

Basic Questionnaire

NOTE: This basic questionnaire is provided only as a guide to the survey questions. Please see the SPSS data definitions and document statements for changes in coding schemes and country specific categories. Copies of the original national field questionnaires are available on special request.

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CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROBAROMETER No. 6 (Autumn 1995)
QUESTIONNAIRE - CONFIDENTIAL
DRAFT FIVE

QUESTION 0:

Firstly can I confirm that you are permanently resident in (OUR COUNTRY)?

- | | |
|---|---|
| Yes - permanently resident - CONTINUE INTERVIEW | 1 |
| No - not permanently resident - CLOSE INTERVIEW | 2 |
| Don't know/not sure - CLOSE INTERVIEW | 3 |

CEEB5 - Q0 - TREND

11

QUESTION 1:

In general, do you feel things in (OUR COUNTRY) are going in the right or in the wrong direction?

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Right direction | 1 |
| Wrong direction | 2 |
| Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) | 3 |

CEEB5 - Q1 - TREND

12

QUESTION 2:

Compared to 12 months ago, do you think the financial situation of your household has... (READ OUT) ?

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Got a lot better | 1 |
| Got a little better | 2 |
| Stayed the same | 3 |
| Got a little worse | 4 |
| Got a lot worse | 5 |
| Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) | 6 |

CEEB5 - Q2 - TREND

13

QUESTION 3:

And over the next 12 months, do you expect that the financial situation of your household will ... (READ OUT) ?

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Get a lot better | 1 |
| Get a little better | 2 |
| Stay the same | 3 |
| Get a little worse | 4 |
| Get a lot worse | 5 |
| Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) | 6 |

CEEB5 - Q3 - TREND

14

QUESTION 4:

Do you personally feel that the creation of a free market economy, that is one largely free from state control, is right or wrong for (OUR COUNTRY'S) future?

- Right 1
- Wrong 2
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 3

CEEBS - Q4 - TREND

15

QUESTION 5:

(FOR CIS COUNTRIES ONLY)

The way things are going, do you feel that (OUR COUNTRY'S) economic reforms are going... (READ OUT)

- Too fast 1
- Too slow 2
- About the right speed 3
- There are no economic reforms (DO NOT READ OUT) 4
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 5

CEEBS - Q5 - TREND

16

QUESTION 6:

On the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the way democracy is developing in (OUR COUNTRY) ?

- Very satisfied 1
- Fairly satisfied 2
- Not very satisfied 3
- Not at all satisfied 4
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 5

CEEBS - Q6 - TREND

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QUESTION 7:

How much respect is there for individual human rights nowadays in (OUR COUNTRY)? Do you feel there is... (READ OUT) ?

- A lot of respect for individual human rights 1
- Some respect 2
- Not much respect 3
- No respect at all 4
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 5

CEEBS - Q7 - TREND

18

QUESTION 8:

As you might know, 15 states of "Western" Europe form together the "European Union". Would you say that your impressions of the aims and activities of the European Union are generally ... (READ OUT) ?

- Positive 1 Go to Q.8a
- Neutral 2 Go to Q.8a
- Negative 3 Go to Q.8a
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 4 Go to Q.9

CEEB5 - Q8 - TREND MODIFIED

19

QUESTION 8a:

Could you tell me why you say that? PROBE: Any other reasons? (PLEASE PROBE FULLY AND WRITE DOWN VERBATIM)

- 1. 20-21
- 2. 22-23
- 3. 24-25
- 4. 15-27
- 5. 28-29
- 6. 30-31

CEEB6 - NEW

QUESTION 9:

(SHOWCARD ONE - REVERSE ORDER OF ITEMS ON 50% OF SHOWCARDS) As things now stand, with which of the following do you see (OUR COUNTRY'S) future most closely tied up? (READ OUT ONCE AND CODE ONE ONLY)

- The United States of America 1 32
- The European Union 2
- Other European countries like Norway and Switzerland, which remain outside the European Union 3
- Other Central and Eastern European countries 4
- Russia (FOR RUSSIA "other countries in the Commonwealth of Independent States") 5
- Turkey 6
- Japan/ South Korea 7
- DO NOT READ OUT - Germany 8
- DO NOT READ OUT - None of these/ Other 9
- DO NOT READ OUT -We should depend on ourselves 0
- DO NOT READ OUT - Don't know 1 33

CEEB5 - Q9 - TREND MODIFIED

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QUESTION 10A:

(ASK IN CENTRAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES ONLY) (SHOWCARD TWO)

Have you ever heard of the "PHARE programme" which provides finances to support economic reform in (OUR COUNTRY)?

