017
RU	1798	
SE	1080	1018
SI	1093	1059
SK	1133	1131
TW	1983	
US	1171	
N Sum	46638	
N Valid Sum		26626

## V292 - Region: Austria (AT\_REG)

AT\_REG - Austria

- 0 Not available
- 1 Vorarlberg
- 2 Tirol
- 3 Salzburg
- 4 Oberoesterreich
- 5 Kaernten
- 6 Steiermark
- 7 Burgenland
- 8 Niederoesterreich
- 9 Wien

## V292

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44591	95.6	
1	Vorarlberg		84	0.2	4.1
2	Tirol		175	0.4	8.5
3	Salzburg		130	0.3	6.4
4	Oberoesterreich		365	0.8	17.8
5	Kaernten		123	0.3	6.0
6	Steiermark		312	0.7	15.2
7	Burgenland		74	0.2	3.6
8	Niederoesterreich		379	0.8	18.5
9	Wien		405	0.9	19.8
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2047		

## V293 - Region: Australia (AU\_REG)

AU\_REG - Australia

- 0 Not available
- 1 New South Wales
- 2 Queensland
- 3 South Australia
- 4 Tasmania
- 5 Victoria
- 6 West Australia
- 12 North Territory
- 13 Capital Territory
- 99 No answer

## V293

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45286	97.1	
1	New South Wales		334	0.7	26.1
2	Queensland		231	0.5	18.0
3	South Australia		141	0.3	11.0
4	Tasmania		68	0.1	5.3
5	Victoria		319	0.7	24.9
6	West Australia		111	0.2	8.7
12	North Territory		24	0.1	1.9
13	Capital Territory		54	0.1	4.2
99	Na	M	70	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1282		

V294 - Region: Bulgaria (BG\_REG)

BG\_REG - Bulgaria

0 Not available

V294

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

V295 - Region: Brazil (BR\_REG)

BR\_REG - Brazil

- 0 Not available
- 1 North East
- 2 South
- 3 South East
- 4 North
- 5 Centro West

V295

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44638	95.7	
1	North East		563	1.2	28.2
2	South		296	0.6	14.8
3	South East		852	1.8	42.6
4	North		152	0.3	7.6
5	Centre West		137	0.3	6.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2000		

V296 - Region: Switzerland (CH\_REG)

CH\_REG - Switzerland - Canton

This variable was defined on basis of the OFS numbers. OFS is the Swiss federal Statistical Office.

0 NAP (data not yet available for those interviews done in the second period); Not available

1 Zuerich

2 Bern

3 Luzern

4 Uri

5 Schwyz

6 Obwalden

7 Nidwalden

8 Glarus

9 Zug

10 Fribourg

11 Solothurn

12 Baselstadt

13 Baselland

14 Schaffhausen

15 Appenzell AR

16 Appenzell IR

17 St. Gallen

18 Graubuenden

19 Aargau

20 Thurgau

21 Ticino

22 Vaud

23 Wallis

24 Neuchatel

25 Geneva



V296

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45630	97.8	
1	Zuerich		201	0.4	19.9
2	Bern		131	0.3	13.0
3	Luzern		28	0.1	2.8
4	Uri		12	0.0	1.2
6	Obwalden		9	0.0	0.9
7	Nidwalden		10	0.0	1.0
8	Glarus		17	0.0	1.7
9	Zug		9	0.0	0.9
10	Fribourg		34	0.1	3.4
11	Solothurn		30	0.1	3.0
12	Baselstadt		70	0.2	6.9
14	Schaffhausen		17	0.0	1.7
17	St. Gallen		101	0.2	10.0
18	Graubunden		33	0.1	3.3
19	Aargau		36	0.1	3.6
20	Thurgau		35	0.1	3.5
21	Ticino		44	0.1	4.4
22	Vaud		72	0.2	7.1
23	Wallis		20	0.0	2.0
24	Neuchatel		22	0.0	2.2
25	Geneve		77	0.2	7.6
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1008		

V297 - Region: Cyprus (CY\_REG)

CY\_REG - Cyprus

- 0 Not available
- 1 Nicosia
- 2 Larnaca, Famagusta
- 3 Limassol
- 4 Paphos

V297

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45634	97.8	
1	Nicosia		418	0.9	41.6
2	Larnaka, Famagusta		288	0.6	28.7
3	Limassol		216	0.5	21.5
4	Paphos		82	0.2	8.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1004		

## V298 - Region: Czech Republic (CZ\_REG)

CZ\_REG - Czech Republic: State the name of region of your permanent residence: districts recoded into 13 regions

- 0 Not available
- 1 Prague
- 2 Central Bohemia
- 3 South Bohemia
- 4 Pilsen
- 5 Carlsbad
- 6 Usti n/L
- 7 Liberec
- 8 Hradec Kralove
- 9 Pardubice
- 10 Vysocina
- 11 South Moravia
- 12 Olomouc
- 13 Zlin
- 14 Moravia-Silesia

## V298

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45349	97.2	
1	Prague		65	0.1	5.0
2	Central Bohemia		156	0.3	12.1
3	South Bohemia		82	0.2	6.4
4	Pilsen		76	0.2	5.9
5	Carlsbad		37	0.1	2.9
6	Usti n/L		153	0.3	11.9
7	Liberec		51	0.1	4.0
8	Hradec Kralove		92	0.2	7.1
9	Pardubice		63	0.1	4.9
10	Vysocina		71	0.2	5.5
11	South Moravia		139	0.3	10.8
12	Olomouc		58	0.1	4.5
13	Zlin		62	0.1	4.8
14	Moravia-Silesia		184	0.4	14.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1289		

V299 - Region: Germany (DE\_REG)

DE\_REG - Germany: Federal countries, information supplied from the official register of inhabitants For 4 cases the respondents lived in east Berlin according to the register of inhabitants from which the sample was drawn but lived in West Berlin according to the contact form computed by the interviewer. One respondent was registered in West Berlin but according to the contact form lived in East Berlin. In all other cases, register and contact form information matched.

- 0 Not available
- 1 Schleswig-Holstein
- 2 Hamburg
- 3 Niedersachsen
- 4 Bremen
- 5 Nordrhein-Westfalen
- 6 Hessen
- 7 Rheinland-Pfalz
- 8 Baden-Wuerttemberg
- 9 Bayern
- 10 Saarland
- 11 Berlin-Ost
- 12 Mecklenburg-Vorpommern
- 13 Brandenburg
- 14 Sachsen-Anhalt
- 15 Thueringen
- 16 Sachsen
- 17 Berlin-West

V299

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45271	97.1	
1	Schleswig-Holstein		29	0.1	2.1
2	Hamburg		24	0.1	1.8
3	Niedersachsen		99	0.2	7.2
4	Bremen		6	0.0	0.4
5	Nordrhein-Westfalen		245	0.5	17.9
6	Hessen		83	0.2	6.1
7	Rheinland-Pfalz		66	0.1	4.8
8	Baden-Wuerttemberg		139	0.3	10.2
9	Bayern		205	0.4	15.0
10	Saarland		14	0.0	1.0
11	Berlin-Ost		33	0.1	2.4
12	Mecklbg-Vorpommern		66	0.1	4.8
13	Brandenburg		81	0.2	5.9
14	Sachsen-Anhalt		71	0.2	5.2
15	Thueringen		70	0.2	5.1
16	Sachsen		110	0.2	8.0
17	Berlin-West		26	0.1	1.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1367		

## V300 - Region: Denmark (DK\_REG)

DK\_REG - Denmark: contains the Danish county division. The variable is derived from a variable from the Central Population Register about which municipality the respondent lives in. It is, thus, not a subjective measurement.

- 0 Not available
- 1 Copenhagen county
- 2 Frederiksberg county
- 3 Roskilde county
- 4 Westernzealand county
- 5 Storstroms county
- 6 Bornholm county
- 7 Funen county
- 8 Southern Jutland county
- 9 Ribe county
- 10 Vejle county
- 11 Ringkøbing county
- 12 Århus county
- 13 Viborg county
- 14 Northern Jutland county
- 15 Copenhagen municipality
- 16 Frederiksberg municipality

## V300

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45259	97.0	
1	Copenhagen county		156	0.3	11.3
2	Frederiksberg county		102	0.2	7.4
3	Roskilde county		53	0.1	3.8
4	Westernzealand county		71	0.2	5.1
5	Storstroms county		63	0.1	4.6
6	Bornholms county		2	0.0	0.1
7	Funen county		145	0.3	10.5
8	Southern Jutland		74	0.2	5.4
9	Ribe county		66	0.1	4.8
10	Vejle county		86	0.2	6.2
11	Ringkøbing county		56	0.1	4.1
12	Århus county		166	0.4	12.0
13	Viborg county		63	0.1	4.6
14	Northern Jutland		118	0.3	8.6
15	Copenhagen municipality		123	0.3	8.9
16	Frederiksberg municipality		35	0.1	2.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1379		

V301 - Region: Spain (ES\_REG)

ES\_REG - Spain

- 0 Not available
- 1 Andalucia
- 2 Aragon
- 3 Asturias
- 4 Baleares
- 5 Canarias
- 6 Cantabria
- 7 Castilla-La Mancha
- 8 Castilla-Leon
- 9 Cataluna
- 10 Comunidad Valenciana
- 11 Extremadura
- 12 Galicia
- 13 Madrid
- 14 Region de Murcia
- 15 Navarra
- 16 Pais Vasco
- 17 Rioja

V301

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44167	94.7	
1	Andalucia		431	0.9	17.4
2	Aragon		78	0.2	3.2
3	Asturias		73	0.2	3.0
4	Baleares		47	0.1	1.9
5	Canarias		98	0.2	4.0
6	Cantabria		34	0.1	1.4
7	Castilla-La Mancha		108	0.2	4.4
8	Castilla-Leon		164	0.4	6.6
9	Cataluna		386	0.8	15.6
10	Comunidad Valenciana		239	0.5	9.7
11	Extremadura		67	0.1	2.7
12	Galicia		178	0.4	7.2
13	Madrid		313	0.7	12.7
14	Region de Murcia		66	0.1	2.7
15	Navarra		34	0.1	1.4
16	Pais Vasco		138	0.3	5.6
17	La Rioja		17	0.0	0.7
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2471		



V302 - Region: France (FR\_REG)

FR\_REG - France: region

- 0 Not available
- 1 Ain
- 2 Aisne
- 3 Allier
- 4 Alpes-Haute-Provence
- 5 Hautes-Alpes
- 6 Alpes-Maritimes
- 7 Ardeche
- 8 Ardennes
- 9 Ariege
- 10 Aube
- 11 Aude
- 12 Aveyron
- 13 Bouche-du-Rhone
- 14 Calvados
- 15 Cantal
- 16 Charente
- 17 Charente-Maritime
- 18 Cher
- 19 Correze
- 20 Haute-Corse
- 21 Cote-d'Or
- 22 Cote-d'Amor
- 23 Creuse
- 24 Doubs
- 25 Drome
- 26 Eure
- 27 Eure-et-Loire
- 28 Finistere
- 29 Gard
- 30 Haute-Garonne
- 31 Gers
- 32 Gironde
- 33 Herault
- 34 Ile-et-Vilaine
- 35 Indre
- 36 Indre-et-Loire
- 37 Isere
- 38 Jura
- 39 Landes
- 40 Loir-et-Cher
- 41 Loire

- 42 Haute-Loire
- 43 Loire-Atlantique
- 44 Loiret
- 45 Lot
- 46 Lot-et-Garonne
- 47 Lozere
- 48 Maine-et-Loire
- 49 Manche
- 50 Marne
- 51 Haute-Marne
- 52 Maine-et-Loire
- 53 Mayenne
- 54 Meurthe-et-Moselle
- 55 Meuse
- 56 Morbihan
- 57 Moselle
- 58 Nièvre
- 59 Nord
- 60 Oise
- 61 Orne
- 62 Pas-de-Calais
- 63 Puy-de-Dôme
- 64 Pyrénées-Atlantiques
- 65 Hautes-Pyrénées
- 66 Pyrénées-Orientales
- 67 Bas-Rhin
- 68 Haut-Rhin
- 69 Rhône
- 70 Haute-Saône
- 71 Saône-et-Loire
- 72 Sarthe
- 73 Savoie
- 74 Haute-Savoie
- 75 Ville de Paris
- 76 Seine-Maritime
- 77 Seine-et-Marne
- 78 Yvelines
- 79 Deux-Sèvres
- 80 Somme
- 81 Tarn
- 82 Tarn-et-Garonne
- 83 Var
- 84 Vaucluse
- 85 Vendée
- 86 Vienne
- 87 Haute-Vienne
- 88 Vosges

- 89 Yonne
- 90 Belfort (Territoire)
- 91 Essone
- 92 Hauts-de-Seine
- 93 Seine-Saint-Denis
- 94 Val-de-Marne
- 95 Val-d'Oise
- 96 Corse-Sud
- 99 No answer

V302

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44735	95.9	
1	Ain		20	0.0	1.1
2	Aisne		11	0.0	0.6
3	Allier		13	0.0	0.7
4	Alpes-Hte-Provence		3	0.0	0.2
5	Hautes-Alpes		3	0.0	0.2
6	Alpes-Maritimes		44	0.1	2.4
7	Ardeche		7	0.0	0.4
8	Ardennes		7	0.0	0.4
9	Ariege		4	0.0	0.2
10	Aube		7	0.0	0.4
11	Aude		13	0.0	0.7
12	Aveyron		8	0.0	0.4
13	Bouche-du-Rhone		50	0.1	2.7
14	Calvados		19	0.0	1.0
15	Cantal		9	0.0	0.5
16	Charente		8	0.0	0.4
17	Charente-Maritime		19	0.0	1.0
18	Cher		12	0.0	0.6
19	Correze		1	0.0	0.1
20	Haute-Corse		6	0.0	0.3
21	Cote-d Or		13	0.0	0.7
22	Cotes-d Armor		20	0.0	1.1
23	Creuse		5	0.0	0.3
24	Dordogne		14	0.0	0.8
25	Doubs		20	0.0	1.1
26	Drome		20	0.0	1.1
27	Eure		25	0.1	1.3
28	Eure-et-Loir		12	0.0	0.6
29	Finistere		34	0.1	1.8
30	Gard		12	0.0	0.6
31	Haute-Garonne		39	0.1	2.1
32	Gers		6	0.0	0.3
33	Gironde		47	0.1	2.5
34	Herault		22	0.0	1.2
35	Ille-et-Vilaine		23	0.0	1.2
36	Indre		10	0.0	0.5
37	Indre-et-Loire		21	0.0	1.1
38	Isere		49	0.1	2.6
39	Jura		11	0.0	0.6
40	Landes		12	0.0	0.6
41	Loir-et-Cher		5	0.0	0.3
42	Loire		33	0.1	1.8
43	Haute-Loire		8	0.0	0.4
44	Loire-Atlantique		44	0.1	2.4
45	Loiret		17	0.0	0.9
46	Lot		5	0.0	0.3
47	Lot-et-Garonne		9	0.0	0.5
48	Lozere		6	0.0	0.3
49	Maine-et-Loire		16	0.0	0.9
50	Manche		11	0.0	0.6

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
51	Marne		15	0.0	0.8
52	Haute-Marne		6	0.0	0.3
53	Mayenne		6	0.0	0.3
54	Meurthe-et-Moselle		29	0.1	1.6
55	Meuse		4	0.0	0.2
56	Morbihan		25	0.1	1.3
57	Moselle		25	0.1	1.3
58	Nievre		6	0.0	0.3
59	Nord		65	0.1	3.5
60	Oise		18	0.0	1.0
61	Orne		10	0.0	0.5
62	Pas-de-Calais		31	0.1	1.7
63	Puy-de-Dome		25	0.1	1.3
64	Pyrenees-Atlantiques		18	0.0	1.0
65	Hautes-Pyrenees		6	0.0	0.3
66	Pyrenees-Orientales		12	0.0	0.6
67	Bas-Rhin		36	0.1	1.9
68	Haut-Rhin		31	0.1	1.7
69	Rhone		50	0.1	2.7
70	Haute-Saone		7	0.0	0.4
71	Saone-et-Loire		17	0.0	0.9
72	Sarthe		12	0.0	0.6
73	Savoie		17	0.0	0.9
74	Haute-Savoie		31	0.1	1.7
75	Ville de Paris		117	0.3	6.3
76	Seine-Maritime		37	0.1	2.0
77	Seine-et-Marne		24	0.1	1.3
78	Yvelines		34	0.1	1.8
79	Deux-Sevres		13	0.0	0.7
80	Somme		18	0.0	1.0
81	Tarn		9	0.0	0.5
82	Tarn-et-Garonne		5	0.0	0.3
83	Var		33	0.1	1.8
84	Vaucluse		13	0.0	0.7
85	Vendee		16	0.0	0.9
86	Vienne		11	0.0	0.6
87	Haute-Vienne		11	0.0	0.6
88	Vosges		10	0.0	0.5
89	Yonne		8	0.0	0.4
90	Belfort (Territoire)		8	0.0	0.4
91	Essone		28	0.1	1.5
92	Hauts-de-Seine		45	0.1	2.4
93	Seine-Saint-Denis		14	0.0	0.8
94	Val-de-Marne		33	0.1	1.8
95	Val-d Oise		31	0.1	1.7
96	Corse-Sud		2	0.0	0.1
99	Na	M	48	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1855		

V303 - Region: Belgium/ Flanders BE-FLA (BE\_REG)

BE-FLA\_REG - Belgium/ Flanders

0 Not available: all other countries

1 Antwerp

2 Flemish Brabant

3 West Flanders

4 East Flanders

5 Limburg

6 Brussels

V303

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45278	97.1	
1	Antwerp		354	0.8	26.0
2	Flemish Brabant		222	0.5	16.3
3	West Flanders		266	0.6	19.6
4	East Flanders		308	0.7	22.6
5	Limburg		175	0.4	12.9
6	Brussels		35	0.1	2.6
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1360		

## V304 - Region: Great Britain + Northern Ireland (GB\_REG)

GB\_REG - Great Britain including added Northern Ireland

- 0 Not available: all other countries
- 1 Scotland
- 2 North, North West, Yorkshire Hbs
- 3 West, East Midlands
- 4 Wales
- 5 East Anglia, South West, S-E
- 6 Greater London
- 10 Northern Ireland

## Note:

Please note, that this variable is not in the least representative for the United Kingdom. Northern Ireland was added afterwards and is clearly overrepresented in this compounded version of a region variable.

## V304

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	43691	93.7	
1	Scotland		202	0.4	6.9
2	North,North West,Yorkshire Hbs		499	1.1	16.9
3	West, East Midlands		329	0.7	11.2
4	Wales		111	0.2	3.8
5	East Anglia,South West,S-E		635	1.4	21.5
6	Greater London		184	0.4	6.2
10	Northern Ireland		987	2.1	33.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2947		

V305 - Region: Hungary (HU\_REG)

HU\_REG - Hungary

- 0 Not available
- 1 Budapest
- 2 Baranya
- 3 Bacs-Kiskun
- 4 Bekes
- 5 Borsod-Abaúj
- 6 Csongrad
- 7 Fejér
- 8 Győr-Sopron
- 9 Hajdu-Bihar
- 10 Heves
- 11 Komárom
- 12 Nógrád
- 13 Pest
- 15 Szabolcs-Szatmár
- 16 Szolnok
- 17 Tolna
- 18 Vas
- 19 Veszprém
- 20 Zala



V305

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV,all other countries	M	45615	97.8	
1	Budapest		182	0.4	17.8
2	Baranya		60	0.1	5.9
3	Bacs-Kiskun		60	0.1	5.9
4	Bekes		55	0.1	5.4
5	Borsod-Abauj		60	0.1	5.9
6	Csongrad		24	0.1	2.3
7	Fejer		48	0.1	4.7
8	Gyor-Sopron		48	0.1	4.7
9	Hajdu-Bihar		12	0.0	1.2
10	Heves		48	0.1	4.7
11	Komarom		24	0.1	2.3
12	Nograd		12	0.0	1.2
13	Pest		114	0.2	11.1
15	Szabolcs-Szatmar		60	0.1	5.9
16	Szolnok		84	0.2	8.2
17	Tolna		36	0.1	3.5
18	Vas		24	0.1	2.3
19	Veszprem		36	0.1	3.5
20	Zala		36	0.1	3.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1023		

## V306 - Region: Israel (IL\_REG)

IL\_REG - Israel

- 0 Not available
- 1 North
- 2 South
- 3 Tel-Aviv
- 4 Jerusalem
- 5 Arab sector

## V306

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45429	97.4	
1	North		272	0.6	22.5
2	South		144	0.3	11.9
3	Tel-Aviv		483	1.0	40.0
4	Jerusalem		160	0.3	13.2
5	Arab sector		150	0.3	12.4
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1209		

V307 - Region: Ireland (IE\_REG)

IE\_REG - Ireland

0 Not available

V307

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Not available	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V308 - Region: Japan (JP\_REG)

JP\_REG - Japan

Nine administrative and geographic regions are regrouped into 6 units.

- 0 Not available
- 1 Hokkaido, Tohoku
- 2 Kanto, Koshinetsu
- 3 Chubu
- 4 Kinki
- 5 Chugoku, Shikoku
- 6 Kyushu

## V308

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45506	97.6	
1	Hokkaido, Tohoku		163	0.3	14.4
2	Kanto, Koshin-etsu		400	0.9	35.3
3	Chubu		173	0.4	15.3
4	Kinki		155	0.3	13.7
5	Chugoku, Shikoku		117	0.3	10.3
6	Kyushu		124	0.3	11.0
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1132		

## V309 - Region: Latvia (LV\_REG)

LV\_REG - Latvia

- 0 Not available
- 1 Riga
- 2 Vidzeme
- 3 Kurzeme
- 4 Zemgale
- 5 Latgale

## V309

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45638	97.9	
1	Riga		331	0.7	33.1
2	Vidzeme		207	0.4	20.7
3	Kurzeme		132	0.3	13.2
4	Zemgale		169	0.4	16.9
5	Latgale		161	0.3	16.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1000		

V310 - Region: Mexico (MX\_REG)

MX\_REG - Mexico

- 0 Not available
- 1 Baja California
- 2 Campeche
- 3 Coahuila
- 4 Colima
- 5 Chiapas
- 6 Distrito Federal
- 7 Guanajuato
- 8 Guerrero
- 9 Hidalgo
- 10 Jalisco
- 11 Mexico
- 12 Michoacan
- 13 Nayarit
- 14 Nuevo Leon
- 15 Puebla
- 16 Sonora
- 17 Tabasco
- 18 Tamaulipas
- 19 Tlaxcala
- 20 Veracruz
- 21 Yucatan
- 22 Zacatecas

V310

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45143	96.8	
1	Baja California		44	0.1	2.9
2	Campeche		32	0.1	2.1
3	Coahuila		40	0.1	2.7
4	Colima		35	0.1	2.3
5	Chiapas		28	0.1	1.9
6	Distrito Federal		160	0.3	10.7
7	Guanajuato		40	0.1	2.7
8	Guerrero		32	0.1	2.1
9	Hidalgo		66	0.1	4.4
10	Jalisco		231	0.5	15.5
11	Mexico		209	0.4	14.0
12	Michoacan		31	0.1	2.1
13	Nayarit		19	0.0	1.3
14	Nuevo Leon		33	0.1	2.2
15	Puebla		89	0.2	6.0
16	Sonora		60	0.1	4.0
17	Tabasco		50	0.1	3.3
18	Tamaulipas		105	0.2	7.0
19	Tlaxcala		60	0.1	4.0
20	Veracruz		64	0.1	4.3
21	Yucatan		49	0.1	3.3
22	Zacatecas		18	0.0	1.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1495		

## V311 - Region: Norway (NO\_REG)

NO\_REG - Norway: Region substitutes County

- 0 Not available
- 1 Central East: Capital and surrounding county
- 2 East
- 3 South coast with inland
- 4 West coast with inland
- 5 Middle
- 6 North

## V311

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45163	96.8	
1	Central East		307	0.7	20.8
2	East		445	1.0	30.2
3	South		91	0.2	6.2
4	West		336	0.7	22.8
5	Middle		146	0.3	9.9
6	North		150	0.3	10.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1475		



## V312 - Region: Netherlands (NL\_REG)

NL\_REG - Netherlands (provinces)

- 0 Not available
- 1 Groningen
- 2 Friesland
- 3 Drente
- 4 Overijssel
- 5 Gelderland
- 6 Utrecht
- 7 Noord-Holland
- 8 Zuid-Holland
- 9 Zeeland
- 10 Noord-Brabant
- 11 Limburg
- 12 Flevoland

## V312

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45389	97.3	
1	Groningen		42	0.1	3.4
2	Friesland		49	0.1	3.9
3	Drente		35	0.1	2.8
4	Overijssel		76	0.2	6.1
5	Gelderland		140	0.3	11.2
6	Utrecht		92	0.2	7.4
7	Noord-Holland		215	0.5	17.2
8	Zuid-Holland		276	0.6	22.1
9	Zeeland		28	0.1	2.2
10	Noord-Brabant		184	0.4	14.7
11	Limburg		89	0.2	7.1
12	Flevoland		23	0.0	1.8
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1249		

V313 - Region: New Zealand (NZ\_REG)

NZ\_REG - New Zealand

In which area do you live?

- 0 Not available
- 1 Northland
- 2 Auckland
- 3 Thames Valley
- 4 Bay of Plenty
- 5 Waikato
- 6 Tongariro
- 7 East Cape
- 8 Hawkes Bay
- 9 Taranaki
- 10 Wanganui
- 11 Manawatu
- 12 Horowhenua
- 13 Wellington
- 14 Wairarapa
- 15 Nelson Bays
- 16 Marlborough
- 17 West Coast
- 18 Canterbury
- 19 Aorangi
- 20 Clutha-Central Otago
- 21 Coastal-North Otago
- 22 Southland
- 99 No answer

V313

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45613	97.8	
1	Northland		46	0.1	4.6
2	Auckland		254	0.5	25.5
3	Thames Valley		14	0.0	1.4
4	Bay of Plenty		65	0.1	6.5
5	Waikato		63	0.1	6.3
6	Tongariro		5	0.0	0.5
7	East Cape		10	0.0	1.0
8	Hawkes Bay		36	0.1	3.6
9	Taranaki		26	0.1	2.6
10	Wanganui		15	0.0	1.5
11	Manawatu		28	0.1	2.8
12	Horowhenua		15	0.0	1.5
13	Wellington		100	0.2	10.0
14	Wairarapa		18	0.0	1.8
15	Nelson Bays		29	0.1	2.9
16	Marlborough		13	0.0	1.3
17	West Coast		8	0.0	0.8
18	Canterbury		144	0.3	14.4
19	Aorangi		17	0.0	1.7
20	Clutha-Centr Otago		22	0.0	2.2
21	Coastal-North Otago		34	0.1	3.4
22	Southland		35	0.1	3.5
99	Na	M	28	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		997		

## V314 - Region: Portugal (PT\_REG)

PT\_REG - Portugal

- 0 Not available
- 1 North
- 2 Centre
- 3 Lisbon and Tagus Val
- 4 Alentejo
- 5 Algarve

## V314

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45546	97.7	
1	North		459	1.0	42.0
2	Centre		206	0.4	18.9
3	Lisbon a Tagus Val		326	0.7	29.9
4	Alentejo		54	0.1	4.9
5	Algarve		47	0.1	4.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1092		

## V315 - Region: Poland (PL\_REG)

PL\_REG - Poland

- 0 Not available
- 1 Central
- 2 Wielkopolska (Central-West)
- 3 Silesia (South-West)
- 4 West
- 5 Pomorze (North)
- 6 North-East
- 7 East
- 8 Malopolska (South-East)

## V315

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45386	97.3	
1	Central		238	0.5	19.0
2	Wielkopolska(Ctr-W)		151	0.3	12.1
3	Silesia (S-W)		232	0.5	18.5
4	West		135	0.3	10.8
5	Pomorze (North)		138	0.3	11.0
6	North-East		99	0.2	7.9
7	East		82	0.2	6.5
8	Malopolska (S-E)		177	0.4	14.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1252		

## V316 - Region: Chile (CL\_REG)

CL\_REG - Republic of Chile

In which area do you live?

- 0 Not available
- 1 Tarapaca
- 2 Antofagasta
- 3 Atacama
- 4 Coquimbo
- 5 Valparaiso
- 6 Libertador General Bdo. O'Higgins
- 7 Maule
- 8 Biobio
- 9 La Araucania
- 10 Los Lagos
- 11 Aisen del General
- 12 Magallanes and Antarctic
- 13 Metropolitana de Santiago

## V316

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45133	96.8	
1	Tarapaca		40	0.1	2.7
2	Antofagasta		45	0.1	3.0
3	Atacama		30	0.1	2.0
4	Coquimbo		55	0.1	3.7
5	Valparaiso		160	0.3	10.6
6	Libertador General		80	0.2	5.3
7	Maule		85	0.2	5.6
8	Biobio		190	0.4	12.6
9	La Araucania		85	0.2	5.6
10	Los Lagos		105	0.2	7.0
11	Aisen del General		5	0.0	0.3
12	Magallanes y Antari		15	0.0	1.0
13	Metropolitana Santiago		610	1.3	40.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1505		

## V317 - Region: Philippines (PH\_REG)

PH\_REG - Philippines

In which area do you live?

