

Japan
ISSP 2006 – Role of Government IV
Study Description

ISSP Study Description - Japan (JP)

<i>Study title:</i>	ISSP Role of Government
<i>Fieldwork dates:</i>	November 18 to November 26, 2006
<i>Principal investigators:</i>	Miwako HARA, Kumiko NISHI and Hiroshi ARAMAKI (NHK Broadcasting Culture Research Institute)
<i>Sample type:</i>	Two-stage stratified random sample of Japanese 16 or older. First, urban and rural areas are divided into a number of groups (strata) based on similarities in local features and industrial structures. From each of those groups, streets and village-sections are again grouped together to form sampling units. From among such sampling units, 150 survey spots are selected at random. Then, from <i>the Basic Resident Registers</i> for these spots, 12 sample individuals aged 16 or over are selected according to a fixed random number.
<i>Fieldwork institute:</i>	Central Research Services, Inc.
<i>Fieldwork methods:</i>	Self-completion
<i>Sample size:</i>	Issued 1.800, Achieved 1.231

Response rates:

1-Total number of issued names	1.800
2-Interviews	1.231
3-Eligible, Non-Interview A+B+C	455
A..Refusal	231
B..Non-Contact	187
Absence 1 year and more	14
Absence 10 days and more	32
Absence 10 days and less	28
Come home at midnight	-
Refusal to receive	76
Can't drop-off	37
C..Other	37
i..Language Problems	-
ii..Miscellaneous Other	37
Physically or mentally unable	14
Miscellaneous	23
4-Unknown Eligibility, Non-Interview	34
5-Not Eligible (A+B+C+D)	80
A..Not a Residence	-
B..Vacant Residence	70
C..No Eligible Dead	10
D..Other (Selected Respondent Screened Out of Sample/ Duplicate Listing)	-

Language: Japanese

Weighted: No

Deviations from ISSP questionnaire: The literal translation of 'agree-disagree' scale used in the Japanese questionnaire is: (1) I think so; (2) I rather think so; (3) Can't say one way or the other; (4) I rather don't think so; (5) I don't think so.