

ZA7876

The TRI 2007 and CMP 2013 Surveys of Members of Parliament

**Basic Questionnaire
2007**

TRI Elite Survey: Final Questionnaire

Q1. Country of interview

- 1 Chile
- 2 Germany
- 3 Poland
- 4 South Africa
- 5 South Korea
- 6 Sweden
- 7 Turkey

Q2. Date of interview

D D M M Y Y

Q3. Sector of respondent

- 1 Parliamentary
- 2 Media
- 3 Civil Servant
- 4 Business
- 5 Church

(Introduction by interviewer):

Hello. I am from the _____ (*mention name of the interview organization*). We are carrying out a global study analyzing the attitudes of opinion-leaders on crucial matters concerning democracy and other related issues. Your name has been selected as part of a representative sample of opinion-leaders in _____ (*mention country in which interview is conducted*). I'd like to ask your views on a number of different subjects. Your input will be treated with the strictest of confidence.

(Note: Code but do not read out – here and throughout the interview)

Refused 97

Don't Know 98

No Answer 99

(Show Card A)

For each of the following, indicate how important it is in your life. Would you say it is (*Code one answer for each*):

		Very important	Rather important	Not very important	Not at all important
Q4.	Family	1	2	3	4
Q5.	Friends	1	2	3	4
Q6.	Leisure time	1	2	3	4
Q7.	Politics	1	2	3	4
Q8.	Work	1	2	3	4
Q9.	Religion	1	2	3	4

Q10. Taking all things together, would you say you are (*read out and code one answer*):

- 1 Very happy
- 2 Rather happy
- 3 Not very happy
- 4 Not at all happy

(Show Card B)

Here is a list of qualities that children can be encouraged to learn at home. Which, if any, do you consider to be especially important? Please choose up to five! (*Code five mentions at the maximum*):

		Mentioned	Not mentioned
Q11.	Independence	1	2
Q12.	Hard work	1	2
Q13.	Feeling of responsibility	1	2
Q14.	Imagination	1	2
Q15.	Tolerance and respect for other people	1	2
Q16.	Thrift, saving money and things	1	2
Q17.	Determination, perseverance	1	2
Q18.	Religious faith	1	2
Q19.	Unselfishness	1	2
Q20.	Obedience	1	2

(Show Card C)

Q21. All things considered, how satisfied are you with your life as a whole these days? Using this card on which 1 means you are “completely dissatisfied” and 10 means you are “completely satisfied” where would you put your satisfaction with your life as a whole? (*Code one number*):

Completely dissatisfied											Completely satisfied				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10						

Q22. Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted or that you need to be very careful in dealing with people? (*Code one answer*):

- 1 Most people can be trusted.
- 2 Need to be very careful.

(Show Card D)

On this list are various groups of people. Could you please mention any that you would not like to have as neighbors? (*Code an answer for each group*):

		Mentioned	Not mentioned
Q23.	People of a different race	1	2
Q24.	People who have AIDS	1	2
Q25.	Immigrants/foreign workers	1	2
Q26.	People of a different religion	1	2

Q27. What proportion of the [South African] population do you think would not want a person of a different religion as a neighbour? (*respondent to give a percentage*)

(Ask only if respondent is a parliamentarian)

Q28. And how about the voters [or supporters] of your own party? (*respondent to give a percentage*)

Q29. Some people feel they have completely free choice and control over their lives, while other people feel that what they do has no real effect on what happens to them. Please use this scale where 1 means "none at all" and 10 means "a great deal" to indicate how much freedom of choice and control you feel you have over the way your life turns out (Code one number):

None at all										A great deal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

Q30. Do you think most people would try to take advantage of you if they got a chance, or would they try to be fair? Please show your response on this card, where 1 means that "people would try to take advantage of you," and 10 means that "people would try to be fair" (Code one number):

People would try to take advantage of you										People would try to be fair
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

(Show Card E)