- 0 Not available
- 1 Great Manila Area
- 2 Balance Luzon
- 3 Visayas
- 4 Mindanao

## V317

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45438	97.4	
1	Great Manila Area		300	0.6	25.0
2	Balance Luzon		300	0.6	25.0
3	Visayas		300	0.6	25.0
4	Mindanao		300	0.6	25.0
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1200		

## V318 - Region: Russia (RU\_REG)

RU\_REG - Russia

- 0 Not available
- 1 North
- 2 North-West
- 3 Central, Moscow
- 4 Volga-Vyatka
- 5 Black Earth
- 6 Volga Region
- 7 North Caucasus
- 8 Urals
- 9 West Siberia
- 10 East Siberia
- 11 Far East

## V318

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44840	96.1	
1	North		59	0.1	3.3
2	North-West		67	0.1	3.7
3	Central		269	0.6	15.0
4	Volga-Vyatka		106	0.2	5.9
5	Black Earth		101	0.2	5.6
6	Volga Region		218	0.5	12.1
7	North Caucasus		168	0.4	9.3
8	Urals		253	0.5	14.1
9	West Siberia		189	0.4	10.5
10	East Siberia		111	0.2	6.2
11	Far East		257	0.6	14.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1798		



V319 - Region: Sweden (SE\_REG)

SE\_REG - Sweden: region R lives in (recoded from administrative provinces approximate to english 'county')

- 0 Not available
- 1 North (AC, BD, Y, Z)
- 2 Mid North (S, W, X)
- 3 Mid East (AB, C, D, E, T, U, except 4 Stockholm)
- 4 Stockholm
- 5 West (N, O, except 6 Goeteborg)
- 6 Goeteborg
- 7 Smaeland Gotland (F, G, H, I)
- 8 South (K, L, M, except 9 Malmoe)
- 9 Malmoe

Note:

Codes and administrative provinces ('laen' approximate to english county):

AB Stockholms laen

C Uppsala laen

D Soedermanlands laen

E Oestergoetlands laen

F Joenkoepings laen

G Kronobergs laen

H Kalmar laen

I Gotlands laen

K Blekinge laen

M Skaene laen

N Hallands laen

O Vaestra Goetalands laen

S Vaermlands laen

T Oerebro laen

U Vaetmanlands laen

W Dalarnas laen

X Gaevleborgs laen

Y Vaesternorrlands laen

Z Jaemtlands laen

AC Vaesterbottens laen

BD Norrbottens laen

V319

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45558	97.7	
1	North		134	0.3	12.4
2	Mid North		97	0.2	9.0
3	Mid East		159	0.3	14.7
4	Stockholm		204	0.4	18.9
5	West		136	0.3	12.6
6	Goeteborg		87	0.2	8.1
7	Smaaland Gotland		99	0.2	9.2
8	South		105	0.2	9.7
9	Malmoe		59	0.1	5.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1080		

V320 - Region: Finland (FI\_REG)

FI\_REG - Finland - Region R lives in

- 0 Not available
- 1 Uusimaa
- 2 Varsinais-Suomi
- 4 Satakunta
- 5 Kanta-Häme
- 6 Pirkanmaa
- 7 Päijät-Häme
- 8 Kymenlaakso
- 9 Etelä-Karjala
- 10 Etelä-Savo
- 11 Pohjois-Savo
- 12 Pohjois-Karjala
- 13 Keski-Suomi
- 14 Etelä-Pohjanmaa
- 15 Pohjanmaa
- 16 Keski-Pohjanmaa
- 17 Pohjois-Pohjanmaa
- 18 Kainuu
- 19 Lappi
- 20 Itä-Uusimaa
- 21 Ahvenanmaa
- 99 Not known

V320

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45285	97.1	
1	Uusimaa		327	0.7	24.4
2	Varsinais-Suomi		121	0.3	9.0
4	Satakunta		58	0.1	4.3
5	Kanta-Haeme		44	0.1	3.3
6	Pirkanmaa		131	0.3	9.8
7	Paeijaet-Haeme		55	0.1	4.1
8	Kymenlaakso		45	0.1	3.4
9	Etelae-Karjala		37	0.1	2.8
10	Etelae-Savo		43	0.1	3.2
11	Pohjois-Savo		70	0.2	5.2
12	Pohjois-Karjala		47	0.1	3.5
13	Keski-Suomi		69	0.1	5.1
14	Etelae-Pohjanmaa		44	0.1	3.3
15	Pohjanmaa		42	0.1	3.1
16	Keski-Pohjanmaa		15	0.0	1.1
17	Pohjois-Pohjanmaa		90	0.2	6.7
18	Kainuu		26	0.1	1.9
19	Lappi		48	0.1	3.6
20	Itae-Uusimaa		24	0.1	1.8
21	Ahvenanmaa		6	0.0	0.4
99	Na, not known	M	11	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1342		

## V321 - Region: Slovakia (SK\_REG)

SK\_REG - Slovakia

- 0 Not available
- 1 Bratislava
- 2 Trnava
- 3 Trenein
- 4 Nitra
- 5 .linia
- 6 Banska Bystrica
- 7 Presov
- 8 Kosice

## V321

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45505	97.6	
1	Bratislava county		132	0.3	11.7
2	Trnava county		114	0.2	10.1
3	Trencin county		132	0.3	11.7
4	Nitra county		162	0.3	14.3
5	Zilina county		150	0.3	13.2
6	Banska Bystrica county		138	0.3	12.2
7	Presov county		149	0.3	13.2
8	Kosice county		156	0.3	13.8
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1133		

## V322 - Region: Slovenia (SI\_REG)

SI\_REG - Slovenia - Local communities are recoded into regional classifications by the census bureau

- 0 Not available
- 1 Pomurska
- 2 Podravska
- 3 Koroska
- 4 Savinjska
- 5 Gorenjska
- 6 Zasavska
- 7 Osrednja
- 8 Spodnje-posavska
- 9 Dolenjska
- 10 Goriska
- 11 Obalno-kraška
- 12 Kraska

## V322

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45545	97.7	
1	Pomurska		80	0.2	7.3
2	Podravska		181	0.4	16.6
3	Koroska		51	0.1	4.7
4	Savinjska		158	0.3	14.5
5	Gorenjska		122	0.3	11.2
6	Zasavska		20	0.0	1.8
7	Osrednja		244	0.5	22.3
8	Spodnje-posavska		37	0.1	3.4
9	Dolenjska		62	0.1	5.7
10	Goriska		65	0.1	5.9
11	Obalno-kraška		49	0.1	4.5
12	Kraska		24	0.1	2.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1093		

V323 - Region: Taiwan (TW\_REG)

TW\_REG - Taiwan: region

- 0 Not available
- 1 Keelung city
- 2 Taipei city
- 3 Taipei county
- 4 Taoyuan county
- 5 Hsinchu city
- 6 Hsinchu county
- 7 Miaoli county
- 8 Taichung city
- 9 Taichung county
- 10 Nantou county
- 11 Chanhua county
- 12 Yunlin county
- 13 Chiayi city
- 14 Chiayi county
- 15 Tainan city
- 16 Tainan county
- 17 Kaohsiung city
- 18 Kaohsiung county
- 19 Pingtung county
- 20 Ilan county
- 21 Hualien county

V323

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44655	95.7	
1	Keelung City		35	0.1	1.8
2	Taipei City		232	0.5	11.7
3	Taipei County		191	0.4	9.6
4	Taoyuan County		193	0.4	9.7
6	Hsinchu County		138	0.3	7.0
7	Miaoli County		28	0.1	1.4
8	Taichung City		70	0.2	3.5
9	Taichung County		57	0.1	2.9
10	Nantou County		31	0.1	1.6
11	Changhua County		55	0.1	2.8
12	Yunlin County		91	0.2	4.6
13	Chiayi City		40	0.1	2.0
15	Tainan City		90	0.2	4.5
16	Tainan County		226	0.5	11.4
17	Kaohsiung City		144	0.3	7.3
18	Kaohsiung County		145	0.3	7.3
20	Ilan County		116	0.2	5.8
21	Hualien County		101	0.2	5.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1983		



V324 - Region: USA (US\_REG)

US\_REG - United States

States were recoded into regions (U.S. Bureau of Census: Regional classification)

- 0 Not available
- 1 New England
- 2 Middle Atlantic
- 3 East North Central
- 4 West North Central
- 5 South Atlantic
- 6 East South Central
- 7 West South Central
- 8 Mountain
- 9 Pacific

Note:

Listing of states within regions in:

Statistical Abstract (any edition), published by U.S.

Bureau of the Census.

States were recoded into regions:

- 01 New England (Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island)
- 02 Middle Atlantic (New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania)
- 03 East North Central (Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio)
- 04 West North Central (Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas)
- 05 South Atlantic (Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, District of Columbia)
- 06 East South Central (Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi)
- 07 West South Central (Arkansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Texas)
- 08 Mountain (Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico)
- 09 Pacific (Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii)

V324

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45467	97.5	
1	New England		76	0.2	6.5
2	Middle Atlantic		178	0.4	15.2
3	East North Central		202	0.4	17.3
4	West North Central		94	0.2	8.0
5	South Atlantic		175	0.4	14.9
6	East South Central		86	0.2	7.3
7	West South Central		120	0.3	10.2
8	Mountain		82	0.2	7.0
9	Pacific		158	0.3	13.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1171		

## V325 - Size of community: Austria (AT\_SIZE)

AT\_SIZE - Austria: where do you live - size of residence

- 0 Not available
- 1 > 1 million, Vienna
- 2 50 001 - 1 000 000 inhabitants
- 3 20 001 - 50 000 inhabitants
- 4 10 001 - 20 000 inhabitants
- 5 5 001 - 10 000 inhabitants
- 6 3 001 - 5 000 inhabitants
- 7 2 001 - 3 000 inhabitants
- 8 Up to 2 000 inhabitants

## V325

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44591	95.6	
1	>1 mill+Vienna		405	0.9	19.8
2	50 001-1 million		514	1.1	25.1
3	20 001-50 000		132	0.3	6.4
4	10 001-20 000		145	0.3	7.1
5	5 001-10 000		248	0.5	12.1
6	3 001- 5 000		234	0.5	11.4
8	Less than 2 000		369	0.8	18.0
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2047		

## V326 - Size of community: Australia (AU\_SIZE)

AU\_SIZE - Australia: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 Metropolitan area, > 500.000 inhabitants
- 2 City, up to 500.000 inhabitants
- 3 Middle city, 60.000 inhabitants
- 4 Town, up to 20.000 inhabitants
- 5 Village, under 1.000 inhabitants
- 6 Farm
- 99 No answer

## V326

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45286	97.1	
1	Metropolitan area, > 500 000		515	1.1	40.7
2	City, up to 500 000		167	0.4	13.2
3	Middle city, 60 000		203	0.4	16.0
4	Town, up to 20 000		220	0.5	17.4
5	Village, under 1 000		72	0.2	5.7
6	Farm		88	0.2	7.0
99	Na	M	87	0.2	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1265		

## V327 - Size of community: Bulgaria (BG\_SIZE)

BG\_SIZE - Bulgaria: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 Sofia, 1,2 mill. inhabitants
- 2 100.001 - 500.000 inhabitants
- 3 20.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 4 2.001 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 5 Up to 2.000 inhabitants

## V327

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45635	97.8	
1	Sofia (1,2 Mill)		132	0.3	13.2
2	100 001-500 000		166	0.4	16.6
3	20 001-100 000		278	0.6	27.7
4	2 001- 20 000		217	0.5	21.6
5	up to 2 000		210	0.5	20.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1003		

## V328 - Size of community: Brazil (BR\_SIZE)

BR\_SIZE - Brazil: size of community

0 Not available

## V328

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V329 - Size of community: Switzerland (CH\_SIZE)

CH\_SIZE - Switzerland: size of community

0 Not available

## V329

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V330 - Size of community: Cyprus (CY\_SIZE)

CY - Cyprus: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 100.000 inhabitants and more
- 2 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 3 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 4 5.001 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 5 1.001 - 5.000 inhabitants
- 6 Less than 1.000 inhabitants

## V330

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45634	97.8	
1	100 001 and more		511	1.1	50.9
2	50 001-100 000		7	0.0	0.7
3	20 001- 50 000		150	0.3	14.9
4	5 001- 20 000		68	0.1	6.8
5	1 001- 5 000		206	0.4	20.5
6	Less than 1 000		62	0.1	6.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1004		



## V331 - Size of community: Czech Republic (CZ\_SIZE)

CZ\_SIZE - Czech Republic:

What size (category) does the community you live in belongs to

- 0 Not available
- 1 Prague, 1.200.000 inhabitants
- 2 City, more than 100.000 inhabitants
- 3 Large city, 50.000 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 4 Larger town, 10.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 5 Small town, 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants
- 6 Larger village, 2.000 - 4.999 inhabitants
- 7 Village, 1.000 - 1.999 inhabitants
- 8 Village, less than 1.000 inhabitants

## V331

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45349	97.2	
1	1,2 Mill. (Prague)		65	0.1	5.0
2	100 000+		144	0.3	11.2
3	50 000- 99 999		113	0.2	8.8
4	10 000- 49 999		307	0.7	23.8
5	5 000- 9 999		166	0.4	12.9
6	2 000- 4 999		156	0.3	12.1
7	1 000- 1 999		138	0.3	10.7
8	Less than 1 000		200	0.4	15.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1289		

## V332 - Size of community: Germany (DE\_SIZE)

DE\_SIZE - Germany: political size of municipality

- 0 Not available
- 1 500.000 inhabitants and more
- 2 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants
- 3 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants
- 4 20.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 5 5.000 - 19.999 inhabitants
- 6 2.000 - 4.999 inhabitants
- 7 Up to 1.999 inhabitants

## V332

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45271	97.1	
1	> 500 000		156	0.3	11.4
2	100 000-499 999		205	0.4	15.0
3	50 000- 99 999		91	0.2	6.7
4	20 000- 49 999		205	0.4	15.0
5	5 000- 19 999		364	0.8	26.6
6	2 000- 4 999		151	0.3	11.0
7	up to 1 999		195	0.4	14.3
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1367		

## V333 - Size of community: Denmark (DK\_SIZE)

DK\_SIZE - Denmark: derived from respondents' own answers to a question about what type of city they live in. It is, thus, a subjective assessment.

- 0 Not available
- 1 Great Copenhagen (capital area)
- 2 City, 50.000 - 500.000 inhabitants
- 3 Town/ city 10.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 4 Town/ city 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants
- 5 Less than 5.000 inhabitants
- 98 Don't know
- 99 No answer

## V333

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45259	97.0	
1	Greater Copenhagen area		283	0.6	22.8
2	City, 50 000-500 000		212	0.5	17.1
3	Town,city 10 000-49 999		276	0.6	22.3
4	Town,city 5 000- 9 999		138	0.3	11.1
5	Town, less than 5000		330	0.7	26.6
98	Dk	M	105	0.2	
99	Na	M	35	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1239		

## V334 - Size of community: Spain (ES\_SIZE)

ES\_SIZE - Spain: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 > than 1.000.000 inhabitants (Madrid and Barcelona)
- 2 400.001 - 1.000.000 inhabitants
- 3 100.001 - 400.000 inhabitants
- 4 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 5 10.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 6 2.001 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 7 <= 2.000 inhabitants

## V334

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44167	94.7	
1	> 1 000 000 inhabitants		280	0.6	11.3
2	400 001-1000 000		158	0.3	6.4
3	100 001- 400 000		595	1.3	24.1
4	50 001- 100 000		240	0.5	9.7
5	10 001- 50 000		594	1.3	24.0
6	2 001- 10 000		404	0.9	16.3
7	< 2 000		200	0.4	8.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		2471		

## V335 - Size of community: France (FR\_SIZE)

FR\_SIZE - France: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 Paris
- 2 > 500.000 inhabitants
- 3 100.001 - 500.000 inhabitants
- 4 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 5 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 6 10.001 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 7 2.001 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 8 < 2.000 inhabitants
- 99 No answer

## V335

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44735	95.9	
1	Paris		159	0.3	8.9
2	> - 500 000		93	0.2	5.2
3	100 001- 500 000		188	0.4	10.6
4	50 001- 100 000		135	0.3	7.6
5	20 001- 50 000		165	0.4	9.3
6	10 001- 20 000		160	0.3	9.0
7	2 001- 10 000		409	0.9	23.0
8	< 2 000		468	1.0	26.3
99	Na	M	126	0.3	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1777		

## V336 - Size of community: Belgium/ Flanders BE-FLA (BE\_SIZE)

BE-FLA\_SIZE - Belgium/ Flanders: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 > 100.000 inhabitants
- 2 <= 100.000 inhabitants
- 3 <= 75.000 inhabitants
- 4 <= 45.000 inhabitants
- 5 <= 30.000 inhabitants
- 6 <= 15.000 inhabitants
- 99 No answer

## V336

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45278	97.1	
1	> 100 000		147	0.3	10.9
2	75 001- 100 000		74	0.2	5.5
3	45 001- 75 000		143	0.3	10.6
5	15 001- 30 000		539	1.2	39.9
6	< 15 000		447	1.0	33.1
99	Na	M	10	0.0	
Sum			46638	100.0	100.0
Valid Cases			1350		

## V337 - Size of community: Great Britain GB-GBN (GB\_SIZE)

GB-GBN\_SIZE: Great Britain - Population density in quartiles

- 0 Not available: GB-NIR, all other countries
- 1 Lowest population density
- 2
- 3
- 4 Highest population density

## V337

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44678	95.8	
1	Lowest population density		534	1.1	27.2
2			481	1.0	24.5
3			496	1.1	25.3
4	Highest population density		449	1.0	22.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1960		

## V338 - Size of community: Hungary (HU\_SIZE)

HU\_SIZE - Hungary: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 2 mill. inhabitants, Budapest
- 2 100.000 - inhabitants
- 3 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 4 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 5 10.001 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 6 5.001 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 7 2.001 - 5.000 inhabitants
- 8 1.001 - 2.000 inhabitants
- 9 Up to 1.000 inhabitants

## V338

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV,all other countries	M	45615	97.8	
1	2 mill.inh.,Budapest		182	0.4	17.8
2	100 000-		48	0.1	4.7
3	50 001-100 000		60	0.1	5.9
4	20 001- 50 000		175	0.4	17.1
5	10 001- 20 000		78	0.2	7.6
6	5 001- 10 000		120	0.3	11.7
7	2 001- 5 000		156	0.3	15.2
8	1 001- 2 000		108	0.2	10.6
9	< 1 000		96	0.2	9.4
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1023		



## V339 - Size of community: Israel (IL\_SIZE)

IL\_SIZE - Israel: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 > 100.000 inhabitants
- 2 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 3 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 4 10.001 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 5 5.001 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 6 2.501 - 5.000 inhabitants
- 7 < 2.500 inhabitants
- 99 No answer

## V339

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45429	97.4	
1	> than 100 000		545	1.2	45.5
2	50 001-100 000		190	0.4	15.9
3	20 001- 50 000		235	0.5	19.6
4	10 001- 20 000		89	0.2	7.4
5	5 001- 10 000		38	0.1	3.2
6	2 501- 5 000		68	0.1	5.7
7	< than 2 500		32	0.1	2.7
99	Na	M	12	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1197		

V340 - Size of community: Ireland (IE\_SIZE)

IE\_SIZE - Ireland: size of community

0 Not available

V340

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Not available	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V341 - Size of community: Japan (JP\_SIZE)

JP\_SIZE - Japan: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 1 mill. inhabitants or more
- 2 300.000 - 999.999 inhabitants
- 3 100.000 - 299.999 inhabitants
- 4 Less than 100.000 inhabitants
- 5 Town or village

## V341

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45506	97.6	
1	1.000.000 or more		196	0.4	17.3
2	300.000-999.999		205	0.4	18.1
3	100.000-299.999		231	0.5	20.4
4	less than 100.000		245	0.5	21.6
5	Town or village		255	0.5	22.5
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1132		

## V342 - Size of community: Latvia (LV\_SIZE)

LV\_SIZE - Latvia: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 > 500.000 inhabitants
- 2 100.001 - 500.000 inhabitants
- 3 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 4 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 5 10.001 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 6 5.001 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 7 2.001 - 5.000 inhabitants
- 8 Rural, < 2.000 inhabitants

## V342

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45638	97.9	
1	> 500.000		331	0.7	33.1
2	100.001-500.000		49	0.1	4.9
3	50.001-100.000		89	0.2	8.9
4	20.001- 50.000		71	0.2	7.1
5	10.001- 20.000		76	0.2	7.6
6	5.001- 10.000		64	0.1	6.4
7	2.000- 5.000		168	0.4	16.8
8	< 2.000		152	0.3	15.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1000		

## V343 - Size of community: Mexico (MX\_SIZE)

MX\_SIZE - Mexico: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 500.000 and more inhabitants
- 2 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants
- 3 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants
- 4 15.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 5 10.000 - 14.999 inhabitants
- 6 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants
- 7 2.500 - 4.999 inhabitants
- 8 2.499 inhabitants or less
- 98 Don't know

## V343

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45143	96.8	
1	500 000 and more		92	0.2	14.7
2	100 000-499 999		84	0.2	13.4
3	50 000- 99 999		53	0.1	8.5
4	15 000- 49 999		59	0.1	9.4
5	10 000- 14 999		33	0.1	5.3
6	5 000- 9 999		69	0.1	11.0
7	2 500- 4 999		102	0.2	16.3
8	2 499 or less		135	0.3	21.5
98	Don't know	M	868	1.9	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		627		

## V344 - Size of community: Norway (NO\_SIZE)

NO\_SIZE - Norway: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 Urban, > 100.000 inhabitants
- 2 30.000 - 99.999 inhabitants
- 3 3.000 - 29.999 inhabitants
- 4 Rural < 3.000 inhabitants

## V344

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45163	96.8	
1	>100 000		339	0.7	23.0
2	30 000- 99 999		289	0.6	19.6
3	3 000- 29 999		762	1.6	51.7
4	< 3 000		85	0.2	5.8
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1475		

## V345 - Size of community: Netherlands (NL\_SIZE)

NL\_SIZE - Netherlands: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 More than 400.000 inhabitants
- 2 100.000 - 400.000 inhabitants
- 3 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants
- 4 20.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 5 10.000 - 19.999 inhabitants
- 6 5.000 - 9.999 inhabitants
- 7 Less than 5.000 inhabitants

## V345

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45389	97.3	
1	> 400 000		166	0.4	13.3
2	100 000-400 000		264	0.6	21.1
3	50 000- 99 999		204	0.4	16.3
4	20 000- 49 999		372	0.8	29.8
5	10 000- 19 999		195	0.4	15.6
6	5 000- 9 999		45	0.1	3.6
7	< 5 000		3	0.0	0.2
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1249		

## V346 - Size of community: New Zealand (NZ\_SIZE)

NZ\_SIZE - New Zealand: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 Large city, 100.000 inhabitants and more
- 2 Medium city, 50.000 - 99.999
- 3 Small city, 30.000 - 49.999
- 4 Large town, 10.000 - 29.999
- 5 Small town, 1.000 - 9.999
- 6 Village, less than
- 7 Farm, rural property
- 99 No answer

## V346

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45613	97.8	
1	L city 100 000 + >		179	0.4	17.9
2	Med c 50 000-99 999		328	0.7	32.8
3	Small c 30 000-49 999		310	0.7	31.0
5	S town 1 000-9 999		78	0.2	7.8
7	Farm,rural property		106	0.2	10.6
99	Na	M	24	0.1	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1001		



## V347 - Size of community: Portugal (PT\_SIZE)

PT\_SIZE - Portugal: size and type of place where R lives

- 0 Not available
- 1 More than 100.000 inhabitants
- 2 20.000 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 3 5.000 - 19.999 inhabitants
- 4 1.000 - 4.999 inhabitants
- 5 Less than 1.000 inhabitants

## V347

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45546	97.7	
1	>100 000		184	0.4	16.8
2	20 000-100 000		256	0.5	23.4
3	5 000- 19 999		237	0.5	21.7
4	1 000- 4 999		176	0.4	16.1
5	<1 000		239	0.5	21.9
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1092		

## V348 - Size of community: Poland (PL\_SIZE)

PL\_SIZE - Poland: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 More than 500.000 inhabitants
- 2 250.000 - 500.000 inhabitants
- 3 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants
- 4 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants
- 5 25.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 6 10.000 - 24.999 inhabitants
- 7 Less than 10.000 inhabitants
- 8 Village

## V348

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45386	97.3	
1	> 500 000		159	0.3	12.7
2	250 000-500 000		97	0.2	7.7
3	100 000-249 999		150	0.3	12.0
4	50 000- 99 999		119	0.3	9.5
5	25 000- 49 999		106	0.2	8.5
6	10 000- 24 999		116	0.2	9.3
7	< 10 000		65	0.1	5.2
8	Village		440	0.9	35.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1252		

V349 - Size of community: Chile (CL\_SIZE)

CL\_SIZE - Republic of Chile: size of community

0 Not available

V349

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Not available	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V350 - Size of community: Philippines (PH\_SIZE)

PH\_SIZE - Philippines: size of community

0 Not available

## V350

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	Not available	M	46638	100.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	0.0
	Valid Cases		0		

## V351 - Size of community: Russia (RU\_SIZE)

RU\_SIZE - Russia: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 More than 1 million inhabitants
- 2 500.001 - 1.000.000 inhabitants
- 3 250.001 - 500.000 inhabitants
- 4 100.001 - 250.000 inhabitants
- 5 50.001 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 6 20.001 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 7 Urban, up to 20.000 inhabitants
- 8 Rural

## V351

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44840	96.1	
1	> 1 million		332	0.7	18.5
2	500 001-1 000 000		179	0.4	10.0
3	250 001- 500 000		189	0.4	10.5
4	100 001- 250 000		171	0.4	9.5
5	50 001- 100 000		138	0.3	7.7
6	20 001- 50 000		144	0.3	8.0
7	Urban < 20 000		221	0.5	12.3
8	Rural		424	0.9	23.6
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1798		

## V352 - Size of community: Sweden (SE\_SIZE)

SE\_SIZE - Sweden: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 More than 300.000 inhabitants
- 2 90.000 - 300.000 inhabitants
- 3 27.000 - 90.000 inhabitants
- 4 Less than 27.000 inhabitants

## V352

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45558	97.7	
1	More than 300 000		350	0.8	32.4
2	90 000 - 300 000		392	0.8	36.3
3	27 000 - 90 000		278	0.6	25.7
4	Less than 27 000		60	0.1	5.6
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1080		

## V353 - Size of community: Finland (FI\_SIZE)

FI\_SIZE - Finland: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 1.000.000 and more
- 2 400.000 - 999.999
- 3 300.000 - 399.999
- 4 200.000 - 299.999
- 5 100.000 - 199.999
- 6 50.000 - 99.999
- 7 Less than 50.000
- 99 No answer

## V353

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45285	97.1	
1	More than 1 000 000		327	0.7	24.4
2	400 000 - 999 999		252	0.5	18.8
3	300 000 - 399 999		90	0.2	6.7
4	200 000 - 299 999		197	0.4	14.7
5	100 000 - 199 999		405	0.9	30.2
6	50 000 - 99 999		65	0.1	4.8
7	less than 50 000		6	0.0	0.4
99	Na	M	11	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1342		

## V354 - Size of community: Slovakia (SK\_SIZE)

SK\_SIZE - Slovakia: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 100.000 and more
- 2 50.000 - 99.999
- 3 10.000 - 49.999
- 4 2.000 - 9.999
- 5 up to 1.999

## V354

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45505	97.6	
1	100 000 and more, Bratisl, Kosice		150	0.3	13.2
2	50 000 - 100 000		144	0.3	12.7
3	10 000 - 49 999		270	0.6	23.8
4	2 000 - 9 999		222	0.5	19.6
5	Up to - 1 999		347	0.7	30.6
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1133		



## V355 - Size of community: Slovenia (SI\_SIZE)

SI\_SIZE - Slovenia: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 More than 50.000 inhabitants (Ljubljana, Maribor)
- 2 10.000 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 3 4.000 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 4 2.000 - 4.000 inhabitants
- 5 500 - 2.000 inhabitants
- 6 Less than 500 inhabitants (small village)
- 99 No answer

## V355

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45545	97.7	
1	> 50 000 (Lbjl,Mar)		168	0.4	15.5
2	10 000-50 000		146	0.3	13.5
3	4 000-10 000		65	0.1	6.0
4	2 000-4 000		74	0.2	6.8
5	500-2 000		285	0.6	26.3
6	< 500		347	0.7	32.0
99	Na	M	8	0.0	
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1085		

## V356 - Size of community: Taiwan (TW\_SIZE)

TW\_SIZE - Taiwan: size of community

- 0 Not available
- 1 Large cities
- 2 Medium cities
- 3 Small cities or town
- 4 Rural areas

## V356

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	44655	95.7	
1	Large cities		446	1.0	22.5
2	Medium cities		437	0.9	22.0
3	Small cities or town		781	1.7	39.4
4	Rural areas		319	0.7	16.1
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1983		

V357 - Size of community: USA (US\_SIZE)

US\_SIZE - United States: size and type of place where R lives

- 0 Not available
- 1 1 - 9 million inhabitants
- 2 500.000 - 999.999 inhabitants
- 3 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants
- 4 50.000 - 99.999 inhabitants
- 5 10.000 - 49.999 inhabitants
- 6 1.000 - 9.999 inhabitants
- 7 - 999 inhabitants

Note:

This Note contains specific explanations about size and type of the place of residence.

NORC size of place

Source: GSS Methodological Report No.4.

Within an SMSA and --

- 01 A large central city (over 250.000)
- 02 A medium size central city (50.000 to 250.000)
- 03 A suburb of a large central city (a)
- 04 A suburb of a medium size central city
- 05 An unincorporated area of a large central city (division, township, etc.)
- 06 An unincorporated area of a medium central city

Not within an SMSA, (within a country) and --

- 07 A small city (10.000 to 49.999) (b)
- 08 A town or village (2.500 to 9.999)
- 09 An incorporated area less than 2.500 or an unincorporated area of 1.000 to 2.499 (c)
- 10 Open country within larger civil divisions, e.g. township, division

Remarks:

(a) A suburb is defined as any incorporated area or unincorporated area of 1.000+ (or listed as such in the U.S. Census PC (1)-A books) within the boundaries of an SMSA but not within the limits of a central city of the SMSA. Some SMSAs have more than one central city, e.g., Minneapolis-St. Paul. In these cases, both cities are coded as central cities.

(b) If such an instance were to arise, a city of 50.000 or over which is not part of an SMSA would be coded '07'.

(c) Unincorporated areas of over 2.499 are treated as incorporated areas of the same size. Unincorporated areas under 1.000 are not listed by the Census and are treated here as part of the next larger civil division, usually the township.

V357

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	NAV	M	45467	97.5	
1	1-9 millions		75	0.2	6.4
2	500 000-999 999		38	0.1	3.2
3	100 000-499 999		178	0.4	15.2
4	50 000- 99 999		99	0.2	8.5
5	10 000- 49 999		403	0.9	34.4
6	1 000- 9 999		331	0.7	28.3
7	- 999		47	0.1	4.0
	Sum		46638	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1171		

V358 - Type of community: urban-rural self-ass (URBRURAL)

Urban/rural - Type of residence

AT: Where do you live - type of residence

BG: Type of community

CH: Which category describes the area where you live?

CZ: How can be best described the area where you live?

DK: The variable is derived from respondents' own answers to a question about what type of city they live in. It is, thus, a subjective assessment.

ES: Constructed together with size of communities

FI: Added and recoded from register data describing type of municipality; not included in the questionnaire

IE: Size of location in which household is situated

NO: Municipality type

NZ: Do you live in a rural or urban area?

SE: R living in urban or rural area

US: Expanded NORC size code

- 1 Urban area, a big city
- 2 Suburbs of a big city /large town
- 3 Town or small city
- 4 Country village
- 5 Farm or home in the country
- 9 No answer

in Bulgaria (BG):

- 1 Sofia
- 2 big town
- 3 small town
- 4 village

in Brazil (BR):

- 4 rural

in Chile (CL):

- 1 urban
- 4 rural

in Czech Republic (CZ):

- 6 other

in Germany (DE):

- 0 Not available

in Finland (FI):

- 1 urban municipalities

- 2 semi urban municipalities
- 4 rural municipalities

in France (FR):

- 3 semi-urban, semi-rural
- 4 rural

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

- 3 suburbs or outskirts of a big city; a small city or town
- 5 country village, farm or home in the country

in Israel (IL):

- 0 Not available

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 urban
- 2 suburban
- 4 rural

in Philippines (PH):

- 1 total urban
- 5 total rural

in Poland (PL):

- 0 Not available

in Portugal (PT):

- 2 suburban
- 4 rural

in Russia (RU):

- 0 Not available

in Sweden (SE):

- 3 suburbs or outskirts of a big city; a small city or town
- 4 rural

in Slovenia (SI):

- 1 urban

in Taiwan (TW):

- 1 large cities
- 2 medium cities
- 3 small cities, town
- 4 rural areas

Note:

DE: variable omitted by mistake in the national dataset

GB-GBN: not available for half the sample

US: This Note contains specific explanations about size and type of the place of residence.

NORC size of place

Source: GSS Methodological Report No.4.