- Yes 1 Continue
- No 2 Go to Q11
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 3 Go to Q11

34

IF YES: (SHOWCARD THREE)

Which country or organization do you think funds the "PHARE programme" (ONLY ONE ANSWER POSSIBLE)

- The United States 01
- The European Union 02
- Japan 03
- The World Bank 04
- The United Nations 05
- Other (WRITE IN) 06
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 07 35-36

CEEB6 - NEW

QUESTION 10b:

(ASK IN CIS COUNTRIES ONLY) (SHOWCARD TWO)

Have you ever heard of the "TACIS programme" which provides finances to support economic reform in (OUR COUNTRY) ?

- Yes 1 Continue
- No 2 Go to Q13
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 3 Go to Q13

37

IF YES: (SHOWCARD THREE)

Which country or organization do you think funds the "TACIS programme" ? (ONLY ONE ANSWER POSSIBLE)

- The United States 01
- The European Union 02
- Japan 03
- The World Bank 04
- The United Nations 05
- Other (WRITE IN) 06
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 07 38-39

Now go to Q13

CEEB6 - NEW

QUESTION 11:

(ASK IN EUROPEAN AGREEMENT COUNTRIES ONLY)

If there were to be a referendum tomorrow on the question of (OUR COUNTRY'S) membership of the European Union, would you personally vote for or against membership ?

- Vote for membership 1
- Vote against membership 2
- Undecided 3
- Would not vote 4
- Don't know / no answer 5 to

CEEB6 - NEW

QUESTION 12:

(ASK IN EUROPEAN AGREEMENT COUNTRIES ONLY) :

If there were a referendum tomorrow on the question of (OUR COUNTRY'S) membership of NATO, would you personally vote for or against membership?

- Vote for membership 1
- Vote against membership 2
- Undecided 3
- Would not vote 4
- Don't know/ no answer 5 41

CEEB6 - NEW

QUESTION 13:

(ASK ALL)

Who do you think benefits the most out of the relationship between (OUR COUNTRY) and the European Union? Is it the European Union, (OUR COUNTRY) or do both equally benefit ?

- (OUR COUNTRY) 1
- The European Union 2
- Both equally benefit 3
- Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT) 4 42

CEEB5 - Q10 MODIFIED

QUESTION 14:

(ASK IN EUROPEAN AGREEMENT COUNTRIES ONLY)

Do you think the following are likely to benefit or lose out in (OUR COUNTRY) as ties between (OUR COUNTRY) and the European Union increase? What do you think will happen to...

(READ OUT TWICE)

	Benefit	Lose out	No impact (spon)	DK	
State enterprise	1	2	3	4	53
Farmers	1	2	3	4	50
Private business	1	2	3	4	55
Civil servants	1	2	3	4	56
Manual workers	1	2	3	4	57
Health and social services	1	2	3	4	42
Educational system	1	2	3	4	49
People living on low incomes	1	2	3	4	50
Armed Forces	1	2	3	4	51
The Church (only for Poland)	1	2	3	4	52

CEEBS - Q12 - TREND MODIFIED

QUESTION 15a:

(FOR ALL CENTRAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES EXCLUDING BALTICS, PLUS RUSSIA)

Here is a list of ways you might hear about the activities of the European Union, its institutions, its policies. Which of them are your main sources of information about the European Union, its institutions, its policies? (SHOW CARD FOUR - MULTIPLE RESPONSES - READ OUT EACH ITEM AND CODE)

(OUR COUNTRY'S) newspapers	1	53
Western newspapers	2	54
(OUR COUNTRY'S) television	3	55
Western television	4	56
(OUR COUNTRY'S) radio	5	57
Western radio	6	58
(OUR COUNTRY'S) periodicals	7	59
Western periodicals	8	60
School or university	9	61
At work	0	62
The Government	1	63
The European Union Delegation in (OUR CAPITAL)*	2	64
Visits to European Union countries	3	65
Personal contact with people from the European Union in (OUR COUNTRY)	4	66
Other	5	67
None of them	6	68

CEEBS - Q11 - TREND MODIFIED

*For Croatia and FYROM, there is no Delegation (the answer category is left completely blank, while the numbering remains unaltered)