Q31. People sometimes talk about what the aims of this country should be for the next ten years. On this card are listed some of the goals which different people would give top priority. Would you please say which one of these you, yourself, consider the most important? (Code one answer only under "first choice")

Q32. And which would be the next most important? (Code one answer only under "second choice"):

	First choice	Second choice
Maintaining order in the nation	1	1
Giving people more say in important government decisions	2	2
Fighting rising prices	3	3
Protecting freedom of speech	4	4

I'm going to read out a list of various changes in our way of life that might take place in the near future. Please tell me for each one, if it were to happen, whether you think it would be a good thing, a bad thing, or don't you mind? (Code one answer for each):

	Good	Don't mind	Bad
Q33. Less importance placed on work in our lives	1	2	3
Q34. More emphasis on the development of technology	1	2	3
Q35. Greater respect for authority	1	2	3

(Show Card F)

Now I'd like you to look at this card. I'm going to read out some forms of political action that people can take, and I'd like you to tell me, for each one, whether you have done any of these things, whether you might do it or would never under any circumstances do it (read out and code one answer for each action):

	Have done	Might do	Would never do
Q36. Signing a petition	1	2	3
Q37. Joining in boycotts	1	2	3
Q38. Attending peaceful demonstrations	1	2	3

(Hand respondent the questionnaire and ask her/him to mark their position on Card G)

Q39. In political matters, people talk of "the left" and "the right." How would you place your views on this scale, generally speaking? (Code one number)

Left										Right
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

(Ask only if respondent is a parliamentarian)

Q40. And where would you place your party's position? (Code one number)

Left									Right
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

(Ask only if respondent is a parliamentarian)

Q41. And your party's voters' position? (Code one number)

Left									Right
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Q42. And where would you place the position of the [South African] population as a whole? (Code one number)

Left									Right
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

(Show Card H)

Q43. Now I'd like you to tell me your views on various issues. How would you place your views on this scale? 1 means you agree completely with the statement on the left; 10 means you agree completely with the statement on the right; and if your views fall somewhere in between, you can choose any number in between. (Code one number for each issue):

Incomes should be made more equal									We need larger income differences as incentives for individual effort	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

Private ownership of business and industry should be increased									Government ownership of business and industry should be increased	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

The government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for									People should take more responsibility to provide for themselves	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

Competition is good. It stimulates people to work hard and develop new ideas									Competition is harmful. It brings out the worst in people	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

I'd like to ask you how much you trust people from various groups. Could you tell me for each whether you trust people from this group completely, somewhat, not very much or not at all? (*Code one answer for each*):

	Trust completely	Trust somewhat	Do not trust very much	Do not trust at all
Q47. Your family	1	2	3	4
Q48. Your neighborhood	1	2	3	4
Q49. People you know personally	1	2	3	4
Q50. People you meet for the first time	1	2	3	4
Q51. People of another religion	1	2	3	4
Q52. People of another nationality	1	2	3	4

I am going to name a number of organizations. For each one, could you tell me how much confidence you have in them: is it a great deal of confidence, quite a lot of confidence, not very much confidence or none at all? (*Code one answer for each*):

(*Show Card I and leave for the following questions*)

	A great deal	Quite a lot	Not very much	None at all
Q53. The [churches]*	1	2	3	4
Q54. The armed forces	1	2	3	4
Q55. The press	1	2	3	4
Q56. Television	1	2	3	4
Q57. Labor unions	1	2	3	4
Q58. The police	1	2	3	4
Q59. The courts	1	2	3	4
Q60. The government (in your nation's capital)	1	2	3	4
Q61. Political parties	1	2	3	4
Q62. Parliament	1	2	3	4
Q63. The Civil service	1	2	3	4
Q64. Major Companies	1	2	3	4
Q65. Environmental organizations	1	2	3	4
Q66. Women's organizations	1	2	3	4
Q67. Charitable or humanitarian organizations	1	2	3	4
Q68. The [African Union]**	1	2	3	4
Q69. The United Nations	1	2	3	4
Q70. The Constitutional Court	1	2	3	4

* [Substitute "religious communities" in non-Christian countries]

** [Substitute appropriate regional organization]

Q71. Which of these organizations do you have the most confidence in? Please indicate the appropriate letter from the list.