Within an SMSA and --

01 A large central city (over 250.000)

02 A medium size central city (50.000 to 250.000)

03 A suburb of a large central city (a)

04 A suburb of a medium size central city

05 An unincorporated area of a large central city (division, township, etc.)

06 An unincorporated area of a medium central city

Not within an SMSA, (within a country) and --

07 A small city (10.000 to 49.999) (b)

08 A town or village (2.500 to 9.999)

09 An incorporated area less than 2.500 or an unincorporated area of 1.000 to 2.499 (c)

10 Open country within larger civil divisions, e.g. township, division

Remarks:

(a) A suburb is defined as any incorporated area or unincorporated area of 1.000+ (or listed as such in the U.S. Census PC (1)-A books) within the boundaries of an SMSA but not within the limits of a central city of the SMSA. Some SMSAs have more than one central city, e.g., Minneapolis-St. Paul. In these cases, both cities are coded as central cities.

(b) If such an instance were to arise, a city of 50.000 or over which is not part of an SMSA would be coded '07'.

(c) Unincorporated areas of over 2.499 are treated as incorporated areas of the same size. Unincorporated areas under 1.000 are not listed by the Census and are treated here as part of the next larger civil division, usually the township.

V358 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

V358	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN										
	M							M		
AT		405 (19.8)	255 (12.5)	525 (25.6)	862 (42.1)				2047	2047
AU		515 (40.7)	167 (13.2)	423 (33.4)	72 (5.7)	88 (7.0)		87	1352	1265
BE-FLA		99 (7.3)	257 (19.0)	160 (11.8)	747 (55.2)	90 (6.7)		7	1360	1353
BG		130 (13.0)	406 (40.5)	151 (15.1)	316 (31.5)				1003	1003
BR		1625 (81.3)			375 (18.8)				2000	2000
CH		213 (21.1)	122 (12.1)	239 (23.7)	400 (39.7)	34 (3.4)			1008	1008
CL		1295 (86.0)			210 (14.0)				1505	1505
CY		508 (50.6)	38 (3.8)	158 (15.7)	300 (29.9)				1004	1004
CZ		311 (24.5)	62 (4.9)	551 (43.5)	337 (26.6)	3 (0.2)	3 (0.2)	22	1289	1267
DE-E	431								431	
DE-W	936								936	
DK		310 (22.7)	277 (20.2)	433 (31.7)	214 (15.6)	134 (9.8)		11	1379	1368
ES		883 (35.7)	409 (16.6)	583 (23.6)	596 (24.1)				2471	2471
FI		832 (62.0)	219 (16.3)		291 (21.7)			11	1353	1342
FR		753 (40.7)		514 (27.8)	585 (31.6)			51	1903	1852
GB-GBN		77 (7.8)	262 (26.6)	435 (44.2)	185 (18.8)	26 (2.6)		975	1960	985
GB-NIR		142 (14.4)		569 (57.6)		276 (28.0)			987	987
HU		259 (25.3)	56 (5.5)	329 (32.2)	362 (35.4)	17 (1.7)			1023	1023
IE		362 (29.8)		280 (23.1)	150 (12.4)	421 (34.7)		27	1240	1213
IL	1209								1209	
JP		108 (9.6)	167 (14.8)	486 (43.0)	317 (28.1)	51 (4.5)		3	1132	1129
LV		479 (47.9)	31 (3.1)	180 (18.0)	160 (16.0)	150 (15.0)			1000	1000
MX		378 (25.9)	135 (9.3)	424 (29.1)	488 (33.5)	32 (2.2)		38	1495	1457
NL		704 (56.4)	170 (13.6)		375 (30.0)				1249	1249
NO		334 (22.9)	220 (15.1)	333 (22.8)	310 (21.2)	264 (18.1)		14	1475	1461
NZ		728 (74.4)			250 (25.6)			47	1025	978
PH		501 (41.8)	98 (8.2)	181 (15.1)	399 (33.3)	21 (1.8)			1200	1200
PL	1252								1252	
PT		335 (30.7)	427 (39.1)		330 (30.2)				1092	1092
RU	1798								1798	
SE		350 (32.4)		607 (56.2)	123 (11.4)				1080	1080
SI		396 (36.5)	168 (15.5)		521 (48.0)			8	1093	1085
SK		203 (17.9)	43 (3.8)	402 (35.5)	484 (42.7)	1 (0.1)			1133	1133
TW		446 (22.5)	437 (22.0)	781 (39.4)	319 (16.1)				1983	1983
US		626 (53.5)	293 (25.0)	252 (21.5)					1171	1171
N Sum	5626	14307	4719	8996	10078	1608	3	1301	46638	
N Valid Sum		14307	4719	8996	10078	1608	3			39711



V359 - Family origin, ethnic group, identity (ETHNIC)

Nationality, Ethnic and Language Code

To which ethnic group do you belong or from which country you or your ancestors are coming?

CH,CZ: What is your nationality?

DE: Which citizenship do you have? (questions about nationality country of origin, duration of residence in Germany, and information about parents)

GB-GBN: To which of these groups do you consider you belong?

NZ: Which of the following categories describe your ethnic origin?

PH: Would you consider yourself as .....

SE: At the time of your birth, were both, one or neither of your parents citizens of Sweden?

US: From what country or part of the world did your ancestors come; (if more than one country named) Which one of these countries do you feel closer?

0 NAP,

1 Africa, Mandinka, Somalian, Yoruba, Eritrean, Sudan, Egypt, Ethiopia, South Africa

3 Albanian

4 America, American only, American

5 American Indian, Navajo/Navaho, Indian Dialects

6 Arab, Arabic, Muslim, Yemen, Morocco, Algerian, Tunesia, Lybia

7 Artificial or extinct language/tribe (Esperanto, Latin, Slavonic, Celtic)

8 Asia, Asian, other Asian-Asia, Asia excl. Russia

9 Australia and Oceania, Australian

10 Austria, Austrian

11 Baltic

12 Bangladesh, Bengali, Bangladeshi

13 Basque/ Vasco

14 Belgium, Belgian

15 Belorussia/ Bialorussia, Belorussian

17 Black/ African/ Carribean, No-Spanish West Indies

18 Bosnian

19 Bulgaria, Bulgarian

20 Cajun/ French Cajun

21 Canada-Canadian, other Canada

22 Catalan, Valencian, Balear/ Mallorquin

23 China, Cantonese, Hakka, Mandarin, Chinese

24 Continental South-East Asia, Thai, Khmer, Vietnamese

25 Cook Island Maori

26 Creole, Surinamese/ Sranan

27 Croatian

28 Czech Republic, Czechia, Czech

29 Czech/ Slovak, CSSR, Czechoslovakia, Moravia

30 Denmark, Danish

31 English, British, England, England & Wales, UK

32 Europe, European, White/European, other European, other Europe, White, other White

- 33 Fijian
- 34 Finland, Finnish
- 35 France, French
- 36 French Canada, French Canadian
- 37 Frisian
- 38 German, Germany,
- 39 Greece, Greek,
- 40 Hebrew, Ivrit, Israel (incl. Arabs born in Israel)
- 41 Hungary, Hungarian
- 45 India, Hindi, Gujarati, Tamil, Urdu, Nepali, Malayalam, Indian
- 46 Indonesian, Malay/ Malaysian
- 47 Iran, Iranian, Persian/ Farsi, Dari
- 48 Ireland, Irish/Irish Gaelic
- 49 Italy, Italian
- 50 Japan, Japanese
- 53 Korea, Korean
- 54 Maori, NZ Maori
- 57 Middle East, Kurdish/ Kurd, Assyria, Lebanon
- 58 Netherlands, Dutch, Flemish
- 59 Nordic, other Scandinavian
- 60 North America
- 61 Norway, Norwegian
- 62 Pacific, Polynesian, Chamorro/Guam
- 63 Pakistan, Panjab/ Punjabi, Pashto, Pakistani
- 64 Panggalatok/ Pangasinan (PH)
- 65 Philippine other
- 66 Philippines, Filipino, Tagalog
- 67 Pidgin, Papua New Guinea Pidgin
- 68 Poland, Polish, Former Eastern Territories
- 69 Portugal, Portuguese
- 70 Romani, Gipsy/ Gypsi
- 71 Romania, Romanian
- 72 Russia, USSR & Republics, Russian
- 74 Samic, Lapp
- 75 Samoan, Tokelauan
- 76 Scotland, Scots Gaelic
- 77 Serbian, Serbia, Serb
- 78 Slovakia, Slovak
- 79 Slovenia, Slovenian, Slovene
- 80 South America, Latin America, Mexico, Puerto Rico, Columbia, Brazil, Argentina, Chile
- 81 Spain, Spanish, Castilian, Castellano, other Spanish
- 82 Swede, Swedish
- 83 Switzerland
- 84 Tatar
- 86 Tongan, Niuean
- 87 Transcaucasian, Armenian
- 88 Turkey, Turkish

- 89 Ukraine, Ukrainian
- 90 USA
- 91 Visayan/ Cebuano, Boholano, Leyteno/ Leyte
- 93 Welsh
- 94 Yiddish/ Jewish
- 95 (former) Yugoslavia, Serbo-Croatian, Yugoslavian
- 98 Other, mixed origin
- 99 No answer, don't know, refused

in Bulgaria (BG):

- 87 ethn. Armenian

in Switzerland (CH):

- 0 no nationality
- 98 Switzerland and Germany, France, Italy, Greece, other countries

in Cyprus (CY):

- 39 Greek Cypriote
- 57 Maronite
- 88 Turkish Cypriote

in Germany (DE):

- 11 speak Latvian, Lithuanian

in Spain (ES):

- 69 Galician/ Gallego

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 31 English incl. Scottish
- 76 speak Gaelic incl. Irish,

in Israel (IL):

- 45 India, Pakistan

in Italy (IT):

- 10 Alto Adige
- 35 Val D Aosta

in Netherlands (NL):

- 80 ethn. Netherlands Antilles

in New Zealand (NZ):

- 32 European-Pakeha
- 76 speak Scottish

in Philippines (PH):

- 2 Aklanon, Romblon

16 Bicolano/ Bicol  
26 Chavacano, Metis, Zamboangeno  
42 Ibanag  
43 Ilocano  
44 Ilonggo/ Hiligaynon, Bantayanon  
51 Kapampangan/ Pampangan  
52 Kinaray-a  
55 Maranaw/ Maranao  
56 Masbateno  
65 Bagobo, Kinaulo, Igorot, Cagay-anon, Ibatan/ Ivatan, Netibo, Surigaonon, Bawa-Diangan-Sutanga, Zambalenio,  
Dabawenyo/ Davawenyo  
73 Samal  
85 Tausug  
92 Waray

in Poland (PL):

11 speak Lithuanian

in Russia (RU):

8 Central Asian  
11 ethn. Latvian, Estonian, Lithuanian  
71 ethn. Moldavian  
72 Russia

in Sweden (SE):

59 Finnish, Danish, Norwegian  
88 ethn. Bulgarian-turk  
96 both non-swedish  
98 one non-swedish

in Slovenia (SI):

18 ethn. Muslim

in Slovakian Republic (SK):

89 speak Ruthenian

in United States of America (US):

11 ethn. Lithuanian

in AT BE-FLA CL CZ DK ES FR GB-NIR IE JP MX NL NO PL PT TW:

0 Not available

V360 - Administrative mode of data-collection (MODE)

Administrative mode of data collection

CH: Two different modes, because the ISSP survey was combined with another survey, the survey 'Eurobarometer in Switzerland', see Appendix A. of the Variable Report 2013/01.

GB-NIR: The background questions were asked using CAPI. However, the ISSP questions were asked using a self completion questionnaire. The self completion form is either completed and handed back to the interviewer at the time of the main interview, or the interviewer called back at a later stage to collect it.

PL: 81,1% of interviews has been collected using self-completion mode and 18,4% on the request of R - using face-to-face mode.

US: Since ISSP response category does not provide the appropriate option for 'self-completion and computer-assisted' with which US GSS survey is performed, we created a new response category 40 for this.

- 10 Face-to-face, paper and pencil, no visuals
- 11 Face-to-face, paper and pencil, visuals
- 12 Face-to-face, paper and pencil, Respondent reading questionnaire
- 13 Face-to-face, paper and pencil, Interpreter or translator, no visuals
- 14 Face-to-face, paper and pencil, Interpreter or translator, visuals
- 20 Face-to-face, computer-assisted, no visuals
- 21 Face-to-face, computer-assisted, visuals
- 22 Face-to-face, computer-assisted, Respondent reading questionnaire (paper or on monitor)
- 23 Face-to-face, computer-assisted, Interpreter or translator, no visuals
- 24 Face-to-face, computer-assisted, Interpreter or translator, visuals
- 30 Self-completion, paper and pencil, Arrives with interviewer, interviewer attending
- 31 Self-completion, paper and pencil, Drop-off, pick up later
- 32 Self-completion, paper and pencil, Drop-off, mailed back by Respondent
- 33 Self-completion, paper and pencil, Mailed to, complete and hold for pick up
- 34 Self-completion, paper and pencil, Mailed back by Respondent
- 40 Self-completion, computer-assisted
- 52 Telephone interview
- 99 No answer

in Switzerland (CH):

- 32 Self-completion, paper interview, mailed back by Respondent

in Germany (DE):

- 31 Self-completion, interviewer pick up later

in Denmark (DK):

- 52 Telephone interview after mailing, where the interviewer read out the questionnaire and noted the respondents' answers

in Great Britain (GB-GBN):

- 31 Self-completion, interviewer pick up later

in Northern Ireland (GB-NIR):

30 Self-completion, paper and pencil, interviewer attending

in Netherlands (NL):

31 Self-completion, interviewer pick up later

in AT BG BR CY IE IL LV PT RU SK:

0 Not available

V360 by C\_ALPHAN, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	V360	0	10	11	12	13	14	21	30	31
C_ALPHAN										
		M								
AT		2047								
AU										
BE-FLA										
BG		1003								
BR		2000								
CH							1008 (100.0)			
CL			1505 (100.0)							
CY		1004								
CZ			1289 (100.0)							
DE-E								431 (100.0)		
DE-W								936 (100.0)		
DK										
ES			2471 (100.0)							
FI										
FR										
GB-GBN									1960 (100.0)	
GB-NIR									987 (100.0)	
HU			1023 (100.0)							
IE		1240								
IL		1209								
JP			1132 (100.0)							
LV		1000								
MX		1495 (100.0)								
NL									1249 (100.0)	
NO										
NZ										
PH						1200 (100.0)				
PL		230 (18.5)						1015 (81.5)		
PT		1092								
RU		1798								
SE										
SI			1093 (100.0)							
SK		1133								
TW		1800 (90.8)		40 (2.0)	13 (0.7)			130 (6.6)		
US										
N Sum		13526	3525	7420	1133	13	1200	1008	2512	4196
N Valid Sum			3525	7420	1133	13	1200	1008	2512	4196

	V360	32	34	40	52	99	N Sum	N Valid Sum
C_ALPHAN								
						M		
AT							2047	
AU		1352 (100.0)					1352	1352
BE-FLA		1360 (100.0)					1360	1360
BG							1003	
BR							2000	
CH							1008	1008
CL							1505	1505
CY							1004	
CZ							1289	1289
DE-E							431	431
DE-W							936	936
DK		1123 (81.4)		256 (18.6)			1379	1379
ES							2471	2471
FI		1353 (100.0)					1353	1353
FR		1903 (100.0)					1903	1903
GB-GBN							1960	1960
GB-NIR							987	987
HU							1023	1023
IE							1240	
IL							1209	
JP							1132	1132
LV							1000	
MX							1495	1495
NL							1249	1249
NO		1475 (100.0)					1475	1475
NZ		1025 (100.0)					1025	1025
PH							1200	1200
PL						7	1252	1245
PT							1092	
RU							1798	
SE		1080 (100.0)					1080	1080
SI							1093	1093
SK							1133	
TW							1983	1983
US			1171 (100.0)				1171	1171
N Sum		1360	9311	1171	256	7	46638	
N Valid Sum		1360	9311	1171	256			33105



#### V361 - Weighting factor (WEIGHT)

##### Weighting factor

No total weight usable for international comparism.

AU,BE-FLA,BR,CY,(DE),DK,ES,IL,JP,LV,MX,NL,NO,NZ,SE,SI,SK,TW,US: No weighting factor/ procedure

AT,BG,CH,CL,CZ,DE,FI,GB-GBN,GB-NIR,PH,PT: For detailed information and explanation about the construction of the national weights for each country see appropriate Study Description in Appendix A. of the Variable Report 2013/01.

CZ: Czech weight is constructed from 1. design weights based on proportion of household sizes, 2. post-stratification weights based on region, sex, education, age, economical activity and size of community. The weights were derived from data of the Czech Statistical Office (Census 2001). Method: ranking based on loglinear modelling.

FI: weight\_2 included in the dataset

##### 1 No weighting

##### Note:

Please note, that for Austria, Great Britain and the Czech Republic, weighted and unweighted sample sizes are not identical as these countries have provided weighting factors that are not exactly balanced to a mean of '1'.

For the Philippines, the full population size weighting factor was retrospectively adjusted to the sample size.

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**Appendix**  
**Variable Report 2013/01**  
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**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**

- A. Study Descriptions**
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**Appendix**  
**Variable Report 2013/01**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**

**A. Study Descriptions**

**Austria**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Austria**

*Study title:* Social Change in Austria  
ISSP-Umfrage 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* Dec 2003/Feb 2004

*Principal investigators:* Dr. Max Haller, Dr. Markus Hadler, Mag. Regina Ressler  
Institut fuer Soziologie, Karl-Franzens-Universitaet Graz, Austria

*Sample type::* Stratified Multistage Clustered Random Sampling

*Fieldwork institute:* Institute for Empirical Social Research (IFES), Vienna

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interviews with trained interviewers

*Sample size:* 2047

*Context of ISSP Questionnaire:* Social Survey Austria

*Response rates:*

3400	A – Total issued (total sample)
197	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages..)
3203	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
2047	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
1156	E – (= C – D; = F + G + H) Total no response
515	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
641	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
-	H – Other non-response

*Language:* German

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* A weighting variable was computed, taking into account sex, age group and province of residence.

**Appendix**  
**Variable Report 2013/01**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**

**B. Characteristics of National Population**

**Austria**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## ISSP Characteristics of National Population: Austria

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education (years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

SOURCE	Census 2001		Statistics Austria 2004	
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### SEX

Male	48,4%			
Female	51,6%			

### AGE (groups)

0-14	14,4%			
15-19	5,2%			
20-24	5,0%			
25-29	5,7%			
30-34	7,1%			
35-39	7,5%			
40-44	6,7%			
45-49	5,6%			
50-54	5,5%			
55-59	4,8%			
60-64	4,8%			
65-69	3,5%			
70-74	3,5%			
75-79	3,1%			
80-84	1,6%			
85+	1,5%			

### EDUCATION (15 years and older)

		Years of schooling	
University compl. (Universitaet oä.)	6,8%	15	
Secondary compl. (hoehere Schule)	14,6%	12	
Secondary incompl. (Lehre, Fachschule)	45,1%	11	
Primary compl. (Pflichtschule)	33,5%	9	

### EMPLOYMENT STATUS (15-59 years)

Employed (Erwerbsquote)			48,8%	
Unemployed			6,9% (annual average 2002)	
Not in labour force			24,7%	

**Australia  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Australia**

*Study title:* International Social Science Surveys Australia (IsssA)

*Fieldwork dates:* December 2001 – November 2002

*Principal investigators:* Melbourne Institute for Applied Economic and Social Research, The University of Melbourne, Melbourne, Australia

*Sample type:* Sample random drawn from the compulsory electoral roll; all cases are panel respondents who had taken part in earlier IsssA surveys. Potential respondents were defined as in scope if they were Australian residents, aged 18 or older, able to complete a questionnaire in English, not too ill or infirm, and resident at the address given in the Electoral Register.

*Fieldwork Institute:* Questionnaire design: Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research, University of Melbourne and International Survey Project, Research School of Social Sciences, Australian National University. Fieldwork, data entry and coding: Datacol, Canberra (Malcolm Mearns, principal). Database management and documentation: Melbourne Institute for Applied Economic and Social Research, The University of Melbourne.

*Fieldwork methods:* IsssA surveys are from simple random samples of Australian citizens drawn by the Electoral Commission from the compulsory electoral roll. They are conducted by mail using a modification of Dillman's (1993) Total Response Method. First, a personally addressed preliminary letter announces the survey, then the survey itself arrives in the post some weeks later. For non-respondents, this was followed by up to four follow-up mailings, one with a fresh copy of the questionnaire, over a 6 to 12 month period. Completion rates run around 60% to 65% in IsssA surveys generally, and about 60% in this survey; this completion rate compares favourably with recent experience in Australia, the USA, and many other industrial nations - for example, the well-regarded International Crime Victim Survey averaged 41% in 14 nations (using identical definitions of scope and completion rate).

A second wave of the survey, based on a new, independent sample, entered the field in December 2002 and is expected to leave the field in late 2003. Cases from this wave are not yet available.

*Context of ISSP Questionnaire:* The ISSP Social Networks module was included in the International Social Science Survey/Australia (IsssA) 2001/2001, together with the ISSP Family and Changing Gender Roles module.

*Sample size:* 1352 Family



*Response rates:*

	A - Total issued
	B – Not eligible (ill, dead, non-English speaking, not at this address )
	C - Total eligible
1352	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
	E - non-responses (including non-contact; see note above under “sample type”)
	F - Refusals (including questionnaires less than half filled in)
	G - Non-contact (included in “E”)
	H - Other non-response (included in “E”)

*Language:* English

*Weighted:* No

*Weighting Procedure:*

*Known Systematic*

*Properties:*

*Deviations from ISSP-* None

*questionnaire:*

*Publications:* Evans, M.D.R. and Jonathan Kelley. 2002. *Australian Economy and Society 2001: Education, work, and Welfare*. Sydney: Federation Press (Pps 336).

Evans, M.D.R. and Jonathan Kelley. 2003 (forthcoming). *Australian Economy and Society 2002: Family, Religion and Public Policy*. Sydney: Federation Press (scheduled for 2003).

**Australia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**ISSP Characteristics of National Population: Australia**

	Census* 1996	Isss/A 1999 (source of panel)
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**Gender:**

Male	49.8%	47.3%
Female	51.2%	52.7%
N=	18751000	1648

**AGE (groups)**

	Census 1991	ISSS/A 1999
18-24	15.4%	12.5%
25-34	22.1%	10.2%
35-44	20.7%	22.5%
45-54	14.8%	20.1%
55-64	11.5%	18.2%
65+	15.5%	16.4%
N=		1644

**Age left school:**

	Census 1991	ISSS/A 1999
Under 15/none	18.3%	13.3%
15	24.0%	22.1%
16	22.0%	21.5%
17	18.5%	26.7%
18	10.7%	14.3%
19 and over	6.6%	2.1%
N=		1649

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

	Census** 1999-00	ISSS/A 1999
Employed	59.7%	63.2%
Unemployed	3.3%	2.5%
Not in labour force	37%	34.3%
N=	14937100	1672

\* Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2000 Year Book Australia, ABS Catalogue No. 1301.0

\*\* Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics: Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (Cat. No. 6202.0)

Note ABS estimates are for population aged 15 and over and thus not strictly comparable to IsssA which includes respondents aged 18 and over.

**Brazil**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Brazil**

*Study title:* Pesquisa Gênero, Trabalho e Família em Perspectiva Comparada

*Fieldwork dates:* November 12<sup>th</sup> – 24<sup>th</sup>, 2003

*Principal investigators:* UERJ. IUPERJ. SENSUS

*Sample type:* Stratification by regions (5), states (24) and Urban/Rural. Probabilistic systematic for Cities (195), Census Sectors (394) and Domiciles (2,000). Quotes for sex, age and education. Income according to Census Sectors.

*Fieldwork Institute:* SENSUS Data World Pesquisa & Consultoria S/C Ltda.

*Fieldwork methods:* Personal interview in Domiciles.

*Sample size:* 2,000 interviews

*Response rates:*

2000	A - Total issued (total sample)
	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
2000	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Portuguese

*Weighted:* No weighting factor exists in the data-set.

*Weighting Procedure:* No weighting factor exists in the data-set.

*Known Systematic Properties of the sample:* Error =  $\pm 3,0\%$ , Confidence = 95% for Domiciles. Quotes for Individuals (Ref.: Leslie Kish, *Survey Sampling*, 1995, pag. 576)

*Deviations from ISSP-questionnaire:* Questionnaire with 85 Questions, 173 Variables.

*Publications:* -

**Brazil**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

### ISSP Characteristics of National Population: Brazil

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education (years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

IBGE Census 2000	SENSUS Nov 2003	IBGE PME Nov 2003	Source no.4
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#### SEX

Male	48.53	49.2		
Female	51.47	50.8		

#### AGE (groups)

18-24	21.22	21.8		
25-29	12.70	12.8		
30-39	23.33	23.5		
40-49	17.88	17.9		
≥50	24.87	24.1		

#### YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups)

≤03	29.23	29.0		
04-07	30.52	30.7		
08-10	15.49	15.4		
11-14	19.28	19.5		
≥15	5.48	5.5		

#### EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed	47.94	47.2	50.0	
Unemployed	8.65	14.4 (OIT)	12.2 (*)	
Not in labour force	43.41	38.4	37.8	

(\*) IBGE: PME Rate of Unemployment – November 2003 = 12.2% for 5 largest Metropolitan Areas of the Country.

**Bulgaria**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**



**Study Description: Bulgaria***Study title:* Social survey*Fieldwork dates:* September – October 2001*Principal investigators:* Dr. Lilia Dimova, Agency for Social Analyses (ASA)*Sample type:* Two-stage cluster sample, representative for the whole adult population of Bulgaria over 18 year of old.

*Context of ISSP questionnaire how it is in the hard copy questionnaire*

Qs 1 – 81 = Women, Work, Globalization  
 D9A, D11A, D20A = Women, Work, Globalization  
 A1 – A22 = **GENDER & FAMILY'2002**  
 D1 – D11, D12, D13, D14, D14 - D20, D21 - D30, T2 –T3 = **The ISSP Standard Background Variables**

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interview at respondent's home*Sample size:* Achieve sample 1003 cases*Response rates:*

1200	A - Total issued (total sample)
47	B - Ineligible (address empty)
1153	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in-scope sample)
1003	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
150	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
56	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
68	G - Non-contact (never contacted, away for long)
26	H - Other (too sick)

*Language:* Bulgarian*Weighted:* Yes – by sex

*Weighting Procedure:* The only variable that has a distribution out of the confidence interval is "SEX". Thus a weighting procedure accounting for this variable is performed. A weighting variable labelled W is computed. The procedure includes calculating of weighting coefficients in order to achieve the distribution General Population (GP). The coefficients are a product of subtraction of GP relative distribution by sample percentage distribution i.e. column B by column C in the following Table1. Thus one unweighted male/female unit from the sample should represent ~ 1.14 male and 0.90 female units when weighting variable is applied.

*Deviations from ISSP-questionnaire:* No

**Bulgaria**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**TABLE 1. GENDER DISTRIBUTION**

	<i>Hard data*</i>	<i>Hard data (%)</i>	<i>Sample data (%)</i>	<i>Weight coefficients</i>
	A	B	C	D
Male	3 888 441	48.766	42.87139	1.137495
Female	4 085 232	51.234	57.12861	0.896819
Total	7 973 673	100	100	

Source: National Statistical Institute, National Census 2001 – 2% sample distribution

**TABLE 2. CHARACTERISTICS OF NATIONAL POPULATION FORM**

<i>Demographics</i>	<i>Hard data (%) Source 1*</i>	<i>Hard data (%) Source 2**</i>	<i>Sample data (%)</i>
<b>SEX</b>			
Male	48.8		42.9
Female	51.2		57.1
<b>Urban/Rural distribution</b>			
Urban	69.0		69.1
Rural	31.0		30.9
<b>Employment status</b>			
Employment rate		38.7	37.7
Unemployment rate		19.5	17.6
Not labour force		41.8	44.4

\* National Statistical Institute, National Census 2001 – 2% sample distribution

\*\* Statistical yearbook' 2002

Chile  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description

**Study Description: Chile**

*Study title:* Second National Public Opinion Study 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* December 7<sup>th</sup> to 25<sup>th</sup> 2002

*Principal*

*investigators:* Carla Lehmann and Paulina Valenzuela of *Centro de Estudios Públicos*

*Sample type:*

The guiding methodological principle underlying CEP's public opinion surveys is that effective and accurate survey research must be based on a truly representative sample of the universe in question. For CEP's purpose, this universe is made up of Chilean adults 18 years of age and older. Our studies use a probability multistage cluster sample of 1,505 individuals.

The sample is designed in three stages, such that all adult individuals throughout the country have a calculable probability of being included. The June 2002 Estimated Population Projections is consulted to determine the regional population structure of people 18 years of age and older. This makes it possible firstly to establish regional stratification and then each region is stratified by rural and urban zone. Table 1 shows the regional structure of the Chilean population.

**Table I**  
**Regional Breakdown of population (%):**

<u>Region</u>	% Population 18 years of age and older <sup>1</sup>
I. Tarapacá	2.6 %
II. Antofagasta	3.1 %
III. Atacama	1.8 %
IV. Coquimbo	3.7 %
V. Valparaíso	10.4 %
VI. Libertador Bdo. O'Higgins	5.2 %
VII. Maule	5.9 %
VIII. Bío Bío	12.5 %
IX. La Araucanía	5.6 %
X. Los Lagos	6.9 %
XI. Aisén	0.6 %
XII. Magallanes and Antarctic	1.1 %
XIII. Metropolitan (Santiago)	40.5 %

<sup>1</sup> Source: *Population Estimates. June 30<sup>th</sup> 2002*, national Institute of Statistics.

### Sampling Stages

First stage: The first stage of the sampling process sets the number of completed interviews per cluster at 5; a cluster is defined as a block (manzana) or populated entity (entidad)<sup>2</sup>. The application of 5 interviews per cluster to the total number of interviews targeted in the sample (1,505) yields 301 primary sampling units (PSUs) to be identified in the first stage of sample selection.

The PSUs are proportionally distributed throughout the regions of the country, taking into account the region's contribution to population (both urban and rural), as described in Table II.

**Table 2**  
**Number of Clusters per Region**

<b>Region</b>	<b>Number of clusters</b>		<b>Total</b>
	<b>Urban</b>	<b>Rural</b>	
I. Tarapacá	8	0	8
II. Antofagasta	9	0	9
III. Atacama	5	1	6
IV. Coquimbo	8	3	11
V. Valparaíso	29	3	32
VI. Libertador Bdo. O'Higgins	11	5	16
VII. Maule	11	6	17
VIII. Bío Bío	31	7	38
IX. La Araucanía	11	6	17
X. Los Lagos	14	7	21
XI. Aisén	1	0	1
XII. Magallanes and Antarctic	3	0	3
XIII. Metropolitan (Santiago)	118	4	122
<b>Total</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>301</b>

<sup>2</sup> Blocks (manzanas) are used in urban areas, while in rural areas the census equivalent is the entity (entidad).

Using the most reliable digital information on hand, i.e. 1991 pre-census data, a cumulative listing of population by province (*provincia*), borough (*comuna*), district (*distrito*), zone (*zona*) and block (*manzana*) was prepared in the urban case; and by province, borough, district, locality (*localidad*) and entity (*entidad*) in the rural case (geographically arranged). This listing has been actualized using the information of Survey of Characterization Socio-economic 2000 (CASEN) realized by Universidad de Chile in the same year.

In both the rural and the urban case a fixed interval is set for each region by dividing the total population for that region by the number of PSUs assigned to it. Within each region, a purely random selection process is followed, such that each individual (as represented by population statistics) has a calculable probability of being selected as the reference point for a PSU.

