

## *ECS 1971 - Variable Report*

European Communities Study 1971  
Regional Identity, Agriculture, and European Unification  
July 1971

Documentation of the Archive release; dataset version 1.0.1  
GESIS Study No. ZA0627, doi: 10.4232/1.10852  
ICPSR Study No. 7275



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Commission of the European Communities

Cooperation: Ronald Inglehart, University of Michigan

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*GESIS Data Archive for the Social Sciences*

GESIS – Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences 2012

## GESIS-Variable Reports

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## Acknowledgements

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Standard & Special Eurobarometer surveys, including the antecedent European Communities Studies, are conducted on behalf of the Commission of the European Communities, under the responsibility of the Directorate-General Communication and on occasion requested by other departments according to the policy they deal with. From the outset the European Commission is generously granting access to Eurobarometer primary data for re-use in social science research and training.

The integrated original datasets and related materials are delivered by the respective survey research institute in charge of survey implementation and fieldwork co-ordination.

Ronald Inglehart (University of Michigan), collaborated in the design and analysis of the surveys and helped make the data available to the social science community through the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR).

Preparation and documentation of Eurobarometer primary data for long term preservation and usability happen in a cooperative arrangement between the teams at Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR) and GESIS Data Archive for the Social Sciences.

The principal investigators wish to acknowledge the support of the National Science Foundation grant number SES8208333 for the cleaning and processing of the study.

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## Introduction and preliminary remarks

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The variable reports of the Standard & Special Eurobarometer survey series offer a comprehensive description of the data on study and variable level. For each Eurobarometer individual variable reports are provided. The reports are structured into five sections: Section one provides the description of the respective Eurobarometer Study, including bibliographic information, abstract, methodological specifications, remarks on weighting and general notes on data preparation. Section two gives an historical overview of the Eurobarometer Survey Series, including the institutional background and the development of geographical and topical coverage. A third section provides general information about the structure of Eurobarometer datasets, documentation standards and variable coding frames. Section four explains the details of the 'Variable Documentation' part in the following section five, which is the documentation of the variables with the complete question texts and answer categories of the master questionnaire and the corresponding archival remarks on data preparation or inconsistencies, if applicable. In addition, this variable report contains frequency counts, by country (sample), for almost all variables. These frequencies are based on weighted data using the adequate post-stratification weight, if applicable and as indicated in each table.

### Data access

Primary data for statistical analysis and related documentation (basic bilingual questionnaires, national field questionnaire versions and variable reports) are made available online by GESIS (<http://zacat.gesis.org>), by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research through the ICPSR membership network, and through all Social Science Data Archives members of the Council of European Social Science Data Archives (CESSDA).

### Usage requirement

To provide funding agencies with essential information about use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about related research activities, users of the data are requested to send to ICPSR or GESIS respectively bibliographic citations for each completed manuscript or thesis abstract. Please indicate in a cover letter which data (surveys and respective variables) were used.

### Disclaimer

The original collector of the data, ICPSR, GESIS, and the relevant funding agencies bear no responsibility for uses of this collection or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

# 1 Study Description – European Communities Study 1971

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## 1.1 Bibliographic information

### 1.1.1 Archive study numbers

GESIS: ZA0627

ICPSR: 7275

Under a co-operative arrangement for the archival processing and distribution of Eurobarometer, ICPSR and GESIS employ its own study number to identify each – otherwise congruent – dataset.

### 1.1.2 Title and archive subtitle

European Communities Study 1971 (ECS 1971)

Regional Identity, Agriculture, and European Unification

July 1971

### 1.1.3 Principal investigators

Jacques-René Rabier

Commission of the European Communities

Ronald Inglehart (cooperation)

University of Michigan

### 1.1.4 Bibliographic citation

Publications based on data collections which are made available through ICPSR or GESIS, should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations. To ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations must appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications. The bibliographic citation for this data collection is:

Commission of the European Communities: European Communities Study, July 1971; GESIS, Cologne [Publisher]: ZA0627, dataset version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10852.



## 1.2 Content

### 1.2.1 Abstract

A precursor to the Eurobarometer studies, this survey contained four major sections that measured: (1) the respondents' feelings of regional belonging, (2) their awareness of and ideas about agricultural problems, (3) their opinions of the Common Market and European unification, and (4) the amount and source of their knowledge in these areas. The section of the study dealing with regional sentiments probed the degree of regional nationalism felt by the respondents. The extent of past and anticipated future inter-regional mobility within each country and within Europe was also investigated. The section on agricultural problems explored existing problems, their causes, and the future of agriculture in the respondents' countries. The emphasis of the study was on the Common Market section. Respondents' opinions about the effects of the Market on agriculture, industry, and the region as a whole were elicited as were reactions to the possibility of expansion in order to include more countries. In addition, some questions examined attitudes toward the desirability and feasibility of the evolution of a United States of Europe. The last section of the study ascertained how well informed the respondents were about problems in agriculture and economic development in their regions, and it probed their knowledge of the Common Market. Their opinions concerning the adequacy of television coverage of these topics were also probed. Other questions investigated the respondents' opinions on appropriate government priorities as well as their estimates of the probability of a third world war or a serious economic crisis. Demographic information gathered includes occupation, union affiliations, income, education, region of residence, and religion.

### 1.2.2 Topic classification

- International Institutions, Relations
- Branches of Economy
- Society, Culture

### 1.2.3 Related publications

- Commission des Communautés Européennes: L'Opinion des Européens sur les Aspects Régionaux et Agricoles du marché commun, L'Unification Politique de L'Europe et L'Information du Public, Bruxelles, Decembre 1971.
- Inglehart, Ronald: The Silent Revolution: Changing Values and Political Styles among Western Publics. Princeton: University Press 1977.

## 1.3 Universe

Research area: Belgium, Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Netherlands

Population of age sixteen years and older.

## 1.4 Sampling procedure

Various sampling procedures (quota sample and multi-stage random sample) according to country. The effective number of realized interviews in this round is indicated in table 1.

In French sample the rural population was underrepresented. In order to produce a sample more representative of the total French population, French rural cases have been duplicated (each appears twice) in this dataset. Their original identification numbers have been retained.

## 1.5 Fieldwork

Table 1: Participating countries (regions) and fieldwork information for ECS 1971

Country (Region)	ISO	Fieldwork start/end	Survey Research Institute	Questionnaire-versions	Sample Size (n of cases)
France	FR	July 1971	Institut Francaise D'opinion Publique (Ifop), Paris	FR	2095
Belgium	BE	July 1971	IRS, Brussels	BE-NL, BE-FR	1459
Netherlands	NL	July 1971	Nederlands Instituut Voor De Publieke Opinie En Het Marktonderzoek B.V. (Nipo), Amsterdam	NL	1673
Germany (West)	DE	July 1971	GfM, Hamburg	DE	1997
Italy	IT	July 1971	Istituto Per Le Ricerche Statistiche E L'analisi Dell'opinione Pubblica (Doxa), Milan	IT	2017

## 1.6 Mode of data collection

Each national survey was conducted by a professional polling agency, face-to-face and in the adequate national language(s).

A split questionnaire was used. With the question on jurisdiction distribution for part of the respondents regional preference was addressed instead of national.

## 1.7 Weighting

In general the Eurobarometer datasets provide for two types of weighting, a post-stratification sample weighting and a population size weighting.

The **post-stratification weight**, also referred to as redressment or non-response weight, carries out comparisons between the sample composition and a proper universe description with respect to selected attributes such as sex, age or region. The availability of this weight over time and for individual countries is documented in table 2.

Until Eurobarometer 31 the corresponding variable is labelled NATION WEIGHT II. Only starting with Eurobarometer 32 post-stratification weights are available continuously and for all samples.

Until Eurobarometer 6 underrepresented rural cases for FRANCE are duplicated; duplicate case indicators (weights) are only available for ECS1970, ECS1971 and Eurobarometer 2. In ECS1971 and ECS1973 a special weighting factor for the NETHERLANDS indicates the number of times that a case is duplicated in the Dutch part of the dataset; the duplication scheme is not documented.

The population size weighting factor corrects for the fact that sample sizes do not depend on how large or small the populations are from which they are drawn.

The NATION WEIGHT I (or UK weight) ensures that both samples, Great Britain and Northern Ireland, are represented in proportion to its population size within the United Kingdom as a whole. Starting with Eurobarometer 19 the UK weight also includes the available post-stratification weighting factors for other countries.

The EUROPEAN WEIGHT adjusts each sample in proportion to its share in the total population, aged 15 and over, of the European Community as a whole in its respective composition. Only starting with Eurobarometer 7 the EUROPEAN WEIGHT includes the available post-stratification weighting factors. Starting with Eurobarometer 32 former states in the enlargement process are also considered (EU6, EU10).

The post-stratification weights are at the users' disposal for descriptive (univariate) analysis. Population size weighting is required to obtain meaningful descriptive results for the United Kingdom or the European Community as a whole. For multivariate analysis weighting is not recommended. Official Eurobarometer reports are based on weighted data.

European Communities Study 1971 provides a special "farm supplement" duplicate identifier for France (V84) and a special weight for the Netherlands (V5). The weighting rationale for the Netherlands is not documented.

French respondents living in rural areas were undersampled. In order to achieve a representative French sample, rural cases (coded 1 in V81 OR coded 2 in V81 and 3 or 78 in V85) have been duplicated. The duplicate version of each of the cases is coded 1 in variable V84, the representative sample is coded 9. All other countries are coded zero. If at all, this weight should only be applied for descriptive analysis.

In the European Communities Studies 1970-1973 and up to Eurobarometer 6 French rural cases have also been duplicated, sometimes without making a duplicate case indicator available. (Source: Jürgen Hofrichter: Weight variables in Eurobarometer surveys: an overview. ZEUS. April 1991)

Table 2: Overview of available weights up to Eurobarometer 31

	FR	BE	NL	DE-W	IT	LU	DK	IE	GBN	GB-NIR	GR	ES	PT	UK	EC
ECS1970	X														
ECS1971	X		X												
ECS1973	(X)		X												
EB2	X														X
EB3	(X)														X
EB4	(X)														X
EB5	(X)														X
EB6	(X)														X
EB7	X														X
EB8	X													X	X
EB9	X													X	X
EB10	X		X				X		X					X	X
EB10A	X		X				X		X					X	X
EB11	X		X				X		X					X	X
EB12	X		X			X	X							X	X
EB13	X		X				X		X						X
EB14	X		X				X		X						X
EB15	X		X				X								X
EB16			X	X			X	X						X	X
EB17*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X
EB18	X		X	X			X		X					X	X
EB19	X		X	X			X							X	X
EB20	X		X	X			X		X					X	X
EB21	X		X	X			X		X					X	X
EB22	X		X	X			X		X					X	X
EB23	X		X	X			X		X					X	X
EB24	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB25	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB26	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB27	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB28	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB28.1*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
EB29	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB30	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB31	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB31A	X		X	X			X		X			X		X	X
EB32	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
EB33	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

The YOUTH OVERSAMPLES\* in Eurobarometer 17 and 28.1 are weighted separately and across ALL samples as documented in the respective study and weight variable description.

## 2 Eurobarometer Series Description

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### 2.1 Series name

The Standard and Special Eurobarometer (a.k.a. Euro-Barometer) Survey Series

### 2.2 Series information

The Standard and Special Eurobarometer surveys are the products of a unique program of cross-national and cross-temporal survey research. The effort began in early 1970, when the Commission of the European Communities sponsored simultaneous surveys of the publics of the European Community. In general they are carried out in spring and fall of each year. Three pilot studies were conducted in 1970, 1971 and 1973 under the header of European Communities Studies; "Attitudes towards Europe" (GESIS id ZA0078), the very first comparative survey across European Communities founder members in 1962, can be seen as an early forerunner. The primary data of the first explicit Eurobarometer, conducted in spring 1974, have not been preserved.

### 2.3 Principal investigators and institutional background

The Eurobarometer program was initially launched and managed until 1986 by Jacques-René Rabier, head of the Commission's press and information directorate and afterwards special advisor to the Commission of the European Communities. He counted with the political support of the European Parliament and the close co-operation of Ronald Inglehart. The political scientist at the University of Michigan was then developing his theory of value change in modern societies and his materialist/post-materialist items would become integral part of the Eurobarometer until the mid nineties. Between 1987 and 1996 the program was continued and considerably enlarged under the direction of Karlheinz Reif, since 1993 together with Anna Melich.

Anna Melich took over the Eurobarometer direction from 1997 to 1999, by then still within the organizational framework of the former Directorate-General X, Public Opinion Surveys and Research Unit. In 2000/2002 Eurobarometer were intermittently conducted in the framework of the DG Education and Culture, Citizens' Centre - Analysis of Public Opinion under the direction of Harald Hartung, and starting with Eurobarometer 54 under DG Press and Communication, initially directed by Thomas Christensen. Since 1999 the organisation and supervision of the surveys were consecutively executed by Rubén Mohedano-Brèthes (until 2002) and Renaud Soufflot de Magny (until 2006), with Antonis Papcostas as head of unit between 2003 and 2010.

The main survey results are regularly published on the European Commission's Public Opinion website in official standard and special topic reports.

### 2.4 Development of geographical and population coverage

In all European Union (formerly "European Communities") member countries Standard Eurobarometer samples were initially drawn among the national population, aged 15 and over. Starting with Eurobarometer 41.1 the target population is the population of any nationality of an European Union member country, aged 15 years and

over, resident in any of the Member States. For test purposes Eurobarometer 41.0 included a non-national European Union citizens oversample.

Eurobarometer regularly include all member countries, starting with the six founder members and in accordance with the subsequent enlargement process. Norway has been in-officially included in selected waves between 1989 (EB34) and 1996 (EB46), Finland started before the actual enlargement in 1993 (EB39.0), and a view Swiss Eurobarometer were run in parallel to selected waves or topics parallel surveys were starting in 1999 (EB51.1) in Switzerland. Candidate Countries (CC) and Accession Countries (AC) for the Eastern enlargement process were first surveyed in the Candidate Countries Eurobarometer series (2001-2004) and then all included in the standard series, even before accession as in the cases of Turkey or Macedonia.

Additional samples are drawn for Great Britain and Northern Ireland almost from the start, in Germany (East and West) after the re-unification in 1989, and in Cyprus for the Turkish Cypriote Community (Northern Cyprus) since 2004 for selected standard and topical waves.

Table 3: EU enlargement and countries covered by Standard and Special Eurobarometer

EU History	Survey (start)	Country (Sample)	ISO Code Alpha-2	Standard Sample Size	Remarks
<b>European Communities (EEC+ECSC+EURATOM) - 1967-1992</b>					
EU6 EC founder members 1952-07-23 (ECSC)	ECS 1970 ECS 1971	France	FR	1000	larger sample ECS, EB4-8
		Belgium	BE	1000	larger sample ECS, EB2-3
		Netherlands	NL	1000	larger sample ECS
		Germany West (FRG)	DE-W	1000	larger sample ECS
		Italy	IT	1000	larger sample ECS
	ECS 1973	Luxembourg	LU	300	EB35 ff.: n=500
EU9 1 <sup>st</sup> Northern Enlargement 1973-01-01	1973	Denmark	DK	1000	ECS73: n=1200
		Ireland	IE	1000	ECS73: n=1200
		Great Britain	GB-GBN	1000	ECS70+73 EB2+8: n=2000
	EB3 (1975)	Northern Ireland	GB-NIR	300	
EU10 1 <sup>st</sup> Southern Enlargement 1981-01-01	EB14 (1980)	Greece	GR	1000	
EU12 2 <sup>nd</sup> Southern Enlargement 1986-01-01	EB24 (1985)	Spain	ES	1000	
		Portugal	PT	1000	
EU12+ Re-unification of Germany 1990-10-03	EB34 (1989)	Germany East (former GDR)	DE-E	1000	EB62 ff.: n=500
	EB34 (1989)	Norway	NO	1000	intermittently in parallel surveys

	<i>EB39.0</i> (1993)	<i>Finland</i>	<i>FI</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>in selected surveys</i>
<b>European Union</b> – established by the Treaty of Maastricht in November 1993					
<b>EU15</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Northern Enlargement 1995-01-01	<b>EB42</b> (1994)	<b>Finland</b> <b>Austria</b> <b>Sweden</b>	<b>FI</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>AT</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>SE</b>	<b>1000</b>	
	<i>EB51.1</i> (1999)	<i>Switzerland</i>	<i>CH</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>independent for selected waves / topical modules (EBCH)</i>
	<i>EB59.0</i> (2003)	<i>Iceland</i>	<i>IS</i>	<i>600</i>	<i>intermittently</i>
<b>EU25</b> 1 <sup>st</sup> Eastern Enlargement 2004-05-01	<b>EB62</b> (2004)	<b>Republic of Cyprus</b> <b>Czech Republic</b> <b>Estonia</b> <b>Hungary</b> <b>Latvia</b> <b>Lithuania</b> <b>Malta</b> <b>Poland</b> <b>Slovakia</b> <b>Slovenia</b>	<b>CY</b>	<b>500</b>	Surveyed in the Candidate Countries Eurobarometer (CCEB) 2001-2004
			<b>CZ</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>EE</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>HU</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>LV</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>LT</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>MT</b>	<b>500</b>	
			<b>PL</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>SK</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>SI</b>	<b>1000</b>	
		<i>Bulgaria</i>	<i>BG</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>in selected surveys (AC)</i>
		<i>Romania</i>	<i>RO</i>	<i>1000</i>	
		<i>Turkey</i>	<i>TR</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>standard and selected topical modules (CC)</i>
		<i>Croatia</i>	<i>HR</i>	<i>1000</i>	
		<i>Turkish Cypriote Community</i>	<i>CY-TCC</i>	<i>500</i>	<i>standard and selected topical modules</i>
<b>EU27</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Eastern Enlargement 2007-01-01	<b>EB67.2</b> (2007)	<b>Bulgaria</b> <b>Romania</b>	<b>BG</b>	<b>1000</b>	
			<b>RO</b>	<b>1000</b>	
		<i>Macedonia</i>	<i>MK</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>standard and selected topical modules (CC)</i>
	<b>EB73.1</b> (2010)	<i>Iceland</i>	<i>IS</i>	<i>500</i>	<i>standard and selected topical modules (CC)</i>
		<i>Switzerland</i>	<i>CH</i>	<i>1000</i>	<i>standard and selected topical modules (EFTA)</i>
		<i>Norway</i>	<i>NO</i>	<i>1000</i>	

The regular standard sample size (in the sense of completed interviews) in Eurobarometer surveys is 1000 respondents per country, except small countries like Luxembourg or Malta. The 44.2bis MEGA-survey increased the standard sample up to 6000 respondents (for the largest countries) in order to achieve more confidence for analysis on sub-national level.

Oversamples have been drawn intermittently if required by the topic, i.e. to ensure that there are enough members of the relevant population subgroup to report sufficiently reliable estimates. Intentionally more people

are selected from the respective group than would typically be done if everyone in the sample had an equal chance of being selected.

Table 4: Oversamples for special topic Eurobarometer

Topic	(Over-)Sample	Eurobarometer Survey
Young Europeans	Youth aged 15-24	17, 28.1, 34.2, 47.20VR, 55.10VR
Elderly Europeans	Elderly aged 60+	37.2
Consumer Behaviour	Responsible for shopping	41.0
Unemployment	Unemployed	44.30VR
Working Conditions	Professionally active	37.0+1, 39.0+1
Drug Abuse	Youth aged 15-24	43.0+1, 57.20VR
Education Issues	Youth aged 15-24	44.0 / 44.1 (data not integrated)

## 2.5 Standard question program and special topics

Standard Eurobarometer surveys were designed to provide a regular monitoring of the social and political attitudes among the European publics, to obtain regular readings of support for European integration, public awareness of and attitudes toward European unification, the institutions of the European Community / European Union, and its policies in complementary fashion. Attitudes toward the organization and role of the European Parliament and electoral behavior became a major topic in pre- and post- European Elections times. The standard program was complemented by measures of general socio-political orientations, of subjective satisfaction and the perceived quality of life, or of cultural, national and European identities.

Intermittently Standard Eurobarometer have investigated SPECIAL TOPICS, such as agriculture, biotechnology, energy, environment, family planning, gender roles, health related issues, immigration, poverty and social exclusion, regional identity, science and technology, information society, working conditions, urban traffic, knowledge of languages etc. In the case of some supplementary studies, special youth and elderly samples have been drawn (see table 4).

Starting with Eurobarometer 34 (1990) additional supplementary surveys on special issues have been conducted under each main wave number, identified by dot-separated sub-numbers for each individual survey. Usually only one survey per main wave includes the standard and trend module with focus on European integration issues. The following list (table 5) identifies the surveys containing the standard module and with results reported in the corresponding official standard report, or which at least include a subset of standard indicators, or with focus on European integration in a special topic context (e.g. "The future of Europe" in Eurobarometer 65.1).

Table 5: Overview of Eurobarometer surveys with standard EU and trend question modules

Standard and trend surveys	Fieldwork Dates	GESIS ID	Standard Report	Special topic	Subset
Eurobarometer 34.0	Oct-Nov 1990	ZA1960	X		
Eurobarometer 35.0	March 1991	ZA2031	X		
Eurobarometer 36	Oct-Nov 1991	ZA2081	X		



Eurobarometer 37.0	Mar-Apr 1992	ZA2141	X		
Eurobarometer 38.0	Sep-Oct 1992	ZA2294	X		
Eurobarometer 38.1	Nov 92	ZA2295			X
Eurobarometer 39.0	Mar-Apr 1993	ZA2346	X		
Eurobarometer 39.1	May-Jun 1993	ZA2347			X
Eurobarometer 40	Oct-Nov 1993	ZA2459	X		
Eurobarometer 41.0	Mar-May 1994	ZA2490	X		
Eurobarometer 41.1	Jun-Jul 1994	ZA2491		X	X
Eurobarometer 42	Nov-Dec 1994	ZA2563	X		
Eurobarometer 43.0	Mar-Apr 1995	ZA2636			X
Eurobarometer 43.1	Apr-May 1995	ZA2637	X		
Eurobarometer 43.1bis	May-Jun 1995	ZA2639	X (44)		X
Eurobarometer 44.0	Oct-Nov 1995	ZA2689	X		
Eurobarometer 44.1	Nov-Dec 1995	ZA2690	X		
Eurobarometer 44.2bis	Jan-Mar 1996	ZA2828	X (45)	X	
Eurobarometer 45.1	Apr-May 1996	ZA2831	X		
Eurobarometer 46.0	Oct-Nov 1996	ZA2898	X		
Eurobarometer 46.1	Oct-Nov 1996	ZA2899	X		X
Eurobarometer 47.0	Jan-Feb 1997	ZA2935	X		X
Eurobarometer 47.1	Mar-Apr 1997	ZA2936	X		
Eurobarometer 47.2	Apr-Jun 1997	ZA2937	X		X
Eurobarometer 48.0	Oct-Nov 1997	ZA2959	X		
Eurobarometer 49	Apr-May 1998	ZA3052	X		
Eurobarometer 50.0	Oct-Nov 1998	ZA3085	X		
Eurobarometer 51.0	Mar-Apr 1999	ZA3171	X		
Eurobarometer 52.0	Oct-Nov 1999	ZA3204	X		
Eurobarometer 53	Apr-May 2000	ZA3296	X		
Eurobarometer 54.1	Nov-Dec 2000	ZA3387	X		
Eurobarometer 55.1	Apr-May 2001	ZA3507	X		
Eurobarometer 56.2	Oct-Nov 2001	ZA3627	X		
Eurobarometer 56.3	Jan-Feb 2002	ZA3635			X
Eurobarometer 57.1	Mar-May 2002	ZA3639	X		
Eurobarometer 58.1	Oct-Nov 2002	ZA3693	X		
Eurobarometer 59.1	Mar-Apr 2003	ZA3904	X		
Eurobarometer 60.1	Oct-Nov 2003	ZA3938	X		
Eurobarometer 61	Feb-Mar 2004	ZA4056	X		
Eurobarometer 62.0	Oct-Nov 2004	ZA4229	X		
Eurobarometer 62.2	Nov-Dec 2004	ZA4231		X	
Eurobarometer 63.4	May-Jun 2005	ZA4411	X		
Eurobarometer 64.2	Oct-Nov 2005	ZA4414	X		
Eurobarometer 65.1	Feb-Mar 2006	ZA4505		X	
Eurobarometer 65.2	Mar-May 2006	ZA4506	X		

Eurobarometer 66.1	Sep-Oct 2006	ZA4526	X		
Eurobarometer 67.2	Apr-May 2007	ZA4530	X		
Eurobarometer 68.1	Sep-Nov 2007	ZA4565	X		
Eurobarometer 69.2	Mar-May 2008	ZA4744	X		
Eurobarometer 70.1	Oct-Nov 2008	ZA4819	X		
Eurobarometer 71.1	Jan-Feb 2009	ZA4971	X		
Eurobarometer 71.3	Jun-Jul 2009	ZA4973	X		
Eurobarometer 72.4	Oct-Nov 2009	ZA4994	X		
Eurobarometer 73.4	May 2010	ZA5234	X		
Eurobarometer 74.2	Nov-Dec 2010	ZA5449	X	X	
Eurobarometer 75.3	May 2011	ZA5481	X		

Further and regularly updated information on the Eurobarometer survey series is provided through the GESIS Eurobarometer Data Service micro-site: <http://www.gesis.org/eurobarometer>

## 3 Dataset structure and standards

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Standard and Special Eurobarometer are processed and documented by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR) and by the GESIS Data Archive department in accordance with agreed standards, which may in some details diverge from the usual ICPSR or GESIS archive standards. In addition and as long as reasonable it was adhered to standards once established for the Eurobarometer series in the course of the years.