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QUESTION 15b:

(FOR BALTIC STATES AND CIS COUNTRIES (EXCEPT RUSSIA))

Here is a list of ways you might hear about the activities of the European Union, its institutions, its policies. Which of them are your main sources of information about the European Union, its institutions, its policies? (SHOW CARD FOUR - MULTIPLE RESPONSES - READ OUT EACH ITEM AND CODE)

- (OUR COUNTRY'S) newspapers 1 69
- Newspapers from Russia 2 70
- Newspapers from the West 3 71

- (OUR COUNTRY'S) television 4 72
- Television from Russia 5 73
- Television from the West 6 74

- (OUR COUNTRY'S) radio 7 75
- Radio from Russia 8 76
- Radio from the West 9 77

- (OUR COUNTRY'S) periodicals 0 78
- Periodicals from Russia 1 79
- Periodicals from the West 2 80

- School or university 3 81
- At work 4 82
- The Government 5 83
- The European Union Delegation in (OUR CAPITAL) 6 84
- Visits to European Union countries 7 85
- Personal contact with people from the
European Union in (OUR COUNTRY) 8 86
- Other 9 87
- None of them 0 88

CEEB5 - Q11(a) - TREND MODIFIED

* For Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, the Delegation is in "Stockholm"; for Armenia and Belarus, the Delegation is in "Moscow"; All other countries have EU Delegations in their capitals.

STANDARD SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHICS

D.1
Sex:

Male	1
Female	2 89

CEEB5 - D1 - TREND

D.2

What is the highest level of education that you have received? (SHOW CARD FIVE)

Up to elementary	1
Some secondary but not completed	2
Secondary graduated	3
Higher education	4
Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT)	5
Refused (DO NOT READ OUT)	6 90

CEEB5 - D2 - TREND

D.3

How old are you? (WRITE IN YEARS OF AGE)

--	--

91 - 92

(IF PERSON BELOW VOTING AGE, GO TO D5)

CEEB5 - D3 - TREND

D.4a

(ASK ONLY THOSE OF VOTING AGE)

Do you have the right to vote in (OUR COUNTRY) at General Elections?

Have the right to vote	1	(Go to Q.D.4b)
Do not have the right to vote	2	(Go to Q.D.5)
Don't know (DO NOT READ OUT)	3	(Go to Q.D.5)

93

CEEB5 - D4a - TREND

D.4b

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(ASK ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE THE RIGHT TO VOTE)

If there were a General Election tomorrow, which party or block would you vote for, or might you be inclined to vote for? (CODE ONE ONLY) (NB: INSTITUTE: LIST UP TO MAXIMUM 15 NATIONAL PARTIES OR BLOCKS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER)

Party A	1
Party B	2
Party C	3
Party D	4
Party E	5
Party F	6
Party G	7
Party H	8
Party I	9
Party J	0 34
Party K	1
Party L	2
Party M	3
Party N	4
Party O	5 35
Other party	1
Would vote blank/ spoil vote	2
Would not vote	3
Don't know	4
No answer	5 36

CEEB5 - D4b - TREND MODIFIED

D.5

(ASK ALL) (SHOW CARE) (SDX) What is your main present occupation? (WRITE IN AND CODE ONE ONLY)

.....

Civil servant	1
State-owned enterprise (non agriculture)	2
Private sector (non-agriculture) owner/self employed	3
Private sector (non agriculture) employee	4
All agriculture (including fishermen)	5
Other paid work	6
Pensioner	7
Housewife not otherwise employed	8
Students (all respondents still in education)	9
Temporarily not working, unemployed	0 37

CEEB5 - D5 - TREND

D.6
 What nationality/ethnic background do you come from?
 (CODE ONE ONLY OR WRITE IN IF "OTHER")

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CEEB5 - D6 - TREND MODIFIED

D.7
 What is your mother tongue?
 (CODE ONE ONLY OR WRITE IN IF "OTHER")

NEW QUESTION

D.8
 And which of these languages can you speak well enough to take part in a
 conversation, except your mother tongue? (SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