This is carried out through a computerised, random, proportionate-to-population process to select blocks in the urban areas and entities in the rural areas. A computer program is developed to select the 259 urban blocks and the 42 rural entities for the sample. All the blocks and entities are identified by number and located on a census map.

#### Second Stage:

The second stage in the sampling process is to select households (dwellings) within PSUs. Selection rules for households within chosen blocks and entities are provided to interviewers, to enable them to select households randomly within each cluster. After taking a census of each selected block and entity, a random walk or systematic sampling<sup>3</sup> procedure is followed, whereby every  $n^{\text{th}}$  dwelling is included in the sample until a total of 5 households are identified.

#### Third Stage:

The third stage is to select, within each household, a person to be interviewed. Interviewers are instructed to apply a random selection process (random number table) to identify the person to be interviewed.

---

<sup>3</sup> The total number of numbered dwellings was divided by 5 (the number of interviews per cluster); this gave an interval length, such that if it was  $43/5 = 8$ , starting from the point randomly pre-assigned as the first dwelling, the interviewers went to dwelling  $N\frac{1}{4} 9$ , then to  $N\frac{1}{4} 17$ , and so on until 5 interviews were completed.

*Other Important Aspects in the CEP Sample Design:*

In the second and third stages, the interviewer has to make a minimum of three attempts on three different days to try to reach the original house or person to be interviewed. In these attempts the interviewer must deliver a letter signed by the CEP director explaining the nature of CEP and the aims of the study.

If the original household or person finally cannot be contacted, they are replaced. The rules for replacement are as follows:

**A. Blocks and Entities**

The replacement of a block or entity will occur only in the following situations:

- 1) Vacant lots that could not be detected prior to sample selection
- 2) Areas which are almost inaccessible
- 3) Entities and/or blocks intended basically for commercial use
- 4) Parks or stadiums
- 5) Areas belonging to the armed forces

Blocks and entities are randomly replaced: the original selection is replaced with the one whose identification number comes immediately before that of the original. If this is not successful, the block/entity with the identification number immediately following the original selection is taken

**B. Households**

Failed dwellings are accounted for as follows:

- 1) by outright refusal to receive the interviewer, even having received the letter from the CEP director.
- 2) by the absence of occupants at a house after three visits on three different days (vacations or other reasons).
- 3) The house is unoccupied.
- 4) access denied (condominiums or buildings with security guards)
- 5) other special cases (foreigners with whom it is impossible to communicate, etc.)

Each failed dwelling is randomly replaced by another one from the same block/entity. The replacement interval is defined as  $(k-1)$ , where  $k$  = the original selection interval. Starting from the last house originally selected, the interval  $(k-1)$  is added to select the first replacement house, and so on. The fieldwork treatment of replacement houses as regards the number of repeat visits is the same as for the original houses.



### C. Individuals

Individuals are replaced under the following circumstances:

- 1) when the person selected refuses to answer the questionnaire, even after receiving the letter from the CEP director.
- 2) when the person selected cannot be located after three attempts on three different days, or will be away for a period longer than the duration of fieldwork.
- 3) the person offers to respond on a date long after the closing date of the field work.
- 4) individuals with serious physical or psychological handicaps which prevent them from responding (mentally handicapped, deaf and dumb, etc.)
- 5) the individual is physically and psychologically fit, but is ill, in bed and does not want, or is unable to respond to the survey.
- 6) the selected individual is a foreigner with less than 5 years in the country (unable to vote).
- 7) the person starts to answer but he/she does not want to finish the interview.
- 8) other specific cases.

In replacing individuals, the dwelling is replaced according to the rules explained above, and a random selection process chooses an individual from the new household.

It is important to bear in mind that, by using these replacement rules, the sample size achieved is always very close to 1505 (issued sample size).

*Fieldwork methods:* The surveys are carried out through personal interview

*Context of ISSP questionnaire:* The Family 2002 module of the ISSP was carried out in conjunction with 29 questions relating to Chilean political, economic and social attitudes and tendencies.

The questionnaire was structured as follows: firstly, the 29 questions mentioned above, the complete Family ISSP module, and, finally, demographic variables.

*Sample size:* The sample size finally achieved was 1,505 interviews.

*Response rates:* As was explained above in the section “Sample type”, the sampling method used by CEP involves the random replacement of those blocks/entities, dwellings or individuals, who for the reasons described above cannot in the end be contacted. Accordingly, keeping this in mind and using the method for counting the response rate established by the ISSP, we have that:

$A = 1,505$  = Issue sample  
 $B = 0$  = Ineligible  
 $A - B = 1,505 = C$  = Total eligible  
 $D = 1,505$  = Sample achieved  
 $E = C - D = 0$   
 Response rate =  $A/D = 1505/1505 = 100\%$   
 Non- response rate =  $0/1505 = 0.0\%$

However, for the type of sampling used by CEP, these data are not real. CEP uses the following method for calculating the response rate.

Let A = number of original interviews achieved (not replaced) = 1,282  
 Let B = number of non-original interviews achieved (replaced) = 223  
 Let C = number of questionnaires received =  $A + B$  = (total sample) = 1,505

$B = D1 + E1 + F1 + D2 + E2 + G + F2 = 223$

where :

D1 = number of interviews replaced due rejection of household = 93

E1 = number of interviews replaced due to no contact in house (empty house + nobody comes to the door) = 51

F1 = number of interviews replaced for other household reasons = 9

D2 = number of interviews replaced due to individual rejection = 30

E2 = number of interviews replaced due to failure to make contact with selected individual = 24

G = number of interviews replaced due to physical or psychological impediment of selected individual = 12

F2 = number of interviews replaced for other individual reasons = 4

No-response rate = number of non-original interviews achieved (replaced) / total number of interviews (replaced + original)  
 $= B / C = 223 / 1,505 = 14.8\%$

*Language:* The language used in the interview is Spanish

*Weighting:* The data submitted are weighted.

*Weighting procedure:* A weighting procedure is applied in order to correct for distortions in the representativeness of the sample as regards three variables of interest: Gender, Age, (grouped in five categories: 18-24 years, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55 or older) and Urbanity (classification of place of residence as urban or rural). This makes it possible to obtain a sample with characteristics similar to those of the population. The weights are constructed by calculating the quotient between the expected distribution and that observed in the cross between Urbanity, Gender and Age. The expected distribution is obtained from population projections provided by the National Institute of Statistics. The result of the weighting slightly corrects for problems of under- and over-representation among certain specific groups of the population.

*Known Systematic Properties in Sample:* The sample design described above has been used in the last 15 surveys and has given good results, so it can be stated that it does not have properties that might be causing some type of bias in the results.

*Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:* The questionnaire was translated as closely as possible from English to Spanish, maintaining the meaning and significance of each sentence and word.

Some general comments:

- In questions V36 and V37 the codes “None, no hour” is 996 and “NA” is 999.
- In questions V44 to V47 we added the code “No answer” as 9.
- In questions V48 to V51 the code “NEVER” was not included.
- In question V53 we added the code “Doesn’t apply, no job” (0)
- In questions V56 to V59 we added the code “NAP” (0)
- In question V66 its label was modified for “...Kids 5 to 17 yrs”. In question V67 its label was modified for “...Up to 4”
- Question V70 was renamed because our question is about years of schooling. It has new name, RCH\_V70, like EDUCYRS.

Variable labels rch\_v70 ‘Spouse degree: years of schooling’.

Value labels rch\_v70

0 ‘No formal schooling’

99 ‘Na’

98 ‘NAP’

#### DEMOGRAPHICS VARIABLES:

- MARITAL: The code 3 is “ANULADO”: In Chile we don’t have divorce.
- UNION: The code 2 was not included.
- INCOME and RINCOME: In these questions, incomes were measured like monthly net – income.
- ISCO88 and SPISCO88: The answers were coded with 4 digit when it was possible.

- RCH\_PRTY: The code 7 was omitted, because this party doesn't exist now. The codes 9 and 94 were not included. The new codes are:

VALUE LABELS RCH\_PRTY

01 'Christian Democratic'  
02 'Independent Democratic'  
03 'Communist Party of Chile'  
04 'National Renewal Party'  
05 'Chilean Socialist Party'  
06 'Radical Social Democratic'  
07 'Democracy Party PPD'  
08 'Other Party'  
09 'No party, no preference'  
88 'Don't know'  
99 'NA'

- URBRURAL: It was added new codes, 6 for "Urban, RP total urban" and 7 for "Rural, RP total rural".

**Chile**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**ISSP CHARACTERISTICS OF NATIONAL POPULATION FORM**

Gender (%)

Male	48.5
Female	51.5

Age group

18 – 24	16.3
25 – 34	22.9
35 – 54	38.6
55+	22.2

Years of Schooling – Group

0 – 3 years	11.0
4 – 8 years	26.1
9 – 12 years	38.9
13+ years	24.0

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

Employed(5.531.260)	92.2
Unemployed(468.700)	7.8
Total labour force (5.999.960)	100.0
Not in labour force (5.346.220)	47.1

**Sources:**

For Gender, age group and year of schooling: Census 2002 by National Institute of Statistics. Considers Population 18 years of age or older.

For employment status: Estimated by National Institute of Statistics. Oct- Dec 2002. Percentage “Not in labour force” is based on population 15 years of age or older.

**Cyprus**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Cyprus 2002***Study title:* Family and Changing Gender Roles*Fieldwork dates:* From 6/07/02 to 29/07/02 and from 28/08/02 to 13/09/02*Principal investigators:* Dr. B. Papageorgiou, Center of Applied Research, Cyprus College*Sample type:* Random stratified*Fieldwork institute:* Center of Applied Research, Cyprus College*Fieldwork methods:* Household, Face-to-face interview*Sample size:* 1004*Response rates:*

1400	A - total issued (total sample)
-	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
1400	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1004	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
396	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
151	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
165	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
80	H – Other non-response

*Language:* Greek*Weighted:* No*Weighting procedure:* -*Known systematic properties:* -*Deviations from ISSP-questionnaire:* -*Publications:* -



**Cyprus**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## ISSP Characteristics of National Population: Cyprus

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education (years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

Source no.1	Source no.2	Source no.3	Source no.4
-------------	-------------	-------------	-------------

(2001) SEX

**Source: Statistical Service, Republic of Cyprus, 2002**

Male	49.1%			
Female	50.9%			

(2002) AGE (groups)

**Source: Statistical Service, Republic of Cyprus, 2003**

0-14	20.9%			
15-64	67.3%			
65+	11.8%			

(2001) YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups) **Education level for persons aged 20 and above**  
**Statistical Service, Republic of Cyprus, 2003**

No school	2%			
Primary	30%			
Secondary	43%			
Tertiary	25%			

(2002) EMPLOYMENT STATUS **Source: Statistical Service, Republic of Cyprus, 2004**

Employed	45.8%			
Unemployed	1.5%			
Not in labour force	52.7%			

**Czech Republic  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Czech Republic***Study title:* ISSP Family 2002*Fieldwork dates:* September 16 – October 14, 2002*Principal investigators:* Klara Plecita,  
Institute of Sociology, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic*Sample type:* Three stage stratified probability sampling:  
1. Stratified probability sampling of election districts.  
2. Probability sampling of households in selected district.  
3. Sampling of household members based on a Kish grid.*Fieldwork institute:* SC&C*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face*Sample size:* 1289

<i>Response rates:</i>		
	2298	A - total issued (total sample)
	64	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
	2234	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
	1289	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
	945	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
	489	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
	325	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
	131	H – Other non-response

*Language:* Czech*Weighted:* Yes*Weighting procedure:* Total weight is constructed from:  
1. design weights based on proportion of household sizes  
2. post - stratification weights based on regions sex, education, age, economical activity, and size of the community.  
The weights were derived from data of the Czech Statistical Office (Census 2001). Method: raking based on log linear modelling.*Known systematic properties of the sample:* Due to response differences the basic socio-demographic characteristics – sex and level of education – are significantly different from the known population characteristics. The problem was corrected by the post-stratification weights (see above).

*Deviations from ISSP-  
questionnaire*

V71: Additional compulsory background question “number of hours weekly worked by spouse/partner” was not included into the questionnaire. It happened by mistake.

*Publications:*

Denmark  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description

**Study Description: Denmark**

*Study title:* ISSP Family 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* The fieldwork was conducted from 21. November 2002 to 28. February 2003.

*Principal  
investigators:*

**Aalborg University:**

Department of Economics, Politics and Public Administration.

Fibigerstraede 1, 9220 DK-Aalborg Oe:

Prof. Jørgen Goul Andersen (Director of the Danish ISSP programme)

Associate Prof. Johannes Andersen

Associate Prof. Lars Torpe

Associate Prof. Henrik Lolle

Associate Prof. Mette Tobiasen

Phd-student Sanne Clement

Department of Social Studies and Organization

Kroghstraede 5, DK-Aalborg Oe:

Prof. Jens Christian Tonboe

**University of Aarhus:**

Department of Political Science

DK-8000 Aarhus C:

Prof. Ole Borre

Prof. Lise Togeby

**University of Copenhagen:**

Associate prof. Hans Jørgen Nielsen

Department of Political science

Rosenborggade 15, DK-1130 Copenhagen K

Associate prof. Bjarne Hjorth Andersen

Department of Sociology

Linnésgade 22

DK-1361 Copenhagen K.

**University of Southern Denmark:**

Assistant prof. Ulrik Kjær

Department of Political Science

Campusvej 55

DK-5230 Odense M.

Senior Researcher & International Consultant Torben Fridberg

The Danish National Institute of Social Research

Herluf Trolles Grade 11

DK-1052 Copenhagen K

*Sample type:* Sampling-procedure: A representative sample (simple random sample)

was drawn from the *Central Population Register* (CPR) – which is national register of all Danish citizens - from which respondent's name and address were identified. Thus, the sampled unit was "named individuals". No stratification, clustering etc. was employed. The fieldwork method was postal survey (self-completion). One reminder was send out to respondents who had not returned the questionnaire. After this telephone interviews were attempted. If respondents were not meet, they were contacted at least five times (in practice the average number of calls were 8) before given up as "not meet". In total 81,4 pct. of the interviews where completed by mail and 18,6 pct were completed as telephone interviews (cf.MODE-variable). No substitutions were permitted at any stage of the selection process or during the fieldwork. The question in the module was asked in the prescribed order.

*Sample size:* Issued: 2100  
Achieved: 1379

*Response rates:* The response rate is calculated to 66,2 percent.  
Full productive interviews / (Issued names – (respondents moved, no forwarding address + respondents deceased)):  
 $1379 / (2100 - (13 + 5)) \times 100 = 66,2$  percent.

Description	(N)
Issued names	2100
Selected respondent moved, no forwarding address	13
Selected respondent too sick/incapacitated to participate	78
Selected respondent deceased	5
Personal refusal by selected respondent	374
Other type of unproductive reaction	251
Full productive interviews	1379

*Language:* Danish

*Danish study title:* "Familieliv i Danmark"

*Known systematic properties:* None known.

*Fieldwork Institute:* SFI SURVEY  
Herluf Trolles Gade 11  
1052 Copenhagen K  
Denmark  
Tel: (+45) 3348 0900  
E-mail: survey@sfi.dk



**Finland  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Finland**

*Study title:* Perhe, työ ja kotityöt (in Finnish)  
Familj, arbete och hushållssysslor (in Swedish)

*Fieldwork dates:* October 25<sup>th</sup>, 2002 – January 7<sup>th</sup>, 2003

25 <sup>th</sup> of Oct, 2002	questionnaires mailed
1 <sup>st</sup> of Nov, 2002	postcard thank you/reminder sent to all respondents
15 <sup>th</sup> of Nov, 2002	deadline of answering questionnaires
25 <sup>th</sup> of Nov, 2002	replacement questionnaires sent to no respondents
16 <sup>th</sup> of Dec, 2002	eadline of answering replacement questionnaire
7 <sup>th</sup> of Jan, 2003	last questionnaires received

*Principal investigators:* Raimo Blom, University of Tampere  
Harri Melin, University of Tampere

*Sample type:* Target population: household population aged 15 to 74. Sampling design: a systematic random sample of individuals.  
Sampling frame: population register, sorting order: domicile code and birth date. Stratification: implicit geographic stratification. No clustering.

*Fieldwork Institute:* Statistics Finland, Helsinki

*Fieldwork methods:* Postal (both direction), self-completion, paper and pencil

*Sample size:* Issued: 2498

*Response rates:*

A – Total issued	2498
B – Ineligible (address unknown or living abroad	10
C – Total eligible	2488
D – Total ISSP questionnaires received	1353
E – Total non-response	1135
F – Refusals	15
G – Non-contact	-
H – Other non-response	1120

*Language:* Questionnaires in Finnish and in Swedish. Information on language from population registers. Finnish (2360; 94,5% of total sample) and Swedish (138; 5,5% of total sample)

*Weighted:* Weight variables are included in the data-set. Data is unweighted.

*Weighting procedure:* The design of the survey was systematic sampling. In order to improve the efficiency of estimation and to reduce bias due to non-response a calibration method was used for the creation of the weights.

The following marginal distributions of the population were used: 1) gender (male, female), 2) age classes (15-24, 25-34,..., 65-74), 3) NUTS2 regions with following modifications: the Greater Helsinki Area was dealt as a separate region whereas the Autonomous Territory of Åland Islands were combined with Southern Finland, 4) type of community (urban – rural). There are two weights available for calculations: 1) a weight that expands the results to the population level (the sum of the weights is the size of the population) and 2) a weight that doesn't have the expansion property (the mean of the weights is 1 and the sum of the weights is the number of accepted responses, i.e. the size of the data). Both of the weights are based on the same calibration process, only the scale differs.

*Known systematic properties of the sample:*

Sampling frame is updated and covers total population. A cross-sectional sample does not contain attrition by definition.

After having used our standard sampling procedures for over 20 years we have not encountered any bias due to using systematic sampling. Design effect of the sampling procedure  $\leq 1$  by definition.

**Belgium/ Flanders**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Flanders (Belgium)**

*Study title:* Sociaal – culturele verschuivingen in Vlaanderen 2002 (Social cultural changes in Flanders 2002)

*Fieldwork dates:* End of March – beginning of July 2002

*Principal investigators:* Ministerie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap (MVG), Administratie Planning en Statistiek (APS) (dr. Ann Carton, Hendrik Van Geel)  
Supported by a scientific committee: Prof.dr. Jaak Billiet (K.U. Leuven), Prof.dr. Geert Loosveldt (K.U. Leuven), Prof.dr. Hans Waeghe (UGent), Prof.dr. Marc Swyngedouw (K.U. Leuven/K.U. Brussel), Prof.dr. Mark Elchardus (VUBrussel), Prof. dr. Geert Molenberghs (LUC), Prof.dr. Jef Breda (UFSIA)

*Sample type:* Two-stage random sampling procedure  
Using the National Register 4\*1500 respondents (18-85 years with Belgian nationality) (secondary sampling units) were randomly selected within randomly selected municipalities in Flanders (146 clusters of 10 respondents each) and Brussels (8 clusters of 5 respondents each) (primary sampling units).

The sample is randomly divided into sets of 4\*10 units / 4\*5 units (1 effective list of addresses and 3 lists of substitute addresses).

Interviewers start with the effective list of addresses. They receive substitute addresses for not realized addresses after completing and sending back a contact form with full description of the reason for not realizing an address (one substitute address for each non realized address)

The National Register is a national governmental institution that stores data on all residents in Belgium: name, address, gender, data of birth, nationality, and composition of the family.

*Fieldwork Institute:* Significant / GFK – Heverlee

*Fieldwork methods:*

- Survey social-cultural changes in Flanders including the standard background variables: PAPI Face-to-face interviews with trained interviewers (1 day training).
- ISSP-module: drop-off questionnaire arrives with interviewer, self-completion by respondent and mailed back by respondent to MVG – APS. Follow-up of drop-off questionnaire by MVG – APS.

*Sample size:* N=1477 respondents in Survey social-cultural changes in Flanders of which 1360 respondents completed the drop-off questionnaire.

<i>Response rates:</i>	2125	A - Total issued (total sample)
	171	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, ...)
	1954	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
	1360	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
	594	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
	386	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
	125	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
	83	H - Other non-response

B=deceased (n=7) + moved-out (n=54) + language barrier (n=43) + disabled, demented (67)

F=refusal face to face interview (n=269) + face to face interview but no drop-off (n=117)

H=other non-response (n=59) + interviewer fraud (n=24)

*Language:* Dutch

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* For the realized total sample a weighting variable was computed, taking into account sex, age group and level of education (Nationaal Instituut voor de statistiek, Enquete naar de arbeidskrachten, Flanders, 2001)

*Known systematic properties of the sample:*

Realized drop-off versus realized total sample:

- The realized drop-off sample (N=1360) is representative for the realized total sample (N=1477) for the variables age, gender, and level of education.

Realized drop-off versus population:

- There is a slight under representation of 18-44 years old men and a slight over representation of 45-85 years old men. There is a slight under representation of 18-34 years old women and a slight over representation of 35-54 years old and 75-85 years old women.
- There is under representation of lower educated people (primary education or no diploma) and an over representation of higher educated people (non-university higher education)

*Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:* Following standard background variables were not included in the survey:

**PARTY\_LR** Party affiliation – left-right

(Not asked but coded in a 5-point left – right scheme by data producers)

**nat\_PRTY** Party affiliation – Country-specific

**VOTE\_LE** Vote last general election: Yes/no

*Publications:*

- Carton., Hegemann L., Van Geel H. (2002) *Basisdocumentatie: Sociaal-culturele verschuivingen in Vlaanderen 2002*. Brussel: MVG – APS.

- Carton A. (2003) 'Gezocht m/v voor gezin en arbeid'. Vlamingen en hun opvattingen over de combinatie gezin en arbeid in 2002', pp.311-346 in *Vlaanderen Gepeild*. Brussel: Ministerie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap, Administratie Planning en Statistiek. (analysis of some questionnaires of module Family III)

**Belgium/ Flanders**

**ISSP 2002**

**Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Characteristics of National Population**



## ISSP Characteristics of National Population - Flanders (Belgium)

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Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- sex distribution of the population
- age distribution of the population
- education (years of schooling) of the population
- employment rate of the population

Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Rijksregister Belgium 1/1/2002	Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Rijksregister Flanders (Vlaams Gewest) 1/1/2002	Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Enquête naar de arbeidskrachten (Labor Force Survey), 2001 Belgium	Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Enquête naar de arbeidskrachten (Labor Force Survey), 2001 Flanders (Vlaams Gewest)
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### SEX

Male	48.9%	49.3%		
Female	51.1%	50.7%		
	10 309 725	5 972 781		

### AGE (groups)

0 - 4	5.6%	5.3%		
5 - 9	5.8%	5.7%		
10 - 14	6.1%	5.9%		
15 - 19	5.9%	5.8%		
20 - 24	6.2%	6.2%		
25 - 29	6.4%	6.1%		
30 - 34	7.2%	7.2%		
35 - 39	7.9%	8.0%		
40 - 44	7.7%	7.9%		
45 - 49	7.1%	7.2%		
50 - 54	6.7%	6.6%		
55 - 59	5.6%	5.8%		
60 - 64	4.9%	5.1%		
65 - 69	4.8%	5.1%		
70 - 74	4.5%	4.6%		
75 - 79	3.7%	3.7%		
80 - 84	2.1%	2.0%		
85 - 89	1.1%	1.1%		
90 - 94	0.5%	0.5%		
95 +	0.1%	0.1%		
N	10 309 725	5 972 781		

Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Rijksregister Belgium 1/1/2002	Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Rijksregister Flanders (Vlaams Gewest) 1/1/2002	Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Enquête naar de arbeidskrachten (Labor Force Survey), 2001 Belgium	Nationaal Instituut voor de Statistiek, Enquête naar de arbeidskrachten (Labor Force Survey), 2001 Flanders (Vlaams Gewest)
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## YEARS OF SCHOOLING (15 years and more) \*

Primary education (no diploma)			26.1%	25.6%
Lower secondary education			22.7%	21.9%
Higher secondary education			30.0%	31.3%
Non-university higher education			14.0%	14.8%
University education			7.1%	6.4%
N			8 457 947	4 942 348

\* Highest qualification one has gained

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS (15 - 64 years)

Employed			59.9%	63.4%
Unemployed (ILO)			4.3%	2.6%
Not in labor force			35.8%	33.9%
N			6 728 210	3 933 463

France  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description

**Study Description: France***Study title:* Family and Changing Gender Roles III*Fieldwork dates:* 01.09.2002 – 15.12.2002*Principal investigators:* Yannick Lemel, France-ISSP

*Sample type:* Two stages  
 First Stage: Equal probability sampling  
 Second Stage: One person inside the household, randomly selected

*Fieldwork Institute:* France-ISSP*Fieldwork methods:* Telephone directory*Sample size:* 1976*Response rates:*

10000	A - Total issued (total sample)
403	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
-	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1976	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
-	E – (=C – D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
-	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
-	Face-to-face interview but no self-completion
-	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
-	H - Other non-response

*Language:* French*Weighted:* Yes*Weighting procedure:* Reweighting with age, gender and occupational status

*Known systemic  
 properties of the sample:*

*Deviations from ISSP  
 Questionnaire:*

*Publications:*

**France**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## ISSP Characteristics of National Population: France

Data Source: INSEE 2002 Labour force survey

Random sample of the population being more than 17 years old; sample size is 136,780

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Level of education of the population (not still at school)
- Employment rate of the population

	<i>Labour force survey 2001</i>
<i>Gender</i>	
Male	47.9%
Female	52.1%
<i>Age Group</i>	
18-29 years old	19.8%
30-39 years old	18.7%
40-49 years old	18.4%
50-59 years old	16.5%
60-69 years old	11.3%
70 years old and more	15.3%
<i>Levels of Education</i>	
University or College	18.5%
High School completed	11.4%
Secondary uncompleted	32.6%
Primary or None	37.5%
<i>Employment Status</i>	
Employed	52.4%
Unemployed	5.1%
Not in labour force	42.5%

**Germany**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Germany**

*Study title:* ISSP 2002 Germany – Family and Changing Gender Roles III

*Fieldwork dates:* 21.2.2002 – 18.8.2002

*Principal investigators:* Dr. Janet Harkness, Prof. Dr. Peter Ph. Mohler

*Sample type:* Two stage random sample. Names and addresses from registers of inhabitants kept by municipalities. Adults of 18 and older living in private accommodation.

*Fieldwork Institute:* INFAS, Institut für angewandte Sozialwissenschaft GmbH

*Fieldwork methods:* Self-completion questionnaire, interviewer in attendance. Background variables were asked face-to-face (CAPI).

*Sample size:* 1367 (ISSP 2002 and ISSP 2001 were fielded in split together with ALLBUS, the German General Social Survey; number of ALLBUS 2002 interviews: 2820; number of ISSP 2001 interviews: 1369)

*Response rates:*

N=3324	W=2277	E=1047	A - Total issued (total sample)
N=327	W=227	E=100	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
N=2997	W=2050	E=947	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
N=1367	W=936	E=431	D - Total ISSP interviews received
N=1630	W=1114	E=516	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
N=943	W=642	E=301	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
N=138	W=80	E=58	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
N=549	W=392	E=157	H - Other non-response

*Language:* German

*Weighted:* No

*Weighting procedure:* Sample for eastern Germany deliberately over-samples the five eastern federal states. If all of Germany is taken as the unit of analysis (rather than the eastern and western states) weighting is necessary.  
Weighting factor for West Germany: 1,18623;  
Weighting factor for East Germany: 0,59557;  
(recording of the country variable is necessary)

*Known Systematic Properties of the Sample:* None of the total sample; realised interviews oversample well educated



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*Deviations from ISSP Questionnaire:* ISSP substantive questionnaire: no deviations;  
Background variables : URBRURAL omitted by mistake

*Publications:* ALLBUS Methods Report 2002 (forthcoming);  
ISSP Methods Report on the German Study (forthcoming)

*Weighting for an all German representative sample in ISSP 2002*

	<b>Mikrozensus 2001*</b> (in thousand)			<b>ISSP 2002</b>		
	<b>West</b> (Nw)	<b>East</b> (No)	<b>Total</b> (N)	<b>West</b> (nw)	<b>East</b> (no)	<b>Total</b> (n)
Persons in private households, 18 years and older	53.878	12.456	66.334	936	431	1367

\* figures provided by the German Federal Statistical Office

	n		Nw	=	1367	x	53878	=	
	nw	x	N		936	x	66334		1,18623
- West	—		—		—		—		
	n		No	=	1367	x	12456	=	
	no	x	N		431	x	66334		0,59557
- East	—		—		—		—		

Calculation of ISSP weights follows procedures described in ALLBUS methods reports for the ALLBUS, see for example: Achim Koch, Martina Wasmer, Janet Harkness, Evi Scholz (2001), ZUMA-Methodenbericht 2001/05: Konzeption und Durchführung der Allgemeinen Bevölkerungsumfrage der Sozialwissenschaften) (ALLBUS) 2000

**Great Britain  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Great Britain***Study title:* British Social Attitudes 2002*Fieldwork dates:* June to November 2002*Principal investigators:* National Centre for Social Research.*Sample type:* Clustered random sample: addresses were selected with equal probability in a stratified clustered design. One person aged 18+ was interviewed per address.*Fieldwork Institute:* National Centre for Social Research*Fieldwork methods:* The ISSP module is implemented as a self-completion questionnaire, completed by the respondent after the main face-to-face interview and collected by the interviewer.*Sample size:* 1960*Response rates:*

4133	A - Total issued (total sample)
369	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
3764	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1960	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
1804	E – (=C – D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
1060	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
352	Face-to-face interview but no self-completion
187	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
205	H - Other non-response

*Language:* English*Weighted:* Yes*Weighting procedure:* Addresses were selected with equal probability (except in Scotland where allowance was made for MOI – see below) but only one person interviewed at each address. Therefore weights need to be applied to correct for different number of adults at each address. The weights are calculated by the following formula:

(Number of households at the address\* number of adults in selected household)

Weight =  $\frac{\text{MOI}}{\text{MOI}}$ 

Where MOI is the Multiple Output Indicator (MOI&gt;1 indicates more than one household at the address).

Very large weights were capped and the weights were scaled to make the weighted sample size equal to the unweighted sample size.

*Known systemic  
properties of the sample:*

Sample excludes Scotland north of the Great Glen.

*Deviations from ISSP  
Questionnaire:*

V69 and TOPBOT are not available.

The following variables were collected only if the respondent was not economically active/retired and the spouse partner was economically active/retired: SPISCO88, SPWRKTYP.

*Publications:*

Park, A. et al (eds) (2003 forthcoming), *British Social Attitudes: the 20<sup>th</sup> Report-Continuity and change over two decades*, London: Sage, especially the following chapter: „A woman’s place...Employment and family life for men and women” by Crompton, R., Brockmann, M and Wiggins, R.D.