### 3.1 Dataset structure

In general the variable structure of the analysis dataset is aligned to the basic bilingual questionnaire, preceded by a set of technical variables. These comprise the archive identification variables (archive study and version id), the survey identification variables (wave and unique respondent id), and several standard NATION variables identifying the different samples (countries or regions) and relevant groups of samples in the dataset with the corresponding WEIGHT variables provided by the fieldwork institutes (see 1.7). A special alphanumeric NATION variable is provided based on the ISO 3166 country code standard for the purpose of breaking down variables by sample in terms of clearly summarized cross-tabulations.

Starting with Eurobarometer 32 the questionnaire variables usually consist of three types, the substantial questions (Q), the Eurobarometer standard demographics (D) and the interview protocol variables (P). The dataset is concluded by constructed index variables (C), usually as provided by the fieldwork institute, by a questionnaire SPLIT variable if applicable, and by further original identification variables.

Variable names consist of the standard prefix 'V' and the consecutive variable number, except ISOCNTRY and VERSION variables if subsequently added to older datasets. Variable labels are standardized in the sense that they provide keywords based on the question text and that these keywords are applied consistently if questions or question items are repeated over time (trend variables). Variable label may include abbreviations if required, e.g. limitations regarding the length of variable labels in older versions of statistical analysis software. Starting with Eurobarometer 33 the variable labels include the respective question number as a reference to the basic bilingual questionnaire.

### 3.2 Coding frames

By general rule, the variables adopt the coding frame as specified in the basic bilingual questionnaire, except multiple response questions (see 1.8), questions with country specific answer categories and missing values.

#### 3.2.1 Country specific answer categories

Eurobarometer include some questions (variables) with country specific answer categories like INCOME, SIZE OF COMMUNITY, REGION or variables related to VOTING BEHAVIOUR with reference to POLITICAL PARTIES. Until Eurobarometer 48 only one integrated variable is supplied with each category representing country specific meanings (e.g. geographic regions) which are not documented within the analysis dataset by means of value labels, but only in the extended variable description in the variable report. Starting with Eurobarometer 49 the integrated variables are retained but complemented by completely labeled country specific variables. The country

specific coding schemes and categories are maintained as a standard over time as long as the category schemes provided in the questionnaire are remain comparable.

Special attention is given to the coding of POLITICAL PARTIES in voting behavior variables such as VOTE INTENTION or LAST VOTE based on a standard coding scheme, originally developed for the Eurobarometer by Ronald Inglehart.

Starting with Euro-Barometer 2 the coding of this variable has been standardized following an approximate ordering of each country's political parties along a "left" to "right" continuum in the first digit of the codes. Parties coded 01-39 are generally considered on the "left", those coded 40-49 in the "centre", and those coded 60-89 on the "right" of the political spectrum. Parties coded 50-59 cannot be readily located in the traditional meaning of "left" and "right". The second digit of the codes is not significant to the "left-right" ordering. Codes 90-99 contain the response "other party" and various missing data responses. Major "party families" like the Social Democrats or Conservatives have been assigned identical values across countries, if possible.

From Eurobarometer 69.2 onwards, the "party family" harmonization approach has been sharpened following and updating the coding scheme developed by ZEUS for the Mannheim Eurobarometer Trend File. This ZEUS Code of Party Families is country specific, i.e. the categories have different meanings for different countries. It has three digits: The first represents the party family, the second and third identify an individual party in this family. Individual parties are coded consistently over time. The assignment of parties to families is done according to their overall ideological orientations.

Table 6: ZEUS Party Family Code (slightly modified)

Category		Party Family
0	(001-099)	not affiliated / electoral alliances across "families"
1	(100-199)	Communists
2	(200-299)	Socialists
3	(300-399)	Liberals
4	(400-499)	Christian Democrats
5	(500-599)	Conservatives
6	(600-699)	Extreme Rights / Nationalists
7	(700-799)	Regionalists / Ethnic
8	(800-899)	Environmental parties
9	(900-949)	Agricultural parties
9	(950-989)	other special issue parties (e.g. Eurosceptics) and independents
	990	other (spontaneous)
	994	not voting age
	995	empty ballot (blank) or invalid vote
	996	not voted / would not vote
	997	Refused
	998	DK / DK+NA if NA not coded separately
	999	INAP (inappropriate)

If available, the former standard category used up to Eurobarometer 61 is always referenced in the variable

description. Due to general changes in party systems and to the ideological development of individual political parties, the assignment of parties to party families cannot claim general validity. Users may modify these codings or part of these codings in order to suit their specific needs.

### 3.2.2 Missing values

In general missing value codes are defined in accordance with the standard once established for the Eurobarometer series, in particular the default use of whatever value supplied by the basic questionnaire for DK ("don't know") responses, unless a standard coding scheme is applied for demographic or protocol variables. The value 0 is applied for NA (i.e. "not ascertained" resp. "no answer") and the value 9 (99, 999, ...) for INAP (i.e. "inappropriate" resp. "not applicable"). If one of these values falls into the valid range of codes, the missing values are shifted to the next available missing value code or "level", e.g. if 0 is used in a dichotomous variable (NOT MENTIONED), value 9 is used for NA, respectively value 8 if value 9 is already used for INAP. If necessary the corresponding two- or more digit codes are used (99, 999, 98, 998 ...). Recently separate missing values are coded for INAP depending on whether the respondent was not asked a question due to questionnaire routing (filter non-response) or whether the question was not provided for in the country's field questionnaire. Other missing values (e.g. REFUSAL) are coded with the in each case next available code (e.g. 7, 97, 997, ...). In the analysis data set these codes are by default declared and treated as USER MISSING, but may be modified by the user to suit specific needs.

### 3.3 International documentation standard

The variable documentation is set up in accordance with the international metadata specifications for the social and behavioural sciences, established by the Data Documentation Initiative <DDI>. The variable reports are based on the XML representation of DDI version 2. The documentation combines the exact wording and sequence of question components (question text, interviewer instruction, response categories, etc.) from the basic bilingual (master) questionnaire with the variable description (variable name, values, and labels) of the analysis dataset. General remarks and comments referring to a certain variable are defined as variable notes. Notes can be references to trend (comparability) information, standards applied for coding frames, problems in questionnaire translation, but also references to data problems or other specific characteristics.

## 4 Explanation of the variable documentation

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The variable documentation part describes each variable in the analysis data file in terms of relevant metadata and frequency distributions. The variable documentation is set up by means of the GESIS Dataset Documentation Manager (DSDM) and in accordance with international metadata standards (DDI-Codebook/XML).

In general, the following abbreviations are used to indicate countries or (sub-national) areas. As far as applicable, the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country codes have been applied and coded accordingly in the alphanumeric sample identification variable (NATION - ALL SAMPLES ISO 3166).

AT	Austria	HR	Croatia
BE	Belgium	HU	Hungary
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland
CY	Cyprus	IT	Italy
CY-TCC	Turkish Cypriote Community	LT	Lithuania
CZ	Czech Republic	LU	Luxembourg
DE	Germany (-1989)	LV	Latvia
DE-W	Germany West (1990 ff.)	MK	Macedonia (FYROM)
DE-E	Germany East (1990 ff.)	MT	Malta
EE	Estonia	NL	The Netherlands
ES	Spain	PL	Poland
FI	Finland	PT	Portugal
FR	France	RO	Romania
GB	United Kingdom	SE	Sweden
GB-GBN	Great Britain	SI	Slovenia
GB-NIR	Northern Ireland	SK	Slovakia
GR	Greece	TR	Turkey

The example explained below reproduces the information appearing in the variable documentation part for a typical substantive variable. Results are usually broken down by country (sample) or represented by frequency counts in the case of country specific variables. In the case of variables with long lists of coded "real" values (e.g. age), results are only presented for the corresponding categorized variable, if available. The content and construction of technical, administrative or other generated variables is described as appropriate.

The frequencies for substantive variables are calculated on the base of weighted data, as indicated with each table and in accordance with the European Commission's official Eurobarometer reports. Typically the sample specific post-stratification (redressment) weight is applied (WEIGHT RESULT FROM TARGET or NATION WEIGHT II). Due to rounding, users may find slightly different figures if using other statistical packages, especially if the number of cases is very low.

The complete question and answer texts are taken from the English language part of the respective basic bilingual questionnaire (master questionnaire) as provided by the coordinating fieldwork institute.

Header with DIGITAL OBJECT IDENTIFIER (DOI) linked to the Study Description in the GESIS Data Catalogue.	Eurobarometer 67.1 - February-March 2007 GESIS Study No. 4529 (v3.0.1, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.4232/1.10983">http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.4232/1.10983</a> )																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
VARIABLE NAME (serial number assigned by the archive) and VARIABLE LABEL as defined in the dataset.	v77 - QA1 FEELING FULFILLED: PROFESSIONAL LIFE																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
QUESTION NUMBER and full QUESTION TEXT from the basic questionnaire, including interviewer instructions. The numbers or letters that may appear together with the original question number, reflect the item order (multiple item or multiple response questions) or indicate if a question was recoded (R) or summarized (T), or if asked only in a single country (country abbreviation).	Q.A1 ASK Q.A IN EU27 To what extent would you say that the life you live allows you to feel fulfilled in...? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE) (READ OUT)  Q.A1_2 Your professional life  1 Totally fulfilled 2 Fairly fulfilled 3 Not very fulfilled 4 Not at all fulfilled 5 Not applicable (SPONTANEOUS) 6 DK 9 Inap. not EU27 (not coded 1 to 31 in V6)  Derivation: ...  Note: Last trend: EB ... , Q. ...																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
CODE VALUES occurring in the data for this variable and complete ANSWER TEXT from the basic questionnaire. Code values may differ from the questionnaire specification due to standardization. Abbreviations commonly used in the code definitions are DK (don't know), NA (not ascertained) and INAP (inappropriate).	Absolute Values (Row Percent), weighted by v8																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
DERIVATION information refers to the construction principle of indices or other derived variables (not in the example). NOTE delineates additional explanatory text subsuming trend information (last appearance of the question) or archive remarks on data processing and other issues relevant for the understanding or application of the variable.	<table><tr><th></th><th>v77</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th><th>5</th><th>6</th><th>N Sum</th><th>N Valid Sum</th></tr><tr><td>v7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td colspan="6">M</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>AT</td><td>206 (20.5)</td><td>372 (37.0)</td><td>134 (13.3)</td><td>38 (3.8)</td><td>256 (25.4)</td><td>6</td><td>1012</td><td>1006</td></tr><tr><td>BE</td><td>201 (19.4)</td><td>342 (33.1)</td><td>80 (7.7)</td><td>44 (4.3)</td><td>367 (35.5)</td><td>5</td><td>1039</td><td>1034</td></tr><tr><td>BG</td><td>62 (6.6)</td><td>215 (22.8)</td><td>314 (33.3)</td><td>196 (20.8)</td><td>155 (16.5)</td><td>68</td><td>1010</td><td>942</td></tr><tr><td>CY</td><td>45 (9.1)</td><td>158 (32.0)</td><td>58 (11.8)</td><td>28 (5.7)</td><td>204 (41.4)</td><td>6</td><td>499</td><td>493</td></tr><tr><td>CZ</td><td>200 (19.0)</td><td>497 (47.2)</td><td>169 (16.1)</td><td>54 (5.1)</td><td>132 (12.5)</td><td>7</td><td>1059</td><td>1052</td></tr><tr><td>DE-E</td><td>103 (19.5)</td><td>158 (30.0)</td><td>81 (15.4)</td><td>34 (6.5)</td><td>151 (28.7)</td><td></td><td>527</td><td>527</td></tr><tr><td>DE-W</td><td>214 (21.4)</td><td>346 (34.6)</td><td>121 (12.1)</td><td>42 (4.2)</td><td>278 (27.8)</td><td>6</td><td>1007</td><td>1001</td></tr><tr><td>DK</td><td>307 (30.7)</td><td>419 (41.9)</td><td>62 (6.2)</td><td>10 (1.0)</td><td>202 (20.2)</td><td>7</td><td>1007</td><td>1000</td></tr><tr><td>EE</td><td>216 (22.8)</td><td>349 (36.9)</td><td>149 (15.7)</td><td>32 (3.4)</td><td>201 (21.2)</td><td>54</td><td>1001</td><td>947</td></tr><tr><td>ES</td><td>151 (15.2)</td><td>537 (54.1)</td><td>160 (16.1)</td><td>51 (5.1)</td><td>94 (9.5)</td><td>14</td><td>1007</td><td>993</td></tr><tr><td>FI</td><td>252 (24.4)</td><td>401 (38.8)</td><td>111 (10.7)</td><td>25 (2.4)</td><td>244 (23.6)</td><td>6</td><td>1039</td><td>1033</td></tr><tr><td>FR</td><td>172 (17.0)</td><td>330 (32.5)</td><td>122 (12.0)</td><td>58 (5.7)</td><td>332 (32.7)</td><td>16</td><td>1030</td><td>1014</td></tr><tr><td>GB-GBN</td><td>171 (17.1)</td><td>393 (39.3)</td><td>102 (10.2)</td><td>41 (4.1)</td><td>293 (29.3)</td><td>9</td><td>1009</td><td>1000</td></tr><tr><td>GB-NIR</td><td>33 (11.0)</td><td>116 (38.5)</td><td>22 (7.3)</td><td>1 (0.3)</td><td>129 (42.9)</td><td></td><td>301</td><td>301</td></tr><tr><td>GR</td><td>133 (13.3)</td><td>336 (33.7)</td><td>267 (26.8)</td><td>86 (8.6)</td><td>176 (17.6)</td><td></td><td>998</td><td>998</td></tr><tr><td>HU</td><td>152 (15.3)</td><td>326 (32.8)</td><td>175 (17.6)</td><td>98 (9.8)</td><td>244 (24.5)</td><td>4</td><td>999</td><td>995</td></tr><tr><td>IE</td><td>167 (17.6)</td><td>361 (38.0)</td><td>133 (14.0)</td><td>49 (5.2)</td><td>240 (25.3)</td><td>51</td><td>1001</td><td>950</td></tr><tr><td>IT</td><td>111 (11.2)</td><td>489 (49.3)</td><td>173 (17.5)</td><td>59 (6.0)</td><td>159 (16.0)</td><td>10</td><td>1001</td><td>991</td></tr><tr><td>LT</td><td>121 (12.4)</td><td>365 (37.4)</td><td>226 (23.2)</td><td>90 (9.2)</td><td>174 (17.8)</td><td>54</td><td>1030</td><td>976</td></tr><tr><td>LU</td><td>82 (16.5)</td><td>174 (35.1)</td><td>44 (8.9)</td><td>11 (2.2)</td><td>185 (37.3)</td><td>4</td><td>500</td><td>496</td></tr><tr><td>LV</td><td>129 (13.0)</td><td>375 (37.9)</td><td>255 (25.8)</td><td>82 (8.3)</td><td>149 (15.1)</td><td>16</td><td>1006</td><td>990</td></tr><tr><td>MT</td><td>43 (8.7)</td><td>208 (42.0)</td><td>29 (5.9)</td><td>7 (1.4)</td><td>208 (42.0)</td><td>5</td><td>500</td><td>495</td></tr><tr><td>NL</td><td>296 (29.7)</td><td>337 (33.8)</td><td>84 (8.4)</td><td>19 (1.9)</td><td>260 (26.1)</td><td>3</td><td>999</td><td>996</td></tr><tr><td>PL</td><td>166 (16.9)</td><td>379 (38.6)</td><td>207 (21.1)</td><td>73 (7.4)</td><td>157 (16.0)</td><td>18</td><td>1000</td><td>982</td></tr><tr><td>PT</td><td>96 (9.6)</td><td>334 (33.6)</td><td>281 (28.2)</td><td>101 (10.2)</td><td>183 (18.4)</td><td>19</td><td>1014</td><td>995</td></tr><tr><td>RO</td><td>59 (5.9)</td><td>401 (40.3)</td><td>293 (29.4)</td><td>147 (14.8)</td><td>95 (9.5)</td><td>42</td><td>1037</td><td>995</td></tr><tr><td>SE</td><td>331 (32.9)</td><td>388 (38.6)</td><td>68 (6.8)</td><td>28 (2.8)</td><td>191 (19.0)</td><td>5</td><td>1011</td><td>1006</td></tr><tr><td>SI</td><td>160 (16.0)</td><td>456 (45.5)</td><td>169 (16.8)</td><td>55 (5.5)</td><td>163 (16.3)</td><td>12</td><td>1015</td><td>1003</td></tr><tr><td>SK</td><td>147 (13.7)</td><td>459 (42.7)</td><td>259 (24.1)</td><td>81 (7.5)</td><td>128 (11.9)</td><td>20</td><td>1094</td><td>1074</td></tr><tr><td>N Sum</td><td>4526</td><td>10021</td><td>4348</td><td>1640</td><td>5750</td><td>467</td><td>26752</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>N Valid Sum</td><td>4526</td><td>10021</td><td>4348</td><td>1640</td><td>5750</td><td></td><td></td><td>26285</td></tr></table>		v77	1	2	3	4	5	6	N Sum	N Valid Sum	v7												M								AT	206 (20.5)	372 (37.0)	134 (13.3)	38 (3.8)	256 (25.4)	6	1012	1006	BE	201 (19.4)	342 (33.1)	80 (7.7)	44 (4.3)	367 (35.5)	5	1039	1034	BG	62 (6.6)	215 (22.8)	314 (33.3)	196 (20.8)	155 (16.5)	68	1010	942	CY	45 (9.1)	158 (32.0)	58 (11.8)	28 (5.7)	204 (41.4)	6	499	493	CZ	200 (19.0)	497 (47.2)	169 (16.1)	54 (5.1)	132 (12.5)	7	1059	1052	DE-E	103 (19.5)	158 (30.0)	81 (15.4)	34 (6.5)	151 (28.7)		527	527	DE-W	214 (21.4)	346 (34.6)	121 (12.1)	42 (4.2)	278 (27.8)	6	1007	1001	DK	307 (30.7)	419 (41.9)	62 (6.2)	10 (1.0)	202 (20.2)	7	1007	1000	EE	216 (22.8)	349 (36.9)	149 (15.7)	32 (3.4)	201 (21.2)	54	1001	947	ES	151 (15.2)	537 (54.1)	160 (16.1)	51 (5.1)	94 (9.5)	14	1007	993	FI	252 (24.4)	401 (38.8)	111 (10.7)	25 (2.4)	244 (23.6)	6	1039	1033	FR	172 (17.0)	330 (32.5)	122 (12.0)	58 (5.7)	332 (32.7)	16	1030	1014	GB-GBN	171 (17.1)	393 (39.3)	102 (10.2)	41 (4.1)	293 (29.3)	9	1009	1000	GB-NIR	33 (11.0)	116 (38.5)	22 (7.3)	1 (0.3)	129 (42.9)		301	301	GR	133 (13.3)	336 (33.7)	267 (26.8)	86 (8.6)	176 (17.6)		998	998	HU	152 (15.3)	326 (32.8)	175 (17.6)	98 (9.8)	244 (24.5)	4	999	995	IE	167 (17.6)	361 (38.0)	133 (14.0)	49 (5.2)	240 (25.3)	51	1001	950	IT	111 (11.2)	489 (49.3)	173 (17.5)	59 (6.0)	159 (16.0)	10	1001	991	LT	121 (12.4)	365 (37.4)	226 (23.2)	90 (9.2)	174 (17.8)	54	1030	976	LU	82 (16.5)	174 (35.1)	44 (8.9)	11 (2.2)	185 (37.3)	4	500	496	LV	129 (13.0)	375 (37.9)	255 (25.8)	82 (8.3)	149 (15.1)	16	1006	990	MT	43 (8.7)	208 (42.0)	29 (5.9)	7 (1.4)	208 (42.0)	5	500	495	NL	296 (29.7)	337 (33.8)	84 (8.4)	19 (1.9)	260 (26.1)	3	999	996	PL	166 (16.9)	379 (38.6)	207 (21.1)	73 (7.4)	157 (16.0)	18	1000	982	PT	96 (9.6)	334 (33.6)	281 (28.2)	101 (10.2)	183 (18.4)	19	1014	995	RO	59 (5.9)	401 (40.3)	293 (29.4)	147 (14.8)	95 (9.5)	42	1037	995	SE	331 (32.9)	388 (38.6)	68 (6.8)	28 (2.8)	191 (19.0)	5	1011	1006	SI	160 (16.0)	456 (45.5)	169 (16.8)	55 (5.5)	163 (16.3)	12	1015	1003	SK	147 (13.7)	459 (42.7)	259 (24.1)	81 (7.5)	128 (11.9)	20	1094	1074	N Sum	4526	10021	4348	1640	5750	467	26752		N Valid Sum	4526	10021	4348	1640	5750			26285
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CZ	200 (19.0)	497 (47.2)	169 (16.1)	54 (5.1)	132 (12.5)	7	1059	1052																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
DE-E	103 (19.5)	158 (30.0)	81 (15.4)	34 (6.5)	151 (28.7)		527	527																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
DE-W	214 (21.4)	346 (34.6)	121 (12.1)	42 (4.2)	278 (27.8)	6	1007	1001																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
DK	307 (30.7)	419 (41.9)	62 (6.2)	10 (1.0)	202 (20.2)	7	1007	1000																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
EE	216 (22.8)	349 (36.9)	149 (15.7)	32 (3.4)	201 (21.2)	54	1001	947																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
ES	151 (15.2)	537 (54.1)	160 (16.1)	51 (5.1)	94 (9.5)	14	1007	993																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
FI	252 (24.4)	401 (38.8)	111 (10.7)	25 (2.4)	244 (23.6)	6	1039	1033																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
FR	172 (17.0)	330 (32.5)	122 (12.0)	58 (5.7)	332 (32.7)	16	1030	1014																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
GB-GBN	171 (17.1)	393 (39.3)	102 (10.2)	41 (4.1)	293 (29.3)	9	1009	1000																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
GB-NIR	33 (11.0)	116 (38.5)	22 (7.3)	1 (0.3)	129 (42.9)		301	301																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
GR	133 (13.3)	336 (33.7)	267 (26.8)	86 (8.6)	176 (17.6)		998	998																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
HU	152 (15.3)	326 (32.8)	175 (17.6)	98 (9.8)	244 (24.5)	4	999	995																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
IE	167 (17.6)	361 (38.0)	133 (14.0)	49 (5.2)	240 (25.3)	51	1001	950																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
IT	111 (11.2)	489 (49.3)	173 (17.5)	59 (6.0)	159 (16.0)	10	1001	991																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
LT	121 (12.4)	365 (37.4)	226 (23.2)	90 (9.2)	174 (17.8)	54	1030	976																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
LU	82 (16.5)	174 (35.1)	44 (8.9)	11 (2.2)	185 (37.3)	4	500	496																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
LV	129 (13.0)	375 (37.9)	255 (25.8)	82 (8.3)	149 (15.1)	16	1006	990																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
MT	43 (8.7)	208 (42.0)	29 (5.9)	7 (1.4)	208 (42.0)	5	500	495																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
NL	296 (29.7)	337 (33.8)	84 (8.4)	19 (1.9)	260 (26.1)	3	999	996																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
PL	166 (16.9)	379 (38.6)	207 (21.1)	73 (7.4)	157 (16.0)	18	1000	982																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
PT	96 (9.6)	334 (33.6)	281 (28.2)	101 (10.2)	183 (18.4)	19	1014	995																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
RO	59 (5.9)	401 (40.3)	293 (29.4)	147 (14.8)	95 (9.5)	42	1037	995																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
SE	331 (32.9)	388 (38.6)	68 (6.8)	28 (2.8)	191 (19.0)	5	1011	1006																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
SI	160 (16.0)	456 (45.5)	169 (16.8)	55 (5.5)	163 (16.3)	12	1015	1003																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
SK	147 (13.7)	459 (42.7)	259 (24.1)	81 (7.5)	128 (11.9)	20	1094	1074																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
N Sum	4526	10021	4348	1640	5750	467	26752																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
N Valid Sum	4526	10021	4348	1640	5750			26285																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
CROSS-TABULATION: The absolute frequencies of the occurrence of values ( <i>absolute values</i> ) refer to the number of cases in the weighted dataset as indicated, in this case <i>weighted by V8</i> . The relative frequencies ( <i>row percent</i> ) refer to the valid cases ( <i>n valid sum</i> ), i.e. the total number of cases ( <i>n sum</i> ) reduced by the number of cases defined as missing data ( <i>M</i> ). For display and place saving reasons excluded countries or areas may be completely dropped from the table.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
FREQUENCY COUNTS: For country specific variables relative frequencies are calculated in- and excluding missing data ( <i>M</i> ), i.e. <i>percent</i> on the basis of all cases ( <i>sum</i> ) and <i>valid percent</i> on the basis of the <i>valid cases</i> .																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						

## **5 Variable Documentation**



Variable, Label

Question Text (English Language)

v1 - ARCHIVE STUDY NUMBER

ARCHIVE STUDY NUMBER

v1

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
627			9241	100.0	100.0
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		9241		

v2 - RESPONDENT ID

RESPONDENT ID

isocntry - NATION - ALL SAMPLES ISO 3166 (CROSSTABULATION VARIABLE)

NATION - ALL SAMPLES ISO 3166 (CROSSTABULATION VARIABLE)

All surveyed countries and regions, i.e. including separate samples for East- / West-Germany, Great Britain / Northern Ireland, and the Turkish Cypriot Community (TCC), are coded in accordance with the ISO 3166-1-alpha-2 country code, if available. ISO 3166-2 is applied for the United Kingdom subdivisions. ISO standard codes are not available for the "historical" East / West subdivision of Germany (DE-E / DE-W) and for the Turkish Cypriot Community in northern Cyprus (CY-TCC), the internationally not recognized "Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus".

isocntry

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
BE			1459	15.8	15.8
DE			1997	21.6	21.6
FR			2095	22.7	22.7
IT			2017	21.8	21.8
NL			1673	18.1	18.1
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		9241		

## v3 - NATION

## NATION

- 1 France
- 2 Belgium
- 3 Netherlands
- 4 Germany
- 5 Italy

v3

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
1	FRANCE		2095	22.7	22.7
2	BELGIUM		1459	15.8	15.8
3	NETHERLANDS		1673	18.1	18.1
4	GERMANY		1997	21.6	21.6
5	ITALY		2017	21.8	21.8
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		9241		

v4 - SPLIT VARIABLE

SPLIT-VARIABLE (Questions Q.12 / Q.13)

- 1 Even numbered questionnaires, question concerning regional authorities asked first (Q.12)
- 2 Odd numbered questionnaires, question concerning European authorities asked first (Q.13)

v4

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
1	EVEN NUMBERED QUEST		4604	49.8	49.8
2	ODD NUMBERED QUEST		4637	50.2	50.2
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		9241		

v5 - WEIGHT NL

WEIGHTING VARIABLE: Netherlands

CODES 0, 1, 3 (NOT DOCUMENTED)

## v6 - REGIONAL UNITS - BELONGING TO 1ST

## F.1A

(KARTE 1 VORLEGEN)

ZU WELCHER DER FOLGENDEN GEOGRAPHISCHEN EINHEITEN HABEN SIE IN ERSTER LINIE EIN  
ZUGEHÖRIGKEITSGEFÜHL?