Q72. And which one would be in second place?

Q73. If the [South African] people in general were asked this question, which two of these organizations would you expect to enjoy the most confidence?

(Ask only if respondent is a parliamentarian)

Q74. How about the voters of your party? Which two of these institutions would enjoy the highest level of confidence among voters of your party?

(Show Card J)

I'm going to describe various types of political systems and ask what you think about each as a way of governing this country. For each one, would you say it is a very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad way of governing this country? (Code one answer for each):

		Very good	Fairly good	Fairly bad	Very bad
Q75.	Having a strong leader who does not have to bother with parliament and elections	1	2	3	4
Q76.	Having experts, not government, make decisions according to what they think is best for the country	1	2	3	4
Q77.	Having the army rule	1	2	3	4
Q78.	Having a democratic political system	1	2	3	4
Q79.	Having strong opposition parties	1	2	3	4

(Show Card K)

Many things may be desirable, but not all of them are essential characteristics of democracy. Please tell me for each of the following things how essential you think it is as a characteristic of democracy. Use this scale where 1 means “not at all an essential characteristic of democracy” and 10 means it definitely is “an essential characteristic of democracy” (read out and *code one answer for each*):

		Not an essential characteristic of democracy							An essential characteristic of democracy		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q80.	Governments tax the rich and subsidize the poor.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q81.	The individual human right to dignity (e.g. respect of others) is upheld	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q82.	People choose their leaders in free elections.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q83.	People receive state aid for unemployment.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q84.	Civil rights protect people’s liberty against oppression.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q85.	The economy is prospering.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q86.	People can change the laws in referendums.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q87.	Women have the same rights as men.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q88.	Elected officials try to do what people want	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q89.	Complete freedom for anyone to criticize the government	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q90.	Equality of the vote in elections	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q91.	Basic necessities like shelter, food and water for everyone	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q92.	Jobs for everyone	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q93.	Equal opportunity in education										
Q94.	Minority Rights										
Q95.	Political parties in parliament engage in political compromises.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

How well or badly would you say the current government is handling the following matters I am going to read to you now? Very badly, fairly badly, fairly well or very well?

	Very Badly	Fairly badly	Fairly well	Very well
Q96. Government taxes the rich and subsidizes the poor.	1	2	3	4
Q97. The individual human right to dignity (e.g. respect of others) is upheld	1	2	3	4
Q98. People choose their leaders in free elections.	1	2	3	4
Q99. People receive state aid for unemployment.	1	2	3	4
Q100. Civil rights protect people's liberty against oppression.	1	2	3	4
Q101. The economy is prospering.	1	2	3	4
Q102. People can change the laws in referendums.	1	2	3	4
Q103. Women have the same rights as men.	1	2	3	4
Q104. Elected officials try to do what people want	1	2	3	4
Q105. Complete freedom for anyone to criticize the government	1	2	3	4
Q106. Equality of the vote in elections	1	2	3	4
Q107. Basic necessities like shelter, food and water for everyone	1	2	3	4
Q108. Jobs for everyone	1	2	3	4
Q109. Equal opportunity in education	1	2	3	4
Q110. Minority Rights	1	2	3	4
Q111. Political parties in parliament engage in political compromises.	1	2	3	4

Q112. I am going to read a statement that people sometimes say about a democratic political system. Could you please tell me whether you strongly agree, agree, disagree or strongly disagree.

Although democracy has many shortcomings, it is still better than any other political system.