**Hungary**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Hungary***Study title:* Family and Gender Roles*Fieldwork dates:* December, 3-12, 2002*Principal investigators:* Demographic Research Institute, Central Statistical Office, Hungary

*Sample type:* Random probability sample being representative for those aged of 18 who have permanent private address in Hungary. If someone is not a Hungarian citizen, but has a permanent private address in the country, had the same probability to be in the sample. Those living in institutional addresses were not in the sampling frame. The sample selection procedure consisted of three stages:

1. Random selection of regions and
2. Random selection of settlements within the regions
3. Random selection of the respondents living on the selected settlement. Names and addresses were taken from the Central Register of the Election Office of the Ministry of Internal Affairs

*Fieldwork methods:* TARKI Social Research Centre, Budapest*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face with show cards*Sample size:* 1023*Response rates:*

1728	A - Total issued (total sample)
41	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
1687	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1023	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
664	E – (=C – D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
264	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
127	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
84	No contact (at address)
111	Respondent away
15	Respondent sick
63	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Hungarian*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* Distributions from the survey data were compared to the Census along four key indicators (gender, age-cohort, highest level of education, type of residence). In order to correct sampling / response errors a weighting

	<p>factor was constructed to eliminate statistically significant differences between the two. The weight of each cases was computed as <math>WEIGHT=(F/f)*(n/N)</math>; where N=respondents above the age of 18 according to the Hungarian Central Statistical Office; n=1023; F=frequency of the population category the case belongs to; f= the parallel frequency in the 2002 ISSP module.</p>
<i>Known systemic properties of the sample:</i>	<p>When comparing the demographic distribution of the achieved sample to that of the Census, men, respondents aged between 18-39, and respondents with primary level of education were underrepresented; while women, respondents aged over 60, and respondents with tertiary level of education were overrepresented. This was corrected by weighting.</p>
<i>Deviations from ISSP Questionnaire:</i>	<p>Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- In the Hungarian questionnaire, the 1 to 5 scales were reversed, 5 indicating full agreement and 1 indicating total lack of agreement. This difference was then taken into account (and recoded) when the English standard was created.</li><li>- To remain consistent with the 1994 mode of wording, in questions v30 to v35 response categories were given in the following way: Always me / Usually me / Me and my partner equally / Usually my partner / Always my partner. In the coding procedure, variables similar to the ISSP standard were computed.</li><li>- For questions to variables v56 – v63, instead of the standard category “stayed at home” more options were offered. These were: worked at home / stayed at home because did not wish to work / stayed at home because could not find an appropriate job / stayed at home for other reason. When creating the English standard file these four categories were coded into one (code 3 = stayed at home).</li></ul>
<i>Publications:</i>	<p>None yet, in preparation</p>



**Hungary**  
**ISSP 2002**

**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**Hungary**

<b>SEX</b>	<b>2001</b>	
Male	47.6	
Female	52.4	

Source: Census, 2001

<b>AGE</b>	<b>MALE – 2001</b>	<b>FEMALE – 2001</b>
0-14	18.0	15.8
15-39	37.2	32.9
40-59	28.2	27.7
60-x	16.6	23.6

Source: Census, 2001

## EDUCATION, population aged 25 and over, 2000

Uncompleted primary	9.9	
Completed primary	25.0	
Basic vocational	25.1	
General maturity	9.5	
Vocational maturity	16.5	
Lower tertiary	8.5	
Higher tertiary	5.4	

Source: Way of Life and Time Use Survey, 2000

## EDUCATION, population aged 7 and over, 2001

Uncompleted primary	20.0	
Completed primary	30.7	
Basic vocational	16.7	
General maturity	8.7	
Vocational maturity	11.8	
Lower tertiary	2.2	
Higher tertiary	9.8	

Source: Census, 2001

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS, 2001

Employed	36.3	
Unemployed	4.1	
Not in labour	59.6	

Source: Census, 2001

**Ireland  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Ireland**

*Study title:* Family and Changing Gender Roles II 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* 12.12.2001-28.02.2002

*Principal investigators:* The Economic and Social Research Institute

*Sample type:* A three-stage clustered sampling approach was used for sample selection. At the first stage a random sample of PSU's was selected. At the second, a random sample of households was selected. At the third a random person within household was selected. The sampling frame used for this study was the most up-to-date national electoral register. Electors are recorded in the electoral list in so-called Polling Books. For sample selection purposes these polling books are reconstituted into area units known as District Electoral Divisions. There is a total of 3,400 District Electoral Divisions (DEDs) in Ireland. These DEDs are the most spatially disaggregated area units in Ireland for which census data are available and are the standard PSU building block for random sample selection. Once the Electoral Register has been re-structured into the District Electoral Division format a random sample of 220 PSUs was selected. Each PSU was made up of the District Electoral Division or aggregate thereof using a minimum population threshold criteria. There PSUs constituted the first stage of sample selection. Once the PSU was selected, a systematic sample of addresses from within each was identified. When the addresses were identified the interviewer called at each and identified the target respondent using the next birthday rule.

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face

*Sample size:* 1256

*Response rates:*

2224	A - Total issued (total sample)
127	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
2097	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1256	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
856	E – (=C – D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
490	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
351	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
	H - Other non-response

*Language:* English

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* The weights were constructed using a minimum information loss routine with marginal constraints based on age; gender; Principal Economic Status; region; marital status; level of educational attainment; household size (number of persons aged 18 years and over). As described above at Q34, the number of persons aged 18 years or over resident in the household is a critical dimension of the re-weighting schema as this controls for the design effects resulting from pps for household selection which results from using the Electoral Register as a population frame.

**Israel  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Israel***Study title:* Family and Gender Roles*Fieldwork dates:* 15.04.2002 – 30.06.2002*Principal investigators:* Noah Lewin-Epstein*Fieldwork Institute:* B.I.and Lucille Cohen

*Sample type:* First Stage: Division into strata (based of geographic location, community size and socioeconomic characteristics).  
 Second Stage: Sampling of statistical areas (the smallest ecological unit) within strata.  
 Third Stage: Sampling of starting point within statistical areas for the interviewing.  
 Fourth Stage: Interviewing of specified number persons within statistical unit based on kishgrid.

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face*Sample size:* 1209*Response rates:*

3610	A - Total issued (total sample)
554	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
3056	C –(A - B) Total eligible
1209	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
1847	E - (=C – D; = F + G) Total non-response
1396	F – Refusals
451	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
185	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Hebrew and Arabic*Weighted:* None*Context of ISSP questionnaire:* -

**Israel**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**



### ISSP Characteristics of National Population Family and Gender roles\_2002 Israel

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education (years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

Source no. 1	Source no. 2	Source no. 3	Source no. 4
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SEX	Total	Jews only	Arabs only	
Male	49.33	49.1	50.9	
Female	50.67	50.9	49.1	

AGE (groups)	Total	Jews only	Arabs only	
0 – 19	37.15	34.1	50.75	
20 – 24	8.35	8.1	9.15	
25 – 29	8.1	7.8	8.6	
30 – 34	6.8	6.5	7.2	
35 – 44	11.9	12	11	
45 – 54	11.2	12.4	6.2	
55 – 64	6.8	7.5	3.9	
65 – 74	5.4	6.3	2.1	
75 +	4.3	5.3	1.1	

YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups)	Total	Jews only	Arabs only	
0	3.2	2.6	6.3	
1 – 8	11.3	8.85	22.7	
9 – 12	47	46.35	49	
13 – 15	21.5	23.35	13.2	
16 +	17	18.8	8.8	

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Total	Jews only	Arabs only	
Employed	49.35	51.7	38.3	
Unemployed	5	5.2	4.7	
Not in labour force	45.65	43.1	57.0	
Unemployment rate*	9.2	9.2	10.8	

\* Unemployment/ total labour force

**Japan**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Japan**

*Study title:* Family and Changing Gender Roles

*Fieldwork dates:* 16<sup>th</sup> – 24<sup>th</sup> November, 2002

*Principal investigators:* ARAMAKI Hiroshi, KOBAYASHI Toshiyuki, ONODERA, Noriko(NHK)

*Sample type:* We used a two-stage stratified random sample of Japanese 16 or older. First, urban and rural areas are divided into a number of groups (strata) based on similarities in local features and industrial structures. From each of those groups, streets and village-sections are again grouped together to form sampling units. From among such sampling units, 150 survey spots are selected at random. Then, from the Basic Resident Registers for these spots, 12 sample individuals aged 16 or over are selected according to a fixed random number.

*Fieldwork methods:* Face to Face

*Sample size:* Issued 1,800, achieved 1,132

*Response rates:*

1800	A - Total issued (total sample)
118	B - Ineligible 18 respondents were not found 95 respondents moved somewhere else 5 respondents died
1682	C - (= A-B) Total eligible
1132	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
550	E - (=C-D; = F + G+H) Total non-response
253	F – Refusals
283	G - Non-contact 24 respondents had not lived at home for one year or more 58 respondents had not lived at home for 10-364 days 39 respondents had not lived at home for 9 days or less 42 respondents came home at midnight 99 respondents were not at home temporarily 21 respondents were ill in bed at home
14	H - Other

*Language:* Japanese

*Weighted:* No

*Deviations from ISSP Questions:* COHAB, SPISCO88 and ETHNIC are not included.

**Japan**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## National Population Characteristics: Japan

### Gender

Source: the latest National Population Census conducted in 2000

Total population		
Total	125,386,737	100.0%
Female	64,045,210	51.1%
Male	61,341,527	48.9%

16 years old and more		
Total	105,635,374	100.0%
Female	54,408,084	51.5%
Male	51,227,290	48.5%

### Age Groups

Source: the latest National Population Census conducted in 2000

Total population		
Total	125,386,737	100.0%
0 – 4	5,849,380	4.7%
5 – 14	12,469,928	9.9%
15 – 24	15,703,573	12.5%
25 – 34	18,199,941	14.5%
35 – 44	15,655,391	12.5%
45 – 54	19,202,009	15.3%
55 – 64	16,380,461	13.1%
65 – 74	12,959,760	10.3%
75 +	8,966,294	7.2%

16 years old and more		
Total	105,635,374	100.0%
16 – 17	2,978,891	2.8%
18 – 24	11,292,627	10.7%
25 – 34	18,199,941	17.2%
35 – 44	15,655,391	14.8%
45 – 54	19,202,009	18.2%
55 – 64	16,380,461	15.5%
65 – 74	12,959,760	12.3%
75 +	8,966,294	8.5%

Schooling Group (15 years old and more, includes 1,157,354 foreigners)

Source: the National Population Census conducted in 2000

Total	108,224,783	100.0%
Compulsory completed (9 – 11 years)	23,807,854	22.0%
High school completed (12, 13 years)	45,024,501	41.6%
Junior college completed (14, 15 years)	11,923,625	11.0%
University or graduate school completed (16 years and more)	14,651,266	13.5%
Type of last school completed not reported	3,813,474	3.5%
Student	8,845,172	8.2%
None	158,891	0.1%

## Marital Status (16 age and more)

Source: the National Population Census conducted in 2000

Total	105,635,374	100.0 (%)
Male	51,227,290	48.5
-Never married	15,743,202	14.9
-Married	32,145,058	30.4
-Widowed	1,391,347	1.3
-Divorced	1,401,888	1.3
-Not reported	545,795	0.5
Female	54,408,084	51.5
-Never married	12,330,416	11.7
-Married	32,067,911	30.4
-Widowed	7,197,680	6.8
-Divorced	2,398,609	2.3
-Not reported	413,468	0.4

## Employment Status (16 age and more, includes 1,146,481 foreigners)

Source: the National Population Census conducted in 2000

Total	106,781,855	100.0 (%)
Employed	62,956,553	59.0
-Mostly worked	53,316,101	(49.9)
-Worked besides doing housework	7,845,763	(7.3)
-Worked besides attending school	971,916	(0.9)
-Absent from work	822,773	(0.8)
Unemployed	3,114,584	2.9
Not in labour force	38,973,659	36.5
-Did housework	19,803,786	(18.5)
-Attending school	6,510,747	(6.1)
- Others	12,659,126	(11.9)
Not reported	1,737,059	1.6

**Latvia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Latvia**

*Study title:* Family and Changing Gender Roles

*Fieldwork dates:* 10.12.2003 – 29.12.2003

*Principal investigators:* Aivars Tabuns, University of Latvia; Ilze Koroleva, Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, University of Latvia

*Sample type:* Multistage stratified random sample

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interview

*Context of ISSP-questionnaire:* ISSP module was fielded together with ISSP module “National Identity” (topic B) and it included the 3<sup>rd</sup> topic of questions (C) on medical care.

*Sample size:* N = 1000

*Response rates:*

Real numbers	
N = 1805	A - Total issued (total sample)
N = 96	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
N = 1709	C –(A - B) Total eligible
N = 1000	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
N = 709	E - (=C – D; = F + G) Total non-response
N = 285	F – Refusals
N = 391	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
N = 33	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Latvian, Russian

*Weighted:* No

*Weighting Procedure:*

*Known Systematic* No

*Properties in Sample:*

*Deviations from ISSP* No

*Questionnaire:*

*Publications:* No



**Latvia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## ISSP Characteristics of National Population: Latvia

Source No.1

Central Statistical Bureau of Latvia (2003): Statistical Yearbook of Latvia 2003.

Source No.2

Central Statistical Bureau of Latvia (2002): Results of the 2000 Population Census in Latvia. Collection of statistical data.

Source No.3

(2003.) Macroeconomics of Latvia in figures 2003. Statistical yearbook.

Source No.4

Labour force survey results on the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 2002. Central Statistical Bureau of Latvia (<http://www.csb.lv>)

Year		2000	2001	2002	2003
<b>SOURCE 1</b>	<b>SEX</b>				
	Male	1094964 (46.1%)	1088853 (46.1%)	1080116 (46.0%)	1073057 (46.0%)
	Female	1282419 (53.9%)	1275401 (53.9%)	1265652 (54.0%)	1258423 (54.0%)
	<b>AGE (groups)</b>				
	0-14	428088 (17.8%)	409760 (17.3%)	390478 (16.6%)	372641 (16.0%)
	15-29	504637 (21.2%)	504992 (21.3%)	507662 (21.7%)	512012 (22.0%)
	30-44	511478 (21.6%)	506751 (21.4%)	504198 (21.5%)	500202 (21.3%)
	45-64	584202 (24.6%)	582481 (24.7%)	579541 (24.7%)	577077 (24.8%)
	65+	353316 (14.8%)	360270 (15.3%)	363889 (15.5%)	369548 (15.9%)
<b>SOURCE 2</b>	<b>YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups)</b> (Education level of population aged 15 and over)				
	Primary	103749 (8.4%)			
	Basic	464665 (26.5%)			
	Secondary	544221 (31%)			
	Secondary specialised	355044 (20.2%)			
	Higher	244228 (13.9%)			
<b>SOURCE 3</b>	<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
	Employed persons	944000	965000	991000	
	/economically active population;	91.0%	91.3%	91.7%	
	/all population	39.6%	40.8%	42.2%	
	Registered unemployed persons	93283	91642	89735	
<b>SOURCE 2* and 4**</b>	/economically active population	9%	8.7%	8.3%	
	Economically inactive /all population		851900* 43.4%	689300** 29.38%	

**Mexico**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Mexico**

*Study title:* Family (ISSP 2002 Module)

*Fieldwork dates:* March 7 – March 16, 2003

*Principal investigators:* Federico Curiel, Héctor Mireles and Jorge Godínez, Institute of Marketing and Opinion.

*Sample type:* The design of the sample considered the following points:  
 The representative scenario is the Mexican Republic. The study Universe is the population bigger than 18 years.  
 The sample frame was elaborated with a design of Stratified Random Sampling of Three stages with units of first and second stage of different size.  
 The primary units of sampling are the municipalities, the secondary units are the AGEBs in the urban case and the localities in the rural case and the units of third stage are the inhabitants of the housings. The AGEB means Basic Geo-Statistic Area, they are perfectly defined geographical units and with inhabitants group with known demographic and economic variables, its delimitation is smaller than the municipality and it facilitates studies for clusters.

**PARTITION OF THE UNIVERSE**

The Mexican Republic was stratified through 3 processes, the first one in regions and they are presented in the following frame (The assignment of cases was carried out with the method of proportional assignment):

Region	States in sample	Cases
Southeast	Campeche, Chiapas, Tabasco and Yucatan	215
West	Colima, Guanajuato, Jalisco, Michoacan, Nayarit and Zacatecas	429
Northwest	Baja California and Sonora	150
Northeast	Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas	211
Center/East	Distrito Federal, Guerrero, Hidalgo, Mexico, Puebla, Tlaxcala and Veracruz	807
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,812</b>

In the following stratification process, it was carried out according to the Urban and Rural:

Region	Urban	Rural	Cases
Southeast	119	96	215
West	307	122	429
Northwest	128	22	150
Northeast	176	35	211
Center/East	626	181	807
<b>Total</b>	<b>1356</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>1812</b>

The third stratification process went in agreement to the municipalities,

these grouped according to population's size and the cases applied for each stratum they were made with proportional assignment.

## STAGES OF SELECTION

### *First Stage*

Defined the cases by stratum, the municipalities in a random way were selected assigning same probability to each one of them. The municipalities selected in the Mexican Republic were 51.

### *Second Stage*

Later on the AGEBS in the urban case and the localities in the rural case was selected in a random way assigning same probability to each one of them, the quantity of secondary units per region is presented in the following frame:

<b>Region</b>	<b>AGEBS</b>	<b>Towns</b>	<b>Total</b>
Southeast	7	5	12
West	16	7	23
Northwest	7	2	9
Northeast	9	2	11
Center/East	33	10	43
<b>Total</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>98</b>

### *Third Stage*

Located the AGEB or the locality, we proceeded to select the housings under the technique of systematic jump with random outburst, the jump was defined dividing the number of housings that exist in the units of third stage among the number of interviews to carry out, the outburst was random and oscillated between 1 and the calculated systematic jump. Finally we proceeded to select with the Kish rule at the individual responsive bigger than 18 years who inhabits in the selected housing.

*Fieldwork institute:* Institute of Marketing and Opinion

*Fieldwork methods:* Face to face interviews

*Sample size:* 1496

*Response rates:*

CONCEPT	Total
A - Total contacted (total sample)	1812
B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)	6
C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)	1806
D - Total ISSP questionnaires received	1496
E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response	310
F - Refusals (refusing to take part)	152
G - Non-contact (never contacted)	50
H - Other non-response (incomplete questionnaires)	108

*Language:* Spanish

*Weighted:* No

*Deviations from ISSP  
questionnaire:* None

*Publications:* Encuesta sobre Familia y Roles de Género: Caso México (Compact Disk), Instituto de Mercadotecnia y Opinión S.C., México, 2003.

**Mexico**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**National Population Characteristics: Mexico**

Source no.1	Source no.2
Census 2000 INEGI	National Survey of Employment 2002 INEGI

**SEX**

Male	48.8%	48.3%
Female	51.2%	51.7%
N	97 483 412	101 398 353

**AGE (groups)**

0 – 14	33.4%	32.6%
15 – 24	19.6%	18.9%
25 – 34	15.7%	15.0%
35 – 44	11.8%	12.8%
45 – 54	7.6%	9.0%
55 – 64	4.9%	5.8%
65+	4.9%	5.9%
Not specified	2.1%	0.0%
N	97 483 412	101 398 353

**YEARS OF SCHOOLING (population 15+)**

None	10.2%	10.5%
1 – 6	37.1%	36.1%
7 – 9	24.2%	23.6%
10 – 12	16.7%	18.1%
13+	10.9%	11.6%
Not specified	0.9%	0.0%
Total population 15+	62 842 638	68 302 228

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS (population 12+)**

Economically active population	49.3%	54.5%
Employed (%EAP)	98.8%	98.1%
Unemployed (%EAP)	1.2%	1.9%
Not in labour force	50.3%	45.5%
Not specified	0.4	0.0%
Total population 12+	69 235 053	75 352 912



**Netherlands  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Netherlands**

*Study title:* Family 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* 17.10.2002 – 26.01.2003

*Principal* J.W.Becker

*investigators:*

*Sample type:*

- Sample of clusters of addresses
- Contacting addresses in the cluster one after another
- Selecting a respondent in a given address

SCP organized two ISSP-modules in one research, the Cultural Changes Survey of 2002. The fieldwork took place from October. 17. 2002 to January. 26.2003.

The research is divided into two parts: a conventional face to face, computer assisted interview and an interview by way of computer panel. This was also the case with the survey in 2000. The variable INSTRU refers to the composition of the survey: 1422 respondents were interviewed face to face, 1249 completed the ISSP-questionnaire. We send you the data from the conventional part of the research only. These data are comparable to our usual way of data collection and the Archive can use them without any objection.

For the first time, the marketing organization NIPO contacted households by phone in order to ascertain household composition. During the call a particular respondent was selected and it was asked whether he or she was willing to participate. The variable INSTRU02 shows the number of respondents that could be reached by phone (1054), 944 respondents completed the drop-off questionnaire. 305 respondents couldn't be contacted in advance, but fully took part in the ISSP-research.

*Response:*

We will complete the ISSP Study Description Form for both modules as soon as possible. Please note that our sample is based on clusters of addresses. At one address of one cluster one person or two persons can be interviewed. If an interviewer has success in a cluster, he moves on to another one. It may be possible that he realised an interview at his first attempt. In that case he doesn't use the cluster any more and the remaining addresses are in fact superfluous. This means that far less addresses are contacted than issued. NIPO issued 8725 addresses and contacted 5065. The number of 5065 can be subdivided as follows. At 2450 of the addresses the interview was refused. At 1347 addresses nobody answered the door, even after the obligatory third visit. At 1268 addresses one or two interviews were realised, resulting in 1422 interviews.

These 1422 people also got the drop-off interview. They were offered an incentive - voucher for books, presents or flowers – and the interviewer

collected the interview in person. As the respondents had to complete two questionnaires SCP doubled the incentive to 15 euro. 173 persons didn't complete the ISSP-list, which leaves us with 1249 completed interviews.

If we exclude the 1347 addresses where absolutely no contact was established from our calculations, the response is 34% at the level of addresses (1268 interviews on 3718 contacts). On the level of clusters the response was much higher, 73% (1268 interviews on 1745 clusters). Of course this improvement is due to the fact that at least one interview per cluster is regarded as response. We think therefore the lower percentage to be more realistic.

*Fieldwork institute:* Nipo, Amsterdam

*Fieldwork methods:* Self completion (with some interviewer involvement in delivering or collecting)

*Sample size:* 1268

*Response rates:*  
(the numbers in the boxes are addresses)

5065	Total issued
5065	A - Total contacted (total sample)
	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
5065	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1268	D - Total addresses with one or two interviews = 1609 valid interviews
3797	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
2450	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
1347	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Dutch

*Weighted:* No

*Weighting procedure:* -

*Known systematic properties of the sample:* -

*Publications:* -

New Zealand  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description

**Study Description: New Zealand**

*Study title:* Family and Gender III: New Zealand

*Fieldwork dates:* 8 August 2002 to 31 October 2002

*Principal investigators:* Professor Philip Gendall, Department of Marketing, Massey University, Palmerston North, New Zealand

*Sample type:* Systematic random sample from electoral rolls

*Fieldwork methods:* Mail survey in four waves

*Context of ISSP-questionnaire:* Dedicated survey, with ISSP questions preceding non-ISSP questions and demographics

*Sample size:* 2075

*Response rates:*

2075	A - Total contacted (total sample)
364	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
1711	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1025	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
686	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
60	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
-	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
626	H - Other non-response

*Language:* English

*Weighted:* No

*Weighting Procedure:* None

*Known Systematic Properties:* -

*Deviations from ISSP Questions:* See notes

*Literature:* -

## SAMPLING INFORMATION

### Sampling Procedure

The sample was randomly selected from the 1999 New Zealand electoral roll, which contains the names of all registered voters over the age of 18 years. The achieved sample is generally representative of the New Zealand population over 18 years of age, but people under 30 are underrepresented in the sample, while those over 30 are overrepresented, and the proportion of women is higher than in the population whereas the proportion of men is lower. The data have not been weighted to correct these biases. However, comparisons of unweighted survey results with results obtained from the sample weighted so that its age-sex distribution matched that of the New Zealand population over 18 (taken from 2001 Census), showed only minor differences between estimates.

### Survey Administration Procedure

The questionnaire together with a covering letter was sent to the 2075 selected participants on 8 August 2002. A reminder postcard was sent to all participants on 22 August. A second reminder and another questionnaire were mailed to participants whose questionnaires had not been returned after a further two weeks. A final reminder letter (without an accompanying questionnaire) was sent to all remaining no respondents on 19 September. The survey was closed off on 30 October, 12 weeks after the initial mailing.

### Response Rate

The response rate achieved was  $1025/(2075-364) = 59.9\%$

	Response from first mailing*	Response from second mailing	Response from third mailing	Response from fourth mailing
Issued	2,075	1,326	1,117	776
Gone-no-address	170	27	53	48
Ineligible	22	15	25	4
Total eligible	1,883	1,284	1,039	724
Refusals	22	6	18	14
Valid responses	535	161	245	84
Other non-response	1,326	1,117	776	626
*Note: Includes 57 questionnaires returned 'Gone-no-address' and 2 respondents deemed 'ineligible' in response to personification letter.				

**New Zealand  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Characteristics of National Population**

### National Population Characteristics: New Zealand

#### 1. Age and Sex distribution of population

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

#### 2. Education of population is based on “highest school qualification”. The New Zealand Census does not contain any questions about years of schooling and this information is not available from any government source.

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

#### 3. Employment rate of population

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

### Age Group by Sex

*For the Census Usually Resident Population Count, 1991 1996 and 2001*

Age Group	Census Year								
	1991			1996			2001		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
0 – 4 Years	141,492	135,654	277,146	144,111	135,489	279,603	138,693	132,108	270,801
5 – 9 Years	128,703	122,475	251,178	147,720	140,574	288,291	147,363	138,837	286,203
10 – 14 Years	130,272	125,046	255,318	135,663	128,523	264,186	148,632	142,107	290,739
15 – 19 Years	145,005	139,986	284,988	133,572	129,405	262,977	134,949	130,332	265,281
20 – 24 Years	135,978	135,117	271,095	134,832	136,926	271,758	118,791	120,993	239,784
25 – 29 Years	133,086	139,266	272,352	132,453	140,850	273,303	118,008	128,892	246,903
30 – 34 Years	133,728	138,627	272,355	142,452	151,032	293,484	132,198	147,081	279,276
35 – 39 Years	121,941	124,926	246,867	139,293	145,923	285,216	142,680	154,785	297,462
40 – 44 Years	118,272	118,986	237,261	125,436	129,600	255,036	138,501	147,120	285,618
45 – 49 Years	93,672	93,156	186,825	120,249	120,939	241,191	123,528	128,256	251,787
50 – 54 Years	79,833	79,893	159,726	93,351	93,366	186,717	116,955	119,217	236,169
55 – 59 Years	69,525	68,610	138,135	78,783	79,821	158,604	90,180	92,082	182,262
60 – 64 Years	70,611	70,302	140,913	67,422	67,845	135,264	75,840	78,729	154,569
65 – 69 Years	60,207	66,549	126,756	65,184	67,788	132,972	62,478	65,433	127,914
70 – 74 Years	43,401	55,830	99,228	51,759	61,902	113,661	56,145	62,112	118,257
75 – 79 Years	30,987	45,093	76,077	33,561	48,726	82,290	40,740	53,766	94,506
80 – 84 Years	16,890	29,847	46,737	20,409	34,869	55,281	22,803	38,310	61,110
85 – 89 Years	6,861	15,189	22,050	8,385	18,645	27,030	10,818	22,866	33,684
90 – 94 Years	1,779	5,355	7,131	2,382	6,840	9,225	3,042	8,763	11,805
95 – 99 Years	273	1,218	1,488	393	1,557	1,950	561	2,193	2,751
100 Years and over	48	249	294	33	225	261	99	303	399
<b>Total</b>	1,662,555	1,711,371	3,373,926	1,777,461	1,840,839	3,618,303	1,823,007	1,914,273	3,737,277
Under 15 Years	400,467	383,175	783,642	427,500	404,583	832,080	434,688	413,055	847,740
15-64 Years	1,101,648	1,108,869	2,210,517	1,167,849	1,195,707	2,363,553	1,191,630	1,247,481	2,439,111
65 years and over	160,440	219,330	379,767	182,115	240,552	422,667	196,686	253,737	450,426
Median Age	30.6	32.0	31.3	32.2	33.6	33.0	34.0	35.6	34.8

All cells in this table have been randomly rounded to base 3.

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.



**Highest Qualification and Sex by Age Group**  
*For the Census Usually Resident Population Count*  
*Aged 15 Years and over, 2001*

Highest Qualification and Sex		Age Group						
		15-19 Years	20-24 Years	25-29 Years	30-34 Years	35-39 Years	40-44 Years	45-49 Years
No Qualification	Male	37,782	18,339	18,723	26,124	29,253	29,457	27,498
	Female	30,084	13,974	16,476	24,168	26,949	28,374	28,467
	Total	67,866	32,313	35,199	50,292	56,202	57,828	55,968
Fifth Form Qualification	Male	29,529	14,106	15,285	17,463	18,738	17,583	15,927
	Female	28,329	11,799	16,203	24,696	26,211	24,786	22,128
	Total	57,858	25,905	31,488	42,162	44,949	42,366	38,055
Sixth Form Qualification	Male	22,596	14,391	14,139	13,578	14,265	12,396	10,038
	Female	24,705	14,883	18,345	21,138	22,053	17,217	10,878
	Total	47,301	29,271	32,484	34,719	36,321	29,613	20,913
Higher School Qualification	Male	18,138	22,203	9,828	5,349	4,431	3,888	3,726
	Female	21,312	21,615	9,087	4,707	4,041	2,952	2,514
	Total	39,447	43,815	18,915	10,056	8,472	6,840	6,240
Other NZ School Qualification	Male	147	84	63	84	84	96	81
	Female	105	69	72	81	90	75	69
	Total	252	156	135	165	171	171	150
Overseas School Qualification	Male	2,805	4,104	4,395	5,985	7,395	7,170	6,699
	Female	2,883	4,785	5,889	8,151	9,786	9,315	8,352
	Total	5,691	8,889	10,287	14,136	17,181	16,485	15,048
Basic Vocational Qualification	Male	3,678	7,989	5,694	5,022	4,965	4,680	4,035
	Female	4,245	9,888	8,526	7,050	6,966	6,453	4,779
	Total	7,923	17,874	14,220	12,075	11,931	11,133	8,814
Skilled Vocational Qualification	Male	912	4,308	8,772	12,960	14,304	14,460	11,556
	Female	861	2,742	4,011	4,947	6,063	6,150	4,464
	Total	1,776	7,047	12,780	17,904	20,370	20,610	16,020
Intermediate Vocational Qualification	Male	1,278	2,994	3,012	3,906	4,809	4,848	3,765
	Female	2,145	4,752	3,417	2,901	2,577	2,097	1,467
	Total	3,426	7,746	6,426	6,804	7,389	6,945	5,232
Advanced Vocational Qualification	Male	624	4,758	6,855	7,941	9,225	9,663	9,186
	Female	1,053	6,663	10,977	13,746	15,525	18,189	16,866
	Total	1,677	11,421	17,829	21,690	24,753	27,852	26,049
Bachelors Degree	Male	114	9,615	13,425	13,164	13,296	12,294	10,290
	Female	162	15,672	18,690	15,867	14,718	12,270	9,267
	Total	273	25,287	32,115	29,037	28,011	24,567	19,557
Higher Degree	Male	24	2,061	4,605	5,871	6,888	7,026	6,543
	Female	33	2,655	5,757	6,363	6,297	5,874	5,337
	Total	57	4,719	10,359	12,237	13,182	12,900	11,880
Not Elsewhere	Male	17,328	13,842	13,215	14,742	15,027	14,940	14,190
	Female	14,406	11,502	11,445	13,257	13,509	13,365	13,668
	Total	31,734	25,344	24,663	28,002	28,536	28,305	27,861
Total	Male	134,949	118,794	118,011	132,198	142,680	138,501	123,528
	Female	130,332	120,990	128,892	147,081	154,785	147,117	128,256
	Total	265,284	239,784	246,900	279,276	297,462	285,618	251,784

(1) Includes Highest Qualification Unidentifiable and Not Stated.