NEW QUESTION

	Q.D.6 Nationality/ethnic	Q.D.7. Mother tongue	Q.D.8 Other spoken
Albanian	01	01	01
Armenian	02	02	02
Azerbaijani	03	03	03
Belarusian	04	04	04
Bulgarian	05	05	05
Croat	06	06	06
Czech	07	07	07
English	08	08	08
Estonian	09	09	09
Finnish	10	10	10
French	11	11	11
Georgian	12	12	12
German	13	13	13
Greek	14	14	14
Gypsy/Roman	15	15	15
Hungarian	16	16	16
Italian	17	17	17
Jewish/Yiddish/Hebrew	18	18	18
Kazakh	19	19	19
Latvian	20	20	20
Lithuanian	21	21	21
Macedonian	22	22	22
Moldovan	23	23	23
Moravian	24	24	24
Muslim	25	25	25
Polish	26	26	26
Romanian	27	27	27
Russian	28	28	28
Serb	29	29	29
Slovak	30	30	30
Slovene	31	31	31
Spanish	32	32	32
Swedish	33	33	33
Tatar	34	34	34
Turkish	35	35	35
Ukrainian	36	36	36
Uzbek	37	37	37
Other (write in)	38	38	38
Refused	99	99	99
Don't know	00	00	00

102-103

104-105

102-103
 104-105
 106-107
 108-109
 110-111
 112-113

D.9

(SHOW CARD SEVEN) Using this card, tell me what is the total monthly net income of all the members of your household, including any extra money. For confidentiality you may just read out the letter of the alphabet next to the appropriate amount. (N.B. INSTITUTE: LIST 16 INCOME BANDS, STARTING WITH THE LOWEST BAND. ENSURING THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST BANDS ARE NOT MORE THAN 2-3% OF THE TOTAL RESULT)

- A 01 F 06 K 17 P 18
- B 02 G 07 L 12
- C 03 H 08 M 13
- D 04 I 09 N 14
- E 05 J 10 O 15 Refused

(NOTE: THERE ARE NOW 16 INCOME BANDS, NOT 24 AS IN CEEB5)

CEEB5 - D7 - TREND MODIFIED

D.10

Region: (N.B.: LIST UP TO MAXIMUM 15 REGIONS IN YOUR NORMAL ORDER)

- REGION A 01
- REGION B 02
- REGION C 03
- REGION D 04
- REGION E 05
- REGION F 06
- REGION G 07
- REGION H 08
- REGION I 09
- REGION J 10
- REGION K 11
- REGION L 12
- REGION M 13
- REGION N 14
- REGION O 15 *110-117*

CEEB5 - D8 - TREND

D.11

INTERVIEWER: USE NORMAL OMNIBUS CATEGORIES AND CLASSIFY THEM ACCORDING TO THESE 4 CATEGORIES

- Capital 1
- Other big city 2
- Smaller (provincial) town 3
- Village - rural area 4

CEEB6 - NEW

<u>Columns</u>	<u>Questions</u>	
1 - 4	Survey-no	
5 - 6	Country-code	
7 - 10	Respondent-no	
11 - 19	1 - 8	
20 - 31	8a	one code-list, decimal codes 01-99 max. 6 answers possible, for example 1. answer = columns 20 - 21 2. answer = columns 22 - 23 and so on
32 - 34	9 - 10a	
35 - 36	10a Which country ...	decimal-codes 01-99 showcard 3 = 01-07 others = 08-99
37 - 39	10b	like question 10a
40 - 42	11 - 13	
43 - 52	14	
53 - 68	15a	
69 - 88	15 b	
89 - 97	D1 - D5	
98 - 99	D6	00-37, 99 see questionnaire others = 38 - 98
100 - 101	D7	like question D6
102 - 113	D8	one code-list, decimal codes 00-99 max. 6 answers possible, for example 1. answer = columns 102-103 2. answer = columns 104-105 and so on
114 - 115	D9	decimal codes 01-16 refused 99
116 - 117	D10	decimal codes 01-15
118	D11	

SHOWCARD ONE

(REVERSE ORDER OF ITEMS ON 50% OF SHOWCARDS)

- The United States of America
- The European Union
- Other European countries like Norway and Switzerland,
which remain outside the European Union
- Other Central and Eastern European countries
- Russia (FOR RUSSIA "other countries in the Commonwealth of
Independent States")
- Turkey
- Japan/ South Korea

SHOWCARD TWO

The PHARE programme

SHOWCARD TWO

The TACIS programme

SHOWCARD THREE

The PHARE programme

- The United States
- The European Union
- Japan
- The World Bank
- The United Nations

SHOWCARD THREE

The TACIS programme

- The United States
- The European Union
- Japan
- The World Bank
- The United Nations