(Among the following geographic units, to which one do you feel you first belong?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ZU DER STADT, ZU DER GEMEINDE ODER ZU DEM LANDKREIS, WO SIE WOHNEN (City, locality, "canton" where you  
live)

2 ZU DEM REGIERUNGSBEZIRK IN DEM SIE WOHNEN (department)

3 ZU DEM BUNDESLAND IN DEM SIE WOHNEN (region - not coded for Netherlands)

4 ZU DEUTSCHLAND (respondent's country)

5 ZU EUROPA (Europe)

6 ZU EINER ANDEREN GEOGRAPHISCHEN EINHEIT UND ZWAR ... (other geographic unit)

v6 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v6	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
	M									
BE	25	767 (53.5)	134 (9.3)	123 (8.6)	338 (23.6)	57 (4.0)	15 (1.0)		1459	1434
DE	31	1179 (60.0)	35 (1.8)	139 (7.1)	421 (21.4)	186 (9.5)	6 (0.3)		1997	1966
FR	66	694 (34.2)	176 (8.7)	223 (11.0)	760 (37.5)	132 (6.5)	44 (2.2)		2095	2029
IT	45	732 (37.1)	110 (5.6)	180 (9.1)	753 (38.2)	159 (8.1)	38 (1.9)		2017	1972
NL	35	746 (45.5)	104 (6.3)		598 (36.5)	171 (10.4)	19 (1.2)		1673	1638
N Sum	202	4118	559	665	2870	705	122		9241	
N Valid Sum		4118	559	665	2870	705	122			9039

v7 - REGIONAL UNITS - BELONGING TO 2ND

[F.1A

... ZU WELCHER DER FOLGENDEN GEOGRAPHISCHEN EINHEITEN HABEN SIE IN ERSTER LINIE EIN  
 ZUGEHÖRIGKEITSGEFÜHL? (Among the following geographic units, to which one do you feel you first belong?)]

F.1B UND IN ZWEITER LINIE? (And secondly?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ZU DER STADT, ZU DER GEMEINDE ODER ZU DEM LANDKREIS, WO SIE WOHNEN (City, locality, "canton" where you live)

2 ZU DEM REGIERUNGSBEZIRK IN DEM SIE WOHNEN (department)

3 ZU DEM BUNDESLAND IN DEM SIE WOHNEN (region - not coded for Netherlands)

4 ZU DEUTSCHLAND (respondent's country)

5 ZU EUROPA (Europe)

6 ZU EINER ANDEREN GEOGRAPHISCHEN EINHEIT UND ZWAR ... (other geographic unit)

v7 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
	M									
BE	91	252 (18.4)	383 (28.0)	194 (14.2)	383 (28.0)	127 (9.3)	29 (2.1)		1459	1368
DE	184	232 (12.8)	181 (10.0)	392 (21.6)	724 (39.9)	274 (15.1)	10 (0.6)		1997	1813
FR	174	397 (20.7)	422 (22.0)	383 (19.9)	473 (24.6)	206 (10.7)	40 (2.1)		2095	1921
IT	100	314 (16.4)	369 (19.2)	395 (20.6)	538 (28.1)	266 (13.9)	35 (1.8)		2017	1917
NL	92	387 (24.5)	381 (24.1)		591 (37.4)	191 (12.1)	31 (2.0)		1673	1581
N Sum	641	1582	1736	1364	2709	1064	145		9241	
N Valid Sum		1582	1736	1364	2709	1064	145			8600



v8 - REGION - BORN WHERE LIVING

Q.2

JETZT SPRECHEN WIR VON DEM BUNDESLAND (REGION, PROVINZ) ...

(INTERVIEWER NENNT DAS LAND (REGION, PROVINZ))

IN DEM SIE JETZT WOHNEN. SIND SIE IN DIESEM BUNDESLAND (REGION, PROVINZ) GEBOREN?

(Were you born in the province where you now live?)

0 KA (NA)

1 JA (yes)

2 NEIN (no)

v8 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

isocntry						
	v8	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
		M				
BE	2	1149 (78.9)	308 (21.1)		1459	1457
DE		1332 (66.7)	665 (33.3)		1997	1997
FR		1398 (66.7)	697 (33.3)		2095	2095
IT	3	1738 (86.3)	276 (13.7)		2017	2014
NL		1233 (73.7)	440 (26.3)		1673	1673
N Sum	5	6850	2386		9241	
N Valid Sum		6850	2386			9236

v9 - REGION - AGE WHEN MOVED HERE

F.3

WIE ALT WAREN SIE, ALS SIE HIERHER ZOGEN?

(How old were you when you moved here?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 UNTER 5 JAHREN (5 years or less)
- 2 ZWISCHEN 6 UND 10 JAHREN (6 to 10 years)
- 3 ZWISCHEN 11 UND 15 JAHREN (11 to 15 years)
- 4 ZWISCHEN 16 UND 20 JAHREN (16 to 20 years)
- 5 UEBER 20 JAHRE (more than 20 years)
- 9 INAP (CODED 1 IN F.2)

v9 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v9	0	1	2	3	4	5	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
		M								
BE		6 49 (16.2)	33 (10.9)	23 (7.6)	31 (10.3)	166 (55.0)	1151		1459	302
DE		2 58 (8.7)	61 (9.2)	61 (9.2)	79 (11.9)	404 (60.9)	1332		1997	663
FR		24 91 (13.5)	50 (7.4)	47 (7.0)	105 (15.6)	380 (56.5)	1398		2095	673
IT		7 46 (17.1)	41 (15.2)	26 (9.7)	36 (13.4)	120 (44.6)	1741		2017	269
NL		6 39 (9.0)	29 (6.7)	37 (8.5)	56 (12.9)	273 (62.9)	1233		1673	434
N Sum		45	283	214	194	307	1343	6855	9241	
N Valid Sum			283	214	194	307	1343			2341

v10 - REGION - IMPRESSION

F.4

(KARTE 2 VORLEGEN)

HABEN SIE DEN EINDRUCK, HIER IN EINEM GEBIET ZU LEBEN ...

(Do you have the impression of living here in a region ...?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DAS HEUTE AN BEDEUTUNG VERLOREN HAT? (which is declining)

2 DAS GLEICHGEBLIEBEN IST? (which is stable)

3 DAS IN DER ENTWICKLUNG BEGRIFFEN IST? (which is developing)

4 DAS IN RASCHER ENTWICKLUNG BEGRIFFEN IST? (which is rapidly developing)

v10 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v10	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
	M							
BE	107	170 (12.6)	374 (27.7)	526 (38.9)	282 (20.9)		1459	1352
DE		141 (7.1)	462 (23.1)	894 (44.8)	500 (25.0)		1997	1997
FR	102	295 (14.8)	565 (28.3)	873 (43.8)	260 (13.0)		2095	1993
IT	136	239 (12.7)	475 (25.3)	1008 (53.6)	159 (8.5)		2017	1881
NL	159	317 (20.9)	287 (19.0)	563 (37.2)	347 (22.9)		1673	1514
N Sum	504	1162	2163	3864	1548		9241	
N Valid Sum		1162	2163	3864	1548			8737

v11 - REGION - CHANGE LAST 10 YEARS

F.5

WENN SIE DARAN DENKEN, WAS SICH IN IHREM GEBIET SEIT 10 JAHREN GEAENDERT HAT, WUERDEN SIE DIESE  
 AENDERUNG INSGESAMT...

(In sum, what do you think of those things that have changed in your region in the last 10 years. Do you find things have gone ...?  
 )

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 EHER ALS POSITIV BEZEICHNEN? (well)
- 2 EHER ALS NEGATIV BEZEICHNEN? (badly)
- 3 WEDER ALS DAS EINE NOCH DAS ANDERE (neither)

v11 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v11	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
	M						
BE	145	847 (64.5)	236 (18.0)	231 (17.6)		1459	1314
DE	91	1437 (75.4)	181 (9.5)	288 (15.1)		1997	1906
FR	163	1146 (59.3)	353 (18.3)	433 (22.4)		2095	1932
IT	188	1256 (68.7)	184 (10.1)	389 (21.3)		2017	1829
NL	167	904 (60.0)	396 (26.3)	206 (13.7)		1673	1506
N Sum	754	5590	1350	1547		9241	
N Valid Sum		5590	1350	1547			8487

## v12 - REGION - NATIONAL MOBILITY

## F.6A

WAEREN SIE BEREIT ODER WAEREN SIE NICHT BEREIT, IN EIN ANDERES BUNDESLAND BZW. GEBIET (PROVINZ, REGION) UMZUSIEDELN, WENN SIE SICHER WAEREN, DORT BESSERE LEBENSBEDINGUNGEN ANZUTREFFEN?  
(NUR EINE ANTWORT)

(Would you be willing or not to live in another region of (respondent's country) if you were assured of finding better living conditions?  
)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)  
1 DURCHAUS BEREIT (very willing)  
2 WAHRSCHEINLICH BEREIT (somewhat willing)  
3 SICHERLICH NICHT BEREIT (certainly not willing)

v12 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v12	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M					
BE	74	285 (20.6)	182 (13.1)	918 (66.3)	1459	1385
DE	69	595 (30.9)	342 (17.7)	991 (51.4)	1997	1928
FR	57	768 (37.7)	290 (14.2)	980 (48.1)	2095	2038
IT	161	670 (36.1)	391 (21.1)	795 (42.8)	2017	1856
NL	42	489 (30.0)	385 (23.6)	757 (46.4)	1673	1631
N Sum	403	2807	1590	4441	9241	
N Valid Sum		2807	1590	4441		8838

## v13 - REGION - EUROPEAN MOBILITY

## F.6B

UND WAEREN SIE BEREIT ODER WAEREN SIE NICHT BEREIT, IN EIN ANDERES LAND EUROPAS UEBERZUSIEDELN, WENN SIE SICHER WAEREN, DORT BESSERE LEBENSBEDINGUNGEN ANZUTREFFEN?

(NUR EINE ANTWORT)

(Would you be willing or not to go live in another country in Europe if you were assured of finding better living conditions?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DURCHAUS BEREIT (very willing)

2 WAHRSCHEINLICH BEREIT (somewhat willing)

3 SICHERLICH NICHT BEREIT (certainly not willing)

v13 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

		Values (N=1000)						
	v13	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum	
isocntry								
	M							
BE	78	204 (14.8)	145 (10.5)	1032 (74.7)		1459	1381	
DE	98	313 (16.5)	257 (13.5)	1329 (70.0)		1997	1899	
FR	93	372 (18.6)	205 (10.2)	1425 (71.2)		2095	2002	
IT	222	366 (20.4)	315 (17.5)	1114 (62.1)		2017	1795	
NL	71	214 (13.4)	250 (15.6)	1138 (71.0)		1673	1602	
N Sum	562		1469	1172	6038	9241		
N Valid Sum			1469	1172	6038		8679	

## v14 - EC DISSOLUTION - REGRET

## F.7

WENN MAN IHNEN MORGEN MITTEILTE, DASS DER GEMEINSAME MARKT AUFGEGEBEN WORDEN IST, WUERDEN SIE DANN ...

(If someone told you tomorrow that the Common Market had been dropped, would you feel ...?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DIES SEHR BEDAUERN? (very sorry)

2 EINE GROSSE ERLEICHTERUNG EMPFINDEN? (very relieved)

3 ODER WAERE ES IHNEN EGAL? (would make no difference)

v14 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

by isocntry, N Valid Sum = 7774 (N = 9241)							
	v14	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
		M					
BE		274	344 (29.0)	71 (6.0)	770 (65.0)	1459	1185
DE		236	1040 (59.1)	139 (7.9)	582 (33.0)	1997	1761
FR		253	663 (36.0)	95 (5.2)	1084 (58.8)	2095	1842
IT		471	709 (45.9)	67 (4.3)	770 (49.8)	2017	1546
NL		233	668 (46.4)	218 (15.1)	554 (38.5)	1673	1440
N Sum		1467	3424	590	3760	9241	
N Valid Sum			3424	590	3760		7774

## v15 - EC MEMBERSHIP - REGIONAL INFL GOOD/BAD

F.8

HABEN SIE DEN EINDRUCK, DASS DER GEMEINSAME MARKT BISHER FUER IHR GEBIET EINEN SEHR GUTEN EINFLUSS - EHER EINEN GUTEN EINFLUSS - UEBERHAUPT KEINEN EINFLUSS - EHER EINEN SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS - EINEN SEHR SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS GEHABT HAT?

(Have you had the impression until now that the Common Market has had in your province ...?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINEN SEHR GUTEN EINFLUSS (a very good influence)

2 EHER EINEN GUTEN EINFLUSS (a rather good influence)

3 UEBERHAUPT KEINEN EINFLUSS (no influence at all)

4 EHER EINEN SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS (rather bad influence)

5 EINEN SEHR SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS (a very bad influence)

v15 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v15	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry									
	M								
BE	523	95 (10.1)	398 (42.5)	300 (32.1)	117 (12.5)	26 (2.8)		1459	936
DE	342	248 (15.0)	839 (50.7)	285 (17.2)	241 (14.6)	42 (2.5)		1997	1655
FR	652	59 (4.1)	508 (35.2)	608 (42.1)	218 (15.1)	50 (3.5)		2095	1443
IT	686	152 (11.4)	566 (42.5)	454 (34.1)	120 (9.0)	39 (2.9)		2017	1331
NL	477	92 (7.7)	552 (46.2)	265 (22.2)	225 (18.8)	62 (5.2)		1673	1196
N Sum	2680	646	2863	1912	921	219		9241	
N Valid Sum		646	2863	1912	921	219			6561



## v16 - EC MEMBERSHIP - REGIONAL INFL SECTOR

[F.8

HABEN SIE DEN EINDRUCK, DASS DER GEMEINSAME MARKT BISHER FUER IHR GEBIET EINEN SEHR GUTEN EINFLUSS -  
... - EINEN SEHR SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS GEHABT HAT? (Have you had the impression until now that the Common Market has  
had in your province ...?)

F.9

(KARTE 3 VORLEGEN)

KOENNEN SIE GENAUER ANGEBEN, IN WELCHEM BEREICH SIE DIESEN EINFLUSS IN ERSTER LINIE FESTSTELLEN?

(Can you tell me in which sector principally you notice this influence?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 INDUSTRIE (industry)

2 LANDWIRTSCHAFT (agriculture)

3 FREMDENVERKEHR (tourism)

4 HANDEL (commerce)

5 VERKEHR (transport and communications)

9 INAP (CODED 0, 3 IN F.8)

v16 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v16	0	1	2	3	4	5	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
		M								
BE		37	273 (45.6)	131 (21.9)	26 (4.3)	140 (23.4)	29 (4.8)	823	1459	599
DE		31	500 (37.3)	359 (26.8)	86 (6.4)	352 (26.3)	42 (3.1)	627	1997	1339
FR		52	240 (30.7)	255 (32.6)	73 (9.3)	193 (24.6)	22 (2.8)	1260	2095	783
IT		85	309 (39.0)	202 (25.5)	130 (16.4)	128 (16.1)	24 (3.0)	1139	2017	793
NL		72	268 (31.2)	303 (35.3)	72 (8.4)	180 (21.0)	36 (4.2)	742	1673	859
N Sum		277	1590	1250	387	993	153	4591	9241	
N Valid Sum			1590	1250	387	993	153			4373

## v17 - EC MEMBERSHIP - REGIONAL INFL FUTURE

## F.10

GLAUBEN SIE, DASS DER GEMEINSAME MARKT IN DEN KOMMENDEN 10 ODER 15 JAHREN FUER IHR GEBIET ...

(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(In the coming 10 to 15 years do you think that the European Comon Market will have on your province ...?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINEN SEHR GUTEN EINFLUSS HABEN WIRD? (a very good influence)

2 EHER EINEN GUTEN EINFLUSS HABEN WIRD? (a rather good influence)

3 KEINERLEI EINFLUSS HABEN WIRD? (no influence at all)

4 EHER EINEN SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS HABEN WIRD? (a rather bad influence)

5 EINEN SEHR SCHLECHTEN EINFLUSS HABEN WIRD? (a very bad influence)

v17 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v17	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M							
BE	558	156 (17.3)	486 (53.9)	155 (17.2)	91 (10.1)	13 (1.4)	1459	901
DE	374	268 (16.5)	953 (58.7)	182 (11.2)	203 (12.5)	17 (1.0)	1997	1623
FR	853	139 (11.2)	815 (65.6)	154 (12.4)	115 (9.3)	19 (1.5)	2095	1242
IT	698	262 (19.9)	771 (58.5)	197 (14.9)	65 (4.9)	24 (1.8)	2017	1319
NL	532	120 (10.5)	663 (58.1)	140 (12.3)	172 (15.1)	46 (4.0)	1673	1141
N Sum	3015	945	3688	828	646	119	9241	
N Valid Sum		945	3688	828	646	119		6226

## v18 - EC MEMBERSHIP - REGIONAL INFL EXPECT

[F.10

GLAUBEN SIE, DASS DER GEMEINSAME MARKT IN DEN KOMMENDEN 10 ODER 15 JAHREN FUER IHR GEBIET ... (In the coming 10 to 15 years do you think that the European Comon Market will have on your province ...?)]

F.11

(KARTE 3 WIEDER VORLEGEN)

KOENNEN SIE MIR BITTE ANGEBEN, IN WELCHEM BEREICH SICH DIESER EINFLUSS IN DER ZUKUNFT IN ERSTER LINIE AUSWIRKEN WIRD?

(NUR EINE ANTWORT)

(In which sector principally do you expect the Common Market to have an influence?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 INDUSTRIE (industry)
- 2 LANDWIRTSCHAFT (agriculture)
- 3 FREMDENVERKEHR (tourism)
- 4 HANDEL (commerce)
- 5 VERKEHR (transport and communications)
- 9 INAP (CODED 0, 3 IN F.10) (except Germany)

v18 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v18	0	1	2	3	4	5	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
	M							M		
BE	45	333 (47.5)	121 (17.3)	40 (5.7)	164 (23.4)	43 (6.1)	713	1459	701	
DE	402	630 (39.5)	361 (22.6)	109 (6.8)	434 (27.2)	61 (3.8)		1997	1595	
FR	81	387 (38.4)	252 (25.0)	116 (11.5)	214 (21.3)	38 (3.8)	1007	2095	1007	
IT	98	409 (39.9)	228 (22.2)	163 (15.9)	192 (18.7)	33 (3.2)	894	2017	1025	
NL	85	326 (35.6)	267 (29.1)	71 (7.8)	204 (22.3)	48 (5.2)	672	1673	916	
N Sum	711	2085	1229	499	1208	223	3286	9241		
N Valid Sum		2085	1229	499	1208	223				5244

## v19 - POL PROBL - PREF REGIONAL RESPONSIBILITY

F.12

GIBT ES IHRER MEINUNG NACH WICHTIGE PROBLEME, FUER DIE GEGENWAERTIG DIE BUNDESREGIERUNG (REGIERUNG DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) ZUSTAENDIG IST, UND DIE NACH IHRER ANSICHT BESSER DEN LANDESREGIERUNGEN (DEN JEWEILIGEN REGIONALEN REGIERUNGEN) UEBERLASSEN WUERDEN?

(Among the problems which you judge important are there some which presently depend on the government and which would be better treated in your opinion by the regional authorities?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 JA (yes)

2 NEIN (no)

Note:

In even numbered questionnaires, questions concerning regional authorities were asked first, in odd numbered questionnaires, questions concerning European authorities were asked first (see split variable V4).

v19 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v19	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
	M					
BE	717	445 (60.0)	297 (40.0)		1459	742
DE	844	449 (38.9)	704 (61.1)		1997	1153
FR	809	794 (61.7)	492 (38.3)		2095	1286
IT	838	721 (61.2)	458 (38.8)		2017	1179
NL	688	596 (60.5)	389 (39.5)		1673	985
N Sum	3896		3005	2340	9241	
N Valid Sum			3005	2340		5345

v20 - POL PROBL - PREF EUROPEAN RESPONSIBILITY

F.13

GIBT ES PROBLEME, FUER DIE GEGENWAERTIG DIE BUNDESREGIERUNG (REGIERUNG DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) ZUSTAENDIG IST, UND DIE BESSER DEN EUROPAEISCHEN BEHOERDEN UEBERLASSEN WUERDEN?

(Among the problems which you judge important are there some which presently depend on the government and which would be better treated in your opinion by the European authorities?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 JA (yes)
- 2 NEIN (no)

Note:

In even numbered questionnaires, questions concerning regional authorities were asked first, in odd numbered questionnaires, questions concerning European authorities were asked first (see split variable V4).

v20 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v20	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
		M				
BE		789	381 (56.9)	289 (43.1)	1459	670
DE		848	395 (34.4)	754 (65.6)	1997	1149
FR		866	807 (65.7)	422 (34.3)	2095	1229
IT		990	505 (49.2)	522 (50.8)	2017	1027
NL		689	475 (48.3)	509 (51.7)	1673	984
N Sum		4182	2563	2496	9241	
N Valid Sum			2563	2496		5059

v21 - POL PROBL - WHICH (EXCEPT ITALY)

[F.12

Among the problems which you judge important are there some which presently depend on the government and which would be better treated in your opinion by the regional authorities?

F.13

Among the problems which you judge important are there some which presently depend on the government and which would be better treated in your opinion by the European authorities?]

F.14

WELCHE PROBLEME BEISPIELSWEISE?