All cells in this table have been randomly rounded to base 3.

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

**Highest Qualification and Sex by Age Group**  
*For the Census Usually Resident Population Count*  
*Aged 15 Years and over, 2001*

Age Group								
50-54 Years	55-59 Years	60-64 Years	65-69 Years	70-74 Years	75-79 Years	80-84 Years	85 Years and over	Total
32,412	28,332	25,152	21,273	19,404	12,765	6,477	4,197	337,188
35,502	30,693	27,657	23,583	21,789	17,220	12,033	12,075	349,038
67,914	59,025	52,806	44,856	41,190	29,982	18,510	16,272	686,223
13,008	9,105	6,936	5,439	4,155	3,117	2,067	1,173	173,631
17,940	12,687	9,405	6,492	4,998	4,209	3,390	2,346	215,628
30,951	21,792	16,344	11,934	9,153	7,326	5,457	3,522	389,259
6,234	4,131	3,390	3,069	3,177	3,189	2,058	1,233	127,881
6,147	4,083	3,216	2,598	2,844	3,231	2,349	1,908	155,604
12,381	8,214	6,603	5,667	6,021	6,420	4,410	3,144	283,482
3,411	2,181	1,530	1,254	1,263	1,077	696	450	79,425
2,226	1,473	1,353	1,176	1,458	1,626	1,122	903	77,553
5,634	3,657	2,883	2,433	2,718	2,706	1,818	1,353	156,981
81	87	105	96	60	60	30	30	1,191
96	84	105	90	93	123	63	69	1,287
177	174	207	186	153	183	93	99	2,478
7,218	6,210	6,390	5,877	4,887	2,901	1,302	714	74,061
8,205	7,029	6,852	5,979	4,920	3,966	2,091	1,434	89,637
15,423	13,239	13,245	11,859	9,807	6,867	3,387	2,148	163,695
3,408	2,364	1,821	1,287	915	525	246	147	46,776
3,954	2,502	1,821	1,128	846	633	369	255	59,415
7,365	4,866	3,642	2,412	1,761	1,155	615	402	106,188
9,897	7,323	5,862	4,008	2,964	1,650	705	366	100,044
3,228	1,788	1,212	771	579	384	240	144	37,587
13,122	9,111	7,074	4,776	3,543	2,034	942	510	137,628
3,321	2,190	1,398	918	678	345	141	51	33,642
999	438	204	90	63	42	27	24	21,249
4,317	2,625	1,602	1,008	741	387	165	75	54,891
8,052	5,433	3,870	2,844	2,310	1,614	654	300	73,326
14,850	10,776	8,643	6,621	5,157	3,528	1,929	1,335	135,855
22,899	16,209	12,513	9,468	7,467	5,139	2,583	1,632	209,181
8,634	5,310	3,729	2,532	2,349	1,728	867	531	97,881
6,306	3,372	2,109	1,365	999	633	342	276	102,051
14,940	8,682	5,841	3,897	3,348	2,361	1,209	804	199,932
6,096	3,909	2,379	1,563	1,266	936	519	300	49,983
4,179	2,328	1,311	666	558	396	228	186	42,168
10,272	6,234	3,690	2,229	1,824	1,335	750	486	92,154
15,186	13,602	13,275	12,318	12,720	10,839	7,041	5,025	193,287
15,582	14,832	14,838	14,871	17,811	17,775	14,127	13,161	214,155
30,771	28,431	28,116	27,189	30,528	28,611	21,168	18,186	407,439
116,952	90,180	75,840	62,481	56,148	40,740	22,803	14,517	1,388,319
119,217	92,082	78,726	65,433	62,112	53,766	38,307	34,122	1,501,221
236,169	182,262	154,569	127,914	118,257	94,503	61,110	48,636	2,889,534

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

**Work and Labour Force Status and Sex by Age Group**  
*For the Census Usually Resident Population Count*  
*Aged 15 Years and over, 2001*

Work and Labour Force Status and Sex	Age Group					
	15-19 Years	20-24 Years	25-29 Years	30-34 Years	35-39 Years	40-44 Years
<b>Labour Force</b>						
<b>Employed Full-time</b>						
Male	31,023	67,935	85,491	101,199	111,426	109,284
Female	18,210	51,819	63,876	61,839	63,201	70,008
Total	49,230	119,754	149,367	163,041	174,630	179,289
<b>Employed Part-time</b>						
Male	30,699	12,774	6,633	6,189	6,654	6,615
Female	37,827	20,754	19,047	30,720	40,341	37,776
Total	68,526	33,531	25,683	36,912	46,995	44,391
<b>Total Employed</b>						
Male	61,719	80,712	92,124	107,391	118,083	115,899
Female	56,037	72,573	82,926	92,562	103,542	107,781
Total	117,756	153,285	175,050	199,953	221,625	223,683
<b>Unemployed</b>						
Male	15,897	11,793	8,067	7,239	6,618	5,706
Female	17,271	11,442	8,307	7,854	7,575	6,240
Total	33,168	23,238	16,374	15,093	14,196	11,946
<b>Total Labour Force</b>						
Male	77,619	92,505	100,191	114,630	124,698	121,605
Female	73,311	84,015	91,233	100,416	111,120	114,021
Total	150,924	176,520	191,427	215,046	235,821	235,629
<b>Not in the Labour Force</b>						
Male	54,015	22,302	13,680	13,062	13,518	12,576
Female	53,877	33,081	33,432	41,886	38,919	28,557
Total	107,892	55,383	47,115	54,948	52,437	41,133
<b>Work and Labour Force Status</b>						
Male	3,318	3,984	4,137	4,506	4,461	4,317
Female	3,144	3,894	4,224	4,779	4,746	4,542
Total	6,465	7,881	8,361	9,285	9,207	8,862
<b>Total</b>						
Male	134,949	118,794	118,011	132,195	142,680	138,501
Female	130,332	120,990	128,892	147,081	154,785	147,117
Total	265,284	239,784	246,900	279,279	297,462	285,618
<b>Labour Force Participation Rate</b>						
Male	59.0	80.6	88.0	89.8	90.2	90.6
Female	57.6	71.7	73.2	70.6	74.1	80.0
Total	58.3	76.1	80.2	79.6	81.8	85.1
<b>Unemployment Rate</b>						
Male	20.5	12.7	8.1	6.3	5.3	4.7
Female	23.6	13.6	9.1	7.8	6.8	5.5
Total	22.0	13.2	8.6	7.0	6.0	5.1

All cells in this table have been randomly rounded to base 3.

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

**Work and Labour Force Status and Sex by Age Group**  
*For the Census Usually Resident Population Count*  
*Aged 15 Years and over, 2001*

Age Group					
45-49 Years	50-54 Years	55-59 Years	60-64 Years	65 Years and over	Total
97,335	89,655	62,406	38,070	17,916	811,740
68,475	60,534	35,949	16,959	5,508	516,378
165,813	150,189	98,355	55,026	23,424	1,328,118
6,132	6,561	6,531	7,398	15,030	111,219
29,025	26,283	20,592	14,082	11,478	287,934
35,160	32,847	27,123	21,477	26,508	399,153
103,467	96,216	68,937	45,468	32,946	922,959
97,503	86,817	56,541	31,041	16,989	804,312
200,973	183,036	125,478	76,506	49,935	1,727,271
4,512	4,053	3,036	2,283	537	69,738
4,566	3,459	2,109	1,062	276	70,170
9,081	7,512	5,145	3,342	813	139,908
107,979	100,269	71,970	47,751	33,483	922,697
102,072	90,279	58,650	32,100	17,265	874,479
210,051	190,545	130,623	79,848	50,745	1,867,179
11,649	12,954	15,411	25,689	157,509	352,371
22,203	25,251	30,555	44,151	229,632	581,541
33,852	38,205	45,969	69,840	387,144	933,909
3,900	3,732	2,796	2,403	5,694	43,251
3,981	3,687	2,877	2,478	6,843	45,198
7,884	7,419	5,670	4,881	12,534	88,449
123,528	116,952	90,180	75,840	196,686	1,388,316
128,526	119,217	92,082	78,729	253,737	1,501,221
251,784	236,172	182,262	154,569	450,423	2,889,537
90.3	88.6	82.4	65.0	17.5	73.8
82.1	78.1	65.7	42.1	7.0	60.1
86.1	83.3	74.0	53.3	11.6	66.7
4.2	4.0	4.2	4.8	1.6	7.0
4.5	3.8	3.6	3.3	1.6	8.0
4.3	3.9	3.9	4.2	1.6	7.5

Source: NZ Department of Statistics, 2001 Census, National Summary.

**Northern Ireland  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Northern Ireland**

*Study title:* Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey (NILT), 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* October 20<sup>th</sup> 2002 and January 11<sup>th</sup> 2003

*Principal investigators:* Paula Devine  
Institute of Governance, Public Policy and Social Research  
Queen's University, Belfast  
Northern Ireland BT7 1NN

Lizanne Dowds  
Aberfoyle House  
University of Ulster  
Derry/Londonderry  
Northern Ireland BT48 7JA

*Sample type:* The survey was designed to yield a representative sample of men and women aged 18 and over living in Northern Ireland. The Postal Address File (PAF) was used as the sampling frame for the survey and a simple random sample of addresses was obtained after stratification into three geographic regions (Belfast, East of the Bann and West of the Bann). This was done to ensure the adequate representation of areas of lower population density and is standard practice in Northern Ireland Social surveys. At selected addresses, a KISH grid procedure was utilised to randomly select one individual to be the subject of the survey.

The sample selected was slightly larger than necessary in order to provide reserve addresses. Interviewers were instructed to make a total of five calls, or have received a refusal or other information confirming that an interview would not be obtained, before being issued with reserve addresses. This was to ensure optimal response from the main sample.

The ISSP module was included in the self completion questionnaire given to all respondents. However, due to technical problems, approximately one third of respondents were given slightly different versions of some questions (from an earlier draft). Therefore the data file only includes responses to the final version of the questionnaire.

*Fieldwork institute:* Interviewing was carried out by social survey interviewers employed by Research and Evaluation Services (RES). All fieldworkers attended one of four briefing sessions conducted jointly by RES and members of the NILT project team.

*Fieldwork methods:* All interviews were conducted in the respondent's homes. Interviewers made up to a maximum of five calls before the person identified in the sample was deemed to be 'non-obtainable'.

The main interview was carried out using computer assisted personal interviewing (CAPI) and the respondent was then asked to complete a self-completion form. The self-completion form was either completed and handed back to the interviewer at the time of the main interview, or the interviewer called back at a later stage to collect it.

#### Advance mail shot

Households identified in the sample were sent an advance letter which explained the background to the survey, outlined the method by which an individual respondent would be selected from the household and requested co-operation with the project. The letter provided households with contact details for the project team and RES, and also confirmed that a donation of one pound would be made to Action Cancer on behalf of each respondent.

*Sample size:* 987

#### *Response rates:*

These figures are for  
Main NILT survey

2973	A - Total issued (total sample)
80	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
2893	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1800	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
1093	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
631	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
405	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
57	H - Other non-response

There were 1800 respondents to the Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey.

Of these, 1459 completed a self-completion questionnaire (which included the ISSP module): 81%

However, due to a printing problem, only 987 questionnaires contained the correct set of questions.

*Language:* English

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* It is not possible, using the Postcode Address File, to select addresses with probability proportionate to the size of the household. To compensate for this potential source of bias, the data should be weighted before analysis. The weighting adjusts for the fact that individuals living in larger households had a lower chance of being included in the sample than individuals living in smaller households. The data are weighted in relation to the number of eligible adults at that address, derived from the details of household structure recorded by the interviewers. In order to retain the actual number of interviews, the weighted sample was scaled back to the originally achieved sample size.

*Known systematic  
properties of the  
sample:*

None

*Deviations from ISSP  
questionnaire:*

None

*Publications:*

None

*Context of ISSP  
questionnaire:*

The Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey is a direct descendent of the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes Survey (NISA) which ran from 1989 to 1996. NISA was a sister survey to the British Social Attitudes Survey (BSA), and by running the same modules as BSA it provided a time-series of social attitudes allowing comparisons with Britain. Against the background of the new political arrangements in Northern Ireland it was agreed that the new Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey would be better served by cutting its links with its British counterpart. NILT now carries on the tradition of a time-series of attitudes but has shifted the focus away from comparisons with Britain. It is largely Northern Ireland focused; it is social policy focused; and it is designed to be used by the wider public in Northern Ireland. Nonetheless, every year includes a substantial component which either continues an old NISA time-series, or replicates a BSA module.

Each year over 30 countries participate in the International Social Survey Programme (ISSP) in which the same module of questions is asked cross-nationally. Northern Ireland has also taken part in this exercise (via NISA) since 1989.



**Northern Ireland  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Characteristics of National Population**

### Comparison with other surveys: Continuous Household Survey

#### 2001/02 and 2001 Census of Population

There are 1800 respondents to the Northern Ireland Life and Times Survey. 987 of these respondents completed the final ISSP module.

#### Comparison of individual characteristics

	NILT 2002	ISSP 2002	CHS 2001/02	Northern Ireland Census 2001
	%			

#### Individual characteristics

SEX	Male	45	42	47	48
	Female	55	58	53	52

AGE	18 – 24	12	12	11	13
	25 – 34	13	13	20	20
	35 – 44	20	20	20	20
	45 – 54	20	23	16	16
	55 – 59	10	10	8	7
	60 – 64	7	6	6	6
	65 and over	19	17	18	18
Base=100%	n	1800	987	5323	1233753

Marital Status	Single	25	26	28	30*
	Married/Cohabiting	59	58	57	56
	Widowed	9	8	8	7
	Divorced/Separated	7	8	7	7
Base=100%	n	1800	987	5323	1261257

%

Economic activity	Working	49	53	53	58**
	Unemployed	5	5	4	4
	Economically inactive	46	42	39	38
	Refused/missing	-	-	5	-
Base=100%		1800	987	5323	1133621

\* Based on total population aged 16 years and over

\*\* Based on total population aged 18 – 74 years

**Stated religious denomination**

	<b>NILT 2002</b>	<b>ISSP 2002</b>	<b>CHS 2001/02</b>	<b>Census 2001</b>
	%			
Protestant	47	45	45	48
Catholic	41	42	33	38
Other religion	1	2	<1	<1
No religion	10	10	2	13*
Unwilling to say/Don't know	1	2	21	-
Base=100%	1800	987	5323	1233751

Norway  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description

**Study Description: Norway***Study title:* Family, Norway 2002*Fieldwork dates:* 4 September – 5 November, 2002

*Principal investigators:* Knut Kalgraff Skjåk, NSD  
 Kari Wærness, University of Bergen  
 Oddbjørn Evenshaug, Dag Hallen and Finn Hjørdemaal, University of Oslo  
 Kjersti Melberg, Rogaland Research

*Fieldwork Institute:* Norwegian Gallup Institute AS*Sample type:* The sample was a simple random sample from the Central Register of Persons, aged 18-79 years.*Fieldwork methods:* The survey was conducted as a mail survey. The field work included one reminder and two follow-ups with questionnaires.*Context of ISSP-questionnaire:**Sample size:* 1475*Response rates:*

2500	A - Total issued (total sample)
57	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, ...)
2443	C - (=A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1475	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
968	E - (=C - D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
111	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
815	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
42	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Norwegian*Weighted:* No*Weighting procedure:**Known systematic properties of the sample:*

Net sample: Men with higher education over-represented

*Publications:*

**Norway**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**National Population Characteristics: Norway***Sex and age, %:*

	<b>Population 18 – 79 years January 1, 2002 Central Register Of Persons<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Net Sample Norwegian Survey, ISSP 2002</b>
Female	50.0	52.8
18 – 24	5.7	5.7
25 – 34	10.1	11.1
35 – 44	9.9	11.2
45 – 54	9.2	10.0
55 – 64	7.1	8.3
65 – 79	8.0	6.5
Male	50.0	47.2
18 – 24	5.9	3.7
25 – 34	10.4	8.5
35 – 44	10.4	10.7
45 – 54	9.6	9.8
55 – 64	7.1	7.8
65 – 79	6.6	6.6

*Region, %:*

Central east counties 2 & 3	22.5	20.8
East counties 1, 4 – 8	27.8	30.2
South counties 9 – 10	5.7	6.2
West counties 11 – 15	25.2	22.8
Middle counties 16 & 17	8.6	9.9
North counties 18 – 20	10.2	10.2
N	3, 255,118	1,475

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<sup>1</sup> Source: Statistics Norway

*Labour force status, %(\*):*

	<b>Labour Force Surveys 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2002 18-74 years<sup>2</sup></b>		<b>Net sample Norwegian Survey ISSP 2002, 18-74 years</b>	
	Female	Male	Female	Male
Employed	69.7	75.5	74.6	80.9
In school (pupil/student)	6.1	5.4	3.5	2.9
Retired	7.4	8.2	8.1	8.7
Social welfare, perm. disabled	8.5	6.3	6.9	4.1
Home working	4.9	0.1	4.3	0.3
Unemployed	2.6	3.1	1.5	2.1
Other	0.8	1.5	0.8	0.8
Missing			0.4	0.3

*Education, %*

Primary school	19.4	18.0	19.9	14.0
Secondary	50.1	53.8	45.7	47.9
University/college, >=1 year	29.2	27.8	33.6	38.1
Missing	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.0
N	10358	10535	664	753

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<sup>2</sup> Source: Statistics Norway



**Philippines  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Philippines**

*Study title:* ISSP 2002 Module on Family in the Philippines

*Fieldwork dates:* November 15 – December 2, 2002

*Fieldwork:*

*Location:*

The ISSP 2002 Module of family survey covered the entire Philippines and had four major study areas: National Capital Region (NCR), Balance Luzon (outside NCR), Visayas and Mindanao.

*Timetable:*

National Capital Region	-	November 15 – December 2, 2002
Balance Luzon	-	November 16 – December 1, 2002
Visayas	-	November 20 – December 1, 2002
Mindanao	-	November 19 – December 1, 2002

*Respondents:*

The survey gathered data through face-to-face interviews of voting-age adults (18 years old and above). It takes a host of questions about political, social and economic issues, some undertaken as regular indicators monitored over time and other reflective of current concerns as well as specific personal information. It also obtained information and background characteristics about the household, the household head and family members.

*Sampling Method:*

Sampling Sizes and Error Margins. An indicator of data quality used is the standard error of the estimate, on which the margin for sampling error is based. As survey statistics are mostly proportions, the key measure of data precision is the standard error of a proportion taken from a sample. It is computed as follows:

$$\pm Z * \sqrt{p(1-p)/n}$$

Where Z, at 95% confidence level is 1.96; p is the sample proportion estimate and n is the sample size. The overall sample size of 1,200 voting-age adults for each of the questionnaires gives a maximum error margin of  $\pm 2.83\%$  at the 95% confidence level, assuming a simple random sampling design. The sampling error is at its highest when the true proportion being estimated is close to 50%. The following approximate 95%-confidence margins for sampling error should be made when aggregating data at various levels:

	Sample Size	Error margin
Philippines	1200	$\pm 3\%$
National Capital Region	300	$\pm 6\%$
Balance Luzon	300	$\pm 6\%$
Visayas	300	$\pm 6\%$
Mindanao	300	$\pm 6\%$

However, somewhat higher error margins should be expected since multi-stage cluster sampling was used; this design-effect is not readily measurable through established statistical software.

Sampling scheme. The Philippines were divided into four study areas: National Capital Region(NCR), Balance Luzon, Visayas, and Mindanao. The sample size for each of the four study areas was 300 voting-age adults.

Multi-stage probability sampling was used in the selection of sample spots. The allocation of sample units in each stage was as follows:

	Sample Prov.	Sample Mun.	Spots	Probability Respondents
National Capital Region	-	17	60	300
Balance. Luzon	10	15	60	300
Visayas	5	15	60	300
Mindanao	5	15	60	300
	20	62	240	1200

### **For the National Capital Region**

#### **Stage 1. Selection of sample Precincts**

For NCR's first stage, 60 precincts were distributed among the 17 NCR cities and municipalities in such a way that each city/municipality was assigned a number of precincts that was roughly proportional to its population size. An additional provision was that each municipality must receive at least one precinct.

Precincts were then selected at random from within each municipality with probability proportional to population size.

#### **Stage 2. Selection of Sample Households**

In each sample precinct, interval sampling was used to draw 5 sample households: A starting street corner in the precinct map was drawn at random.

The first sample household was selected randomly from the households nearest to the starting street corner.

Subsequent sample households were chosen using a fixed interval of 6 households in between the sample ones; i.e. every 7<sup>th</sup> household was sampled.

#### **Stage 3. Selection of Sample Adult**

For the third stage, in each selected household, a respondent was randomly chosen among the household members who were 18 years of age and older, using a probability selection table. In selecting the probability respondent in a household, only male family members were pre-listed in the probability selection table of odd-numbered

questionnaires; only female family members were pre-listed for even-numbered questionnaires; In case where there was no qualified probability respondent of a given gender, the interval sampling of households would continue until five sample respondents were identified.

### **For the rest of the Philippines**

#### **Stage 1. Allocation and selection of sample provinces**

Balance Luzon was further divided into 5 regions: CAR + Region II, Region I, Region III, Region IV and Region V; Visayas into 3 regions: Region VI, Region VII and Region VIII; and Mindanao into 5 regions: Region IX, Region X + CARAGA, Region XI, Region XII and ARMM.

Using probability proportional to population size (PPS) of the region, the allocation of 10 provinces in Luzon, and 5 each in Visayas and Mindanao were as follows:

Luzon		Visayas		Mindanao	
CAR/REG II	1	Region VI	2	Region IX	1
Region I	1	Region VII	1	RegX+CARAGA	1
Region III	2	Region VIII	1	Region XI	1
Region IV	3			Region XII	1
Region V	1			ARMM	1
Non-quota	2		1		0
Total	10		5		5

The non-quota provinces were selected without replacement using probability proportional to their remainders. The remainders are the fractions derived when the proportion of the regions (based on their respective study area) are multiplied by 10 for Luzon, and 5 each for Visayas and Mindanao. For instance, if 1.45 is obtained for Region I, then 1 province is assigned to this region and the remaining fraction of 0.45 is included for the allocation of the non-quota province.

Given the quota for each region, sample provinces were then selected by PPS, without replacement. An additional provision is that each region must receive at least one province.

#### **Stage 2. Allocation and selection of sample municipalities**

Within each study area, 15 municipalities were allocated among the sample provinces. 15 were multiplied by the proportion of the provinces. The resulting integers became the number of municipalities in that province. If there were remaining municipalities to be allocated, they were distributed using probability proportional to the remainders. Sample municipalities were then selected from within each sample province with probability proportional to population size, without replacement. An additional provision was that each province must

receive at least one municipality.

### Stage 3. Allocation and selection of sample spots

Once the sample municipalities were selected, 60 spots for each of the major areas were allocated among the sample municipalities. Using the quota set for spots in each region, the spots were distributed in such a way that each municipality was assigned a number of spots roughly proportional to its population size.

Luzon		Visayas		Mindanao	
CAR/REG II	8	Region VI	25	Region IX	10
Region I	8	Region VII	21	RegX+CARAGA	16
Region III	14	Region VIII	14	Region XI	17
Region IV	21			Region XII	9
Region V	9			ARMM	8
Total	60		60		60

If the chosen sample municipality/city is 100% urban based on the 1990 (latest) NSO classification, then sample precincts were systematically drawn from this city/municipality. Otherwise, sample barangays within each sample municipality were selected using simple random sampling without replacement.

If based on the National Statistics Office categorization, the chosen sample municipality/city was 100% urban in 1990 (latest), then sample precincts were systematically drawn from this municipality/city. Otherwise, sample barangays within each sample municipality were selected with equal probabilities.

In the effort to update the urban-rural classification of barangays, the survey adopted a classification scheme slightly different from the official NSO definition. The interviewers were instructed to ascertain whether the barangay has the following:

- A. Street patterns, i.e. network of streets in either parallel or right angle orientation
- B. At least 6 establishments (commercial, manufacturing, recreational and/or personal services)
- C. At least three of the following:
  1. Town/Barangay Hall/Church/Chapel
  2. Public Plaza/Park/Cemetery
  3. Market Place
  4. Public building like school, hospital, health centre or library

If the barangay has all categories as A, B or C, then the barangay were classified as urban. Otherwise, the barangay was classified as rural.

### Stage 4. Selection of Sample Households

For the fourth stage, within each sample spot, five households were established by systematic sampling. In sample (urban) precincts, a random corner was identified; a random start generated; and the interval was seven. In ascertained urban barangays (with no precinct maps), the designated starting point was the same as in rural barangays – it was a school, the barangay captain's house, a church/chapel or a barangay/municipal hall. The sampling interval for urban barangays was seven, while for rural barangays it was two.

### **Stage 5. Selection of Sample Respondents**

For the fifth and final stage, as discussed earlier, a respondent was randomly chosen from among the voting-age adults in each selected household using a probability respondent selection table.

#### *Research Methodology:*

#### **a. Preparation**

##### **1. Questionnaire**

The definitive language-version of the questionnaire, Tagalog, was translated into English, Cebuano, Ilonggo, Ilocano and Bicolano by language experts. Then the language translation was translated back to Tagalog by another set of experts to make sure that the messages were conveyed accurately.

##### **2. Pre-Testing and finalizing the questionnaire**

SWS pre-tested the questionnaire on 10 voting-age adults from different socio-economic classes in order to:

- Determine the time length of the interview
- Improve the wording of the questions, if necessary
- Eliminate unnecessary questions or add new items, as the case may be
- Test question sequence and identify biases
- Correct and improve translation
- Change open-ended questions into multiple choice questions
- Find out which items are conceptually vague
- Check accuracy and adequacy of the questionnaire instructions
- Determine whether the focus of the question is clear
- Identify interviewer's recording difficulties

##### **3. Training**

- (a) Training was conducted in 3 central locations: Manila, Iloilo city and Cebu City. The interviewers needed to cover Luzon were trained in Manila. They implemented the Tagalog and Ilocano versions of the questionnaire. Those trained in Iloilo covered Ilonggo-speaking regions, while those in Cebu City covered all of Cebuano-speaking areas (Central & Eastern Visayas and Mindanao).
- (b) Training time – The minimum training time for group

supervisors and interviewers was 3 days prior to field implementation.

- (c) **Training Activities** – These mainly consisted of:  
One or two day's office training to learn the basics of the project.  
Mock interviews with co-workers to get accustomed to the flow of interviewing and questionnaire format.  
Practice interviews with a supervisor until the interviewer could be left on her own.
- (d) **Evaluation of interviewer's work** – The interviewer was left to interview on her own only after she has conducted 3 successive interviews without committing any error in interviewing and recording.

## **b. Field Work**

### **1. Supervision**

Supervisors reporting to the field manager monitored the study full-time. They observed interviewers, (at least 10% of total interviewers were observed by supervisors), followed-up and did surprise checks on the field interviewers. They also ensured that field logistics were received promptly and administered properly.

### **2. Spot-checking**

Spot-checking was done at various stages of fieldwork. The first one took place after about 30% of interviews were completed. The second spot-checking was conducted after 60% completion and the last one, immediately after 90% completion of interviewing. During spot-checking, at least 20% of the unsupervised interviews were reinterviewed/backchecked.

## **c. Number of calls and Substitution**

A respondent not contacted during the first attempt was visited for a second time. If the respondent remained unavailable, a substitute who possessed the same qualities (in terms of gender, age bracket, and socio-economic class) as the original respondent was interviewed. The substitute respondent was taken from another household beyond the covered intervals in the sample precinct/barangay.

## **d. Field Editing**

- (a). After each interview, the interviewer was asked to go over her own work and check for consistency.
- (b). All accomplished interview sheets were submitted to the assigned group supervisor who, in turn, edited every interview.
- (c). **Data Processing**
  - (1) An office editor conducted a final consistency check on all interviews prior to coding.
  - (2) Interview sheets were edited/checked twice by office editors before the information was encoded into diskettes.
  - (3) A data entry computer program verified and checked the consistency of the encoded data before data tables were generated.

*Weighting procedure:* To yield representative figures at the national level, census-based population weights were applied to the survey data. The weight projection was computed by dividing the projected population in the area by the sample size of the same area. Appropriate projected factors were applied so that original population proportion were reflected in the data tables using this formula:

$$\text{Projection factors} = \frac{\text{Population}}{\text{(Weight) No. of Interview}}$$

For questions answered by the sample voting-age adults, the following projection factors were used:

	2002 NSO Projected population Aged 18 and above	Total Sample size	Projection factor for 1 Probability Respondent (000)	Projection factor for 2 Probability Respondent (000)
NCR	6,926,430	300	23.0881014336	11.5440507168
Balance Luzon	19,631,544	300	65.4384809797	32.7192404898
Visayas	9,281,157	300	30.9371910397	15.4685955199
Mindanao	10,634,787	300	35.4492909369	17.7246454685
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>46,473,919</b>	<b>1,200</b>		

The SPSS version of the data file is already weighted according to the above projection factors. As the data are weighted, the total number of cases that appear is 46,474. This figure is in thousands, i.e., 46,473,919 persons representing NSO's projected number of adults (18 years old and above) for year 2002 based on the 1995 Census.

Researchers who are defining data using the ASCII files should apply these projection factors.