1. Strongly agree
2. Agree
3. Disagree
4. Strongly Disagree

Q113. (*Show Card L*)

How important is it for you to live in a country that is governed democratically? On this scale where 1 means it is "not at all important" and 10 means "absolutely important" what position would you choose (*Code one number*)

Not at all important					Absolutely important				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Q114. How democratically is this country being governed today? Again using a scale from 1 to 10, where 1 means that it is “not at all democratic” and 10 means that it is “completely democratic,” what position would you choose? (*Code one number*):

Not at all democratic											Completely democratic
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		

Q115. On the whole are you very satisfied, rather satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the way democracy is developing in our country?ⁱ

- 1 Very satisfied
- 2 Rather satisfied
- 3 Not very satisfied
- 4 Not at all satisfied

Q116. How important do you think is the constitution for the stability of democracy in this country? (*Code one number*)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Not important at all								Very important	

Q117. How much respect is there for individual human rights nowadays here in [*South Africa*]? Do you feel there is (*Code one answer*):

- 1. A great deal of respect for individual human rights
- 2. Fairly much respect
- 3. Not much respect
- 4. No respect at all

How likely do you think it would be that the authorities could enforce the law if a person like yourself [*interviewer insert text*]: Very likely, likely, not very likely or not at all likely?

		Very likely	Likely	Not very likely	Not at all likely	How likely do you think it is that the courts will punish [<i>interviewer: insert category</i>] who take bribes. Very likely, likely, not very likely or not at all likely?
Q118. Committed a serious crime		1	2	3	4	
Q119. Did not pay tax on some of the income they earned		1	2	3	4	
		Very Likely	Likely	Not very likely	Not at all likely	
Q120. Elected public office holders		1	2	3	4	
Q121. Civil servants		1	2	3	4	
Q122. Managers of private businesses		1	2	3	4	

(Show Card M)

How widespread do you think corruption is in this country?

		Very few are corrupt	Less than half are corrupt	Most are engaged in it	Almost all are engaged in it
Q123.	Amongst elected public office holders	1	2	3	4
Q124.	Amongst civil servants	1	2	3	4
Q125.	Amongst managers of private businesses	1	2	3	4

(Show Card N)

Here are some things people often say about our current political system. For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you strongly agree, agree, neither agree nor disagree, disagree or strongly disagree.

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
Q126. People have freedom of speech	1	2	3	4	5
Q127. People have freedom of association	1	2	3	4	5
Q128. Ordinary people have an influence on government	1	2	3	4	5
Q129. Nobody needs to be afraid of arbitrary arrest	1	2	3	4	5
Q130. People have the freedom to choose who to vote for without being pressured	1	2	3	4	5
Q131. People are safe from crime	1	2	3	4	5
Q132. Competition between political parties never leads to violent conflict	1	2	3	4	5

(Ask only if respondent is a parliamentarian)

(Show Card O)

How often do you have contact with the named lobbies or associations?

	At least once a week	At least once a month	At least every three months	At least once a year	More Seldom	No contact
Q133. Labour unions	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q134. Farmers' organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q135. Employers' Organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q136. Business Organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q137. Environmental organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q138. Organisations for disabled people	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q139. Pensioners' organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q140. Religious organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q141. Women's organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q142. Refugee/immigrants' organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q143. Organisations dealing with international issues, including national branches of international organisations, e.g. Amnesty International, Green Peace, Deutscher Entwicklungsdienst (<i>insert one name of a purely national organization dealing with international issues</i>)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q144. Animal rights organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q145. Human rights organisations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(Show Card P)

Communication to reach mutual understanding is as important in politics as in our everyday life. How well or badly do you feel such communication takes place between the following groups here in [South Africa]? Very badly, fairly badly, fairly well or very well?

