Portugal
ISSP 2006 – Role of Government IV
Study Description

ISSP Study Description Form – Portugal (PT)

Study title: Papel do Governo

Fieldwork dates: Start and end date of field-work
Started at 9th of October 2006
End at 19th of February 2007

Principal investigators: Name and institution
Manuel Villaverde Cabral, ICS-UL
Jorge Vala, ICS-UL

Sample type: Stratified random probability. The sample is designed to be representative of adults aged 18 or over living in private accommodation in Portugal. The sample method involved a multi-stage design: stratification by region and habitat; Selection of sampling units (100); selection or streets: selection of addresses by random route; selection of individuals by the last birthday method.
See sampling procedure at the end of the document.

Fieldwork institute: TNS-Euroteste

Fieldwork methods: Face-to-face with visuals

N. of respondents: 1837

Details about issued sample:

1. Total number of starting or issued names/addresses (gross sample size) *	2832 .
2. Interviews (1.0)	1837
3. Eligible, Non-Interview	924
A. Refusal/Break-off (2.10)	526
B. Non-Contact (2.20)	260
C. Other	138
i. Language Problems (2.33)	1
ii. Miscellaneous Other (2.31, 2.32, 2.35)	137
3. Unknown Eligibility, Non-Interview (3.0)	……………..
4. Not Eligible	**71**
A. Not a Residence (4.50)	3
B. Vacant Residence (4.60)	53
C. No Eligible Respondent (4.70)	
D. Other (4.10,4.90)	15

* When new sample units are added during the field period via a new dwelling units list or other standard updating procedure, these additional issued units are added to the starting number of units to make up the total gross sample size. Also, when substitution is used, the total must include the originally drawn cases plus all substitute cases. See AAPOR/WAPOR Standard Definitions , pp 9-10 for further clarification.

Language(s): Portuguese

Weight present: Yes

Weighting procedure: Exact description of the weighting procedure / algorithm

Data were weighted in order to reproduce the population distribution according to the following variables: NUTSII, size of locality, age groups, gender and educational level.

Known systematic properties of sample:

Description of biases or other deviations of the sample
There are deviations regarding the variable sex (more women) and age (older people). These deviations are corrected with the weighting variable.

Deviations from ISSP questionnaire:

Esp. questions omitted, or added, or asked in a different format than the Basic Questionnaire prescribes
This module was done at the same time as the 2005 module on Work Orientations. We created only one questionnaire containing the questions of both modules.

Publications:

List of publications using the present data set