(Which problems, for example?)

in Netherlands (NL):

0 INAP (CODED 0, 2 IN F.13)

1 Transport, trade, import-export traffic

2 Monetary questions, price rulings, inflation

3 Industrial problems

4 Military matters

5 Employment, labour working conditions

6 Over population

7 Development aid

8 Tax matters

9 Others (enviromental protection, agricultural policy, NA)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

Better treated by regional authorities

0 INAP (CODE 0, 2 IN F.12), KA (NA)

1 WOHNUNGSBAU, BAU UND STADTRENOVIERUNG (housing, building and town renovation)

2 GRENZLANDFÖRDERUNG (regaining border lands)

3 WIRTSCHAFT, HANDEL, INDUSTRIALISIERUNG (economy, trade, industrialisation)

4 FINANZPOLITIK, STEUERN (financial policy, taxes)

5 AGRARPOLITIK (agricultural policy)

6 VERKEHR, STRASSENBAU (traffic, road construction)

7 KULTURPOLITIK, ERZIEHUNGS- UND SCHULPROBLEME (cultural policy, education and schooling problems)

8 POLIZEIANGELEGENHEITEN (police matters)

9 SOZIALE PROBLEME, ANDERES (social problems, others)

Better treated by European authorities

0 INAP (CODE 0, 2 IN F.13), KA (NA)

1 AUSSENPOLITIK, EUROPÄISCHER ZUSAMMENSCHLUSS, OST-WEST PROBLEME, WIEDERVEREINIGUNG DEUTSCHLANDS, BERLIN-PROBLEM (foreign policy, European unification, East-West problems)

2 VERTEIDIGUNGSPOLITIK, SICHERHEIT DER BRD (defence policy, security of Germany, armament)

- 3 WIRTSCHAFT, HANDEL, ZOLLREDUZIERUNG, OFFENE GRENZEN (economy, trade, lower tariffs, free borders)
- 4 FINANZPOLITIK, PREISPOLITIK, PREISREGELUNG (financial policy, price policy, standardisation of pricing)
- 5 AGRARPOLITIK (agricultural policy)
- 6 VERKEHR (traffic)
- 7 KULTURPOLITIK, ERZIEHUNGS- UND SCHULPROBLEME (cultural policy, education and schooling problems)
- 8 KRIMINALITAET, VERBRECHENSVERHUETUNG, STRAFRECHT (criminality, crime prevention, criminal law)
- 9 SOZIALE PROBLEME, UMWELTVERSCHMUTZUNG, ANDERES (social problems, pollution, others)

Note:

FRANCE, BELGIUM, ITALY NOT DOCUMENTED

In even numbered questionnaires, questions concerning regional authorities were asked first, in odd numbered questionnaires, questions concerning European authorities were asked first (see split variable V4).

v21 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v21	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry												
	M											
BE	145	847 (64.5)	236 (18.0)	231 (17.6)								1459
DE	1619	64 (16.9)	17 (4.5)	47 (12.4)	61 (16.1)	26 (6.9)	33 (8.7)	56 (14.8)	6 (1.6)	68 (18.0)		1997
FR	163	1146 (59.3)	353 (18.3)	433 (22.4)								2095
IT	143	454 (24.2)	64 (3.4)	48 (2.6)	188 (10.0)	160 (8.5)	328 (17.5)	190 (10.1)	253 (13.5)	189 (10.1)		2017
NL	1198	57 (12.0)	24 (5.1)	21 (4.4)	10 (2.1)	23 (4.8)	1 (0.2)	6 (1.3)	6 (1.3)	327 (68.8)		1673
N Sum	3268	2568	694	780	259	209	362	252	265	584		9241
N Valid Sum		2568	694	780	259	209	362	252	265	584		

	v21	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		1314
DE		378
FR		1932
IT		1874
NL		475
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		5973

## v22 - AGRICULTURE - FARMERS DIFFICULTIES

F.15

IN DEN MEISTEN LAENDERN EUROPAS KLAGEN DIE LANDWIRTE HEUTE UEBER GEWISSE SCHWIERIGKEITEN. HABEN NACH IHRER ANSICHT DIE DEUTSCHEN LANDWIRTE (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) MEHR SCHWIERIGKEITEN ODER WENIGER SCHWIERIGKEITEN ALS DIE UEBRIGEN DEUTSCHEN (BEWOHNER DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES)?

(In most European countries farmers presently complain of certain difficulties. In your opinion, do the farmers (FROM THE RESPONDENT'S COUNTRY) have more or less difficulties than other people (FROM THE RESPONDENT'S COUNTRY)?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 WESENTLICH MEHR (much more)
- 2 ETWAS MEHR (a little more)
- 3 NICHT MEHR UND NICHT WENIGER (neither more nor less)
- 4 ETWAS WENIGER (a little less)
- 5 WEIT WENIGER (much less)

v22 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v22	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M							
BE	164	373 (28.8)	387 (29.9)	441 (34.1)	61 (4.7)	33 (2.5)	1459	1295
DE	130	414 (22.2)	607 (32.5)	716 (38.4)	81 (4.3)	49 (2.6)	1997	1867
FR	193	374 (19.7)	609 (32.0)	761 (40.0)	109 (5.7)	49 (2.6)	2095	1902
IT	230	783 (43.8)	555 (31.1)	353 (19.8)	71 (4.0)	25 (1.4)	2017	1787
NL	144	791 (51.7)	361 (23.6)	287 (18.8)	59 (3.9)	31 (2.0)	1673	1529
N Sum	861	2735	2519	2558	381	187	9241	
N Valid Sum		2735	2519	2558	381	187		8380



## v23 - AGRICULTURE - OPINION ON FARMING

F.16

UEBER DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT HOERT MAN DIE WIDERSPRUECHLICHSTEN MEINUNGEN. WELCHE DER BEIDEN FOLGENDEN BEHAUPTUNGEN STIMMT AM MEISTEN MIT IHRER PERSOENLICHEN MEINUNG UEBEREIN?  
(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(With regard to agriculture, one hears a certain number of contradictory opinions. Which of the following two phrases corresponds the best to your own personal opinion?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT IST EIN WIRTSCHAFTSZWEIG, DER ERHALTEN WERDEN MUSS, AUCH WENN ER NICHT SO RENTABEL IST WIE ANDERE. (Farming is a sector of activity that is necessary to protect even if it is not as profitable as the others.)

2 DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT IST EIN WIRTSCHAFTSZWEIG WIE JEDER ANDERE AUCH. (Farming is an economic activity like any other.)

v23 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v23	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
	M					
BE	165	864 (66.8)	430 (33.2)		1459	1294
DE	88	1163 (60.9)	746 (39.1)		1997	1909
FR	155	1168 (60.2)	772 (39.8)		2095	1940
IT	130	1375 (72.9)	512 (27.1)		2017	1887
NL	148	962 (63.1)	563 (36.9)		1673	1525
N Sum	686		5532	3023	9241	
N Valid Sum			5532	3023		8555

## v24 - AGRICULT PROBLEMS - REASON 1ST

F.17A

(KARTE 4 VORLEGEN)

WORAUF SIND NACH IHRER ANSICHT DIE SCHWIERIGKEITEN, UEBER DIE DIE LANDWIRTE KLAGEN, IN ERSTER LINIE ZURUECKZUFUEHREN?

(NUR EINE ANTWORT)

(The difficulties of which farmers complain are due above all in your opinion to what factor?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 AUF DIE ZU NIEDRIGEN PREISE, DIE DEN LANDWIRTEN GEZAHLT WERDEN (to insufficient prices paid to producers of agricultural products)

2 AUF DIE ZU HOHEN PREISE DER VON DEN LANDWIRTEN BENOETIGTEN INDUSTRIEERZEUGNISSE (to very high prices for industrial products used by farmers)

3 AUF DIE ZU GROSSE ZAHL DER BETRIEBE, DIE ZU KLEIN SIND, UM RENTABEL WIRTSCHAFTEN ZU KOENNEN (to too many enterprises too small to be profitable)

4 AUF DIE SCHLECHTE ORGANISATION DES ABSATZES DER AGRARERZEUGNISSE (to the bad organisation for selling agricultural products)

5 ANDERE ANTWORTEN, UND ZWAR ... (other responses)

v24 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

Table 1: Country, N Valid Sum, N Sum, N Invalid Sum, N Invalid Sum (N Invalid Sum)									
isocntry	v24	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
		M							
BE		126	767 (57.5)	133 (10.0)	289 (21.7)	115 (8.6)	29 (2.2)	1459	1333
DE		107	870 (46.0)	220 (11.6)	621 (32.9)	164 (8.7)	15 (0.8)	1997	1890
FR		155	825 (42.5)	226 (11.6)	437 (22.5)	399 (20.6)	53 (2.7)	2095	1940
IT		90	912 (47.3)	187 (9.7)	334 (17.3)	465 (24.1)	29 (1.5)	2017	1927
NL		108	827 (52.8)	183 (11.7)	426 (27.2)	63 (4.0)	66 (4.2)	1673	1565
N Sum		586	4201	949	2107	1206	192	9241	
N Valid Sum			4201	949	2107	1206	192		8655

v25 - AGRICULT PROBLEMS - REASON 2ND

[F.17A

... WORAUF SIND NACH IHRER ANSICHT DIE SCHWIERIGKEITEN, UEBER DIE DIE LANDWIRTE KLAGEN, IN ERSTER LINIE ZURUECKZUFUEHREN? ... (The difficulties of which farmers complain are due above all in your opinion to what factor?)]

F.17B UND IN ZWEITER LINIE? (And next?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

- 1 AUF DIE ZU NIEDRIGEN PREISE, DIE DEN LANDWIRTEN GEZAHLT WERDEN (to insufficient prices paid to producers of agricultural products)
- 2 AUF DIE ZU HOHEN PREISE DER VON DEN LANDWIRTEN BENOETIGTEN INDUSTRIEERZEUGNISSE (to very high prices for industrial products used by farmers)
- 3 AUF DIE ZU GROSSE ZAHL DER BETRIEBE, DIE ZU KLEIN SIND, UM RENTABEL WIRTSCHAFTEN ZU KOENNEN (to too many enterprises too small to be profitable)
- 4 AUF DIE SCHLECHTE ORGANISATION DES ABSATZES DER AGRARERZEUGNISSE (to the bad organisation for selling agricultural products)
- 5 ANDERE ANTWORTEN, UND ZWAR ... (other responses)

v25 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v25	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M							
BE	217	214 (17.2)	340 (27.4)	327 (26.3)	329 (26.5)	32 (2.6)	1459	1242
DE	223	300 (16.9)	471 (26.6)	538 (30.3)	448 (25.3)	17 (1.0)	1997	1774
FR	324	344 (19.4)	411 (23.2)	434 (24.5)	549 (31.0)	33 (1.9)	2095	1771
IT	160	252 (13.6)	432 (23.3)	508 (27.4)	614 (33.1)	51 (2.7)	2017	1857
NL	236	261 (18.2)	460 (32.0)	407 (28.3)	238 (16.6)	71 (4.9)	1673	1437
N Sum	1160	1371	2114	2214	2178	204	9241	
N Valid Sum		1371	2114	2214	2178	204		8081

## v26 - FARMER DEMONSTRATIONS - FOR/AGAINST

F.18

SEIT EINIGER ZEIT FINDEN IN ZAHLREICHEN LAENDERN GROSSE BAUERNDEMONSTRATIONEN STATT. SIND SIE  
 PERSOENLICH IM ALLGEMEINEN "FUER" ODER "GEGEN" DERARTIGE KUNDGEBUNGEN?

(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(For some time there have been important farmer's demonstrations in many countries. Generally are you personally for or against  
 these demonstrations?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DURCHAUS "DAFUER" (definitely for)

2 EHER "DAFUER" (somewhat for)

3 EHER "DAGEGEN" (somewhat against)

4 ABSOLUT "DAGEGEN" (definitely against)

v26 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

Table by isocntry, N Valid Sum (N = 8300)								
	v26	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
		M						
BE	139	406 (30.8)	416 (31.5)	252 (19.1)	246 (18.6)		1459	1320
DE	131	399 (21.4)	561 (30.1)	577 (30.9)	329 (17.6)		1997	1866
FR	240	282 (15.2)	757 (40.8)	496 (26.7)	320 (17.3)		2095	1855
IT	223	782 (43.6)	597 (33.3)	242 (13.5)	173 (9.6)		2017	1794
NL	208	304 (20.8)	481 (32.8)	357 (24.4)	323 (22.0)		1673	1465
N Sum	941		2173	2812	1924	1391	9241	
N Valid Sum			2173	2812	1924	1391		8300

## v27 - FARMER DEMONSTRATIONS - IF VIOLENCE

[F.18

SEIT EINIGER ZEIT FINDEN IN ZAHLREICHEN LAENDERN GROSSE BAUERNDEMONSTRATIONEN STATT. ... (For some time there have been important farmer's demonstrations in many countries. ...)]

F.19

UND WENN ES BEI SOLCHEN DEMONSTRATIONEN ZU GEWALTANWENDUNGEN KOMMT, SIND SIE DANN PERSOENLICH

...

(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(And when these demonstrations became violent, to what extent are you on their (farmers') side?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DURCHAUS "DAFUER"? (definitely on their side)

2 EHER "DAFUER"? (somewhat on their side)

3 EHER "DAGEGEN"? (somewhat against them)

4 ABSOLUT "DAGEGEN"? (definitely against them)

9 INAP (CODED 0,3,4 IN F.18) (except Germany)

v27 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v27	0	1	2	3	4	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M							
BE	9	35 (4.2)	78 (9.4)	206 (24.8)	513 (61.7)	618	1459	832
DE	67	22 (1.1)	46 (2.4)	426 (22.1)	1436 (74.4)		1997	1930
FR	49	52 (4.6)	117 (10.3)	427 (37.6)	541 (47.6)	909	2095	1137
IT	122	79 (5.7)	103 (7.5)	370 (26.8)	827 (60.0)	516	2017	1379
NL	58	33 (4.5)	86 (11.8)	169 (23.2)	439 (60.4)	888	1673	727
N Sum	305	221	430	1598	3756	2931	9241	
N Valid Sum		221	430	1598	3756			6005

## v28 - FARMER - ADVICE F JUNIORS

F.20

GLAUBEN SIE, DASS SIE IN DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) HEUTE EINEM ETWA 15 - 20JAEHRIGEN  
BAUERNSOHN RATEN WUERDEN ...

(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Generally, what do you think that in (respondent's country) today you would advice a farmer's son aged 15 to 20?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 BESSER LANDWIRT ZU BLEIBEN (to remain in agriculture)

2 BESSER EINEN ANDEREN BERUF ZU SUCHEN (to seek another occupation)

v28 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

by isocntry, and the values (with %)						
	v28	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
		M				
BE	267	254 (21.3)	938 (78.7)		1459	1192
DE	380	584 (36.1)	1033 (63.9)		1997	1617
FR	492	857 (53.5)	746 (46.5)		2095	1603
IT	326	791 (46.8)	900 (53.2)		2017	1691
NL	241	303 (21.2)	1129 (78.8)		1673	1432
N Sum	1706	2789	4746		9241	
N Valid Sum		2789	4746			7535

## v29 - FARMER - ADVICE F JUNIORS IF BAD CONDIT

## F.21

GESETZT DEN FALL, DASS EIN TUECHTIGER UND FLEISSIGER LANDWIRTSSOHN AUS IHRER GEGEND IM BETRIEB SEINES VATERS KEINE BEFRIEDIGENDEN MOEGlichkeiten FINDET, WOZU WUERDEN SIE IHM UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN MOEGlichkeiten RATEN?

(Specifically, suppose the son of a farmer in your region who is very capable and hard working didn't find satisfactory conditions in the occupation of his father, what would you advice him to do among the following possibilities?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINEN ANDEREN LANDWIRTSCHAFTLICHEN BETRIEB ZU SUCHEN (seek another farming activity)

2 SICH FUER EINEN MIT DER LANDWIRTSCHAFT ENG ZUSAMMENHAENGENDEN BERUF AUSBILDEN ZU LASSEN, BEISPIELSWEISE FUER DIE ARBEIT IN EINER LANDWIRTSCHAFTLICHEN GENOSSENSCHAFT, IN EINER LEHRANSTALT ODER IN EINEM AGRARKREDITINSTITUT USW. (prepare himself for a profession tied to agriculture (for example working in a cooperative, an instructional institution, or one of agricultural credit))

3 SICH AUF EINEN BERUF VORZUBEREITEN, DER NICHTS MEHR MIT DER LANDWIRTSCHAFT ZU TUN HAT (prepare for an occupation that has nothing to do with farming)

v29 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v29	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
		M					
BE		219	199 (16.0)	419 (33.8)	622 (50.2)	1459	1240
DE		134	319 (17.1)	879 (47.2)	665 (35.7)	1997	1863
FR		281	521 (28.7)	916 (50.5)	377 (20.8)	2095	1814
IT		213	398 (22.1)	723 (40.1)	683 (37.9)	2017	1804
NL		169	207 (13.8)	779 (51.8)	518 (34.4)	1673	1504
N Sum		1016	1644	3716	2865	9241	
N Valid Sum			1644	3716	2865		8225

## v30 - FARMER - JOB PERSPECTIVE F JUNIORS

## F.22

WENN HEUTE IN DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) EIN ETWA 15 - 20JAEHRIGER LANDWIRTSSOHN IN EINEM  
ANDEREN BERUF UNTERKOMMEN MOECHTE, IST DAS NACH IHRER ANSICHT FUER IHN ...  
(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(If today in (respondent's country), the son of a farmer aged 15 to 20 wanted to find employment in another occupation, what do you  
estimate that it would be ...?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 SEHR LEICHT? (very easy)
- 2 EHER LEICHT? (somewhat easy)
- 3 EHER SCHWER? (somewhat difficult)
- 4 SEHR SCHWER? (very difficult)

v30 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v30	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
		M						
BE		178	153 (11.9)	481 (37.5)	485 (37.9)	162 (12.6)	1459	1281
DE		129	412 (22.1)	726 (38.9)	582 (31.2)	148 (7.9)	1997	1868
FR		283	95 (5.2)	523 (28.9)	926 (51.1)	268 (14.8)	2095	1812
IT		189	90 (4.9)	525 (28.7)	838 (45.8)	375 (20.5)	2017	1828
NL		247	149 (10.4)	480 (33.7)	570 (40.0)	227 (15.9)	1673	1426
N Sum		1026	899	2735	3401	1180	9241	
N Valid Sum			899	2735	3401	1180		8215



## v31 - COMMON MARKET BENEFIT - FARMING GENERAL

F.23

IST DER GEMEINSAME MARKT GEGENWAERTIG NACH IHRER ANSICHT IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN ...

(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Presently, do you think that the Common Market is all together ...?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 FUER DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT DER 6 LAENDER GUT? (good for framing, in the six countries)

2 FUER DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT DER 6 LAENDER SCHLECHT? (bad for framing, in the six countries)

3 FUER DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT EINIGER LAENDER GUT UND FUER DIE LANDWIRTSCHAFT ANDERER LAENDER SCHLECHT? (good for framing in certain countries and bad for farming in the other)

v31 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v31	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M					
BE	509	326 (34.3)	140 (14.7)	484 (50.9)	1459	950
DE	309	435 (25.8)	108 (6.4)	1145 (67.8)	1997	1688
FR	788	419 (32.1)	94 (7.2)	794 (60.7)	2095	1307
IT	624	690 (49.5)	85 (6.1)	618 (44.4)	2017	1393
NL	336	371 (27.7)	143 (10.7)	823 (61.6)	1673	1337
N Sum	2566	2241	570	3864	9241	
N Valid Sum		2241	570	3864		6675

## v32 - COMMON MARKET BENEFIT - FARMING COUNTRY

F.24

SIND DIE DEUTSCHEN LANDWIRTE (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) EHER BEGUENSTIGT ODER EHER BENACHTEILIGT?

(Are farmers (from the respondent's country) at an advantage or always at a disadvantage)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EHER BEGUENSTIGT (at an advantage)

2 EHER BENACHTEILIGT (at a disadvantage)

9 INAP (country specific, not consistently applied)

v32 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v32	0	1	2	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M		M			
BE	972	80 (16.4)	407 (83.6)		1459	487
DE	147	121 (12.1)	877 (87.9)	852	1997	998
FR	1437	199 (30.2)	459 (69.8)		2095	658
IT	128	96 (19.6)	394 (80.4)	1399	2017	490
NL	339	251 (30.6)	569 (69.4)	514	1673	820
N Sum	3023	747	2706	2765	9241	
N Valid Sum		747	2706			3453

## v33 - COMMON MARKET BENEFIT - INDUSTRY GENERAL

F.25

IST DER GEMEINSAME MARKT GEGENWAERTIG NACH IHRER ANSICHT IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN ...

(ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Presently, do you think the Common Market is altogether...?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 FUER DIE INDUSTRIE DER 6 LAENDER GUT? (good for industry in the six countries)

2 FUER DIE INDUSTRIE DER 6 LAENDER SCHLECHT? (bad for industry in the six countries)

3 FUER DIE INDUSTRIE EINIGER LAENDER GUT UND FUER DIE INDUSTRIE ANDERER LAENDER SCHLECHT? (good for industry in some countries and bad for industry in the others)

v33 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v33	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M					
BE	486	581 (59.7)	58 (6.0)	334 (34.3)	1459	973
DE	378	916 (56.6)	33 (2.0)	670 (41.4)	1997	1619
FR	770	729 (55.0)	64 (4.8)	532 (40.2)	2095	1325
IT	634	920 (66.5)	43 (3.1)	420 (30.4)	2017	1383
NL	407	667 (52.7)	53 (4.2)	546 (43.1)	1673	1266
N Sum	2675	3813	251	2502	9241	
N Valid Sum		3813	251	2502		6566

## v34 - COMMON MARKET BENEFIT - INDUSTRY COUNTRY

F.26

SIND DIE DEUTSCHEN INDUSTRIEUNTERNEHMEN (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) EHER BEGUENSTIGT ODER EHER BENACHTEILIGT?

(Are the industries (in the respondent's country) at an advantage or at a disadvantage?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)  
 1 EHER BEGUENSTIGT (at an advantage)  
 2 EHER BENACHTEILIGT (at a disadvantage)  
 9 INAP (country specific, not consistently applied)

v34 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v34	0	1	2	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M		M			
BE	1141	191 (60.1)	127 (39.9)		1459	318
DE	117	364 (65.8)	189 (34.2)	1327	1997	553
FR	1630	200 (43.0)	265 (57.0)		2095	465
IT	100	176 (55.0)	144 (45.0)	1597	2017	320
NL	420	353 (66.2)	180 (33.8)	720	1673	533
N Sum	3408	1284	905	3644	9241	
N Valid Sum		1284	905			2189

## v35 - COMMON MARKET EFFECT - INDUSTR MODERNIZ

F.27

KOENNEN SIE MIR IHRE MEINUNG UEBER DIE AUSWIRKUNGEN DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES NAEHER ERLAEUTERN?  
SIND SIE MIT DEN VERSCHIEDENEN FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN, EHER EINVERSTANDEN, OHNE  
MEINUNG, NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN ODER UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN?

(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Can you tell me your opinion on the effects of the Common Market? Are you always in agreement, sometimes in agreement without  
any opinion, sometimes in disagreement, or always in disagreement with the following opinions?)

F.27A DER GEMEINSAME MARKT TRAEGT ZUR MODERNISIERUNG DER DEUTSCHEN INDUSTRIE (DES JEWEILIGEN  
LANDES) BEI (The Common Market stimulates modernization of industry (in respondent's country)

0 KA (NA)

1 VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN (always in agreement)

2 EHER EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in agreement)

3 OHNE MEINUNG (no opinion)

4 NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in disagreement)

5 UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (always in disagreement)

v35 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v35	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M							
BE	360	436 (39.7)	381 (34.7)	205 (18.7)	52 (4.7)	25 (2.3)	1459	1099
DE	142	684 (36.9)	723 (39.0)	259 (14.0)	152 (8.2)	37 (2.0)	1997	1855
FR	229	614 (32.9)	748 (40.1)	367 (19.7)	105 (5.6)	32 (1.7)	2095	1866
IT	458	569 (36.5)	761 (48.8)	136 (8.7)	71 (4.6)	22 (1.4)	2017	1559
NL		570 (34.1)	598 (35.7)	382 (22.8)	99 (5.9)	24 (1.4)	1673	1673
N Sum	1189	2873	3211	1349	479	140	9241	
N Valid Sum		2873	3211	1349	479	140		8052

## v36 - COMMON MARKET EFFECT - INDUSTR EXPORT

F.27

KOENNEN SIE MIR IHRE MEINUNG UEBER DIE AUSWIRKUNGEN DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES NAEHER ERLAEUTERN?  
SIND SIE MIT DEN VERSCHIEDENEN FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN, EHER EINVERSTANDEN, OHNE  
MEINUNG, NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN ODER UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN?  
(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Can you tell me your opinion on the effects of the Common Market? Are you always in agreement, sometimes in agreement without  
any opinion, sometimes in disagreement, or always in disagreement with the following opinions?)