SHOWCARD FOUR

- (OUR COUNTRY'S) newspapers
- Western newspapers
- (OUR COUNTRY'S) television
- Western television
- (OUR COUNTRY'S) radio
- Western radio
- (OUR COUNTRY'S) periodicals
- Western periodicals

- School or university
- At work
- The Government
- The European Union Delegation in (OUR CAPITAL) *
- Visits to European Union countries
- Personal contact with people from the European Union in
(OUR COUNTRY)

SHOWCARD FOUR

(OUR COUNTRY'S) newspapers
 Newspapers from Russia
 Newspapers from the West

(OUR COUNTRY'S) television
 Television from Russia
 Television from the West

(OUR COUNTRY'S) radio
 Radio from Russia
 Radio from the West

(OUR COUNTRY'S) periodicals
 Periodicals from Russia
 Periodicals from the West

School or university
 At work
 The Government
 The European Union Delegation in (OUR CAPITAL) *
 Visits to European Union countries
 Personal contact with people from the European Union in
 (OUR COUNTRY)

SHOWCARD FIVE

- Up to elementary
- Some secondary but not completed
- Secondary graduated
- Higher education

SHOWCARD SIX

- Civil servant
- State-owned enterprise (non agriculture)
- Private sector (non-agriculture) owner/self employed
- Private sector (non agriculture) employee
- All agriculture (including fishermen)
- Other paid work
- Pensioner
- Housewife not otherwise employed
- Students (all respondents still in education)
- Temporarily not working, unemployed

SHOWCARD SEVEN

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| A | F | K | P |
| B | G | L | |
| C | H | M | |
| D | I | N | |
| E | J | O | |

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**ANNEX - QUESTIONNAIRE
DEFINITION OF COUNTRY GROUPINGS**

10 Europe Agreement Countries

Bulgaria
Czech Republic
Estonia
Hungary
Latvia
Lithuania
Poland
Romania
Slovakia
Slovenia (expected soon)

Central Europe (= 13)

Albania
Bulgaria
Croatia
Czech Republic
Estonia
FYROM
Hungary
Latvia
Lithuania
Poland
Romania
Slovakia
Slovenia

C.I.S. (= 6)

Armenia
Belarus
Kazakhstan
Georgia
Russia
Ukraine

ANNEXES

HOW THE POLL WAS DONE

Related publication:

European Commission: Central and Eastern Eurobarometer No. 6. Public Opinion and the European Union (19 Countries' Survey). Brussels. March 1996.

COORDINATION AND DETAILS OF PARTICIPATING INSTITUTES

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Statistical Data Processing: GfK Data Services Germany
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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - INTRODUCTION

Between 30th October and 29th November 1995, the institutes listed above conducted the sixth wave of the Central and Eastern EUROBAROMETER (CEEB) on behalf of the European Commission, Directorate General X for Information, Communication, Culture, Audiovisual, Survey Research (EUROBAROMETER) Unit, in co-operation with the External Information Unit of the same Directorate-General. All requests for further information should be addressed to:

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Compared to CEEB5 (Autumn 1994) one more country was added, namely Croatia. All EUROBAROMETER data are stored at the Zentral Archiv (Universität Köln, Bachemer Strasse 40, D - 5000 Köln 41). They are at the disposal of all institutes which are members of the European Consortium for Political Research, of the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (Michigan) and all those interested in social science research.

DETAILS ON SAMPLING

A total of 19 countries in Central and Eastern Europe were surveyed : Albania, Armenia, Belarus, Bulgaria, Croatia, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Georgia, Hungary, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (FYROM), Poland, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia and Ukraine. In total 20.278 citizens aged 15 years and over were interviewed face-to-face in their private residences in Central and Eastern Europe as a whole. The survey was fully nationally-representative. Only in Georgia the region of Abkhazia could not be covered due to the state of war. In Croatia in some parts of the country (Slavonia, Dalmatia, Lika, Kordun, Banija) some areas were substituted by corresponding localities in the same region.

As with Central and Eastern EUROBAROMETER nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5 each institute adopted a multi-stage random probability sample design. There were slight variations in each country's sample design to take account of its individual characteristics and population structure. In each of the 19 countries (with the exception of Georgia and Croatia) surveyed, interviews were conducted throughout every region within its national boundaries.

