

Candidate Countries EB 2001 Oct 2001 ZA 3978



COMMISSION EUROPÉENNE

Direction générale Presse et Communication

Opinion Publique

AC- EB 01 Questionnaire

SCREENER1: What is your citizenship? IF DIFFERENT FROM INTERVIEWING COUNTRY'S CITIZENSHIP TERMINATE THE INTERVIEW!

SCREENER2: (For Baltic States & Romania): **What interviewing language do you prefer?** APPLY APPROPRIATE QUESTIONNAIRE!

Q1. On the whole, how satisfied are you with your life in general? Would you say you are...? (Read out)

- 1 - Very satisfied
- 2 - Fairly satisfied
- 3 - Not very satisfied
- 4 - Not at all satisfied

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q2. What are your expectations for the year to come: will 2002 be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

(Read out)

	better	worse	the same	DK / no opinion	Refusal
a) your life in general	3	2	1	9	X
b) the economic situation in (COUNTRY)	3	2	1	9	X
c) the financial situation of your household	3	2	1	9	X
d) the employment situation in (COUNTRY)	3	2	1	9	X
e) your personal job situation	3	2	1	9	X

Q3. If you compare your present situation with five years ago, what would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?

- 1 - improved
- 2 – stayed about the same
- 3 – got worse

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q4. In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?

- 1 - improve
- 2 – stay about the same
- 3 – get worse

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q5. What is your mother tongue? (IF RESPONDENT CAN'T DECIDE FOR ONE LANGUAGE, ASK) What was the most spoken language in your family when you were a child?

(Do not probe – do not read out – one answer only)

-
- 1) Bulgarian
 - 2) Greek
 - 3) Czech
 - 4) Estonian
 - 5) Hungarian
 - 6) Latvian
 - 7) Lithuanian
 - 8) Maltese
 - 9) Polish
 - 10) Romanian
 - 11) Slovak
 - 12) Slovenian
 - 13) Turkish
 - 14) Russian
 - 15) Other

99) DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
00) Refusal (spontaneous)

Q6. And which languages can you speak well enough to take part in a conversation, apart from your mother tongue?

(Do not probe – do not read out – several answers possible)

	Yes	No	Refusal
1. Bulgarian	1	2	X
2. Greek	1	2	X
3. Czech	1	2	X
4. Estonian	1	2	X
5. Hungarian	1	2	X
6. Latvian	1	2	X
7. Lithuanian	1	2	X
8. Maltese	1	2	X
9. Polish	1	2	X
10. Romanian	1	2	X
11. Slovak	1	2	X
12. Slovenian	1	2	X
13. Turkish	1	2	X
14. Croatian	1	2	X
15. English	1	2	X
16. French	1	2	X
17. German	1	2	X
18. Italian	1	2	X
19. Russian	1	2	X
20. Serbian	1	2	X
21. Spanish	1	2	X
22. Other	1	2	X

Q7. In your opinion, which two languages do you think are the most useful to know, apart from your mother tongue?

(Do not probe – do not read out – maximum two answers)

	Yes	No	Refusal
1. Bulgarian	1	2	X
2. Greek	1	2	X
3. Czech	1	2	X
4. Estonian	1	2	X
5. Hungarian	1	2	X
6. Latvian	1	2	X
7. Lithuanian	1	2	X
8. Maltese	1	2	X
9. Polish	1	2	X
10. Romanian	1	2	X
11. Slovak	1	2	X
12. Slovenian	1	2	X
13. Turkish	1	2	X
14. Arabic	1	2	X
15. Chinese	1	2	X
16. Croatian	1	2	X
17. English	1	2	X
18. Finnish	1	2	X
19. French	1	2	X
20. German	1	2	X
21. Italian	1	2	X
22. Japanese	1	2	X
23. Russian	1	2	X
24. Serbian	1	2	X
25. Spanish	1	2	X
26. Other	1	2	X

Q8.

a) Apart from the country you usually live, in which of the following countries have you been in the last two years, for whatever reason?

(show card – read out – several answers possible)

	mentioned	did not mention	Refusal
1. Belgium	1	2	X
2. Denmark	1	2	X
3. Germany	1	2	X
4. Greece	1	2	X
5. Spain	1	2	X
6. France	1	2	X
7. Ireland	1	2	X
8. Italy	1	2	X
9. Luxembourg	1	2	X
10. The Netherlands	1	2	X
11. Austria	1	2	X
12. Portugal	1	2	X
13. Finland	1	2	X
14. Sweden	1	2	X
15. The United Kingdom	1	2	X
16. Bulgaria	1	2	X
17. Cyprus	1	2	X
18. Czech Republic	1	2	X
19. Estonia	1	2	X
20. Hungary	1	2	X
21. Latvia	1	2	X
22. Lithuania	1	2	X
23. Malta	1	2	X
24. Poland	1	2	X
25. Romania	1	2	X
26. Russia	1	2	X
27. Slovakia	1	2	X
28. Slovenia	1	2	X
29. Turkey	1	2	X
30. Switzerland	1	2	X
31. Liechtenstein	1	2	X
32. Norway	1	2	X
33. none of these (spontaneous)	1	2	X

b) And, apart from the country you usually live, in which of the following countries have you worked in the last two years?