F.27B ER ERLEICHTERT DEN ABSATZ UNSERER INDUSTRIE-ERZEUGNISSE IM AUSLAND UND FOERDERT SOMIT UNSERE  
EINHEIMISCHE PRODUKTION (It facilitates the sale abroad of our industrial products and thus helps our national production)

0 KA (NA)

1 VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN (always in agreement)

2 EHER EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in agreement)

3 OHNE MEINUNG (no opinion)

4 NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in disagreement)

5 UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (always in disagreement)

v36 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v36	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M							
BE	345	412 (37.0)	424 (38.1)	174 (15.6)	74 (6.6)	30 (2.7)	1459	1114
DE	135	707 (38.0)	745 (40.0)	201 (10.8)	168 (9.0)	41 (2.2)	1997	1862
FR	252	471 (25.6)	815 (44.2)	333 (18.1)	173 (9.4)	51 (2.8)	2095	1843
IT	371	539 (32.7)	790 (48.0)	149 (9.1)	133 (8.1)	35 (2.1)	2017	1646
NL		532 (31.8)	602 (36.0)	350 (20.9)	140 (8.4)	49 (2.9)	1673	1673
N Sum	1103	2661	3376	1207	688	206	9241	
N Valid Sum		2661	3376	1207	688	206		8138

v37 - COMMON MARKET EFFECT - BETTER SUPPLY

F.27

KOENNEN SIE MIR IHRE MEINUNG UEBER DIE AUSWIRKUNGEN DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES NAEHER ERLAEUTERN?  
 SIND SIE MIT DEN VERSCHIEDENEN FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN, EHER EINVERSTANDEN, OHNE  
 MEINUNG, NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN ODER UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN?  
 (FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Can you tell me your opinion on the effects of the Common Market? Are you always in agreement, sometimes in agreement without  
 any opinion, sometimes in disagreement, or always in disagreement with the following opinions?)

F.27C ER ERMOEGLICHT EINE BESSERE VERSORGUNG FUER DEN DEUTSCHEN VERBRAUCHER (DES JEWEILIGEN  
 LANDES) (It permits better supply of consumer products)

- 0 KA (NA)  
 1 VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN (always in agreement)  
 2 EHER EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in agreement)  
 3 OHNE MEINUNG (no opinion)  
 4 NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in disagreement)  
 5 UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (always in disagreement)

v37 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v37	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry									
		M							
BE		330	500 (44.3)	387 (34.3)	161 (14.3)	56 (5.0)	25 (2.2)	1459	1129
DE		98	798 (42.0)	695 (36.6)	225 (11.8)	141 (7.4)	40 (2.1)	1997	1899
FR		239	489 (26.3)	782 (42.1)	333 (17.9)	174 (9.4)	78 (4.2)	2095	1856
IT		471	435 (28.1)	744 (48.1)	216 (14.0)	102 (6.6)	49 (3.2)	2017	1546
NL			649 (38.8)	554 (33.1)	308 (18.4)	117 (7.0)	45 (2.7)	1673	1673
N Sum		1138	2871	3162	1243	590	237	9241	
N Valid Sum			2871	3162	1243	590	237		8103

## v38 - COMMON MARKET EFFECT - FOREIGN COMPET

F.27

KOENNEN SIE MIR IHRE MEINUNG UEBER DIE AUSWIRKUNGEN DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES NAEHER ERLAEUTERN?  
SIND SIE MIT DEN VERSCHIEDENEN FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN, EHER EINVERSTANDEN, OHNE  
MEINUNG, NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN ODER UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN?  
(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Can you tell me your opinion on the effects of the Common Market? Are you always in agreement, sometimes in agreement without  
any opinion, sometimes in disagreement, or always in disagreement with the following opinions?)

F.27D ER OEFFNET DIE TUER FUER AUSLAENDISCHE KONKURRENZ-ERZEUGNISSE (It opens the door to foreign products  
which compete with our products)

0 KA (NA)

1 VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN (always in agreement)

2 EHER EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in agreement)

3 OHNE MEINUNG (no opinion)

4 NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in disagreement)

5 UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (always in disagreement)

v38 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v38	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry									
		M							
BE		321	537 (47.2)	344 (30.2)	156 (13.7)	68 (6.0)	33 (2.9)	1459	1138
DE		100	951 (50.1)	617 (32.5)	177 (9.3)	118 (6.2)	34 (1.8)	1997	1897
FR		180	1038 (54.2)	607 (31.7)	169 (8.8)	77 (4.0)	24 (1.3)	2095	1915
IT		376	598 (36.4)	660 (40.2)	169 (10.3)	147 (9.0)	67 (4.1)	2017	1641
NL			791 (47.3)	447 (26.7)	290 (17.3)	94 (5.6)	51 (3.0)	1673	1673
N Sum		977	3915	2675	961	504	209	9241	
N Valid Sum			3915	2675	961	504	209		8264



## v39 - COMMON MARKET EFFECT - AGRICULT EXPORT

F.27

KOENNEN SIE MIR IHRE MEINUNG UEBER DIE AUSWIRKUNGEN DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES NAEHER ERLAEUTERN?  
SIND SIE MIT DEN VERSCHIEDENEN FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN, EHER EINVERSTANDEN, OHNE  
MEINUNG, NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN ODER UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN?

(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Can you tell me your opinion on the effects of the Common Market? Are you always in agreement, sometimes in agreement without  
any opinion, sometimes in disagreement, or always in disagreement with the following opinions?)

F.27E ER ERLEICHTERT DEN ABSATZ UNSERER ARGRAR-ERZEUGNISSE IM AUSLAND (It facilitates the sale of our  
agricultural products in other countries)

0 KA (NA)

1 VOELLIG EINVERSTANDEN (always in agreement)

2 EHER EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in agreement)

3 OHNE MEINUNG (no opinion)

4 NICHT SEHR EINVERSTANDEN (sometimes in disagreement)

5 UEBERHAUPT NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (always in disagreement)

v39 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v39	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
	M							
BE	364	294 (26.8)	294 (26.8)	221 (20.2)	175 (16.0)	111 (10.1)	1459	1095
DE	196	373 (20.7)	435 (24.2)	285 (15.8)	452 (25.1)	256 (14.2)	1997	1801
FR	284	359 (19.8)	627 (34.6)	379 (20.9)	313 (17.3)	133 (7.3)	2095	1811
IT	402	413 (25.6)	674 (41.7)	134 (8.3)	254 (15.7)	140 (8.7)	2017	1615
NL		407 (24.3)	497 (29.7)	373 (22.3)	267 (16.0)	129 (7.7)	1673	1673
N Sum	1246	1846	2527	1392	1461	769	9241	
N Valid Sum		1846	2527	1392	1461	769		7995

## v40 - EC EXTENSION EFFECT - NAT AGRICULTURE

## F.28

ALLER WAHRSCHEINLICHKEIT NACH WERDEN 1973 VIER WEITERE EUROPÄISCHE LÄNDER DEM GEMEINSAMEN MARKT BEITRETEN: GROSS- BRITANNIEN, IRLAND, DÄNEMARK UND NORWEGEN. BEDEUTET DIESE ERWEITERUNG DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES, ZU DEM DANN 10 LÄNDER EUROPAS GEHÖREN WERDEN, IHRER ANSICHT NACH EHER ETWAS GUTES ODER EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES?

(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Very probably, four other European countries will enter the Common Market in 1973: Great Britain, Ireland, Denmark, and Norway. In your opinion, is this extension of the Common Market which would then comprise ten European countries a good thing or a bad thing ...?)

F.28A FUER DIE DEUTSCHE LANDWIRTSCHAFT (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) (For agriculture (in respondent's country))

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EHER ETWAS GUTES (a good thing)

2 EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES (a bad thing)

v40 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v40	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M				
BE	615	462 (54.7)	382 (45.3)	1459	844
DE	421	772 (49.0)	804 (51.0)	1997	1576
FR	819	837 (65.6)	439 (34.4)	2095	1276
IT	683	1064 (79.8)	270 (20.2)	2017	1334
NL	375	812 (62.6)	486 (37.4)	1673	1298
N Sum	2913	3947	2381	9241	
N Valid Sum		3947	2381		6328

## v41 - EC EXTENSION EFFECT - NAT INDUSTRY

F.28

ALLER WAHRSCHEINLICHKEIT NACH WERDEN 1973 VIER WEITERE EUROPÄISCHE LÄNDER DEM GEMEINSAMEN MARKT BEITRETEN: GROSS- BRITANNIEN, IRLAND, DÄNEMARK UND NORWEGEN. BEDEUTET DIESE ERWEITERUNG DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES, ZU DEM DANN 10 LÄNDER EUROPAS GEHÖREN WERDEN, IHRER ANSICHT NACH EHER ETWAS GUTES ODER EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES?

(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Very probably, four other European countries will enter the Common Market in 1973: Great Britain, Ireland, Denmark, and Norway. In your opinion, is this extension of the Common Market which would then comprise ten European countries a good thing or a bad thing ...?)

F.28B FUER DIE DEUTSCHE INDUSTRIE (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) (For industry (in respondent's country))

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EHER ETWAS GUTES (a good thing)

2 EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES (a bad thing)

v41 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v41	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M				
BE	583	711 (81.2)	165 (18.8)	1459	876
DE	402	1380 (86.5)	215 (13.5)	1997	1595
FR	814	1031 (80.5)	250 (19.5)	2095	1281
IT	645	1162 (84.7)	210 (15.3)	2017	1372
NL	451	1030 (84.3)	192 (15.7)	1673	1222
N Sum	2895	5314	1032	9241	
N Valid Sum		5314	1032		6346

## v42 - EC EXTENSION EFFECT - OWN REGION

F.28

ALLER WAHRSCHEINLICHKEIT NACH WERDEN 1973 VIER WEITERE EUROPÄISCHE LÄNDER DEM GEMEINSAMEN MARKT BEITRETEN: GROSS- BRITANNIEN, IRLAND, DÄNEMARK UND NORWEGEN. BEDEUTET DIESE ERWEITERUNG DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES, ZU DEM DANN 10 LÄNDER EUROPAS GEHÖREN WERDEN, IHRER ANSICHT NACH EHER ETWAS GUTES ODER EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES?

(FRAGEN PRO ZEILE STELLEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE)

(Very probably, four other European countries will enter the Common Market in 1973: Great Britain, Ireland, Denmark, and Norway. In your opinion, is this extension of the Common Market which would then comprise ten European countries a good thing or a bad thing ...?)

F.28C UND FUER IHR BUNDESLAND (JEWEILIGE REGION) ALS SOLCHES BETRACHTET? (For your region considered by itself)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EHER ETWAS GUTES (a good thing)

2 EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES (a bad thing)

v42 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v42	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M				
BE	785	518 (76.9)	156 (23.1)	1459	674
DE	680	1044 (79.3)	273 (20.7)	1997	1317
FR	1073	772 (75.5)	250 (24.5)	2095	1022
IT	1020	858 (86.1)	139 (13.9)	2017	997
NL	757	730 (79.7)	186 (20.3)	1673	916
N Sum	4315	3922	1004	9241	
N Valid Sum		3922	1004		4926

v43 - MANSHOLT PLAN - HEARD ABOUT

F.29

HABEN SIE SCHON VOM "MANSHOLT-PLAN" GEHOERT?

(Have you heard of the Mansholt plan?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 JA (yes)
- 2 NEIN (no)

v43 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v43	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
	M					
BE		848 (58.1)	611 (41.9)		1459	1459
DE		1123 (56.2)	874 (43.8)		1997	1997
FR	4	795 (38.0)	1296 (62.0)		2095	2091
IT	198	331 (18.2)	1488 (81.8)		2017	1819
NL		1213 (72.5)	460 (27.5)		1673	1673
N Sum	202	4310		4729	9241	
N Valid Sum		4310		4729		9039

## v44 - MANSHOLT PLAN - GOOD/BAD

F.31

IST DER "MANSHOLT-PLAN", NACH DEM WAS SIE DAVON WISSEN, IHRER ANSICHT NACH EHER ETWAS GUTES ODER EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES?

(From what you know, do you think that the Mansholt plan is a good thing or a bad thing?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EHER ETWAS GUTES (a good thing)

2 EHER ETWAS SCHLECHTES (a bad thing)

9 INAP (CODED 0, 2 IN F.29)

v44 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v44	0	1	2	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
		M		M			
BE	292	278 (50.0)	278 (50.0)	611	1459	556	
DE	425	438 (62.8)	260 (37.2)	874	1997	698	
FR	362	221 (51.0)	212 (49.0)	1300	2095	433	
IT	123	152 (73.1)	56 (26.9)	1686	2017	208	
NL	498	433 (60.6)	282 (39.4)	460	1673	715	
N Sum	1700	1522	1088	4931	9241		
N Valid Sum		1522	1088				2610

## v45 - VALUE ORIENTATION - POL GOALS 1-4 1ST

F.32A

(KARTE 5 VORLEGEN)

IN DER POLITIK KANN MAN NICHT IMMER ERREICHEN, WAS MAN WILL. WENN SIE UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN DINGEN WAEHLEN MUESSTEN. WAS WAERE NACH IHRER ANSICHT AM ERSTREBENSWERTESTEN?

(In the political domain one cannot obtain all that one wants. If you had to choose among the following things which would appear to you the most desirable?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 AUFRECHTERHALTUNG DER ORDNUNG IM LAND (maintain order in the country)

2 STAERKERE MITWIRKUNG DES BUERGERS AN DEN ENTSCHEIDUNGEN DER REGIERUNG (improve the participation of citizens in governmental decisions)

3 BEKAEMPfung DES PREISANSTIEGS (combat rising prices)

4 GARANTIE DER FREIEN MEINUNGSAEUSSERUNG, SO DASS JEDER FREI SEINE MEINUNG ZUM AUSDRUCK BRINGEN KANN (guarantee freedom of expression, where everyone can say freely what he thinks),

v45 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v45	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
		M						
BE	48	376 (26.6)	252 (17.9)	533 (37.8)	250 (17.7)		1459	1411
DE	34	721 (36.7)	334 (17.0)	698 (35.6)	210 (10.7)		1997	1963
FR	30	777 (37.6)	194 (9.4)	782 (37.9)	312 (15.1)		2095	2065
IT	49	745 (37.9)	324 (16.5)	744 (37.8)	155 (7.9)		2017	1968
NL	26	582 (35.3)	345 (20.9)	565 (34.3)	155 (9.4)		1673	1647
N Sum	187	3201	1449	3322	1082		9241	
N Valid Sum		3201	1449	3322	1082			9054

## v46 - VALUE ORIENTATION - POL GOALS 1-4 2ND

[F.32A

... IN DER POLITIK KANN MAN NICHT IMMER ERREICHEN, WAS MAN WILL. WENN SIE UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN DINGEN WAEHLEN MUESSTEN. WAS WAERE NACH IHRER ANSICHT AM ERSTREBENSWERTESTEN? (In the political domain one cannot obtain all that one wants. If you had to choose among the following things which would appear to you the most desirable?)]

F.32B UND IN ZWEITER LINIE? (And the next most desirable?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 AUFRECHTERHALTUNG DER ORDNUNG IM LAND (maintain order in the country)

2 STAERKERE MITWIRKUNG DES BUERGERS AN DEN ENTSCHEIDUNGEN DER REGIERUNG (improve the participation of citizens in governmental decisions)

3 BEKAEMPfung DES PREISANSTIEGS (combat rising prices)

4 GARANTIE DER FREIEN MEINUNGSAEUSSERUNG, SO DASS JEDER FREI SEINE MEINUNG ZUM AUSDRUCK BRINGEN KANN (guarantee freedom of expression, where everyone can say freely what he thinks),

v46 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v46	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
	M							
BE	103	269 (19.8)	280 (20.6)	438 (32.3)	369 (27.2)		1459	1356
DE	73	503 (26.1)	319 (16.6)	687 (35.7)	415 (21.6)		1997	1924
FR	82	449 (22.3)	348 (17.3)	719 (35.7)	497 (24.7)		2095	2013
IT	97	443 (23.1)	318 (16.6)	750 (39.1)	409 (21.3)		2017	1920
NL	64	327 (20.3)	372 (23.1)	597 (37.1)	313 (19.5)		1673	1609
N Sum	419	1991	1637	3191	2003		9241	
N Valid Sum		1991	1637	3191	2003			8822



## v47 - VALUE ORIENTATION - POL GOALS 5-8 1ST

F.33A

(KARTE 6 VORLEGEN, NUR EINE ANTWORT PRO SPALTE)

WENN SIE UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN DINGEN WAELHEN MUESSTEN, WAS WAERE NACH IHRER ANSICHT AM  
ERSTREBENSWERTESTEN?

(And if you had to choose among the following things what would appear to you the most desirable?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ERHOEHTE SICHERUNG DER ARBEITSPLAETZE (increase the security of employment)

2 UMWELTSCHUTZ (stop pollution)

3 BEGRENZUNG DER ZAHL DER AUSLAENDER, DIE IN DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) ARBEITEN (limit the  
number of foreigners working in (respondent's country))

4 GLEICHE RECHTE FUER FRAUEN UND MAENNER (give women the same rights as men)

v47 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v47	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
	M						
BE	52	684 (48.6)	307 (21.8)	229 (16.3)	187 (13.3)	1459	1407
DE	36	1032 (52.6)	485 (24.7)	214 (10.9)	230 (11.7)	1997	1961
FR	48	1053 (51.4)	363 (17.7)	359 (17.5)	272 (13.3)	2095	2047
IT	53	1489 (75.8)	298 (15.2)	55 (2.8)	122 (6.2)	2017	1964
NL	27	749 (45.5)	589 (35.8)	200 (12.2)	108 (6.6)	1673	1646
N Sum	216	5007	2042	1057	919	9241	
N Valid Sum		5007	2042	1057	919		9025

## v48 - VALUE ORIENTATION - POL GOALS 5-8 2ND

[F.33A

... WENN SIE UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN DINGEN WAEHLEN MUESSTEN, WAS WAERE NACH IHRER ANSICHT AM  
ERSTREBENSWERTESTEN? (And if you had to choose among the following things what would appear to you the most desirable?  
)]

F.33B UND IN ZWEITER LINIE? (And the next most desirable?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ERHOEHTE SICHERUNG DER ARBEITSPLAETZE (increase the security of employment)

2 UMWELTSCHUTZ (stop pollution)

3 BEGRENZUNG DER ZAHL DER AUSLAENDER, DIE IN DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) ARBEITEN (limit the  
number of foreigners working in (respondent's country))

4 GLEICHE RECHTE FUER FRAUEN UND MAENNER (give women the same rights as men)

v48 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

Table by isocntry, v48: Absolute values (New + Green)								
	v48	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
	M							
BE	101	297 (21.9)	384 (28.3)	342 (25.2)	335 (24.7)		1459	1358
DE	82	416 (21.7)	625 (32.6)	434 (22.7)	440 (23.0)		1997	1915
FR	124	458 (23.2)	441 (22.4)	447 (22.7)	625 (31.7)		2095	1971
IT	183	281 (15.3)	861 (46.9)	260 (14.2)	432 (23.6)		2017	1834
NL	64	413 (25.7)	547 (34.0)	405 (25.2)	244 (15.2)		1673	1609
N Sum	554		1865	2858	1888	2076	9241	
N Valid Sum			1865	2858	1888	2076		8687

## v49 - VALUE ORIENTATION - POL GOALS 9-12 1ST

F.34A

(KARTE 7 VORLEGEN, EINE ANTWORT PRO SPALTE)

UND WENN SIE UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN ZIELEN ZU WAEHLEN HAETTEN, WELCHES WUERDE IHNEN AM  
ERSTREBENSWERTESTEN ERSCHEINEN?

(If you had to choose among the following objectives, what would appear to you the most desirable?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DASS DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) MILITAERISCH STARK IST (that (respondent's country) has a strong  
army)

2 DASS DEN ENTWICKLUNGSLAENDERN WIRTSCHAFTSHILFE GELEISTET WIRD (give economic aid to countries in the  
process of developing)

3 DASS DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) EINE WICHTIGE ROLLE IN DER WELTPOLITIK SPIELT (that (respondent's  
country) plays an important role in world affairs)

4 DASS SCHRITTE IM HINBLICK AUF EINE POLITISCHE FORM DER VEREINIGTEN STAATEN VON EUROPA  
UNTERNOMMEN WERDEN (move towards the formation of a United States of Europe)

v49 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v49	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M						
BE	248	102 (8.4)	476 (39.3)	321 (26.5)	312 (25.8)	1459	1211
DE	169	177 (9.7)	209 (11.4)	578 (31.6)	864 (47.3)	1997	1828
FR	304	351 (19.6)	530 (29.6)	502 (28.0)	408 (22.8)	2095	1791
IT	216	204 (11.3)	390 (21.7)	803 (44.6)	404 (22.4)	2017	1801
NL	171	193 (12.8)	417 (27.8)	236 (15.7)	656 (43.7)	1673	1502
N Sum	1108	1027	2022	2440	2644	9241	
N Valid Sum		1027	2022	2440	2644		8133

## v50 - VALUE ORIENTATION - POL GOALS 9-12 2ND

[F.34A

... UND WENN SIE UNTER DEN FOLGENDEN ZIELEN ZU WAEHLLEN HAETTEN, WELCHES WUERDE IHNEN AM ERSTREBENSWERTESTEN ERSCHEINEN? (If you had to choose among the following objectives, what would appear to you the most desirable?)]

F.34B UND IN ZWEITER LINIE? (And the next most desirable?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 DASS DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) MILITAERISCH STARK IST (that (respondent's country) has a strong army)

2 DASS DEN ENTWICKLUNGSLAENDERN WIRTSCHAFTSHILFE GELEISTET WIRD (give economic aid to countries in the process of developing)

3 DASS DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) EINE WICHTIGE ROLLE IN DER WELTPOLITIK SPIELT (that (respondent's country) plays an important role in world affairs)

4 DASS SCHRITTE IM HINBLICK AUF EINE POLITISCHE FORM DER VEREINIGTEN STAATEN VON EUROPA UNTERNOMMEN WERDEN (move towards the formation of a United States of Europe)

v50 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

isocntry	v50	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
		M						
BE		412	64 (6.1)	278 (26.6)	382 (36.5)	323 (30.9)	1459	1047
DE		453	142 (9.2)	399 (25.8)	473 (30.6)	530 (34.3)	1997	1544
FR		515	177 (11.2)	436 (27.6)	576 (36.5)	391 (24.7)	2095	1580
IT		438	101 (6.4)	374 (23.7)	500 (31.7)	604 (38.3)	2017	1579
NL		371	116 (8.9)	457 (35.1)	360 (27.6)	369 (28.3)	1673	1302
N Sum		2189	600	1944	2291	2217	9241	
N Valid Sum			600	1944	2291	2217		7052

## v51 - WORLD WAR DANGER - PROBABILITY

F.35

HIER IST EINE ART THERMOMETER. WUERDEN SIE BITTE ANGEBEN, AN WELCHEM PUNKT AUF DIESEM THERMOMETER SIE DIE GEFAHR EINES NEUEN WELTKRIEGES FUER DIE NAECHSTEN 10 JAHRE EINTRAGEN WUERDEN?

(KARTE 8 VORLEGEN, NUR EINE ANTWORT)

(Here is a sort of thermometer (SHOW CARD). Would you show me where on this thermometer you place the danger of a new world war in the next ten years.)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 100 EIN KRIEG IST GEWISS (war is certain)

2 90

3 80

4 70

5 60

6 50

7 40

8 30

9 20 - 0 KEINERLEI KRIEGSGEFAHR (no danger of war)

v51 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v51	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry													
		M											
BE		208	23 (1.8)	6 (0.5)	20 (1.6)	19 (1.5)	36 (2.9)	118 (9.4)	57 (4.6)	114 (9.1)	858 (68.6)	1459	1251
DE		159	11 (0.6)	13 (0.7)	35 (1.9)	51 (2.8)	91 (5.0)	219 (11.9)	144 (7.8)	237 (12.9)	1037 (56.4)	1997	1838
FR		315	39 (2.2)	14 (0.8)	49 (2.8)	34 (1.9)	50 (2.8)	282 (15.8)	90 (5.1)	163 (9.2)	1059 (59.5)	2095	1780
IT		194	70 (3.8)	27 (1.5)	41 (2.2)	51 (2.8)	61 (3.3)	141 (7.7)	123 (6.7)	172 (9.4)	1137 (62.4)	2017	1823
NL		227	24 (1.7)	11 (0.8)	42 (2.9)	32 (2.2)	34 (2.4)	206 (14.2)	77 (5.3)	109 (7.5)	911 (63.0)	1673	1446
N Sum		1103	167	71	187	187	272	966	491	795	5002	9241	
N Valid Sum			167	71	187	187	272	966	491	795	5002		8138

v52 - ECONOMIC CRISIS DANGER - PROBABILITY

F.36

HIER IST EIN ANDERES THERMOMETER. WUERDEN SIE BITTE ANGEBEN, AN WELCHEM PUNKT AUF DIESEM THERMOMETER SIE DIE GEFAHR EINER ERNSTEN WIRTSCHAFTSKRISE IN DEUTSCHLAND (LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) IN DEN NAECHSTEN 10 JAHREN EINTRAGEN WUERDEN?