		Very badly	Fairly badly	Fairly well	Very well
Q146.	The governing and opposition parties	1	2	3	4
Q147.	The governing party/parties and mass media	1	2	3	4
Q148.	The opposition parties and mass media	1	2	3	4
Q149.	The governing party/parties and NGOs	1	2	3	4
Q150.	The opposition parties and NGOs	1	2	3	4
Q151.	Congress/Parliament and state administration (ministerial bureaucracy)	1	2	3	4
Q152.	State administration (ministerial bureaucracy) and mass media	1	2	3	4
Q153.	State administration (ministerial bureaucracy) and NGOs	1	2	3	4

Q154. In 2003, this country's government allocated [**a tenth of one percent**]* of the national income to foreign aid—that is, [**\$US 38.05**]** per person. Do you think this amount is too low, too high, or about right? (Code one answer):

- 1 Too low
- 2 About right
- 3 Too high

* [Restate this figure using information for your country from the 1st table at the end of this document!]

** [Restate this figure using information for your country from the 2nd table at the end of this document!]

Q155. Thinking of your own country's problems, should your country's leaders give top priority to help reducing poverty in the world or should they give top priority to solve your own country's problems? Use this scale where 1 means "top priority to help reducing misery in the world" and 10 means "top priority to solve my own country's problems." (Code one answer):

Top priority to help reducing poverty in the world					Top priority to solve my own country's problems				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Q156. Now let's turn to another topic. How often, if at all, do you think about the meaning and purpose of life? (Code one answer!)

- 1 Often
- 2 Sometimes
- 3 Rarely
- 4 Never

We would now like to ask you a few questions on your conception of evil in this world. For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you strongly agree, agree, neither agree nor disagree, disagree or strongly disagree.

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
Q157 Evil is everywhere	1	2	3	4	5
Q158. Evil can take possession of some people	1	2	3	4	5
Q159. The community must get rid of people possessed by evil even if it means that they have to be killed.	1	2	3	4	5

Q160. Do you belong to a religion or religious denomination? If yes, which one? (Code answer due to list below. Code 0, if respondent answers to have no denomination!)

No: do not belong to a denomination	0
Yes: Roman Catholic	1
Protestant	2
If protestant, specify: _____	
Orthodox (Russian/Greek/etc.)	3
Jewish	4
Muslim	5
Hindu	6
Buddhist	7
Other (<i>please specify</i>): _____	8

(NOTE: If your own society does not fit into this coding system, please devise an alternative, following this as closely as possible; for example, in Islamic countries, ask about Sunni, Shia, etc. Send a list of the categories used here along with your data.)

Q161. Apart from weddings and funerals, about how often do you attend religious services these days? (*Code one answer*):

1. More than once a week
2. Once a week
3. Once a month
4. Only on special holy days
5. Once a year
6. Less often
7. Never, practically never

(NOTE: In Islamic societies, ask how frequently the respondent prays!)

Q162. Independently of whether you attend religious services or not, would you say you are (*Code one answer*):

1. A religious person
2. Not a religious person
3. An atheist

Generally speaking, do you think that the [churches]* in your country are giving adequate answers to *(read out and code one answer for each)*:

	Yes	No
Q163. The moral problems and needs of the individual	1	2
Q164. The problems of family life	1	2
Q165. People's spiritual needs	1	2
Q166. The social problems facing our society	1	2

[In non-Christian societies substitute "religious communities" for "churches"!]

Q167. How important is God in your life? Please use this scale to indicate. 10 means "very important" and 1 means "not at all important." *(Code one number)*:

Not at all important	Very important
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	

How strongly do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements? *(Code one answer for each statement)*:

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree
Q168. Politicians who do not believe in God are unfit for public office.	1	2	3	4
Q169. Religious leaders should not influence how people vote in elections.	1	2	3	4
Q170. It would be better for [South Africa]* if more people with strong religious beliefs held public office.	1	2	3	4
Q171. Religious leaders should not influence government decisions.	1	2	3	4

** [Substitute your own nationality for "South Africa"]*

Please tell me for each of the following statements whether you think it can always be justified, never be justified, or something in between, using this card. “1” means that it is never justifiable and “10” means that it is always justifiable. (Read out and code one answer for each statement):