(show same card – read out – several answers possible)

	mentioned	did not mention	Refusal
1. Belgium	1	2	X
2. Denmark	1	2	X
3. Germany	1	2	X
4. Greece	1	2	X
5. Spain	1	2	X
6. France	1	2	X
7. Ireland	1	2	X
8. Italy	1	2	X
9. Luxembourg	1	2	X
10. The Netherlands	1	2	X
11. Austria	1	2	X
12. Portugal	1	2	X
13. Finland	1	2	X
14. Sweden	1	2	X
15. The United Kingdom	1	2	X
16. Bulgaria	1	2	X
17. Cyprus	1	2	X
18. Czech Republic	1	2	X
19. Estonia	1	2	X
20. Hungary	1	2	X
21. Latvia	1	2	X
22. Lithuania	1	2	X
23. Malta	1	2	X
24. Poland	1	2	X
25. Romania	1	2	X
26. Russia	1	2	X
27. Slovakia	1	2	X
28. Slovenia	1	2	X
29. Turkey	1	2	X
30. Switzerland	1	2	X
31. Liechtenstein	1	2	X
32. Norway	1	2	X
33. none of these (spontaneous)	1	2	X

Q9. When you get together with friends, would you say you discuss political matters

- 1 - frequently
- 2 - occasionally
- 3 - never

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q10. When you hold a strong opinion, do you ever find yourself persuading your friends, relatives or fellow workers to share your views? Does this happen...? (Read out)

- 1 - often
- 2 - from time to time
- 3 - rarely
- 4 - never

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q11. About how often do you ... (Show card with scale, read out:)

	every day	several times a week	once or twice a week	less often	never	DK / no opinion	Refusal
a) watch the news on television	1	2	3	4	5	9	X
b) read the news in daily papers	1	2	3	4	5	9	X
c) listen to the news on the radio	1	2	3	4	5	9	X

Q12. In general, do you pay attention to news about each of the following?

(Show card with scale, read out:)

	a lot of attention	a little attention	no attention at all	DK / no opinion	Refusal
a) local politics	3	2	1	9	X
b) national politics	3	2	1	9	X
c) social issues, such as education, health care, poverty, etc.	3	2	1	9	X
d) the European Union	3	2	1	9	X
e) the economy	3	2	1	9	X
f) sport	3	2	1	9	X
g) the environment	3	2	1	9	X
h) foreign policy - international relationships	3	2	1	9	X
i) culture	3	2	1	9	X

Q13. I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

(read out)

	tend to trust	tend not to trust	DK / No opinion	Refuse
1. The written press	1	2	9	X
2. Radio	1	2	9	X
3. Television	1	2	9	X
4. Justice / the [COUNTRY] legal system	1	2	9	X
5. The police	1	2	9	X
6. The army	1	2	9	X
7. The Churches*	1	2	9	X
8. Trade unions	1	2	9	X
9. Political parties	1	2	9	X
10. Civil service	1	2	9	X
11. Big companies	1	2	9	X
12. The [COUNTRY] government	1	2	9	X
13. The [COUNTRY] parliament (USE PROPER NAME FOR LOWER HOUSE)	1	2	9	X
14. Non-governmental organizations	1	2	9	X
15. Charitable or voluntary organizations	1	2	9	X

* in Turkey we used “*Dini Kurumlar*” which is a common word for Mosques, Priests, and Religious organizations, literally means “Religious bodies”

Q14. Would you say you are very proud, fairly proud, not very proud or not at all proud to be [NATIONALITY – refer to citizenship here]?

- 1 – very proud
- 2 – fairly proud
- 3 – not very proud
- 4 – not at all proud

-
- 8 – does not feel to be [NATIONALITY] (spontaneous)
 - 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q15. And would you say you are very proud, fairly proud, not very proud or not at all proud to be European?

- 1 – very proud
- 2 – fairly proud
- 3 – not very proud
- 4 – not at all proud

-
- 8 – does not feel to be European (spontaneous)
 - 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q16. In the near future you see yourself as ...?

- 1 – (NATIONALITY) only
- 2 – (NATIONALITY) and European
- 3 – European and (NATIONALITY)
- 4 – European only

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q17. When you think of the European Union, what comes first to your mind? And then? And then?

(open ended – record verbatim responses)

Q18. And, in general, do you have a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image of the European Union?

- 5 - very positive
- 4 - fairly positive
- 3 - neutral
- 2 - fairly negative
- 1 - very negative

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q.19.a. Have you heard of...?

(READ OUT)

Q.19.b And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

(READ OUT)

	Q19.a.				Q19.b.			
	Have heard of	Haven't heard of	DK	NA/Ref.	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	DK	NA/Ref.
1. the European Union (EU)	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
2. the United Nations (UN)	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
3. NATO	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
4. the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE)	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
5. the Council of Europe	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
6. the International Court of Justice in the Hague	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
7. the European Court of Human Rights	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X

Q.19.c Have you heard of...?

(READ OUT)

Q.19.d And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? *(for translator: find the official terms for specific EU institution or programs, like The European Court of Auditors, The Committee of the Regions of the European Union)*

(READ OUT)

	Q11c.				Q11d.			
	Have heard of	Haven't heard of	DK	NA/Ref.	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	DK	NA/Ref.
1. The European Parliament	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
2. The European Commission	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
3. The Council of Ministers of the European Union	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
4. The Court of Justice of the European Communities	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
5. The European Ombudsman	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
6. The European Central Bank	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
7. The European Court of Auditors	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
8. The Committee of the Regions of the European Union	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X
9. The Social and Economic Committee of the European Union	1	2	9	X	1	2	9	X

Q20. Using this scale, how much do you feel you know about the European Union, its policies, its institutions?

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE)

"1" means "nothing at all", and "10" means "a great deal"

knows nothing at all											knows a great deal	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	0	X		

Q21. Have you ever heard of (COUNTRY)'s bid to become a member of the European Union? (for translators : use a word for « bid » which expresses official request)

1 - Yes

2 - No

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q22. Generally speaking, do you think that (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union would be...?

(Read out)

1 - a good thing

2 - a bad thing

3 - neither good nor bad

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q23. And, if there were to be a referendum tomorrow on the question of (country)'s membership of the European Union, would you personally vote for or against it?

1 - for

2 - against

3 - I would not go to vote (spontaneous)

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q24. Taking everything into consideration, would you say that (COUNTRY) could get advantages or not from being a member of the European Union?

1 - yes, it could

2 - no, it couldn't

9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q25. Do you think that becoming a member of the European Union would bring (COUNTRY) ...? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

- 5 - many more advantages
 - 4 - more advantages
 - 3 - as many advantages as disadvantages
 - 2 - more disadvantages
 - 1 - much more disadvantages
-
- 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q26. Do you think that (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union would bring you personally advantages, or not?