SAMPLING POINTS

Albania	150
Armenia	100
Belarus	114
Bulgaria	181
Croatia	40
Czech Republic	193
Estonia	171
FYROM	110
Georgia	108
Hungary	100
Kazakhstan	100
Latvia	125
Lithuania	121
Poland	251
Romania	110
Russian Federation	140
Slovakia	182
Slovenia	198
Ukraine	120
TOTAL	2.614

The sampling points for each country were selected, in the first instance, via a division into its major socio-economic areas. A list of these is appended. Within each of these areas smaller electoral or administrative districts were randomly selected and, taking into account such factors as the relative size of the population living in rural and urban settlements, the number and distribution of sampling points in each of these districts was finalised.

In general ten interviews were conducted around each sampling point, with individuals being selected via one of four main methods, these being :

- (I) Double clustered random address sample + next birthday in the household
- (II) Contact randomly selected from a list of the electorate. In most cases such lists were no more than three years old.
- (III) Random selection of addresses from published, or specially commissioned lists, with individuals being selected via a Kish matrix or other random method.
- (IV) Random route from a selected starting point (often the central bus station in larger settlements) with individuals again being selected via a Kish matrix or other random method.

Quite understandably, in many instances address or electoral data was not available for the population below the age of enfranchisement, and therefore quotas were imposed to ensure that the correct number of 15-17 year olds were interviewed.

The maximum number of interviews in any individual household was one. All interviews were conducted face-to-face by fully-trained interviewers in people's homes.

In each country the final sample was representative of the adult population aged 15+ years (with the exception of Abkhazia in Georgia; the Far North and inaccessible regions of Siberia in the Russian Federation; the islands of Saaremaa and Hiiumaa in Estonia and some areas in Slavonia, Dalmatia, Lika, Kordun, Banija in Croatia).

REALISATION OF FIELDWORK

	<u>Fieldwork</u>	<u>Number of respondents</u>
Albania	13 November - 24 November	1005
Armenia	01 November - 10 November	1000
Belarus	06 November - 27 November	1045
Bulgaria	04 November - 11 November	1098
Croatia	17 November - 24 November	1000
Czech R.	01 November - 19 November	1091
Estonia	06 November - 17 November	1000
FYROM	07 November - 16 November	1000
Georgia	07 November - 23 November	1059
Hungary	11 November - 27 November	1004
Kazakhstan	07 November - 21 November	1000
Latvia	10 November - 24 November	1094
Lithuania	10 November - 18 November	1003
Poland	25 November - 28 November	1004
Romania	08 November - 22 November	1147
Russ. Fed.	02 November - 15 November	1178
Slovakia	01 November - 07 November	1173
Slovenia	23 November - 29 November	1178
Ukraine	30 October - 19 November	1199
TOTAL	30 October - 29 November	20.278

WEIGHTING OF DATA

Compared to CEEB 5, a lot of progress was made thanks to the use of an interlocking matrix age/education. This was the case for Armenia, Belarus, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Lithuania, Romania, Russia, Ukraine, Georgia.

Slovenia and Kazakhstan were also weighted in this way, but as the distribution of age did not fully correspond to the requirements; age was used on top of the matrix to guarantee the distribution.

For the countries Albania, Croatia, Estonia, Latvia, FYROM and Poland, no statistical data were available for this matrix. In these cases the weighting according to age and education was carried out separately.

It's important to notice that the weighting was done much more efficiently this year because the matrix age/education was given in advance so that the institutes had to respect this.

The overall results for Central and Eastern Eurobarometer as a whole were weighted according to each country's 15+ population.

The data for each country's population by sex, age, education and region was prepared by the participating institutes :

	POPULATION TOTAL (15+yrs)	PROPORTION OF CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE POPULATION (in %)
Albania	2.702.400	1.00
Armenia	2.633.300	0.97
Belarus	7.814.759	2.90
Bulgaria	6.878.285	2.55
Croatia	3.844.000	1.42
Czech Republic	8.324.261	3.09
Estonia	1.188.775	0.30
FYROM	1.353.959	0.50
Georgia	4.042.061	1.50
Hungary	8.244.274	3.05
Kazakhstan	11.217.539	4.16
Latvia	2.051.746	0.77
Lithuania	2.842.640	1.05
Poland	29.393.330	10.91
Romania	17.813.891	6.61
Russian Federation	113.043.000	41.96
Slovak Republic	4.080.423	1.51
Slovenia	1.560.938	0.57
Ukraine	40.351.000	14.97
TOTAL	269.389.581	100 %