**Philippines**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## Characteristics of the National Population

### I. Gender and Age

DEMOGRAPHY (Source: Census of Population and Housing)							
INDICATOR	REFERENCE PERIOD	DATA					
		Both Sexes		Male		Female	
	Year	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total Population	May 2000	76,504,077	100.00	38,524,267	100.00	37,979,810	100.00
0 – 4 years		9,669,502	12.64	4,951,932	12.85	4,717,570	12.42
5 – 9 years		9,694,781	12.67	4,962,013	12.88	4,732,768	12.46
10 – 14 years		8,949,614	11.70	4,541,197	11.79	4,408,417	11.61
15 – 19 years		8,017,298	10.48	4,017,830	10.43	3,999,468	10.53
20 – 24 years		7,069,403	9.24	3,522,518	9.14	3,546,885	9.34
25 – 29 years		6,071,089	7.94	3,053,616	7.93	3,017,473	7.94
30 – 34 years		5,546,294	7.25	2,804,522	7.28	2,741,772	7.22
35 – 39 years		4,901,023	6.41	2,496,821	6.48	2,404,202	6.33
40 – 44 years		4,163,494	5.44	2,120,314	5.50	2,043,180	5.38
45 – 49 years		3,330,054	4.35	1,696,712	4.40	1,633,342	4.30
50 – 54 years		2,622,316	3.43	1,318,632	3.42	1,303,684	3.43
55 – 59 years		1,903,649	2.49	943,133	2.45	960,516	2.53
60 – 64 years		1,633,150	2.13	786,137	2.04	847,013	2.23
65 – 69 years		1,138,843	1.49	533,469	1.38	605,374	1.59
70 – 74 years		797,970	1.04	361,614	0.94	436,356	1.15
75 – 79 years		505,356	0.66	218,622	0.57	286,734	0.75
80 and over		490,241	0.64	195,185	0.51	295,056	0.78

## II. Employment Status

<b>LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT (Source: Labour Force Survey)</b>							
<b>INDICATOR</b>	<b>REFERENCE PERIOD</b>	<b>DATA</b>					
		<b>Both Sexes</b>		<b>Male</b>		<b>Female</b>	
	<b>Year</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Percent</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Percent</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<b>Household Population</b> 15 Years Old and Over	Oct 2002	50,841	100.00	25,387	100.00	25,454	100.00
Labour Force							
<b>Employed</b> – Employed persons include all those who, during the reference period are 15 years and over as of their last birthday are reported either at work or with a job but not at work. (In thousands)		30,252	59.50	18,439	72.63	11,812	46.41
<b>Unemployed</b> – it includes all those who, during the reference period are 15 years old and over as of their last birthday who have no job/business and actively looking for work. (In thousands)		3,423	6.73	2,076	8.18	1,347	5.29
<b>Not in Labour Force</b> (In thousands)		17,166	33.76	4,872	19.19	12,295	48.30

## III. Educational Attainment

<b>Educational Attainment*</b>		
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<b>Household Population 5 Years Old or Over</b>	59,071,714	100.00
<b>No Grade Completed</b>	4,394,719	7.44
<b>Pre-school</b>	1,931,882	3.27
<b>Elementary</b>	25,620,407	43.37
1 <sup>st</sup> – 4 <sup>th</sup> Grade	12,641,243	21.40
5 <sup>th</sup> – 7 <sup>th</sup> Grade	12,979,164	21.97
<b>High School</b>	16,448,857	27.85
Undergraduate	8,409,260	14.24
Graduate	8,039,597	13.61
<b>Post-secondary</b>	1,340,813	2.27
Undergraduate	263,303	0.45
Graduate	1,077,510	1.82
<b>College Undergraduate</b>	4,071,236	6.89
<b>Academic Degree Holder</b>	4,380,472	7.42
<b>Post-Baccalaureate</b>	114,839	0.19
<b>Not Stated</b>	768,489	1.30

\*Source: National Statistics Office 1995 Census of Population, Report No.2, Socio-Economic and Demographic Characteristics

**Poland**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Poland**

*Study title:* Polish General Social Survey/ISSP, 2002

*Fieldwork dates:* April; 2002

*Principal investigators:* Bogdan Cichomski, Institute for Social Studies, Warsaw University (ISS UW) and Warsaw School of Social Psychology (SWPS)

*Sample type:* Multi-stage area probability sample.  
In the first stage the area of Poland was divided into 48 primary sampling units (strata). They consisted of 12 regions and 4 size classes (cities having more than 100 thousands inhabitants, cities between 20 and 100 thousands inhabitants, cities less than 20 thousands inhabitants, and villages). Statistical regions were drawn with probabilities proportional to number of households in each stratum. In the second stage households were drawn from statistical regions. Coming to every household an interviewers gathered information about month and year of birth of all persons living in the household and then they selected one respondent from all persons 18 or more years old using Kish grid (unique for every household).

*Fieldwork institute:* Public Opinion Research Centre (CBOS), Warsaw

*Fieldwork methods:* Self-administered supplement completed after the PGSS and face-to-face interview (self-administered/interviewer attending =81,5%) + (face-to-face interview/no visuals = 18,5%)  
[see MODE-variable in the Polish data file]

*Context of ISS Questionnaire:* Self-administered supplement at end of in-person PGSS interview

*Sample size:* 1252 = number of respondents achieved on ISSP 2001

*Response rates:*

2004	A - Total issued (total sample)
143	B – Ineligible (address empty, demolished houses, no private dwellings)
1861	C – (=A-B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1252	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
609	E – (=C-D; = F+G+H) Total non-response
403	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
200	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
6	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Polish

*Weighted:* YES:  
The weighting factor used consists of two elements. First: each case was weighted by the number of person 18 or more years old, living in a household. Then, post-stratification weighting was applied. Using census

data about gender, age (five categories) and type of place of living (seven categories), a 70-cells table was created. For every cell a sampling rate was estimated. Post-stratification weighting was based on those coefficients. Finally, the weighting factor was normalised to the number of interviews completed.

*Known systematic  
properties of the  
sample:*

No biases or other deviation of the sample (after weighting)  
(see: National Population Characteristics, 18 years or older;  
POLAND)

*Deviation from ISSP  
questionnaire:*

None

*Publication:*

None

**Poland**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**National Population Characteristics (18 years or older): Poland**

<b>Sex, Age, Size of place of living, Education, Employment status</b>	<b>Central Statistical Office (GUS); December 2001 18+years</b>	<b>Polish General Social Survey; April 2002 (unweighted) 18+years</b>	<b>Polish General Social Survey; April 2002 (weighted) 18+years</b>
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**SEX (population 18+ years old)**

Male (%)	47,7	42,4	47,7
Female (%)	52,3	57,6	52,3
N (100%)	29 661 771	2 473	2 473

**AGE GROUPS (population 18+ years old)**

18 – 29 (%)	25,4	17,0	25,4
30 – 39 (%)	16,8	16,7	16,8
40 – 49 (%)	20,8	23,1	20,8
50 – 59 (%)	15,1	16,4	15,1
60 + (%)	21,9	26,8	21,9
N (100%)	29 661 771	2 473	2 473

**SIZE OF COMMUNITY (population 18+ years old)**

Village (%)	36,7	35,3	36,7
City <20 thousands (%)	12,5	10,5	12,5
City 20-49 ths (%)	11,0	11,2	11,0
City 50-99 ths (%)	8,8	9,5	8,8
City 100-199 ths (%)	8,1	8,6	8,1
City 200-299 ths (%)	10,9	11,6	10,9
City 500+ ths (%)	12,1	13,2	12,1
N (100%)	29 661 771	2 473	2 473

**LEVEL OF EDUCATION (+ cumulative years of schooling), population 18+ years old**

No formal schooling	ND: no data	0,6	0,4
Incomplete elementary (LT 8years)	ND	4,0	3,3
Elementary completed (8 years)	ND	21,4	20,3
Basic vocational (10-11 years)	ND	25,8	27,6
Incomplete secondary (LT 12 years)	ND	1,8	2,3
Secondary general (12 years)	ND	6,6	6,0
Secondary vocational (12 years)	ND	19,2	19,2
Post secondary (14 years)	ND	4,0	4,2
Incomplete higher (14 years)	ND	6,5	7,7
Higher completed (17 years)	ND	10,2	8,9
N (100%)	29 661 771	2 473	2 473

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS (population 18+ years old)**

Employed	ND: no data	43,3	45,5
Unemployed	ND	13,7	15,2
Not in labour force	ND	43,0	39,3
N (100%)	29 661 771	2 473	2 473



**Portugal  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Portugal**

*Study title:* Family and Gender Roles

*Fieldwork dates:* 15/02/03 to 31/07/03

*Principal investigators:* Manuel Villaverde Cabral; Jorge Vala, Alice Ramos, all from Instituto de Ciências Sociais da Universidade de Lisboa

*Sample type:* Stratified random probability. The sample is designed to be representative of adults aged 18 or over living in private accommodation in Portugal. The sample method involved a multi-stage design: stratification by region and habitat; Selection of sampling units (100); selection of streets: selection of addresses by random root; selection of individuals by the last birthday method. Stratification factors used:

- NUTES (North, Centre, Lisbon and Tagus Valley, Alentejo and Algarve)
- HABITAT( less than 2.000 hab.; 2 – 10 thousand hab; 10 – 30 thousand hab; 30 – 100 thousand hab; more than 100 thousand hab)

In order to get a representative sample, near 50% of the interviews were made in habitats with less than 2000 hab. Some problems came up, such as, a level of non-responses and refusals higher than expected.

*Fieldwork institute:* Motivacao-Estudos Psico-sociologicos

*Fieldwork methods:* face-to-face interview with visuals

*Sample size:* 1092

*Response rates:*

2154	A - Total issued (total sample)
174	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages...)
1980	C – (=A –B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1092	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
888	E – (=C – D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
501	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
375	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
12	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Portuguese

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* A cross-table of the following variables was made  
Age groups  
Sex

Education degree

Region x habitat

*Known systematic  
properties of the  
sample:*

The achieved sample was biased in what concerns gender (more women than in the population), educational level and age. The weighting factor was constructed in order to correct those biases.

*Deviations from ISSP  
questionnaire:*

*Publication:*

**Portugal**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

### National Population Characteristics: Portugal

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources :

Sex distribution of the population

Age distribution of the population

Education (years of schooling) of the population

Employment rate of the population

SOURCE: Census 2001 – National Institute of Statistics

#### SEX - Continent

	Total population	Above/equal 18 years
Male	4 765 444 (48,3%)	3 777 671 (47,6%)
Female	5 103 899 (51,7%)	4 161 215 (52,4%)

#### AGE (group) - Continent

	Total	Male	Female
Under 18	1930457	987773	942684
18-24	1027112	519869	507243
25-29	775956	389789	386167
30-34	724780	361032	363748
35-39	772683	360128	372555
40-44	694873	341020	353853
45-49	657048	318944	338104
50-54	617805	297713	320192
55-59	549592	259114	290478
60-64	530341	247381	282960
65-69	516994	235296	281698
70-74	436564	189532	247032
75+	675038	257853	417185

#### YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups) (Continent – 18 years and above)

	Total	Male	Female
Without formal school	760910	247591	513319
Primary incomplete	720160	267013	453147
Primary complete	2267086	1147821	1119265
Secondary incomplete	2358550	1271031	1087519
Secondary complete	676629	327991	348638
University incomplete	518903	247031	271872
University complete	636648	269193	367455

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS (Continent – 15 years and above)

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>
Employed	4450711	2479105	1971606
Unemployed	327404	138869	188535
Not in labour force	3533294	1350448	2182846

**Russian Federation  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Russia**

*Study title:* Family and Changing Gender Roles III 2002 Russia

*Fieldwork dates:* February 22 – March 18, 2002

*Principal investigators:* Dr. L. Khakhulina

*Sample type:* **a). The universe sampled**  
Adult population of Russia aged 18 years and older

**b). Categories of population excluded from the sample**

From the total adult population of Russia were excluded the following categories:

- a) persons, doing their military service by draft (about 1% of the total adult population);
- b) persons under imprisonment (about 0,8% of the total adult population);
- c) Persons living in remote or difficult of access regions of Far North (0,9% of the total adult population);
- d) Persons living in area of war conflict in North Caucasus – population of the republics: Chechnia, Ingushetia and Dagestan – (1,9%)
- e) Persons residing in rural settlements with not more than 50 inhabitants (about 0,8% of the total adult population).

Besides, no homeless people get into the sample (from 1% to 1,5% of the total adult population by various expert estimations).

**c). Stratification procedure**

Nationwide sample (N=1800) was divided among:

- a) 10 large economy-geographical regions (Northern + North-Western, Central, Volgo-Viatka, Central-Chernozemie, Povolzhie, Northern Caucasus, Urals, Western Siberia, Eastern Siberia and Far East) proportionate to the local population aged 18+ of each economic region
- b) 6 strata of settlements inside each region (from 100 – to 1,000 inhabitants; from 1,000 – to 10,000 inhabitants; from 10,000 – to 100,000 inhabitants; from 100,000 – to 500,000 inhabitants; from 500,000 – to 750,000 inhabitants; over 750,000 inhabitants) proportionate to the population aged 18+ of the stratum.



**d).**

Region	100-1000	1-10 ths.	10-100 ths.	100-500 ths.	500-700 ths.	750 ths and over	Total
1. Northern + North-Western	16	25	41	42			124
2. Central	34	46	88	79	22		269
3. Central Chernozemie	20	23	19	20	7	12	101
4. Povolzhie	29	36	34	30	31	55	215
5. Northern Caucasus	13	60	40	38	8	13	174
6. Volgo – Viatka	20	20	22	26		18	106
7. Urals	35	39	61	47	15	59	255
8. Western Siberia	23	36	43	33	21	34	190
9. Eastern Siberia	13	26	25	26	8	11	109
10. Far East	9	17	21	16	16		78
Sr.-Petersburg						63	63
Moscow						115	115
Total	212	329	395	356	129	381	1800

**e). Selection of primary sampling units (PSUs).**

All cites with population over 500,000 inhabitants were included into sample as self-representative objects.

The urban and rural settlements were used as primary sampling units (PSUs).

In each stratum (excluding stratum with self-representative objects) one or more PSUs were selected with the probability proportionate to size (with condition of 7-10 interviews per PSU). The number of interviews in a stratum was divided into equal parts among the selected PSUs.

Totally 165 PSUs were selected.

**f). Selection of sampling points (SSUs).**

Electoral districts were used as sampling points (SSUs). In each selected PSU two sampling points were randomly selected from the list of all electoral districts of this PSU (except for cites with population over 750 ths. People where number of surveyed SSUs was defined on condition 4-5 interviews per SSU).

Totally 375 sampling points were selected.

**g). Selection of households**

Selection of households in each sampling point was carried out by means of a random route method. With a prescribed starting point, the interviewer polled every 17<sup>th</sup> household from the list of all households of the selected electoral district.

If household or respondent refused to take part in the survey or was not been achieved during 4 visits, interviewer visited the next address from the list of households of this electoral district to conduct an interview.

**h). selection of respondents**

Within a household a respondent which birthday is the nearest was selected.

In order to interview a selected respondent, an interviewer visited each address up to 4 times in different days of a week and different time of a day.

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interview

*Fieldwork institute:* VCIOM

*Sample size:* 1,800

*Response rates:*

5476	A - Total issued
187	B – Not eligible
5289	C - Total eligible
1798	D - Total questionnaires received
3491	E – Non-response
2373	F – Refusals
1089	G – Non-contact
29	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Russian

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* a) Main principles of weighting procedure  
 The total expected number N of respondents for a certain region being treated equals  

$$N = N_0 \cdot P$$
  
 Where N<sub>0</sub> denotes the size of whole sample, P stands for share of the region in the entire population.

The following population groups were controlled in weighting:

(1) men aged 18-24 years with high or incomplete high education
(2) men aged 25-39 years with high or incomplete high education
(3) men aged 40-54 years with high or incomplete high education
(4) men aged 55+ years with high or incomplete high education
(5) men aged 18-24 years with average education
(6) men aged 25-39 years with average education
(7) men aged 40-54 years with average education
(8) men aged 55+ years with average education
(9) men aged 18-24 years with incomplete average education
(10) men aged 25-39 years with incomplete average education
(11) men aged 40-54 years with incomplete average education
(12) men aged 55+ years with incomplete average education
(13) women aged 18-24 years with high or incomplete high education
(14) women aged 25-39 years with high or incomplete high education

(15) women aged 40-54 years with high or incomplete high education
(16) women aged 55+ years with high or incomplete high education
(17) women aged 18-24 years with average education
(18) women aged 25-39 years with average education
(19) women aged 40-54 years with average education
(20) women aged 55+ years with average education
(21) women aged 18-24 years with incomplete average education
(22) women aged 25-39 years with incomplete average education
(23) women aged 40-54 years with incomplete average education
(24) women aged 55+ years with incomplete average education

As a result of correction, every respondent  $X[k]$  becomes supplied with definite weight  $W[k]$ , being within the limits  $0 < W[k] < \sim 10$ , so that the following conditions were valid:

- 1) the value of  $\sum(W[k])$  concerned were equal to  $N$  and
- 2) for every controlled group  $G[i]$  the value  $Q[i]$  being equal to  $Q[i] = \sum(W[k] \mid X[k].\text{belong to } G[i]) / N$ , were closed to a proportion  $P[i]$  of group  $G[i]$  in population. The value of  $J$  being equal to  $J = \sum((Q[i] - P[i])^2) + (\sum(W[k]) / N - 1)^2$  Serves the criterion for minimization on the weights sets variety.

Weighting of the data was made in two stages. Weighting coefficients were calculated on characteristics of gender, age, education and region. Statistical data for weighting was drawn out of the data on January, 1 2000 given by the State Statistics Committee.

**Russian Federation**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**ISSP Characteristics of National Population (Russia)**

Source: the data of the State Statistics Committee of Russia, 2000

**GENDER**

Male	45.6
Female	54.4

**AGE**

18-24	13.6
25-39	28.3
40-54	28.8
55+	29.3

**EDUCATION**

Higher and incomplete higher (13+ years of schooling)	16.1
Secondary or secondary graduated (10-13 years of schooling)	55.8
Incomplete secondary or less (up to 10 years of schooling)	28.1

**Slovenia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Slovenia**

*Study title:* Slovene Public Opinion Survey 2003/2: International Survey on Family and National Identity and Attitudes on Local Democracy

*Fieldwork dates:* February 2003 – March 2003

*Principal investigators:* Niko Toš, Public Opinion and Mass Communication Research Centre (CJMMK), Ljubljana.

*Sample type:* Universe: The adult residents of SR Slovenia, older than 18 years, living on permanent address. Excluded: Institutionalised people. Central Register of Population (a list of names and addresses constantly undated by public administration) is employed as a sampling frame. Sampling procedure: The sample is two-stage stratified random sample from Central Register of Population, where every population unit has equal probability of selection. First stage PSU selection is made by probability proportional to size of CEA (Clusters of Enumeration Areas). CEA are stratified according to 12 regions\*6 type of settlement. At second stage systematic random selection inside CEA brings fixed numbers of persons with name and address. Split-halves samples were used for parallel SJM surveys.

*Fieldwork methods:* Personal interviews with trained interviewers

*Fieldwork institute:* Public Opinion and Mass Communication Research Centre (CJMMK), Ljubljana

*Context of ISSP-questionnaire:* ISSP 2002 questionnaire lie at the beginning of the SJM 2003/2 questionnaire. Then follows the ISSP 2003.

*Sample size:* 1093

*Response rates:*

1612	A - Total issued
0	B – Not eligible
1612	C - Total eligible
1093	D - Total SJM2003/2 questionnaires received
519	E – Non-response
204	F – Refusals
254	G – Non-contact
61	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Slovenian

*Weighted:* No

**Slovenia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**



### ISSP Characteristics of National Population (Slovenia)

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education (years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

Source no.1	Source no.2	Source no.3	Source no.4
Census 2002, Population 15+ years at years of schooling	Labour Force Survey, 2002 2 <sup>nd</sup> quarter		

#### SEX

Male	48,8%			
Female	51,2%			

#### AGE (groups)

0 – 14	15,3%			
15 – 29	21,5%			
30 – 44	22,7%			
45 – 64	25,8%			
65+	14,7%			

#### YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups)

0-7 years of elementary school	7%			
Elementary school	26%			
Completed vocational school	27%			
Completed middle school	27%			
University degree	12%			

#### EMPLOYMENT STATUS (in 1000 of persons)

Employed		922		
Unemployed		58		
Not in labour force		707		

**Slovakia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Slovakian Republic***Study title:* ISSP FAMILY 2002*Fieldwork dates:* September 21, 2002 – October 3, 2002*Principal investigators:* Co-operation of two institutes: Institute for Sociology of the Slovak Academy of Sciences & The Institute for Public Opinion Research at the Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic*Sample type:* Quota sample (sex, age, ethnicity, education, size of municipality, region) combined with random walk in the last step, population over 18.*Fieldwork methods:* Interview face to face*Fieldwork institute:* The Institute for Public Opinion Research at the Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic*Sample size:* 1133*Response rates:*

1200	A - Total issued (total sample)
-	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, ...)
-	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1133	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Slovak language*Weighted:* no*Weighting procedure:* -*Known systematic properties of the sample:* -*Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:* There were added 6 new questions (number 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68 in the questionnaire) – answers are not included in the data file sent to the archive*Publications:*

**Slovakia**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## Description of the Population over 18 in Slovakia and the Sample

Size of population over 18: 4 101 529

Size of the sample: 1133

\* Source: Slovak Statistical Office, June 2001

	Population	Sample
SEX		
Male	47.80	48.01
Female	52.20	51.99

AGE (groups)		
18-24	15.90	16.15
25-29	10.63	10.33
30-39	18.45	18.71
40-49	20.10	20.39
50-59	14.48	13.86
60+	20.44	20.48

EDUCATION		
Primary	25.00	26.57
Vocational (without Diploma*)	33.00	30.98
Secondary (without Diploma)	33.00	33.36
University	9.00	9.09

Secondary School Diploma (or leaving school examination, minimum years of schooling is 12 years) is an obligatory precondition to apply for the study on the University

SIZE OF COMMUNITY		
Up to 1999	30.30	30.63
2000 – 9999	20.01	19.59
10000 – 49999	24.29	23.83
50000 – 99999	12.09	12.71
100 000+	13.31	13.24

REGION		
Bratislava	12.00	11.65
Trnava	10.39	10.06
Trencin	11.41	11.65
Nitra	13.56	14.30
Zilina	12.59	13.24
Banska Bystrica	12.39	12.18
Presov	13.75	13.15
Kosice	13.91	13.77

**Spain**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Study Description**

**Study Description: Spain***Study title:* Family and Gender 2002*Fieldwork dates:* 25-30 June 2003*Principal investigators:* Natalia García-Pardo*Sample type:* Multistage stratified random sample*Fieldwork Institute:* Centro de Investigaciones Sociológicas (CIS)*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interviews*Sample size:* 2471*Response rates:*  
(real numbers)

2500	A - Total issued (total sample)
8	B - Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages,...)
2492	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
2471	D - Total ISSP questionnaires received
21	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
10	F - Refusals (refusing to take part)
5	G - Non-contact (never contacted)
6	H - Other non-response

*Language:* Spanish*Weighted:* No*Weighting procedure:**Known Systematic  
Properties of the  
sample:*

None

*Deviations from ISSP  
Questionnaire:*

Variable TOPBOT is missing: In Spanish questionnaire is 6 point scale

*Publications:* None

**Spain**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**



## ISSP Characteristics of National Population: SPAIN

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education (years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

Source no.1	Source no.2	Source no.3	Source no.4
Pop. Census 2001	E.P.A. 2001 Work. Pop Sur		

### SEX

Male	20.021.850			
Female	20.825.521			

### AGE (groups)

18-24 years	4.240.700			
25-34	6.875.075			
35-44	6.319.966			
45-54	5.042.813			
55-64	4.063.263			
65 years and over	6.964.267			

### YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups)

No school	5.211,90			
4-10 years	8.775,10			
11-14	7.847,00			
15-18	5.604,70			
19-21	3.976,30			
22 years and over	2.273,50			

### EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed		15.945,60		
Unemployed		1.869,10		
Not in labour force		15.834,40		

Sweden  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description

**Study Description: Sweden***Study title:* Family and Gender III*Fieldwork dates:* February 2002 to March 2002*Principal investigators:* Prof. Stefan Svallfors and Dr. Lonas Edlund, Department of Sociology, Umeå University, Umeå, Sweden*Sample type:* A representative sample of the Swedish population 18 – 79 years*Fieldwork institute:* SIFO*Fieldwork methods:* Separate postal survey with four reminders. The first two by mail, the third by telephone, and the fourth by mail.*Context of ISSP questionnaire:* Separate survey*Language:* Swedish*Weighted:* No*Sample size:* 1080

Special note on background variables referring to occupation

These variables refer to the respondent's present or (if the respondent is currently not working) last occupation.

*Response rates:*

2000	A – Total issued (total sample)
111	B – Ineligible
1889	C - (= A - B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1080	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
809	E - (= C - D; = F + G + H) Total non-response
187	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
517	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
105	H – Other non-response

Response rates in different groups

Sex	Men	51%
	Women	61%
Age	18 – 25	55%
	26 – 45	56%
	46 – 64	57%
	65 – 79	63%

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Urban – rural	Stockholm	53%
	Urban 1	59%
	Urban 2	58%
	Rural 1	59%
	Rural 2	60%
	Göteborg region	55%
	Malmö etc. region	58%

**Sweden**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

**National Population Characteristics: Sweden**

<b>Register for the total population (2002) age 18 – 79</b>	<b>ISSP Sample (2002) age 18 – 79</b>	<b>Education register age 16-74 (2000) and labour force surveys age 16 – 64 (2000)</b>
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**SEX**

Men	50%	46%	
Women	50%	54%	

**AGE**

18 – 25	11%	11%	
26 – 45	38%	37%	
46 – 64	35%	35%	
65 – 77	16%	17%	

**URBAN – RURAL**

Stockholm	21%	19%	
Urban 1	35%	36%	
Urban 2	20%	20%	
Rural 1	6%	6%	
Rural 2	5%	6%	
Göteborg region	8%	8%	
Malmö etc. region	5%	6%	

**EDUCATION:**

No info available			2%
Primary school			30%
Secondary school (2 years)			28%
Secondary school (3 years)			16%
University			24%

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

Employed			74%
Unemployed			4%
Not in labour force			22%

**Urban-rural description****Stockholm**

(including the suburb municipalities)

**Urban 1**

(municipalities (MC) with more than 90 000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius from the MC centre)

**Urban 2**

(MC:s with more than 27 000 inhabitants and less than 90 000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius of the MC centre and in the same time with more than 300 000 inhabitants within 100 kilometres radius of the MC centre)

**Rural 1**

(MC:s with more than 27 000 inhabitants and less than 90 000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius of the MC centre and in the same time with less than 300 000 inhabitants within 100 kilometres radius of the MC centre)

**Rural 2**

(MC:s with less than 27 000 inhabitants within an area of 30 kilometres radius of the MC centre)

**Göteborg region**

(Göteborg including the suburb municipalities)

**Malmö etc. region**

(Malmö, Lund, Trelleborg including the suburb municipalities)

**Switzerland  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**



**Study Description: Switzerland**

*Study title:* ISSP 2002 Family and Changing Gender Roles

*Fieldwork dates:* November the 27<sup>th</sup> 2002 until March the 31<sup>st</sup> 2003

*Principal investigators:* Institute SIDOS, Ruelle Vaucher 13, CH-2000 Neuchâtel

*Sample type:* The ISSP 2002 survey was combined with the “Eurobarometer in Switzerland” (EBCH) survey. The questions related to the “Eurobarometer in Switzerland” were first asked followed by those of the ISSP 2002 using the CAPI method. The sampling procedure was the following:

- Stratification of the households into 6 regions (Espace Mittelland, North of Switzerland, East of Switzerland, Centre of Switzerland and Italian-speaking part of Switzerland)
- Random selection of households from the extended phone register
- Sending of an information letter
- First contact per phone or face to face from the interviewer to fix a date for the interview
- Random selection of one person in each household with the KISH method
- EBCH and ISSP Interview (CAPI)

*Fieldwork institute:* MIS Trend, Institut pour l'étude des marchés et les sondages d'opinion, Pont-Bessières 3, 1005 Lausanne

*Fieldwork methods:* CAPI

*Sample size:* 1008

*Response rates:*

3280	A – Total issued (total sample)
478	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, sick, language, ...)
2802	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1008	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
1794	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
1485	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
171	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
138	H – Other non-response

*Language:* German, French and Italian

*Weighted:* Yes

*Weighting procedure:* The weights were defined according to the following criteria:

- Size of household (estimation based on data from 1997, based on the Swiss federal census 1990 and its evolution)
- Age (Swiss federal census 2000)

The size of the household was recoded into the following four categories:

- 1) Household with 1 person
- 2) Household with 2 persons
- 3) Household with 3 persons
- 4) Household with 4 persons and more

The age was recoded into the following six categories:

- 1) 15 – 24 years
- 2) 25 – 34 years
- 3) 35 – 44 years
- 4) 45 – 54 years
- 5) 55 – 64 years
- 6) 65 and older

*Known systematic  
properties of the  
sample:*

Under-representation of young people

*Deviations from ISSP  
questionnaire:*

Due to an error, the two additional background questions v70 and v71 were omitted. Therefore they have been asked later in a telephone interview.

*Publication:*

**Switzerland**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**

## ISSP Characteristics of national Population

Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- Sex distribution of the population
- Age distribution of the population
- Education ( years of schooling) of the population
- Employment rate of the population

Swiss federal Census 2000	SAKE 2002 (Swiss labour force survey)		
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### SEX

Male	49.0		
Female	51.0		

### AGE (groups)

15-24 years	14.0		
25-34 years	17.9		
35-44 years	19.8		
45-54 years	16.6		
55-64 years	13.2		
65 years and more	18.5		

### YEARS OF SCHOOLING (groups, approximation, see details next page)

0-8	4.3		
9	22.8		
12-13	47.4		
14	6.6		
16	3.6		
19	6.6		
No indication*	8.7		

### YEARS OF SCHOOLING (total)

Mean	12.07	12.7	
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### EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed	62.7	65.7	
Unemployed	2.6	1.5	
Not in labour force	34.7	32.8	

\*: Indications for population 15 years and older

**Correspondence table between the dataset ISSP-CH.sav and the questionnaire ISSP 2002 in Switzerland**

<b>Variable name</b> (in dataset ISSP2002-CH.sav)	<b>Question number</b> (in questionnaire ISSP 2002 in Switzerland)	<b>Variable name</b> (in dataset ISSP2002-CH.sav)	<b>Question number</b> (in questionnaire ISSP 2002 in Switzerland)
V1	-	SEX	D16
V2	-	AGE	D17
V3	-	MARITAL	D13a
V4 to V9	V01	COHAB	D13b
V10 to V13	V02	EDUCYRS	D14b
V14 to V17	V03	DEGREE	D14a
V18 to V24	V04	CH_DEGR	D14a
V25 –V26	V05	WRKST	D20a & D20b
V27-V28	V06	WRKHRS	D24
V29	V07	ISCO88	D20c
V30 to V35	V08	WRKSUP	D25
V36	V09a	WRKTYPE	D21
V37	V09b	NEMPLOY	D22
V38	V10	UNION	D37
V39	V11	SPWRKST	D27a & D27b
V40	V12	SPISCO88	D27c
V41-V42	V13	SPWRKTYP	D27d
V43	V14	INCOME	D33a & D33b
V44 to V47	V15	RINCOME	D26a & D26b
V48 to V51	V16	HOMPOP	D18
V52	V17	HHCYCLE	D19a & D19b
V53	V18	PARTY_LR	D11a & D11b
V54	V19	CH_PRTY	D11a & D11b
V55	V20	VOTE_LE	D12
V56 to V59	V21	RELIG	D35
V60 to V63	V22	RELIGGRP	D35
V64	V23	ATTEND	D36
V65	D18, D19a, D19b, D17	TOPBOT	D34
V66	D19a	CH_REG	-
V67	D19b	CH_SIZE	-
V68	D18	URBRURAL	D39
V69	D19c	NATIONAL	D1
V70	Tel interview, question 1	LANG	D2
V71	Tel interview, question 2	INTLANG	-
		MODE	-
		WEIGHT	-

**Taiwan  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: Taiwan**

*Study title:* Taiwan Social Change Survey: the third Survey of the Fourth Cycle

*Fieldwork dates:* 7/15/2002; for about one month

*Principal investigators:* Chang, Ying-hwa  
Institute of sociology, Academia Sinica

*Sample type:* Three-stage Stratified Sampling  
(1) PSU=township,  
(2) Li (administrative unit under township),  
(3) respondent

*Fieldwork institute:* Center for Survey Research

*Fieldwork methods:* Face-to-face interview

*Sample size:* 1983

*Response rates:*

3735	A – Total issued (total sample)
111	B – Ineligible (address vacant, wrong ages, ...)
3624	C – (=A – B) Total eligible (in scope sample)
1983	D – Total ISSP questionnaires received
1641	E – (=C – D; =F + G + H) Total non-response
424	F – Refusals (refusing to take part)
47	G – Non-contact (never contacted)
1170	H – Other non-response

*Language:* Mandarin, Taiwanese, or Hakka

*Weighted:* no

*Known systematic properties of the sample:* One of non-response bias mainly comes the use of household registration data in which many household members in fact do not live in the household.

*Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:* Some variables are not included in the data:  
NEMPLOY, UNION, PARTY\_LR, VOTE\_LE, ATTEND, TOPBOT, ETHNIC

*Publication:* Report on Taiwan Social Change Survey (2000), Institute of Sociology

**Taiwan**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**Characteristics of National Population**



Each ISSP member is asked to include to the documentation the following information about known characteristics of its national population, from census or the best available estimates from government surveys or other high-quality data-sources:

- sex distribution of the population
- age distribution of the population
- education (years of schooling) of the population:
- employment rate of the population

Source no. 1	Source no. 2	Source no. 3	Source no. 4
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## SEX

Male	50.99%			
Female	49.01%			

## AGE (groups)

Less than 15	21.2%			
15-24	17.5%			
25-44	33.4%			
45-64	19.4%			
65 and more	8.6%			

## YEARS OF SCHOOLING (for those 6 years old and more)

None	4.49%			
Primary	27.38%			
Junior high	18.12%			
Senior high	29.10%			
College and more	20.93%			

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS (for those more than 15 years old only)

Employed		54.37%		
Unemployed		2.96%		
Not in labor force		41.66%		

Source no. 1: 2000 Population and Housing Census, Directorate-general of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, Executive Yuan, Taiwan.

Source no. 2: 2002 Manpower Survey, Directorate-general of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, Executive Yuan, Taiwan.

**United States  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Study Description**

**Study Description: USA**

*Study title:* 2002 General Social Survey

*Fieldwork dates:* February 07 – June 15 2002

*Principal investigators:* James A. Davis, Tom W. Smith, and Peter V. Marsden

*Sample type:* Multi-stage area probability sample

*Fieldwork institute:* National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

*Fieldwork methods:* In-person with self-administered questionnaire

*Context of ISSP questionnaire* Self-administered at end of in person interview

*Sample size:* 1171

*Response rates:*

2463	A – Total issued
492	B – Ineligible
1971	C - (= A - B) Total eligible
1171	D – Total received
800	E - Total non-response (= C - D; = F + G + H)
726	F – Refusals
30	G – Non-contact
44	H – Other non-response

*Language:* English

*Weighted:* No

*Known systematic properties:* Under samples men

**United States  
ISSP 2002  
Family and Changing Gender Roles III  
Characteristics of National Population**

**National Population Characteristics: USA****Table 1**

A Detailed Comparison of the 2002 Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Weighted and Unweighted 2002 General Social Survey (GSS)

**A. AGE**

	CPS	GSS Unweighted	GSS Weighted*
18 – 24	13.7	9.9	12.1
25 – 29	8.6	9.3	9.7
30 – 34	10.1	11.2	10.4
35 – 39	11.3	10.2	9.8
40 – 44	12.0	9.7	10.0
45 – 49	10.5	10.1	10.4
50 – 54	8.5	9.0	9.4
55 – 59	6.4	6.8	6.8
60 – 64	4.9	6.0	5.9
65 +	14.1	17.7	15.6
N		2751	2751

**B. Gender**

Female	51.2	55.6	54.2
n		2765	2765

**C. YEARS OF SCHOOLING, 25 YEARS AND OLDER**

0 – 8	6.6	5.6	5.6
9 – 11	7.5	9.7	9.6
12	33.2	29.6	29.5
13 – 15	25.6	27.6	28.5
16 +	27.1	27.2	26.8
n		2469	2413

**D. Labour Force Participation, 16 years or older\*\***

Employed	63.6	65.0	65.6
Unemployed	4.2	4.4	4.4
Not in labour force	32.2	30.7	30.0
n		2765	2765

\* Weighted by number of eligible respondents (i.e. 18+) in the household.

\*\* The GSS figures are based on 18+.

A Comparison of the 2002 Current Population Survey  
to the 2002 General Social Survey  
Tom W. Smith and Jibum Kim  
March, 2002

In accordance with the documentation standards of the International Social Survey Program (ISSP), we compare in Table 1 the distributions for age, gender, years of schooling, and labour force participation from the 2002 Current Population Survey (CPS).\*

First, the weighted and unweighted GSS distributions match the CPS figures about equally well overall (Table 2). The weighted figures are better on gender and age, there are no meaningful differences on education, and the unweighted figures are closer labour force categories.

Second, the GSS-CPS matches are generally good. Age distributions correspond closely across most age groups, but the GSS did under represent those under 25. This is primarily due to the high number of people in the non-household population for this age group. Women are overrepresented on the GSS. This is common to virtually all full probability, random respondent surveys.\*\*

Third, the GSS under represents the least educated. It appears that much of this difference results from variations between the CPS and the GSS in how the item on education is asked and coded rather than because of sampling representation.

Finally, the GSS under represents those not currently employed. At least some of this difference comes from the 16 and 17 year olds included in the CPS figures. Very few are currently employed and their inclusion lowers the total percent employed and increases the other two categories.

**Table 2**  
A Summary Comparison of the 2002 Current Population Survey and the Weighted and Unweighted 2002 GSS  
(GSS% - CPS%)

	Unweighted	Weighted
A. Age		
18-24	-3.8	-1.6
65+	+3.6	+1.5
B. Gender		
Female	+4.4	+3.0
C. Years of schooling, 25+		
0-8	-1.0	-1.0
16+	+0.1	-0.3
D. Labour Force Participation, 16+		
Employed	-1.4	-2.0
Unemployed	-0.2	-0.2
Not in Labour Force	+1.5	+2.2

\* The 2002 GSS fielded the family, work, and gender II and social networks and support modules.

\*\* The CPS uses household informants rather than random respondents.

**Appendix**  
**Variable Report 2013/01**  
**ISSP 2002**  
**Family and Changing Gender Roles III**  
**C. Note on Occupational Variables**

## Note 0001

This Note refers to V241 and V247 and contains the International Occupation Codes of 1988 and some additional country specific codings used in Germany, Hungary, Norway, Poland, United States.

## Source:

ILO/ISCO 1988 International Standard Classification of Occupations: International Labour Office, Geneva 1991

## Armed forces

- 0100 Armed forces
- 0110 Armed forces  
DK: including all positions in the  
armed forces, regardless of rang

## Legislators, senior officials and managers

- 1000 Legislators, senior officials, managers
- 1100 Legislators and senior officials
- 1110 Legislators
- 1120 Senior government official
- 1130 Traditional chiefs and heads of villages
- 1140 Senior officials of special-interest organisation
- 1141 Senior officials of political-party organisations
- 1142 Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations
- 1143 Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations
- 1200 Corporate managers
- 1210 Directors and chief executives
- 1220 Production and operations department managers  
RP: specialized managers
- 1221 Production and operations department managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing
- 1222 Production and operations department managers in manufacturing
- 1223 Production and operations department managers in construction
- 1224 Production and operations department managers in wholesale and retail trade
- 1225 Production and operations department managers in restaurants and hotels
- 1226 Production and operations department managers in transport, storage and communications
- 1227 Production and operations department managers in business services
- 1228 Production and operations department managers in personal care, cleaning and related services
- 1229 Production and operations department managers not elsewhere classified
- 1230 Other department managers
- 1231 Finance and administration department managers
- 1232 Personnel and industrial relations department managers
- 1233 Sales and marketing department managers
- 1234 Advertising and public relations departments managers
- 1235 Supply and distribution department managers
- 1236 Computing services department managers
- 1237 Research and development department managers
- 1238 Other department managers not elsewhere classified
- 1239 Other department managers
- 1300 General managers
- 1310 General managers
- 1311 General managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing
- 1312 General managers in manufacture
- 1313 General managers in construction
- 1314 General managers in wholesale and retail trade
- 1315 General managers of restaurants and hotels
- 1316 General managers in transport, storage and communication
- 1317 General managers of business services
- 1318 General managers in personal care, cleaning and related services



Note 0001

(continued)

1319 General managers not elsewhere classified

**Professionals**

- 2000 Professionals
- 2100 Physical, mathematical and engineering science professionals
- 2110 Physicists, chemists and related professionals
- 2111 Physicists, and astronomers
- 2112 Meteorologists
- 2113 Chemists
- 2114 Geologists and geophysicists
- 2120 Mathematicians, statisticians and related professionals
- 2121 Mathematicians and related professionals
- 2122 Statisticians
- 2130 Computing professionals
- 2131 Computing systems designers and analysts
- 2132 Computer programmers
- 2139 Computing professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2140 Architects, engineers and related professionals
- 2141 Architects, town and traffic planners
- 2142 Civil engineers
- 2143 Electrical engineers
- 2144 Electronics and telecommunication engineers
- 2145 Mechanical engineers
- 2146 Chemical engineers
- 2147 Mining engineers, metallurgists and related professionals
- 2148 Cartographers and surveyors
- 2149 Architects, engineers and related professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2199 Other natural scientists
- 2200 Life science and health professionals
- 2210 Life science professionals
- 2211 Biologists, botanists, zoologists and related professionals
- 2212 Pharmacologists, pathologists and related professionals
- 2213 Agronomists and related professionals
- 2220 Health professionals (except nursing)
- 2221 Medical doctors
- 2222 Dentists
- 2223 Veterinarians
- 2224 Pharmacists
- 2229 Health professionals (except nursing) not elsewhere classified
- 2230 Nursing and midwifery professionals
- 2300 Teaching professionals
- 2310 College, university and higher education teaching professionals
- 2320 Secondary education teaching professionals
- 2330 Primary and pre-primary education teaching professionals
- 2331 Primary education teaching professionals
- 2332 Pre-primary education teaching professionals
- 2340 Special education teaching professionals
- 2350 Other teaching professionals
- 2351 Education methods specialists
- 2352 School inspectors
- 2359 Other teaching professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2400 Other professionals
- 2410 Business professionals
- 2411 Accountants
- 2412 Personnel and careers professionals
- 2419 Business professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2420 Legal professionals
- 2421 Lawyers
- 2422 Judges
- 2429 Legal professionals not elsewhere classified
- 2430 Archivists, librarians and related information professionals
- 2431 Archivists and curators
- 2432 Librarians and related information professionals

Note 0001

(continued)

- 2440 Social science and related professionals
- 2441 Economists
- 2442 Sociologists, anthropologists and related professionals
- 2443 Philosophers, historians and political scientists
- 2444 Philologists, translators and interpreters
- 2445 Psychologists
- 2446 Social work professionals
- 2450 Writers and creative or performing artists
- 2451 Authors, journalists and other writers
- 2452 Sculptors, painters and related artists
- 2453 Composers, musicians and singers
- 2454 Choreographers and dancers
- 2455 Film, stage and related actors and directors
- 2460 Religious professionals
- 2470 Public service administrative professions
- 2500 Education professionals n.e.c.

#### Technicians and associate professionals

- 3000 Technicians and related professions
- 3100 Physical and engineering science technicians
- 3110 Physical and engineering science technicians
- 3111 Chemical and physical science technicians
- 3112 Civil engineering technicians
- 3113 Electrical engineering technicians
- 3114 Electronics and telecommunications engineering technicians
- 3115 Mechanical engineering technicians
- 3116 Chemical engineering technicians
- 3117 Mining and metallurgical technicians
- 3118 Draughtspersons
- 3119 Physical and engineering science technicians not elsewhere classified
- 3120 Computer associate professionals
- 3121 Computer assistants
- 3122 Computer equipment operators
- 3123 Industrial robot controllers
- 3130 Optical and electronic equipment operators
- 3131 Photographers and image and sound recording equipment operators
- 3132 Broadcasting and telecommunications equipment operators
- 3133 Medical equipment operators
- 3139 Optical and electronic equipment operators not elsewhere classified
- 3140 Ship and aircraft controllers and technicians
- 3141 Ships' engineers
- 3142 Ships' deck officers and pilots
- 3143 Aircraft pilots and related associate professionals
- 3144 Air traffic pilots
- 3145 Air traffic safety technicians
- 3150 Safety and quality inspectors
- 3151 Building and fire inspectors
- 3152 Safety, health and quality inspectors
- 3200 Life science and health associate professionals
- 3210 Life science technicians and related associate professionals
- 3211 Life science technicians
- 3212 Agronomy and forestry technicians
- 3213 Farming and forestry advisers
- 3220 Modern health associate professionals (except nursing)
- 3221 Medical assistants
- 3222 Sanitarians
- 3223 Dieticians and nutritionists
- 3224 Optometrists and opticians
- 3225 Dental assistants
- 3226 Physiotherapists and related associate professionals
- 3227 Veterinary assistants
- 3228 Pharmaceutical assistants
- 3229 Modern health associate professionals (except nursing) not elsewhere classified
- 3230 Nursing and midwifery associate professionals
- 3231 Nursing associate professionals
- 3232 Midwifery associate professionals
- 3240 Traditional medicine practitioners and faith healers
- 3241 Traditional medicine practitioners

Note 0001

(continued)

- 3242 Faith healers
- 3300 Teaching associate professionals
- 3310 Primary education teaching associate professionals
- 3320 Pre-primary education teaching associate professionals
- 3330 Special education teaching associate professionals
- 3340 Other teaching associate professionals
- 3400 Other associate professionals
- 3410 Finance and sales associate professionals
- 3411 Securities and finance dealers and brokers
- 3412 Insurance representatives
- 3413 Estate agents
- 3414 Travel consultants and organisers
- 3415 Technical and commercial sales representatives
- 3416 Buyers
- 3417 Appraisers, valuers and auctioneers
- 3419 Finance and sales associate professionals not elsewhere classified
- 3420 Business services agents and trade brokers
- 3421 Trade brokers
- 3422 Clearing and forwarding agents
- 3423 Employment agents and labour contractors
- 3429 Other business services agents and trade brokers not elsewhere classified
- 3430 Administrative associate professionals
- 3431 Administrative secretaries and related associate professionals
- 3432 Legal and related business associate professionals
- 3433 Bookkeepers
- 3434 Statistical, mathematical and related associate professionals
- 3435 CY: Clerical supervisors
- 3439 Administrative associate professionals not elsewhere classified
- 3440 Customs, tax and related government associate professionals
- 3441 Customs and border inspectors
- 3442 Government tax and excise officials
- 3443 Government social benefits officials
- 3444 Government licensing officials
- 3446 CY: Government administrative officers
- 3449 Customs, tax and related government associate professionals not elsewhere classified
- 3450 Police inspectors and detectives
- 3460 Social work associate professionals
- 3470 Artistic, entertainment and sports associate professionals
- 3471 Decorators and commercial designers
- 3472 Radio, television and other announcers
- 3473 Street, night-club and related musicians, singers and dancers
- 3474 Clowns, magicians, acrobates and related associate professionals
- 3475 Athletes, sportspersons and related associate professionals
- 3480 Religious associate professionals

**Clerks**

- 4000 Office workers and clerks
- 4100 Office clerks
- 4110 Secretaries and keyboard-operating clerks
- 4111 Stenographers and typists
- 4112 Word-processor and related operators
- 4113 Data entry operators
- 4114 Calculating machine operators
- 4115 Secretaries
- 4120 Numerical clerks
- 4121 Accounting and bookkeeping clerks
- 4122 Statistical and finance clerks
- 4130 Material-recording and transport clerks
- 4131 Stock clerks
- 4132 Production clerks
- 4133 Transport clerks
- 4140 Library, mail and related clerks
- 4141 Library and filing clerks
- 4142 Mail carriers and sorting clerks
- 4143 Coding, proof-reading and related clerks

Note 0001

(continued)

- 4144 Scribes and related workers
- 4190 Other office clerks, DK: including assisting spouse
- 4200 Customer services clerks
- 4210 Cashiers, tellers and related clerks
- 4211 Cashiers and ticket clerks
- 4212 Tellers and other counter clerks
- 4213 Bookmakers and croupiers
- 4214 Pawnbrokers and money-lenders
- 4215 Debt-collectors and related workers
- 4220 Client information clerks
- 4221 Travel agency and related clerks
- 4222 Receptionists and information clerks
- 4223 Telephone switchboard operators
- 4290 CY: Other customer services clerks
- 4300 Office helping workers
- 4400 Post office
- 4500 Railway official, higher civil service

**Service workers and shop and market sales workers**

- 5000 Personal service, sale
- 5100 Personal and protective services workers
- 5110 Travel attendants and related workers
- 5111 Travel attendants and travel stewards
- 5112 Transport conductors
- 5113 Travel guides
- 5120 Housekeeping and restaurant services workers
- 5121 Housekeepers and related workers
- 5122 Cooks
- 5123 Waiters, waitresses and bartenders
- 5130 Personal care and related workers
- 5131 Child care workers
- 5132 Institution-based personal care workers
- 5133 Home-based personal care workers
- 5139 Personal care and related workers not elsewhere classified
- 5140 Other personal services workers
- 5141 Hairdressers, barbers, beauticians and related workers
- 5142 Companions and valets
- 5143 Undertakers and embalmers
- 5149 Other personal services workers not elsewhere classified
- 5150 Astrologers, fortune-tellers and related workers
- 5151 Astrologers and related workers
- 5152 Fortune-tellers, palmists and related workers
- 5160 Protective services workers
- 5161 Fire-fighters
- 5162 Police officers
- 5163 Prison guards
- 5169 Protective services workers not elsewhere classified
- 5200 Models, salespersons and demonstrators
- 5210 Fashion and other models
- 5220 Shop salespersons and demonstrators
- 5230 Stall and market salespersons

**Skilled agricultural and fishery workers**

- 6000 Skilled agricultural and fishery worker
- 6100 Market-oriented skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 6110 Market gardeners and crop growers
- 6111 Field crop and vegetable growers
- 6112 Tree and shrub crop growers
- 6113 Gardeners, horticultural and nursery growers
- 6114 Mixed-crop growers
- 6120 Market-oriented animal producers and related workers
- 6121 Dairy and livestock producers
- 6122 Poultry producers
- 6123 Apiarists and sericulturists
- 6124 Mixed animal producers
- 6129 Market-oriented animal producers and related workers not elsewhere classified
- 6130 Market-oriented crop animal producers
- 6140 Forestry and related workers
- 6141 Forestry workers and loggers
- 6142 Charcoal burners and related workers

Note 0001

(continued)

- 6150 Fishery workers, hunters and trappers
- 6151 Aquatic-life cultivation workers
- 6152 Inland and coastal waters fishery workers
- 6153 Deep-sea fishery workers
- 6154 Hunters and trappers

- 6200 Subsistence agricultural and fishery workers
- 6210 Subsistence agricultural and fishery workers

#### Craft and related trades workers

- 7000 Craft and trade workers
- 7006 CY: Supervisors and general foremen (manufacturing and installation of electrical and electronical equipment)
- 7008 CY: Supervisors and general foremen (production and clothing manufacturing)
- 7100 Extraction and building trades workers
- 7110 Miners, shotfirers, stone cutters and carvers
- 7111 Miners and quarry workers
- 7112 Shotfirers and blasters
- 7113 Stone splitters, cutters and carvers
- 7120 Building frame and related trades workers
- 7121 Builders, traditional materials
- 7122 Bricklayers and stonemasons
- 7123 Concrete placers, concrete finishers and related workers
- 7124 Carpenters and joiners
- 7129 Building frame and related trades workers not elsewhere classified
- 7130 Building finishers and related trades workers
- 7131 Roofers
- 7132 Floor layers and tile setters
- 7133 Plasterers
- 7134 Insulation workers
- 7135 Glaziers
- 7136 Plumbers and pipe fitters
- 7137 Building and related electricians
- 7139 Building finishers and related workers
- 7140 Painters, building structure cleaners and related workers
- 7141 Painters and related workers
- 7142 Varnishers and related painters
- 7143 Building structure cleaners
- 7200 Metal, machinery and related trades workers
- 7210 Metal moulders, welders, sheetmetal workers, structural-metal preparers, and related trades workers
- 7211 Metal moulders and coremakers
- 7212 Welders and flamecutters
- 7213 Sheet-metal workers
- 7214 Structural-metal preparers and erectors
- 7215 Riggers and cable splicers
- 7216 Underwater workers
- 7220 Blacksmiths, tool-makers and related trades workers
- 7221 Blacksmiths, hammer-smiths and forging-press workers
- 7222 Tool-makers and related workers
- 7223 Machine-tool setters and setter-operators
- 7224 Metal wheel-grinders, polishers and tool sharpeners
- 7230 Machinery mechanics and fitters
- 7231 Motor vehicle mechanics and fitters
- 7232 Aircraft engine mechanics and fitters
- 7233 Agricultural- or industrial-machinery mechanics and fitters
- 7240 Electrical and electronic equipment mechanics and fitters
- 7241 Electrical mechanics and fitters
- 7242 Electronics fitters
- 7243 Electronics mechanics and servicers
- 7244 Telegraph and telephone installers and servicers
- 7245 Electrical line installers, repairers and cable jointers
- 7300 Precision, handicraft, printing and related trades workers
- 7310 Precision workers in metal and related materials
- 7311 Precision-instrument makers and repairers
- 7312 Musical-instrument makers and tuners
- 7313 Jewellery and precious-metal workers

Note 0001

(continued)

- 7320 Potters, glass-makers and related trades workers
- 7321 Abrasive wheel formers, potters and related workers
- 7322 Glass-makers, cutters, grinders and finishers
- 7323 Glass engravers and etchers
- 7324 Glass, ceramics and related decorative painters
- 7330 Handicraft workers in wood, textile, leather and related materials
- 7331 Handicraft workers in wood and related materials
- 7332 Handicraft workers in textile, leather and related materials
- 7340 Printing and related trades workers
- 7341 Compositors, typesetters and related workers
- 7342 Stereotypers, and electrotypers
- 7343 Printing engravers and etchers
- 7344 Photographic and related workers
- 7345 Bookbinders and related workers
- 7346 Silk-screen, block and textile printers
  
- 7400 Other craft and related trades workers
- 7410 Food processing and related trades workers
- 7411 Butchers, fishmongers and related food preparers
- 7412 Bakers, pastry-cooks and confectionary makers
- 7413 Dairy-products makers
- 7414 Fruit, vegetable and related preservers
- 7415 Food and beverage tasters and graders
- 7416 Tobacco preparers and tobacco products makers
- 7420 Wood treaters, cabinet-makers and related trades workers
- 7421 Wood treaters
- 7422 Cabinet-makers and related workers
- 7423 Woodworking-machine setters and setter-operators
- 7424 Basketry weavers, brush makers and related workers
- 7430 Textile, garment and related trades workers
- 7431 Fibre preparers
- 7432 Weavers, knitters and related workers
- 7433 Tailors, dressmakers and hatters
- 7434 Furriers and related workers
- 7435 Textile, leather and related pattern-makers and cutters
- 7436 Sewers, embroiderers and related workers
- 7437 Upholsterers and related workers
- 7440 Pelt, leather and shoemaking trades workers
- 7441 Pelt dressers, tanners and fellmongers
- 7442 Shoe-makers and related workers
- 7500 Metal worker general
- CZ: Generic skilled manual worker
- 7510 Metal worker n. e. c.
- 7520 Electronics engineers n. e. c.
- 7900 Master craftsman, supervisor

#### Plant and machine operators and assemblers

- 8000 Stationary-plant and related operators
- 8100 Stationary-plant and related operators
- 8110 Mining- and mineral -processing-plant operators
- 8111 Mining-plant operators
- 8112 Mineral-ore and stone-processing-plant operators
- 8113 Well drillers and borers and related workers
- 8120 Metal-processing-plant operators
- 8121 Ore and metal furnace operators
- 8122 Metal melters, casters and rolling-mill operators
- 8123 Metal-heat-treating-plant operators
- 8124 Metal drawers and extruders
- 8130 Glass, ceramics and related plant operators
- 8131 Glass and ceramics kiln and related machine operators
- 8139 Glass, ceramics and related plant operators not elsewhere classified
- 8140 Wood-processing- and papermaking-plant operators
- 8141 Wood-processing-plant operators
- 8142 Paper-pulp plant operators
- 8143 Papermaking-plant operators
- 8150 Chemical-processing-plant operators
- 8151 Crushing-, grinding- and chemical-mixing-machinery operators
- 8152 Chemical-heat-treating-plant operators
- 8153 Chemical-filtering- and separating-equipment operators
- 8154 Chemical-still and reactor operators (except petroleum and natural gas)

Note 0001

(continued)

- 8155 Petroleum- and natural-gas-refining-plant operators
- 8159 Chemical-processing-plant operators not elsewhere classified
- 8160 Power-production and related plant operators
- 8161 Power-production plant operators
- 8162 Steam-engine and boiler operators
- 8163 Incinerator, water-treatment and related plant operators
- 8170 Automated-assembly-line and industrial-robot operators
- 8171 Automated-assembly-line operators
- 8172 Industrial-robot operators
- 8200 Machine operators and assemblers
- 8210 Metal- and mineral-products machine operators
- 8211 Machine-tool operators
- 8212 Cement and other mineral products machine operators
- 8220 Chemical-products machine operators
- 8221 Pharmaceutical- and toiletry products machine operators
- 8222 Ammunition- and explosive-products machine operators
- 8223 Metal finishing-, plating- and coating-machine operators
- 8224 Photographic-products machine operators
- 8229 Chemical-products machine operators not elsewhere classified
- 8230 Rubber- and plastic-products machine operators
- 8231 Rubber-products machine operators
- 8232 Plastic-products machine operators
- 8240 Wood-products machine operators
- 8250 Printing-, binding- and paper-products machine operators
- 8251 Printing-machine operators
- 8252 Bookbinding-machine operators
- 8253 Paper-products machine operators
- 8260 Textile-, fur- and leather-products machine operators
- 8261 Fibre-preparing-, spinning- and winding-machine operators
- 8262 Weaving- and knitting-machine operators
- 8263 Sewing-machine operators
- 8264 Bleaching-, dyeing- and cleaning-machine operators
- 8265 Fur- and leather-preparing-machine operators
- 8266 Shoemaking- and related machine operators
- 8269 Textile-, fur- and leather-products machine operators not elsewhere classified
- 8270 Food and related products machine operators
- 8271 Meat- and fish-processing-machine operators
- 8272 Dairy-products machine operators
- 8273 Grain- and spice-milling-machine operators
- 8274 Baked-goods, cereal and chocolate-products machine operators
- 8275 Fruit-, vegetable- and nut-processing-machine operators
- 8276 Sugar production machine operators
- 8277 Tea-, coffee-, and cocoa-processing-machine operators
- 8278 Brewers-, wine and other beverage machine operators
- 8279 Tobacco production machine operators
- 8280 Assemblers
- 8281 Mechanical-machinery assemblers
- 8282 Electrical-equipment assemblers
- 8283 Electronic-equipment assemblers
- 8284 Metal-, rubber- and plastic-products assemblers
- 8285 Wood and related products assemblers
- 8286 Paperboard, textile and related products assemblers
- 8287 Composite products assemblers
- 8290 Other machine operators and Assemblers
- 8300 Drivers and mobile-plant operators
- 8310 Locomotive-engine drivers and related workers
- 8311 Locomotive-engine drivers
- 8312 Railway brakers, signallers and shunters
- 8320 Motor-vehicle drivers
- 8321 Motor-cycle drivers
- 8322 Car, taxi and van drivers
- 8323 Bus and tram drivers

Note 0001

(continued)

- 8324 Heavy truck and lorry drivers
- 8330 Agricultural and other mobile-plant operators
- 8331 Motorised farm and forestry plant operators
- 8332 Earth-moving- and related plant operators
- 8333 Crane, hoist and related plant operators
- 8334 Lifting-truck operators
- 8340 Ship's deck crews and related workers

## Elementary occupations

- 9000 Elementary occupations, unskilled workers
- 9100 Sales and services elementary occupations
- 9110 Street vendors and related workers
- 9111 Street food vendors
- 9112 Street vendors, non-food products
- 9113 Door-to-door and telephone salespersons
- 9120 Shoe cleaning and other street services elementary occupations
- 9130 Domestic and related helpers, cleaners and launderers
- 9131 Domestic helpers and cleaners
- 9132 Helpers and cleaners in offices, hotels and other establishments
- 9133 Hand-launderers and pressers
- 9140 Building caretakers, window and related cleaners
- 9141 Building caretakers
- 9142 Vehicle, window and related cleaners
- 9150 Messengers, porters, doorkeepers and related workers
- 9151 Messengers, package, and luggage porters and deliverers
- 9152 Doorkeepers, watchpersons, and related workers
- 9153 Vending-machine money collectors, meter readers and related workers
- 9160 Garbage collectors and related labourers
- 9161 Garbage collectors
- 9162 Sweepers and related labourers
- 9200 Agricultural, fishery and related labourers
- 9210 Agricultural, fishery and related labourers
- 9211 Farm-hands and labourers
- 9212 Forestry labourers
- 9213 Fishery, hunting and trapping labourers
- 9300 Labourers in mining construction manufacturing and transport
- 9310 Mining and construction labourers
- 9311 Mining and quarrying labourers
- 9312 Construction and maintenance labourers: roads, dams and similar constructions
- 9313 Building construction labourers
- 9320 Manufacturing labourers
- 9321 Assembling labourers
- 9322 Hand packers and other manufacturing labourers
- 9330 Transport labourers and freight handlers
- 9331 Hand or pedal vehicle drivers
- 9332 Drivers of animal-drawn vehicles and machinery
- 9333 Freight handlers

## Country specific codes

## Germany

- 0001 Soldiers
- 0002 Officers

## Hungary, Poland

- 1250 Military officers
- 1251 High-grade military officers (captain and above)
- 1252 Lower grade commissioned officers (incl. Army Lieutenant)
- 3452 Armed forces non-commissioned officer
- 5164 Armed forces, soldiers

## Hungary

- 2321 Secondary (high-)school teacher (academic track)
- 2322 Teacher in vocational training

## United States



Note 0001

(continued)

1240 Miscellaneous office supervisors  
 6132 Farmers  
 6133 Farm supervisors

## Norway

0111 Soldiers  
 0112 Officers  
 1320 Managers/ leaders in non-specified trade-areas  
 2510 Social scientific, juridical and technical  
 deliberation and planning  
 2511 Economical and social scientific planning and  
 deliberation  
 2512 Juridical planning and deliberation  
 2513 Technical and scientific planning and deliberation  
 2519 Others within this group  
 3341 Teachers in technical college  
 3342 Other educational and pedagogical occupations  
 3418 Customer consultant in a bank  
 3445 Public employment service workers  
 3491 Information workers and journalists  
 3492 Librarians  
 4116 Clerical officer  
 5134 Dental secretaries  
 5135 Medical secretaries  
 5136 Childminders  
 5164 Caretakers/ houseporters  
 5221 Shop staff/ sales staff and other salesmen (detail)  
 5222 Door-to-door and telephone salesmen  
 5223 Wholesale merchants  
 7125 Joiner, formwork  
 7126 Carpenters  
 7127 Foundation workers  
 7128 Tunnel and mountain workers, blasting operators  
 7144 Chimney sweepers  
 7217 Car- and airstructure mechanics  
 7234 Shipmechanics etc.  
 7350 Technical drawers  
 7450 Laboratory assistants  
 8132 Operators in insulation glass production  
 8341 Deck crew (ship)  
 8342 Engine crew (ship)  
 9134 Kitchen and serving assistants