- 1 - yes
 - 2 - no
-
- 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q27. Do you think that (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union would bring you personally...? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

- 5 - many more advantages
 - 4 - more advantages
 - 3 - as many advantages as disadvantages
 - 2 - more disadvantages
 - 1 - much more disadvantages
-
- 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q28. For each of the following groups, do you think they would get more advantages, as many advantages as disadvantages or more disadvantages from (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union?

(show card with scale - read out groups – rotate – mark on « R » field where you begun asking the list)

R		more advantages	as many advantages as disadvantages	more disadvantages	DK / no opinion	Refusal
A.	1. those whose speak foreign languages	1	2	3	9	X
B.	2. large businesses	1	2	3	9	X
C.	3. politicians	1	2	3	9	X
D.	4. professionals / specialists, such as lawyers, doctors, architects, etc.	1	2	3	9	X
E.	5. young people	1	2	3	9	X
F.	6. all the (nationality)	1	2	3	9	X
G.	7. the inhabitants of (CAPITAL OF THE COUNTRY)	1	2	3	9	X
H.	8. some parts of (COUNTRY) more than others	1	2	3	9	X
I.	9. children	1	2	3	9	X
J.	10. employed people	1	2	3	9	X
K.	11. factory workers	1	2	3	9	X
L.	12. small and medium size businesses	1	2	3	9	X
M.	13. teachers	1	2	3	9	X
N.	14. civil servants	1	2	3	9	X
O.	15. middle-aged people	1	2	3	9	X
P.	16. farmers	1	2	3	9	X
Q.	17. inhabitants of rural areas	1	2	3	9	X
R.	18. the unemployed	1	2	3	9	X
S.	19. pensioners	1	2	3	9	X
T.	20. elderly people	1	2	3	9	X
U.	21. those who don't speak any foreign language	1	2	3	9	X
V.	22. people belonging to cultural, religious or other minorities	1	2	3	9	X
W.	23. self-employed, craftsmen	1	2	3	9	X
X.	24. office workers in the private sector	1	2	3	9	X
Y.	25. managers in the private sector	1	2	3	9	X

Q29. Thinking about the enlargement of the European Union to include new European countries, including (COUNTRY), do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements?

READ OUT!

	tend to agree	tend to disagree	DK / no opinion	Refusal
a) (COUNTRY) has a lot to offer to the EU	1	2	9	X
b) The more countries there will be in the European Union, the more peace and security will be guaranteed in Europe	1	2	9	X
c) Being a member of the European Union would help the (NATIONALITY) economy	1	2	9	X
d) With the enlargement, (COUNTRY) would be able to have its voice heard more strongly in Europe	1	2	9	X
e) (COUNTRY)'s leaders are doing what is needed to become a member of the European Union in the near future	1	2	9	X
f) The more member countries within the European Union, the more important it will be in the world	1	2	9	X
g) (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is historically and geographically natural, justified	1	2	9	X
h) With more member countries, Europe will be culturally richer	1	2	9	X
i) (COUNTRY)'s membership of the EU would lead to a higher quality of life	1	2	9	X
j) With the enlargement, there would be more unemployment in (COUNTRY)	1	2	9	X

Q30 Which of the following statements best describe(s) what the European Union means to you personally?

(Show card – read out – several answers possible)

	mentioned	did not mention	DK / no opinion	Refuse
1. A way to create a better future for young people	1	2	9	X
2. A European government	1	2	↓	↓
3. The ability to go wherever I want in the European Union	1	2		
4. Guaranteed lasting peace in the European Union	1	2		
5. A means of improving the economic situation in the European Union	1	2		
6. A way to create jobs	1	2		
7. A way to protect the rights of citizens	1	2		
8. A lot of bureaucracy, a waste of time and money	1	2		
9. Just a dream, a utopian idea	1	2		
10. The risk of losing our cultural diversity	1	2		
11. Other (spontaneous)	1	2		

Q31. Taking everything into consideration, what will the European Union have brought in ten years' time for the European citizens?

(Show card – read out – several answers possible)

	mentioned	did not mention	DK / no opinion	Refuse
1. A better quality of life for most people	1	2	9	X
2. More opportunities for people like me to find work	1	2	↓	↓
3. More equality between men and women	1	2		
4. Less discrimination against foreigners and people from other cultures or ethnic groups	1	2		
5. More difficulty in making decisions because more countries will have joined	1	2		
6. A higher level of unemployment	1	2		
7. The use of Euro as the single currency in the European Union	1	2		
8. It will be easier to travel, study, work and live anywhere in the European Union	1	2		
9. More social problems (redundancies, strikes, disputes)	1	2		
10. There won't be a European Union anymore (spontaneous)	1	2		
11. Other (spontaneous)	1	2		

Q32. Which of the following, do you think “being a citizen of the European Union” means?

(Show card – read out – several answers possible)

	mentioned	did not mention	DK / no opinion	Refuse
1. The right to move permanently to any country in the European Union	1	2	9	X
2. The right to work in any country in the European Union	1	2	↓	↓
3. The right to vote in local elections in the member state in which you reside/live, and which is not your home country	1	2		
4. The right to vote in national elections in the member state in which you reside/live, and which is not your home country	1	2		
5. The right to vote in European Parliament elections in the member state in which you reside/live, and which is not your home country	1	2		
6. Access to healthcare and social welfare anywhere in the European Union	1	2		
7. Being able to study in any European Union country	1	2		
8. Other (spontaneous)	1	2		

Q33. Some people may have fears about the building of Europe, the European Union. Here is a list of things which some people say they are afraid of. For each one, please tell me if you – personally – are currently afraid of it, or not?