AREAS COVERED

ALBANIA

Tirana
Northern
Central
Southern

BELARUS

Brest
Vitebsk
Gomel
Grodno
Minsk (city)
Minsk (region)
Mogiljov

CROATIA

Greater Zagreb
North Croatia
Slavonia
Lika, Kordun, Banovina
Istria, Primorje
Gorski Kotar
Dalmatia

CZECH REPUBLIC

Prague
Central Bohemia
Southern Bohemia
Western Bohemia
Northern Bohemia
Eastern Bohemia
Southern Moravia
Northern Moravia

FYROM

Skopje
Tetovo
Shtip Region
Bitola
Ohrid Region
Kumanova Region
Along Varpar Regiona

ARMENIA

Ararat
Sevan
Shirak
Lori
Yerevan
Siunik
Aghstev

BULGARIA

Varna
Lovetch
Sofia-city
Sofia-region
Plovdiv
Bourgas
Haskovo
Montana
Rousse

ESTONIA

North-West
North-East
South-East
South-West
West

GEORGIA

Tbilisi
Ajara
Kolkheti
Kartl-Kakheti
Kvemo Kartli
Meskhet-Javakheti
Samachablo

HUNGARY

Central
Northern Hungary
Northern Great Plain
Southern Great Plain
Southern Transdanubia
Northern Transdanubia

LATVIA

Riga
Vidzeme
Zemgale
Kurzeme
Latgale

POLAND

Central
Eastern
Małopolska
Silesia
North-western
Wielkopolska

RUSSIAN FEDERATION

North & Center (Northern+North-Western
+Kaliningrad+Central+Volgo-Vjatski)
South of European Part of Russia
(Tsentralno Chernozjemny+ Povolzhsky
+ North-Caucasian)
Ural & West Siberia
East Siberia & Far East

SLOVENIA

Gorenska (NW)
Primorska (W + SW)
Osrednja Slovenija (W. Central)
Koroska in Savinjska (E. Central)
Dolenjska in Posavje (South East)
Stajerska in Prekmurje (North East)

KAZAKHSTAN

Capital
South
Central
East
North
West

LITHUANIA

Zemaitija
Aukstaitija
Suvalkija
Dzukija
Vilnius/ SE Lithuania

ROMANIA

Crisana
Maramuresh
Banat
Oltenia
Muntenia
Dobrudja
Moldavia
Ardeal
Bucuresti

SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Bratislava
Central Slovakia
Eastern Slovakia
Western Slovakia

UKRAINE

Kiev
Northern
Central
North-Eastern
North-Western
Eastern
Western
South Western
Southern
Crimea
South-East

BACKTRANSLATION

As all questionnaires were backtranslated completely last year (CEEB 5), we limited backtranslation this year (CEEB 6) to the new questions that were added. A couple of differences were discussed with the appropriate institutes and an acceptable solution was found in all cases. For newcomer Croatia, a complete backtranslation was carried out. Hence, the results of CEEB 5 and CEEB 6 can be fully compared.

GfK EUROPE AD HOC RESEARCH

GfK EUROPE Ad hoc Research, located in Brussels, is GfK's co-ordination centre for all international ad hoc research with a turnover of over 100 million ECU in 1994. It is present in most countries of the European Union, in all former EFTA-countries, and in major Central and Eastern European countries, making 23 countries in total. Outside Europe, GfK is represented in the USA, Canada, Japan, Hong Kong and Australia. The total turnover of GfK is about 200 million ECU making it number 4 in the world. Almost all the institutes are owned by the German mother company, GfK AG, founded in 1929.

GfK, through Dr. Rudolf Bretschneider, Managing Director of Fessel und GfK Austria (1959), was one of the first western research companies to found institutes in Hungary (1989), Poland (1990), Czech Republic (1991), Slovakia (1993) and Bulgaria (1994). Agreements have been reached with companies in Romania (1995), Croatia (1995), FYROM (1995) and Slovenia. All together more than 200 researchers are employed and trained by GfK in Central and Eastern Europe.

GfK has carried out several studies for the EU amongst which are the Standard EUROBAROMETER (in Denmark since 1989), the Consumer Confidence Barometer (in Germany since 1980, in Austria, Belgium, the Netherlands, United Kingdom since 1995) and several other ad hoc studies.

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