(KARTE 9 VORLEGEN, NUR EINE EINZIGE ANTWORT)

(Here is another thermometer (SHOW CARD). Would you show where on this thermometer you place the danger of a economic crisis in the next ten years.)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 100 EINE KRISE IST GEWISS (crisis is certain)

2 90

3 80

4 70

5 60

6 50

7 40

8 30

9 20 - 0 KEINERLEI KRISENGEFAHR (no danger of crisis)

v52 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v52	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry												
	M											
BE	197	58 (4.6)	42 (3.3)	103 (8.2)	112 (8.9)	120 (9.5)	243 (19.3)	107 (8.5)	136 (10.8)	341 (27.0)		1459
DE	127	87 (4.7)	72 (3.9)	151 (8.1)	212 (11.3)	190 (10.2)	365 (19.5)	200 (10.7)	201 (10.7)	392 (21.0)		1997
FR	381	109 (6.4)	93 (5.4)	207 (12.1)	162 (9.5)	143 (8.3)	429 (25.0)	126 (7.4)	149 (8.7)	296 (17.3)		2095
IT	234	151 (8.5)	143 (8.0)	224 (12.6)	172 (9.6)	155 (8.7)	279 (15.6)	160 (9.0)	177 (9.9)	322 (18.1)		2017
NL	210	53 (3.6)	71 (4.9)	159 (10.9)	143 (9.8)	109 (7.5)	307 (21.0)	155 (10.6)	125 (8.5)	341 (23.3)		1673
N Sum	1149	458	421	844	801	717	1623	748	788	1692		9241
N Valid Sum		458	421	844	801	717	1623	748	788	1692		

	v52	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		1262
DE		1870
FR		1714
IT		1783
NL		1463
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		8092

## v53 - EUROPEAN UNIFICATION - FOR/AGAINST

F.37

SIND SIE DAFUER ODER DAGEGEN, DASS SICH DER GEMEINSAME MARKT ZU EINER POLITISCHEN FORM DER VEREINIGTEN STAATEN VON EUROPA HIN ENTWICKELT?

(Are you for or against the evolution of the Common Market towards the political formation of a United States of Europe?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)  
 1 GANZ UND GAR DAFUER (definitely for)  
 2 EHER DAFUER (somewhat for)  
 3 EHER DAGEGEN (somewhat against)  
 4 GANZ UND GAR DAGEGEN (definitely against)

v53 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v53	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M						
BE	508	384 (40.4)	369 (38.8)	120 (12.6)	78 (8.2)	1459	951
DE	272	729 (42.3)	692 (40.1)	219 (12.7)	85 (4.9)	1997	1725
FR	677	489 (34.5)	573 (40.4)	189 (13.3)	167 (11.8)	2095	1418
IT	414	883 (55.1)	569 (35.5)	101 (6.3)	50 (3.1)	2017	1603
NL	234	529 (36.8)	602 (41.8)	188 (13.1)	120 (8.3)	1673	1439
N Sum	2105	3014	2805	817	500	9241	
N Valid Sum		3014	2805	817	500		7136

## v54 - EUROPEAN UNIFICATION - SACRIFICE

F.38

WAEREN SIE ZU GEWISSEN PERSOENLICHEN, BEISPIELSWEISE FINANZIELLEN OPFERN BEREIT, DAMIT DIE POLITISCHE EINIGUNG EUROPAS ZUSTANDE KOMMT?

(Would you be willing to make certain personal sacrifices for example, on the financial level so that the political unification of Europe takes place?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 DURCHAUS BEREIT (definitely willing)
- 2 ZIEMLICH BEREIT (somewhat willing)
- 3 WENIG BEREIT (little willing)
- 4 GANZ UND GAR NICHT BEREIT (not at all willing)
- 9 INAP (CODED 0, 3, 4 IN F.37) (only for Netherlands)

v54 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v54	0	1	2	3	4	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry									
		M				M			
BE		277	68 (5.8)	221 (18.7)	230 (19.5)	663 (56.1)		1459	1182
DE		160	257 (14.0)	508 (27.7)	535 (29.1)	537 (29.2)		1997	1837
FR		323	122 (6.9)	437 (24.7)	348 (19.6)	865 (48.8)		2095	1772
IT		471	243 (15.7)	481 (31.1)	331 (21.4)	491 (31.8)		2017	1546
NL		46	116 (10.7)	428 (39.4)	341 (31.4)	200 (18.4)	542	1673	1085
N Sum		1277	806	2075	1785	2756	542	9241	
N Valid Sum			806	2075	1785	2756			7422



## v55 - EC INFO - COMMON MARKET PROBLEMS

F.39

HALTEN SIE SICH IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN FUER AUSREICHEND ODER NICHT AUSREICHEND INFORMIERT UEBER  
FOLGENDE PROBLEME?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(All together, do you consider that you are sufficiently informed about ...?)

F.39A DIE PROBLEME DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES (The problems concerning the Common Market)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 AUSREICHEND (sufficiently)

2 NICHT AUSREICHEND (not sufficiently)

v55 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v55	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M				
BE	260	375 (31.3)	824 (68.7)	1459	1199
DE	123	779 (41.6)	1095 (58.4)	1997	1874
FR	204	580 (30.7)	1311 (69.3)	2095	1891
IT	225	464 (25.9)	1328 (74.1)	2017	1792
NL	201	464 (31.5)	1008 (68.5)	1673	1472
N Sum	1013	2662	5566	9241	
N Valid Sum		2662	5566		8228

## v56 - EC INFO - NATIONAL AGRICULT PROBLEMS

F.39

HALTEN SIE SICH IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN FUER AUSREICHEND ODER NICHT AUSREICHEND INFORMIERT UEBER  
FOLGENDE PROBLEME?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(All together, do you consider that you are sufficiently informed about ...?)

F.39B DIE PROBLEME DER DEUTSCHEN LANDWIRTSCHAFT (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) (The problems concerning agriculture  
(in respondent's country))

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 AUSREICHEND (sufficiently)

2 NICHT AUSREICHEND (not sufficiently)

v56 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v56	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
	M					
BE	257	376 (31.3)	826 (68.7)		1459	1202
DE	129	856 (45.8)	1012 (54.2)		1997	1868
FR	221	627 (33.5)	1247 (66.5)		2095	1874
IT	236	628 (35.3)	1153 (64.7)		2017	1781
NL	214	518 (35.5)	941 (64.5)		1673	1459
N Sum	1057	3005		5179	9241	
N Valid Sum		3005		5179		8184

## v57 - EC INFO - REGIONAL ECONOMIC PROBLEMS

F.39

HALTEN SIE SICH IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN FUER AUSREICHEND ODER NICHT AUSREICHEND INFORMIERT UEBER  
FOLGENDE PROBLEME?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(All together, do you consider that you are sufficiently informed about ...?)

F.39C DIE PROBLEME DER WIRTSCHAFTSENTWICKLUNG IHRES GEBIETES (The problems concerning economic development  
of your region)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 AUSREICHEND (sufficiently)

2 NICHT AUSREICHEND (not sufficiently)

v57 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v57	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
		M				
BE		262	363 (30.3)	834 (69.7)	1459	1197
DE		178	806 (44.3)	1013 (55.7)	1997	1819
FR		204	568 (30.0)	1323 (70.0)	2095	1891
IT		285	663 (38.3)	1069 (61.7)	2017	1732
NL		283	388 (27.9)	1002 (72.1)	1673	1390
N Sum		1212	2788	5241	9241	
N Valid Sum			2788	5241		8029

## v58 - EC INFO IN TV - COMMON MARKET PROBL

F.40

SIND SIE INSBESONDERE DER ANSICHT, DASS DAS DEUTSCHE FERNSEHEN (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) ZUVIEL, GERADE DAS NOETIGE, ODER NICHT GENUEGEND TUT, UM DIE OEFFENTLICHKEIT UEBER FOLGENDE PROBLEME ZU UNTERRICHTEN?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Specifically, do you consider that television (in respondent's country) does a lot (ICPSR), just what's necessary, or not enough to inform the public about ...?)

F.40A DIE PROBLEME DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES (The problems concerning the Common Market)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ZUVIEL (a lot)

2 GERADE DAS NOETIGE (just what's necessary)

3 NICHT GENUEGEND (not enough)

v58 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v58	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
		M					
BE		319	62 (5.4)	472 (41.4)	606 (53.2)	1459	1140
DE		198	130 (7.2)	1055 (58.6)	614 (34.1)	1997	1799
FR		507	55 (3.5)	695 (43.8)	838 (52.8)	2095	1588
IT		445	129 (8.2)	700 (44.5)	743 (47.3)	2017	1572
NL		263	49 (3.5)	433 (30.7)	928 (65.8)	1673	1410
N Sum		1732	425	3355	3729	9241	
N Valid Sum			425	3355	3729		7509

## v59 - EC INFO IN TV - NATIONAL AGRICULT PROBL

F.40

SIND SIE INSBESONDERE DER ANSICHT, DASS DAS DEUTSCHE FERNSEHEN (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) ZUVIEL, GERADE DAS NOETIGE, ODER NICHT GENUEGEND TUT, UM DIE OEFFENTLICHKEIT UEBER FOLGENDE PROBLEME ZU UNTERRICHTEN?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Specifically, do you consider that television (in respondent's country) does a lot (ICPSR), just what's necessary, or not enough to inform the public about ...?)

F.40B DIE PROBLEME DER DEUTSCHEN LANDWIRTSCHAFT (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) (The problems concerning agriculture (in respondent's country))

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ZUVIEL (a lot)

2 GERADE DAS NOETIGE (just what's necessary)

3 NICHT GENUEGEND (not enough)

v59 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v59	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M					
BE	318	51 (4.5)	413 (36.2)	677 (59.3)	1459	1141
DE	197	167 (9.3)	951 (52.8)	682 (37.9)	1997	1800
FR	503	24 (1.5)	624 (39.2)	944 (59.3)	2095	1592
IT	386	98 (6.0)	672 (41.2)	861 (52.8)	2017	1631
NL	281	30 (2.2)	415 (29.8)	947 (68.0)	1673	1392
N Sum	1685	370	3075	4111	9241	
N Valid Sum		370	3075	4111		7556

## v60 - EC INFO IN TV - REGIONAL ECONOMIC PROBL

F.40

SIND SIE INSBESONDERE DER ANSICHT, DASS DAS DEUTSCHE FERNSEHEN (DES JEWEILIGEN LANDES) ZUVIEL, GERADE DAS NOETIGE, ODER NICHT GENUEGEND TUT, UM DIE OEFFENTLICHKEIT UEBER FOLGENDE PROBLEME ZU UNTERRICHTEN?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Specifically, do you consider that television (in respondent's country) does a lot (ICPSR), just what's necessary, or not enough to inform the public about ...?)

F.40C DIE PROBLEME DER WIRTSCHAFTSENTWICKLUNG IHRES GEBIETES (The problems concerning economic development of your region)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 ZUVIEL (a lot)

2 GERADE DAS NOETIGE (just what's necessary)

3 NICHT GENUEGEND (not enough)

v60 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v60	0	1	2	3	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry							
	M						
BE	326	31 (2.7)	300 (26.5)	802 (70.8)	1459	1133	
DE	259	88 (5.1)	803 (46.2)	847 (48.7)	1997	1738	
FR	502	12 (0.8)	483 (30.3)	1098 (68.9)	2095	1593	
IT	462	32 (2.1)	364 (23.4)	1159 (74.5)	2017	1555	
NL	338	25 (1.9)	281 (21.0)	1029 (77.1)	1673	1335	
N Sum	1887	188	2231	4935	9241		
N Valid Sum		188	2231	4935		7354	

## v61 - EUROP UNION - COUNTRIES TOO DIFFERENT

F.41

MANCHE SAGEN, DASS DIE VOELKER EUROPAS NICHT REIF SIND, UM ZUSAMMEN EINE GROSSE POLITISCHE EINHEIT MIT EINER EUROPAEISCHEN REGIERUNG UND EINEM EUROPAEISCHEN PARLAMENT ZU BILDEN. SIND SIE PERSOENLICH MIT FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN EINVERSTANDEN ODER NICHT?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Some say that the people of Europe are not ready to form a great political unity, with a European government and a European parliament. Personally, are you in agreement or not with each of the following opinions?)

F.41A DIE LAENDER EUROPAS SIND, UM ZUSAMMEN EINE GROSSE POLITISCHE EINHEIT BILDEN ZU KOENNEN, ZU VERSCHIEDENARTIG (The countries of Europe are too different (in size and power) to succeed at forming a great political unity)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINVERSTANDEN (agree)

2 NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (disagree)

v61 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

Table 1: Frequency, Relative Values (Row %), and N						
	v61	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
	M					
BE	441	549 (53.9)	469 (46.1)		1459	1018
DE	275	888 (51.6)	834 (48.4)		1997	1722
FR	527	897 (57.2)	671 (42.8)		2095	1568
IT	526	823 (55.2)	668 (44.8)		2017	1491
NL	266	829 (58.9)	578 (41.1)		1673	1407
N Sum	2035		3986	3220	9241	
N Valid Sum			3986	3220		7206

## v62 - EUROP UNION - TAKE AT LEAST 20 YEARS

## F.41

MANCHE SAGEN, DASS DIE VOELKER EUROPAS NICHT REIF SIND, UM ZUSAMMEN EINE GROSSE POLITISCHE EINHEIT MIT EINER EUROPAEISCHEN REGIERUNG UND EINEM EUROPAEISCHEN PARLAMENT ZU BILDEN. SIND SIE PERSOENLICH MIT FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN EINVERSTANDEN ODER NICHT?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Some say that the people of Europe are not ready to form a great political unity, with a European government and a European parliament. Personally, are you in agreement or not with each of the following opinions?)

F.41B DIE VEREINIGTEN STAATEN VON EUROPA WIRD ES EINES TAGES VIELLEICHT GEBEN, DOCH WIRD ES HIERZU MINDESTENS NOCH 20 JAHRE BRAUCHEN. (The United States of Europe will exist perhaps one day but that will take at least 20 more years)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINVERSTANDEN (agree)

2 NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (disagree)

v62 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v62	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M				
BE	476	749 (76.2)	234 (23.8)	1459	983
DE	313	1270 (75.4)	414 (24.6)	1997	1684
FR	503	1355 (85.1)	237 (14.9)	2095	1592
IT	516	1112 (74.1)	389 (25.9)	2017	1501
NL	348	1067 (80.5)	258 (19.5)	1673	1325
N Sum	2156	5553	1532	9241	
N Valid Sum		5553	1532		7085



## v63 - EUROP UNION - PEOPLE BECOME CONSCIOUS

## F.41

MANCHE SAGEN, DASS DIE VOELKER EUROPAS NICHT REIF SIND, UM ZUSAMMEN EINE GROSSE POLITISCHE EINHEIT MIT EINER EUROPAEISCHEN REGIERUNG UND EINEM EUROPAEISCHEN PARLAMENT ZU BILDEN. SIND SIE PERSOENLICH MIT FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN EINVERSTANDEN ODER NICHT?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Some say that the people of Europe are not ready to form a great political unity, with a European government and a European parliament. Personally, are you in agreement or not with each of the following opinions?)

F.41C DIE VOELKER EUROPAS WERDEN SICH IMMER MEHR IHRER GEMEINSAMEN INTERESSEN AUF ALLEN GEBIETEN BEWUSST (The people of Europe are becoming more and more conscious of their common interests in all areas)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINVERSTANDEN (agree)

2 NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (disagree)

v63 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

by isocntry, N Valid Sum						
	v63	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry						
	M					
BE	480	838 (85.6)	141 (14.4)		1459	979
DE	285	1428 (83.4)	284 (16.6)		1997	1712
FR	576	1327 (87.4)	192 (12.6)		2095	1519
IT	571	1206 (83.4)	240 (16.6)		2017	1446
NL	328	1184 (88.0)	161 (12.0)		1673	1345
N Sum	2240	5983	1018		9241	
N Valid Sum		5983	1018			7001

## v64 - EUROP UNION - PUBLICS AHEAD GOVERNMENTS

## F.41

MANCHE SAGEN, DASS DIE VOELKER EUROPAS NICHT REIF SIND, UM ZUSAMMEN EINE GROSSE POLITISCHE EINHEIT MIT EINER EUROPAEISCHEN REGIERUNG UND EINEM EUROPAEISCHEN PARLAMENT ZU BILDEN. SIND SIE PERSOENLICH MIT FOLGENDEN MEINUNGEN EINVERSTANDEN ODER NICHT?

(EINE ANTWORT PRO ZEILE, ANTWORTVORGABEN VORLESEN)

(Some say that the people of Europe are not ready to form a great political unity, with a European government and a European parliament. Personally, are you in agreement or not with each of the following opinions?)

F.41D IN DEN LAENDERN DES GEMEINSAMEN MARKTES IST DIE BREITE OEFFENTLICHKEIT BEREIT, IN DER EINIGUNG WEITER ZU GEHEN ALS DIE REGIERUNGEN (In the Common Market countries the people are more ready to advance towards unification than are the governments)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EINVERSTANDEN (agree)

2 NICHT EINVERSTANDEN (disagree)

v64 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v64	0	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M				
BE	650	460 (56.9)	349 (43.1)	1459	809
DE	529	1008 (68.7)	460 (31.3)	1997	1468
FR	893	767 (63.8)	435 (36.2)	2095	1202
IT	832	837 (70.6)	348 (29.4)	2017	1185
NL	556	644 (57.7)	473 (42.3)	1673	1117
N Sum	3460	3716	2065	9241	
N Valid Sum		3716	2065		5781

## v65 - POL DISCUSSION - CONVINCE FRIENDS

F.42

KOMMT ES VOR, DASS SIE IHRE FREUNDE, IHRE ARBEITSKOLLEGEN ODER IHRE BEKANNTEN VON EINER MEINUNG  
UEBERZEUGEN, AUF DIE SIE GROSSEN WERT LEGEN?

(Concerning your friends, your coworkers, your acquaintances have you ever succeeded in convincing them to adopt an opinion  
which you hold strongly)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 HAEUFIG (often)
- 2 VON ZEIT ZU ZEIT (from time to time)
- 3 SELTEN (rarely)
- 4 NIEMALS (never)

v65 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v65	0	1	2	3	4	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M						
BE	112	201 (14.9)	593 (44.0)	271 (20.1)	282 (20.9)	1459	1347
DE	96	225 (11.8)	739 (38.9)	570 (30.0)	367 (19.3)	1997	1901
FR	85	152 (7.6)	536 (26.7)	442 (22.0)	880 (43.8)	2095	2010
IT	134	302 (16.0)	685 (36.4)	502 (26.7)	394 (20.9)	2017	1883
NL	185	441 (29.6)	716 (48.1)	227 (15.3)	104 (7.0)	1673	1488
N Sum	612	1321	3269	2012	2027	9241	
N Valid Sum		1321	3269	2012	2027		8629

v66 - ATTITUDE TOWARDS NEW IDEAS/THINGS

F.43

ES GIBT MENSCHEN, DIE ALLEM NEUEN IRGENDWIE MISSTRAUISCH GEGENUEBERSTEHEN, ANDERE DAGEGEN SIND ALLEN NEUEN DINGEN GEGENUEBER SEHR AUFGESCHLOSSEN. ZU WELCHER GRUPPE GEHOEREN SIE PERSOENLICH IHRER MEINUNG NACH AM EHESTEN?

(ANTWORTMOEGlichkeiten VORLESEN)

(Certain persons are attracted to new things and new ideas. Others are suspicious of that which is new. Which is in general your attitude towards that which is new?)

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 SEHR AUFGESCHLOSSEN (very attracted)
- 2 IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN AUFGESCHLOSSEN (somewhat attracted)
- 3 KOMMT DARAUF AN (depends)
- 4 IM GROSSEN UND GANZEN EHER MISSTRAUISCH (somewhat suspicious)
- 5 SEHR MISSTRAUISCH (very suspicious)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 NEUEM GEGENUEBER SEHR AUFGESCHLOSSEN (very attracted)
- 2 NEUEM AUFGESCHLOSSEN, ABER MIT VORSICHT (attracted, but with caution)
- 3 EHER GENEIGT, ANDERE EINEN ERSTEN VERSUCH MACHEN ZU LASSEN (inclined to let others try first)
- 4 NEUEM GEGENUEBER SEHR MISSTRAUISCH (very suspicious)

v66 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v66	0	1	2	3	4	5	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry								
	M							
BE	58	225 (16.1)	384 (27.4)	482 (34.4)	248 (17.7)	62 (4.4)	1459	1401
DE	25	586 (29.7)	903 (45.8)	303 (15.4)	180 (9.1)		1997	1972
FR	49	229 (11.2)	656 (32.1)	532 (26.0)	564 (27.6)	65 (3.2)	2095	2046
IT	87	420 (21.8)	459 (23.8)	776 (40.2)	229 (11.9)	46 (2.4)	2017	1930
NL	50	342 (21.1)	475 (29.3)	601 (37.0)	183 (11.3)	22 (1.4)	1673	1623
N Sum	269	1802	2877	2694	1404	195	9241	
N Valid Sum		1802	2877	2694	1404	195		8972

v67 - VOTE INTENTION

F.44

(KARTE 10 VORLEGEN)

ETWAS ANDERES: WENN AM NAECHSTEN SONNTAG BUNDESTAGSWAHLEN (NATIONALE WAHLEN IM LAND DES BEFRAGTEN) WAEREN, WELCHE PARTEI WUERDEN SIE DANN WAEHLEN?

(If now were the time for legislative elections (general elections in respondent's country) to choose deputies would you tell me the letter corresponding to the candidate for which it would be most likely that you would vote (which party would you vote for)?)

in France (FR):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 CENTRISTES DE TENDANCE MAJORITE (J. DUHAMEL)
- 2 (PCF) PARTI COMMUNISTE FRANCAIS
- 3 PARTI RADICAL
- 4 (UDR) UNION DES DEMOCRATES POUR LA REPUBLIQUE
- 5 (PS) PARTI SOCIALISTE
- 6 REPUBLICAINS INDEPENDANTS
- 7 (PSU) PARTI SOCIALISTE UNIFIE
- 8 CENTRISTES DE TENDANCES OPPOSITION (J. LECANUET)
- 9 Other party

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 KA
- 1 (PSB/PBS) BELGISCHE SOCIALISTISCHE PARTIJ / PARTI SOCIALISTE BELGE
- 2 (CVP) CHRISTELIJKE VOLKSPARTIJ (FLEMISH)
- 3 (PSC) PARTI SOCIAL CHRETIEN (FRENCH)
- 4 (VU) VOLKSUNIE
- 5 (FDF/RW) FRONT DEMOCRATIQUE DES FRANCOPHONES BRUXELLOIS / RASSEMBLEMENT WALLON
- 6 (PVV/PLP) PARTIJ VAN DE VRIJHEID EN VOORUITGANG / PARTI DE LA LIBERTE ET DU PROGRES
- 7 Don't remember, (PCB) PARTI COMMUNISTE BELGE, others
- 8 Voted blank
- 9 Not yet voted

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 (KVP) KATHOLIEKE VOLKSPARTIJ
- 2 (PVDA) PARTIJ VAN DE ARBEID
- 3 (VVD) VOLKSPARTIJ VOR VRIJHEID EN DEMOKRATIE
- 4 (ARP) ANTI-REVOLUTIONAIRE PARTIJ
- 5 (CHU) CHRISTELIJK-HISTORISCHE UNIE
- 6 (D 66 OF PPR) DEMOKRTAEN 66 OF POLITIEKE PARTIJ RADIKALEN
- 7 (DS 70) DEMOKRATISCHE SOCIALISTEN '70
- 8 (PSP) PACIFISTISCH-SOCIALISTISCHE PARTIJ
- 9 Others ((CPN) COMMUNISTISCHE PARTIJ...)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 Don't know, NA
- 1 (CDU/CSU) CHRISTLICH-DEMOKRATISCHE UNION / CHRISTLICH-SOZIALE UNION
- 2 (FDP) FREIE DEMOKRATISCHE PARTEI
- 3 (DKP) DEUTSCHE KOMMUNISTISCHE PARTEI
- 4 (NPD) NATIONALDEMOKRATISCHE PARTEI DEUTSCHLANDS
- 5 (SPD) SOZIALDEMOKRATISCHE PARTEI DEUTSCHLANDS
- 6 (DU) DEUTSCHE UNION
- 7 Others

in Italy (IT):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 (PCI) PARTITO COMUNISTA ITALIANO
- 2 (PSIUP) PARTITO SOCIALISTA ITALIANO DI UNITA PROLETARIO
- 3 (PSI) PARTITO SOCIALISTA ITALIANO
- 4 (PSDI) PARTITO SOCIALISTA DEMOCRATICO ITALIANO
- 5 (PRI) PARTITO REPUBBLICANO ITALIANO
- 6 (DC) DEMOCRAZIA CRISTIANA
- 7 (PLI) PARTITO LIBERALE ITALIANO
- 8 (PDIUM) PARTITO DEMOCRATICO DI UNITA MONARCHICA
- 9 (MSI) MOVIMENTO SOCIALE ITALIANO

v67 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v67	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry												
	M											
BE	434	220 (21.5)	298 (29.1)	98 (9.6)	67 (6.5)	44 (4.3)	119 (11.6)	35 (3.4)	24 (2.3)	120 (11.7)		1459
DE	578	662 (46.7)	81 (5.7)	13 (0.9)	14 (1.0)	637 (44.9)	1 (0.1)	11 (0.8)				1997
FR	608	129 (8.7)	161 (10.8)	43 (2.9)	304 (20.4)	357 (24.0)	164 (11.0)	62 (4.2)	88 (5.9)	179 (12.0)		2095
IT	898	154 (13.8)	24 (2.1)	173 (15.5)	64 (5.7)	43 (3.8)	493 (44.1)	46 (4.1)	1 (0.1)	121 (10.8)		2017
NL	373	275 (21.2)	302 (23.2)	149 (11.5)	123 (9.5)	90 (6.9)	86 (6.6)	122 (9.4)	30 (2.3)	123 (9.5)		1673
N Sum	2891	1440	866	476	572	1171	863	276	143	543		9241
N Valid Sum		1440	866	476	572	1171	863	276	143	543		

	v67	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		1025
DE		1419
FR		1487
IT		1119
NL		1300
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		6350

## v68 - RELIGION - DENOMINATION

F.45

GEHOEREN SIE EINEM GLAUBENSBEKENNTNIS AN, UND WENN JA, WELCHEM?