READ OUT!

	currently afraid of it	not currently afraid of it	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1. A loss of power for smaller member states	1	2	9	X
2. An increase in drug trafficking and international organized crime	1	2	9	X
3. Our language being used less and less	1	2	9	X
4. Richer countries paying more than others	1	2	9	X
5. Joining the EU will cost (COUNTRY) too much money	1	2	9	X
6. The loss of social benefits	1	2	9	X
7. The loss of national identity and culture	1	2	9	X
8. The end of [NATIONAL CURRENCY]	1	2	9	X
9. The transfer of jobs to countries which have lower production costs	1	2	9	X
10. More difficulties for [NATIONALITY] farmers	1	2	9	X

Q34.a. In your opinion, what is the current speed of the accession process? Please look at these figures (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE), No 1 is standing still, No 7 is running as fast as possible. Choose the one which best corresponds with your opinion of the current speed of the accession process.

- 1 – standing still
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7 – running as fast as possible
- 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
- X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q34.b. And which corresponds best to the speed you would like? (SHOW SAME CARD)

- 1 – standing still
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7 – running as fast as possible
- 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
- X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q35.a. When, what year do you think (COUNTRY) will become a member of the EU? (IF RANGE MENTIONED, e.g. : “*sometime between 2003 and 2006*” ; or : “*not before 2005*”) What do you think the most likely year is for accession? (Do not probe – do not read out – one answer only)

year _____

- 1) 2002
- 2) 2003
- 3) 2004
- 4) 2005
- 5) 2006
- 6) 2007
- 7) 2008
- 8) 2009
- 9) 2010
- 10) 2011-2015
- 11) 2016-2020
- 12) later
- 88) never
- 99) DK / no opinion
- X) Refusal

Q35.b. And when, what year would you like (COUNTRY) to become a member of the EU? (IF RANGE MENTIONED, e.g. : “sometime between 2003 and 2006” ; or : “not before 2005”) What year would be the year you would prefer the most for accession?

(Do not probe – do not read out – one answer only)

year _____

- 1) 2002
- 2) 2003
- 3) 2004
- 4) 2005
- 5) 2006
- 6) 2007
- 7) 2008
- 8) 2009
- 9) 2010
- 10) 2011-2015
- 11) 2016-2020
- 12) later
- 88) never
- 99) DK / no opinion
- X) Refusal

Q36.a; In your opinion, in five years’ time, will the European Union play a more important, a less important or the same role in your daily life?

- _____
- 1 – more important
 - 2 – less important
 - 3 – same role

 - 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q36.b. And in five years’ time, *would you like* the European Union to play a more important, a less important or the same role in your daily life?

- _____
- 1 – more important
 - 2 – less important
 - 3 – same role

 - 9 – DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X – Refusal (spontaneous)

Q37. For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made solely by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union, once (COUNTRY) becomes a member? (SHOW CARD)

	solely by COUNTRY	jointly with the EU	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1. defence	1	2	9	X
2. protection of the environment	1	2	9	X
3. currency	1	2	9	X
4. humanitarian aid	1	2	9	X
5. health and social welfare	1	2	9	X
6. basic rules for broadcasting and press	1	2	9	X
7. the fight against poverty - social exclusion	1	2	9	X
8. the fight against unemployment	1	2	9	X
9. agriculture and fishing policy	1	2	9	X
10. supporting regions which are experiencing economic difficulties	1	2	9	X
11. education	1	2	9	X
12. scientific and technological research	1	2	9	X
13. information about the European Union, its policies and institutions	1	2	9	X
14. foreign policy towards countries outside the European Union	1	2	9	X
15. cultural policy	1	2	9	X

Q38. And for each of the following? (SHOW CARD) (for translator : for the word « justice » use an expression, with a connotation meaning both law and enforcement)

	solely by COUNTRY	jointly with the EU	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1. immigration policy	1	2	9	X
2. rules for political asylum	1	2	9	X
3. the fight against organised crime	1	2	9	X
4. police	1	2	9	X
5. justice	1	2	9	X
6. accepting refugees	1	2	9	X
7. juvenile crime prevention	1	2	9	X
8. urban crime prevention	1	2	9	X
9. the fight against drugs	1	2	9	X
10. the fight against trade in, and exploitation of human beings	1	2	9	X

Q39. How well informed do you feel about the enlargement, that is new countries joining the European Union? Do you feel...? (READ OUT)

- 4 - Very well informed
- 3 - Well informed
- 2 - Not very well informed
- 1 - Not at all informed

9 – DK/ No opinion
X – Refuse / NA

Q40. And how well informed do you feel about (COUNTRY)'s accession process? Do you feel...? (READ OUT)

- 4 - Very well informed
- 3 - Well informed
- 2 - Not very well informed
- 1 - Not at all informed

9 – DK/ No opinion
X – Refuse / NA

Q.41. Do you think that (COUNTRY) already gets money from the European Union, to help it in the accession process, or not?

- 1 – yes, it does get money
- 2 – no it does not get any money

9 – DK/ No opinion
X – Refuse / NA

Q42. If you were to look for information about the European Union, its policies, its institutions, which of the following sources would you use?(show card - read out - several answers possible) Which else?

	would use	- did not mention	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1. Political rallies	1	2	9	X
2. Discussions with relatives, friends, colleagues	1	2	↓	↓
3. Daily newspapers	1	2		
4. Other newspapers, magazines	1	2		
5. TV	1	2		
6. Radio	1	2		
7. The Internet, the World Wide Web	1	2		
8. Books, brochures, information leaflets	1	2		
9. Specialised national or regional government information offices	1	2		
10. Trade Unions or professional associations	1	2		
11. Other organisations (e.g. consumer organisations, etc)	1	2		
12. Contact a member of (NATIONAL PARLIAMENT)	1	2		
13. Other (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2		
14. Never look for such information, not interested (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2		