		Never justifiable							Always justifiable		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q172.	Claiming government benefits to which you are not entitled	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q173.	Avoiding a fare on public transport	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q174.	Cheating on taxes if you have a chance	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q175.	Someone accepting a bribe in the course of their duties	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q176.	Homosexuality	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q177.	Prostitution	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q178.	Abortion	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q179.	Divorce	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q180.	Euthanasia—ending of the life of the incurable sick	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q181.	Suicide	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q182.	For a man to beat his wife	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Q183.	Death Penalty	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Q184. How proud are you to be [South African]*? (Read out and code one answer):

- 1 Very proud
- 2 Quite proud
- 3 Not very proud
- 4 Not at all proud
- 100 Not a [South African] citizen.
- *[Substitute local nationality]

(Only asked in Turkey, South Africa and Germany. Optional in other countries)

Q184_a: Turning to the question of ethnic diversity, with which of the following views do you agree? Please use this scale to indicate your position (Code one number):*

Ethnic diversity erodes a country's unity									Ethnic diversity enriches life	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	

(Do not ask of parliamentarians, fill in)

Q185. If there were a national election tomorrow, for which party on this list would you vote? Just call out the number on this card. If you are uncertain, which party appeals to you most? (Code one answer)*:

- 01 Party 1
- 02 Party 2
- 03 Party 3
- 04 etc.
- 95 Would not vote
- 100 Not a citizen of this county (not eligible for voting)
- [NOTE: use two-digit code to cover the major parties in given society!]

DEMOGRAPHIC BACKGROUND

We also want to find out about the social backgrounds of opinion-leaders in this country. Now I'd like to ask you a few final questions for statistical purposes.

Q186. What is your gender?

1. Male

(RECORD BY OBSERVATION ONLY)

2. Female

Q187. In what year were you born?

WRITE IN: 19__

Q188. In which country were you born?

1 Chile

2 Germany

3 Poland

4 South Africa

5 South Korea

6 Sweden

7 Turkey

8 Other (Please specify)

Q189. What is the highest level of formal education you have completed? Please select only one option by circling the number of your choice.

1. Primary

2. Secondary

3. Tertiary

4. If tertiary, specify _____

Q190. This means you have _____ years of formal education

(Interviewer write in number of years)

Q191. What is your marital status?

1. Married

2. Divorced/separated

3. Widow/widower

4. Living with a partner

5. Never been married

Q192. **IF MARRIED OR LIVING WITH A PARTNER:**
What is your spouse's or partner's highest formal qualification?

1. Primary

- Q193. How many children do you have? (This refers to the number of children who are part of the respondent's family i.e. include children the respondent have fathered or mothered, as well as step-children of spouses or partners).
2. Secondary
3. Tertiary
4. If tertiary, specify_____
- WRITE IN:**
- Q194. What is your father's highest level of formal education?
1. Primary
2. Secondary
3. Tertiary
4. If tertiary, specify_____
- Q195. And your mother's?
1. Primary
2. Secondary
3. Tertiary
4. If tertiary, specify_____
- Q196. Code language in which interview was conducted
1. English
2. German
3. Spanish
4. Swedish
5. Korean
6. Afrikaans
7. Turkish
8. Kurdish

Official development aid as percentage of OECD donor's Gross National Income
(FOR USE WITH V158, ASKED IN OECD COUNTRIES)

Country	2003	In words express this as:
Germany	0.1	A tenth of one percent
Sweden	0.27	A quarter of one percent

Official Development Aid to LDCs
PLEASE TRANSLATE amount/person INTO LOCAL CURRENCY
(FOR USE WITH V158, ASKED IN OECD COUNTRIES)

Country	2003 Aid in U.S. millions	Population (millions) in 2000	Amount in U.S. \$ per person
Germany	2508	82.150	30.53
Sweden	822	8.869	92.68