(ANTWORTMOEGLICHKEITEN VORLESEN)

(Do you belong to a religion and if so which one?)

- 0 KA (NA)
- 1 JA, KATHOLISCH (yes, Catholic)
- 2 JA, PROTESTANTISCH, EVANGELISCH (yes, Protestant)
- 3 JA, ISRAELITISCH (yes, Jewish)
- 4 JA, ISLAMISCH (yes, Moslem)
- 5 JA, ANDERE (yes, other)
- 6 NEIN (no)

v68 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v68	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
		M								
BE	35	1203 (84.5)	9 (0.6)	1 (0.1)		11 (0.8)	200 (14.0)		1459	1424
DE	48	790 (40.5)	1058 (54.3)		2 (0.1)	20 (1.0)	79 (4.1)		1997	1949
FR	27	1766 (85.4)	42 (2.0)	19 (0.9)	6 (0.3)	16 (0.8)	219 (10.6)		2095	2068
IT	52	1859 (94.6)	9 (0.5)	2 (0.1)		9 (0.5)	86 (4.4)		2017	1965
NL	22	536 (32.5)	386 (23.4)	130 (7.9)		52 (3.1)	547 (33.1)		1673	1651
N Sum	184	6154	1504	152	8	108	1131		9241	
N Valid Sum		6154	1504	152	8	108	1131			9057

v69 - RELIGION - CHURCH ATTENDANCE

F.46

WIE OFT WOHNEN SIE DEM GOTTESDIENST BEI?

(ANTWORTMOEGLICHKEITEN VORLESEN)

(How often do you attend religious services?)

- 0 KA (NA)
- 1 MEHRMALS WOECHENTLICH (several times a week)
- 2 JEDE WOCHE ODER FAST JEDE WOCHE (nearly each week)
- 3 EIN-ODER ZWEIMAL MONATLICH (one or two times a month)
- 4 EINIGE MALE IM JAHR (several times a year)
- 5 NIE ODER FAST NIEMALS (never or nearly never)
- 9 INAP (CODED 6, 0 IN F.45)

v69 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v69	0	1	2	3	4	5	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry										
	M							M		
BE	18	83 (6.9)	624 (51.7)	105 (8.7)	149 (12.4)	245 (20.3)	235	1459	1206	
DE	58	55 (3.0)	425 (23.5)	253 (14.0)	547 (30.2)	532 (29.4)	127	1997	1812	
FR	33	30 (1.7)	390 (21.5)	126 (6.9)	604 (33.3)	666 (36.7)	246	2095	1816	
IT	24	162 (8.7)	642 (34.6)	332 (17.9)	451 (24.3)	268 (14.4)	138	2017	1855	
NL	9	51 (4.7)	575 (52.5)	172 (15.7)	121 (11.1)	176 (16.1)	569	1673	1095	
N Sum	142	381	2656	988	1872	1887	1315	9241		
N Valid Sum		381	2656	988	1872	1887				7784



## v70 - RELIGION - CONSERVATIVE/PROGRESSIVE

## F.47

BEI ALLEN KONFESSIONEN GIBT ES LEUTE, DIE DER ALTEN FORM ANHAENGEN, ALSO KONSERVATIV SIND; ANDERE DENKEN AUCH IN GLAUBENSINGEN SEHR FORTSCHRITTLICH. MAN SAGT AUCH: SIE SIND PROGRESSIV. WELCHER GRUPPE WUERDEN SIE SICH AM EHESTEN ZURECHNEN?

(In religious matters do you consider yourself conservative or progressive?)

0 WN, KA (DK, NA)

1 EHER KONSERVATIV (conservative)

2 EHER PROGRESSIV, FORTSCHRITTLICH (progressive)

9 INAP (CODED 6, 0 IN F.45)

## v70 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v70	0	1	2	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M			M		
BE	53	711 (60.7)	460 (39.3)	235	1459	1171
DE	238	608 (37.3)	1024 (62.7)	127	1997	1632
FR	264	856 (54.0)	729 (46.0)	246	2095	1585
IT	407	745 (50.6)	727 (49.4)	138	2017	1472
NL	162	554 (58.8)	388 (41.2)	569	1673	942
N Sum	1124	3474	3328	1315	9241	
N Valid Sum		3474	3328			6802

## v71 - SEX

F.A GESCHLECHT (Sex of respondent)

1 MAENNLICH (male)

2 WEIBLICH (female)

v71 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v71	1	2	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry					
BE		702 (48.1)	757 (51.9)	1459	1459
DE		937 (46.9)	1060 (53.1)	1997	1997
FR		999 (47.7)	1096 (52.3)	2095	2095
IT		1015 (50.3)	1002 (49.7)	2017	2017
NL		975 (58.3)	698 (41.7)	1673	1673
N Sum		4628	4613	9241	
N Valid Sum		4628	4613		9241

## v72 - AGE CATEGORIZED

F.B. ALTER (Age of respondent)

- 1 15 - 24 YEARS
- 2 25 - 29 YEARS
- 3 30 - 34 YEARS
- 4 35 - 39 YEARS
- 5 40 - 44 YEARS
- 6 45 - 49 YEARS
- 7 50 - 54 YEARS
- 8 55 - 59 YEARS
- 9 60 - 64 YEARS
- 10 65 YEARS AND MORE

## v72 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v72	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	N Sum
isocntry											
BE	269 (18.4)	125 (8.6)	104 (7.1)	125 (8.6)	128 (8.8)	115 (7.9)	87 (6.0)	102 (7.0)	126 (8.6)	278 (19.1)	1459
DE	234 (11.7)	212 (10.6)	292 (14.6)	219 (11.0)	183 (9.2)	192 (9.6)	160 (8.0)	149 (7.5)	131 (6.6)	225 (11.3)	1997
FR	404 (19.3)	202 (9.6)	163 (7.8)	165 (7.9)	196 (9.4)	188 (9.0)	147 (7.0)	131 (6.3)	142 (6.8)	357 (17.0)	2095
IT	445 (22.1)	198 (9.8)	211 (10.5)	180 (8.9)	178 (8.8)	179 (8.9)	133 (6.6)	156 (7.7)	114 (5.7)	223 (11.1)	2017
NL	336 (20.1)	168 (10.0)	123 (7.4)	164 (9.8)	162 (9.7)	141 (8.4)	130 (7.8)	126 (7.5)	116 (6.9)	207 (12.4)	1673
N Sum	1688	905	893	853	847	815	657	664	629	1290	9241
N Valid Sum	1688	905	893	853	847	815	657	664	629	1290	

v72	N Valid Sum
isocntry	
BE	1459
DE	1997
FR	2095
IT	2017
NL	1673
N Sum	
N Valid Sum	9241

v73 - OCCUPATION HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

F.C BERUF DES HAUSHALTUNGSVORSTANDES (GENAUER BERUF...) (Occupation of family head)

in France (FR):

- 1 Farmer
- 2 Self employed in industry or trades
- 3 Professional (CADRES SUPERIEURS)
- 4 Supervisory (CADRES MOYENS)
- 5 Clerical, sales (EMPLOYERS INFERIEURS)
- 6 Blue collar workers
- 7 Others
- 8 Inactive, not in labour force, housewife

in Belgium (BE):

- 1 Farmer
- 2 Self employed in industry or trades
- 3 Professional (CADRES SUPERIEURS)
- 4 Supervisory (CADRES MOYENS)
- 5 Clerical, sales (EMPLOYERS INFERIEURS)
- 6 Blue collar workers
- 7 Others
- 8 Inactive, not in labour force, housewife

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Farmer, florist
- 2 Head of firm or company
- 3 Free profession, higher employees
- 4 Medium level employees
- 5 Lower employees
- 6 Workers
- 7 No profession, retired

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 1 LANDWIRTE (farmer)
- 2 SELBSTAENDIGE IN INDUSTRIE UND HANDEL (self employed in industry or trades)
- 3 FREIE BERUFE, LEITENDE ANGESTELLTE UND BEAMTE (professional (high status))
- 4 MITTLERE ANGESTELLTE UND BEAMTE (middle level professionals)
- 5 ANGESTELLTE/BEAMTE (UNTERE LAUFBAHN) (lower level professionals)
- 6 ARBEITER (blue collar workers)
- 7 SONSTIGE GRUPPEN (other groups)
- 8 NICHT ERWERBSTAETIGE (inactive, not in labor force)

in Italy (IT):

- 0 Farm labor

- 1 Entrepreneur
- 2 Professional, housewife
- 3 Manager, student, retired
- 4 Upper employee
- 5 Lower level employee
- 6 Tradesman, craftsman
- 7 Independent farmer
- 8 Skilled labor
- 9 Unskilled labor

v73 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v73	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry											
BE	159 (10.9)	230 (15.8)	56 (3.8)	178 (12.2)	195 (13.4)	510 (35.0)	43 (2.9)	88 (6.0)			1459
DE	98 (4.9)	207 (10.4)	257 (12.9)	352 (17.6)	274 (13.7)	650 (32.5)	8 (0.4)	151 (7.6)			1997
FR	225 (10.7)	200 (9.5)	125 (6.0)	203 (9.7)	154 (7.4)	608 (29.0)	74 (3.5)	506 (24.2)			2095
IT	71 (3.5)	26 (1.3)	136 (6.7)	476 (23.6)	188 (9.3)	160 (7.9)	328 (16.3)	190 (9.4)	253 (12.5)	189 (9.4)	2017
NL	308 (18.4)	107 (6.4)	74 (4.4)	198 (11.8)	191 (11.4)	370 (22.1)	425 (25.4)				1673
N Sum	71	816	880	988	1119	974	2466	740	998	189	9241
N Valid Sum	71	816	880	988	1119	974	2466	740	998	189	

v73	N Valid Sum
isocntry	
BE	1459
DE	1997
FR	2095
IT	2017
NL	1673
N Sum	
N Valid Sum	9241

v74 - OCCUPATION OF RESPONDENT

F.D BERUF DER BEFRAGTEN PERSON (GENAUER BERUF...) (Occupation of respondent)

in France (FR):

- 1 Farmer
- 2 Self employed in industry or trades
- 3 Professional (CADRES SUPERIEURS)
- 4 Supervisory (CADRES MOYENS)
- 5 Clerical, sales (EMPLOYERS INFERIEURS)
- 6 Blue collar workers
- 7 Others
- 8 Inactive, not in labour force, housewife

in Belgium (BE):

- 1 Farmer
- 2 Self employed in industry or trades
- 3 Professional (CADRES SUPERIEURS)
- 4 Supervisory (CADRES MOYENS)
- 5 Clerical, sales (EMPLOYERS INFERIEURS)
- 6 Blue collar workers
- 7 Others
- 8 Inactive, not in labour force, housewife

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Farmer, florist
- 2 Head of firm or company
- 3 Free profession, higher employees
- 4 Medium level employees
- 5 Lower employees
- 6 Workers
- 7 No profession, retired

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 1 LANDWIRTE (farmer)
- 2 SELBSTAENDIGE IN INDUSTRIE UND HANDEL (self employed in industry or trades)
- 3 FREIE BERUFE, LEITENDE ANGESTELLTE UND BEAMTE (professional (high status))
- 4 MITTLERE ANGESTELLTE UND BEAMTE (middle level professionals)
- 5 ANGESTELLTE/BEAMTE (UNTERE LAUFBAHN) (lower level professionals)
- 6 ARBEITER (blue collar workers)
- 7 SONSTIGE GRUPPEN (other groups)
- 8 NICHT ERWERBSTAETIGE (inactive, not in labor force)

in Italy (IT):

- 0 Farm labor

- 1 Entrepreneur
- 2 Professional, housewife
- 3 Manager, student, retired
- 4 Upper employee
- 5 Lower level employee
- 6 Tradesman, craftsman
- 7 Independent farmer
- 8 Skilled labor
- 9 Unskilled labor

v74 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v74	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry												
BE		91 (6.2)	158 (10.8)	25 (1.7)	123 (8.4)	141 (9.7)	301 (20.6)	37 (2.5)	583 (40.0)			1459
DE		77 (3.9)	143 (7.2)	155 (7.8)	230 (11.5)	211 (10.6)	365 (18.3)	16 (0.8)	800 (40.1)			1997
FR		170 (8.1)	122 (5.8)	62 (3.0)	141 (6.7)	137 (6.5)	297 (14.2)	96 (4.6)	1070 (51.1)			2095
IT	35 (1.7)	7 (0.3)	679 (33.7)	386 (19.1)	78 (3.9)	123 (6.1)	241 (11.9)	108 (5.4)	245 (12.1)	115 (5.7)		2017
NL		268 (16.0)	68 (4.1)	38 (2.3)	145 (8.7)	156 (9.3)	235 (14.0)	763 (45.6)				1673
N Sum		35	613	1170	666	717	768	1439	1020	2698	115	9241
N Valid Sum		35	613	1170	666	717	768	1439	1020	2698	115	

	v74	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		1459
DE		1997
FR		2095
IT		2017
NL		1673
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		9241

v75 - TRADE UNION MEMBERSHIP - WHICH

F.48-F.50

SIND SIE ARBEITNEHMER? HABEN SIE IN DIESEM JAHR BEITRAEGE AN EINE GEWERKSCHAFT BEZAHLT? UM WELCHE GEWERKSCHAFT HANDELT ES SICH?

(Are you in paid employment? Have you paid this year dues to a labor union (professional, white collar, or blue collar) and if yes, which?)

in France (FR):

- 0 NA
- 1 Yes, employee, paid dues to CGT
- 2 Yes, employee, paid dues to CFDT
- 3 Yes, employee, paid dues to FO
- 4 Yes, employee, paid dues to CGC
- 5 Yes, employee, paid dues to CFTC
- 6 Yes, employee, paid dues to SYNDICAT AUTONOME
- 7 Yes, employee, paid dues to other union
- 8 Yes, employee, paid no dues
- 9 No, not salaried employee

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 Yes, employee, paid dues to SYNDICAT CHRETIEN
- 2 Yes, employee, paid dues to SYNDICAT SOCIALISTE
- 3 Yes, employee, paid dues to SYNDICAT LIBERAL
- 8 Yes, employee, but paid no dues
- 9 No, not salaried employee

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 Yes, employee, paid dues to NVV
- 2 Yes, employee, paid dues to NKV
- 3 Yes, employee, paid dues to CNV
- 4 Yes, employee, paid dues to other union
- 8 Yes, employee, but paid no dues
- 9 No, not salaried employee

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 JA, ARBEITNEHMER, BEITRAG BEZAHLT AN DGB (Yes, employee, paid dues DGB)
- 2 JA, ARBEITNEHMER, BEITRAG BEZAHLT AN DAG (Yes, employee, paid dues DAG)
- 3 JA, ARBEITNEHMER, BEITRAG AN ANDERE GEWERKSCHAFT (Yes, employee, paid dues other union)
- 8 JA, ARBEITNEHMER, ABER KEINEN GEWERKSCHAFTSBEITRAG BEZAHLT (Yes, employee, but paid no dues)
- 9 NEIN, KEIN ARBEITNEHMER (No, not salaried employee)



in Italy (IT):

0 DK, NA

1 Yes, employee, paid dues to CGIL

2 Yes, employee, paid dues to CISL

3 Yes, employee, paid dues to CISNAL

4 Yes, employee, paid dues to UIL

5 Yes, employee, paid dues to others (ACL, ...)

8 Yes, employee, but paid no dues

9 No, not salaried employee

Note:

Questionnaire route instructions not followed closely.

v75 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v75	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry													
	M												
BE	29	143 (10.0)	116 (8.1)	4 (0.3)						220 (15.4)	947 (66.2)	1459	1430
DE	2	160 (8.0)	43 (2.2)	87 (4.4)						568 (28.5)	1137 (57.0)	1997	1995
FR	182	123 (6.4)	39 (2.0)	28 (1.5)	18 (0.9)	9 (0.5)	42 (2.2)	36 (1.9)		572 (29.9)	1046 (54.7)	2095	1913
IT	373	70 (4.3)	52 (3.2)	6 (0.4)	18 (1.1)	26 (1.6)				450 (27.4)	1022 (62.2)	2017	1644
NL	31	105 (6.4)	49 (3.0)	34 (2.1)	28 (1.7)					386 (23.5)	1040 (63.3)	1673	1642
N Sum	617	601	299	159	64	35	42	36		2196	5192	9241	
N Valid Sum		601	299	159	64	35	42	36		2196	5192		8624

v76 - TRADE UNION SYMPATHIZER - WHICH

F.51-F.52

WAS WUERDEN SIE VON SICH SAGEN, SYMPATHISIEREN SIE MIT DEN GEWERKSCHAFTEN, OHNE MITGLIED ZU SEIN?  
WELCHE GEWERKSCHAFT IST DAS?

(Are you not a union member but do you sympathize with a worker's labor union (professional, white collar, blue collar) and if yes which?)

in France (FR):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 Yes, sympathizer CGT
- 2 Yes, sympathizer CFDT
- 3 Yes, sympathizer FO
- 4 Yes, sympathizer CGC
- 5 Yes, sympathizer CFTC
- 6 Yes, sympathizer SYNDICAT AUTONOME
- 7 Yes, sympathizer ANDERE GEWERKSCHAFT
- 8 No sympathizer of any union
- 9 INAP (not salaried employee)

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 Yes, sympathizer SYNDICAT CHRETIEN
- 2 Yes, sympathizer SYNDICAT SOCIALISTE
- 3 Yes, sympathizer SYNDICAT LIBERAL
- 8 No sympathizer of any union
- 9 INAP (not salaried employee)

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Yes, sympathizer NVV
- 2 Yes, sympathizer NKV
- 3 Yes, sympathizer CNV
- 8 No sympathizer of any union
- 9 INAP (not salaried employee, union member)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 JA, SAMPATHISANT DES DGB (Yes, sympathizer DGB)
- 2 JA, SAMPATHISANT DER DAG (Yes, sympathizer DAG)
- 3 JA, SAMPATHISANT EINER ANDEREN GEWERKSCHAFT (Yes, sympathizer of other union)
- 8 NEIN, KEIN SYMPATHISANT (No sympathizer of any union)
- 9 INAP (CODED 1, 2, 3, 0 IN F.48 - F.50) (NOT DOCUMENTED)

in Italy (IT):

- 1 Yes, sympathizer CGIL
- 2 Yes, sympathizer CISL
- 3 Yes, sympathizer CISNAL
- 4 Yes, sympathizer UIL
- 5 Yes, sympathizer of other union (ACL, ...)
- 8 No sympathizer of any union
- 9 INAP (not salaried employee, union member)

## Note:

Questionnaire route instructions not followed closely.

v76 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v76	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry													
	M										M		
BE	14	34 (7.4)	22 (4.8)	4 (0.9)						399 (86.9)	986	1459	459
DE	17	110 (19.6)	55 (9.8)	22 (3.9)						374 (66.7)	1419	1997	561
FR	192	170 (22.4)	64 (8.4)	60 (7.9)	9 (1.2)	19 (2.5)	32 (4.2)	22 (2.9)		382 (50.4)	1145	2095	758
IT		49 (10.1)	35 (7.2)	5 (1.0)	17 (3.5)	13 (2.7)				364 (75.4)	1534	2017	483
NL		42 (10.9)	15 (3.9)	12 (3.1)						317 (82.1)	1287	1673	386
N Sum	223	405	191	103	26	32	32	22		1836	6371	9241	
N Valid Sum		405	191	103	26	32	32	22		1836			2647

v77 - OCCUPATION OF FATHER

F.53

WELCHE ART VON BERUF UEBTE IHR VATER AUS, ALS SIE NOCH JUNG WAREN?

(During your youth what was the occupation of your father or of the head of your family?)

in France (FR):

- 0 NA
- 1 Farmer
- 2 Self employed in industry or trades
- 3 Professional (CADRES SUPERIEURS)
- 4 Supervisory (CADRES MOYENS)
- 5 Clerical, sales (EMPLOYERS INFERIEURS)
- 6 Blue collar workers
- 7 Others
- 8 Inactive, not in labour force
- 9 Housewife

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 NA
- 1 Farmer
- 2 Self employed in industry or trades
- 3 Professional (CADRES SUPERIEURS)
- 4 Supervisory (CADRES MOYENS)
- 5 Clerical, sales (EMPLOYERS INFERIEURS)
- 6 Blue collar workers
- 7 Others
- 8 Inactive, not in labour force
- 9 Housewife

in Netherlands (NL):

- 1 Farmer, florist
- 2 Head of firm or company
- 3 Free profession, higher employees
- 4 Other employees
- 5 Workers
- 9 No profession, retired

in Italy (IT):

- 0 NA
- 1 Self employed
- 2 Salaried (monthly wage)
- 3 Salaried (daily or weekly wage)

Note:

GERMANY: no data

v77 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v77	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry												
	M											
BE		308 (21.1)	254 (17.4)	39 (2.7)	98 (6.7)	114 (7.8)	584 (40.0)	31 (2.1)	1 (0.1)	30 (2.1)		1459
DE	1997											1997
FR	66	565 (27.8)	299 (14.7)	127 (6.3)	97 (4.8)	169 (8.3)	668 (32.9)	21 (1.0)	69 (3.4)	14 (0.7)		2095
IT	11	969 (48.3)	599 (29.9)	438 (21.8)								2017
NL		431 (25.8)	278 (16.6)	40 (2.4)	328 (19.6)	542 (32.4)				54 (3.2)		1673
N Sum	2074	2273	1430	644	523	825	1252	52	70	98		9241
N Valid Sum		2273	1430	644	523	825	1252	52	70	98		

	v77	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		1459
DE		
FR		2029
IT		2006
NL		1673
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		7167

v78 - EDUCATION LEVEL OF FATHER

F.54

UND WELCHE SCHULBILDUNG HATTE IHR VATER?