Q43. In general, how would you prefer to get information about the European Union? (show card - read out - several answers possible)

	would prefer	- did not mention	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1. A short leaflet, that just gives an overview	1	2	9	X
2. A more detailed brochure	1	2	↓	↓
3. A book giving you a complete description	1	2		
4. A video tape	1	2		
5. On the Internet	1	2		
6. A CD-rom	1	2		
7. A computer terminal allowing you to browse databases	1	2		
8. From the television	1	2		
9. From the radio	1	2		
10. From daily newspapers	1	2		
11. From other newspapers, magazines	1	2		
12. I do not want information about the European Union (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2		
13. None of these ways (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2		

Q44. (ASK ONLY IF ITEM 12 WAS NOT MENTIONED IN Q43)**And on which topics, related to the European Union, would you like to get more information?**

(Show card – read out – several answers possible)

(for translator: find the official terms for specific EU institution or programs, like European Single Currency, or European Single Market for Goods and Services)

	yes	no	DK / can't decide	Refusal
1) the history of the European Union	1	2	9	X
2) the institutions of the EU, how they work, what they do, etc.	1	2	9	X
3) the Economic and Monetary Union	1	2	9	X
4) the European Single Currency, the Euro	1	2	9	X
5) the European economy in general	1	2	9	X
6) the European Single Market of Goods and Services	1	2	9	X
7) other financial/economical topics	1	2	9	X
8) the EU and agriculture, the European Common Agricultural Policy	1	2	9	X
9) the European Common Foreign and Security Policy	1	2	9	X
10) the international relations of the EU (with the USA, Japan, Russia, etc.)	1	2	9	X
11) Regional policy, how the European Union helps poorer regions to develop	1	2	9	X
12) The enlargement of the European Union	1	2	9	X
13) pre-accession funding	1	2	9	X
14) the European budget	1	2	9	X
15) the European Research and Development policy	1	2	9	X
16) policy concerning Education	1	2	9	X
17) policy concerning Culture	1	2	9	X
18) policy concerning Youth	1	2	9	X
19) the European citizenship	1	2	9	X
20) the EU and consumer protection	1	2	9	X
21) the EU and the protection of the environment	1	2	9	X
22) the European Social Policy	1	2	9	X
23) others	1	2	9	X

Q45. Do you have access or do you use... ?

(Show card – read out – several answers possible)

	uses	does not use	DK / no opinion	Refusal
1. ... a video player or recorder	1	2	9	X
2. ... a fax	1	2	9	X
3. ... a satellite dish to pick up satellite TV programme	1	2	9	X
4. ... a decoder for pay-TV programmes	1	2	9	X
5. ... a television fitted with teletext	1	2	9	X
6. ... a mobilphone	1	2	9	X
7. ... a computer	1	2	9	X
8. ... a CD-rom or CDI-reader	1	2	9	X
9. ... a modem	1	2	9	X
10. ... the Internet, the World Wide Web	1	2	9	X
11. ... none of these (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2	9	X

DEMOS

D1. What is your nationality?

(Do not probe – do not read out – one answer only)

-
- 1) Bulgarian
 - 2) Greek
 - 3) Czech
 - 4) Estonian
 - 5) Hungarian
 - 6) Latvian
 - 7) Lithuanian
 - 8) Maltese
 - 9) Polish
 - 10) Romanian
 - 11) Slovak
 - 12) Slovenian
 - 13) Turkish
 - 14) Russian
 - 15) Other
-
- 99) DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
00) Refusal (spontaneous)

D2. Are you ...?

- 1 - Single
 - 2 - Married
 - 3 - Living as married
 - 4 - Divorced
 - 5 - Separated
 - 6 - Widowed
-
- 9 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X - Refusal (spontaneous)

D3a. How old were you when you stopped full-time education?

(CODE THE AGE OF EDUCATION TERMINATION, IF STILL STUDYING: CODE 00)

--	--

D3.b. What is your level of education? LOCAL CODES (such as primary school, worker's school, gymnasium, college, university degree, etc.)

LOCAL AGENCIES: APPLY CATEGORIES WHICH CORRESPOND TO THE OFFICIAL CENSUS-BUREAU CATEGORIES (AND PRESUMABLY YOU ARE REGULARLY USING) – THIS QUESTION WILL BE USED SOLELY FOR WEIGHTING PURPOSES. WE NEED INFORMATION ABOUT EDUCATION LEVEL WHICH CAN BE AN EFFICIENT INPUT FOR WEIGHTING PROCEDURES BASED ON POPULATION STATISTICS YOU WILL BE ABLE TO PROVIDE US WITH.

D4. What is the year of your birth?

(CODE LAST TWO DIGITS OF THE YEAR!)

--	--

D5. How many people live in your household, including yourself, all adults and children?

(CODE NUMBER OF ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS!)

--	--

D6. Do you or anyone else in your household own .. ?

(READ OUT)

	yes	no	DK	refusal
a) a house	1	2	9	X
b) an apartment	1	2	9	X
c) a colour TV set	1	2	9	X
d) a video recorder	1	2	9	X
e) a video camera	1	2	9	X
f) automatic washing machine	1	2	9	X
g) dishwasher	1	2	9	X
h) a PC / home computer	1	2	9	X
i) Internet access	1	2	9	X
j) a still camera	1	2	9	X
k) a second home or a holiday home/flat	1	2	9	X
l) mobil phone	1	2	9	X
m) microwave oven	1	2	9	X
n) HI-FI equipment	1	2	9	X
o) 2 or more cars	1	2	9	X
p) only one car	1	2	9	X

D7a) What is your current occupation ?

**D7b) (IF NOT DOING ANY PAID WORK CURRENTLY - CODES 1 TO 4 IN D7a)
Did you do any paid work in the past? What was your last occupation ?**

OCCUPATION	D7a) current	D7b) last
NOT WORKING		
Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home, or without any current occupation, not working	①	
Student	②	
Unemployed or temporarily not working	③	
Retired or unable to work through illness	④	
SELF EMPLOYED		
Farmer	5	5
Fisherman	6	6
Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, architect, ...)	7	7
Owner of a shop, craftsmen, other self employed person	8	8
Business proprietors, owner (full or partner) of a company	9	9
EMPLOYED		
Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, accountant, architect)	10	10
General management, director or top management (Managing directors, director general, other director)	11	11
Middle management, other management (department head, junior manager, teacher, technician)	12	12
Employed position, working mainly at desk	13	13
Employed position, not at desk but travelling (salesmen, driver, ...)	14	14
Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job (hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, ...)	15	15
Supervisor	16	16
Skilled manual worker	17	17
Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant	18	18
NEVER DID ANY PAID WORK		19

D8. Are you/were you paid – directly or indirectly – by the state, local government or other public administration?

1 - yes

2 - no

9 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)

X - Refusal (spontaneous)

D9. Are you ...? READ OUT

	Yes	No	Refuse
a) In your household the person mainly responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home	1	2	X
b) In your household the person who contributes most to the household income	1	2	X

D10. Would you say you live in a ... ?

- 1 – rural area or village
- 2 – small or middle sized town
- 3 – large town

9 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X - Refusal (spontaneous)

**D11.a. Do you consider yourself as belonging to a particular religion? (IF YES)
Which one? (Show card – one answer only)**

- 1 - Roman Catholic
- 2 - Greek Catholic
- 3 – Protestant*
- 4 – Orthodox**
- 5 - Jewish
- 6 - Muslim
- 7 - Buddhist
- 8 - Hindu
- 9 - Other
- 10 - None, I do not consider myself belonging to a particular religion

99 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X - Refusal (spontaneous)

* In the Czech Republic used: “Protestant (Evangelical Church of Czech-Brethrens, Czechoslovak Hussite)”, in Hungary: “Protestant (Reformed, Evangelist, etc.)” was used

** In Latvia: “Orthodox, Old Believers” was used

D11.b. Do you attend religious services other than weddings or funerals several times a week, once a week, a few times a year, once a year or less, or never? (ONE ANSWER ONLY)

- 1 - several times a week
- 2 - once a week
- 3 - a few times a year
- 4 - once a year or less
- 5 - never

9 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X - Refusal (spontaneous)

D12. We also need some information about the income of this household to be able to analyse the survey results for different types of households. Here is a list of income groups. (SHOW CARD)

Please count the total wages and salaries PER MONTH of all members of this household; all pensions and social insurance benefits; child allowances and any other income like rents, etc.

...Of course, your answer as all other replies in this interview will be treated confidentially and referring back to you or your household will be impossible. Please give me the letter of the income group your household falls into!

INCOME DECILISES TO BE CHECKED WITH EACH LOCAL AGENCY; LOCAL INCOME GROUPS APPLIED.

- 1 - B
- 2 - T
- 3 - P
- 4 - F
- 5 - E
- 6 - H
- 7 - L
- 8 - N
- 9 - R
- 10 - M

99 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
X - Refusal (spontaneous)

D13. If there were a “General Election” tomorrow, (SAY IF CONTACT IS UNDER 18 YEARS: and you had a vote), which party WOULD YOU VOTE for?

(Do not read out – spontaneous answer – only one answer)

LOCAL AGENCIES: APPLY PARTIES THAT ARE NORMALLY INCLUDED IN A POLITICAL SURVEY IN YOUR COUNTRY, IE. THOSE WHO COULD POSSIBLY REACH AT LEAST ONE PERCENT ON GENERAL ELECTIONS AT THE CURRENT TIME.

JUST FOR YOUR INFORMATION: I WILL ALSO NEED A LIST OF THE PARTIES WITH LIMITED DESCRIPTION, LIKE “MODERATE LEFT-WING PARTY, SUCCESSOR OF THE FORMER COMMUNIST PARTY” OR SIMILAR: I HAVE TO AND WILL DEFINE THE CRITERIA OF CHARACTERIZATION IN TIME.

- 1 – Party A
 - 2 - Party B
 - 3 - Party C
 - 4 - Party D
 - 5 - Party E
 - 6 - Party F
 - 7 - Party G
 - 8 - Party H
 - 9 - Party I
 - 10 - Party J
 - 11 – Party K
 - 12 - Party L
 - 13 – Other Party
 - 14 – Would vote blank/would spoil the vote
 - 15 – Would not vote
-
- 99 - DK / no opinion (spontaneous)
 - X - Refusal (spontaneous)

D14. Sex of respondent

(do not ask – mark appropriate)

- 1 - male
- 2 - female

C. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

C.1 Co-operating Agencies and Research Executives

THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION
Budapest Office – Central Eastern European Headquarters

Mr. Gergely HIDEG
 Fő tér 1., Zichy Kastély, H -1033 BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, Tel. +36-1-4379421
 Fax. +36-1-2500650, E-mail: gergely_hideg@gallup.hu