(What was the level of education of your father?)

in France (FR):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 PRIMAIRE
- 2 PRIMAIRE SUPERIEUR
- 3 TECHNIQUE ET COMMERCIAL
- 4 SECONDAIRE
- 5 SUPERIEUR
- 9 NO SCHOOL (NOT DOCUMENTED)

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 PRIMAIRE
- 2 PRIMAIRE SUPERIEUR
- 3 TECHNIQUE ET COMMERCIAL
- 4 SECONDAIRE
- 5 SUPERIEUR
- 9 NO SCHOOL (NOT DOCUMENTED)

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 GRUNDSCHULE (elementary)
- 2 MITTELSCHULE (middle school)
- 3 FACH- UND HANDELSSCHULE (special schools)
- 4 HOEHERE SCHULE (gymnasium)
- 5 HOCHSCHULE (university)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 GRUNDSCHULE (elementary)
- 2 MITTELSCHULE (middle school)
- 3 FACH- UND HANDELSSCHULE (special schools)
- 4 HOEHERE SCHULE (gymnasium)
- 5 HOCHSCHULE (university)

in Italy (IT):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 SCUOLE ELEMENTARI (ALCUNE CLASSI)
- 2 SCUOLE ELEMENTARI (FINO ALLA 5A)

- 3 SCUOLE TECNICHE O COMMERCIALI
- 4 SCUOLE MEDIE, GINNASIO
- 5 MEDIE SUPERIORI, MAGISTRALI, LICEI
- 6 UNIVERSITA
- 9 MEI ANDATES A SCUOIA (no school)

v78 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v78	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry	M										
BE	105	988 (73.0)	175 (12.9)	125 (9.2)	38 (2.8)	28 (2.1)				1459	1354
DE	22	1469 (74.4)	175 (8.9)	147 (7.4)	120 (6.1)	64 (3.2)				1997	1975
FR	193	1422 (74.8)	88 (4.6)	137 (7.2)	72 (3.8)	106 (5.6)		77 (4.0)		2095	1902
IT	97	785 (40.9)	656 (34.2)	142 (7.4)	65 (3.4)	87 (4.5)	73 (3.8)	112 (5.8)		2017	1920
NL	145	1066 (69.8)	167 (10.9)	141 (9.2)	113 (7.4)	41 (2.7)				1673	1528
N Sum	562	5730	1261	692	408	326	73	189		9241	
N Valid Sum		5730	1261	692	408	326	73	189			8679

v79 - EDUCATION - LAST INSTITUTION

F.E

WELCHES WAR DIE LETZTE LEHRANSTALT, DIE SIE ALS SCHUELER ODER STUDENT BESUCHT HABEN?

(The last institution you attended as a student, was this a ...?)

in France (FR):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 PRIMAIRE
- 2 PRIMAIRE SUPERIEUR
- 3 SECONDAIRE
- 4 TECHNIQUE ET COMMERCIAL
- 5 SUPERIEUR (UNIVERSITE, GDE ECOLE)
- 9 No school

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 DK, NA
- 1 PRIMAIRE
- 2 PRIMAIRE SUPERIEUR
- 3 SECONDAIRE
- 4 TECHNIQUE ET COMMERCIAL
- 5 SUPERIEUR (UNIVERSITE, GDE ECOLE)
- 9 No school

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 GRUNDSCHULE (elementary)
- 2 MITTELSCHULE (middle school)
- 3 FACH- UND HANDELSSCHULE (special schools)
- 4 HOEHERE SCHULE (gymnasium)
- 5 HOCHSCHULE (university)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 GRUNDSCHULE (elementary)
- 2 MITTELSCHULE (middle school)
- 3 FACH- UND HANDELSSCHULE (special schools)
- 4 HOEHERE SCHULE (gymnasium)
- 5 HOCHSCHULE (university)

in Italy (IT):

- 0 WN, KA (DK, NA)
- 1 SCUOLE ELEMENTARI (ALCUNE CLASSI)
- 2 SCUOLE ELEMENTARI (FINO ALLA 5A)



- 3 SCUOLE TECNICHE O COMMERCIALI
- 4 SCUOLE MEDIE, GINNASIO
- 5 MEDIE SUPERIORI, MAGISTRALI, LICEI
- 6 UNIVERSITA
- 9 MEI ANDATE A SCUOLA (no school)

v79 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v79	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry											
	M										
BE	9	680 (46.9)	385 (26.6)	257 (17.7)	95 (6.6)	32 (2.2)		1 (0.1)		1459	1450
DE		1124 (56.3)	248 (12.4)	332 (16.6)	172 (8.6)	121 (6.1)				1997	1997
FR		1091 (52.1)	128 (6.1)	345 (16.5)	331 (15.8)	171 (8.2)		29 (1.4)		2095	2095
IT	27	277 (13.9)	751 (37.7)	295 (14.8)	267 (13.4)	265 (13.3)	132 (6.6)	3 (0.2)		2017	1990
NL	88	623 (39.3)	445 (28.1)	215 (13.6)	223 (14.1)	79 (5.0)				1673	1585
N Sum	124	3795	1957	1444	1088	668	132	33		9241	
N Valid Sum		3795	1957	1444	1088	668	132	33			9117

v80 - INCOME HH

F.F

(KARTE 11 VORLEGEN)

WIR MOECHTEN DIE ERGEBNISSE DIESER BEFRAGUNG ANHAND DES NETTO-HAUSHALTSEINKOMMENS DER VON UNS BEFRAGTEN PERSONEN ANALYSIEREN. HIER IST EINE SKALA VON MONATSEINKOMMEN. WIR MOECHTEN WISSEN, IN WELCHER STUFE SIE SICH EINORDNEN, WOBEI ALLE GELDEINKUENFTE IHRER FAMILIE WIE LOEHNE, FAMILIENZULAGEN, RENTEN UND SONSTIGE EINKOMMEN ZUSAMMENZUAEHLEN SIND.

(We wish to analyze the results of this study in terms of family income of persons we question. Here is a list of incomes. (SHOW CARD). We wish to know at which level you place yourself counting all the sources of income of your household such as salaries, family subsidies, pensions, interest.)

in France (FR):

- 0 NA / refused (NOT DOCUMENTED)
- 1 less than 250 FF
- 2 250 - 499 FF
- 3 500 - 799 FF
- 4 800 - 1.249 FF
- 5 1.250 - 1.749 FF
- 6 1.750 - 2.499 FF
- 7 2.500 - 3.999 FF
- 8 4.000 FF and more

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 NA / refused
- 1 less than 800 F
- 2 800 - 1.249 F
- 3 1.250 - 1.749 F
- 4 1.750 - 2.499 F
- 5 2.500 F and more

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 NA / refused
- 1 less than 500 HFL
- 2 500 - 799 HFL
- 3 800 - 1.099 HFL
- 4 1.100 - 1.599 HFL
- 5 1.600 HFL and more

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 KA / VERWEIGERT (NA / refused)
- 1 UNTER 800 DM (less than ...)
- 2 800 - 1.000 DM
- 3 1.001 - 1.250 DM

- 4 1.251 - 1.500 DM  
 5 UEBER 1.500 DM (more than ...)

in Italy (IT):

- 0 NA / refused  
 1 70.000 - 120.000 LIRE  
 2 120.000 - 180.000 LIRE  
 3 180.000 - 250.000 LIRE  
 4 250.000 - 350.000 LIRE  
 5 MEHR ALS 350.000 LIRE

v80 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v80	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry												
	M											
BE	265	247 (20.7)	314 (26.3)	293 (24.5)	199 (16.7)	141 (11.8)					1459	1194
DE	177	230 (12.6)	332 (18.2)	394 (21.6)	320 (17.6)	544 (29.9)					1997	1820
FR	262	26 (1.4)	109 (5.9)	174 (9.5)	387 (21.1)	442 (24.1)	348 (19.0)	227 (12.4)	120 (6.5)		2095	1833
IT	1	594 (29.5)	762 (37.8)	394 (19.5)	173 (8.6)	93 (4.6)					2017	2016
NL	387	116 (9.0)	199 (15.5)	354 (27.5)	360 (28.0)	257 (20.0)					1673	1286
N Sum	1092	1213	1716	1609	1439	1477	348	227	120		9241	
N Valid Sum		1213	1716	1609	1439	1477	348	227	120			8149

v81 - SIZE OF COMMUNITY

F.G WOHNORTSGROESSE (Size of town)

in France (FR):

- 1 Rural commune
- 2 Cities less than 10.000 inhabitants
- 3 10.000 BIS 20.000 inhabitants
- 4 20.000 BIS 50.000 inhabitants
- 5 50.000 BIS 100.000 inhabitants
- 6 More than 100.000 inhabitants
- 7 PARIS

in Belgium (BE):

- 1 Rural commune
- 2 Cities less than 10.000 inhabitants
- 3 10.000 BIS 20.000 inhabitants
- 4 20.000 BIS 50.000 inhabitants
- 5 50.000 BIS 100.000 inhabitants
- 6 More than 100.000 inhabitants

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, DEN HAAG
- 1 Suburbs of AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, DEN HAAG
- 2 100.000 inhabitants and more (except AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, DEN HAAG)
- 3 50.000 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 4 20.000 - 50.000 inhabitants
- 5 10.000 - 20.000 inhabitants
- 6 less than 10.000 inhabitants (non-rural)
- 9 Countryside, rural community

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 1 UNTER (less than) 2.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 2 2.000 BIS 5.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 3 5.000 BIS 10.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 4 10.000 BIS 20.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 5 20.000 BIS 50.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 6 50.000 BIS 100.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 7 100.000 BIS 200.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 8 200.000 BIS 500.000 EINWOHNER (inhabitants)
- 9 500.000 EINWOHNER UND MEHR (inhabitants and more)

in Italy (IT):

- 0 CAPOLUOGO (main town)
- 1 Less than 5.000 inhabitants

- 2 5.000 - 10.000 inhabitants
- 3 10.000 - 30.000 inhabitants
- 4 30.000 - 100.000 inhabitants
- 5 100.000 - 250.000 inhabitants
- 6 More than 250.000 inhabitants
- 7 (NOT DOCUMENTED)
- 8 (NOT DOCUMENTED)
- 9 Other communities

v81 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v81	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry												
BE		513 (35.2)	235 (16.1)	189 (13.0)	116 (8.0)	31 (2.1)	375 (25.7)					1459
DE		452 (22.6)	217 (10.9)	163 (8.2)	142 (7.1)	205 (10.3)	159 (8.0)	125 (6.3)	178 (8.9)	356 (17.8)		1997
FR		612 (29.2)	170 (8.1)	71 (3.4)	173 (8.3)	146 (7.0)	613 (29.3)	310 (14.8)				2095
IT		693 (34.4)	366 (18.1)	21 (1.0)	27 (1.3)	78 (3.9)	123 (6.1)	241 (11.9)	108 (5.4)	245 (12.1)	115 (5.7)	2017
NL		312 (18.6)	60 (3.6)	223 (13.3)	199 (11.9)	230 (13.7)	171 (10.2)	105 (6.3)			373 (22.3)	1673
N Sum		1005	2003	866	649	739	676	1493	543	423	844	9241
N Valid Sum		1005	2003	866	649	739	676	1493	543	423	844	

	v81	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		1459
DE		1997
FR		2095
IT		2017
NL		1673
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		9241

v82 - PROVINCE

F.I REGION

in France (FR):

- 1 NORTHWEST (BASSE NORMANDIE, BRETAGNE, LOIRE, POITOUCHARENTES, LIMOUSIN)
- 2 SOUTHWEST (AQUITAINE, AUVERGNE, MIDI-PYRENEES, LANGUEDOC)
- 3 NORTH (NORD, PAS DE CALAIS)
- 4 PARIS REGION
- 5 PARIS BASIN (HAUTE NORMANDIE, PICARDIE, CHAMPAGNE, BOURGOGNE, CENTRE)
- 6 EAST (ALSACE, LORRAINE)
- 7 SOUTHEAST (FRANCE COMTE, RHONE-ALPES, PROVENCE-COTE D'AZUR, CORSE)

in Belgium (BE):

- 0 ANVERS (ANTWERPEN)
- 1 BRABANT-WALLOON / BRUXELLES (BRUESSEL) (BRABANT-WALLOON NOT DOCUMENTED)
- 2 HAINAUT
- 3 LIMBURG
- 4 NAMUR
- 5 OOST VLAANDEREN
- 6 WEST VLAANDEREN
- 7 LIEGE
- 8 LUXEMBOURG
- 9 VLAAMS-BRABANT (LEUVEN, HALLE-VILVORDE, RANDGEMEENTEN)

in Netherlands (NL):

- 0 NORTH (GRONINGEN, FRIESLAND, DRENTHE)
- 1 EAST (OVERIJSSSEL, GELDERLAND)
- 2 WEST (NOORD-HOLLAND, ZUID-HOLLAND, UTRECHT)
- 3 SOUTH (NOORD-BRABANT, LIMBURG, ZEELAND)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 0 WEST-BERLIN, SAARLAND
- 1 SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN
- 2 HAMBURG
- 3 NIEDERSACHSEN
- 4 BREMEN
- 5 NORDRHEIN-WESTFALEN
- 6 HESSEN
- 7 RHEINLAND-PFALZ
- 8 BADEN-WUERTTEMBERG
- 9 BAYERN

in Italy (IT):

- 0 SICILIA, SARDEGNA

- 1 PIEMONTE, LIGURIA, VALLE D'AOSTA
- 2 LOMBARDIA
- 3 TRE VENEZIE (FRIULI, GIULIA, VENEZIA)
- 4 EMILIA - ROMAGNA
- 5 TOSCANA, UMBRIA, MARCHE
- 6 LAZIO
- 7 CAMPANIA
- 8 ABRUZZI - MOLISE
- 9 PUGLIA, BASILICATA, CALABRIA

v82 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

v82	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N Sum
isocntry											
BE	231 (15.8)	151 (10.3)	204 (14.0)	100 (6.9)	60 (4.1)	218 (14.9)	156 (10.7)	147 (10.1)	25 (1.7)	167 (11.4)	1459
DE	104 (5.2)	90 (4.5)	75 (3.8)	227 (11.4)	39 (2.0)	559 (28.0)	190 (9.5)	119 (6.0)	264 (13.2)	330 (16.5)	1997
FR		409 (19.5)	323 (15.4)	127 (6.1)	317 (15.1)	339 (16.2)	200 (9.5)	380 (18.1)			2095
IT	274 (13.6)	216 (10.7)	304 (15.1)	236 (11.7)	121 (6.0)	193 (9.6)	199 (9.9)	199 (9.9)	49 (2.4)	226 (11.2)	2017
NL	173 (10.3)	312 (18.6)	833 (49.8)	355 (21.2)							1673
N Sum	782	1178	1739	1045	537	1309	745	845	338	723	9241
N Valid Sum	782	1178	1739	1045	537	1309	745	845	338	723	

v82	N Valid Sum
isocntry	
BE	1459
DE	1997
FR	2095
IT	2017
NL	1673
N Sum	
N Valid Sum	9241

v83 - HOUSEHOLD CILDREN UNDER 15

WIEVIELE KINDER UNTER 15 JAHREN LEBEN GEGENWAERTIG IN IHREM HAUSHALT?

(How many children less than 15 years actually live in this household?)

1 KINDER UNTER 15 JAHREN (has teenage children)

9 others

Note:

QUESTION AS DOCUMENTED BY ICPSR

v83 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v83	1	9	N Sum	N Valid Sum
isocntry					
BE	144 (9.9)	1315 (90.1)		1459	1459
DE	92 (4.6)	1905 (95.4)		1997	1997
FR	161 (7.7)	1934 (92.3)		2095	2095
IT	168 (8.3)	1849 (91.7)		2017	2017
NL	154 (9.2)	1519 (90.8)		1673	1673
N Sum	719	8522		9241	
N Valid Sum	719	8522			9241



v84 - WEIGHT FRANCE - FARM SUPPLEMENT

WEIGHTING VARIABLE FRANCE

- 0 INAP (OTHER COUNRIES)
- 1 FARM SUPPLEMENT
- 9 REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE

Note:

AS DOCUMENTED BY ICPSR

v85 - REGION

DEPARTMENT

0 INAP (OTHER COUNTRIES)

in France (FR):

- 1 AIN
- 2 AISNE
- 3 ALLIER
- 5 ALPES (HAUTES-)
- 6 ALPES-MARITIMES
- 8 ARDENNES
- 10 AUBE
- 11 AUDE
- 13 BOUCHES-DU-RHONE
- 14 CALVADOS
- 16 CHARENTE
- 17 CHARENTE-INFERIEURE
- 18 CHER
- 21 COTE-D'OR
- 22 COTES-DU-NORD
- 24 DORDOGNE
- 25 DOUBS
- 26 DROME
- 29 FINISTERE
- 30 GARD
- 31 HAUTE-GARONNE
- 33 GIRONDE
- 34 HERAULT
- 35 ILLE-ET-VILAINE
- 36 INDRE
- 38 ISERE
- 39 JURA
- 42 LOIRE
- 44 LOIRE-INFERIEURE
- 45 LOIRET
- 46 LOT
- 47 LOT-ET-GARONNE
- 49 MAINE-ET-LOIRE
- 51 MARNE
- 52 MARNE (HAUTE-)
- 54 MEURTHE-ET-MOSELLE
- 55 MEUSE
- 56 MORBIHAN
- 57 MOSELLE

58 NIEVRE  
 59 NORD  
 61 ORNE  
 62 PAS-DE-CALAIS  
 63 PUY-DE-DOME  
 64 BASSES-PYRENEES  
 66 ORIENTALES-PYRENEES  
 67 BAS-RHIN  
 68 HAUTE-RHIN  
 69 RHONE  
 70 HAUTE-SAONE  
 71 SAONE-ET-LOIRE  
 72 SARTHE  
 74 HAUTE-SAVOIE  
 75 SEINE  
 76 SEINE-MARITIME  
 78 YVELINES  
 80 SOMME  
 81 TARN  
 83 VAR  
 84 VAUCLUSE  
 85 VENDEE  
 88 VOSGES  
 89 YONNE  
 91 ESSONNE  
 92 HAUTS DE SEINE  
 93 SEINE-ST. DENIS  
 94 VAL DE MARNE  
 95 VAL D'OISE

Note:

ONLY FRANCE

v85 by isocntry, Absolute Values (Row Percent)

	v85	0	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	14	16	17	18	21
isocntry																
	M															
BE	1459															
DE	1997															
FR		18 (0.9)	6 (0.3)	15 (0.7)	8 (0.4)	5 (0.2)	15 (0.7)	26 (1.2)	10 (0.5)	20 (1.0)	21 (1.0)	50 (2.4)	69 (3.3)	2 (0.1)	10 (0.5)	
IT	2017															
NL	1673															
N Sum	7146	18	6	15	8	5	15	26	10	20	21	50	69	2	10	
N Valid Sum		18	6	15	8	5	15	26	10	20	21	50	69	2	10	

	v85	22	24	25	26	29	30	31	33	34	35	36	38	39	42
isocntry															
BE															
DE															
FR		12 (0.6)	24 (1.1)	23 (1.1)	18 (0.9)	21 (1.0)	23 (1.1)	10 (0.5)	41 (2.0)	49 (2.3)	56 (2.7)	19 (0.9)	19 (0.9)	52 (2.5)	51 (2.4)
IT															
NL															
N Sum		12	24	23	18	21	23	10	41	49	56	19	19	52	51
N Valid Sum		12	24	23	18	21	23	10	41	49	56	19	19	52	51

	v85	44	45	46	47	49	51	52	54	55	56	57	58	59	61
isocntry															
BE															
DE															
FR		79 (3.8)	23 (1.1)	25 (1.2)	10 (0.5)	4 (0.2)	70 (3.3)	26 (1.2)	27 (1.3)	16 (0.8)	54 (2.6)	65 (3.1)	21 (1.0)	70 (3.3)	19 (0.9)
IT															
NL															
N Sum		79	23	25	10	4	70	26	27	16	54	65	21	70	19
N Valid Sum		79	23	25	10	4	70	26	27	16	54	65	21	70	19

	v85	62	63	64	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	74	75	76	78
isocntry															
BE															
DE															
FR		59 (2.8)	40 (1.9)	36 (1.7)	20 (1.0)	69 (3.3)	9 (0.4)	73 (3.5)	51 (2.4)	30 (1.4)	15 (0.7)	7 (0.3)	201 (9.6)	49 (2.3)	20 (1.0)
IT															
NL															
N Sum		59	40	36	20	69	9	73	51	30	15	7	201	49	20
N Valid Sum		59	40	36	20	69	9	73	51	30	15	7	201	49	20

	v85	80	81	83	84	85	88	89	91	92	93	94	95	N Sum
isocntry														
BE														1459
DE														1997
FR		30 (1.4)	22 (1.1)	24 (1.1)	11 (0.5)	10 (0.5)	16 (0.8)	6 (0.3)	21 (1.0)	32 (1.5)	18 (0.9)	16 (0.8)	8 (0.4)	2095
IT														2017
NL														1673
N Sum		30	22	24	11	10	16	6	21	32	18	16	8	9241
N Valid Sum		30	22	24	11	10	16	6	21	32	18	16	8	

	v85	N Valid Sum
isocntry		
BE		
DE		
FR		2095
IT		
NL		
N Sum		
N Valid Sum		2095

v86 - NOT DOCUMENTED

OCCUPATION OF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

Note:

ONLY FRANCE, CODES NOT DOCUMENTED

v87 - NOT DOCUMENTED

OCCUPATION OF RESPONDENT

Note:

ONLY FRANCE, CODES NOT DOCUMENTED

v88 - TYPE OF COMMUNITY (GERMANY)

F.H BALLUNGSRAEUME: (INT.: NICHT ANKREUZEN)

(Type of community)

0 INAP (OTHER COUNTRIES)

in Germany - West (DE\_W):

- 1 KERNSTAEDTE VON 500.000 EINWOHNERN UND MEHR (urban centres 500.000 inhabitants and more)
- 2 KERNSTAEDTE VON 100.000 - 499.999 EINWOHNERN (urban centres 100.000 - 499.999 inhabitants)
- 3 KERNSTAEDTE UNTER 100.000 EINWOHNER (urban centres less than 100.000 inhabitants)
- 4 BALLUNGSZONEN/ERGAENZUNGSGEBIET, VERSTAEDTERTE ZONE, RANDZONE (urban communities)
- 5 LANDSTAEDTE VON 20.000 EINWOHNERN UND MEHR (rural towns 20.000 inhabitants and more)
- 6 LANDSTAEDTE VON 10.000 - 19.999 EINWOHNERN (rural towns 10.000 - 19.999 inhabitants)
- 7 GEMEINDEN VON 2.000 BIS 9.999 EINWOHNERN (communities 2.000 - 9.999 inhabitants)
- 8 GEMEINDEN BIS 1.999 EINWOHNER (communities up to 1.999 inhabitants)

Note:

ONLY GERMANY

v88

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	INAP	M	7244	78.4	
1	CITY > 500.000		356	3.9	17.8
2	CITY 100.000-499.999		303	3.3	15.2
3	CITY < 100.000		94	1.0	4.7
4	URBANIZED AREA		408	4.4	20.4
5	TOWNS > 20.000		123	1.3	6.2
6	TOWNS 10.000-19.999		92	1.0	4.6
7	2.000-9.999		270	2.9	13.5
8	LESS THAN 2.000		351	3.8	17.6
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		1997		



v89 - REGION - BELONGING TO (BELGIUM)

WENN ICH SIE NACH DEM NAMEN DER REGION FRAGEN WUERDE, IN DER SIE LEBEN, WAS WUERDEN SIE ANTWORTEN?

(If I would ask you for the region where you live, what would you answer?)

0 INAP (OTHER COUNTRIES)

in Belgium (BE):

- 2 Belgium
- 3 District or capital of province mentioned
- 4 Special geographic unit mentioned
- 5 Special industrial or cultural region mentioned
- 6 Flemish part of the country mentioned
- 7 French part of the country mentioned
- 8 Others
- 9 NA

Note:

ONLY BELGIUM

v89

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
0	INAP	M	7782	84.2	
2	BELGIUM		16	0.2	2.2
3	DESTR/PROVIN CAPITAL		191	2.1	25.8
4	AREA WITHIN REGION		273	3.0	36.9
5	INDUSTR/CULTURL UNIT		50	0.5	6.8
6	FLEMISH SECTION		111	1.2	15.0
7	FRENCH SECTION		44	0.5	5.9
8	OTHERS		55	0.6	7.4
9	NA	M	719	7.8	
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		740		

## v90 - EDITION

### EDITION

1 ZA EDITION 1999; GESIS-ZA UPDATE AS OF 03-03-2008

#### Note:

Please see variable VERSION ("GESIS ARCHIVE VERSION") for further information on the version number of this data set and the corresponding release date.

#### v90

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
1	ZA EDITION 1999; GESIS-ZA UPDATE AS OF 03-03-2008		9241	100.0	100.0
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		9241		

## version - GESIS ARCHIVE VERSION

### VERSION AND RELEASE DATE OF THE ARCHIVE DATA SET

This variable identifies the GESIS archive version number of this data set and the corresponding release date, recorded as an alphanumeric string. The version number is composed of a sequence of three numbers. The major number is incremented when there are changes in the composition of the data set (e.g. additional variables or cases), the minor or second number is incremented when significant errors have been fixed (e.g. coding errors, misleading value labels), and the third or revision number is incremented when minor bugs are fixed (e.g. spelling errors in variable or value labels).

On occasion of the implementation of this versioning scheme (2010-04-13), the default version number 1.0.0 has been created automatically for this Eurobarometer.

Version 1.0.1 adds the crosstabulation variable ISOCTRY and the VERSION variable to the otherwise unchanged data set. Former version or edition identification variables are maintained unchanged as a reference to former releases.

#### version

Value	Label	Missing	Count	Percent	Valid Percent
1.0.1 (2012-07-01)			9241	100.0	100.0
	Sum		9241	100.0	100.0
	Valid Cases		9241		

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