Countries	Institutes	Contact	Telephone	Fax
Bulgaria	VITOSHA RESEARCH 1 Lazar Stanev str. 1113 Sofia	Mr. Alexander STOYANOV	359-2-971-3000	359-2-971-2233
Cyprus	CYMAR MARKET RESEARCH 176, Athalassa Ave. 2nd floor, office 202 1686 Nicosia	Ms. Eleni MARANGO	357-2-317-878	357-2- 317-979
Czech Republic	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, CZECH REP. Karoliny Svetle 10/979 11000 Praha	Ms. Alena NEDOMOVA	420-2-2423-2244	420-2-2423-3754
Estonia	SAAR POLL Veetori 4 EE0001 Tallin	Mr. Andrus SAAR	372-6-311-302	372-6-312-486
Hungary	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, HUNGARY Fő tér 1., Zichy Kastély H-1033 Budapest	Mr. Gergely HIDEG	371-731-4002	371-727-4936
Latvia	LATVIAN FACTS Brivibas str. 106-2 LV1001 Riga	Mr. Aigars FREIMANIS	370-2-762-790	370-2-227-145
Lithuania	BALTIC SURVEYS Didlauko 47 LT2057 Vilnius	Ms. Rasa ALISAUSKIENE	356-239-683	356-247512
Malta	MISCO 3rd Floor Regency House, Republic street VLT04 Valletta	Mr. Anthony CARABOTT	48-22-622-4132	48-22-622-6716
Poland	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, POLAND ul. Krzywickiego 34 02-078 Warszawa	Ms. Hanna IGNACZEWSKA	40-1-210-5016	40-1-211-0366
Romania	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, ROMANIA Bd. Nicolae Titulescu Nr. 1, Bl. A7, Sc. 4, Et. 8, Ap. 116-117, Sector 1 78151 Bucuresti	Ms. Olga NICULESCU	421-2-529-31366	421-2-529-31378
Slovakia	FOCUS Grossinglova 37 81000 Bratislava	Ms. Olga GYARFASOVA	386 1 2410072	386-1-421-1970
Slovenia	CATI CENTER Trzaska 2 1000 Ljubljana	Mr. Zenel BATAGELJ	90-212-216-3212	90-212-216-1814
Turkey	KONSENSUS Dikilitas Mah, Ayazmaderesi Cd. Mehmet Plaza No:30/3 Gayrettepe 80260 Istanbul	Mr. Murat SARY	359-2-971-3000	359-2-971-2233

C2. Administrative Regional Units in the Applicant Countries

BULGARIA

Sofia
Varna
Lovech
Montana
Rousse
Bourgas
Plovdiv
Sofia
Haskovo

CYPRUS

CZECH REPUBLIC

Praha
Stredocesky
Jihocesky
Zapadocesky
Severocesky
Vychodocesky
Jihomoravsky
Severomoravsky

ESTONIA

Pohja-Eesti
Kesk-Eesti
Kirde-Eesti
Laane-Eesti
Louna-Eesti

HUNGARY

Kozep-Magyarorszag
Kozep-Dunantul
Nyugat-Dunantul
Del-Dunantul
Eszak-Magyarorszag
Eszak-Alfold
Del-Alfold

LATVIA

Riga
Vidzeme
Kurzeme
Zemgale
Latgale

LITHUANIA

Alytaus
Kauno
Klaipedos
Marijampoles
Panevezio
Siauliu
Taurages
Telsiu
Utenos
Vilniaus

MALTA

POLAND

Podlaskie
Lubelskie
Podkarpackie
Warminsko-Mazurskie
Lubuskie
Opolskie
Malopolskie
Kujawsko-Pomorskie
Todzkie
Zachodnio-Pomorskie
Pomorskie
Wielkopolskie
Dolnoslaskie
Slaskie
Mazowieckie
Swietokrzyskie

ROMANIA

Nord-Est
Sud-Est
Sud
Sud-Vest
Vest
Nord-Vest
Centru
Bucuresti

SLOVAKIA

Bratislavsky
Zapadne Slovensko
Stredne Slovensko
Vychodne Slovensko

SLOVENIA

Pomurska
Podravska
Koroska
Savinjska
Zasavska
Spodnjeposavska
Dolenjska
Osrednjeslovenska
Gorenjska
Notranjsko-Kraska
Goriska
Obalno-Kraska

TURKEY

Mediterranean region
East Anatolian region
Aegean region
South-East Anatolian
region
Central Anatolian region
Black Sea region
Marmara region

C.3 Sample Specifications

Between the 1st and the 28th of October 2001, The Gallup Organization Hungary carried out wave 2001.1 of the Applicant Countries Eurobarometer, at the request of the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate-General Press and Communication, Public Opinion Analysis.

The Applicant Countries Eurobarometer 2001.1 covers citizens of each of the countries that are applying for European Union membership aged 15 and over, with the exception of Estonia and Cyprus. In Estonia, the survey covered permanent residents aged 15 and over. In Cyprus, the survey only covers citizens living on the southern part of the island. The basic sample design applied in all Applicant Countries is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In each country, a number of sampling points were drawn with probability proportional to population size (for a total coverage of the country) and to population density.

For doing so, the points were drawn systematically from each of the "administrative regional units", after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the Applicant Countries Region according to the EUROSTAT NUTS 2 (or equivalent) and according to the distribution of the resident population of the respective nationalities in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas. In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. Further addresses were selected as every Nth address by standard random route procedures, from the initial address. In each household, the respondent was drawn, at random. All interviews were face-to-face in people's home and in the appropriate national language. In countries with significant minorities the respondents had a chance to respond in their mother tongue (in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania in Russian, and in Romania in Hungarian).

Countries	Institutes	Number of Interviews	Field Work Dates	Population (x 000)
Bulgaria	VITOSHA RESEARCH	1000	4-Oct – 20-Oct	8,487
Cyprus	CYMAR MARKET RESEARCH	500	1-Oct – 11-Oct	663
Czech Republic	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, CZECH REP.	1124	2-Oct – 26-Oct	10,229
Estonia	SAAR POLL	1000	8-Oct – 24-Oct	1,446
Hungary	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, HUNGARY	1016	1-Oct – 24-Oct	10,198
Latvia	LATVIAN FACTS LTD.	1004	8-Oct – 25-Oct	2,439
Lithuania	BALTIC SURVEYS	1006	4-Oct – 20-Oct	3,701
Malta	MISCO	500	2-Oct – 26-Oct	379
Poland	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, POLAND	1001	4-Oct – 22-Oct	38,666
Romania	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, ROMANIA	1010	6-Oct – 26-Oct	22,546
Slovakia	FOCUS CENTER FOR SOCIAL AND MARKET ANALYSIS	1044	8-Oct – 28-Oct	5,391
Slovenia	CATI CENTER	1000	1-Oct – 22-Oct	1,986
Turkey	KONSENSUS RESEARCH & CONSULTANCY	1000	1-Oct – 24-Oct	56,473
Total number of interviews		12077		162,604

For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from population data from national statistics. For all Applicant Countries a weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out, based on this Universe description. As such in all countries, gender, age, region NUTS 2, settlement size, household size, and education level were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. AC averages), Gallup applies the official population figures as provided by national statistics. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

The results of the Applicant Countries Eurobarometer studies are reported in the form of tables, datafiles and analyses. Per question a table of results is given with the full question text in English. The results are expressed as a percentage of the total. The results of the Eurobarometer surveys are analysed and made available through the Directorate-General Press and Communication, Opinion Polls of the European Commission, rue de la Loi 200, B-1049 Brussels. The results are published on the Internet server of the European Commission: http://europa.eu.int/comm/public_opinion/. All Eurobarometer datafiles are stored at the "Zentral Archiv" (Universität Köln, Bachemer Strasse, 40, D-50869 Köln-Lindenthal), available through the CESSDA Database <http://www.nsd.uib.no/cessda/europe.html>. They are at the disposal of all institutes members of the European Consortium for Political Research (Essex), of the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (Michigan) and of all those interested in social science research.

Readers are reminded that survey results are estimations, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits:

Observed percentages	10% or 90%	20% or 80%	30% or 70%	40% or 60%	50%
Confidence intervals	± 1.9%	± 2.5%	± 2.7%	± 3.0%	± 3.2%

C.4 Definition and weighted distribution of the socio-demographic variables used in cross-tabulations

C.4.1 Gender

The sample consists of the following breakdown by gender:

(1) Men	48 %
(2) Women	52 %

C.4.2 Age bands

On the basis of their age, respondents are grouped into the following four age bands:

(1) Aged 15 -24	21 %
(2) Aged 25 -39	29 %
(3) Aged 40 -54	24 %
(4) Aged 55+	26 %

C.4.3 Terminal education age

Terminal education age represents recoded categories of answers to the following question :

"How old were you when you stopped full-time education?"

Respondents are grouped into the following 4 categories :

(1) respondents who left school at age fifteen or younger	36 %
(2) respondents who left school at ages 16 to 19	32 %
(3) respondents who stayed in school until they were aged 20 or older	17 %
(4) respondents who are still studying	10 %

C.4.4 Main economic activity scale

The main economic activity scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

"What is your current occupation?"

The original question shows the following distribution:

Self – employed

(1) Farmer	5 %
(2) Fisherman	0 %
(3) Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, etc.)	1 %
(4) Owner of a shop, craftsman, self -empl oyed person	5 %
(5) Business proprietor, owner (full or partner) of a company	1 %

Employed

(6) Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, practitioner, accountant, architect)	2 %
(7) General management, director or top management (managing director, director general, other director)	1 %
(8) Middle management, other management (department head, junior manager, teacher, technician)	4 %
(9) Employed position, working mainly at a desk	4 %
(10) Employed position, not at a desk but travelling (salesman, driver, etc.)	2 %
(11) Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job (hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, etc.)	4 %
(12) Supervisor	0 %
(13) Skilled manual worker	8 %
(14) Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant	3 %

Non-active

(15) Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home, or without any current occupation, not working	14 %
(16) Student	10 %
(17) Unemployed or temporarily not working	12 %
(18) Retired or unable to work through illness	24 %

The recoded categories and their distribution for the main economic activity scale are as follows:

(1) Self employed = Farmer + Fisherman + Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, architect, etc.) + Owner of a shop, craftsman, other self employed person + Business proprietor, owner (full or partner) of a company	13 %
(2) Managers = Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, accountant, architect, etc.) + General management, director or top management (managing director, director general, other director) + Middle management, other management (department head, junior manager, teacher, technician)	6 %
(3) Other white collars = Employed position, working mainly at a desk + Employed position, not at a desk but traveling (salesmen, driver, etc.)	6 %
(4) Manual Workers = Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job (hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, etc) + Supervisor + Skilled manual worker + Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant	15 %
(5) House persons = Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home, or without any current occupation, not working	14 %
(6) Unemployed = Unemployed + temporarily not working	12 %
(7) Retired = Retired + unable to work through illness	24 %
(8) Still studying = Student	10 %

In the tables, the category "Still studying" is displayed as part of the Terminal Education Age variable

C.4.5 Opinion leadership Index

The opinion leadership index is created on the basis of answers to the following two questions :

(A) "When you get together with your friends, would you say you discuss political matters frequently, occasionally or never?"

(B) "When you, yourself hold a strong opinion, do you ever find yourself persuading your friends, relatives or fellow workers to share your views? Does this happen often, from time to time, rarely or never?"

Labels are : ++, +, -, --. Respondents giving affirmative answers to both questions are labelled ++, respondents giving negative answers to both questions are labelled --. Middle categories are constituted correspondingly.

The breakdown of the four categories is as follows:

(1) ++ high	15 %
(2) +	30 %
(3) -	32 %
(4) -- low	21 %

C.4.6 Media use index

The media use index is created on the basis of answers to the following question :

"About how often do you watch the news on television, read the news in the daily papers, listen to news broadcasts on the radio, Everyday, several times a week, once or twice a week, less often, never?"

+++ News on TV/radio/papers every day or several times a week

++ Two media everyday or several times a week; the third medium, not more than once or twice a week

-- One of the three media everyday or several times a week; the two others, not more than once or twice a week

--- The three media no more than once or twice a week

The breakdown of the four categories is as follows:

(1) +++ high	26 %
(2) ++	38 %
(3) --	28 %
(4) --- low	7 %

C.4.7 Self-perceived knowledge scale

The self-perceived knowledge scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

“Using this scale, how much do you feel you know about the European Union, its policies, its institutions?”
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE)

<i>Know nothing at all</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	<i>Know a great deal</i>
------------------------------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----------------------------------

In the tables, the scale is recoded to the following three categories :

(1) codes 1-3	44 %
(2) codes 4-7	48 %
(3) codes 8-10	6 %

© European Communities
The Eurobarometer questionnaires are reproduced
by permission of its publishers,
the Office for Official Publications of the European Communities,
2 rue Mercier, L-2985 Luxembourg